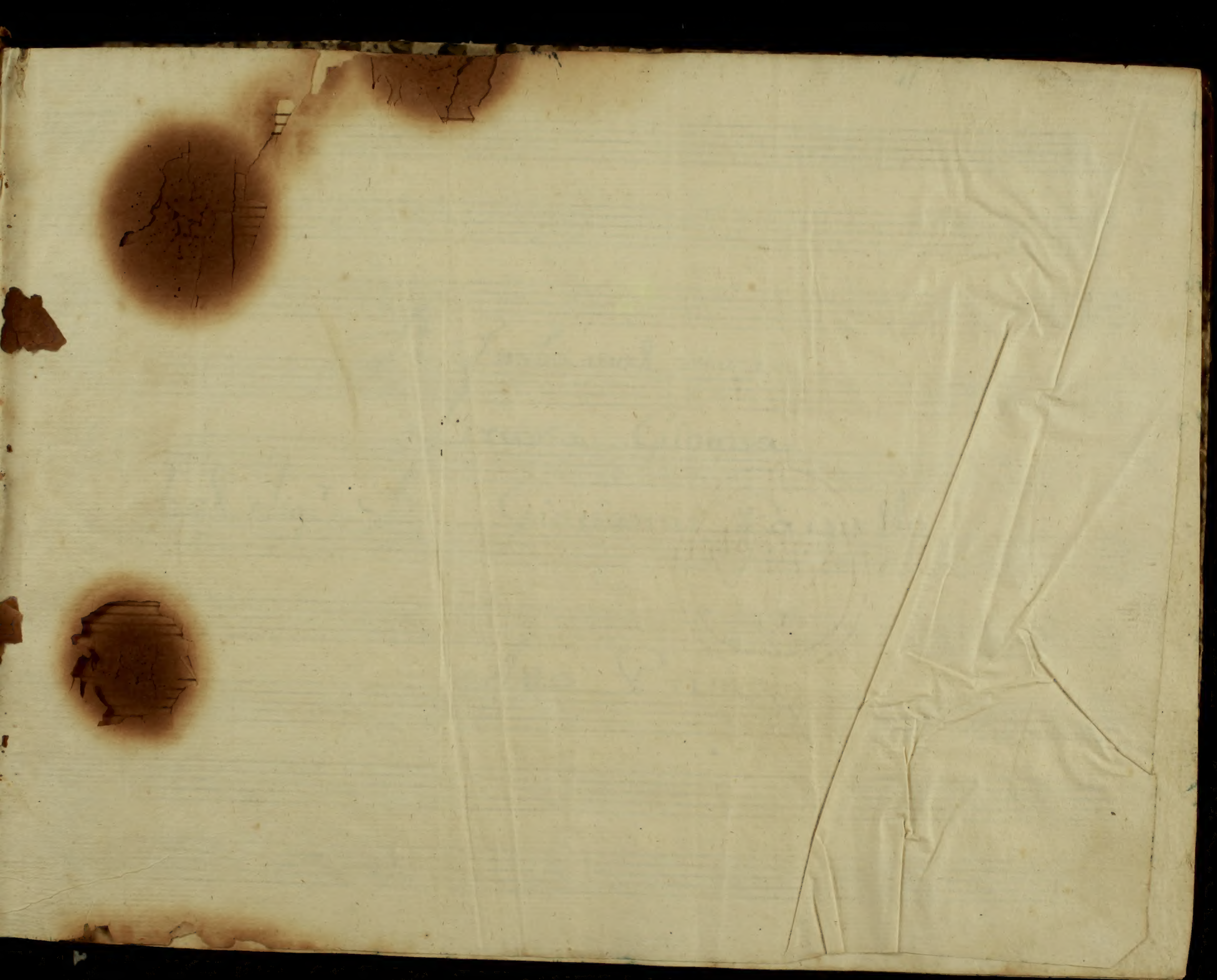
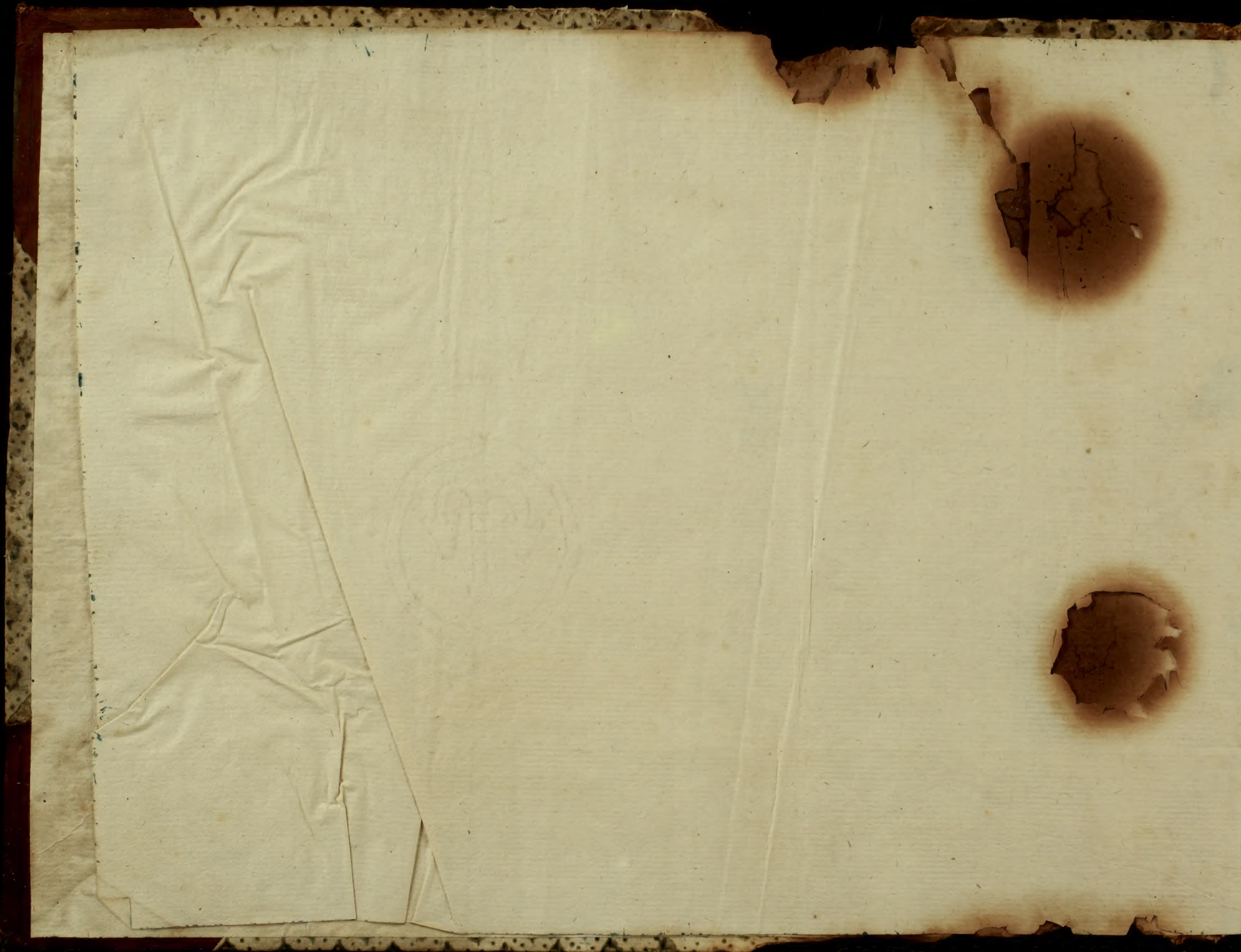


M^{rs} DE TALLEYRAND

V.m
87.3





A Turbo mal accorto

Dramma Giocoso

Del Sig.^r D: Giovanni Paisiello

Atto Primo

Violini

Oboe

Tronbe in
B:

viola

Canerella

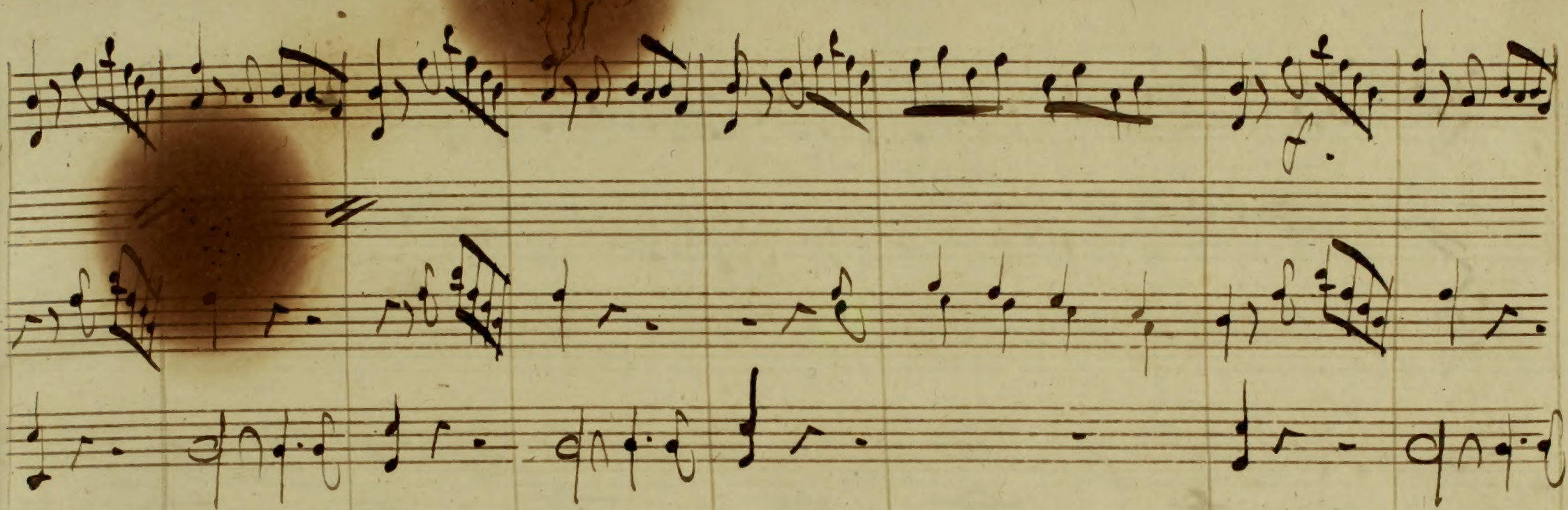
Marchese

Conte

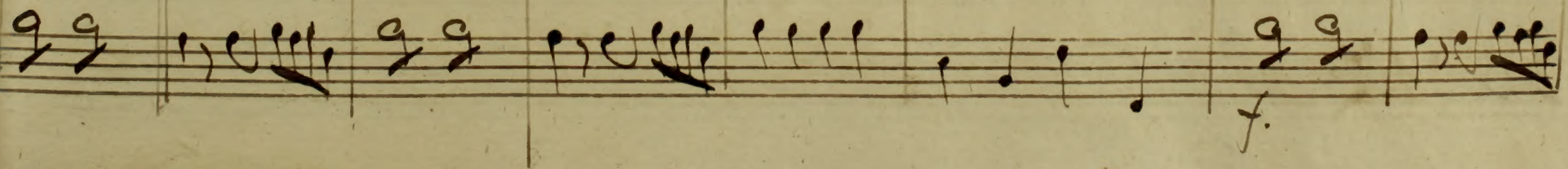
S: Teyrone

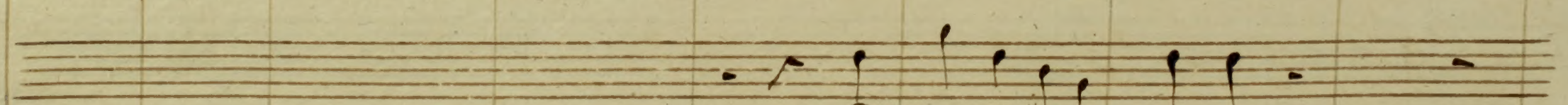
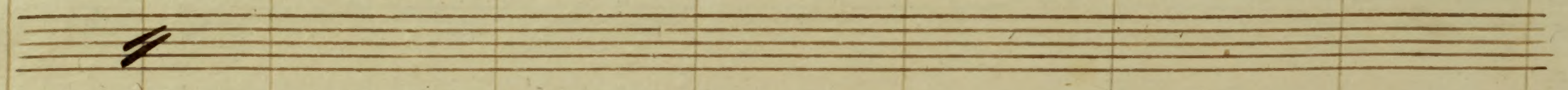
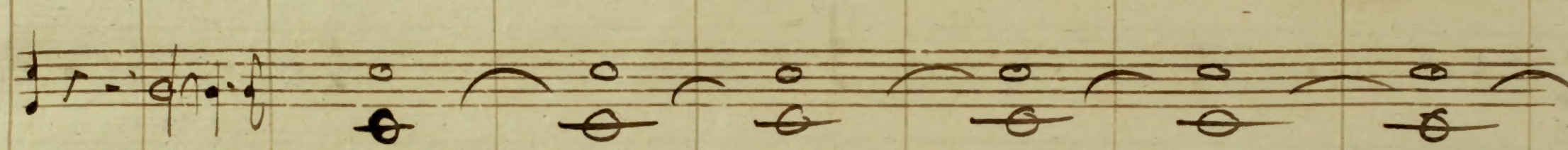
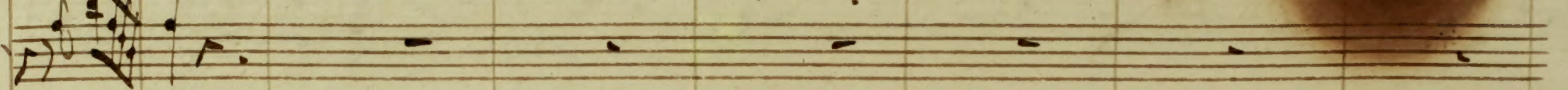
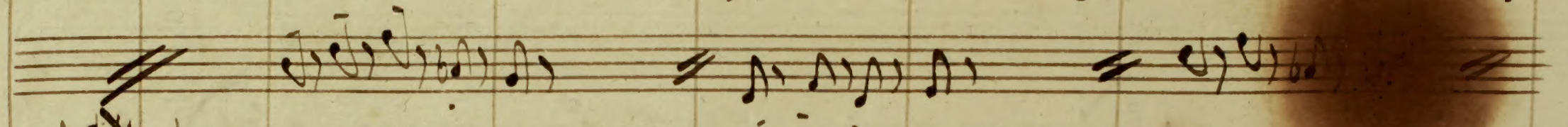
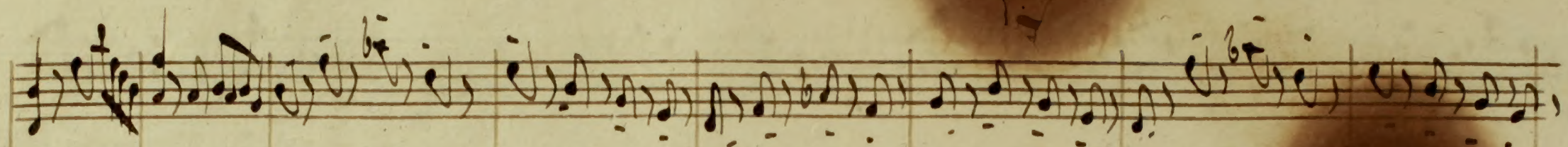
Allegro

Perfidi magnadieri Scampo per voi no

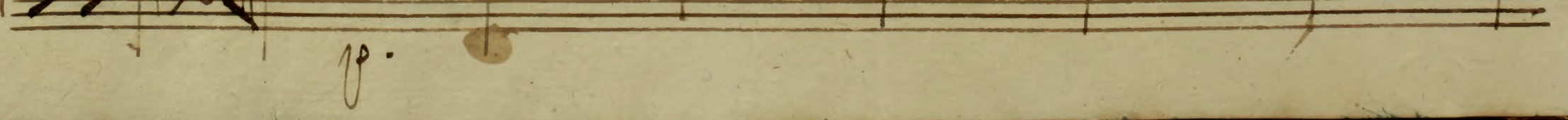
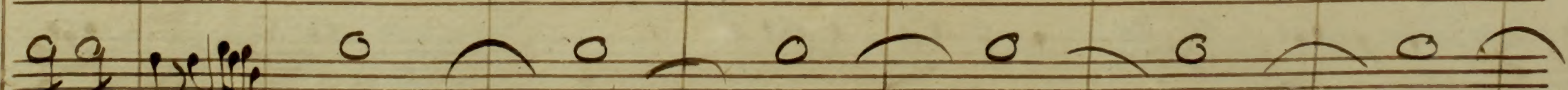
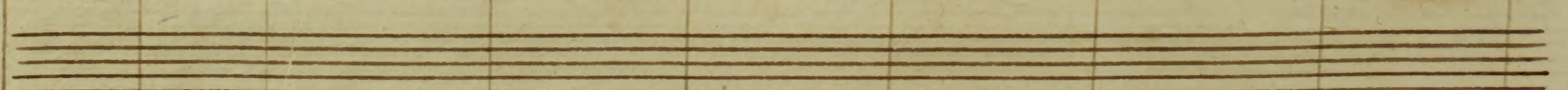
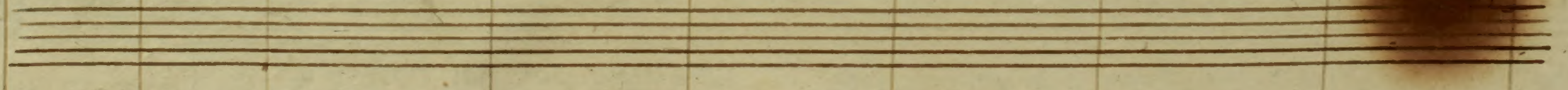
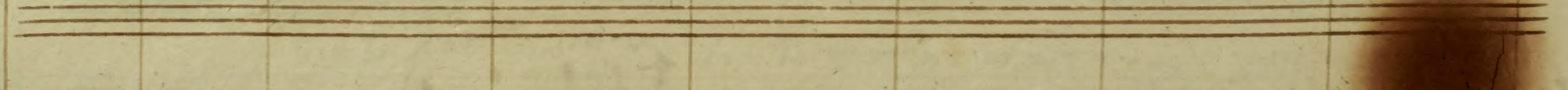


...ita non si spera qui mi cadrete al pie' qui mi cadrete al pie'
v'e' scampo per voi non v'e'





addove mi anna conno



Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves and lyrics. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs. The lyrics are written in a cursive script, likely Italian, and are interspersed with the musical notation.

The visible lyrics are:

a' chi m'è salva ne--

vedere che se-

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with musical notation and lyrics.

The score is written on a system of staves. The top staff contains a melodic line with various note values and rests. The second staff contains a similar melodic line, with some notes beamed together. The third staff contains a series of whole notes, some with slurs. The fourth staff contains a series of whole notes, some with slurs. The fifth staff contains a series of whole notes, some with slurs. The sixth staff contains a series of whole notes, some with slurs. The seventh staff contains a series of whole notes, some with slurs. The eighth staff contains a series of whole notes, some with slurs. The ninth staff contains a series of whole notes, some with slurs. The tenth staff contains a series of whole notes, some with slurs.

Lyrics are written below the staves:

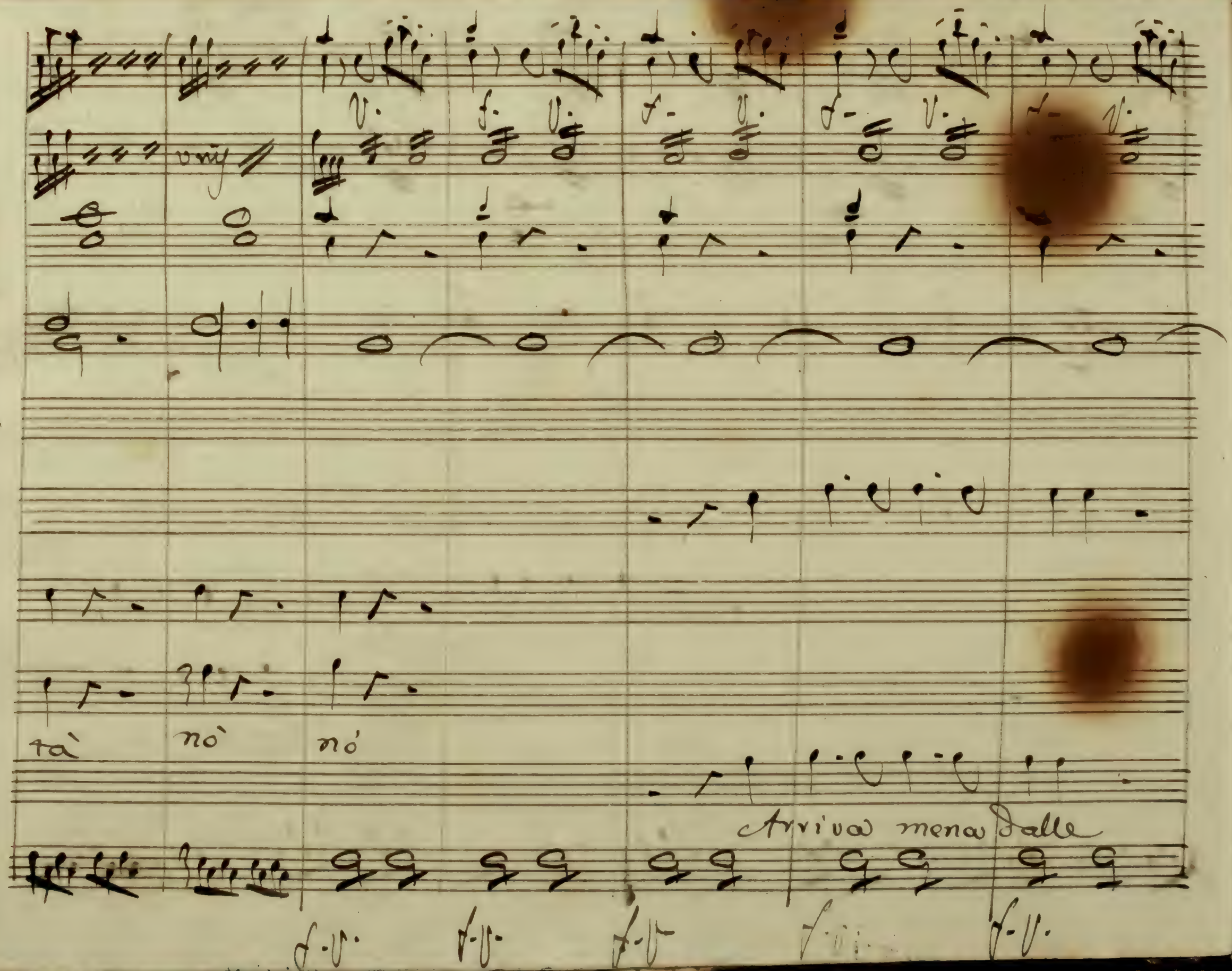
fonno

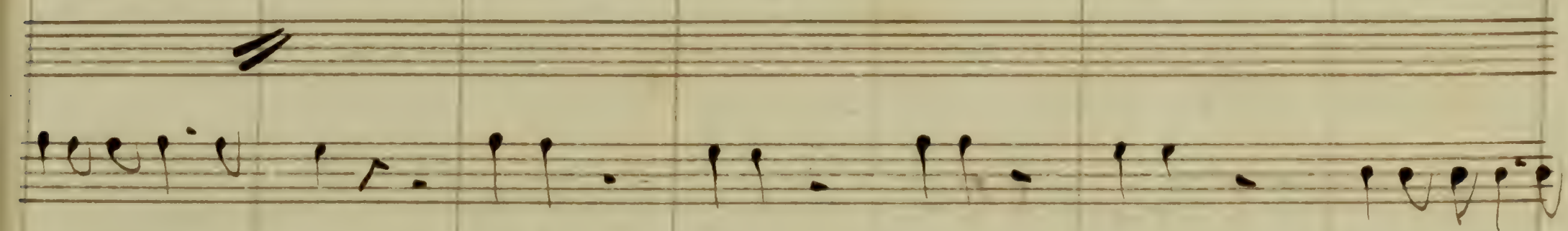
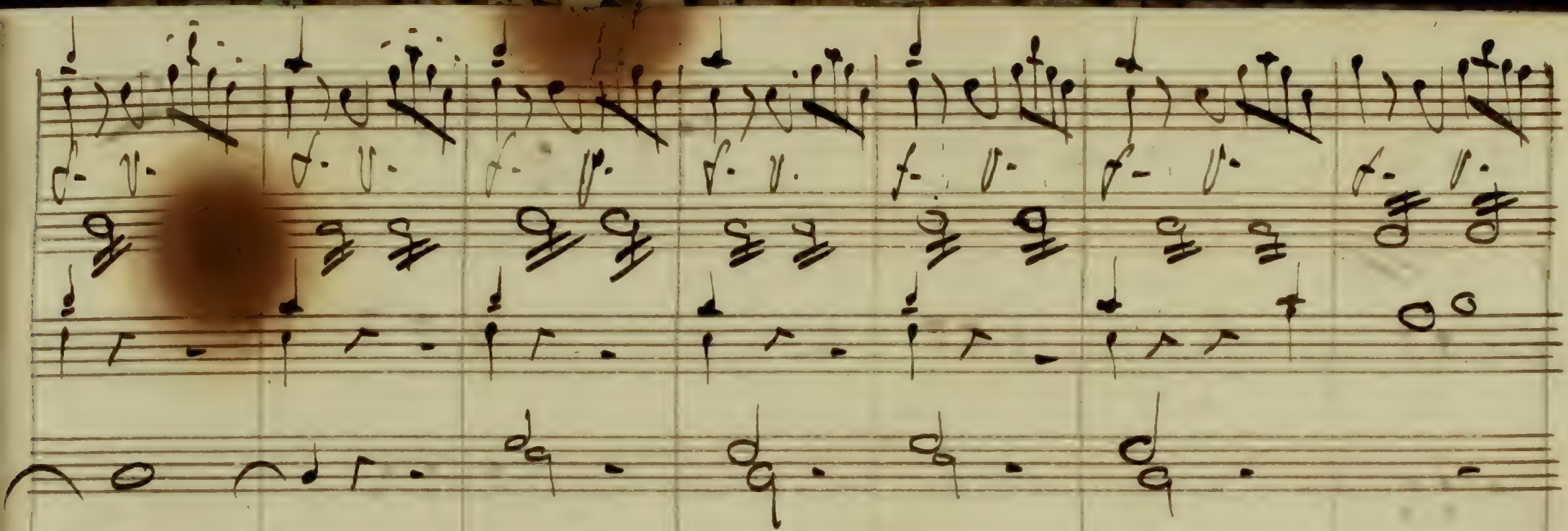
Itaustipatoame

Handwritten musical score for piano and voice. The piano part consists of three staves. The top two staves contain dense, rapid sixteenth-note passages, with the first staff marked *simil* and the second staff marked *ungh*. The bottom staff of the piano part features a series of chords, each marked with a circle containing a vertical line. The voice part is on a single staff below the piano accompaniment, featuring a melody of eighth and sixteenth notes.

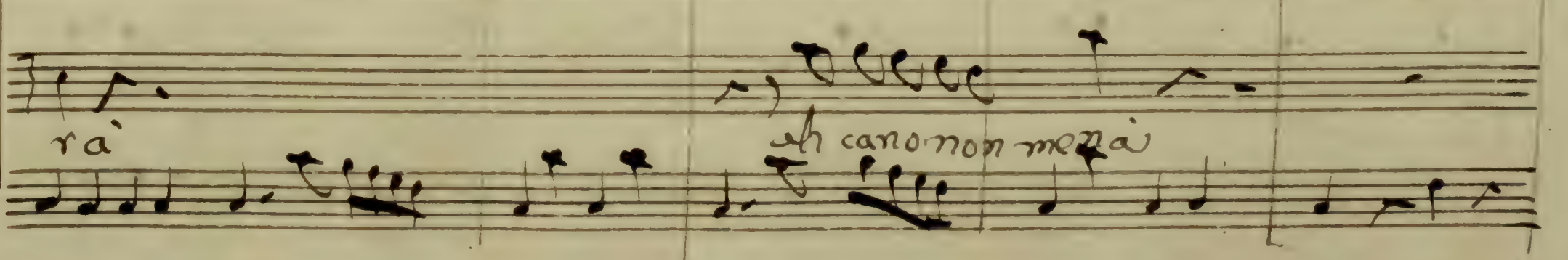
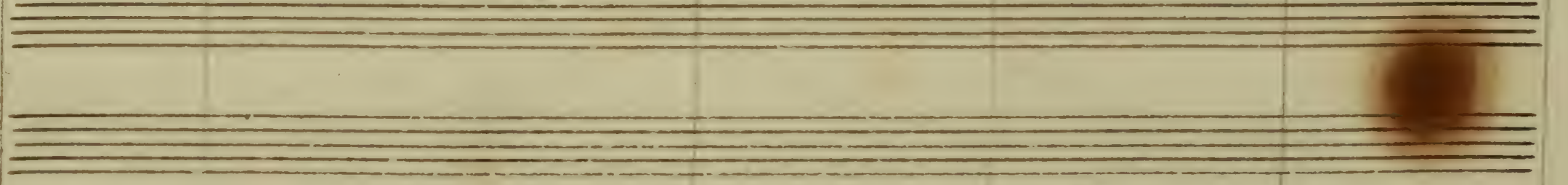
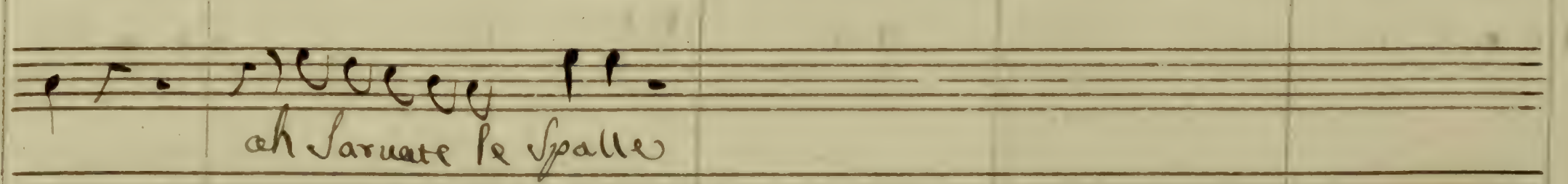
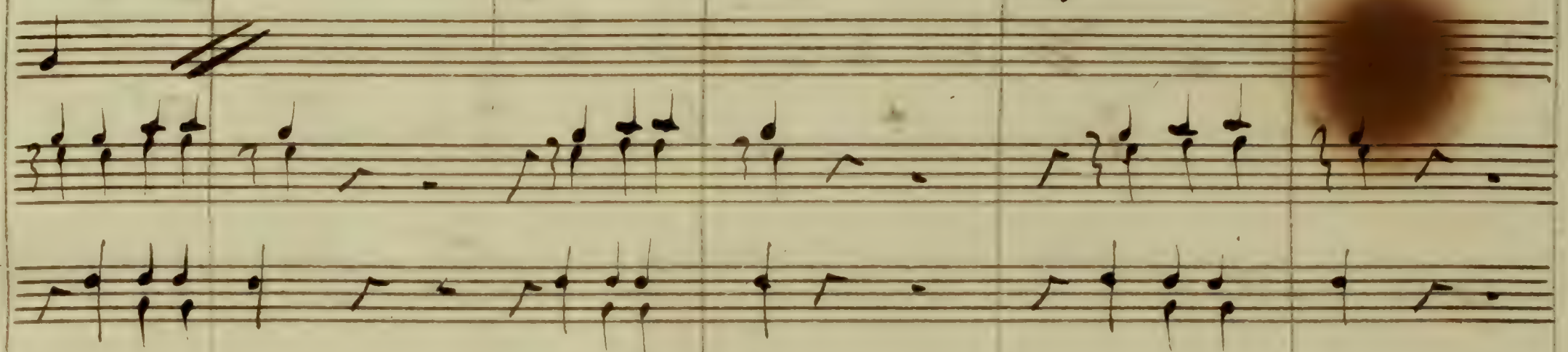
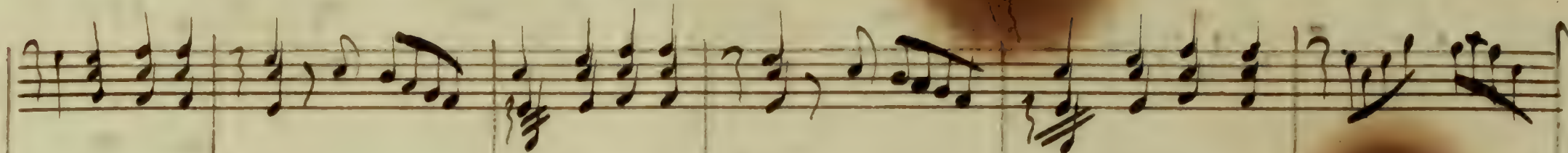
per voi non v'e' perdono
no: amico più non sono Non v'e' per voi più

Handwritten musical score for piano, consisting of a single staff with a series of chords, each marked with a circle containing a vertical line.





votta si capo r'ò mena dalle votta, dalle votta si capo.



A handwritten musical score on aged, yellowed paper. The score consists of several staves. The top staff contains a series of beamed eighth notes, some with sharp signs. Below it, there are staves with rests and some notes, including a measure with a '38' written above it. Further down, there are staves with notes and rests. The lyrics 'Indietro scelerati' are written below a staff, and 'animo qui son' is written to the right of a staff. The bottom staff contains a series of eighth notes.

Indietro scelerati

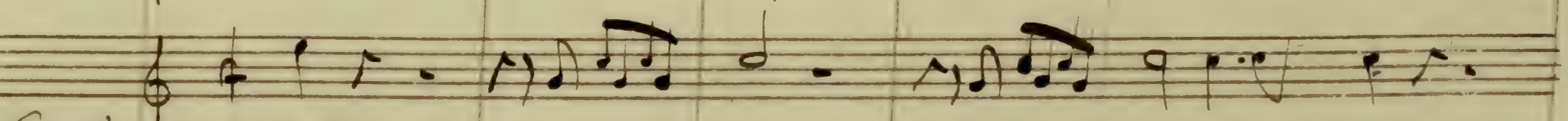
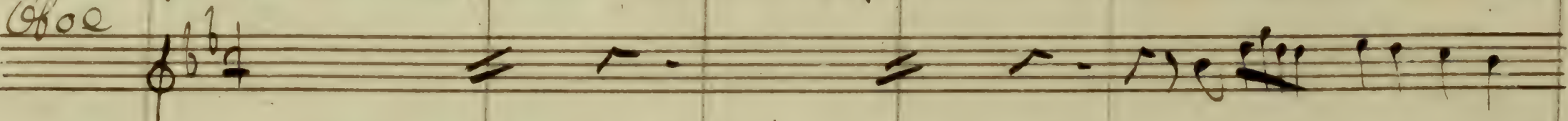
animo qui son



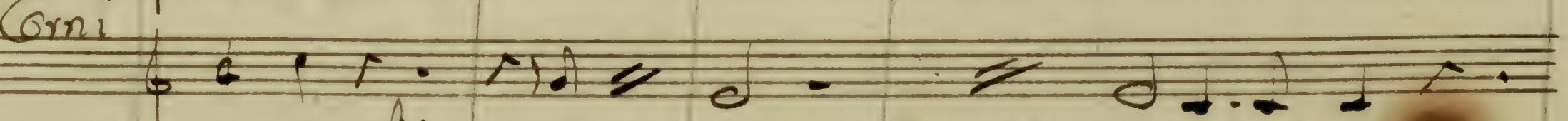
violini



Oboe



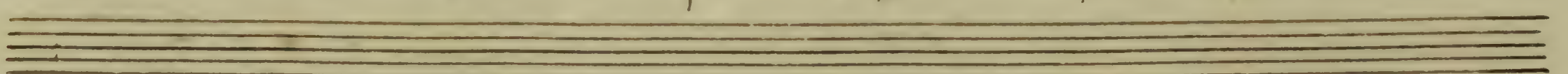
Corni

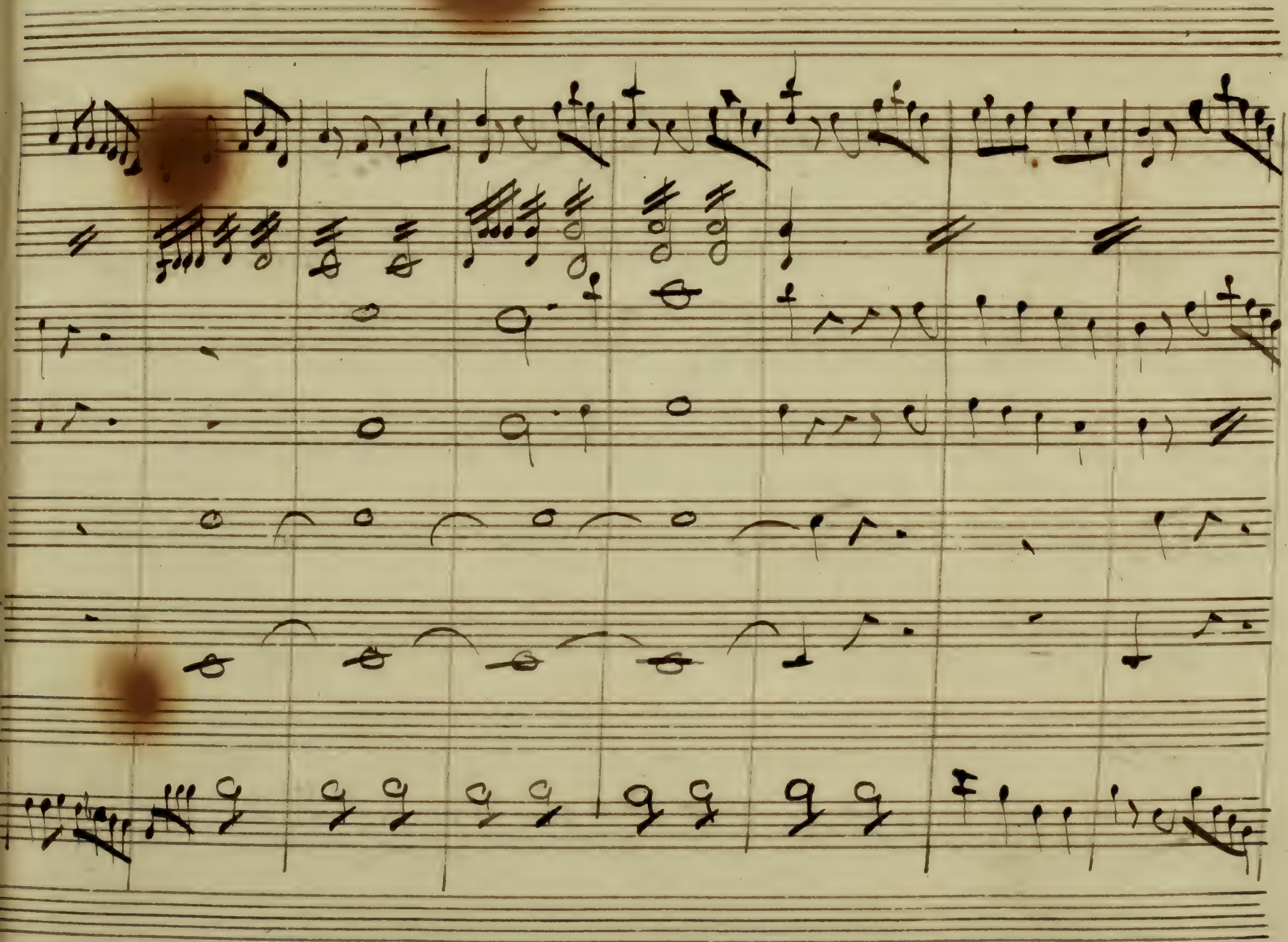


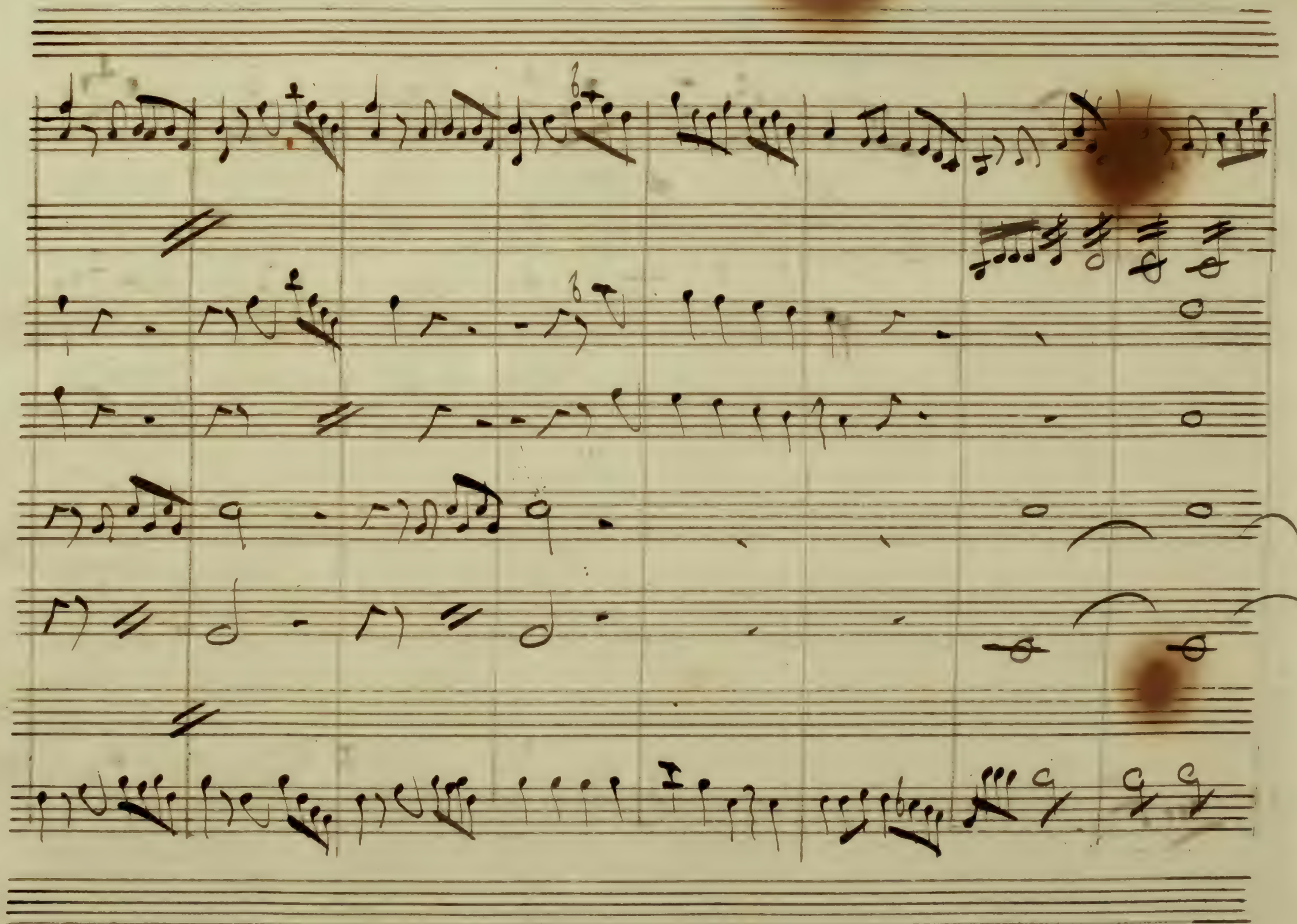
viola *march:*

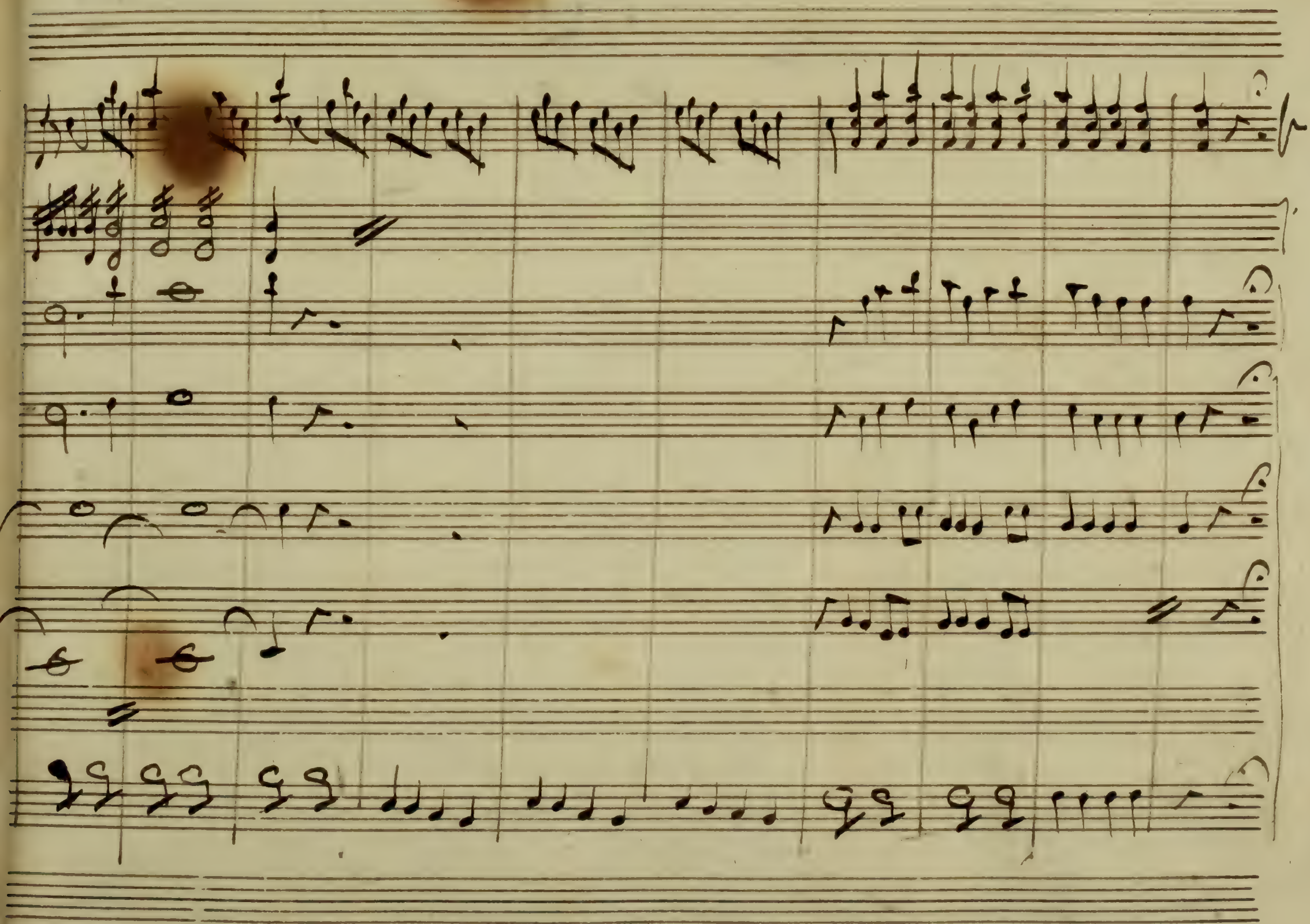


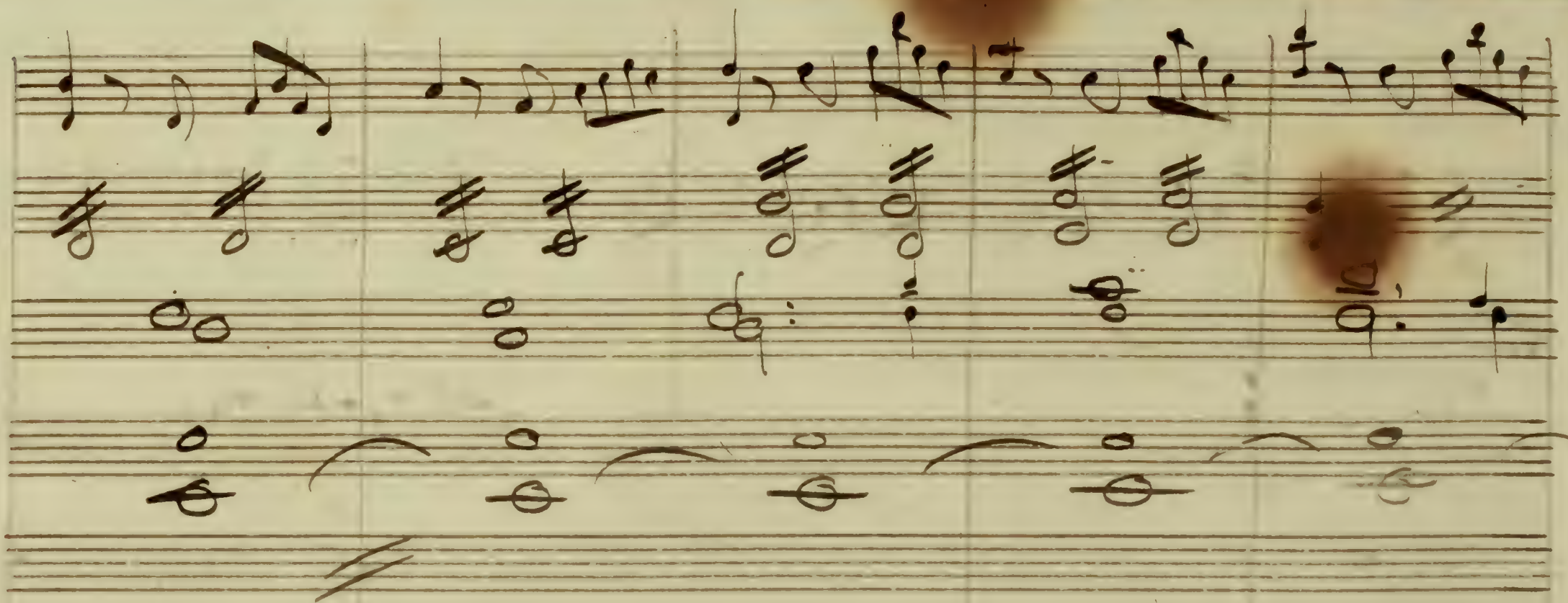
~~Musik~~









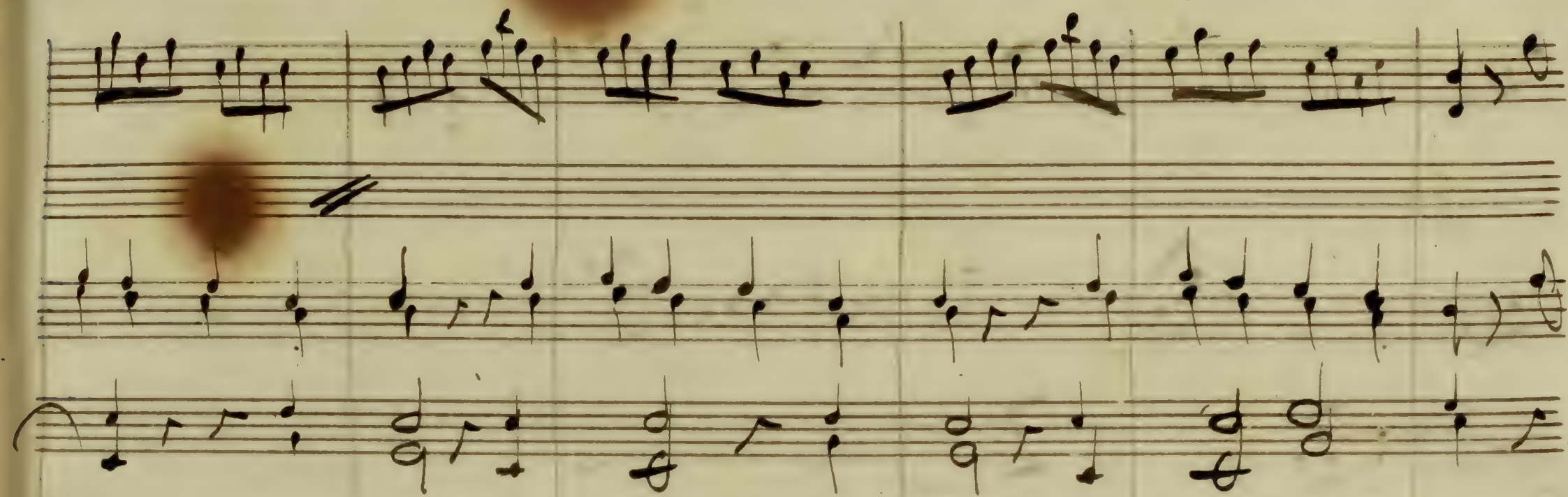


ah de sto' Cuorio mio chi sa' che ne sarra' chi

cadrete si sue nati mostri di crudelta'

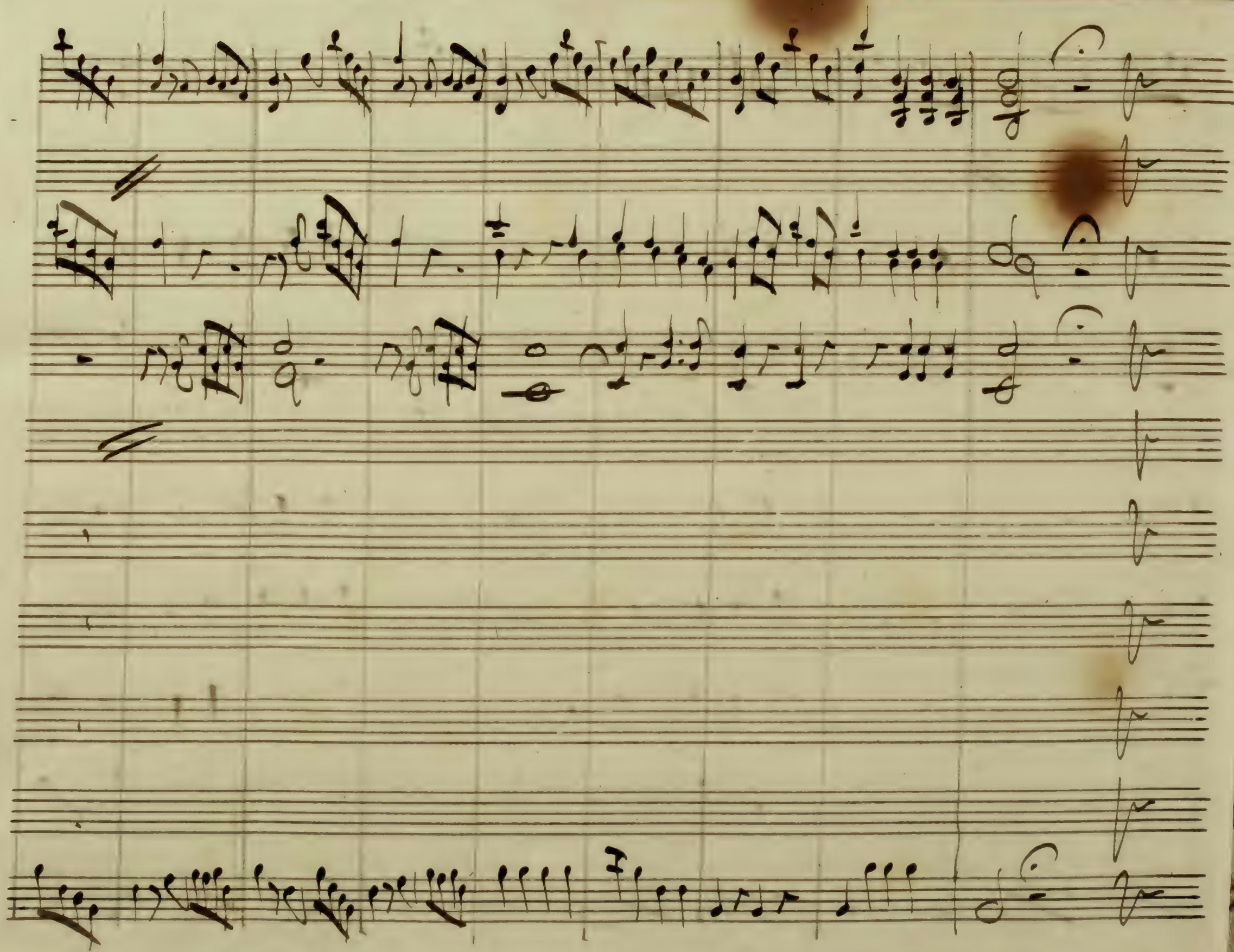
Cadrete si sue nati mostri di crudelta'

ah de sto' Cuorio mio chi sa' che ne sarra' chi



sà che ne sarrai
maestri di crudeltà
maestri di crudeltà
sà che ne sarrai

Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. The first staff contains a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together. The second staff is mostly empty, with a double slash indicating a break or a full rest. The third staff continues the melodic line with various note values and rests.



Scena Prima

il Conte, Marchese D. Leone, e Cannelletta

Can:

D. Fey:

Bene mio mō sconocchio ed io Barone e

Can:

D. Fey:

buono mō moro ab integrato. Comme mpyetato ab integrato i-

deve di una morte quod aysit repentina che dici

Can:

D. Fey:

il mondo è oglioso vogliam farcela jiamō ma venga aysia si-

Mar: *♩: 3/4:* can: mar:

curo olà soldati Mamà mia coraggio non ti

mete i Magnadieri caddero estinti olà soldati in guardia! pro

♩: 3/4:

detevi il castello ma voi avete fatto disarmare li ca.

6. can: *♩: 3/4: 6.*

daueri estinti e li so' morte che paura ne fanno questo

lloco son cadaueri sgherri e morti boni nonno fare un com

solotto e darci nuove Tu mo di stratagemme militarie, non ne

saje core mio ma si no n'è sajeta ne laccio io che

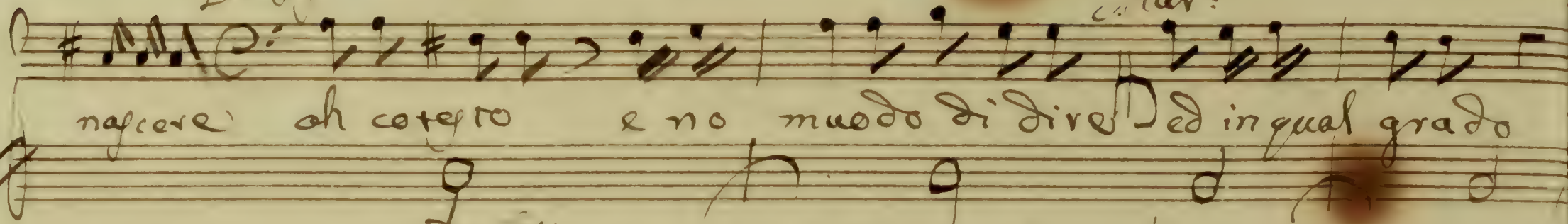
voi servizio avete nella milizia) oh bona! alla ma-

lizia io n'entra da ragazzo e nelle guerre n'aggio fatto li

Can:
figli ora vedite l'auten ne vanò a fà mori l'agente e bue se farle

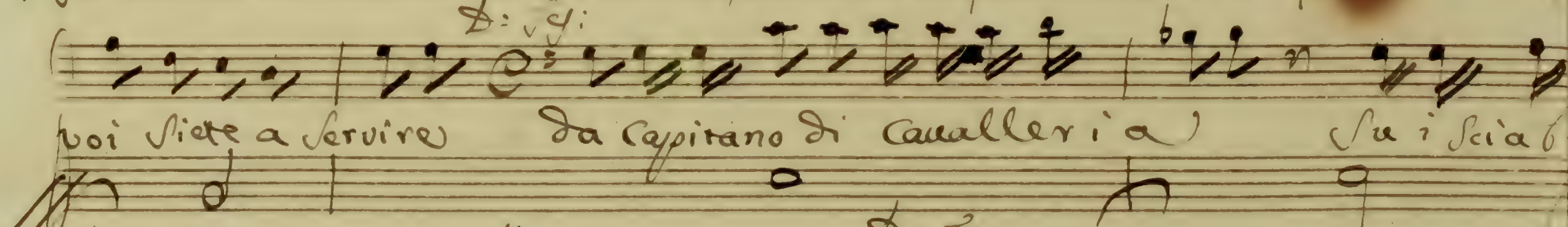
$\text{♩} = 3/4$:

Mar:



nascere ah coteiro e no mudo di dire ed in qual grado

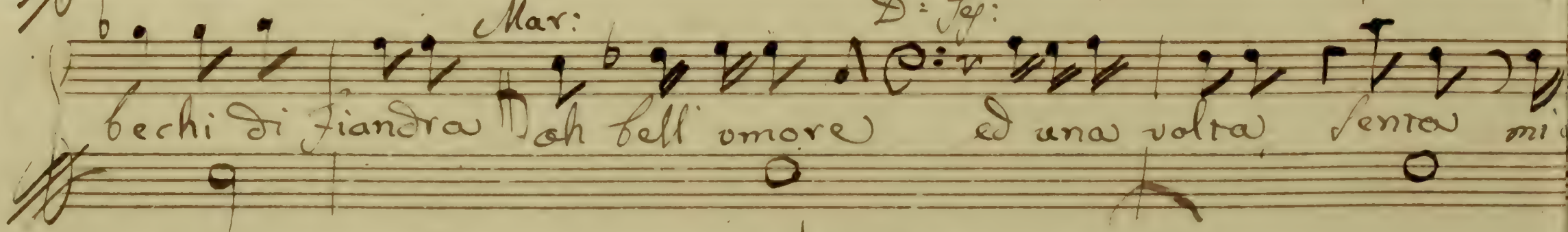
$\text{♩} = 3/4$:



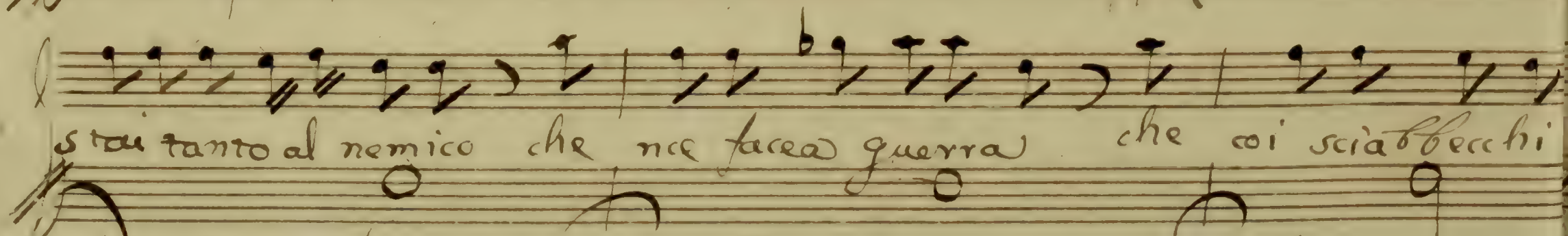
voi siete a servire da capitano di cavalleria su i scia b

Mar:

$\text{♩} = 3/4$:

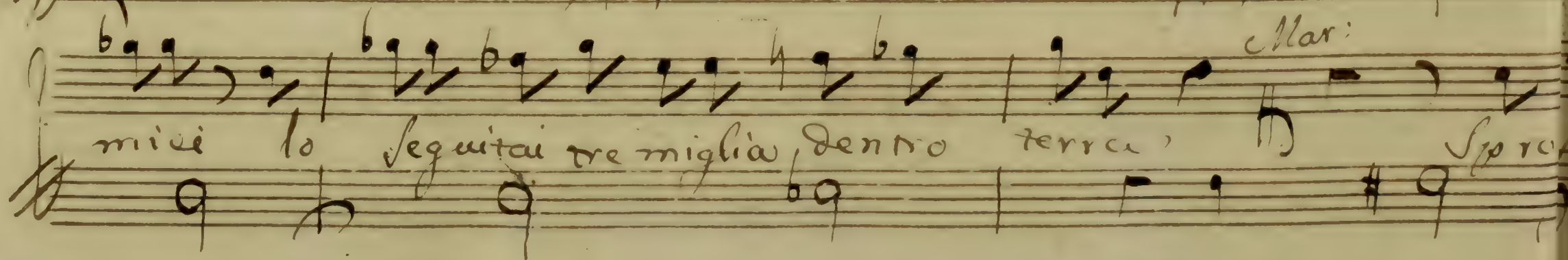


becchi di Fiandra ah bell' amore ed una volta senten mi



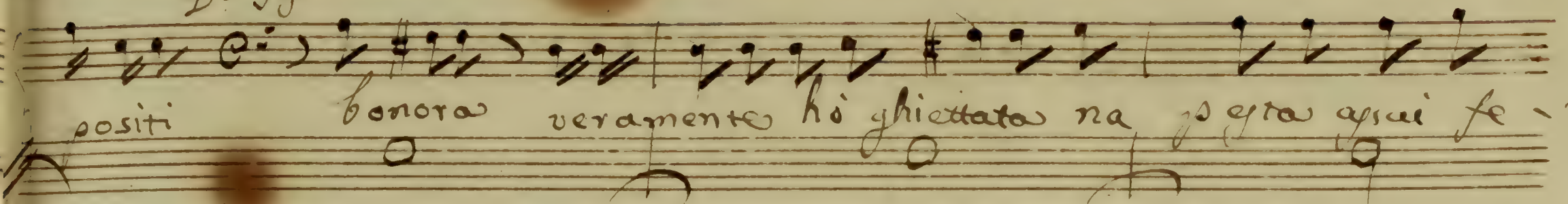
stai tanto al nemico che ne facea guerra che coi scia b bechi

Mar:



miei lo seguitai tre miglia dentro terra spre

♩: *Fig.*



positi

bonora

veramente

ho ghiettato

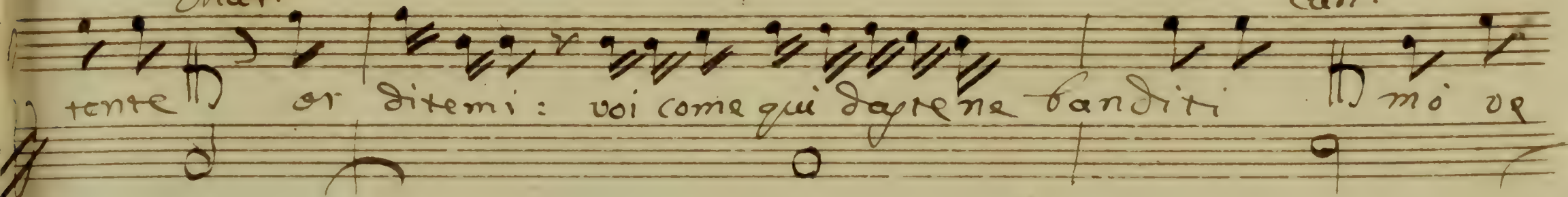
na

p'grata

aguai

fe -

Mar:



tente

or

ditemi:

voi

come

qui

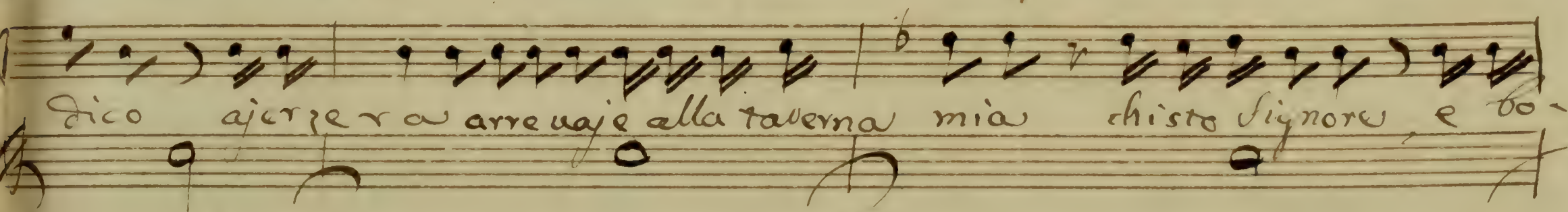
daytene

banditi

mo

ve'

Can:



dico

ajer per a

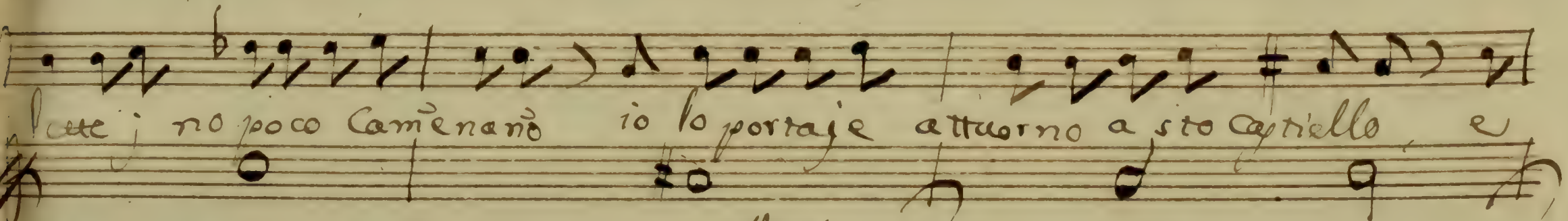
arre uaje

alla taverna

mia

chisto signore,

e bo -



late

i no poco

camenano

io lo

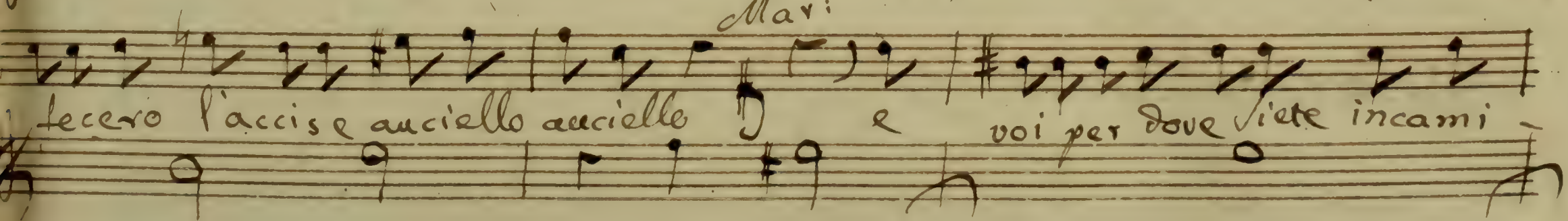
portaje

attorno a

sto castiello,

e'

Mar:



fecero

l'accise

auciello

auciello

e

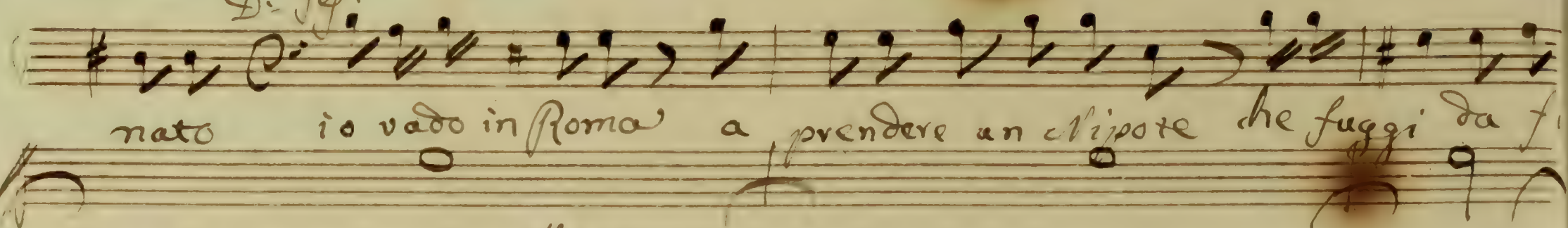
voi

per dove

siete

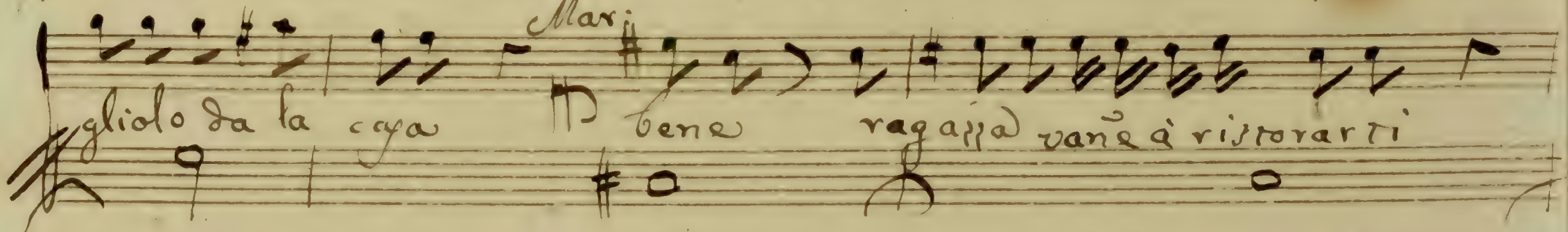
incami

St. Sep:

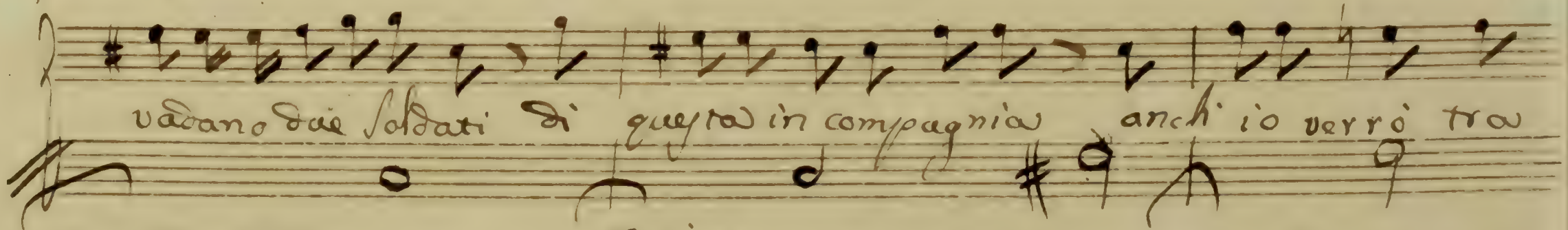


nato io vado in Roma a prendere un elipote che fuggi da f

Mar:

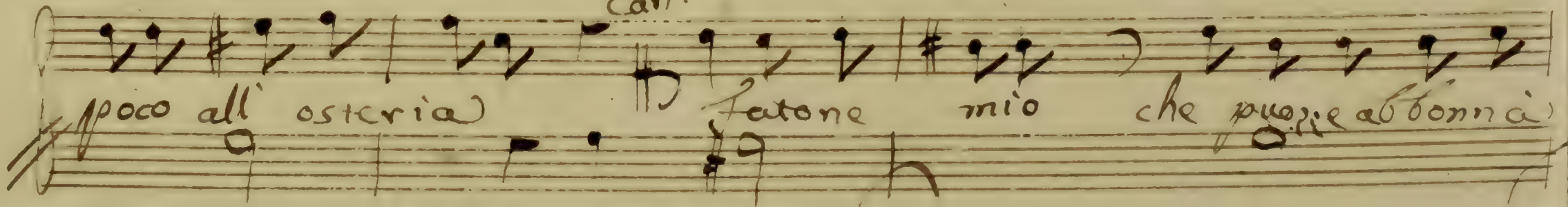


gliolo da la caya bene ragazza vane a ristorarti

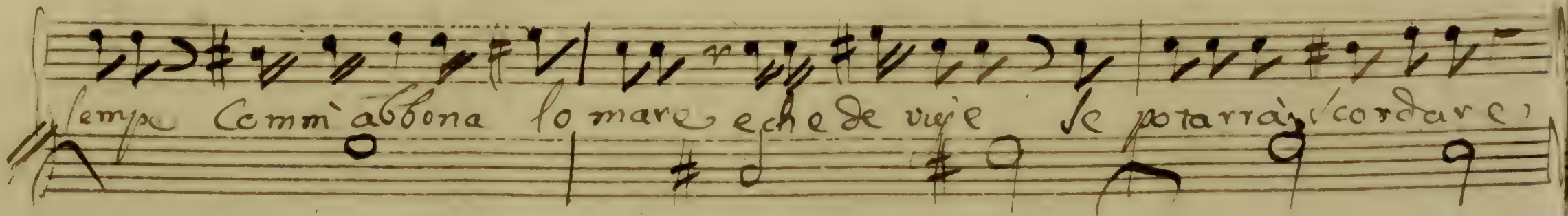


vadano due soldati di questo in compagnia anch'io verrò tra

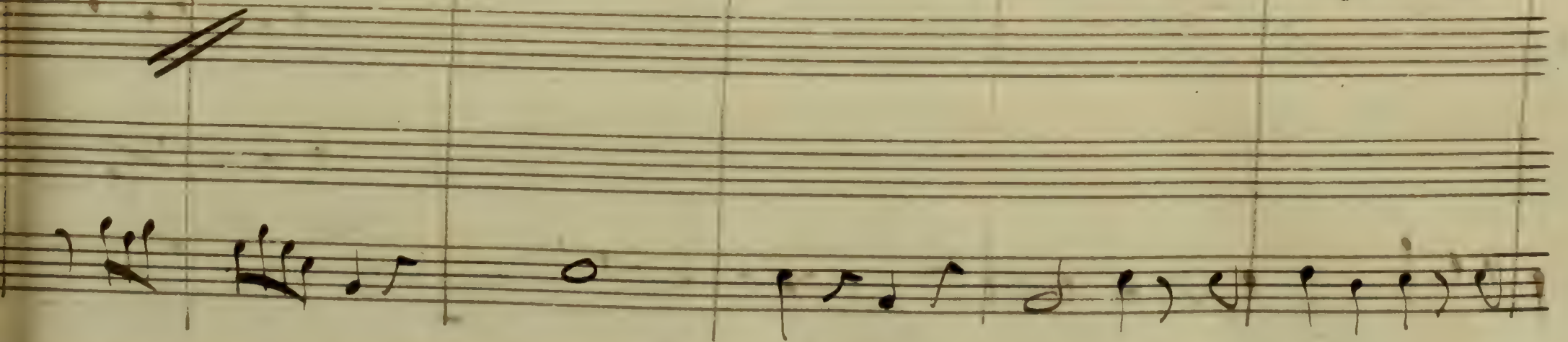
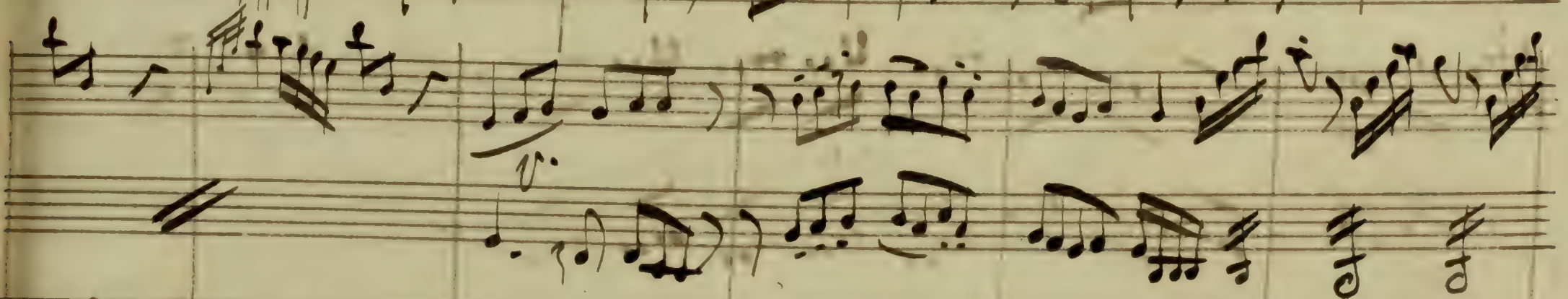
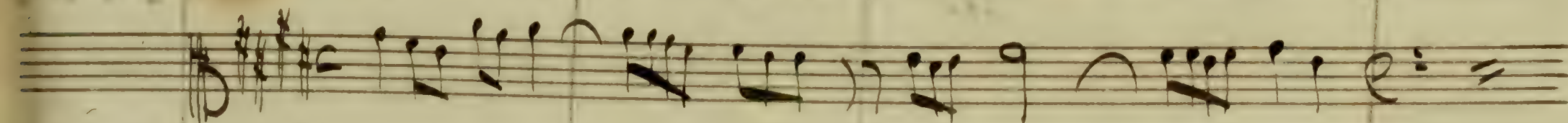
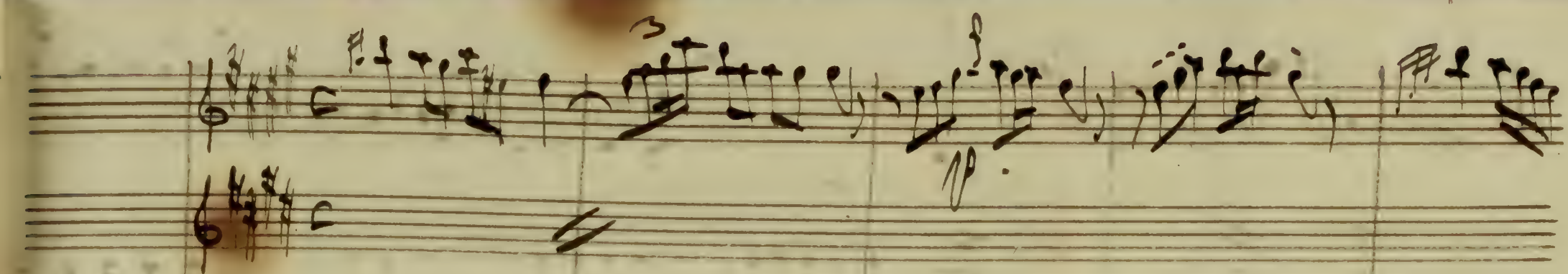
Can:

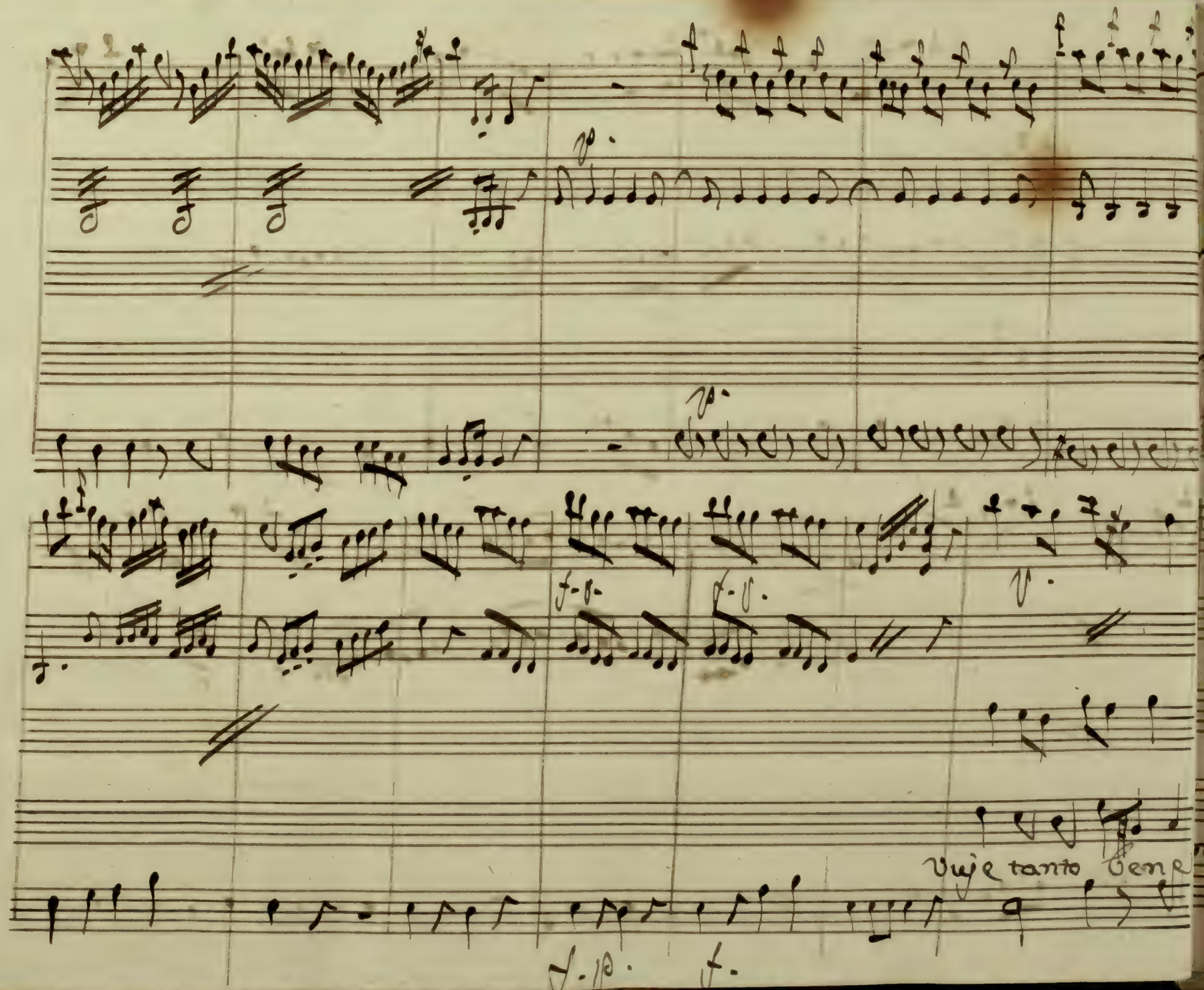


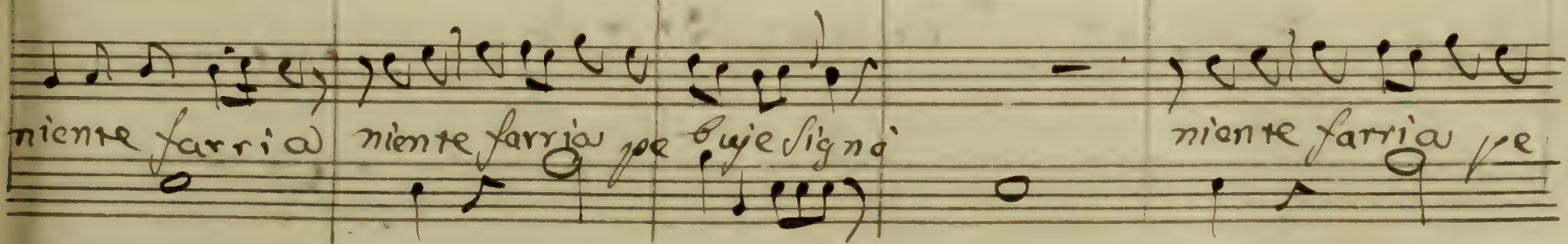
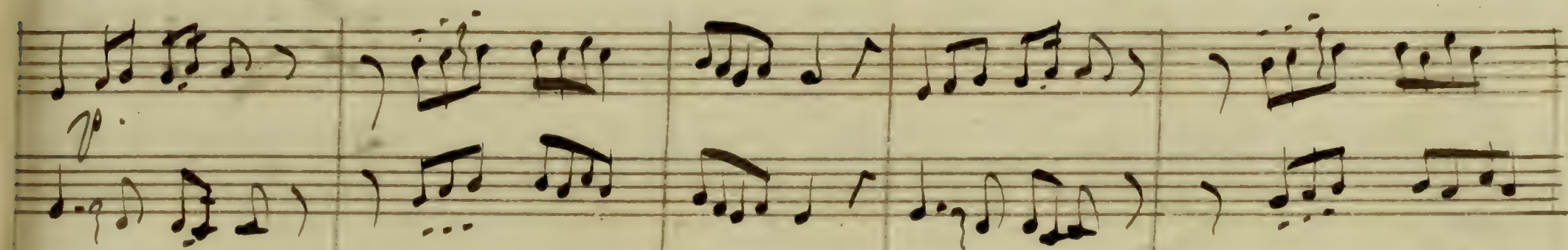
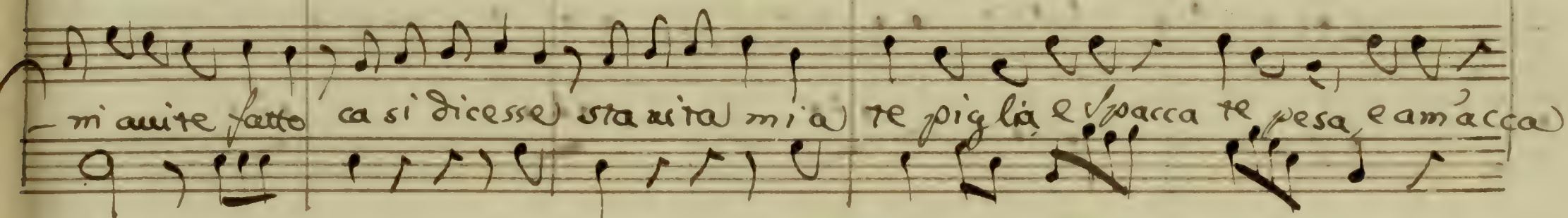
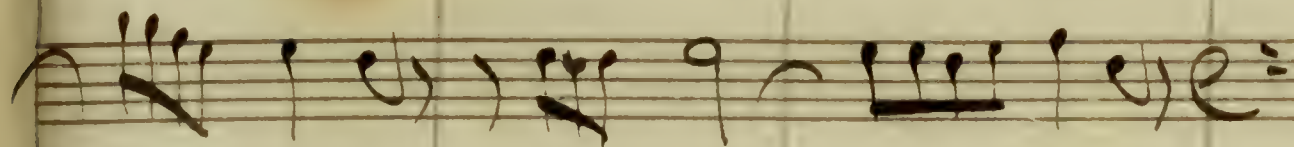
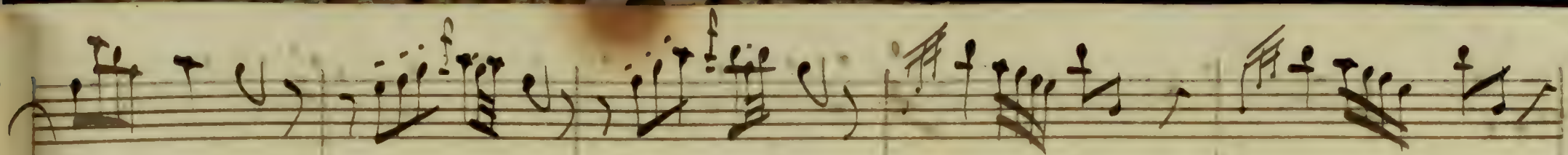
poco all'osteria latone mio che puore abbona

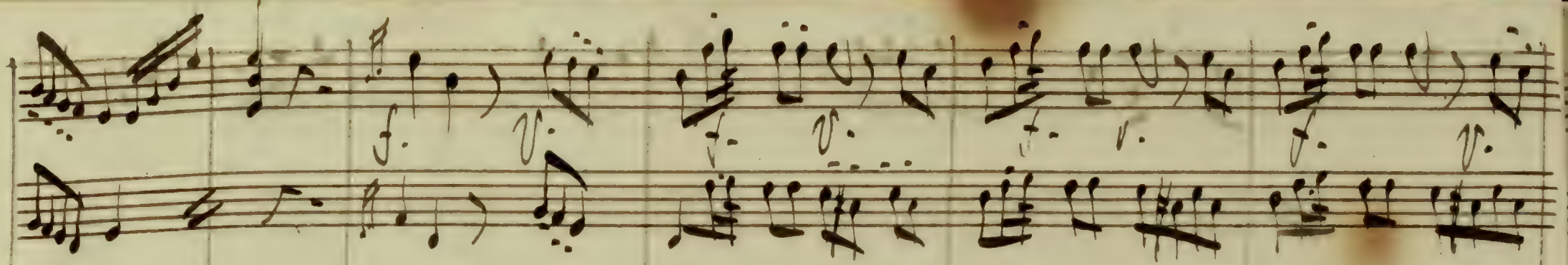


sempre commi abbona lo mare e che de vie se potarra cordare









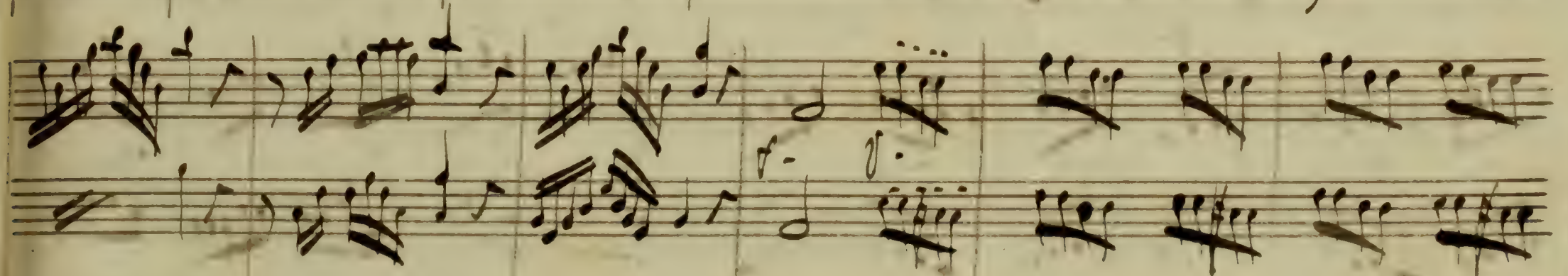
buje e signò ma si quaccosa dame volite, e buje decite, che l'acciomò.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves, featuring various notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'p.' and 'f.'.

io sò n' affritta, na pacchianella, na poverella, che n'aggio niente

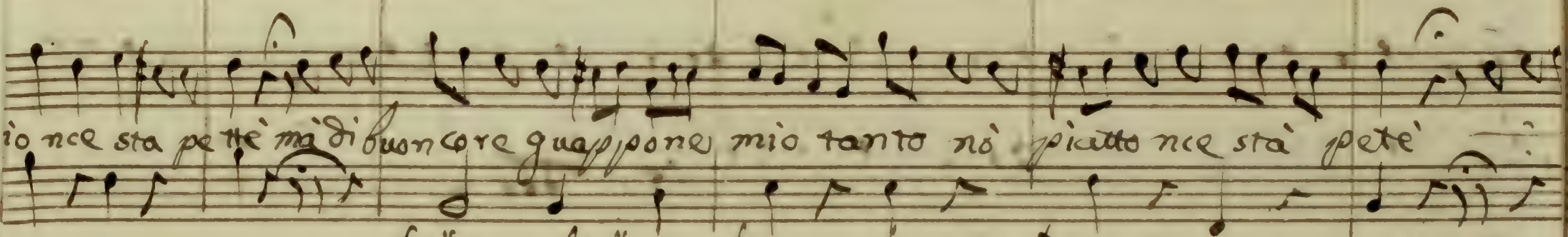
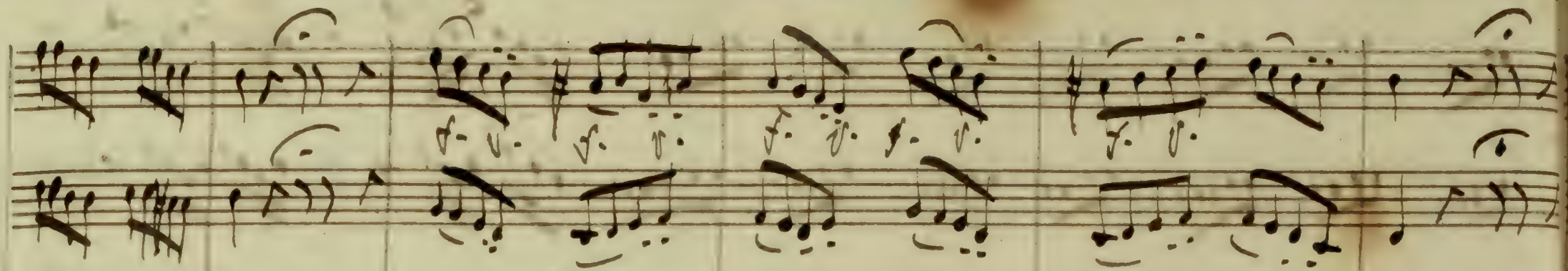


ma de buon core tanto no piatto guappone e mio ne sta pette' Signò mē mbroglio che buo da

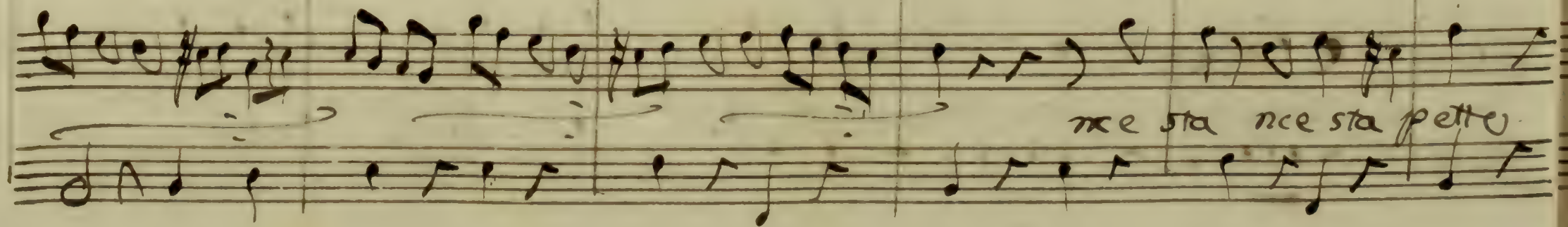
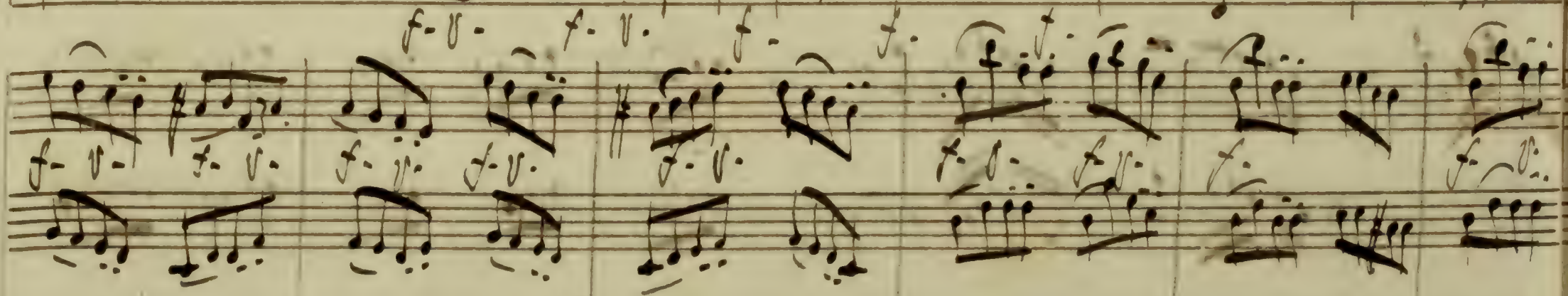
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The lyrics are written in a cursive script between the staves. The notation includes various note values and rests.

me Signò mē mbroglio che buo da me che buo da me ma de buon core guappone mio tanto

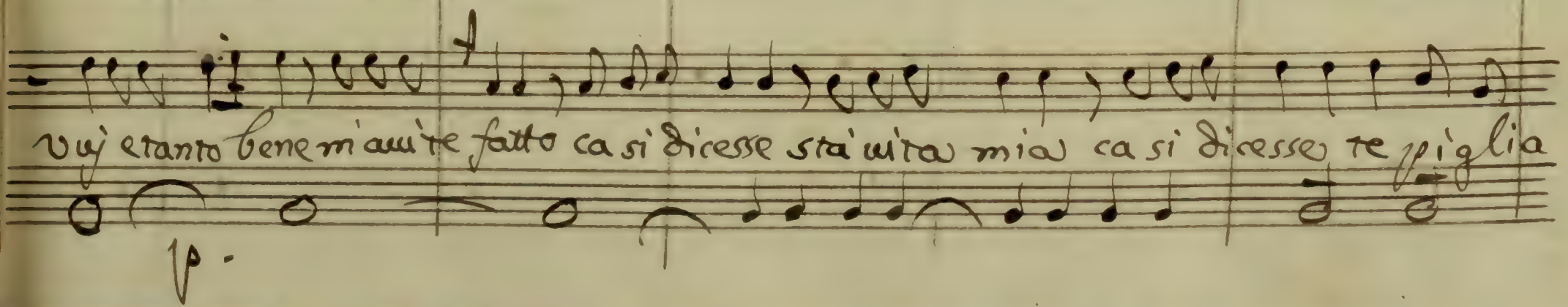
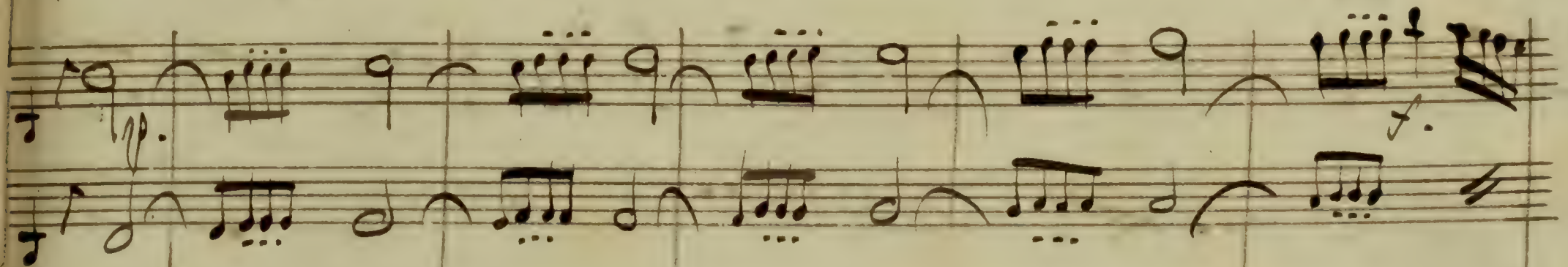
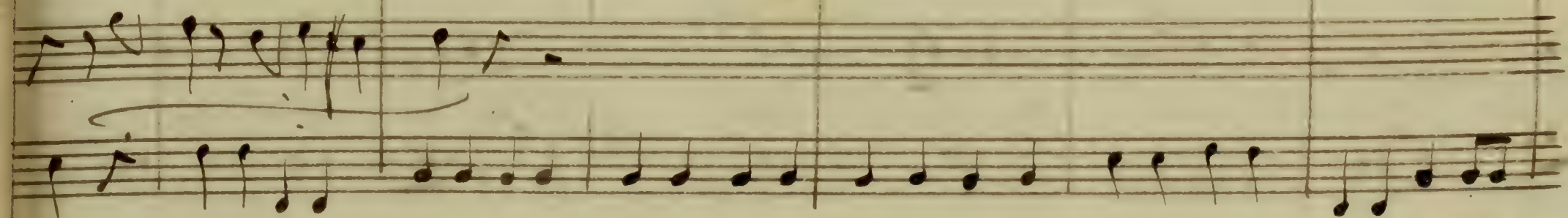
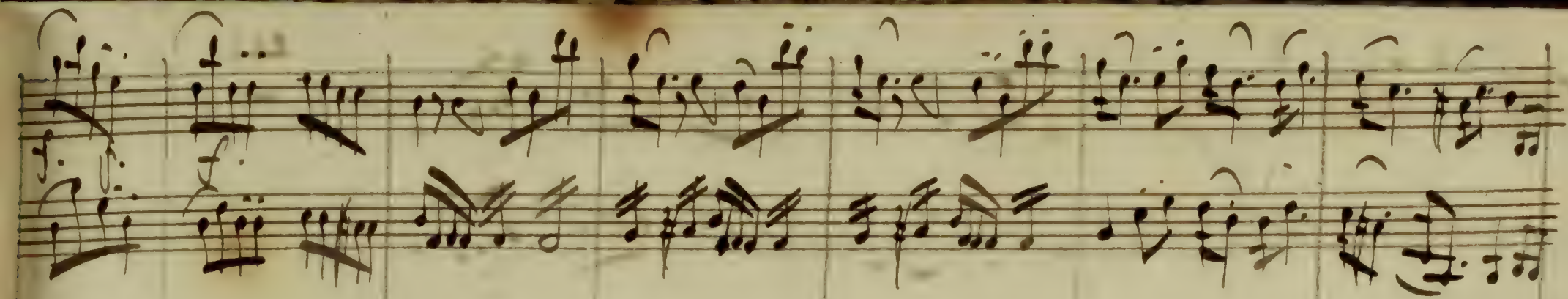
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The lyrics are written in a cursive script between the staves. The notation includes various note values and rests.

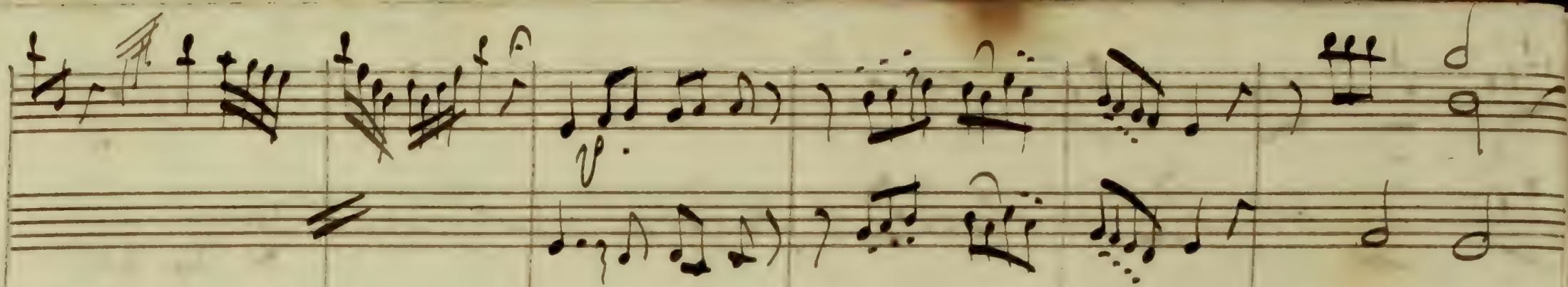


mio nce sta pettè mi di buon core guappone mio tanto nò piatto nce sta pettè



nce sta nce sta pettè





Spacca te pesa, e amacca niente farria niente farria pe buje sig nò ma si guaccosa

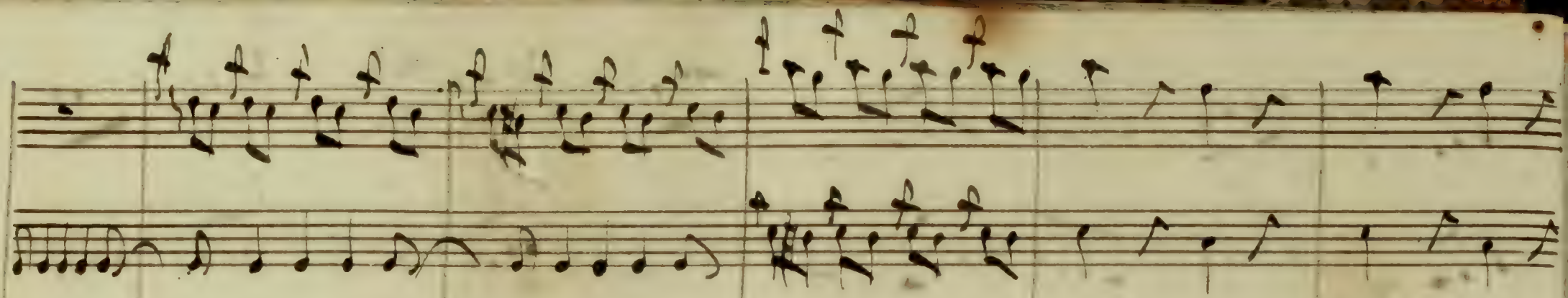
da me volite e buje decite che laccio m'io so n' affritta nà

Handwritten musical notation for the first system, consisting of two staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings such as 'f' and 'f. v.'.

pacchia nella n' a poverella ca n'aggio niente! ma di buon core guascone mio tanto no'

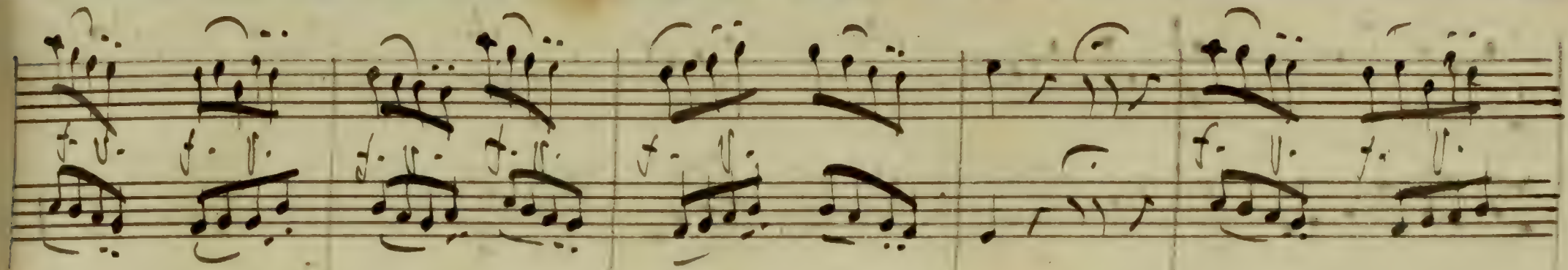
Handwritten musical notation for the third system, consisting of two staves. The notation continues with various note values and rests.

piatto nce sta pe te' signò mē m'rogliò che buò da me mē m'rogliò che buò da me'

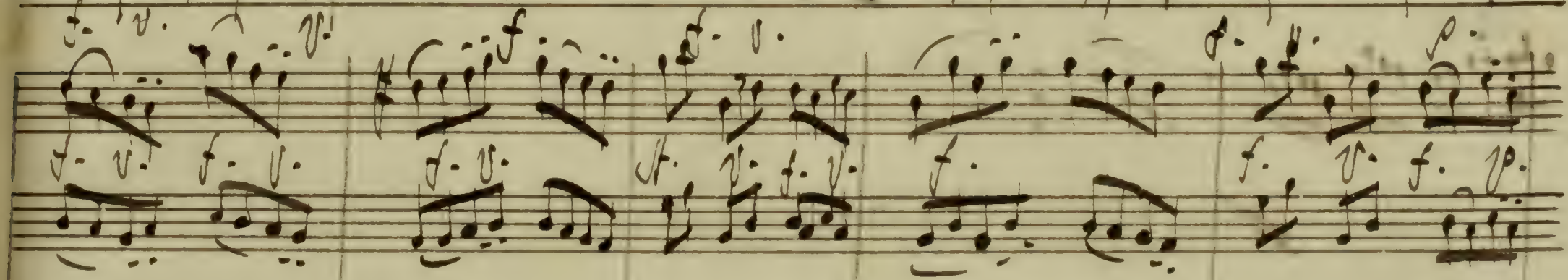


io sò n' cfritta na pacchianella na poverella na poverella ca n'aggio nient

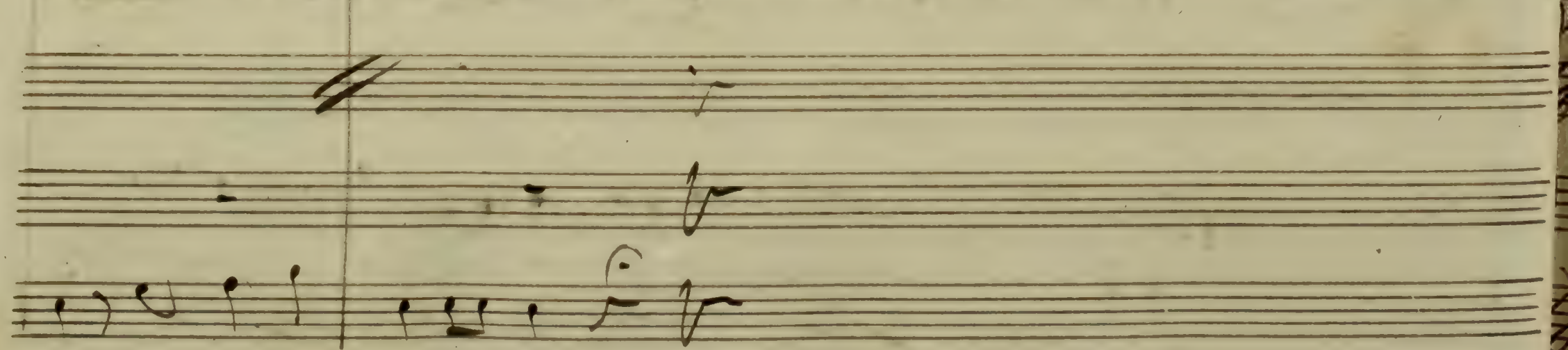
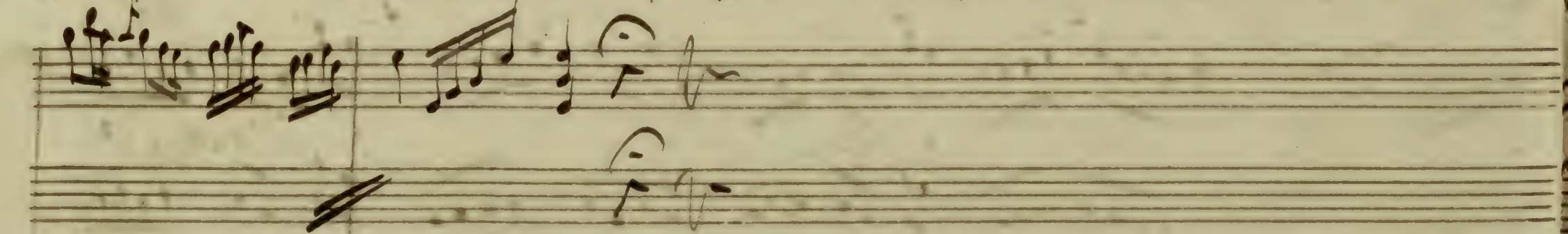
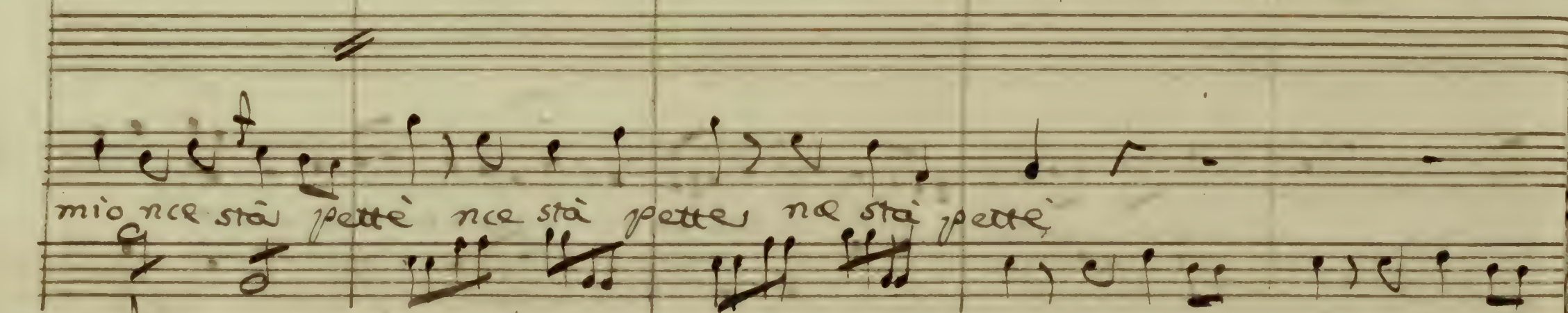
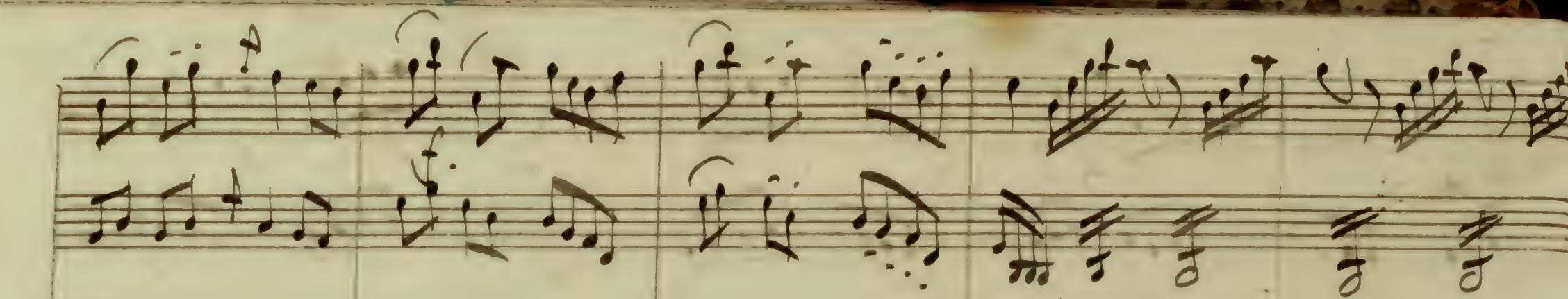
ca n'aggio nient ma de buon core tanto no piatto guappone mio nce sta' pette ma di o



cosa guappone mio tanto no piatto nce sta' pette guappone mio fatone



mio tanto no piatto nce sta' pette guappone mio nce sta' pette guappone



Scena II:

♩ = 79:

Marchese e

Se gli legge, negli il suo buon core e a me la)

♩ = 79:one

Mar:

more subbitania) in faccia) Cos' è diretto a me) viene quel

♩ = 79:

foglio amico per me) etc) di io lo legge) si servi ora)

vi c'auto ntuppo e a la Cammisa) io nce tenga na carta) gea-

(Mar)

♩ = 79:

(Mar)

grafica) Ohime! che lessi cos' è stato in Roma indu-

And. fop:
ello un german mi è stato ucciso oh Dio oh caro amico mi dis-

Mar:
ace ma ch'ajda fa' si sappe che ad hoc noi nati summe l'ucci-

And. fop:
sore fuggi da Roma che farò lei scanni se bisogna la

Mar:
madre il padre e il zio se par isso ne tene, si co-

And. fop:
si deve far voi dite bene chi fu l'omicidiario

Mar:
un certo Conte Lodovico Crivieri Uh malera nepotemo ch'è

Mar: *Mar:*
romano mo uogo a pigliare il Conoscere Penitente

Mar:
pessi se tiene almen parenti no: non credo io lo sup-

Mar:
pongo di natali incerti Si m'appura lo muorto che dicete

Mar:
(a vorria verso Roma anticipare) pe-brava lo brie-

Mar: *D: F#:* *Mar:*
cone no: fermate vesto in Roma con voi meglio a me

tocca di vendicare il sangue mio paterno

Scena III: *Mar:* *D: F#:*
Gineura e
Dei Ah chini togliera' da questo inferno qual voce e' questa Ah

Gine:
bene mio cu, fratello. e ghinto a' casa caudo e bo' soccorso Ah qual pena e m

D: F#: *Mar:*
questa non sienta la peneas Jaci e ti arretra

Violini

Oboe

Trambe in 6
A:

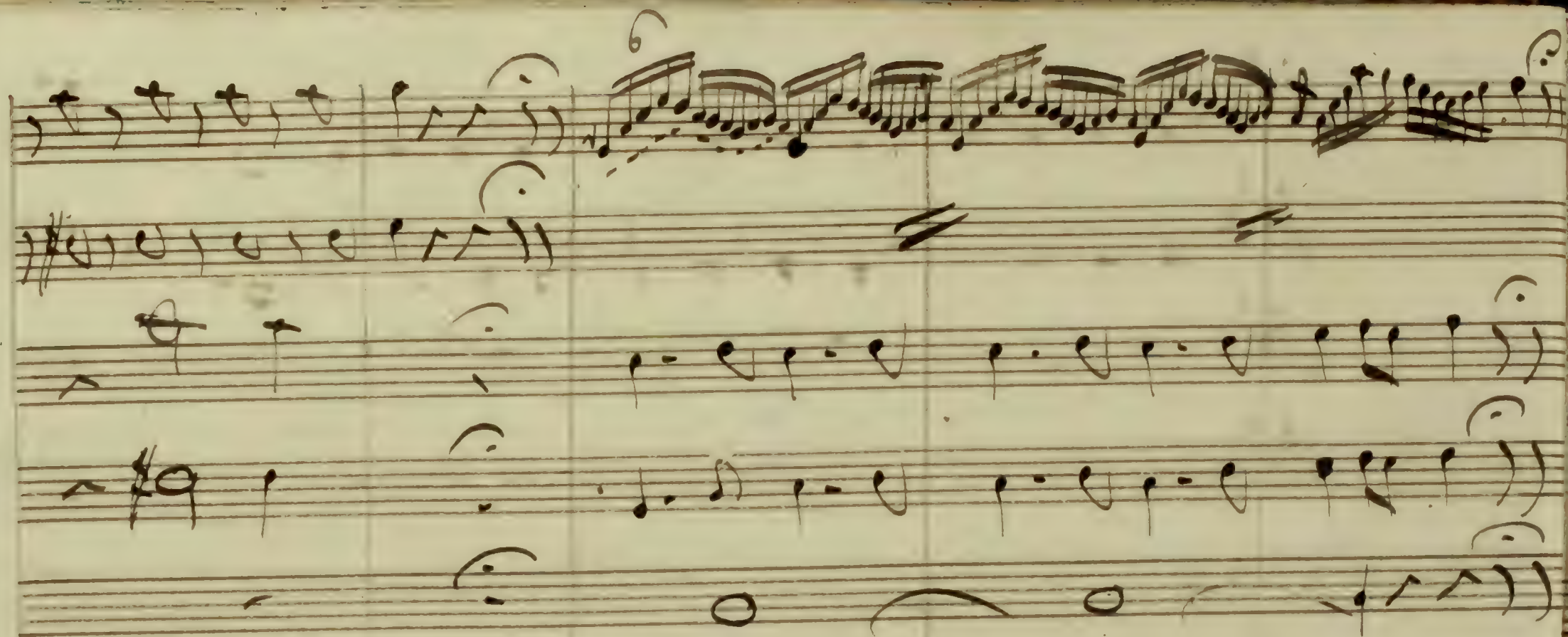
Viola

Gineura

Marchese

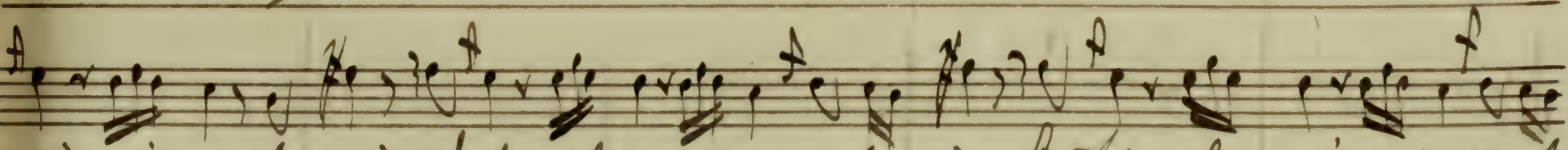
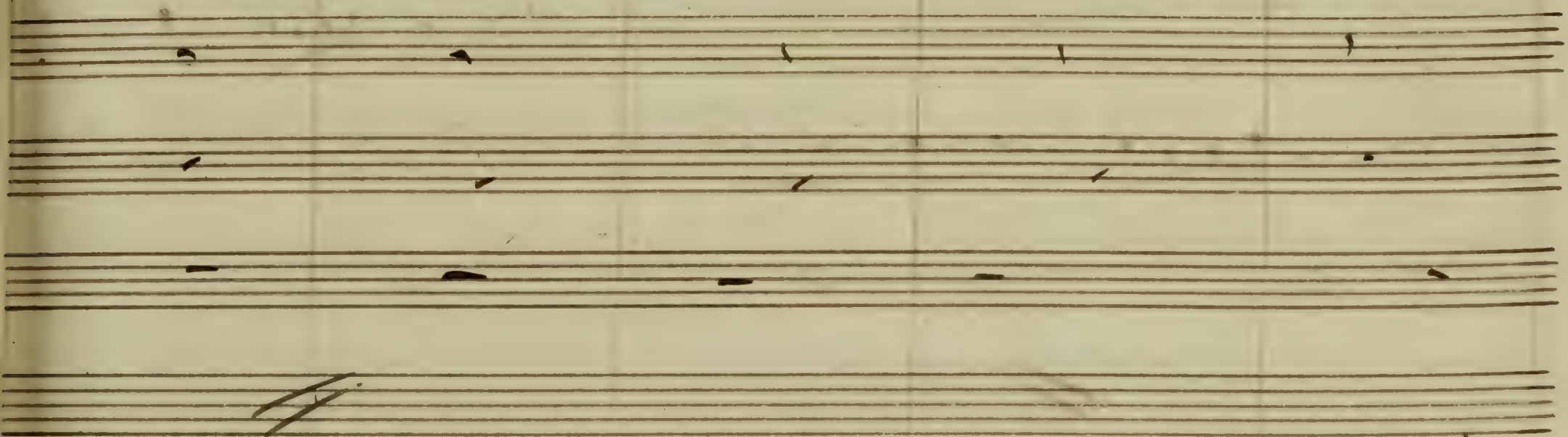
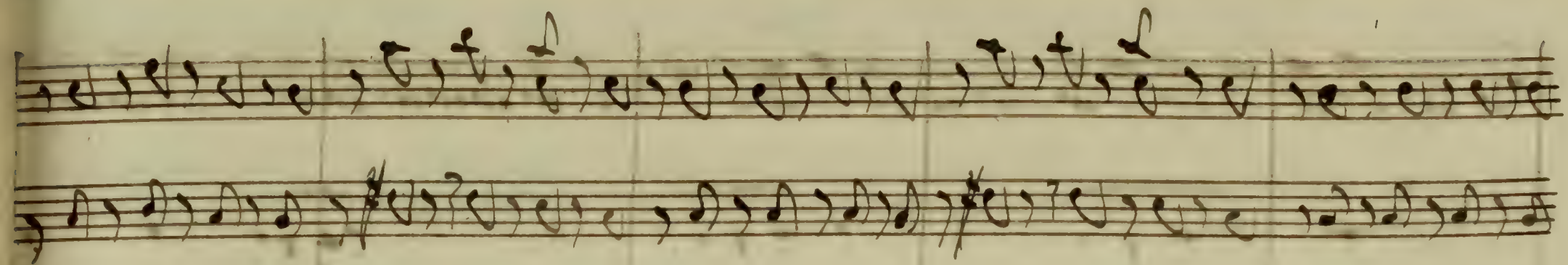
Leptone

And: sostenuto

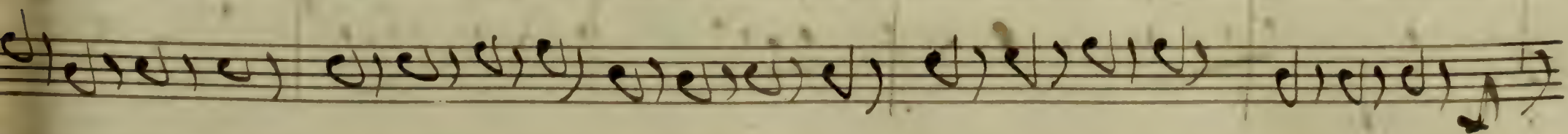


6
mio crudele affanno! da un carcere tirano chi mai mi toglierà





mai mi toglierai! oh Dio chi mai mi toglierai, oh Dio chi mai mi toglie -

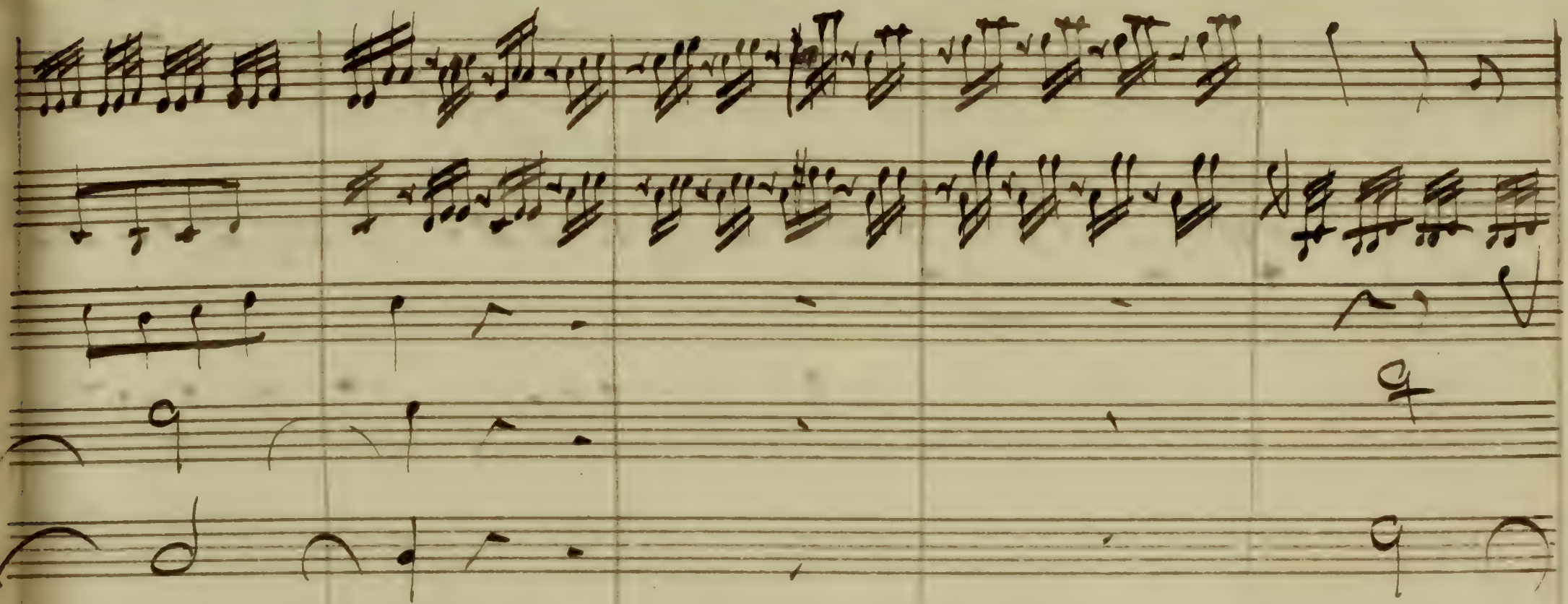
Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, featuring a series of notes and rests. Below the staff, the lyrics are written in a cursive hand. The text is: "mai mi toglierai! oh Dio chi mai mi toglierai, oh Dio chi mai mi toglie -".

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and beams. The lyrics are written below the staves:

ra!

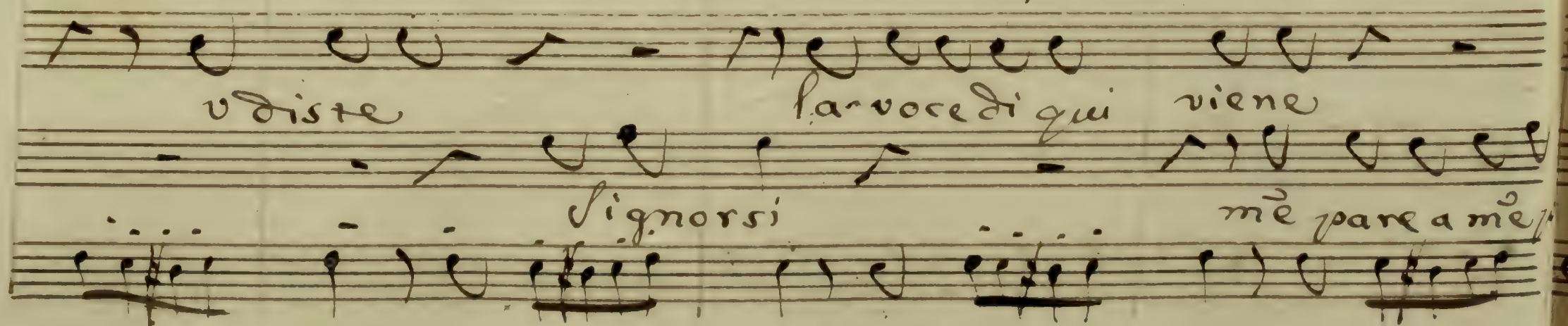
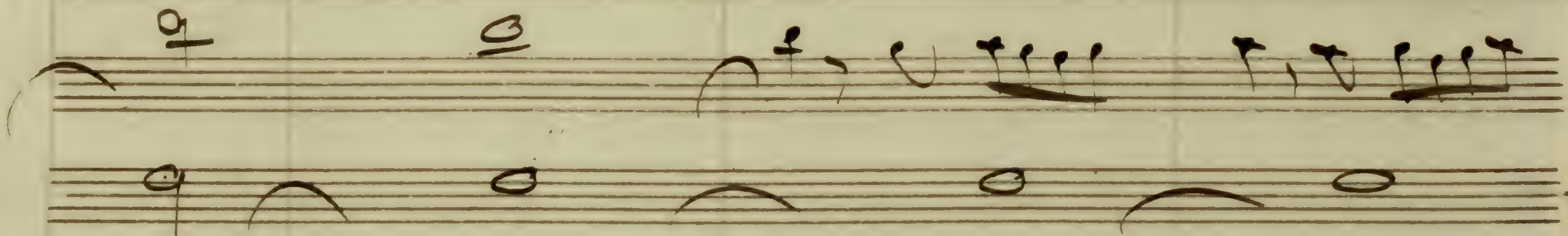
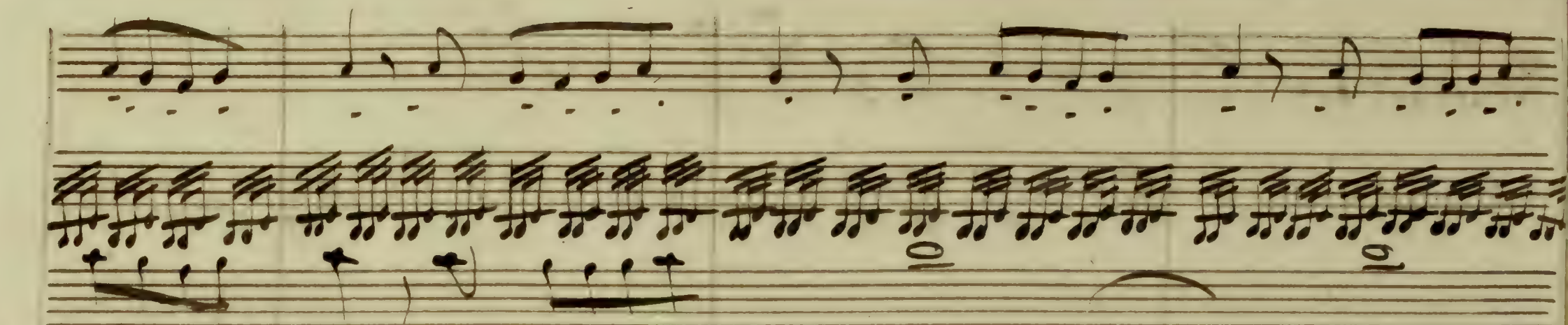
vdiste la vore d'onde uenné

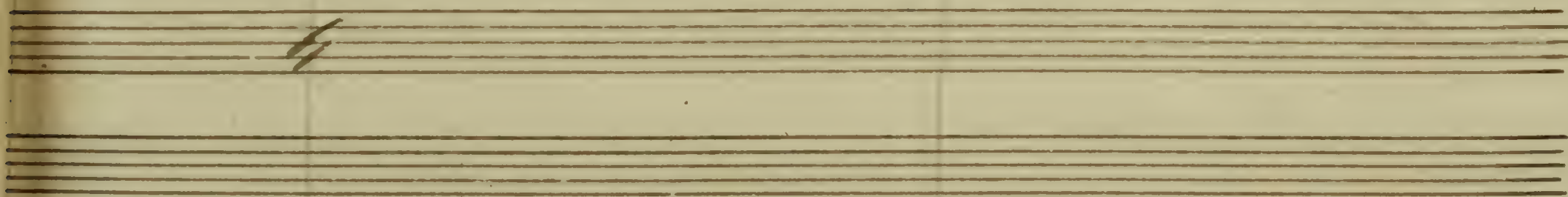
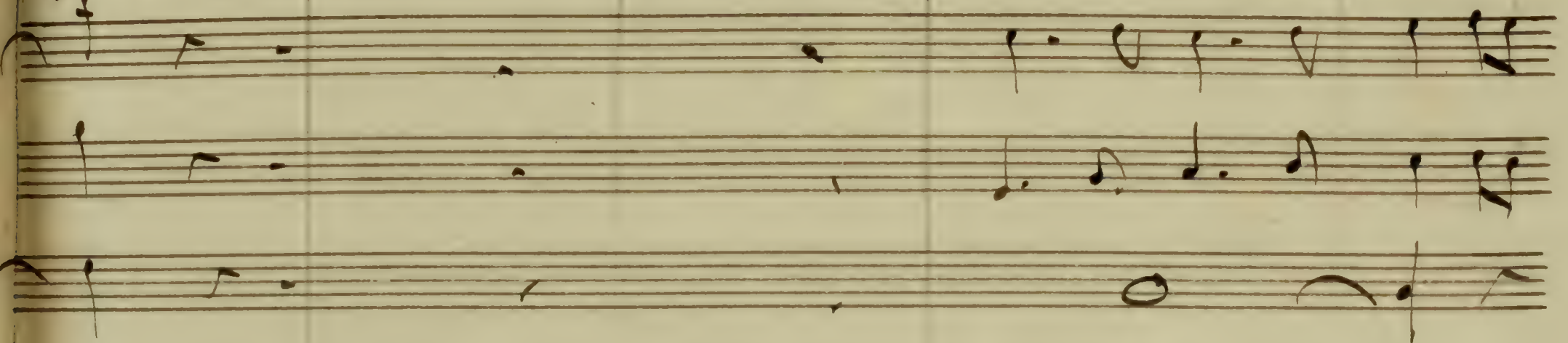
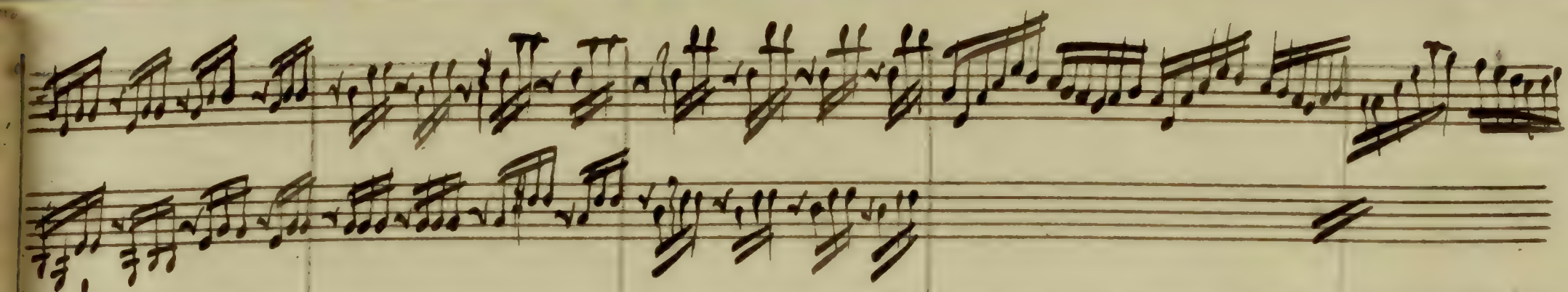
Si Signiore



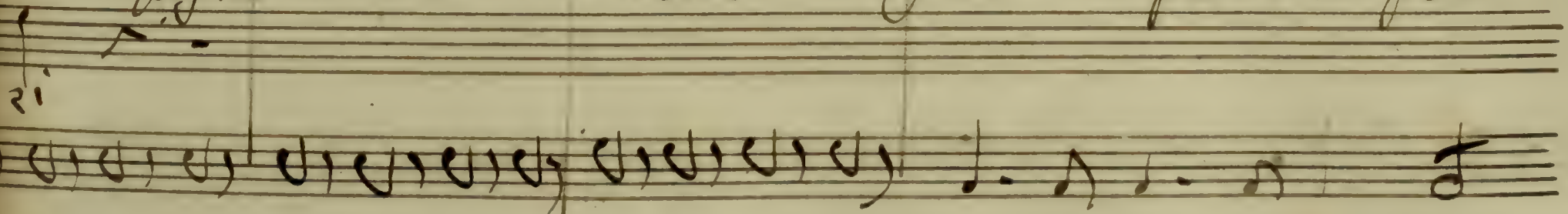
che barbaro dolore! che disperate pene

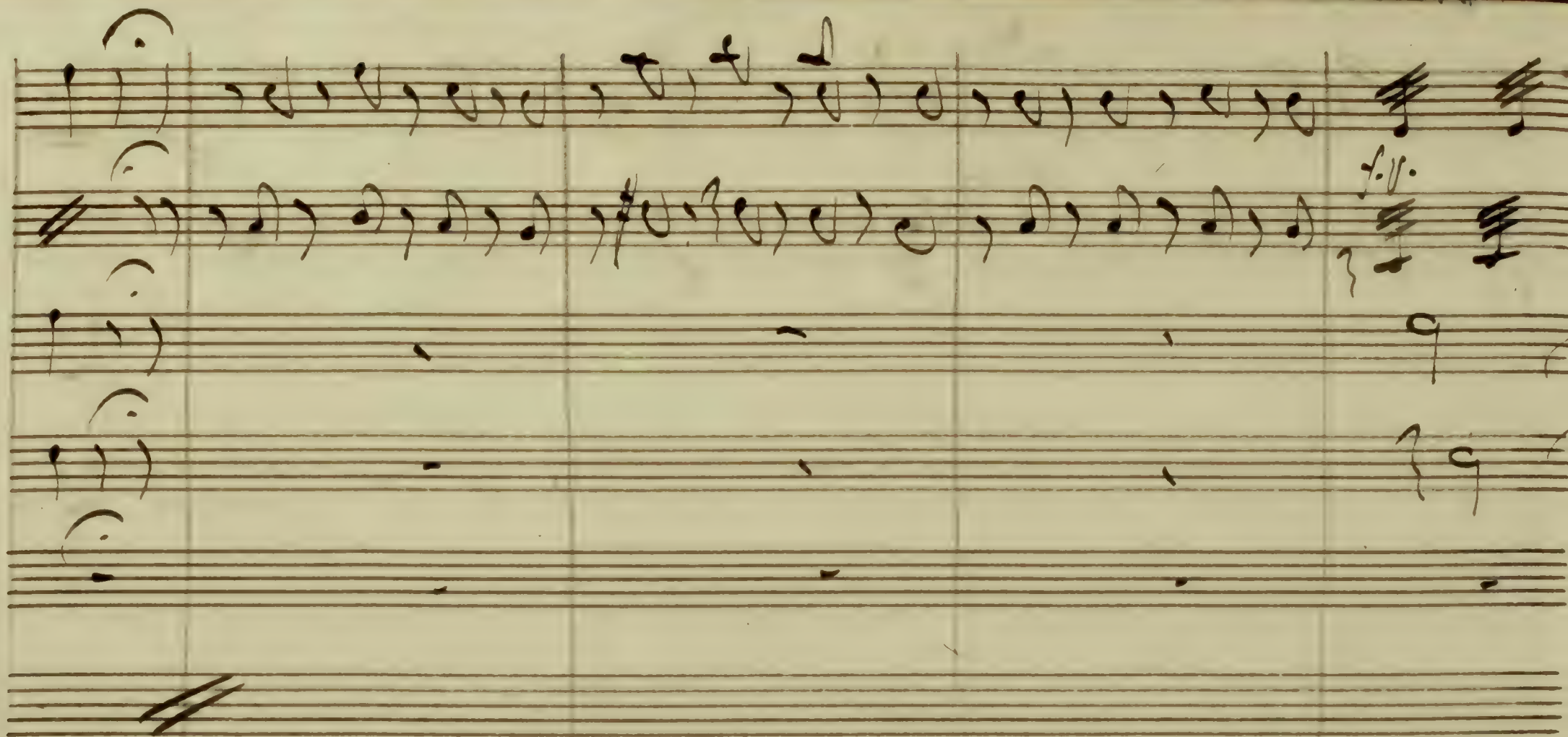
Jaccio... jamoncenne



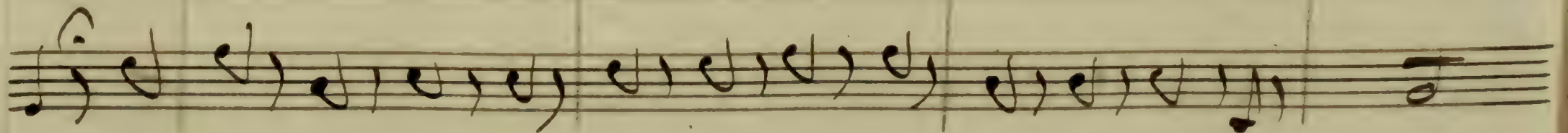


ma questo voce oh cielo! nuova ^{non} mi riegge mi perdo mi perdo chi sa -

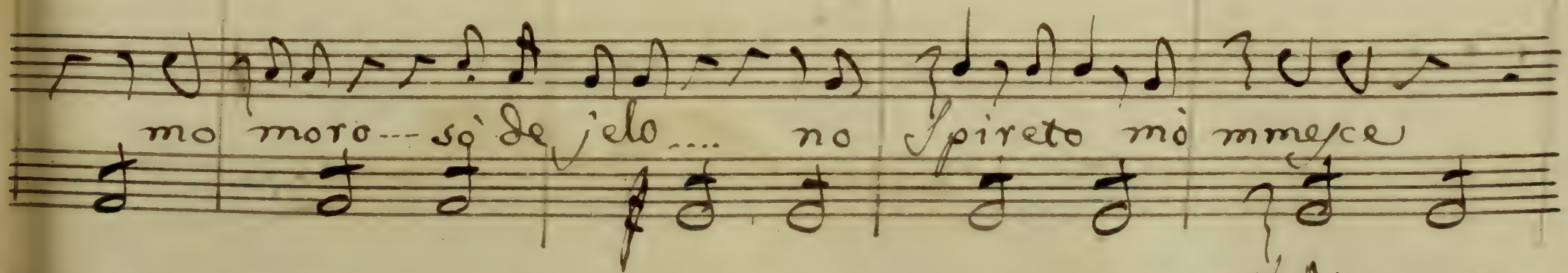
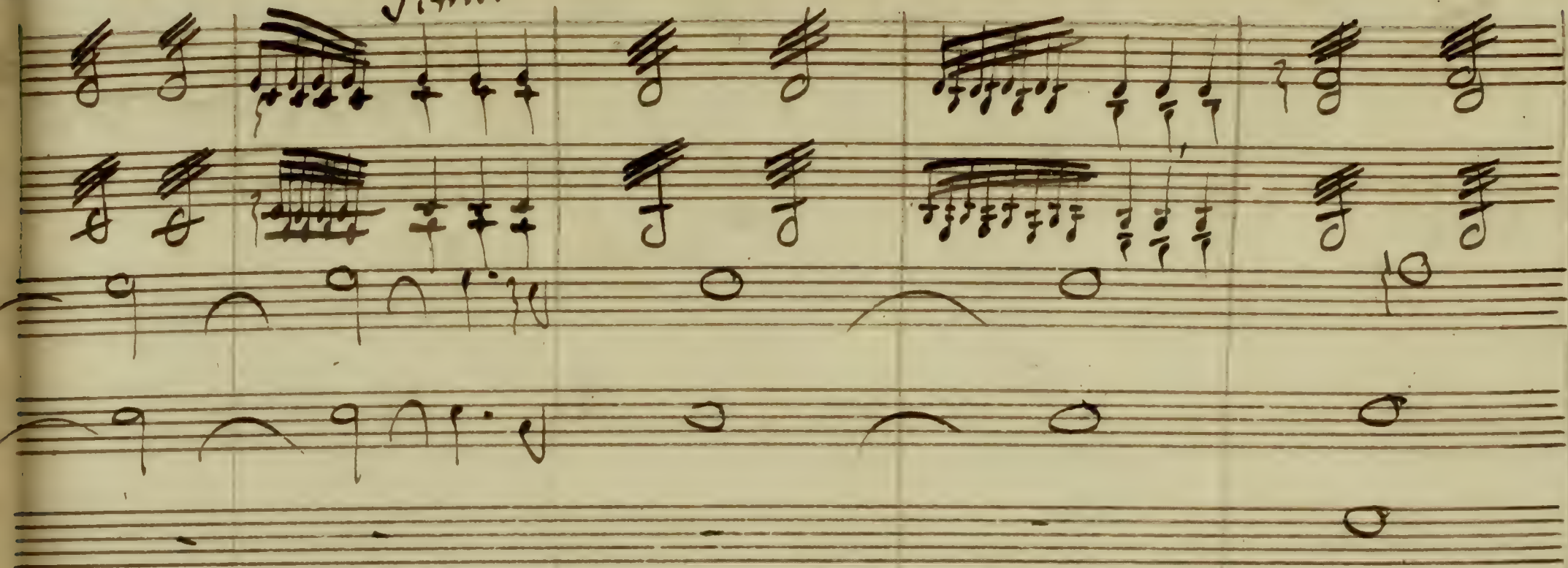




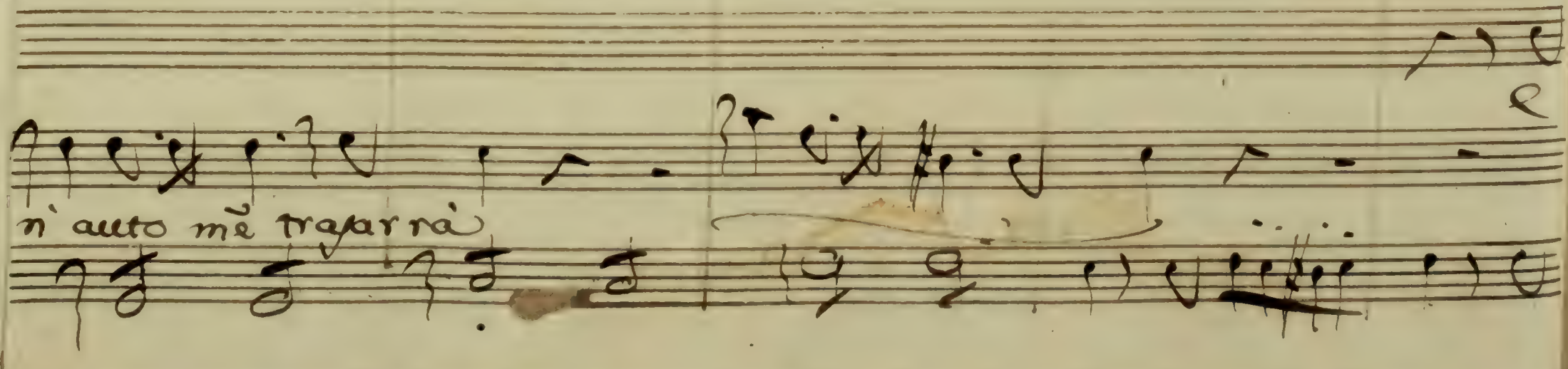
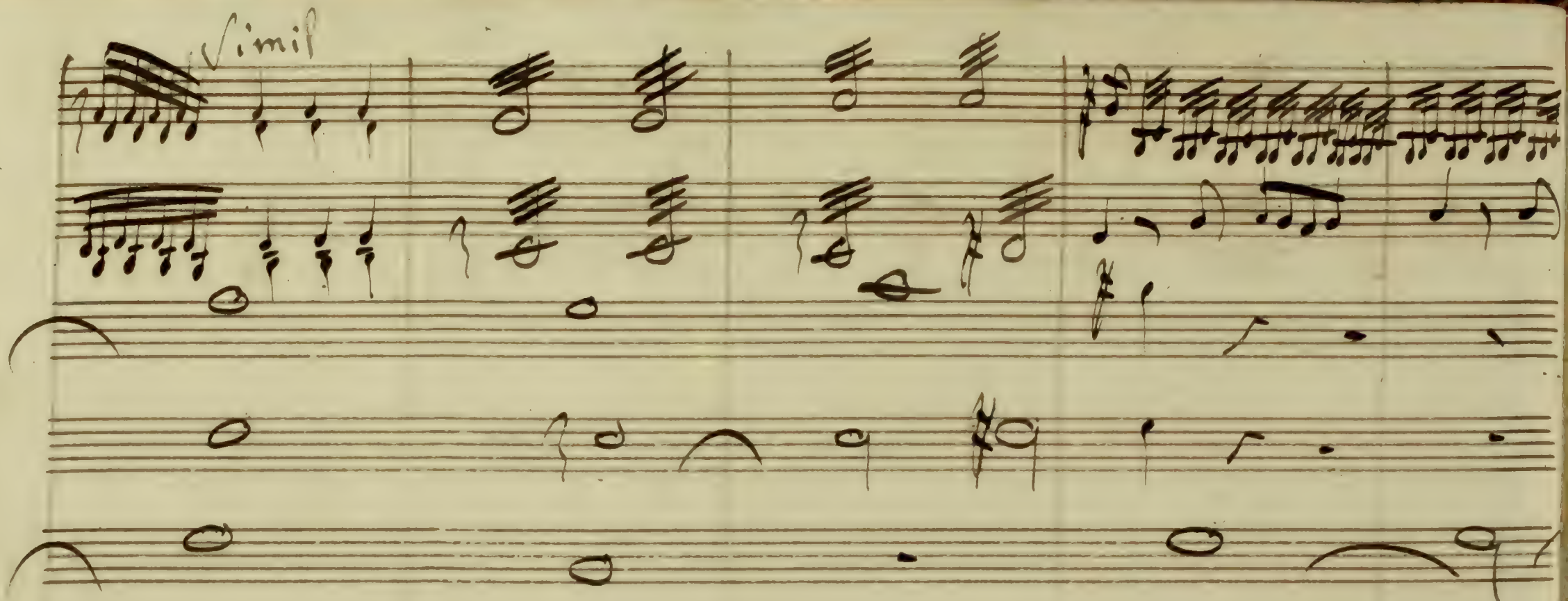
ra' ! mi perdo mi perdo chi-~~l~~ara' ! oh cielo mi perdo chi-
lara'

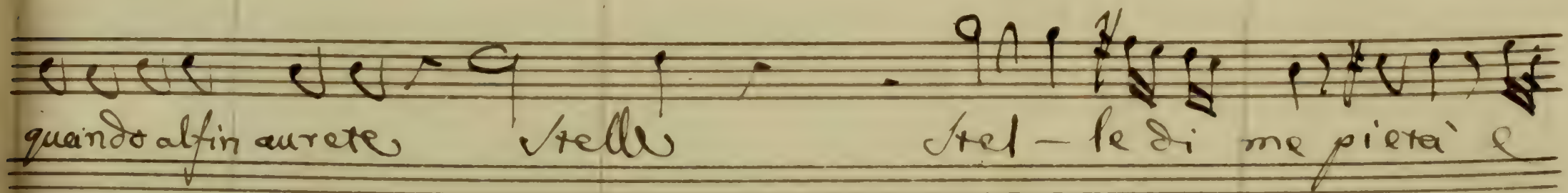
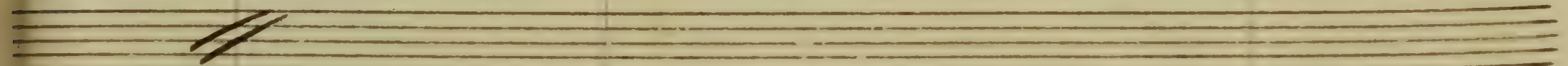
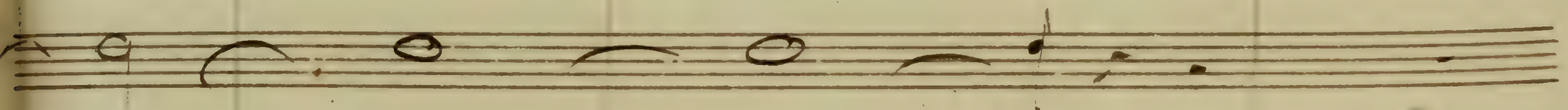
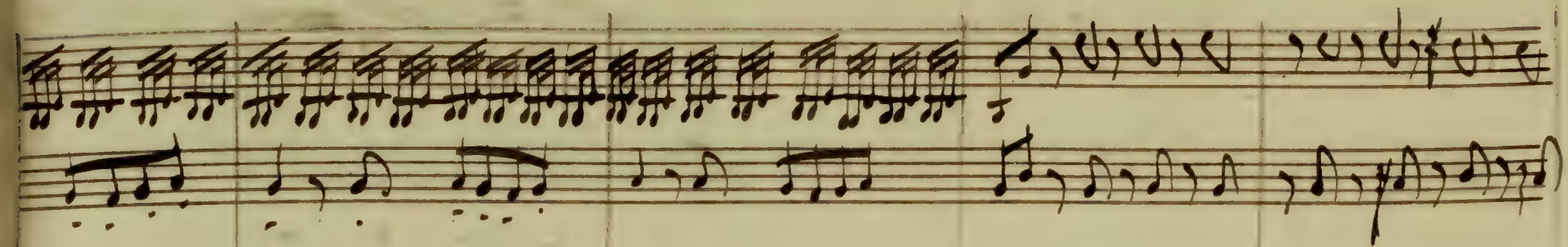


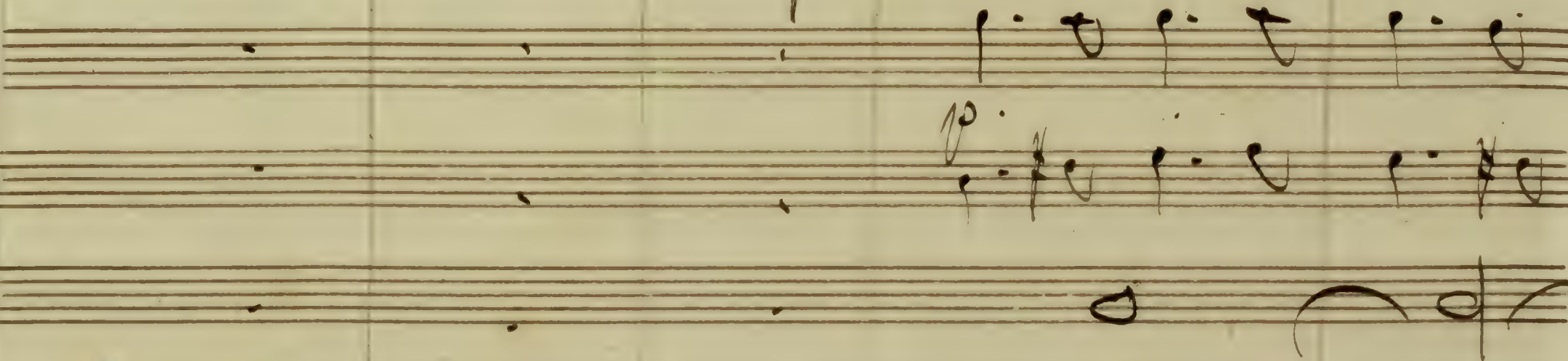
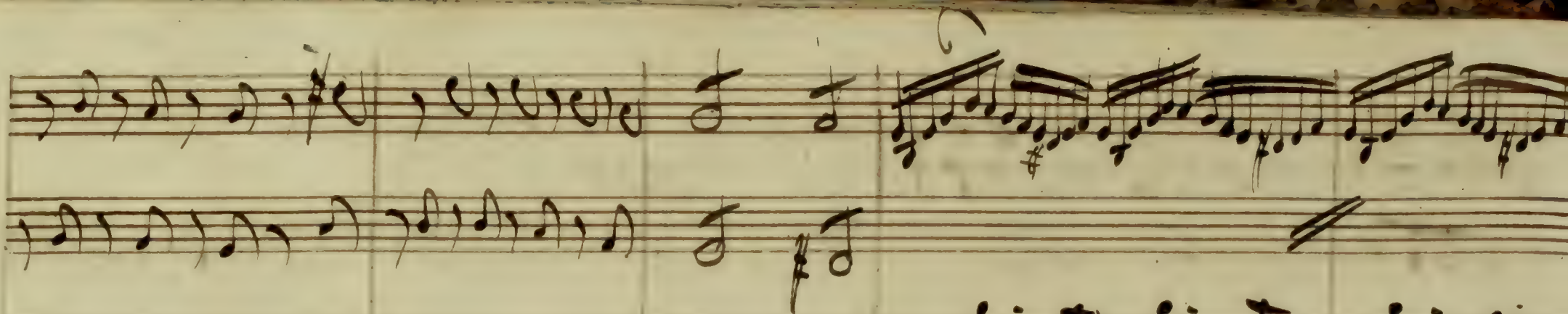
simil



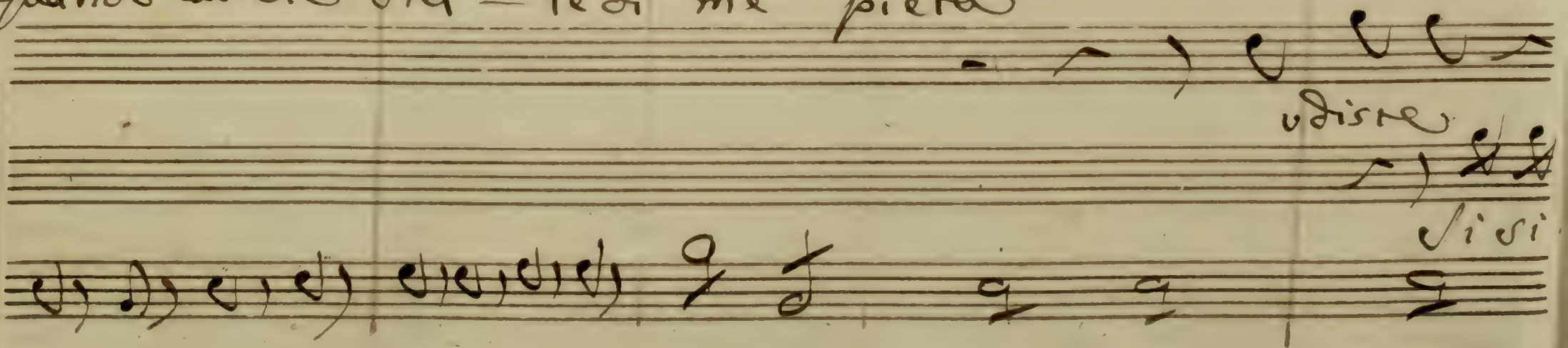
mo moro... só de jelo... no Espireto mó mmece

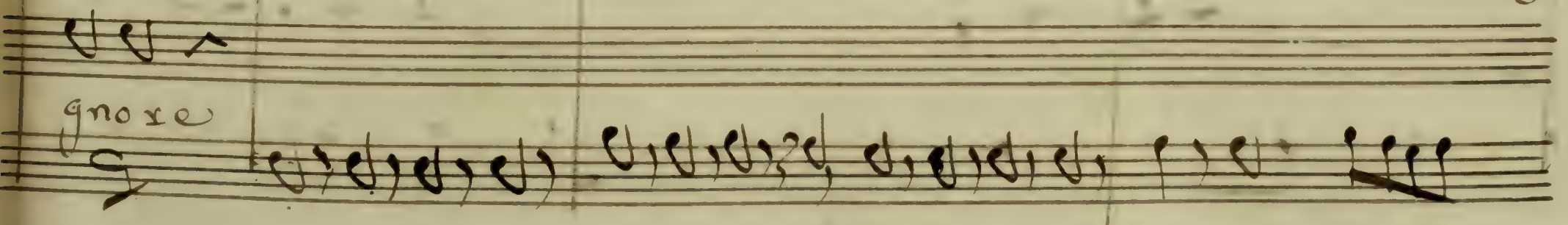
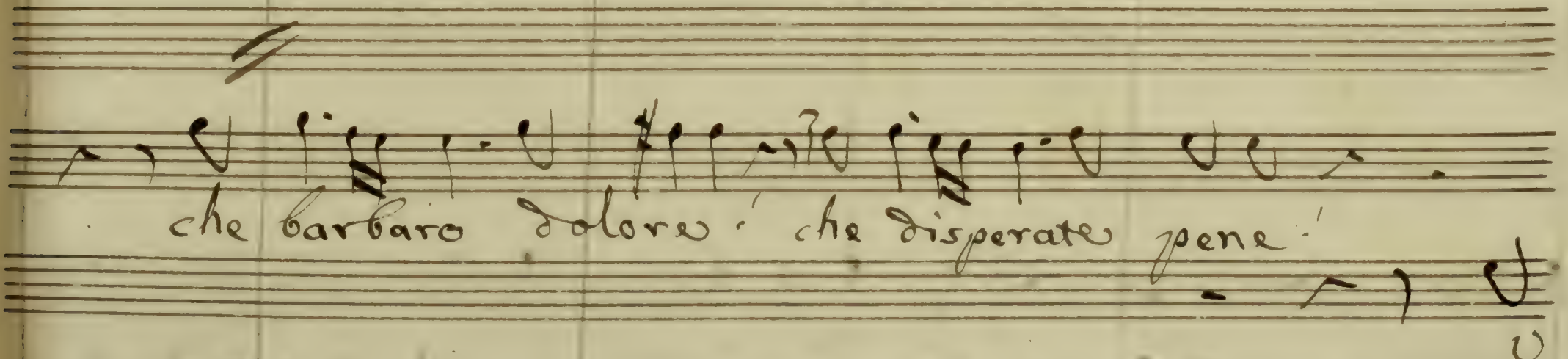
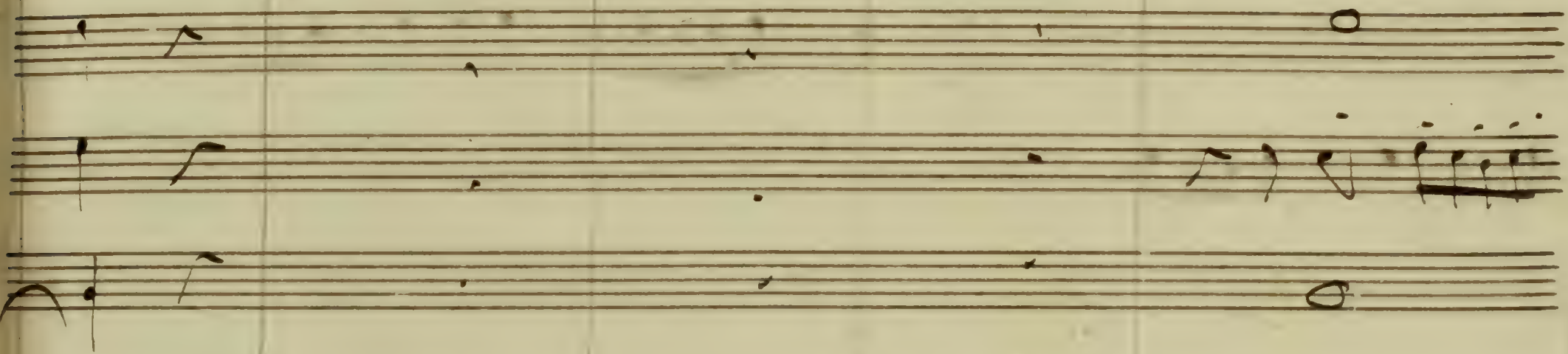
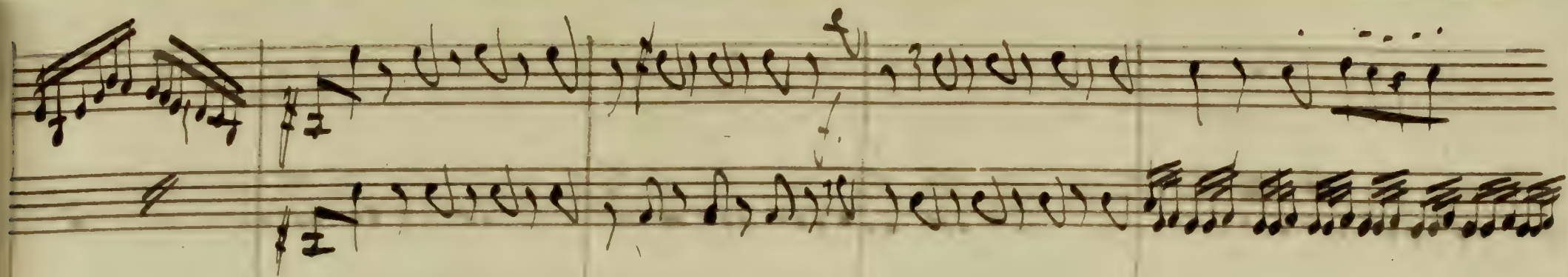


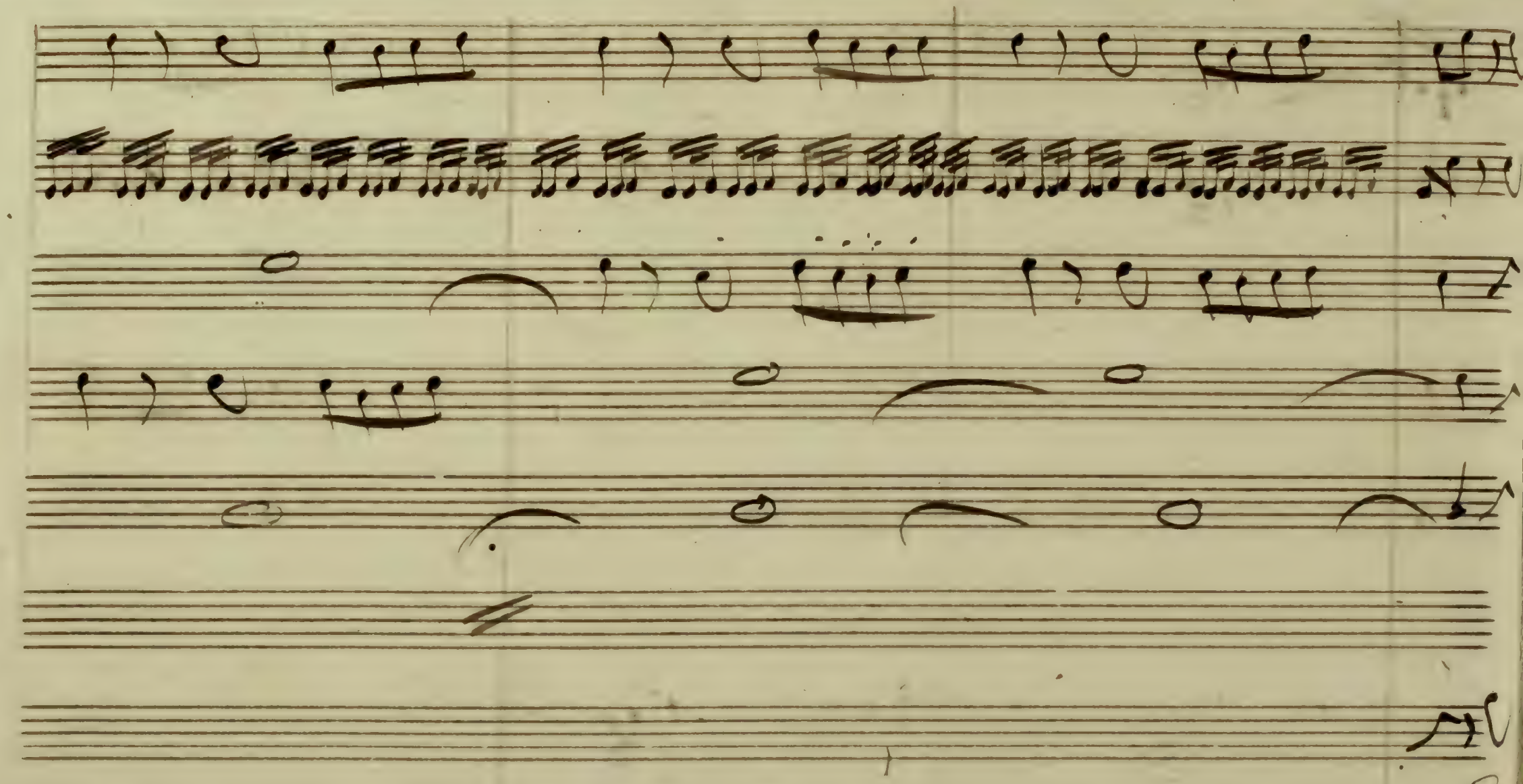




quando aurete stel - ledi me pietà





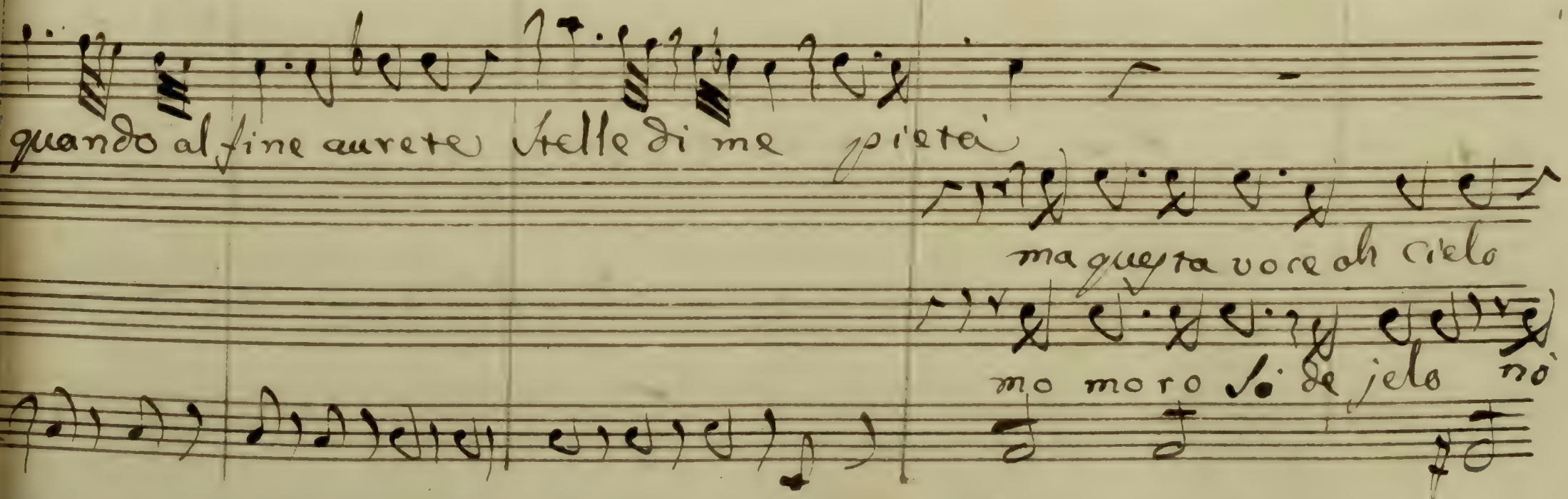
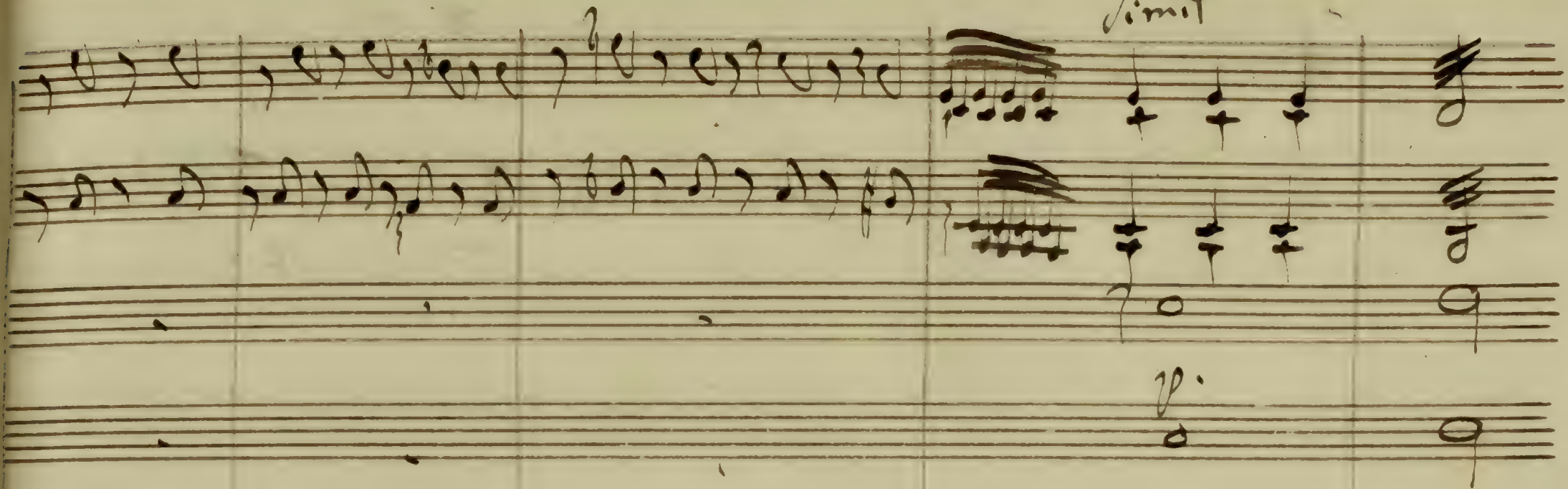


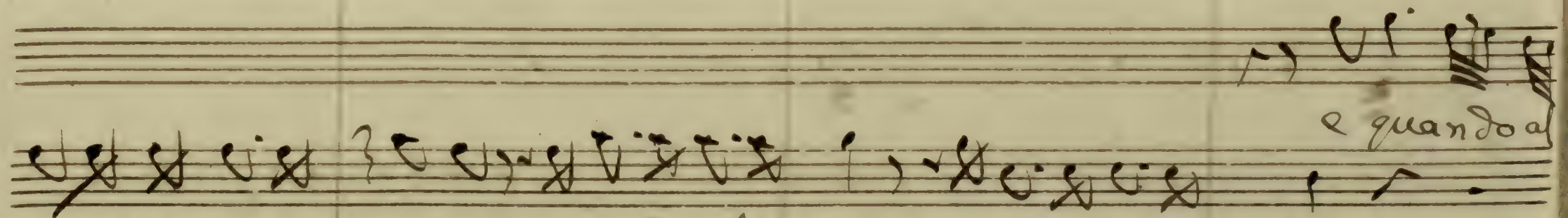
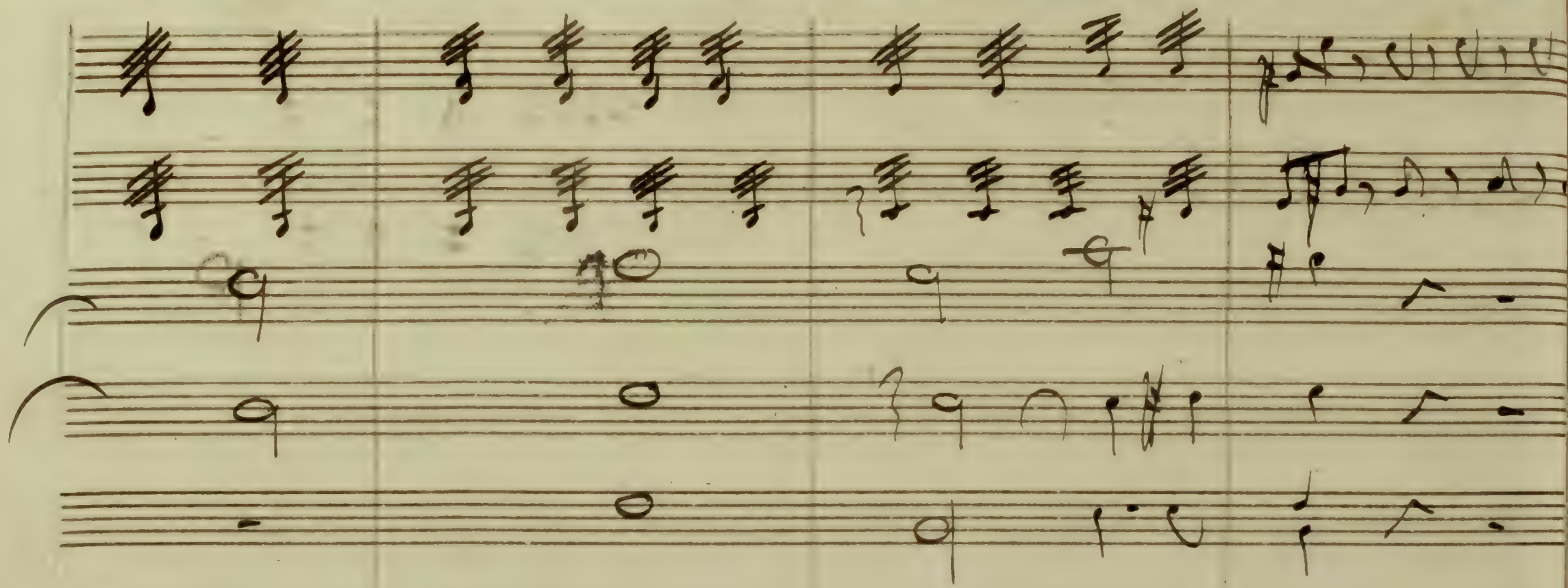
diste la voce di qui viene

Si signore mē pare a mē parpi

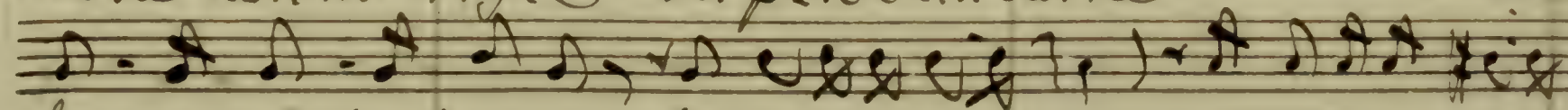
ps.

simil

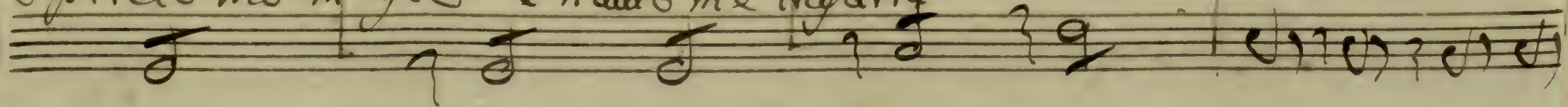




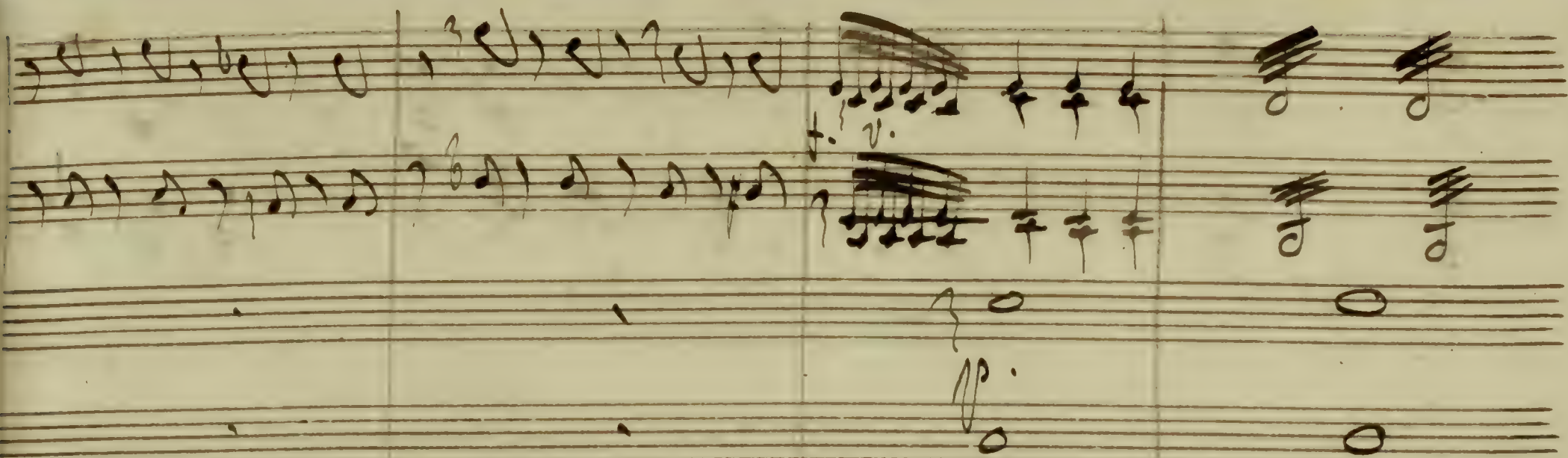
nuova non mi rigece, mi perdo chi sarrai



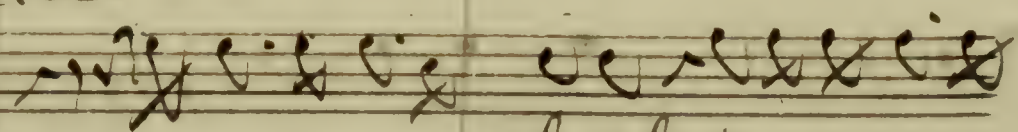
Spiroto mò m' esce è n'auto m'e n'agarrà



N. V.



fine aurette Stelle di me pietà

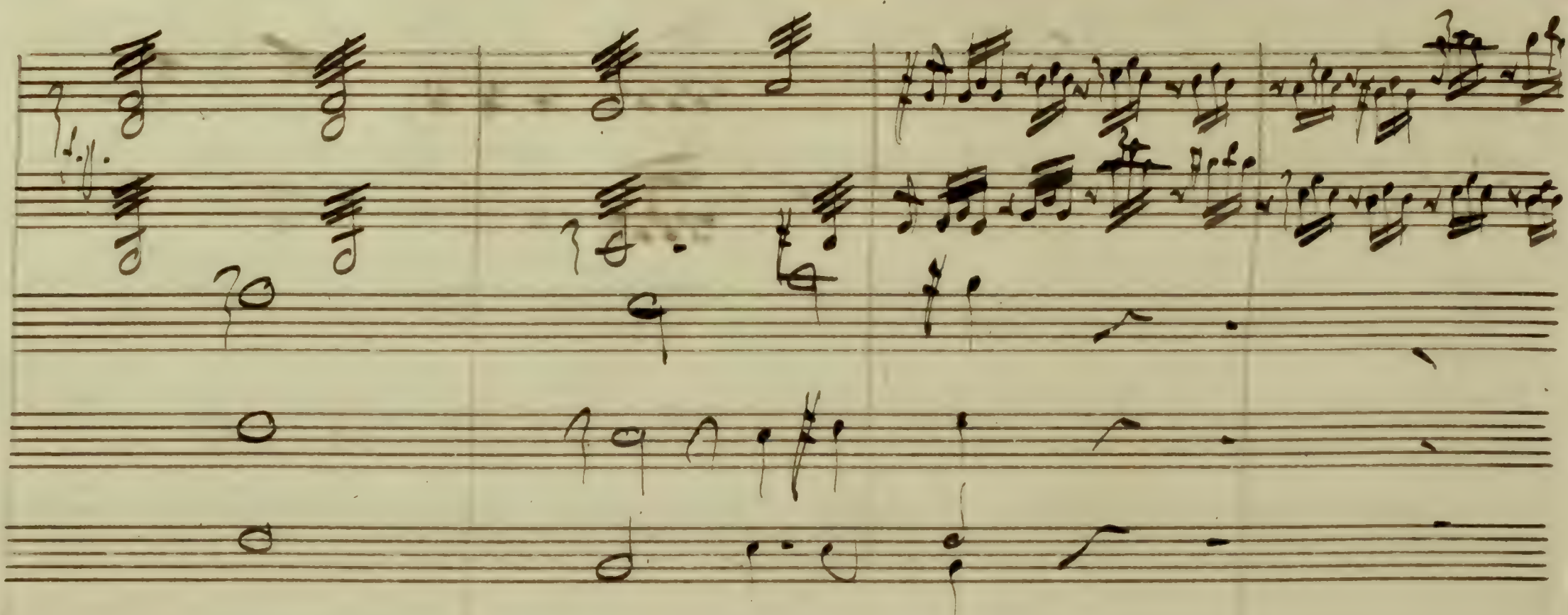


ma questa voce di Cielo! a nuovo non mi



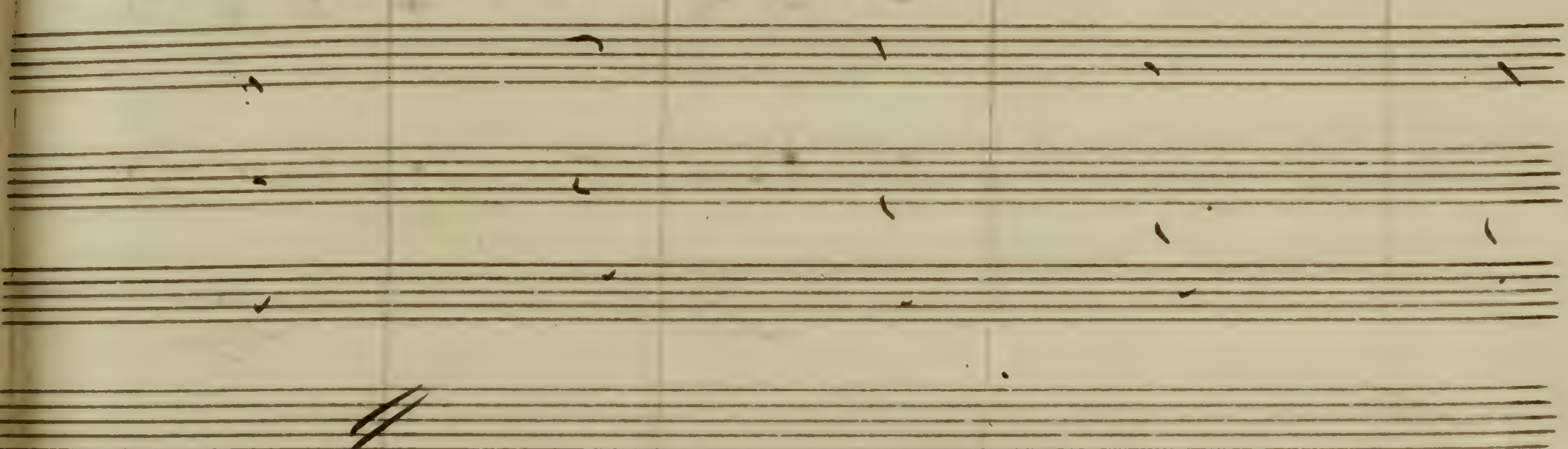
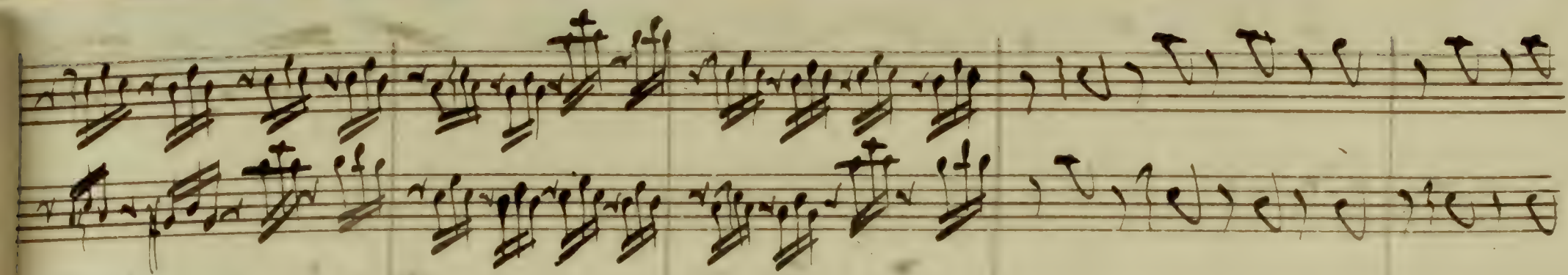
mo moroso de jelo no spireto mo





Handwritten musical notation on five staves, with lyrics written below the notes.

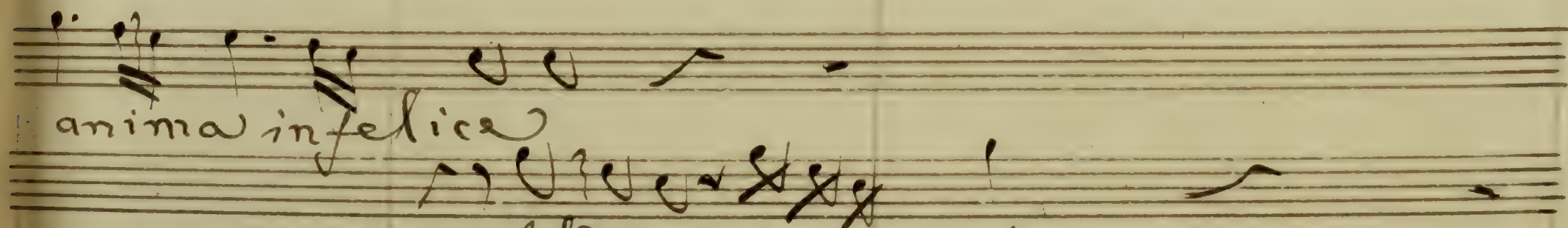
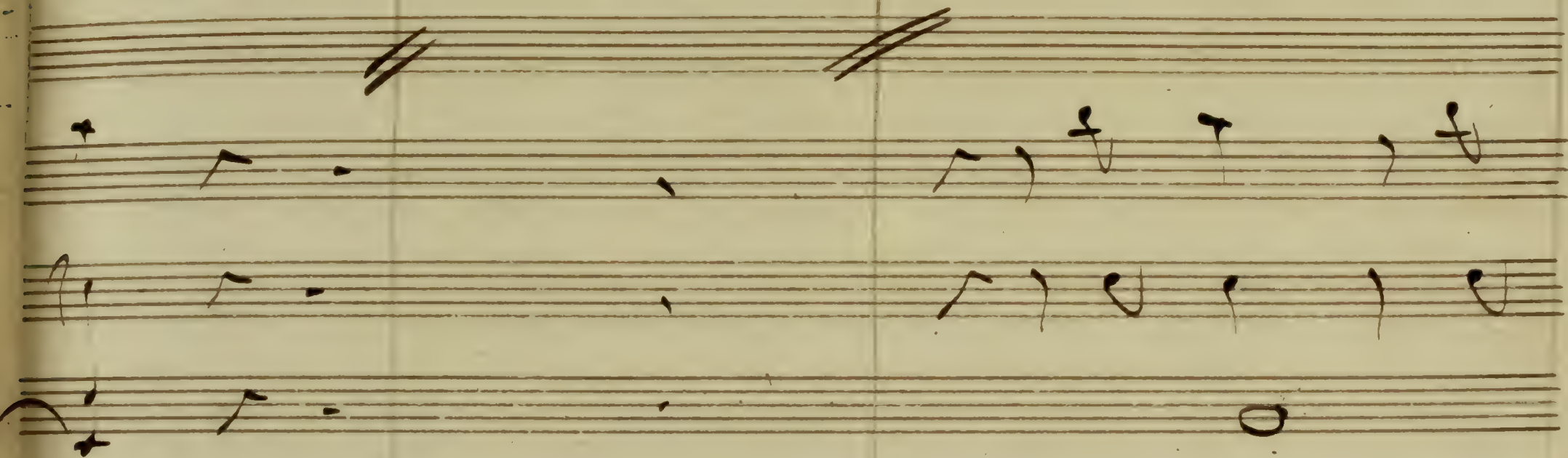
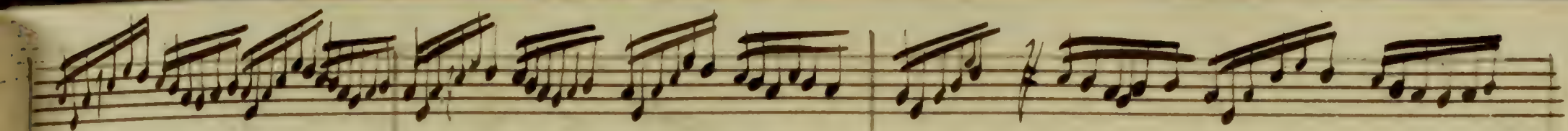
esce mi perdo chi sarra' e quando al fine aure te
ma quey ta voce ah
mèjce e nauto mè mayarra mo more



Stelle di me pietà stelle stelle e quando aurete di me pietà di
cielo ! nuova non mi rieve mi perdo chi sarà mi perdo chi sarà mi
sode jelo no' spireto mòm' gce e n'auto me tra sarra' mmie'

Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The first staff contains a series of eighth notes followed by a rapid sixteenth-note run. The second staff has a series of eighth notes, followed by a double bar line and then a series of dotted eighth notes. The third and fourth staves contain dotted eighth notes. The fifth staff contains whole notes with a fermata over the first one.

me pietà di me pietà un
perdo chi sarrai mi perdo chi sarrai Coraggio chi voi siete
trayarai mè trayarra
Handwritten musical notation on five staves with Italian lyrics. The first staff has eighth notes and rests. The second staff has eighth notes and rests. The third staff has eighth notes and rests. The fourth staff has eighth notes and rests. The fifth staff has eighth notes and rests.

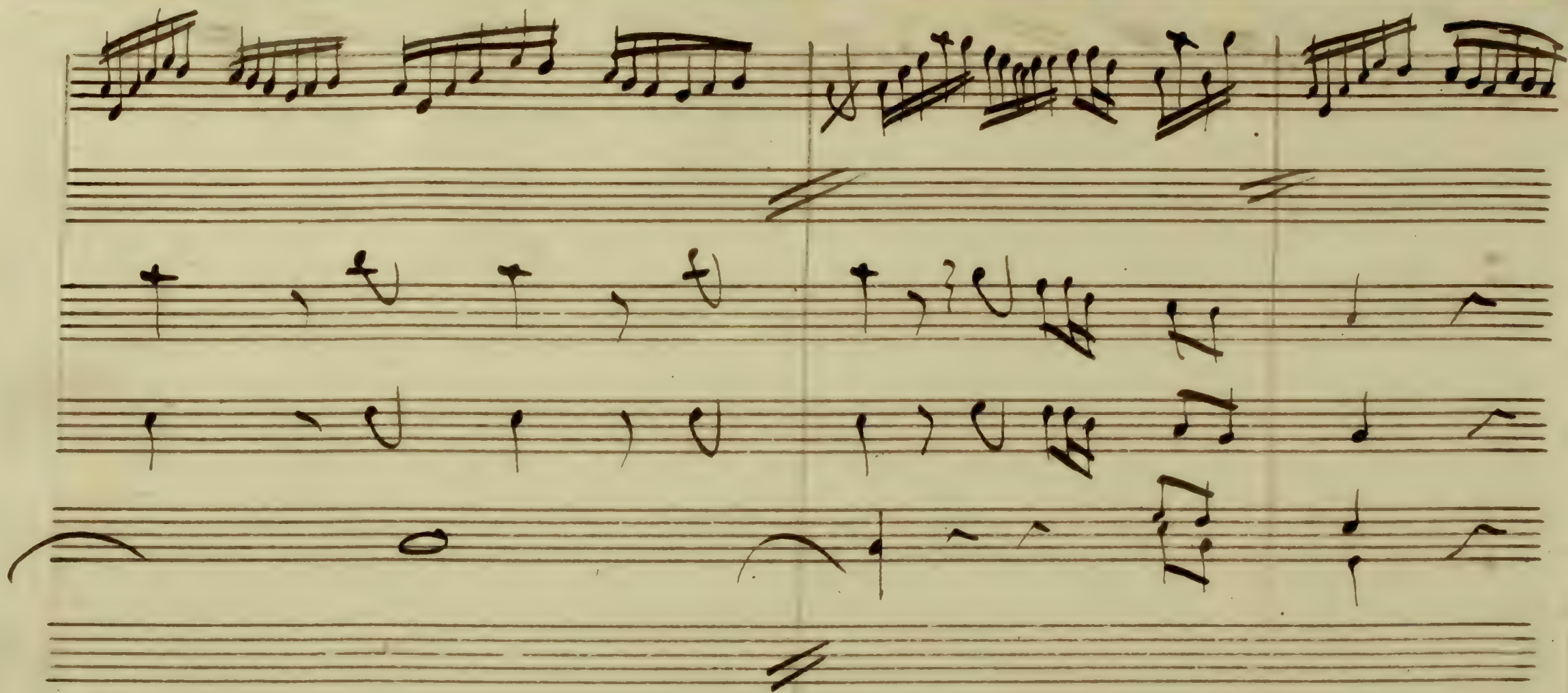


Soldati aprite qui

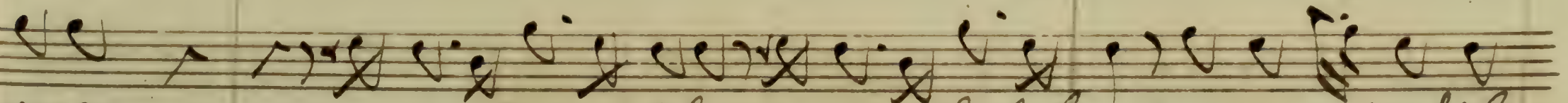
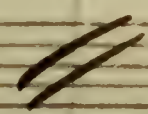
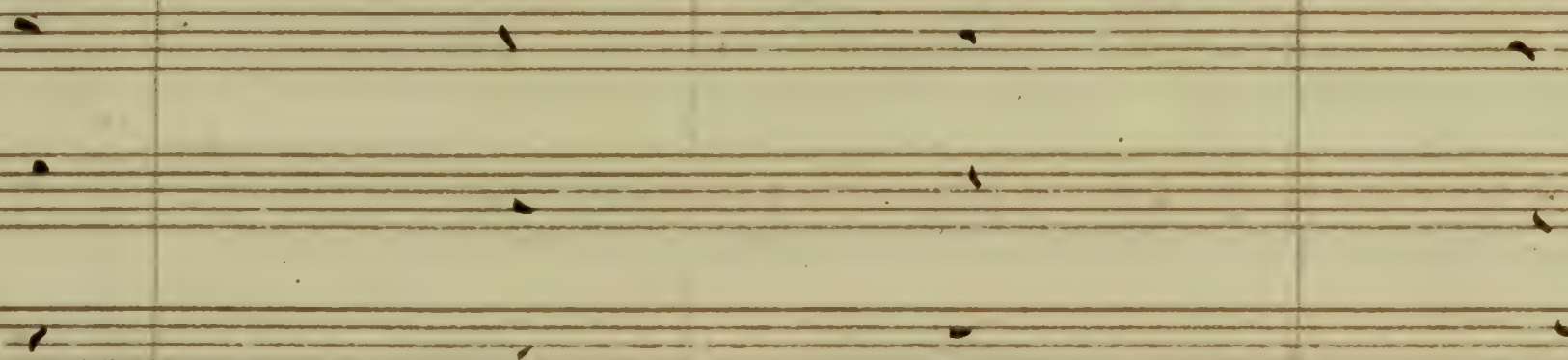
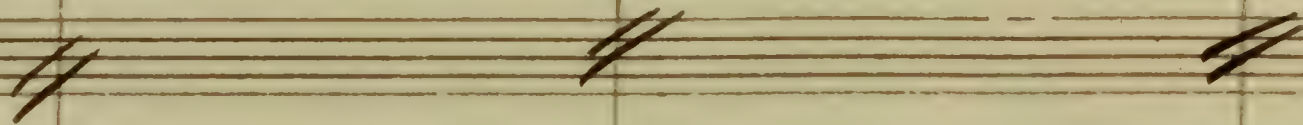


anche con radice e capo catda



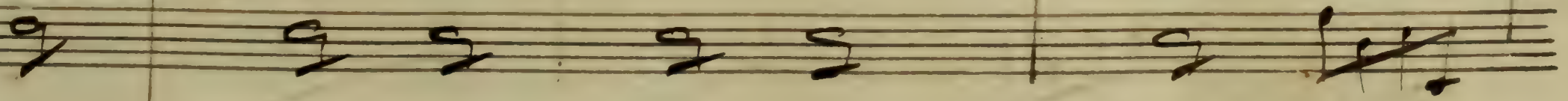


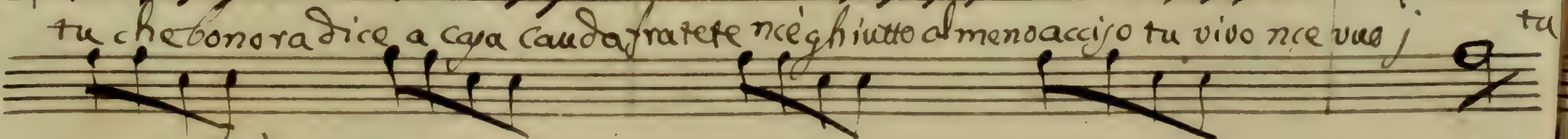
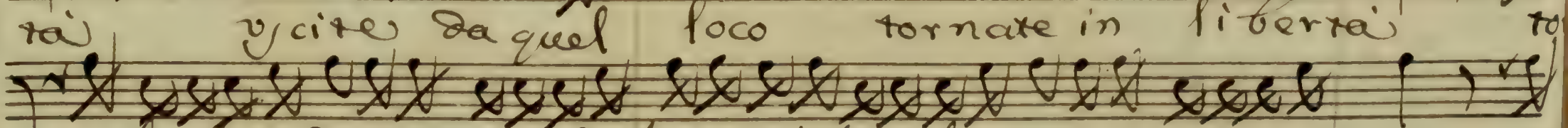
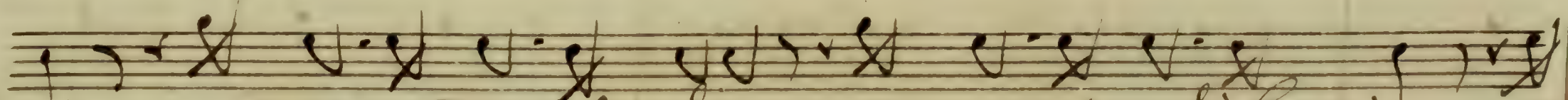
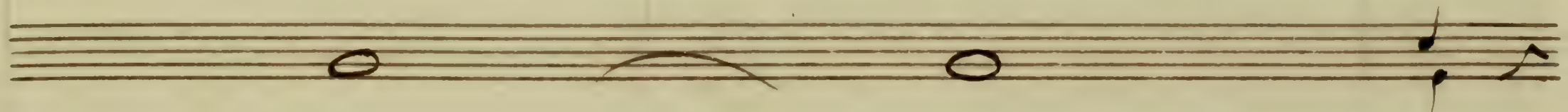
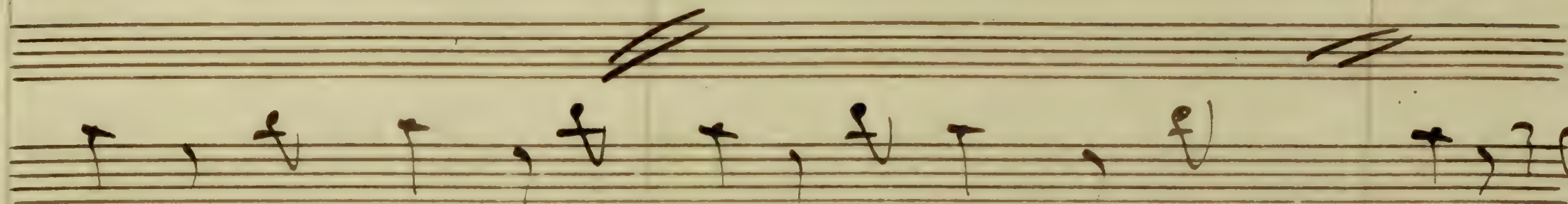
frateto nce' ghiuto almeno aajo tu vivo nce vuo' tu vivo nce' vuo' e'a

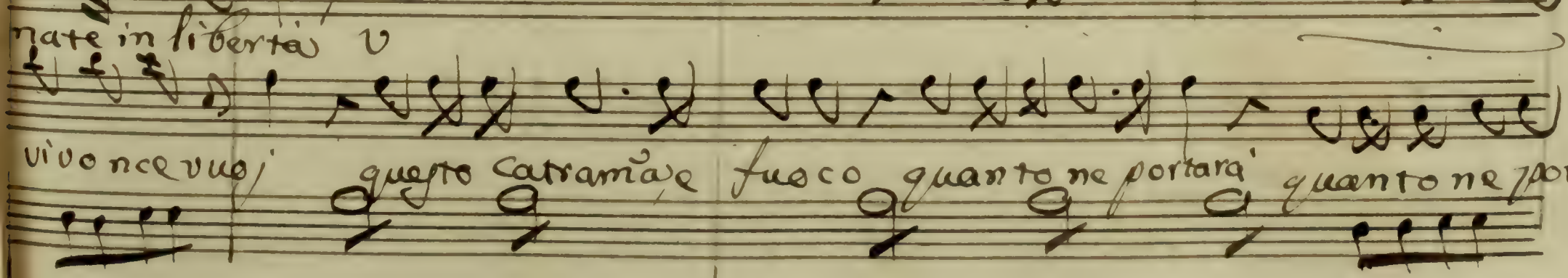
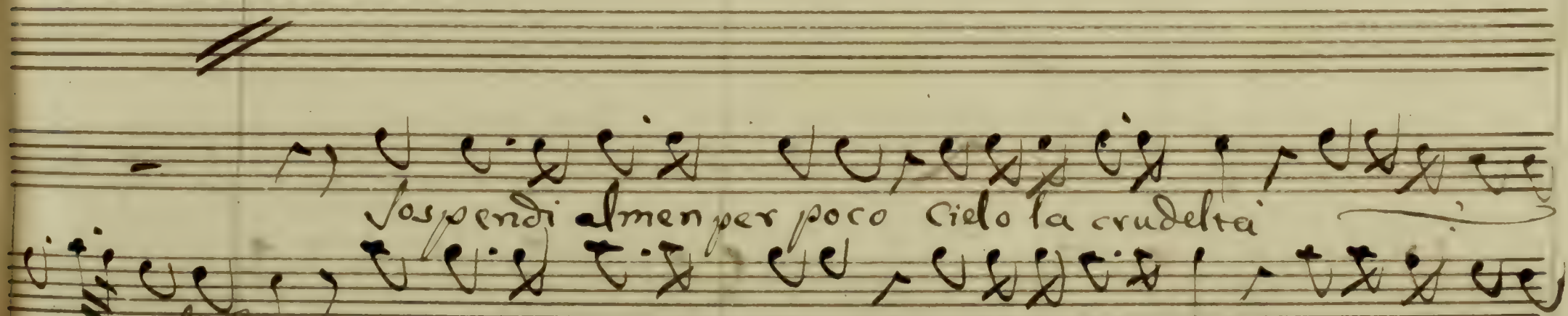
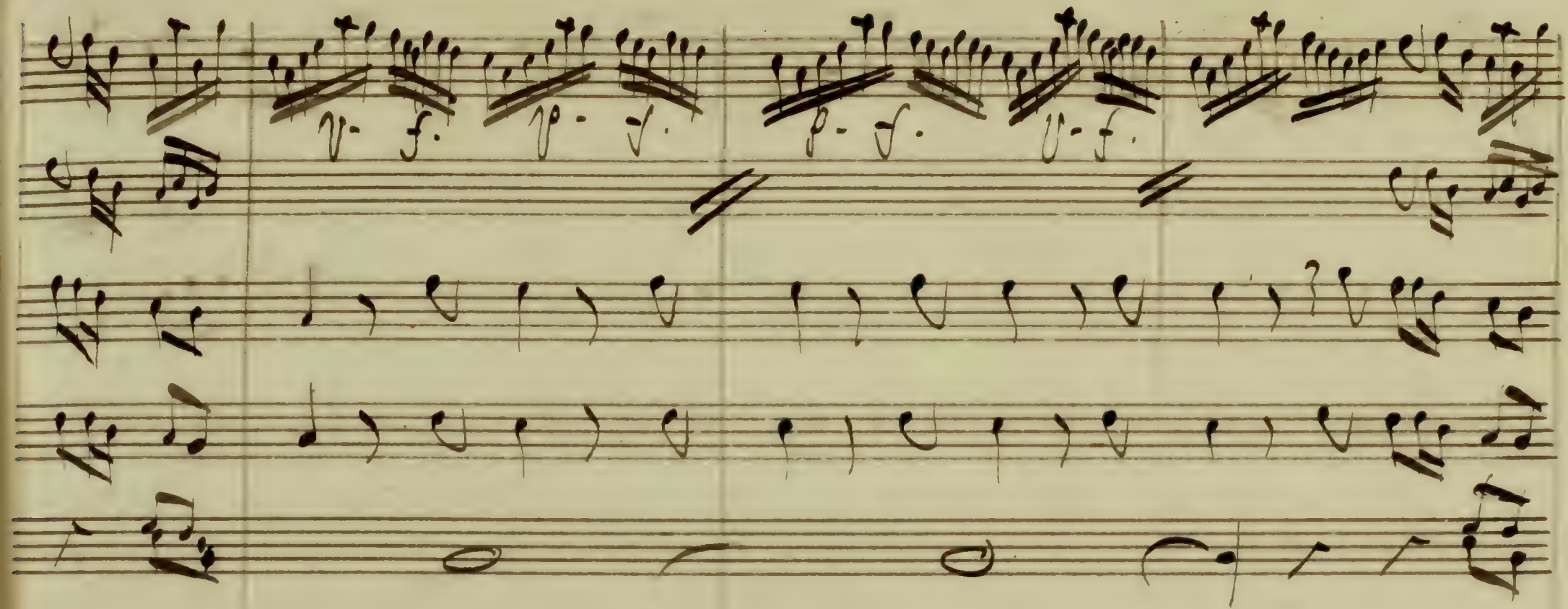


per to ucite da quel loco tornate il li berra' tornate in liber -

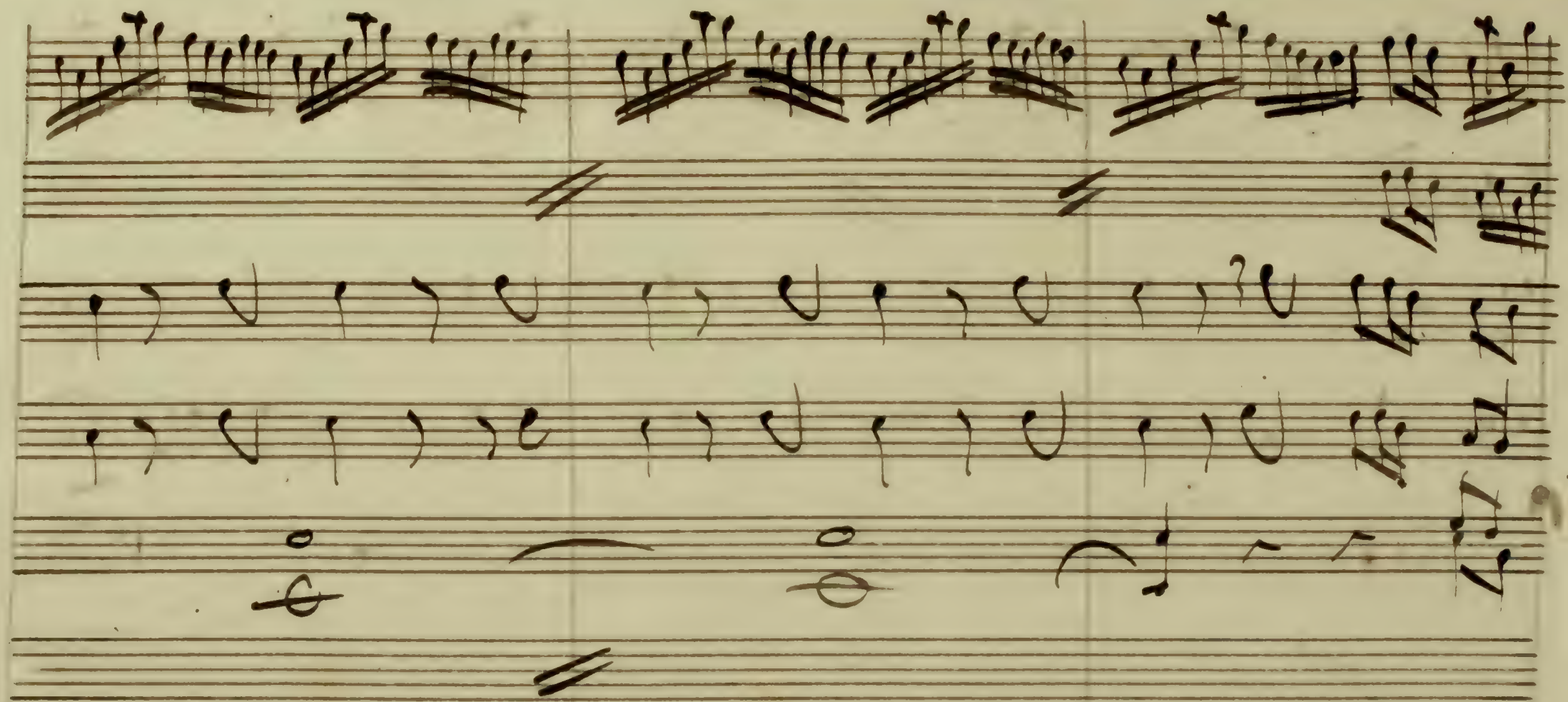
Jerra l loco





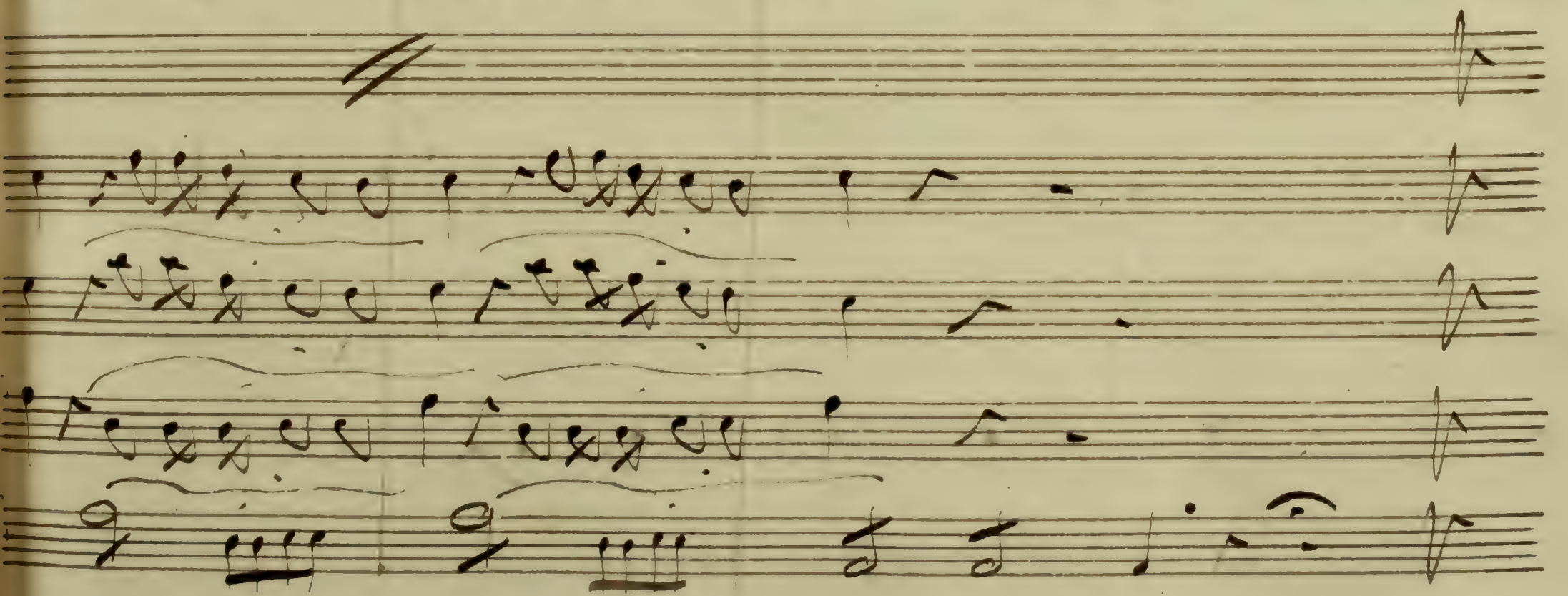
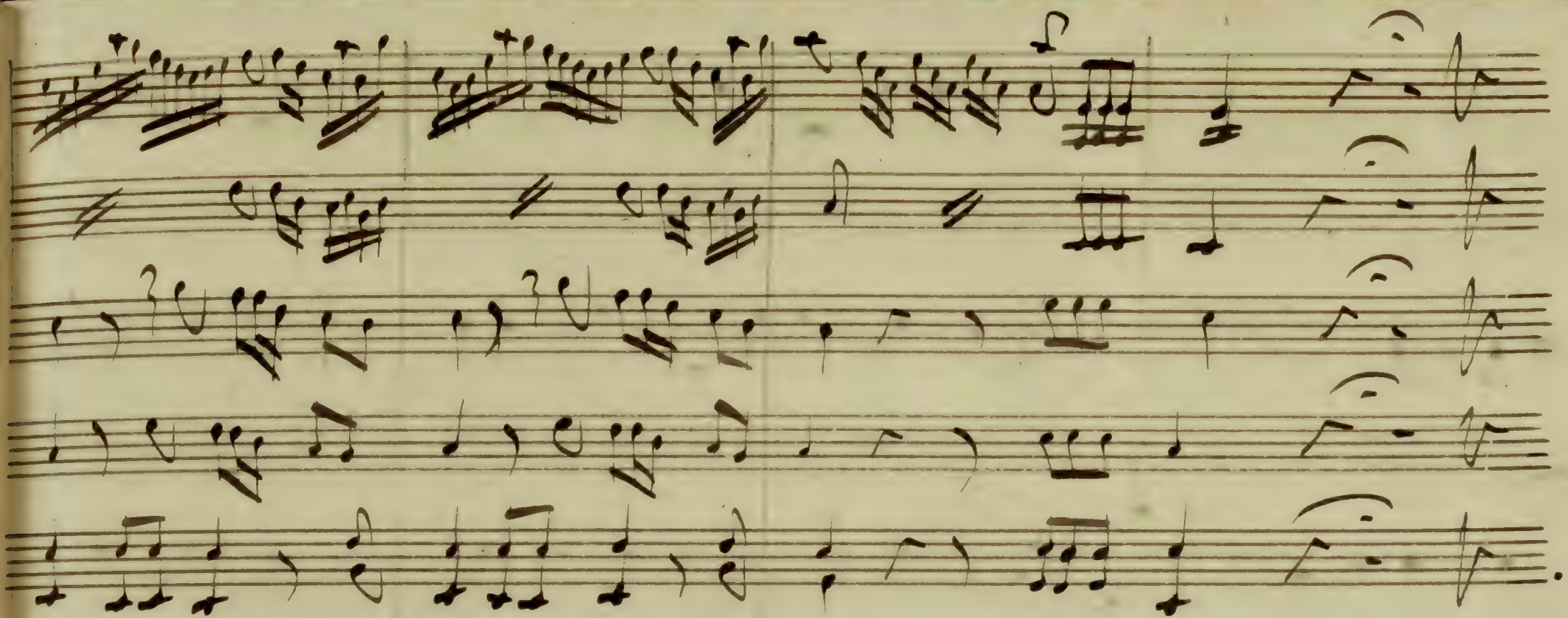


questo catramia e fuoco quanto ne portarà quanto ne portar



ta' sospendi almen per poco

ra' furto catramme e fuoco quanto ne portarra



Sin: *Mar:* *Sin:*
chi alla luce mi rende io son Gineura eu

Mar:
genio ah Dio caro germano Ah taci si allontani cia

Sin:
scun come qui sei e tu come mi rendi i giorni miei

Mar:
caddero per me gli empi il più saprai ma parla (come)

Sin:
qui son già più giorni che alla balia come sei dovea in vel

letti passarda nostra zia da quel di magnadieri fummo assaliti

Sola me serbato dall'armi lor di questa antica torre nel re-

cinto fui tratto e qui da un empio mastro or con se-

vero or con placido volto fui richiesta d'amore *Max:* chi

me' che arde e tu nel gran cimento *Gin:* To salda sempre all'

Mar. Gin:

empie vogli opposi l'arme dell'onesta respiro in fine

dentro quel nero carcere profondo l'empio mi spinge e per l'atroce

mezzo della fame speranza e del timore trionfar del mio

core ma sin a quest'istante il ciel serbami all'onor mio co -

Max:

stante. e per quel volto tuo non bene esprime il tuo

Ging.

Scarso alimento ah Dio che penyar deggio e sempre il cielo pro-

izio alla virtù nulla ti celo un angusto spiraglio quel

sotteraneo avea che al bosco rispondea ne pianti miei una

voce ascoltai che mostro d'osi non poco interessarsi - io de miei

casi la serice posi e da un ignoto ottenni promessa di (el-

varmi e modo ancora) onde nudarmi & per un laccio amico tra

noi di qualche foglio il Commercio si aprì vinto ei si disse della

mia Onestà io del suo core e tra noi ci già-

ramo 60 eterno amore, Amor degno ma strano del

quo benefattore ti è noto il nome. Si appella il conte Lodovico ar-

Mar:

Fin:

cieri D misero me che grato l'uccisor del german tu cangi in

Mar:

Fin:

Mar:

valto D nulla nulla e potrebbe disgustarti un amor tanto innocente, ma non

Fin:

chieder di più Segui i miei passi nell'albergo vicino oh Dio che forse mi vor

Mar:

agli un' ingrata D in questo istante l'istessa gratitudine diventa unde-

Fin:

lito l'oggetto

misera, me che laberinto è questo

Violini

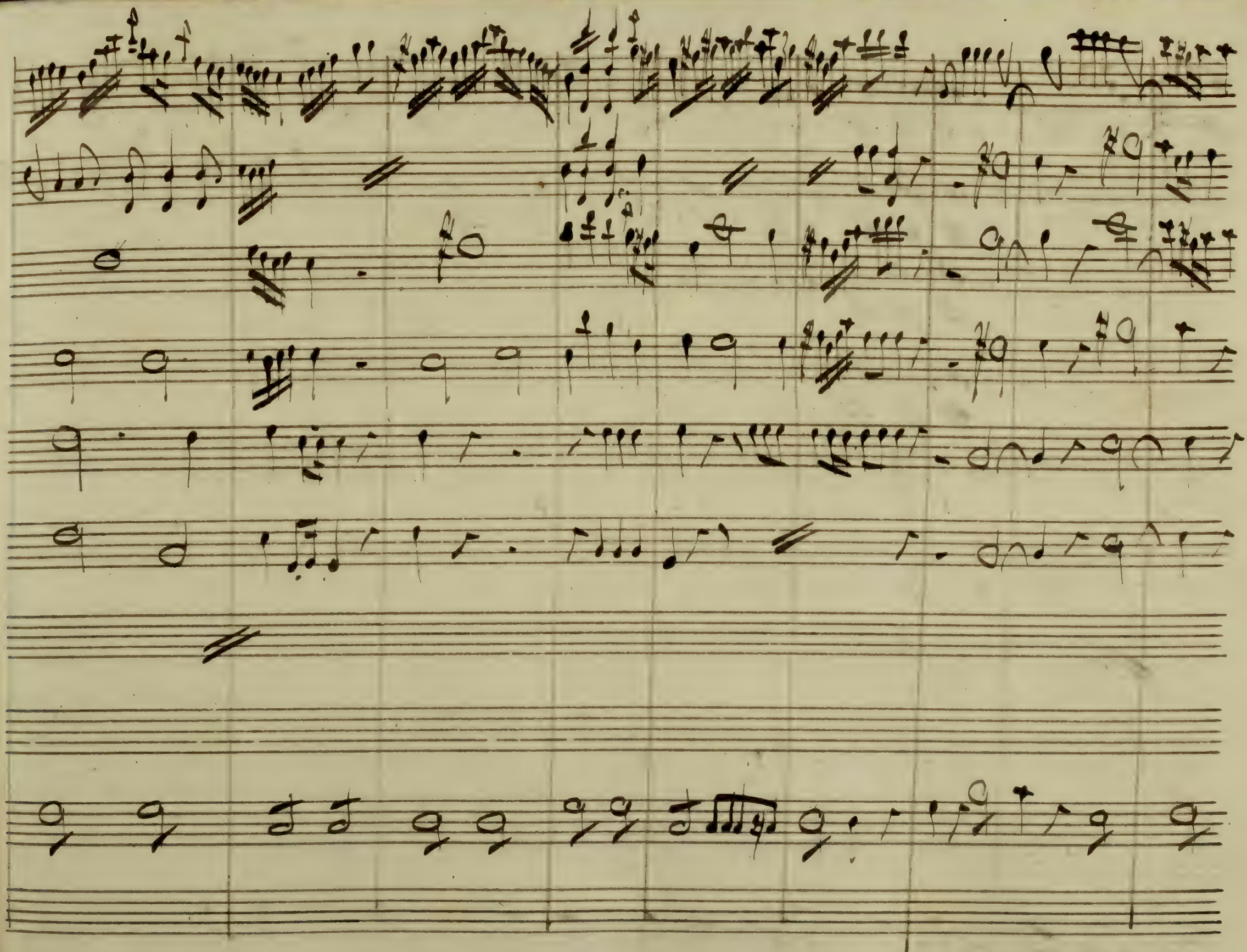
Oboe

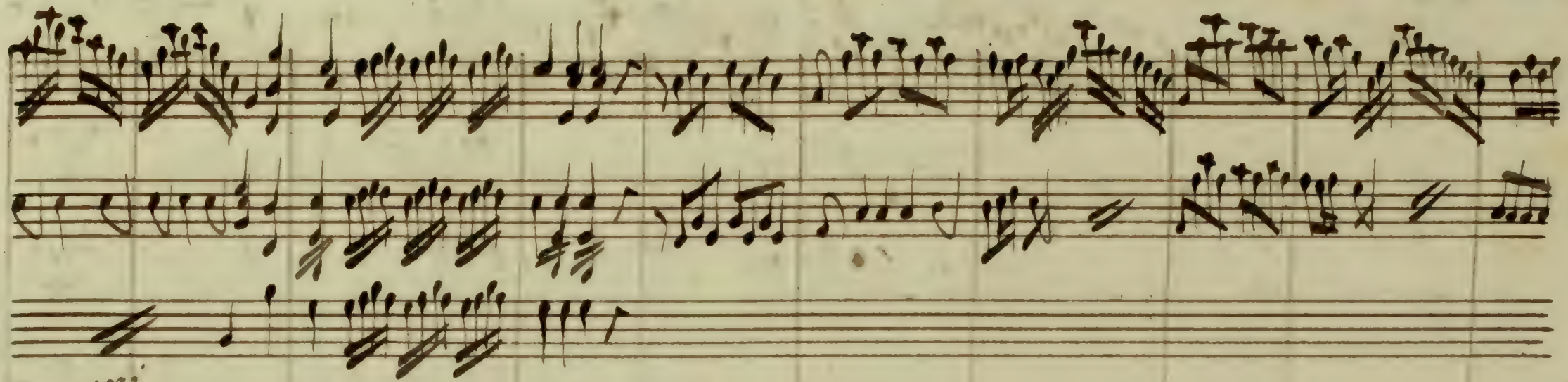
Fornbein

Viola

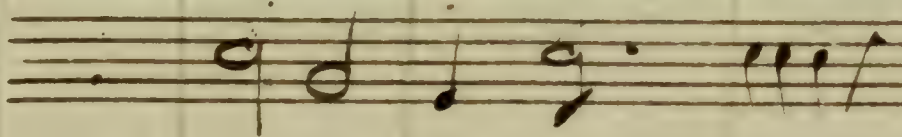
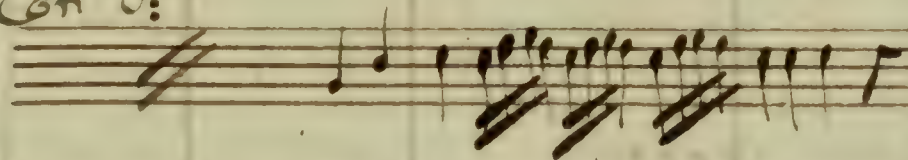
Marcher

Al.
maestoso

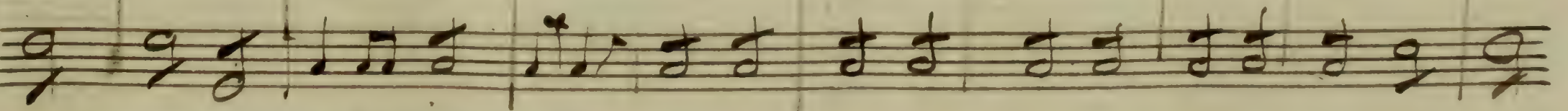


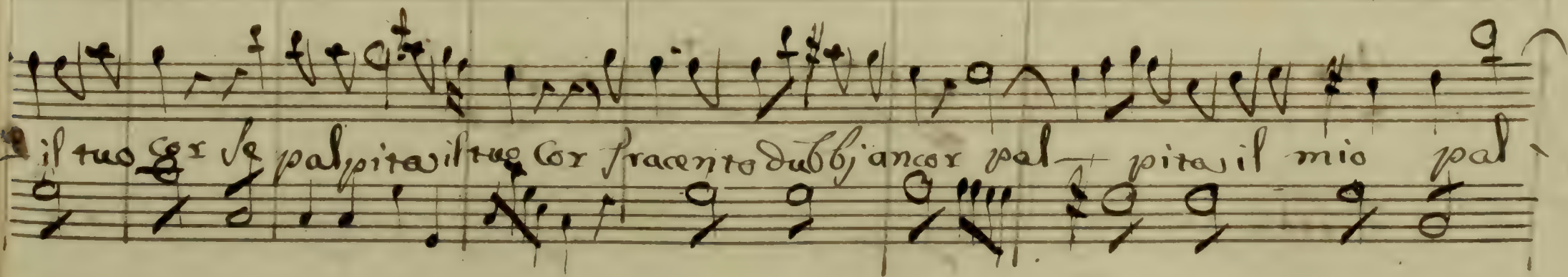
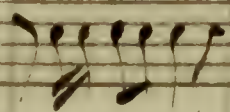
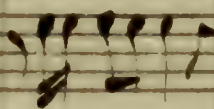
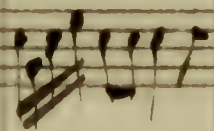
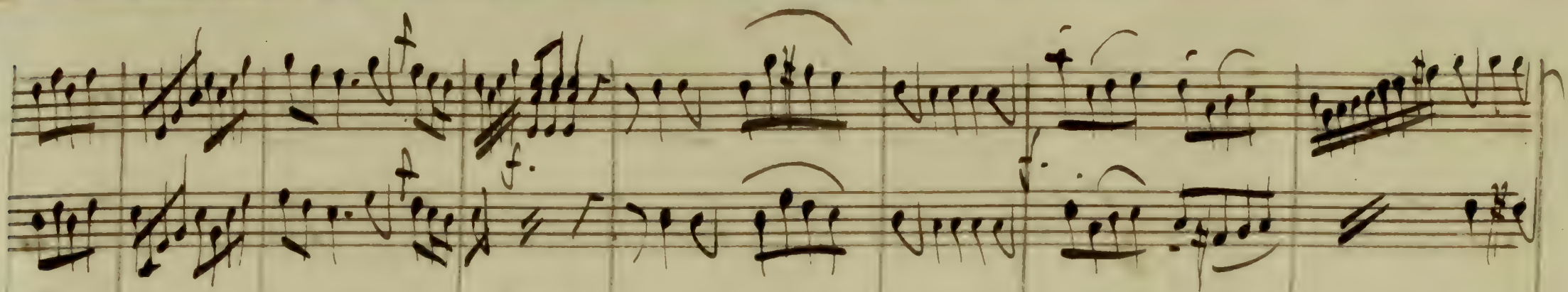


Con Vⁿⁱ



Fra cento dubbi, e cento dubbi, e cento de palpit





Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The notation is in a historical style, featuring various note values, rests, and clefs. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation is dense and includes many beamed notes and rests. The second staff continues the melody. The third staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fourth and fifth staves also contain musical notation, with the fifth staff ending in a double bar line.

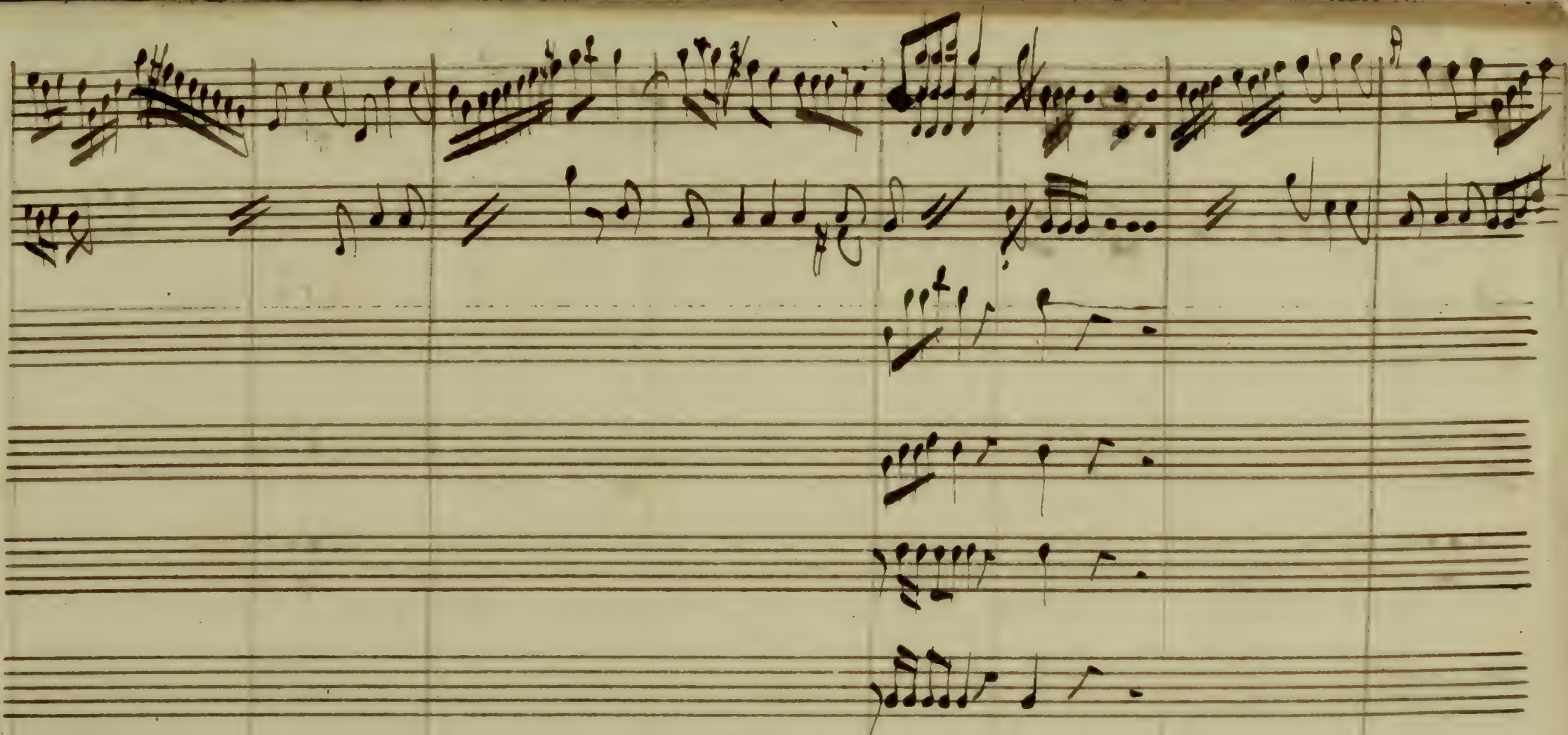
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff is a vocal line with lyrics written below it. The second staff is a piano accompaniment line. The lyrics are: "pitar pal-pitar il mio pal". The notation is in a historical style, featuring various note values, rests, and clefs. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation is dense and includes many beamed notes and rests.

pitar pal-pitar il mio pal

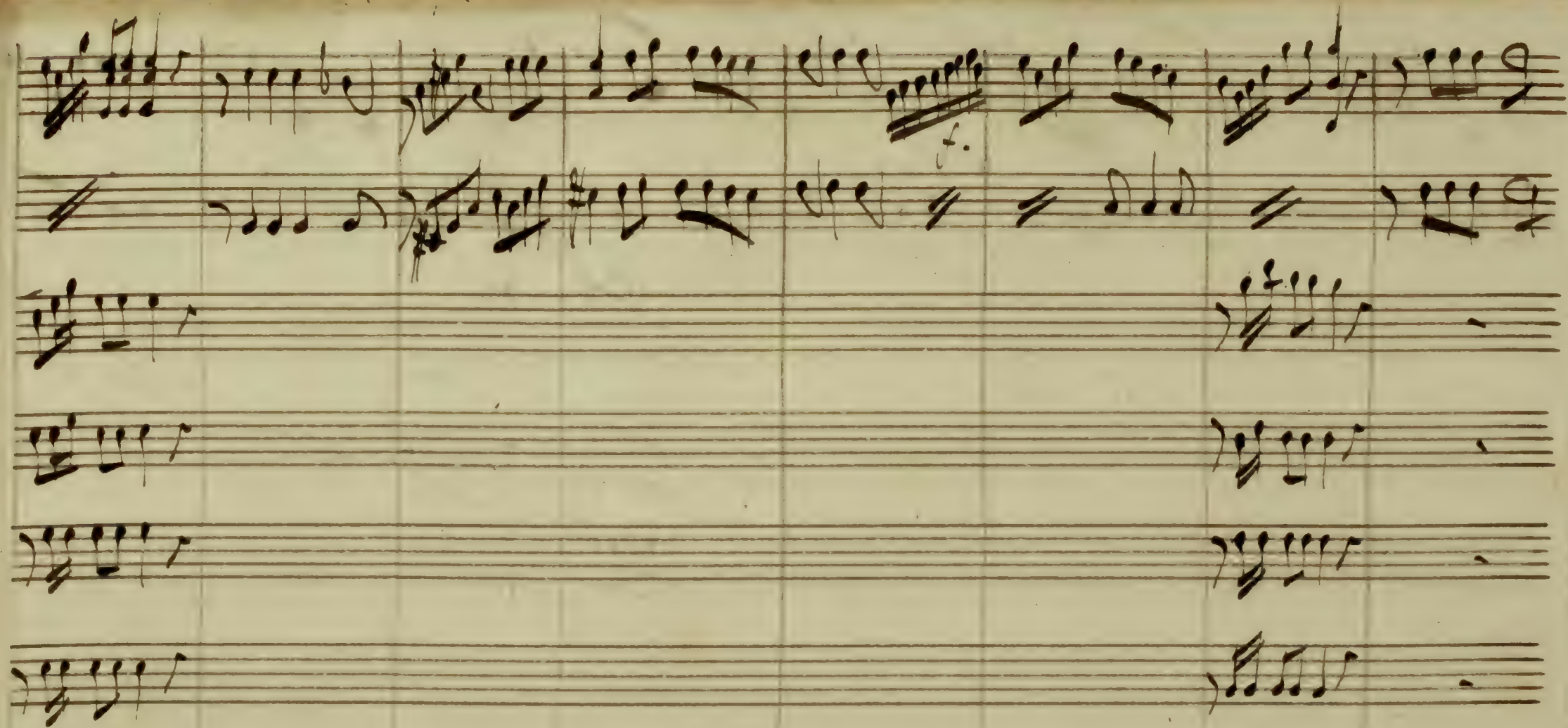
Vino

pietà il mio e in un egual momento pieno pe' no ancor io

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs. The bottom staff contains the lyrics "Fra cento dubbi e cento dubbi e".



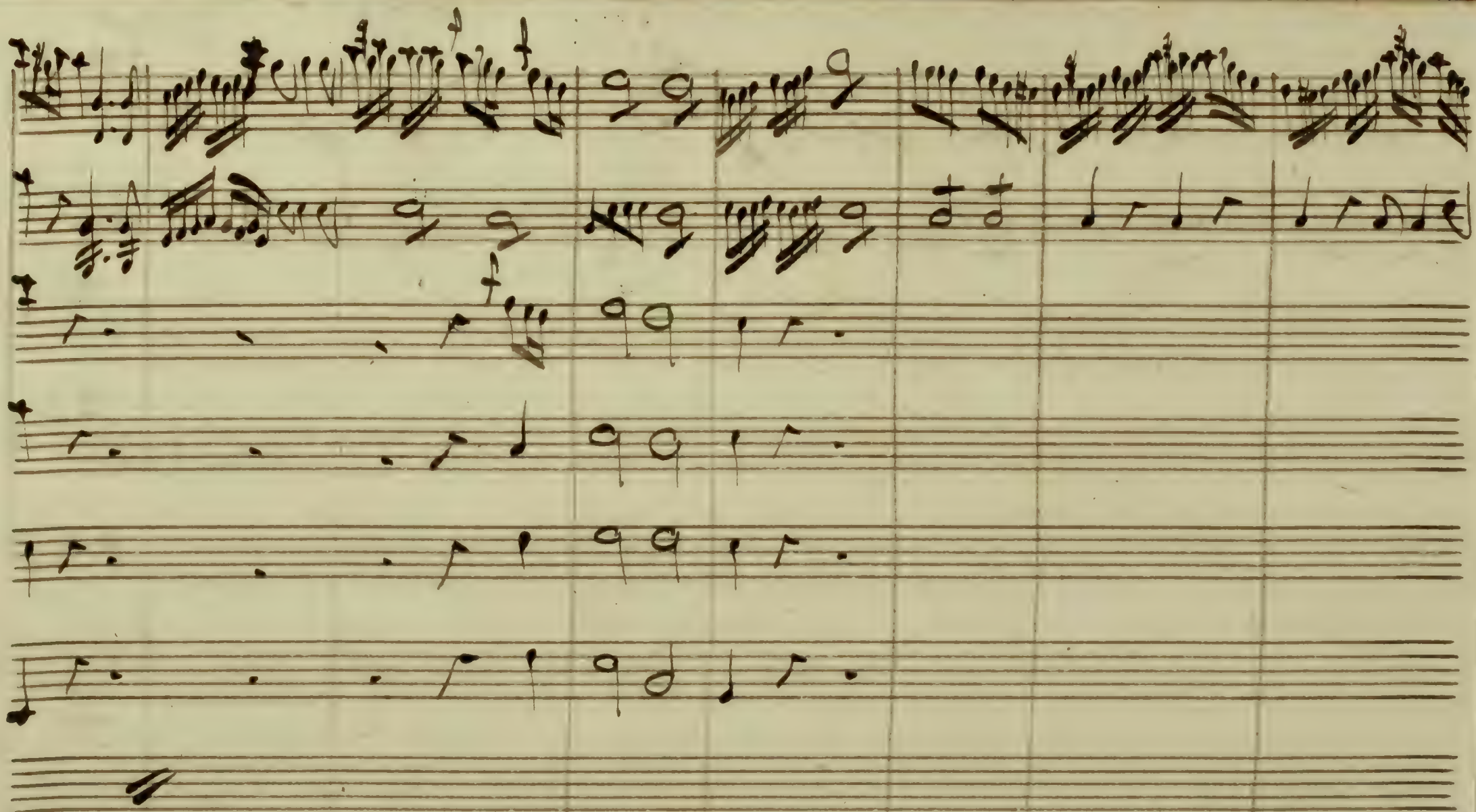
canto se palpita il tuo cor se palpita il tuo cor fra cento dubbi ancora palpita il



Handwritten musical score with lyrics in Italian. The lyrics are written below the notes.

mio e in un equal tormento co-me tu peni ognor pe - no ancor io pe

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs. The bottom staff contains the text "no ancor i".



peno peno — no ancor i — o. pe —

A handwritten musical score on aged, slightly stained paper. The score consists of seven staves. The first two staves contain dense, complex musical notation with many beamed notes, suggesting a fast or intricate melody. The remaining five staves are mostly empty, with only a few scattered notes and rests, indicating a sparse accompaniment or a section where the music is mostly silent.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and accidentals. The first five staves contain complex melodic and harmonic passages with many beamed notes. The sixth staff is empty. The seventh staff begins with the lyrics "no ang" and continues with more musical notation. The paper shows signs of age, including staining and wear along the edges.

no ang

i

Scena IV

Cam:

chia

Camilla chiara e

chiarina

oh Dio

Ciel pietà

Teo me

Cam:

raggi quando decette de venire appriuso

Ah dalle giunte furie di mio

chia:

zio

dove mi salverò

uh ca ne è nauale

Signora mia sar

Cam:

amore ceà dinto

son morta

oh Dio barbaro eugenio

hai

De Pop:

vinto

bricono fuggitua porgimi il collo vago conde io voglio

beuermi il sangue tuo come brodo di allepe, addoue sei re-

Cam: D. J. g.
hoanne ca te scanno Ah caro pio pida loco tu

proje mesi caduta con i piedi tuoi dentro casa del dia-

chra: D. J. g.
auolo e mocepa Signò l'auramò patta mo

l'ena v
vuo Capitolare aguantà, e schiatta
Detti

Con:
e questo il luogo ove sospira e geme quell' ignota bel-

la per cui mi accendo cara sei Salva in libertà ti rendo.

And. f.: *Con:* *Cum:*
addio vaje Signore' vieni mio bene, eccomi a piedi

And. f. b.
voti amato signor zio scosta ca fiere di perre

Con: *Alia:*
greca un miglio un uom' chemiro signò vengada

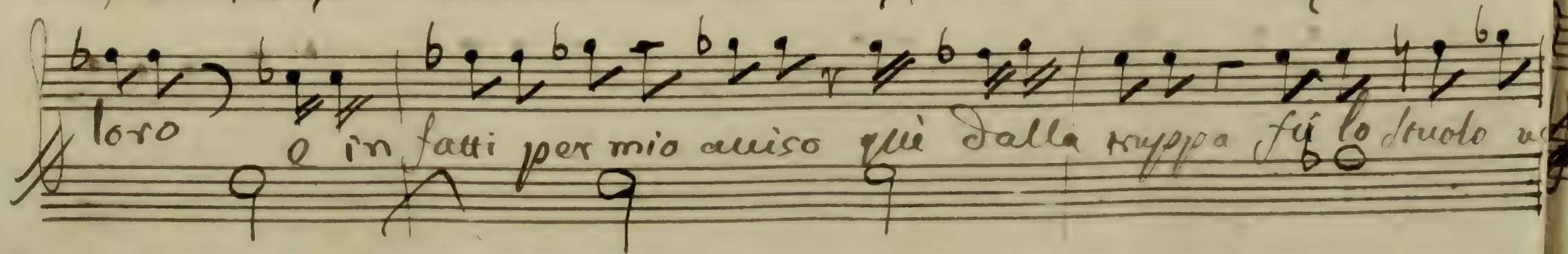
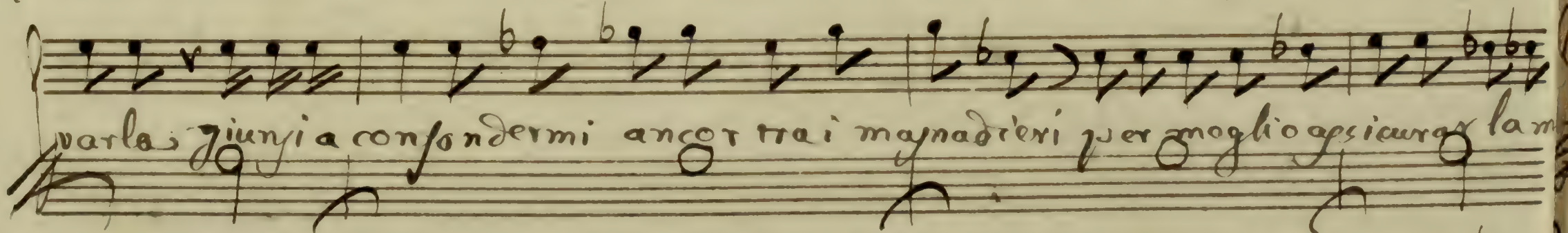
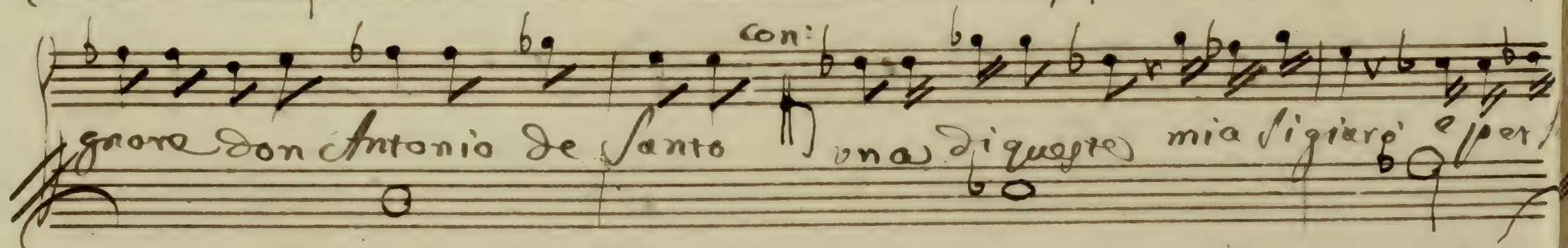
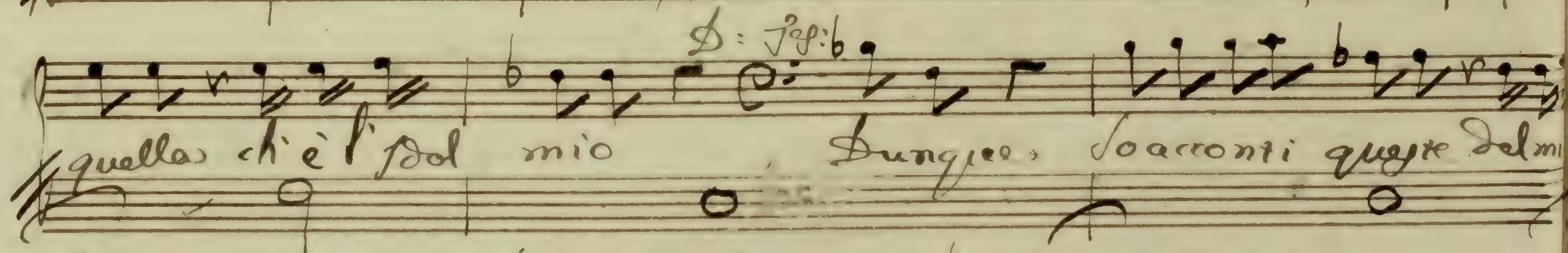
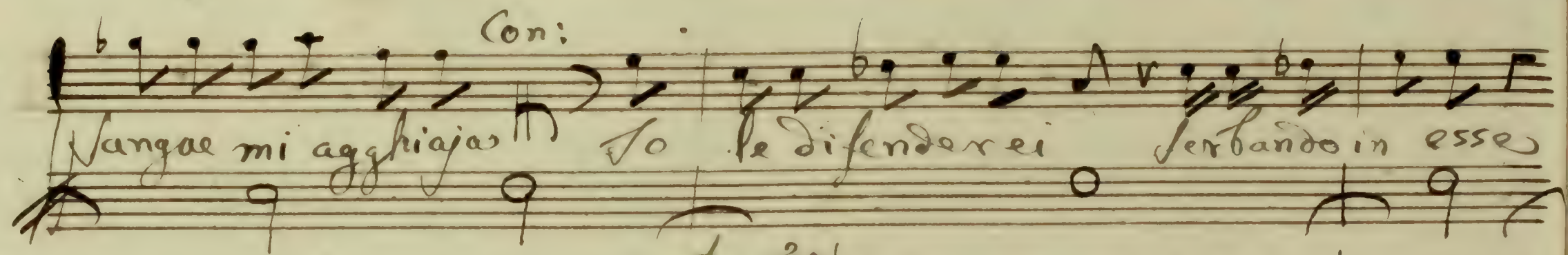
D: Sop:
vuje de dje figliole perdonate l'arore ma questo è no stu

chia:
pore venite da lo inferno senza manco una mpolle di cotto *Th ah*

Con:
mo che decite aglie e frag aglie / Dunque son le donè entrambe, e chi di

chia: *D: Sop:*
questo sarà Gineura mia ne nre sosimma senti ni pote

tu cagnpa imbelli del sesso fralle io non vi accido adesso, perche il



♩: f. p.
ciso e b'è sta (così) com'è v'è mi è nuovo quanto q's

Cam:

♩: f. p.
risce e tu s'è niente A m'ene chi lo canosce

chia:

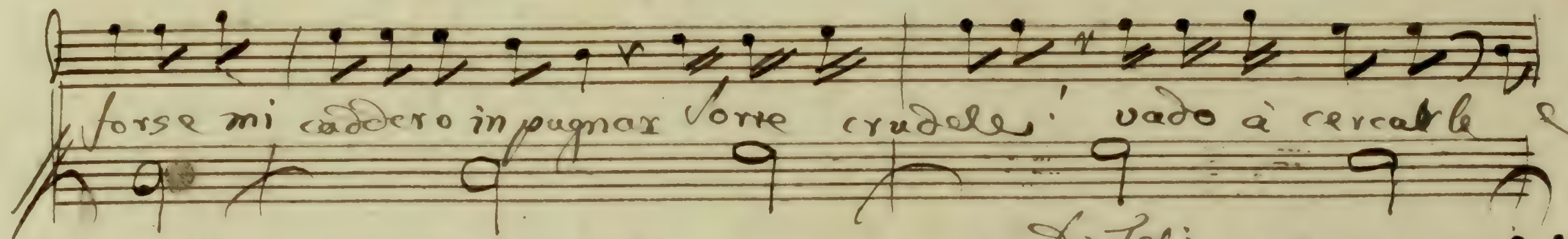
Con:
come io serbo lettere d'una di voi che sigurerà mia sposa mara

chia:

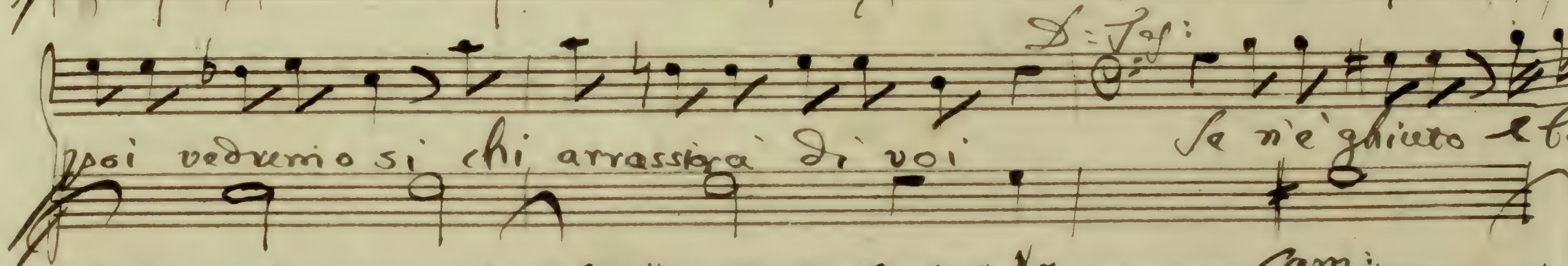
Con:
mè che pallone ecco son queste le lettere che serbo ove son

♩: f. p.
mai fosse qua suona ne don spiggiariello le lettere... ah

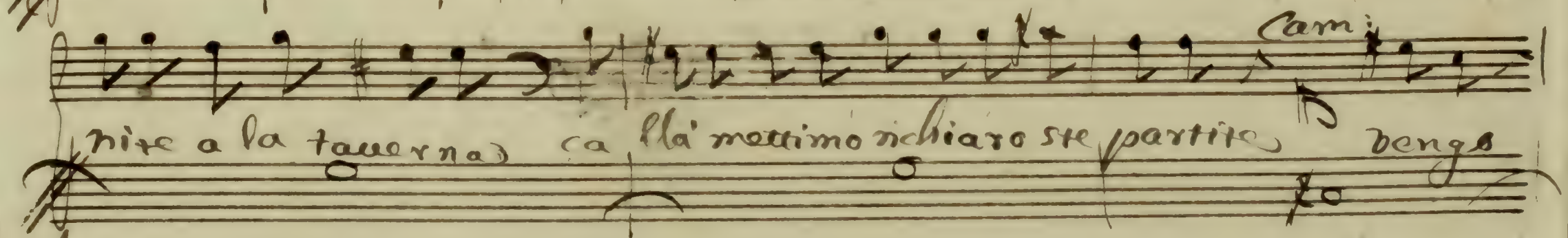
Con:



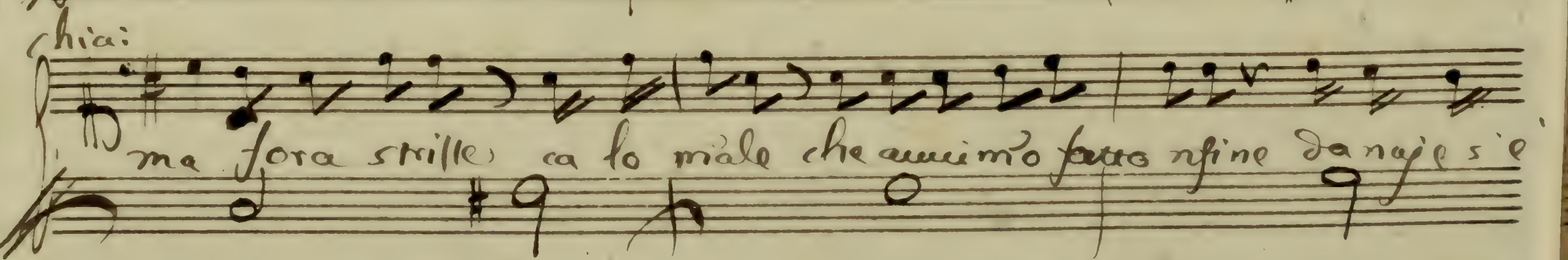
forse mi caddero in pugnax forte crudele! vado a cercat le



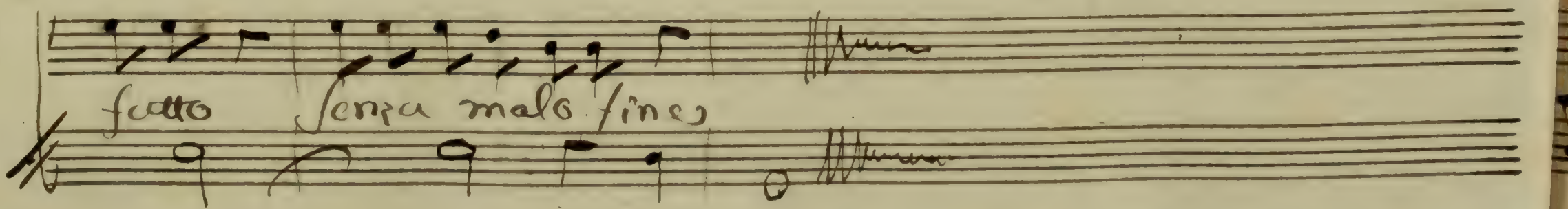
poi vedremo si chi arrassira di voi *S: Faj:* se n'è ghiuto et



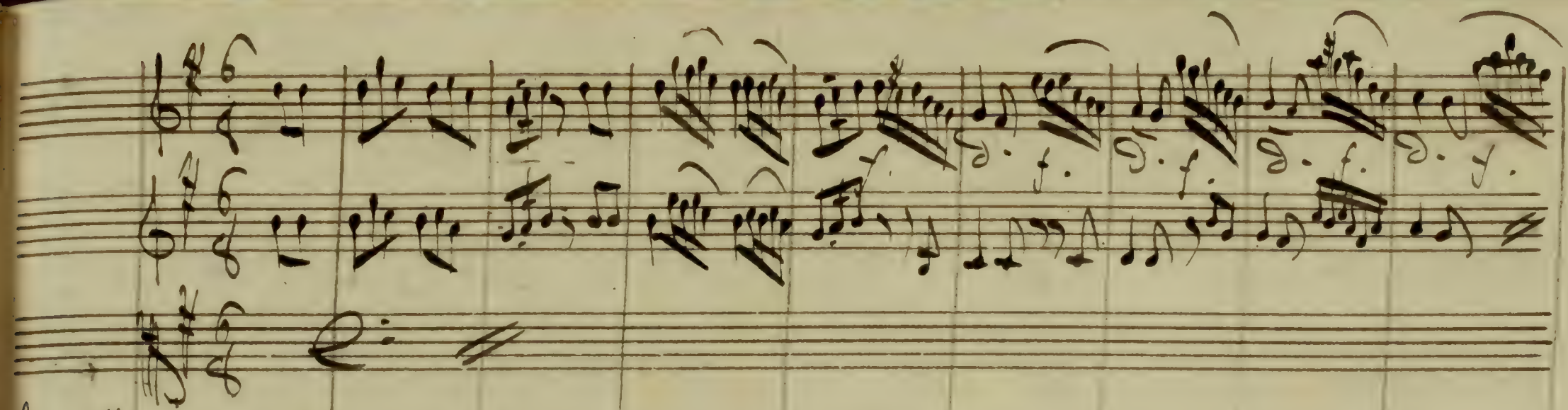
nite a la taverna ca lla' mettimo nchiaro ste partite *Cam:* venga



chiai: ma fora stulle ca lo male che avuim'o fatto n'fine da naje s'è

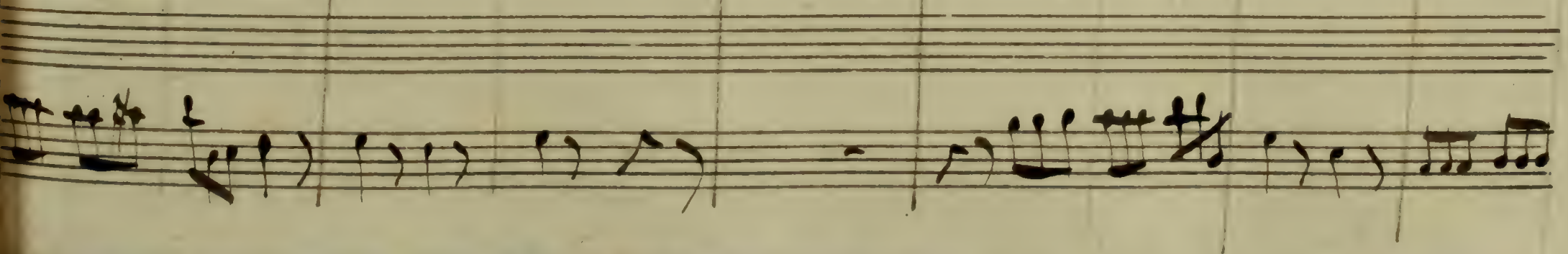
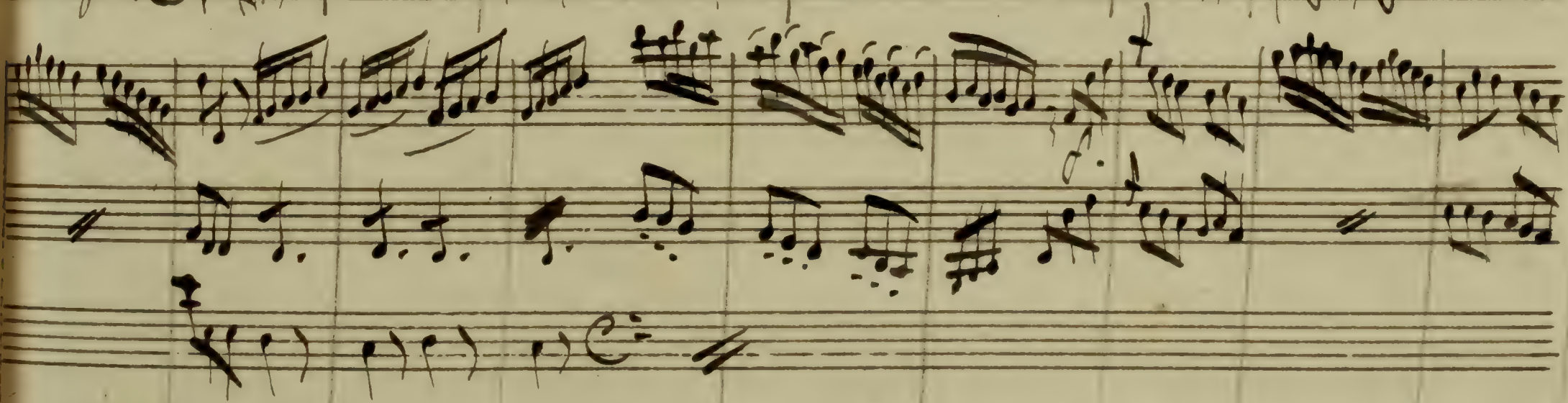


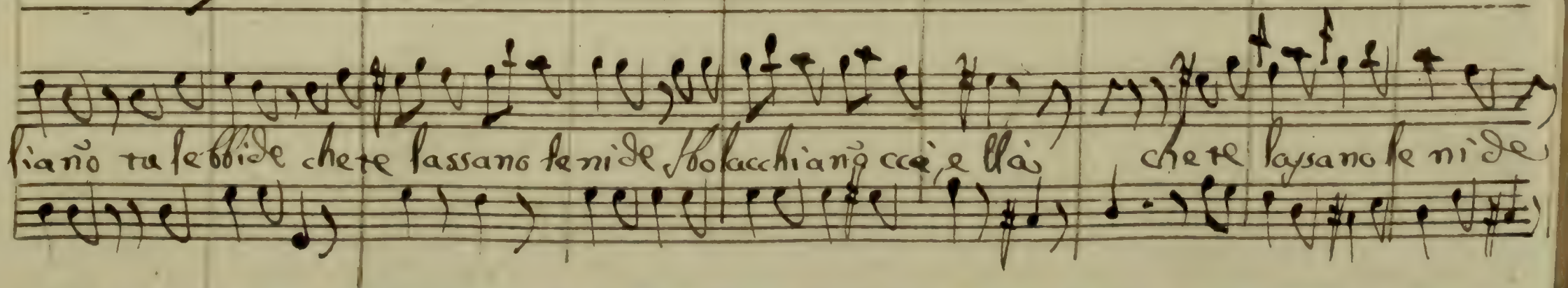
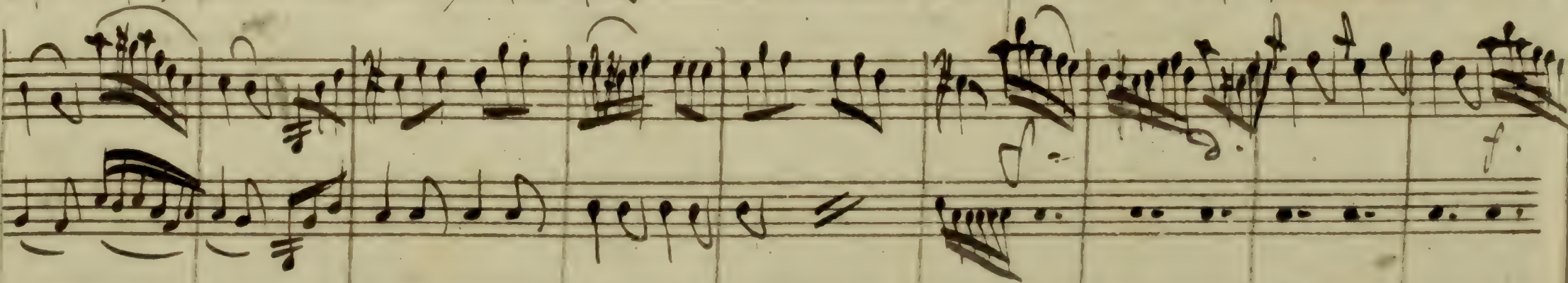
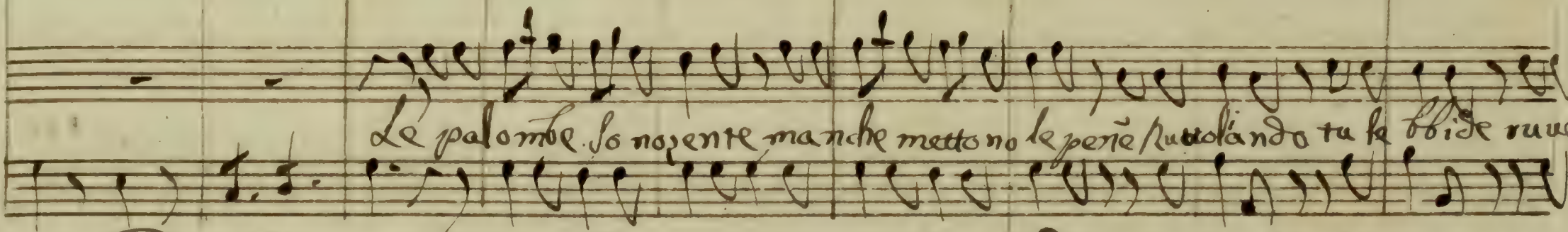
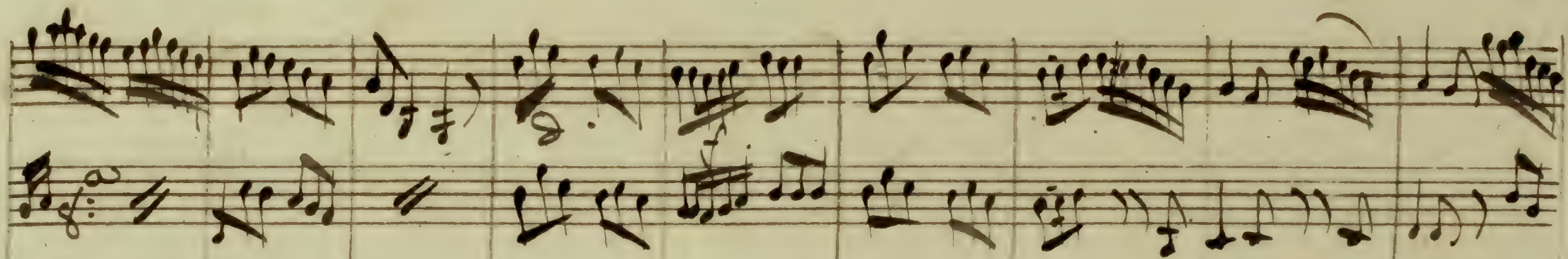
fatto senza male fine



diavola

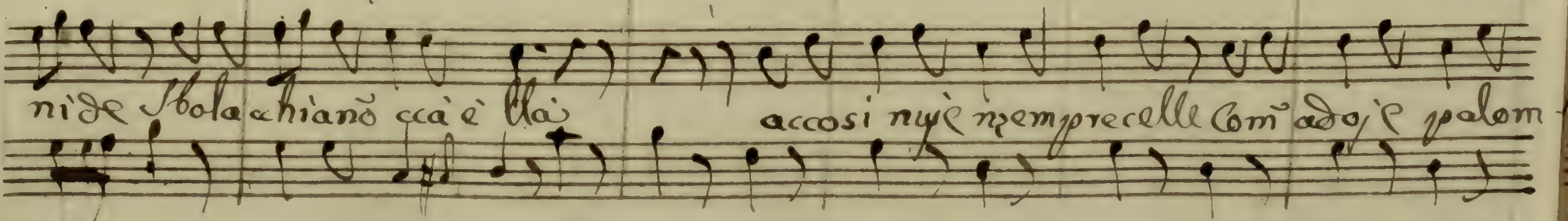
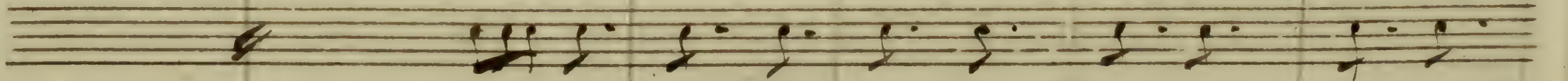
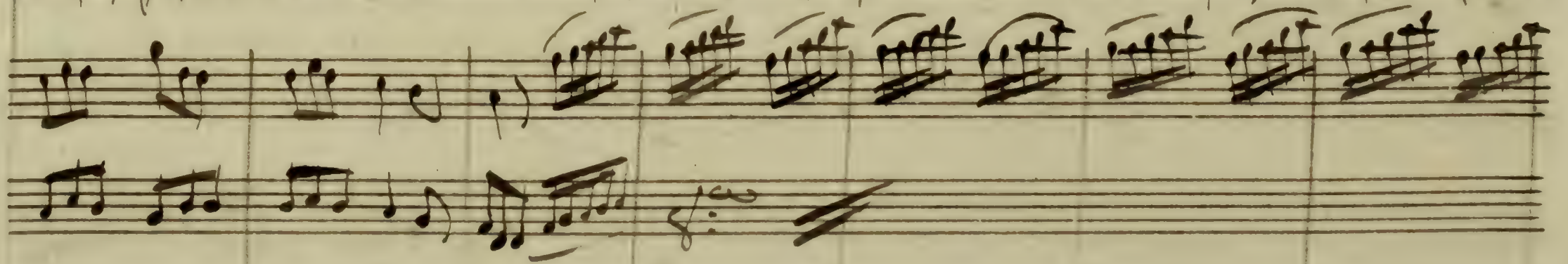
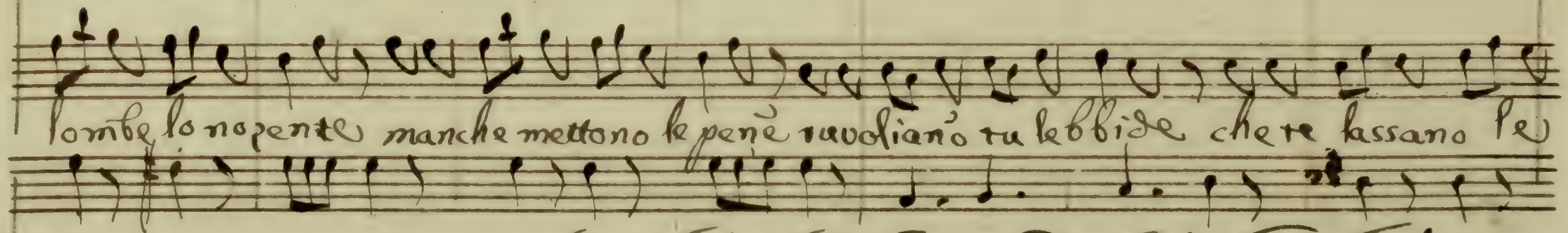
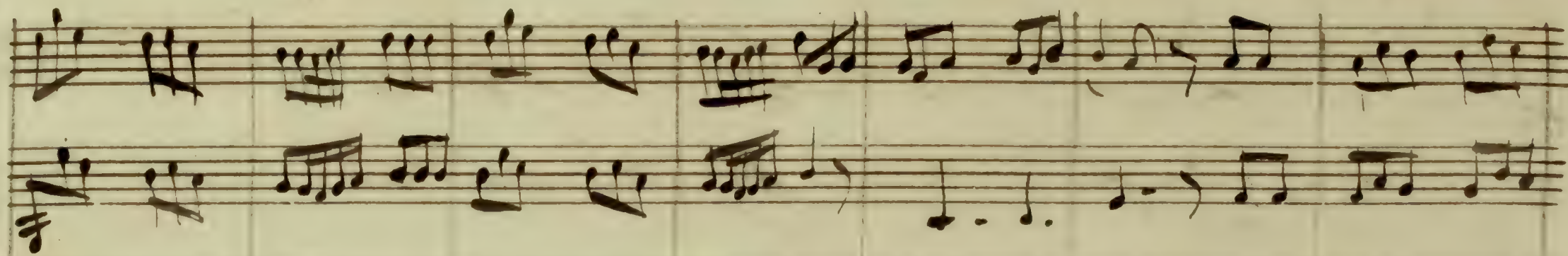
Allegro





Sbolachianòca è lla a cosinujenzemprecelle com'adje palom

melle sim' gciute a sbolachia le pa-



melle sim' acciute a bolacchia

sim' acciute a bolacchia

Scena VI: can:

Gimura e Canetella

vide che marauiglia site stata tanto tiempo ser-

Sin:

ratato co pane e acqua e pone site agiuto accosi tonò bella il ciel p

can:

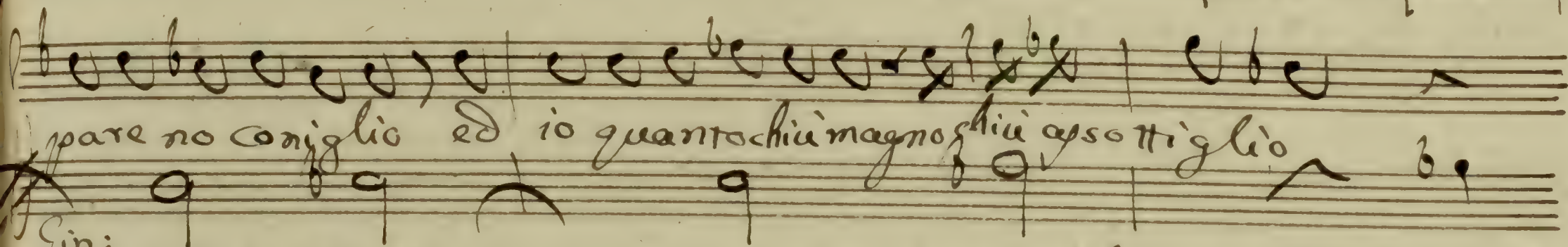
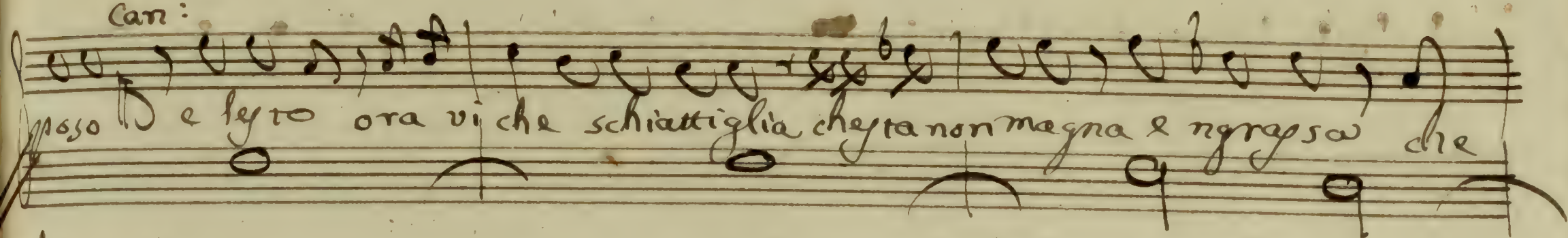
toso non abbandona mai chi in lui confidando oaggiontiso fuor e avar

rite trovato qua stamito C'avea bono cingia e ve ce

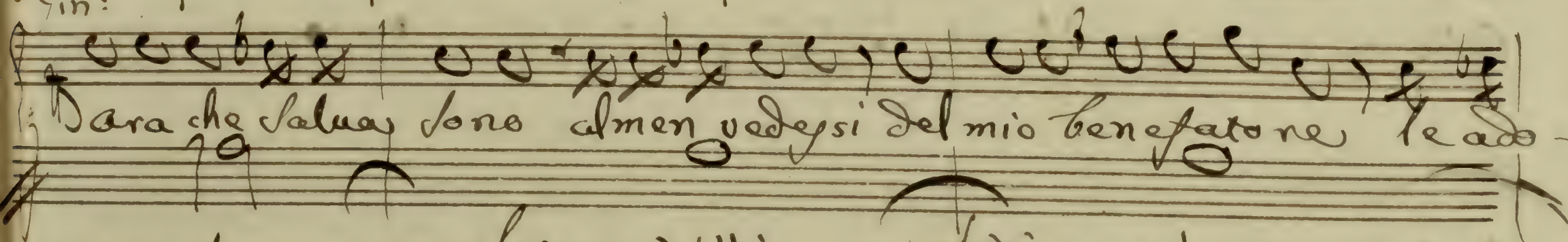
Sin:

paua non più secondo impare mio fratello apri ana stanza al mio ri

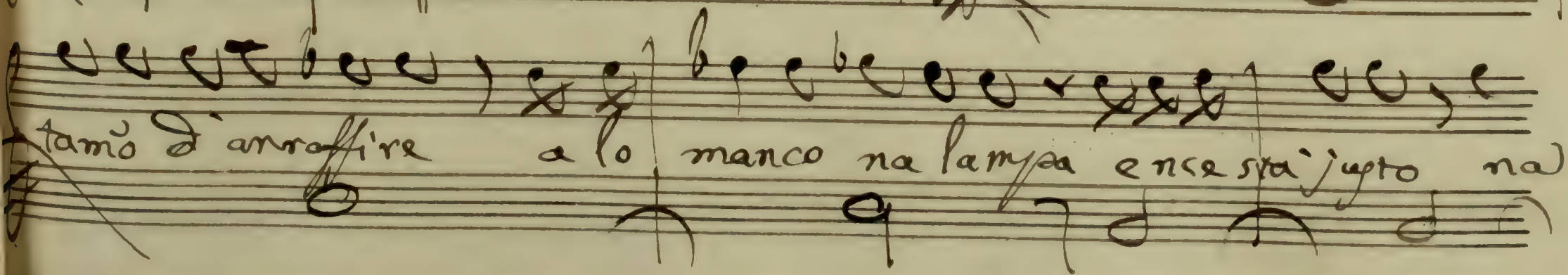
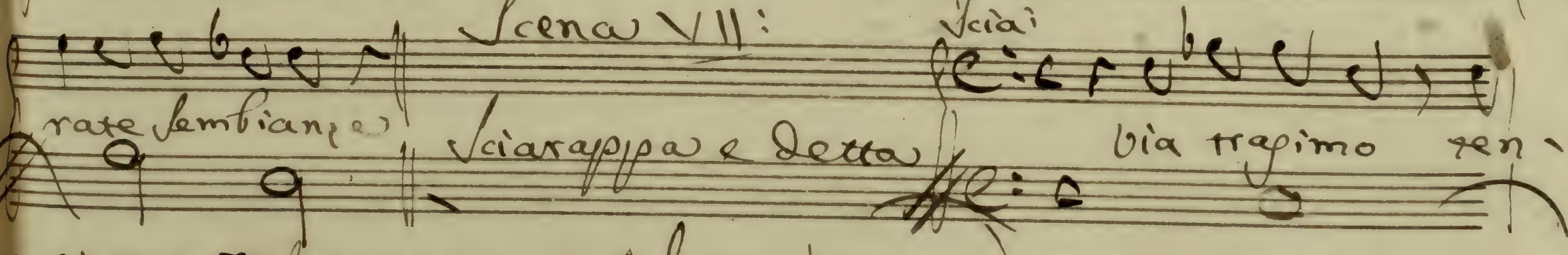
Can:



Sin:



Scena VII:



marca badiate arpejate signora noi vogliamo farci l'entia

ti na canzonetta nova *fin:* altro che canzonette ho per la

Scia: mente Ah signor scio paturnie ed groltate lo la-

miento che fanno li niorate

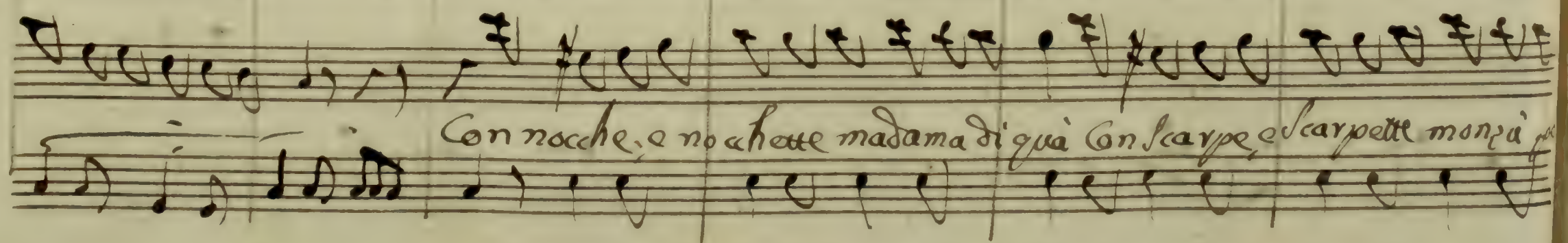
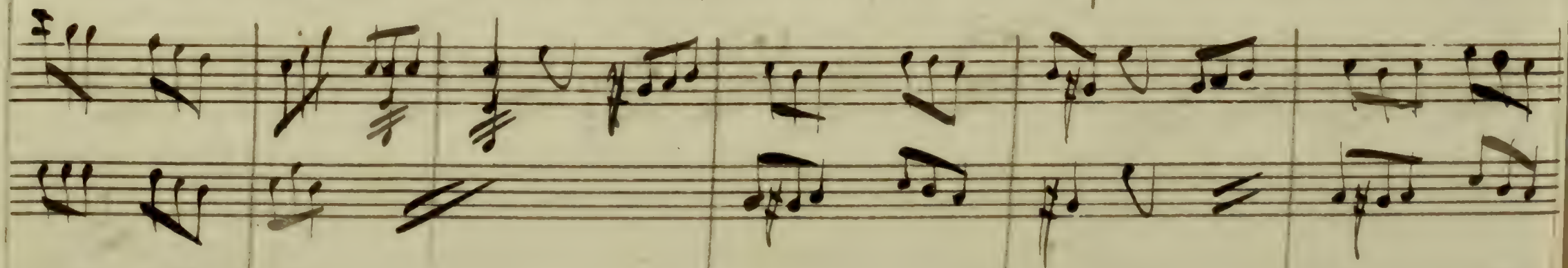
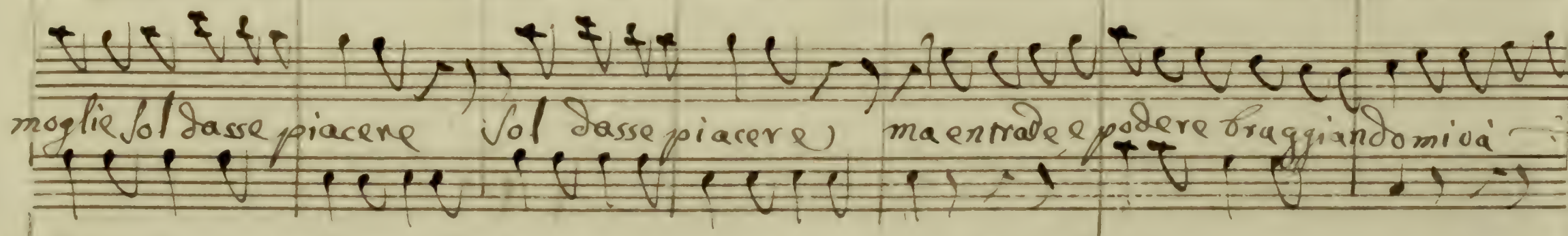
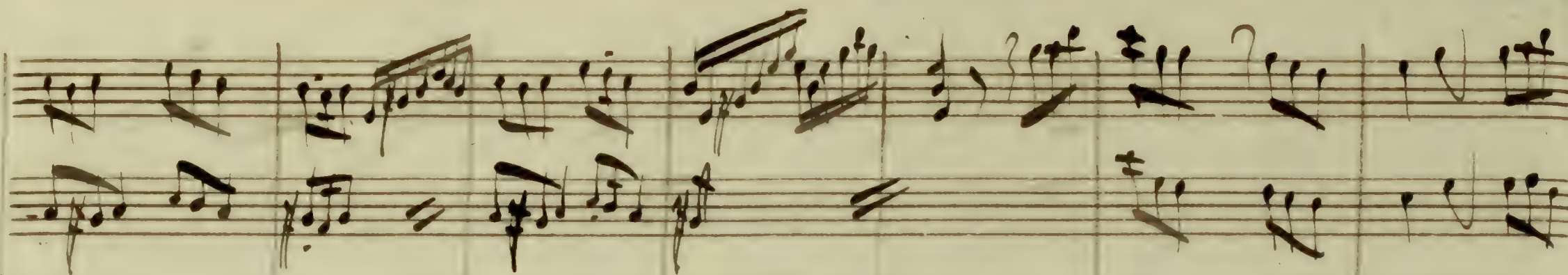
Violini

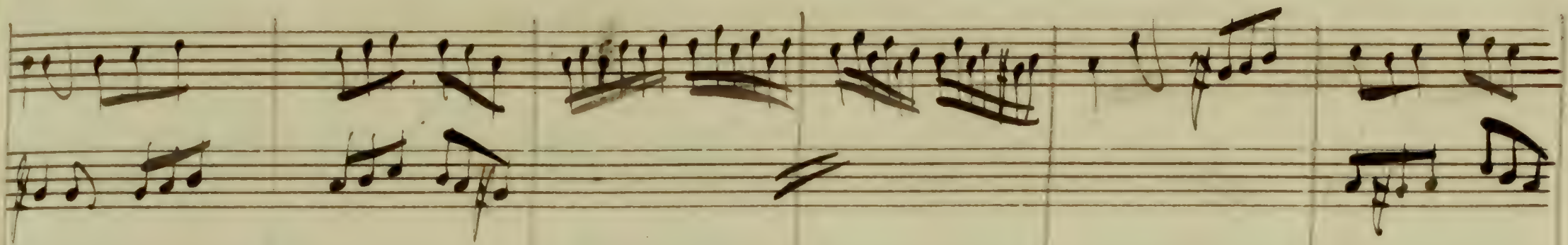
Clarap. C:6/8

And.

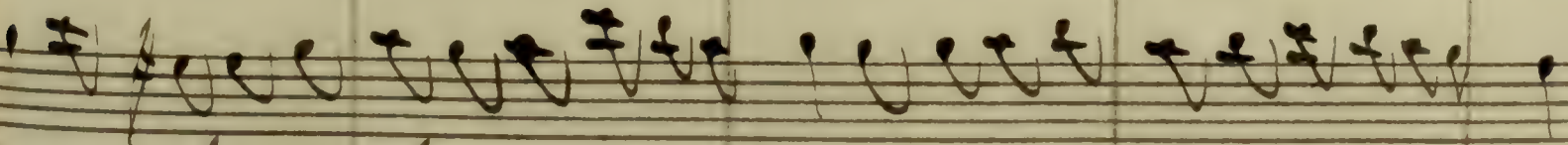
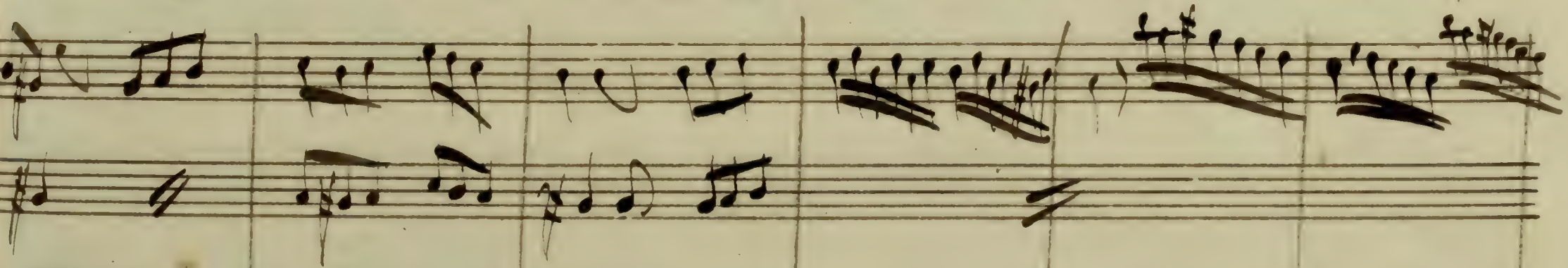
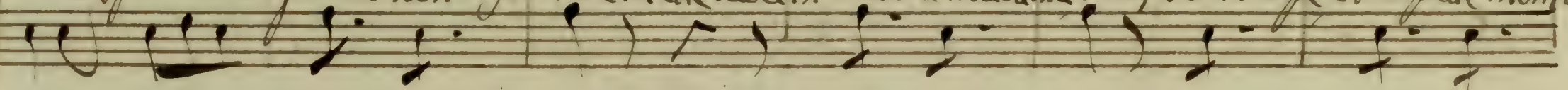
Vite

credeache la

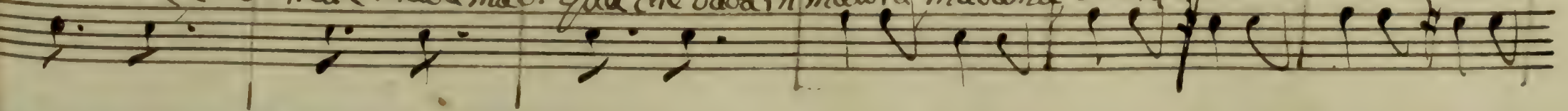




la e a spendere ognora non caprai / Perù che vada in malora madama e monpi con scarpe e scarpette monpi po



con nocche e noa sette madama di qua che vada in malora madama e monpi





Laria X

Cineura

Solo

che udì misera me trafitto cadde il mio germano e l'uccisore è il

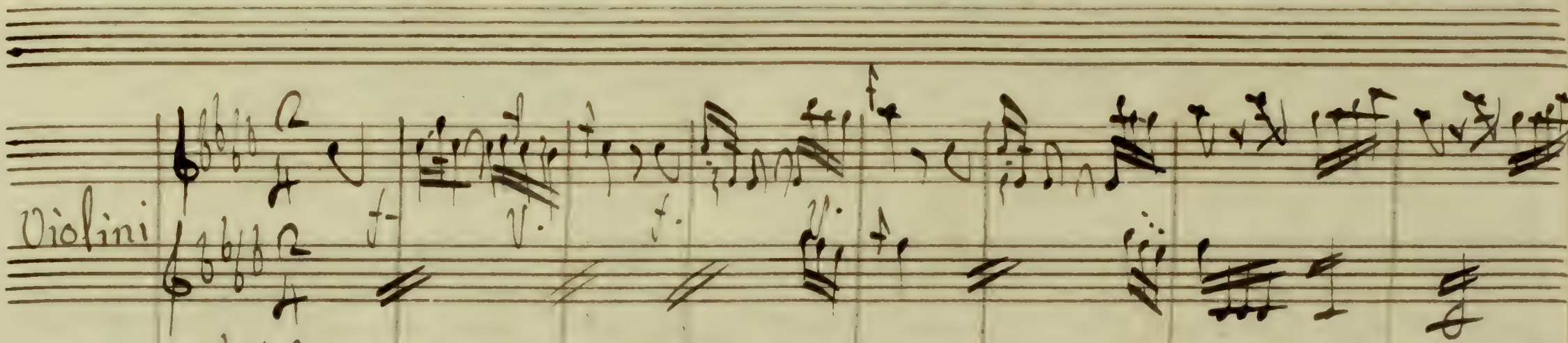
onte il mio benefattore e posso ingrato scordarmi in un momento de beneficij

l'uoì ma come sorda alle voci del sangue esser poss'io: ch'qual vicenda ah

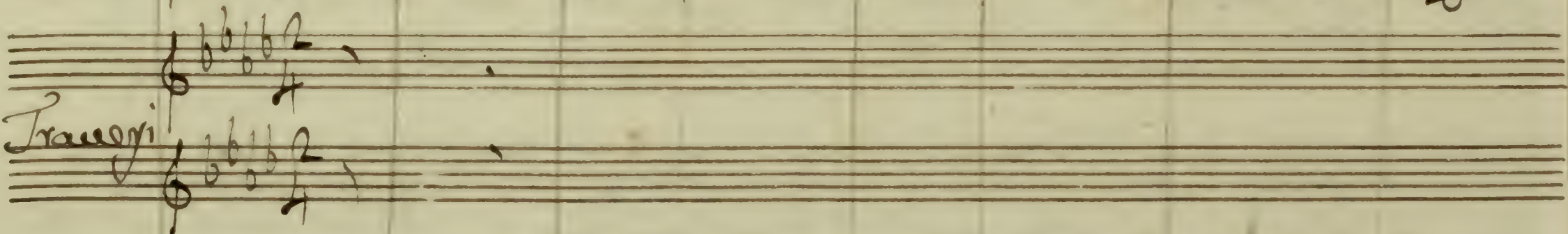
Sìo! di contrari doveri mi opprime in questo istante qual esser più degg'io

Sorella o amante

Violini



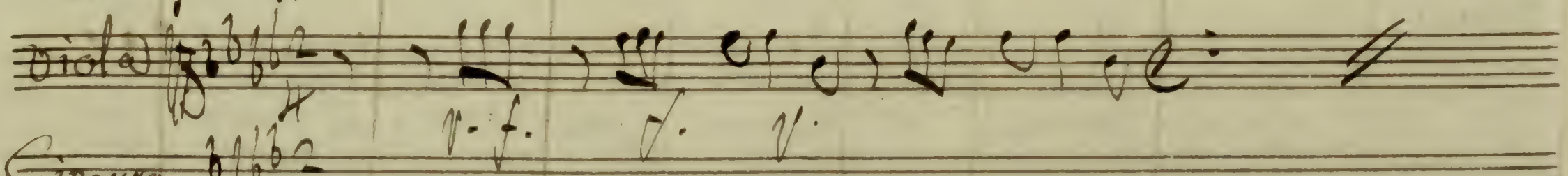
Trasogni



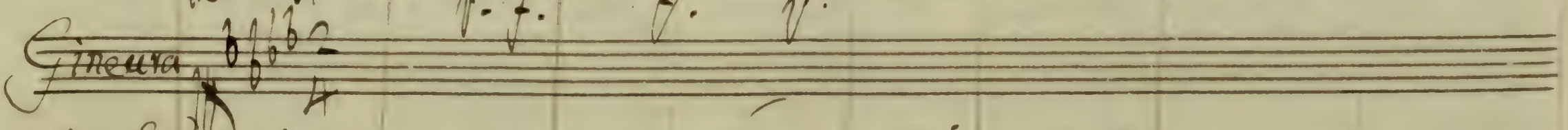
Corni in
Cl.



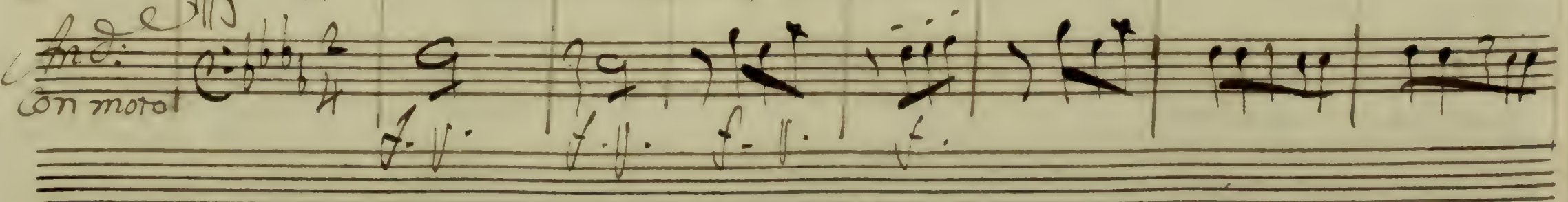
Viola



Cineura

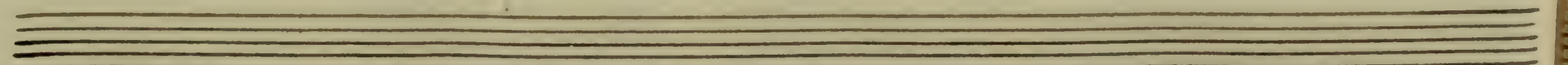
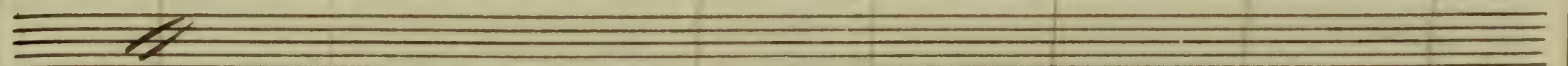
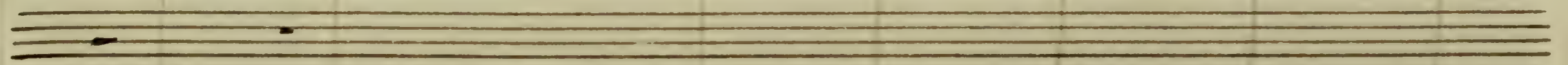
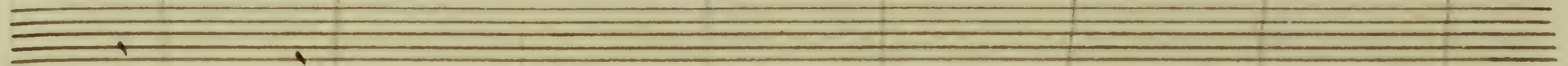
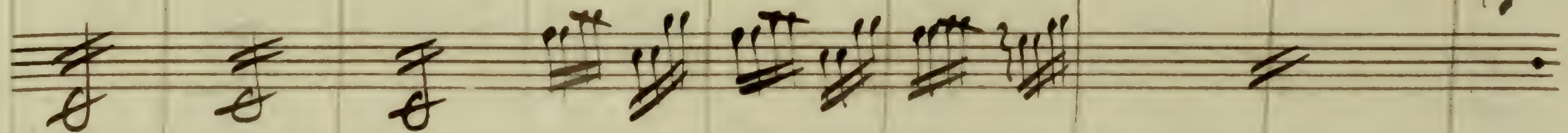
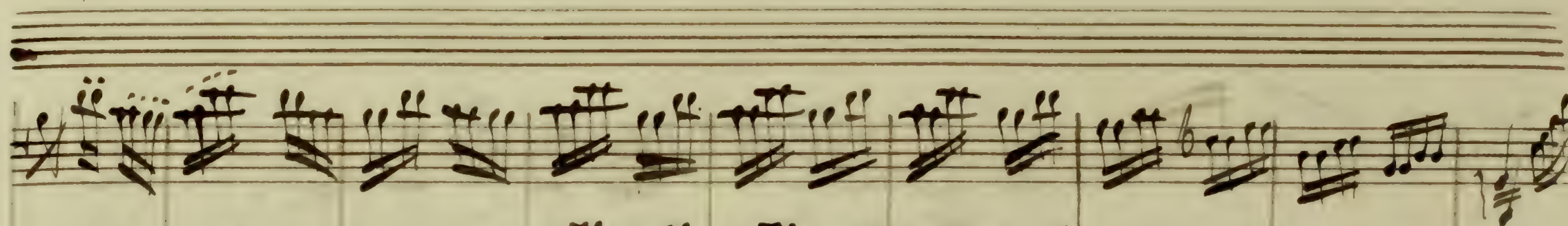


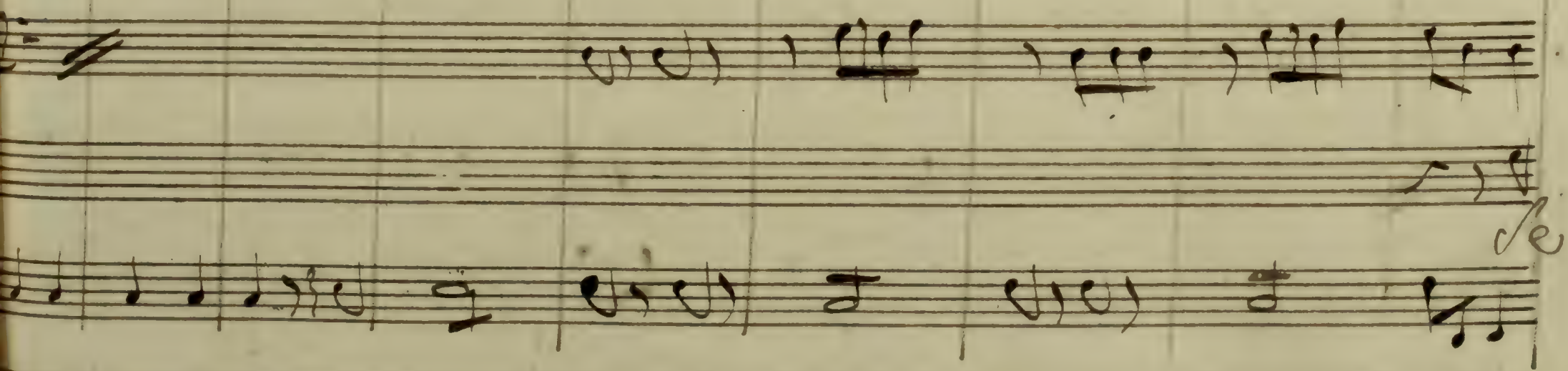
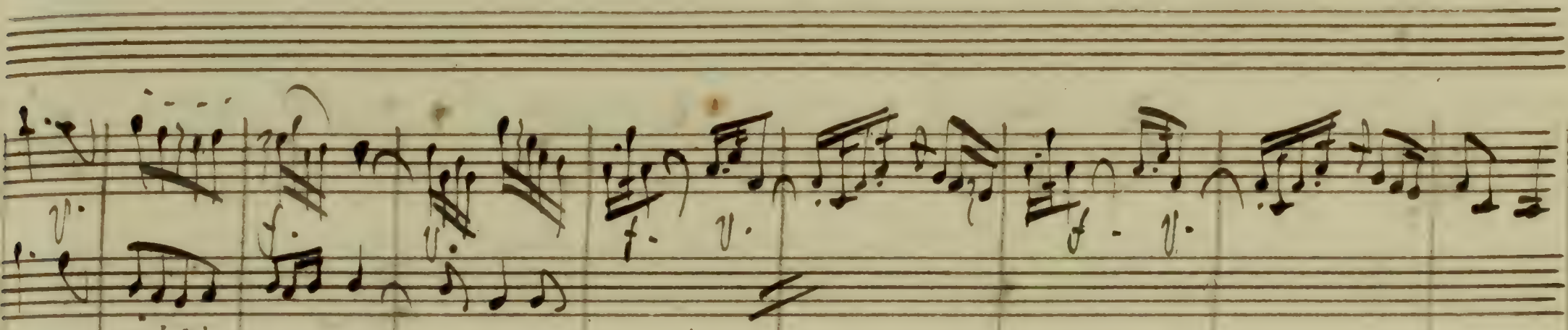
And.
Con moto

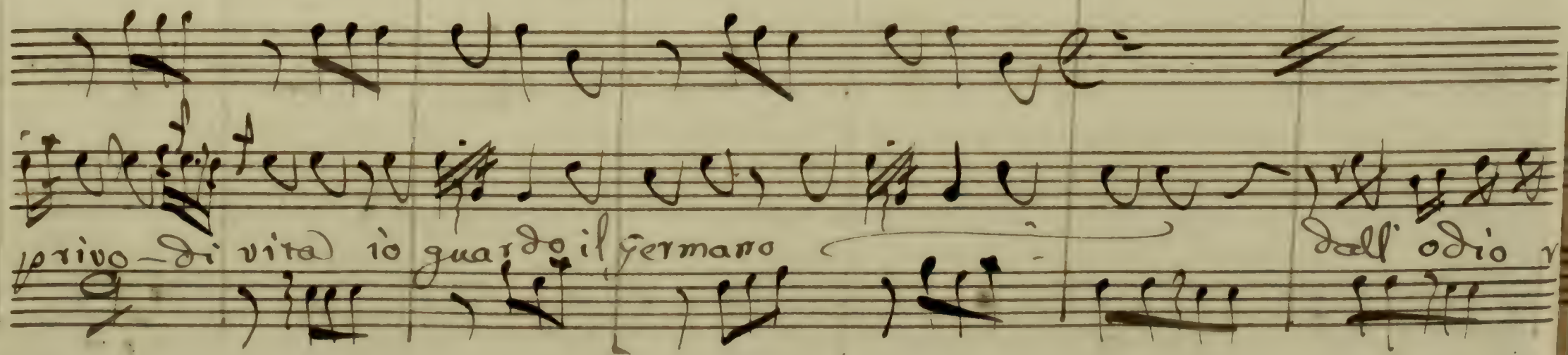
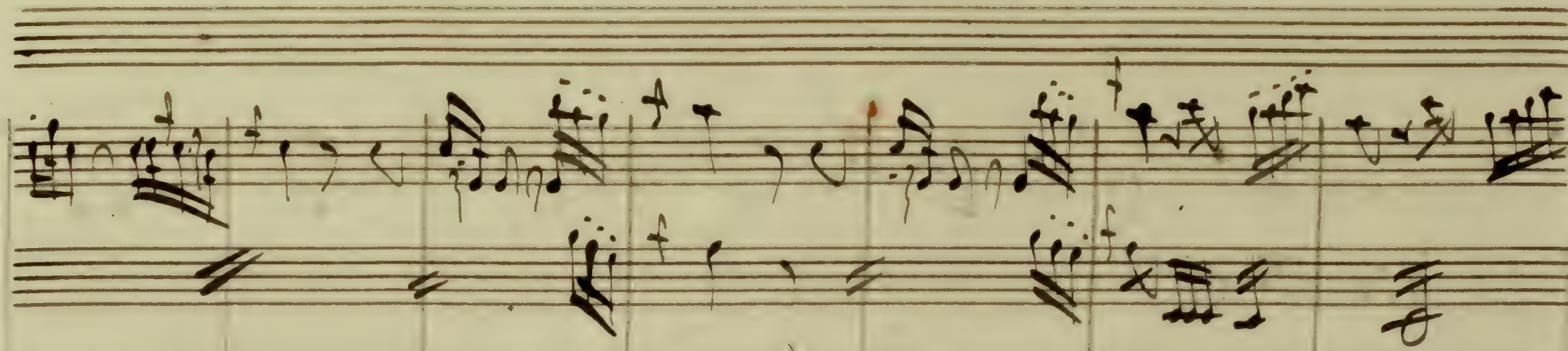


Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. The notation includes a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (C). The music features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together in groups. There are several measures with double bar lines, indicating a break in the music. The notation is written in dark ink on aged, slightly yellowed paper.

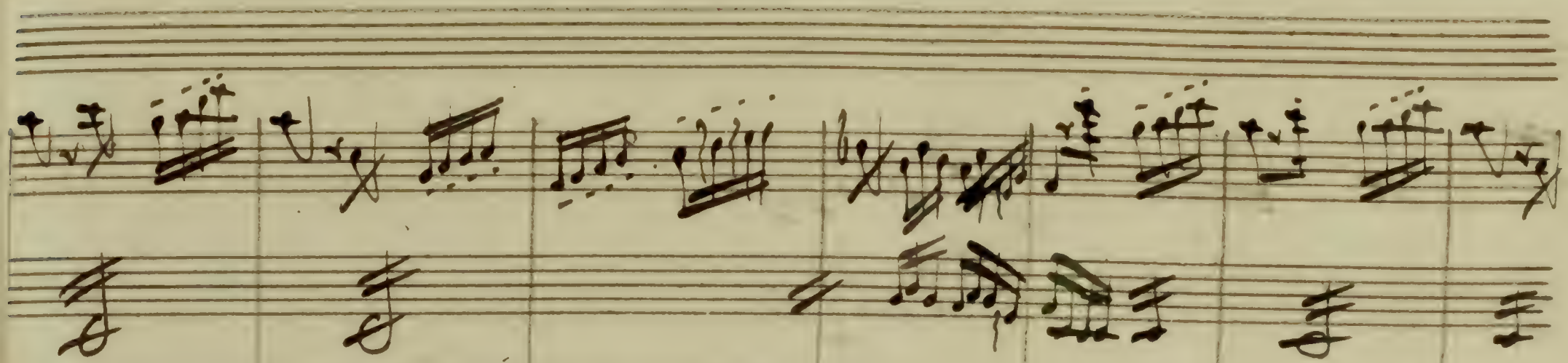
Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. The notation includes a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (C). The music features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together in groups. There are several measures with double bar lines, indicating a break in the music. The notation is written in dark ink on aged, slightly yellowed paper.







dell' odio



ita già corro a ferir dell'odio rapita già corro a ferir già corro a ferir se priuo di uita io quando il germano dell'

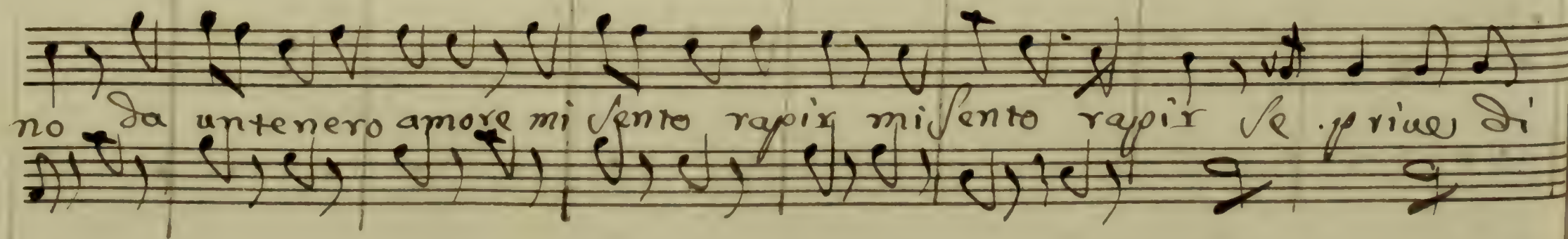
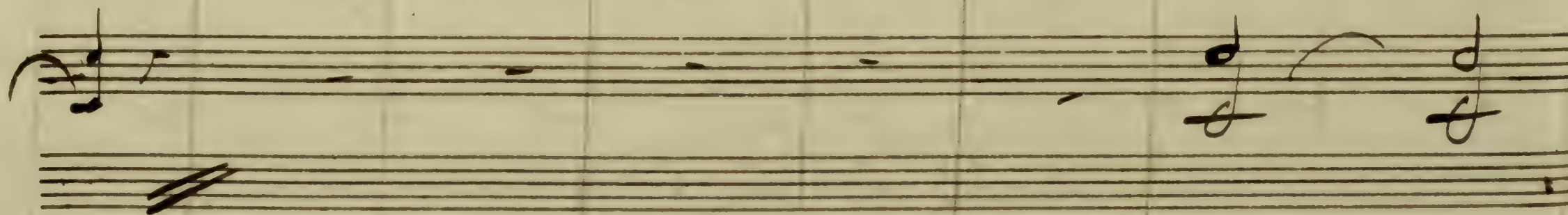
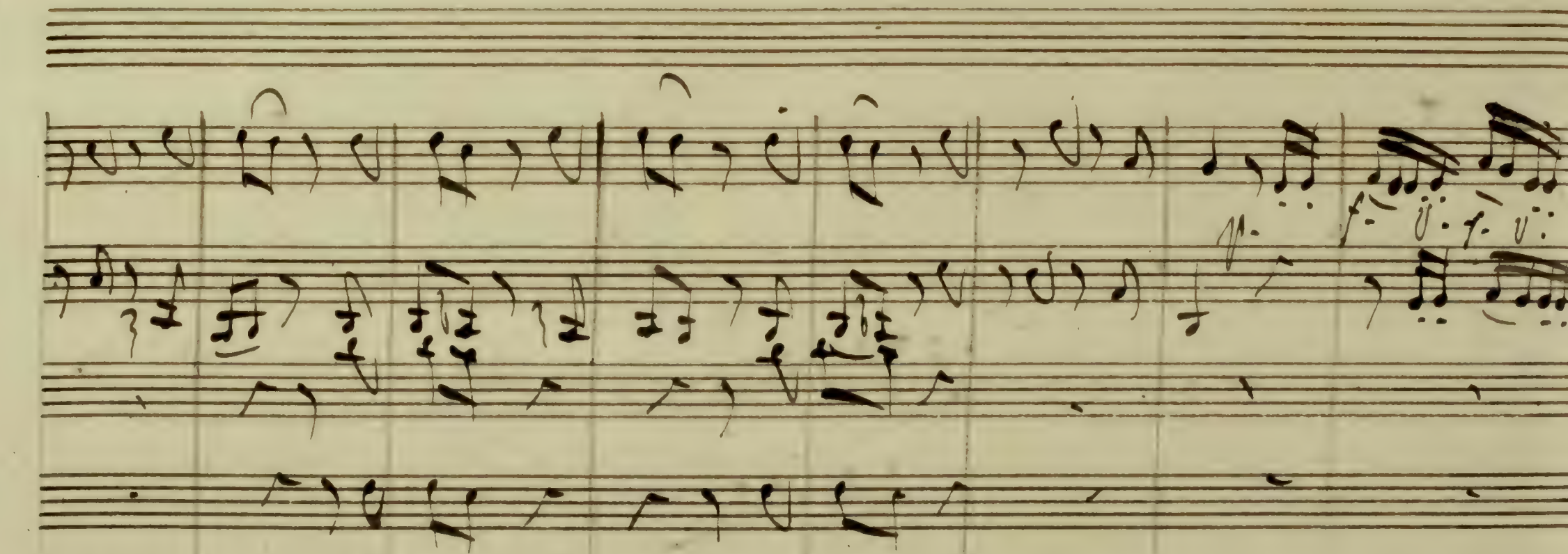
Handwritten musical score on aged paper. The score consists of ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs. The lyrics are written below the staves.

odio rapita già corro a ferir già corro a ferir

Se penso

aqueel co-re)

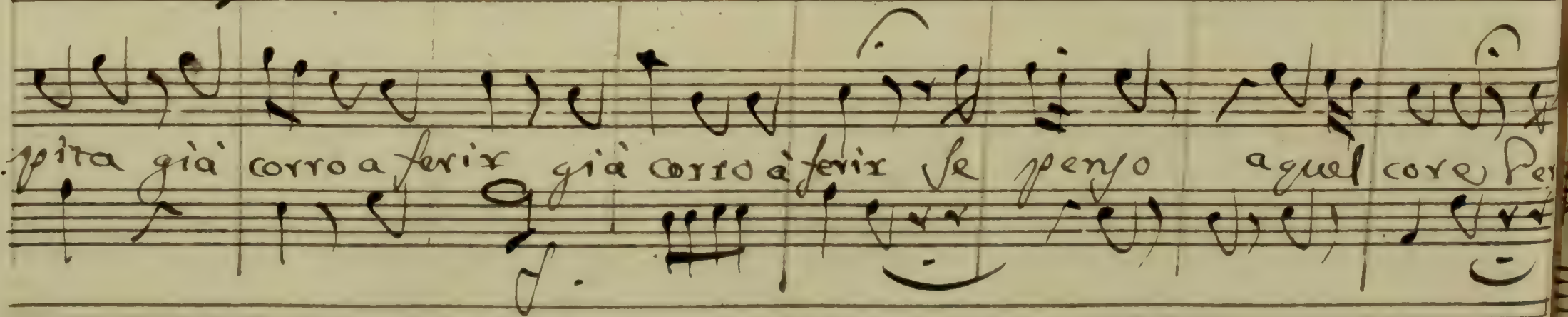
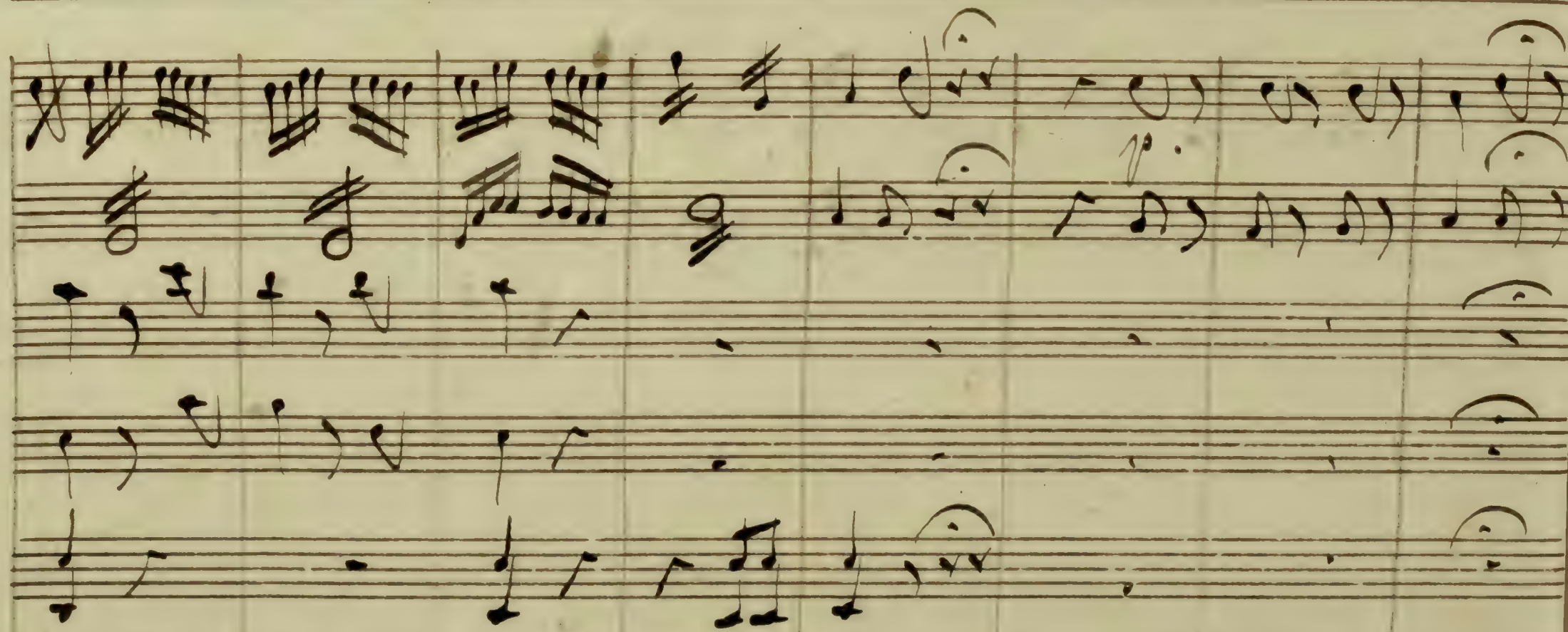
per me tan-to uma

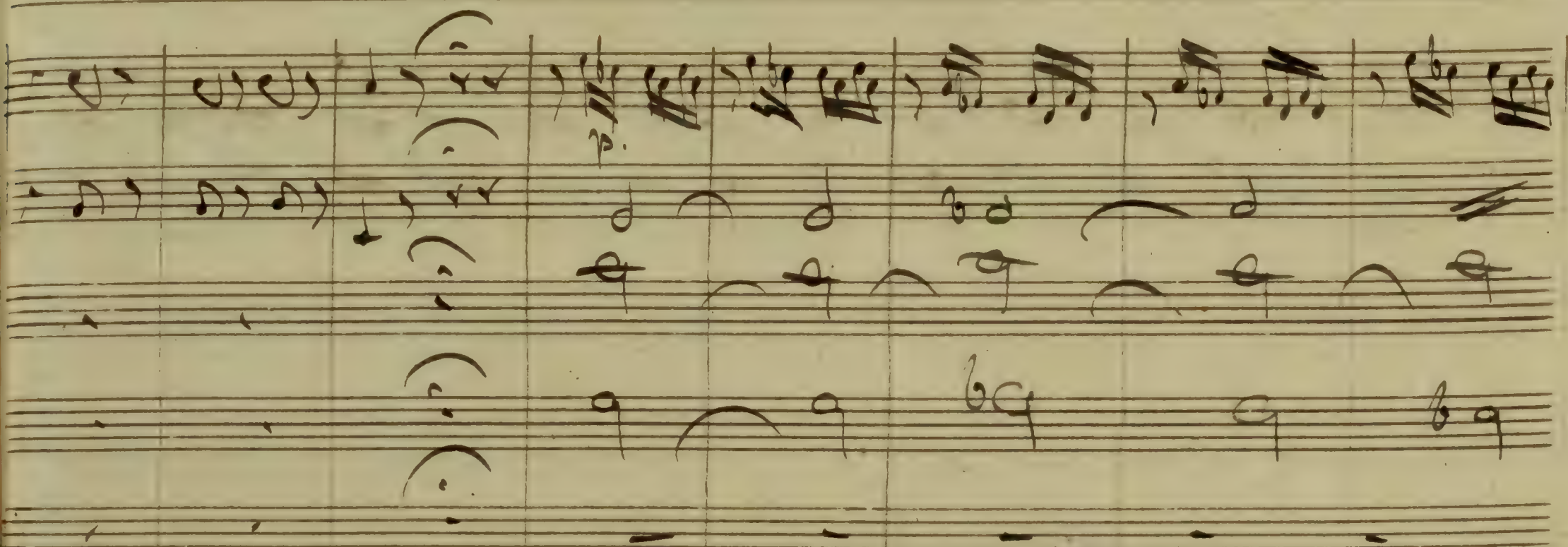


Handwritten musical score for piano and voice. The piano part consists of two staves. The first staff features a complex, rapid passage with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes, including some triplets. The second staff continues this passage with similar rhythmic density. The voice part is on a single staff below the piano staves, featuring a melodic line with some grace notes and a final note that is cut off by the end of the page.

Handwritten musical score for piano and voice. The piano part consists of two staves. The first staff features a complex, rapid passage with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes, including some triplets. The second staff continues this passage with similar rhythmic density. The voice part is on a single staff below the piano staves, featuring a melodic line with some grace notes and a final note that is cut off by the end of the page.

vita) io guardo il germano dell' odio rapito - dall' odio ra -





tanto tanto umano da un te nero amore: mi sento mi

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff has a melodic line with a slur. The second staff has a series of notes with slurs.

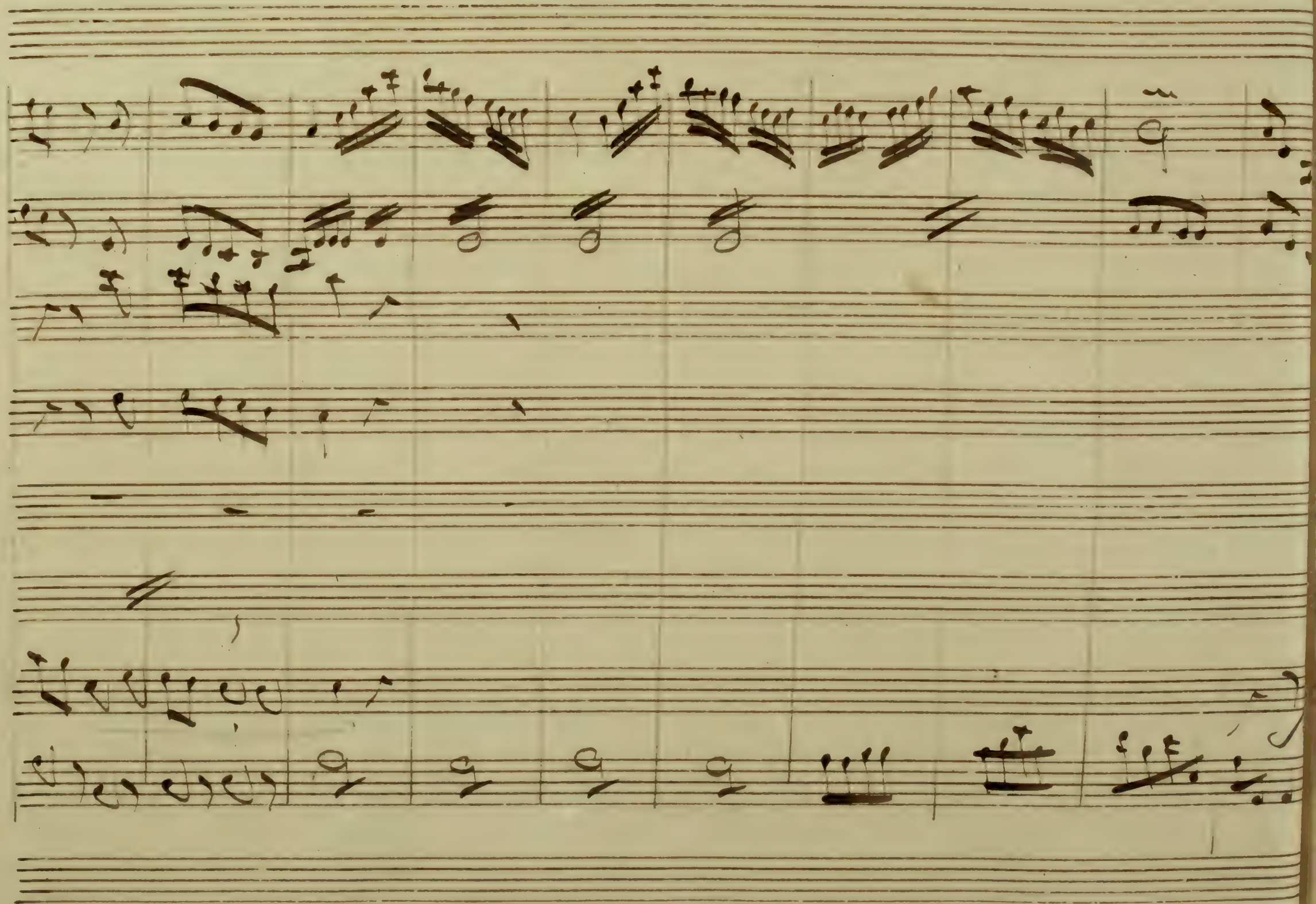
The first system of the handwritten musical score consists of three staves. The top two staves are filled with dense, rapid sixteenth-note passages, likely for a keyboard or string instrument. The bottom staff begins with a single note on the first line, followed by several measures of rests, indicating a vocal or solo part that enters later.

The second system of the handwritten musical score features a vocal line with lyrics and a lower staff with dense sixteenth-note accompaniment. The lyrics are written in Italian and express a sense of despair and seeking help.

lento morir che fiero! aimento! che atroce periglio Soccorso consiglio mi sento

Handwritten musical notation on three staves. The notation is in a historical style, featuring various note values, rests, and bar lines. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is written in a fluid, cursive hand.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff contains the lyrics "mi sento mi sento morix" written in a cursive hand. The second staff continues the musical notation. The notation is in a historical style, featuring various note values, rests, and bar lines.

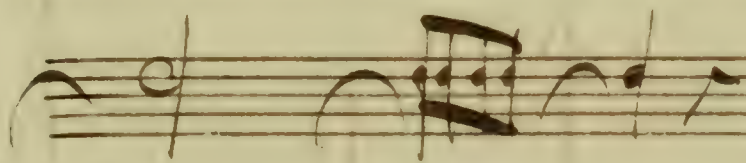
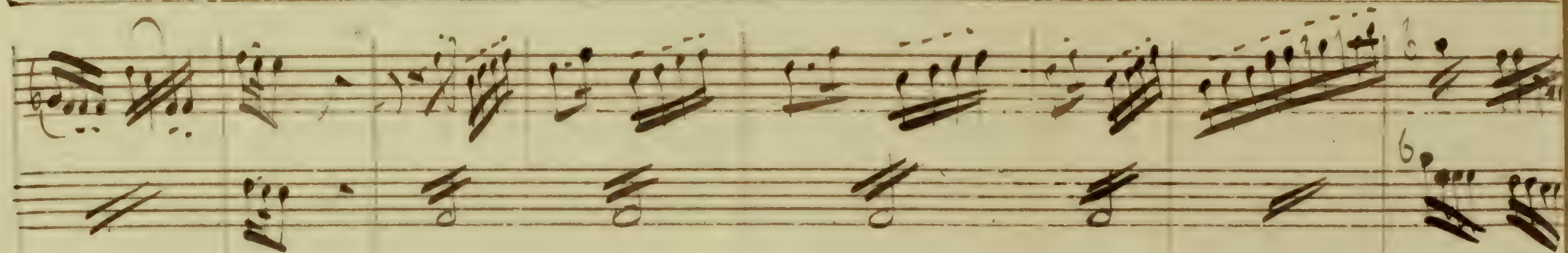


Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff contains a series of notes and rests, with some notes beamed together. The bottom staff contains a series of notes and rests, with some notes beamed together. There are some markings below the staves, possibly indicating fingerings or dynamics.

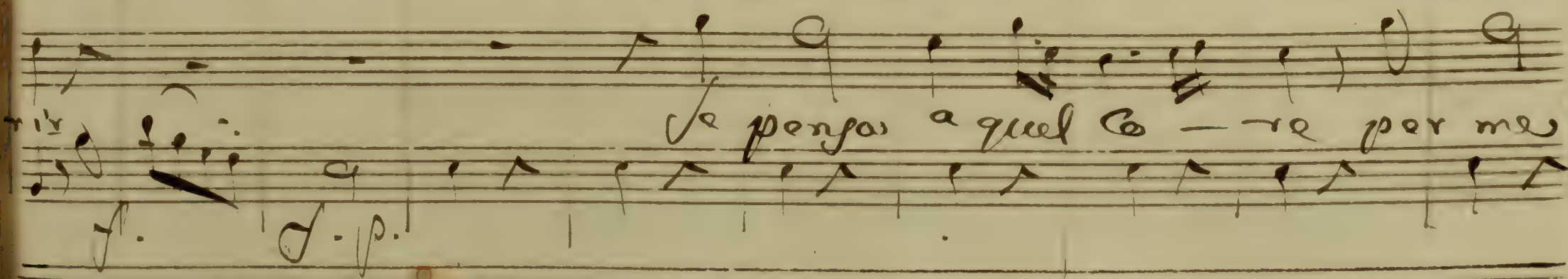
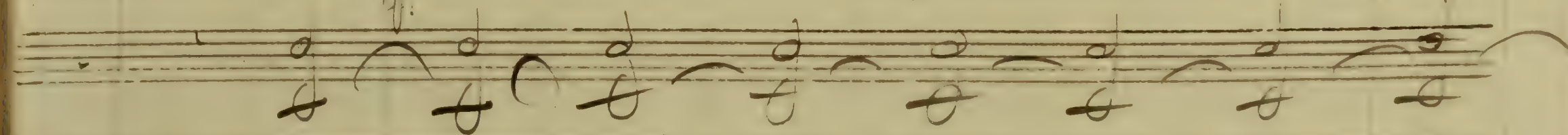
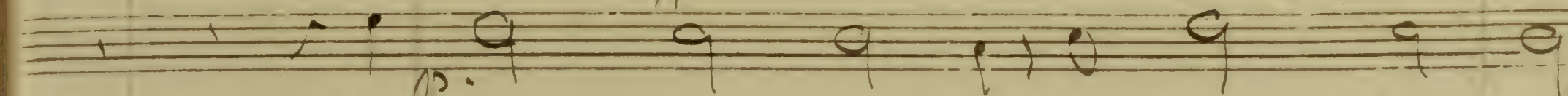
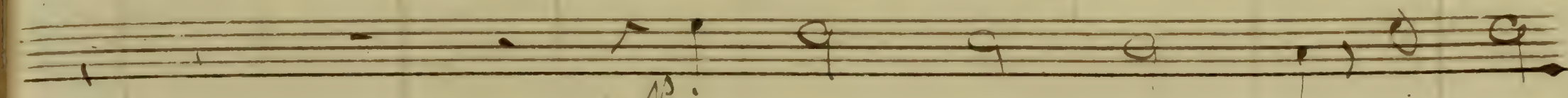
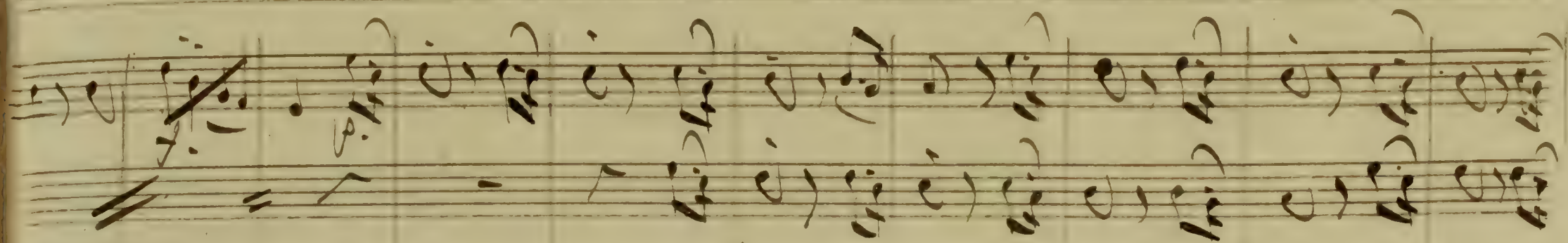
Handwritten musical notation on a single staff. It features a series of notes and rests, with some notes beamed together. The notation is simple and appears to be a single melodic line.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff contains a series of notes and rests, with some notes beamed together. The bottom staff contains a series of notes and rests, with some notes beamed together. The notation is simple and appears to be a single melodic line.

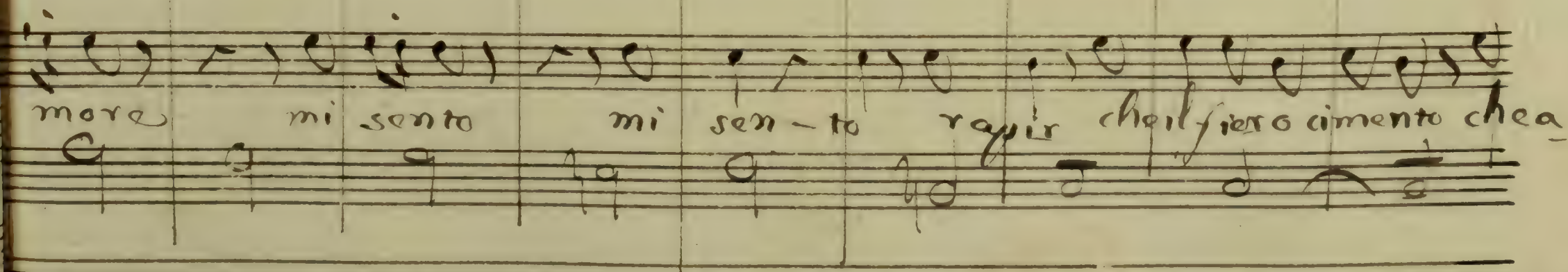
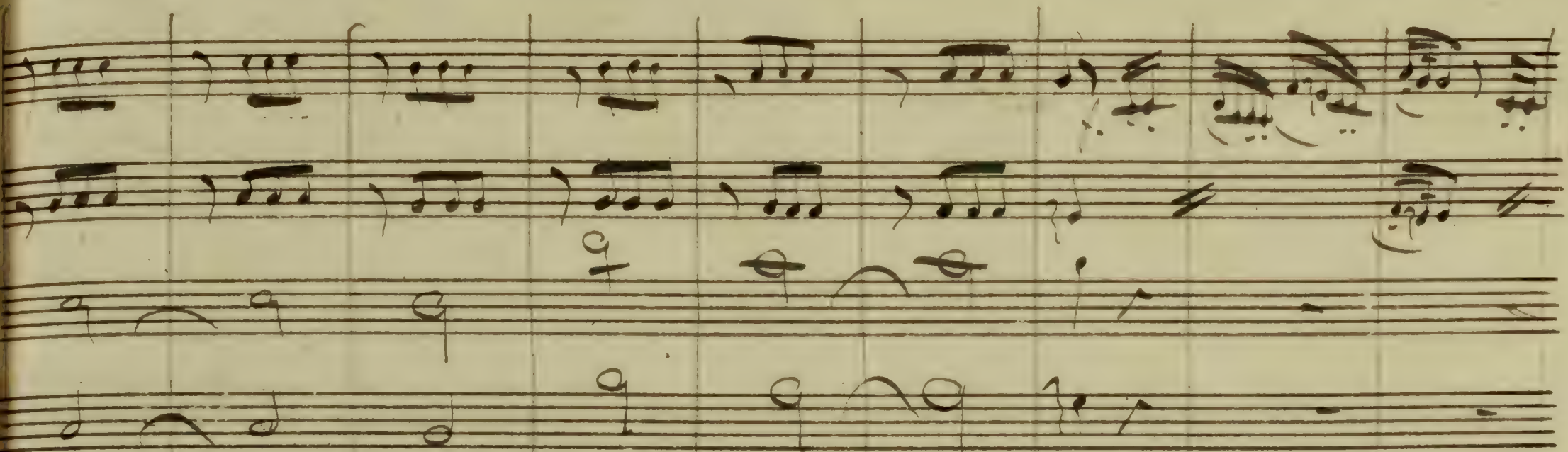
priuo di vita io guardo il germano dell'odio rapitoa dell'odio rapitoa gioi

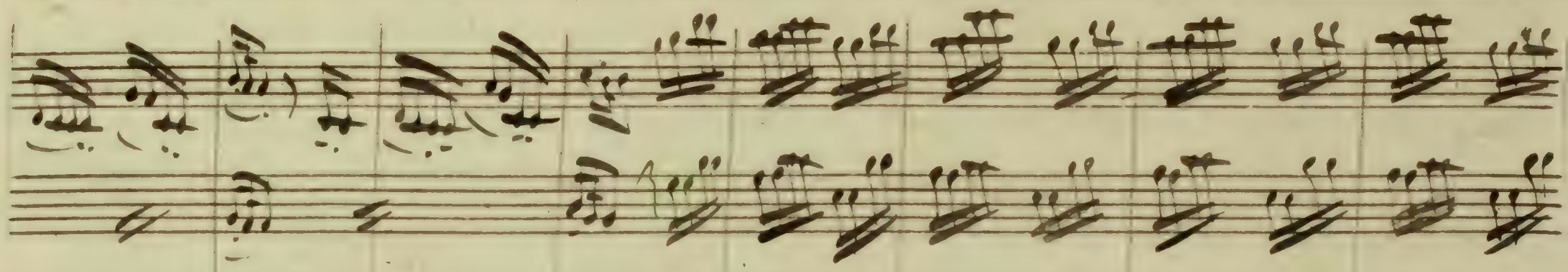


corro a ferir *Dall' odio rapina già corro a ferir* *già corro a*



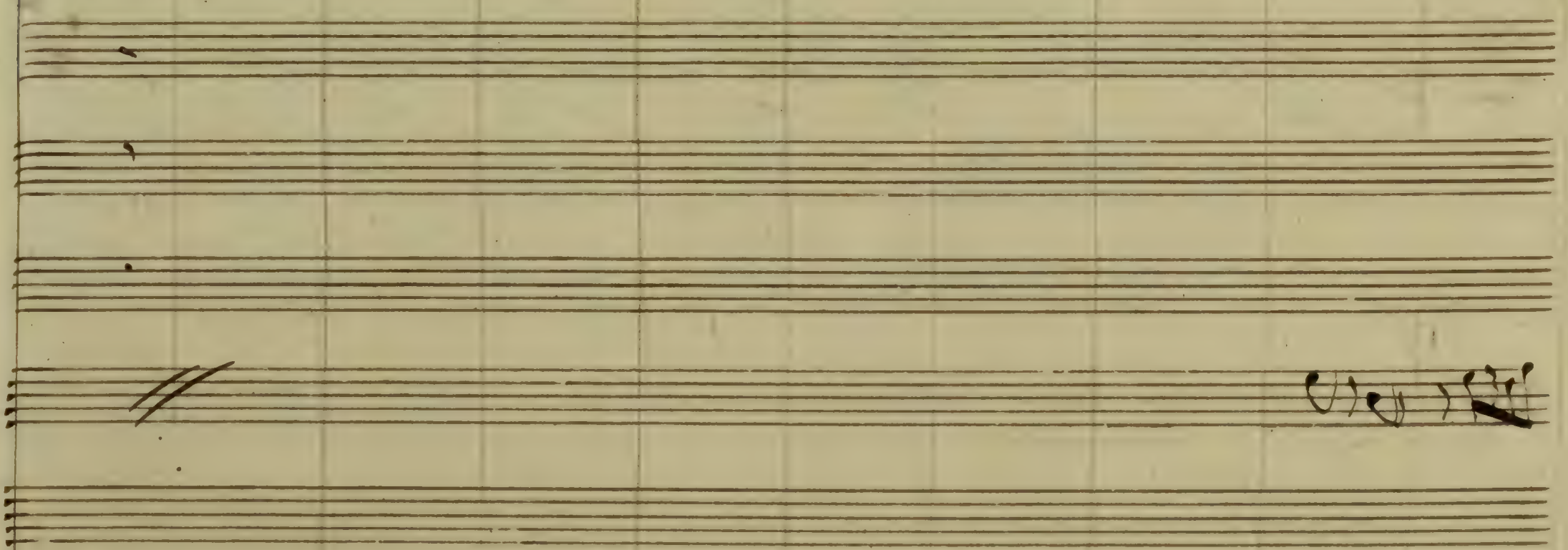
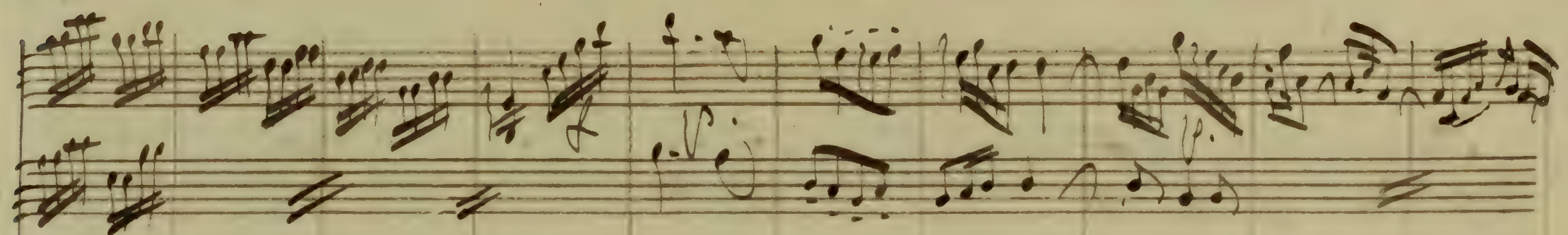
tanto umano da un tenero amore da un te-nero





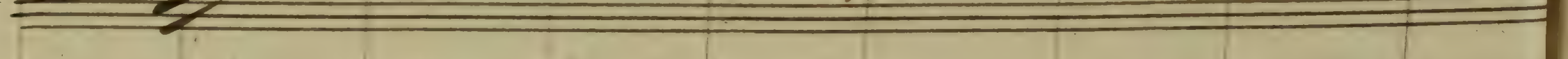
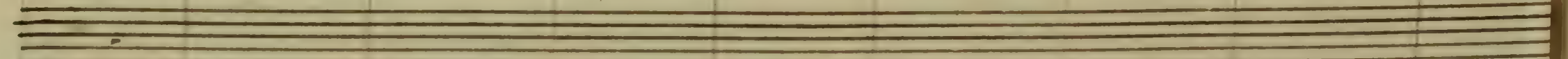
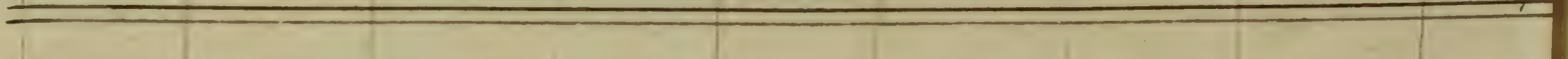
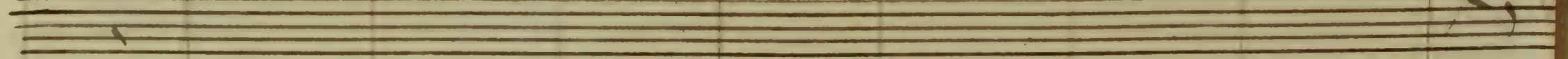
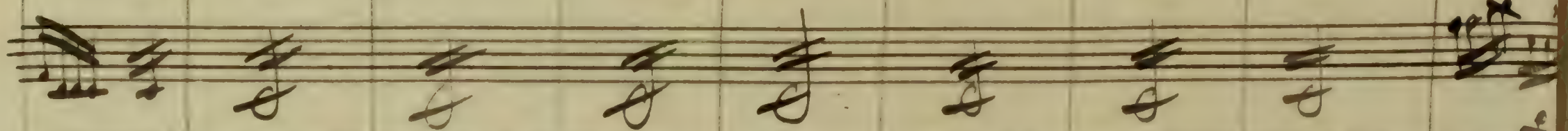
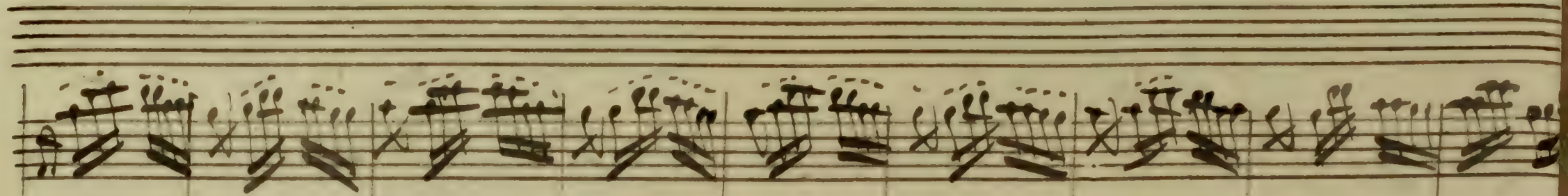
trore periglio soccorso! consiglio misento mo

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The notes are slanted and dense, with some accidentals (sharps and flats) visible. The notation is in a historical style, possibly from the 17th or 18th century. Below the notes, there are two lines of text: "trore periglio" and "soccorso! consiglio misento mo".



Handwritten musical notation with lyrics in Italian. The lyrics are written below the notes.

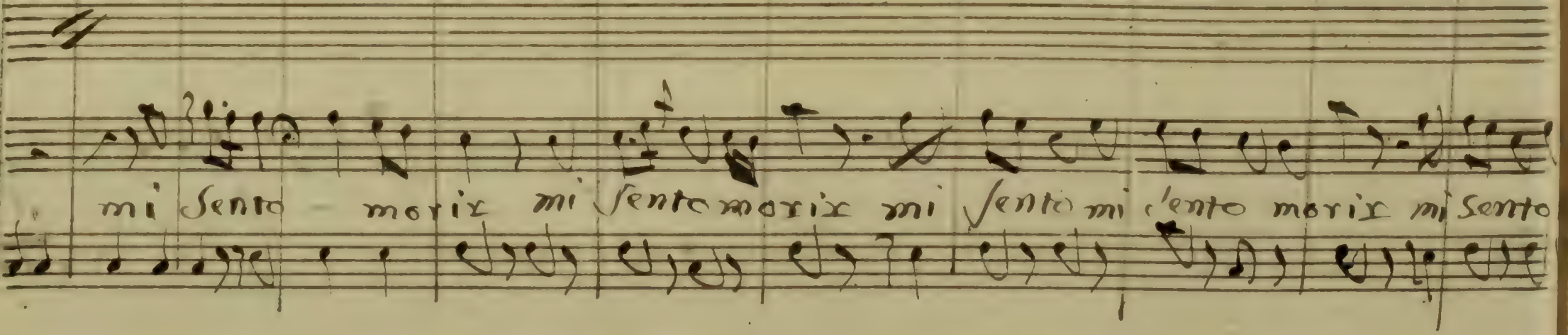
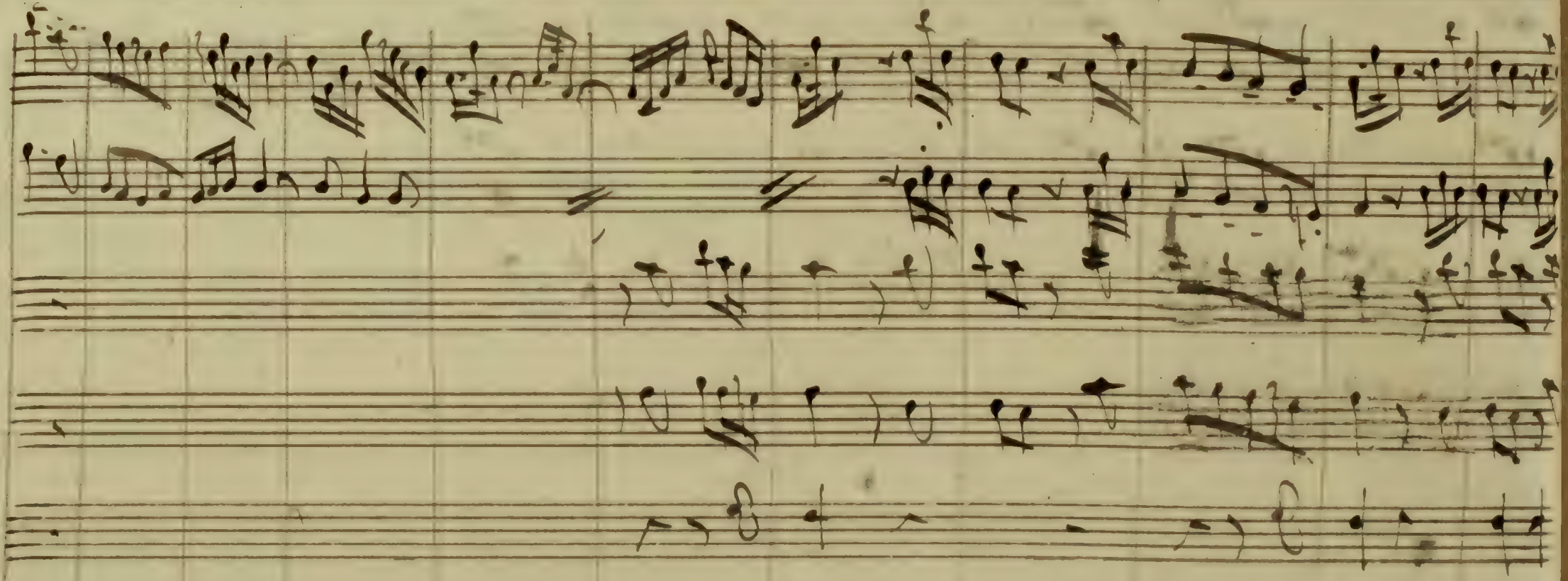
rir Soccorso Soccorso Consiglio mi sento — morir mi sento mo



rix se guardo il germano gia corro a fevir se penso a quel core mi sento rapir



fiero cimento di atroce periglio soccorso consiglio mi sento morir che fiero che fiero cimento



Handwritten musical score on aged paper. The notation is in brown ink and includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs. The paper shows signs of wear and discoloration.

ento mor ix

Scena XI

Can:

Con:

(Conte Cannetella)

eccola cca' che sta e Genauria

I Dettas

Can:

Con:

dunque

quiuoasi con quella

a buje parlate

adorata

neura

eccil tuo

Conte Lodovico e fieri

in te ben mio

Ah mer

gnor

conosco

l'impostura

ed l'autor

questa vil donna

vinta da un

folle

e temerario affetto

a finger chi non lei ti

Can:

Con:

cosa) oggi che tu per me sara' malora

Fin:

Con:

senti per pietà se ti caltassi troppo secca sara' Dece

Fin:

Con:

puoi che un impostor tu sei che mi aueni o ve

Can:

on io pe l'arraggia mo me la pigliarria co no diavole

impettola ma zino vedite la ciarappa che te ll'hano vestuto già

con:
con te quegli lasciarmi solo io pensero' c'oggi tuo sposo

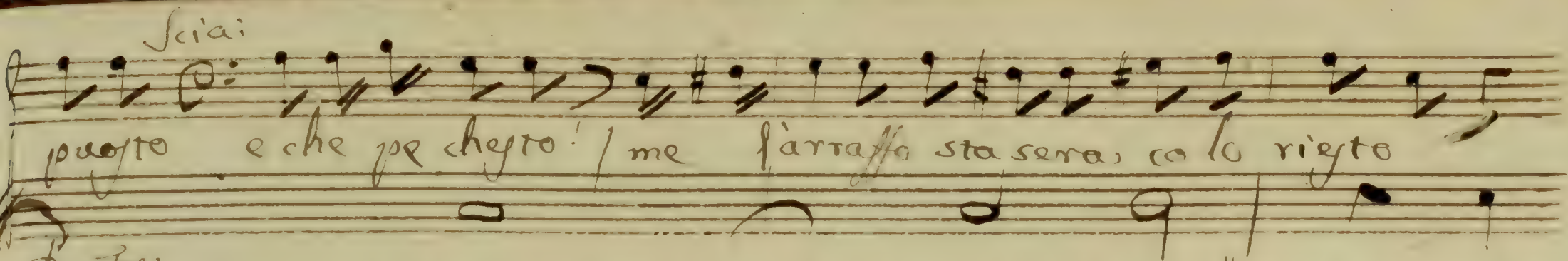
can:
sia) mo me ne vao signo' pechi vut bene fame da p'oggi

chella lla' la cucca vide lo malandrino comè lo dice bello la p

Scena XII:
rucca Sciarappa D: Fey: Tu Sai ca st'abb
ed il Conte

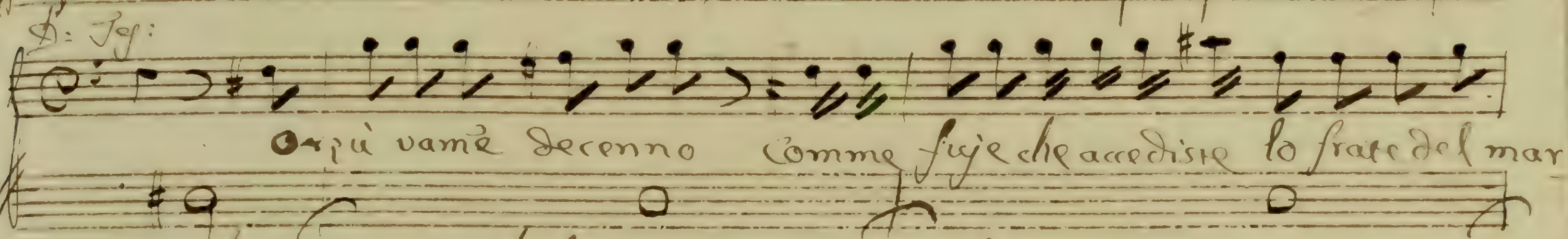
Scia: D: Fey:
tuccio ti sta bene ma n'oggiu visto n'auto ch'è chiu' ricco e te l'au

Scia:



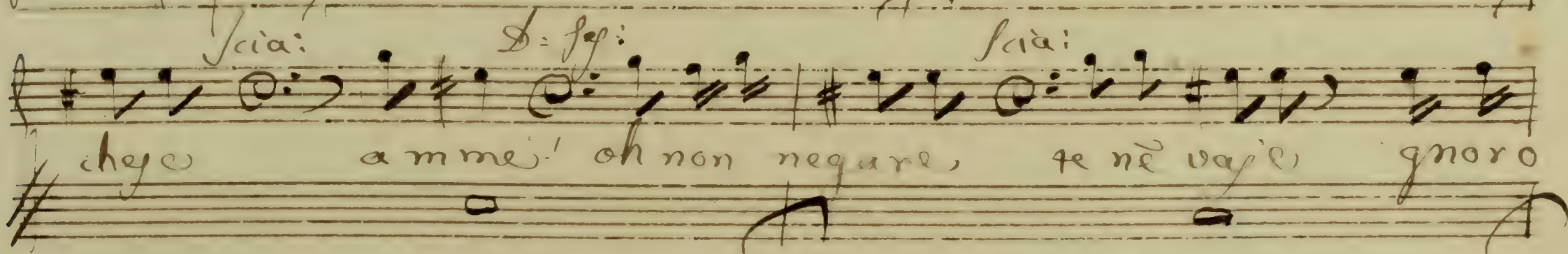
pugno e che pe cheto: / me l'arraffo sta sera, co lo rigto

D: f. g:

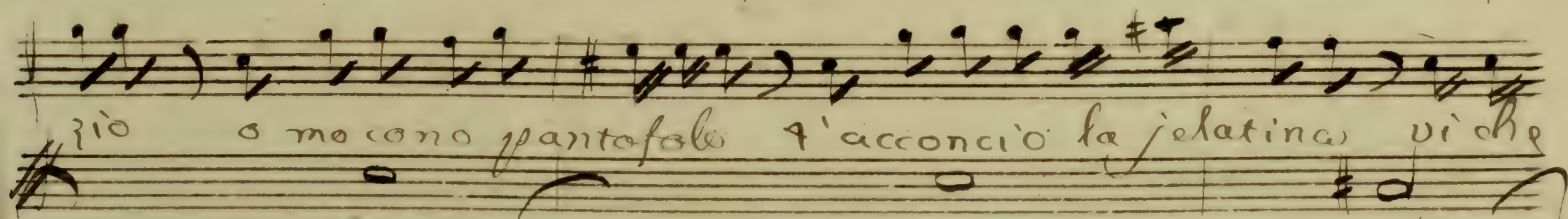


Or più vane decenno Comme fuge che accediste lo frate del mar

Scia: D: f. g: Scia:

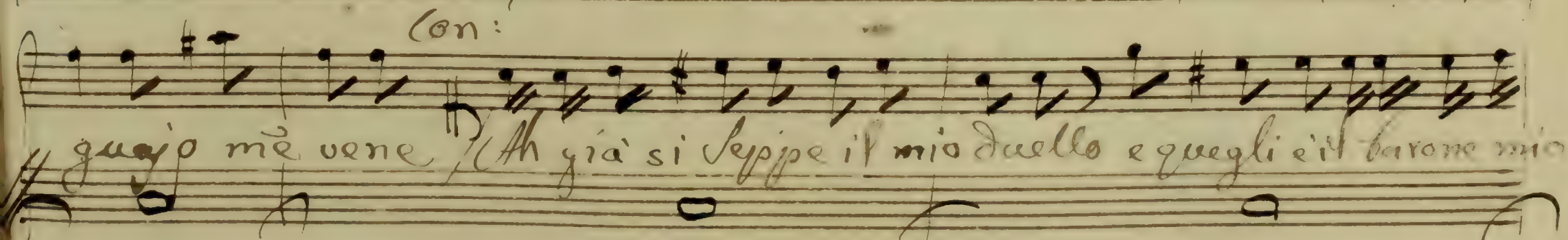


cheo amme! oh non negare, te n'è vaje gnoro



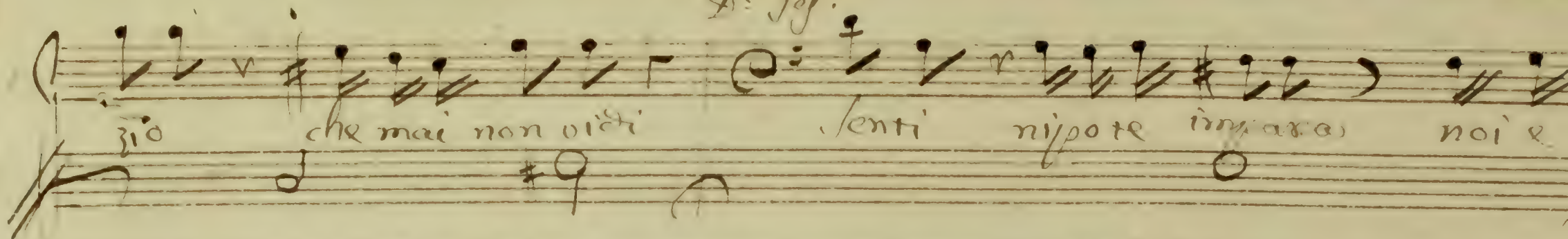
zio o me cono pantofolo t'acconciò la jelatina, vi che

Con:



guajo m'è vene Ah già si seppe il mio duello e quegli è il barone mio

♩: seg.



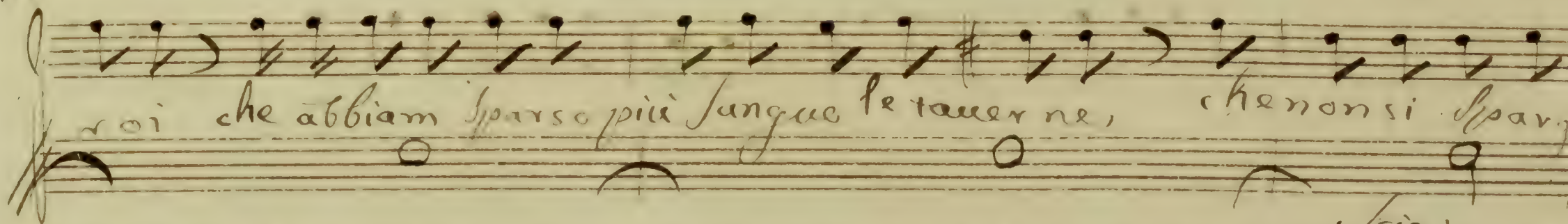
zio

che mai non videri

senti

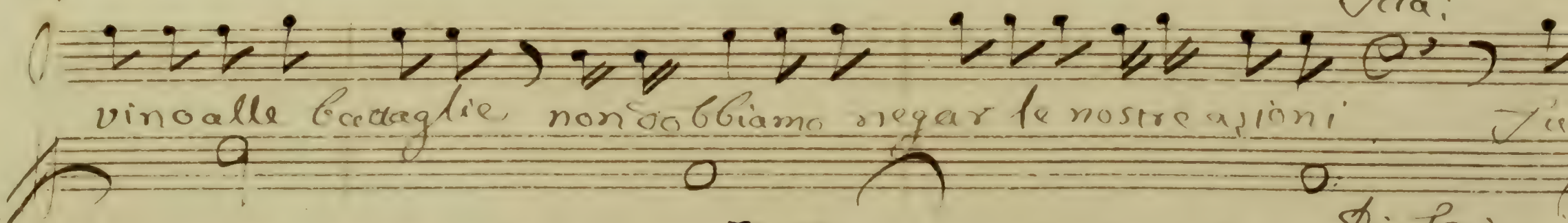
nippote ingarato

noi e



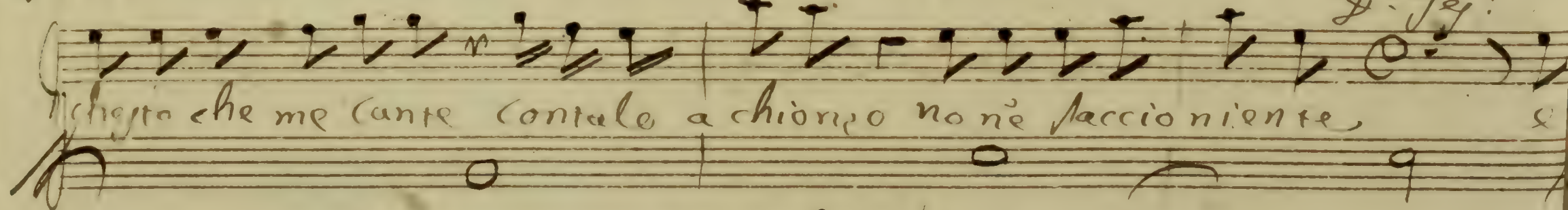
noi che abbiām sparso più sangue le taverne,

che non si sparg



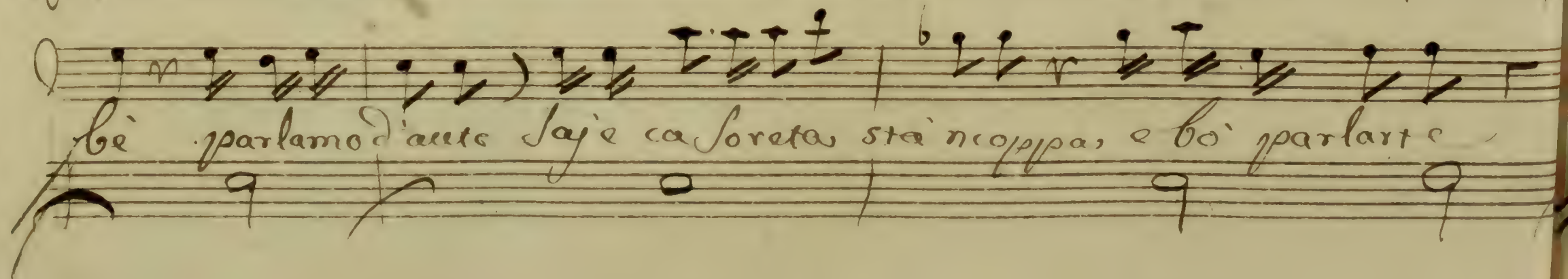
vinco alle bocce e agli e, non abbiamo negar le nostre azioni

Scia:



chiesto che me cante contale a chionzo no n'è faccione niente,

♩: seg.



be parlamod'auto saje ca soreta sta n'oppa, e bo' parlat e

lia:
chi menella / mo che sta mē scomoglia, ~~ma~~ nel so' aiso vide c'alta ca

D: fff:
stagna qua minella; iō ti parlo di sora Camilla, ch'è fuggita di

Scia: *con:* *Scia:*
cava e bō perduono oh Camilla che sento e bi che

D: fff:
zaro che aveva pigliato Orzù saglimō ncoppa e amio vi-

Scia:
guardo l'haje da perdonare, oh questo no: / vattimo la ca

Ad. Jap. i

panna) senti v'ipote mia, io di panti ne so: ne si' puo'

dire sbreguogno una che fuje non c'è storia, che non ha' qualche

sua fuggita, nenna) studia) come io studio Paris, e Bix

mu

69 mu

simil

dico lo donato ma quacosa anche di più ma quacosa che di più e però quand'io ragguiono non t

Violini

f. simil

Oboè

Tronconi

Clafà

Viola

Legione

Al. Spinia

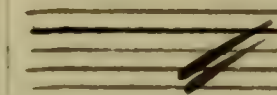
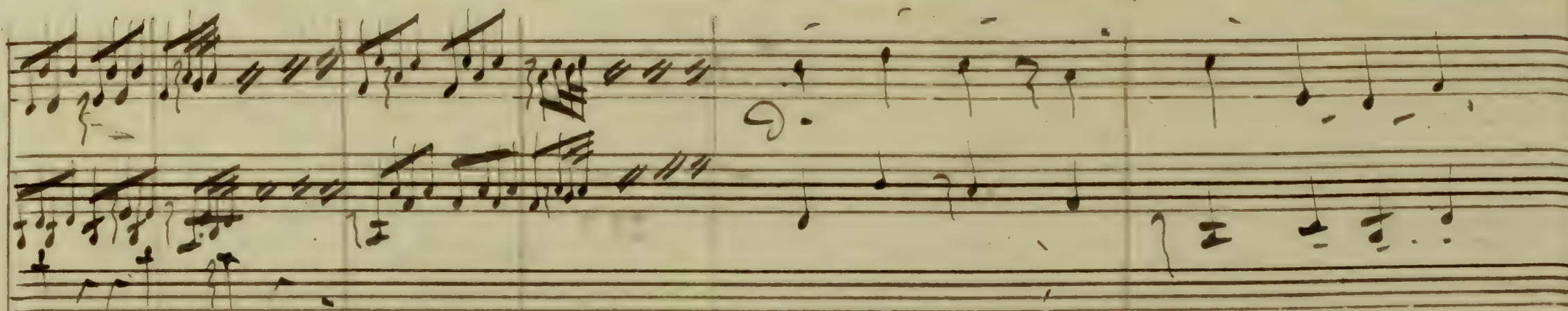
p.

f. Sentiamene nepotemig ioso molto ed hostudiato n

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals. A small word, possibly "simil", is written above the first staff.

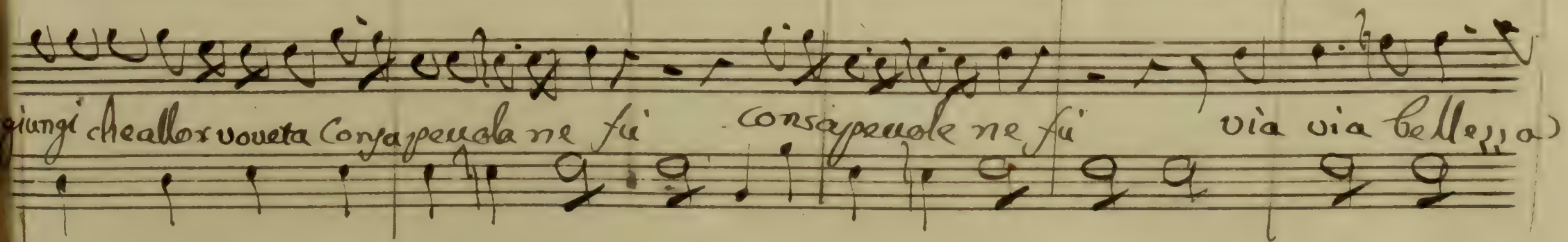
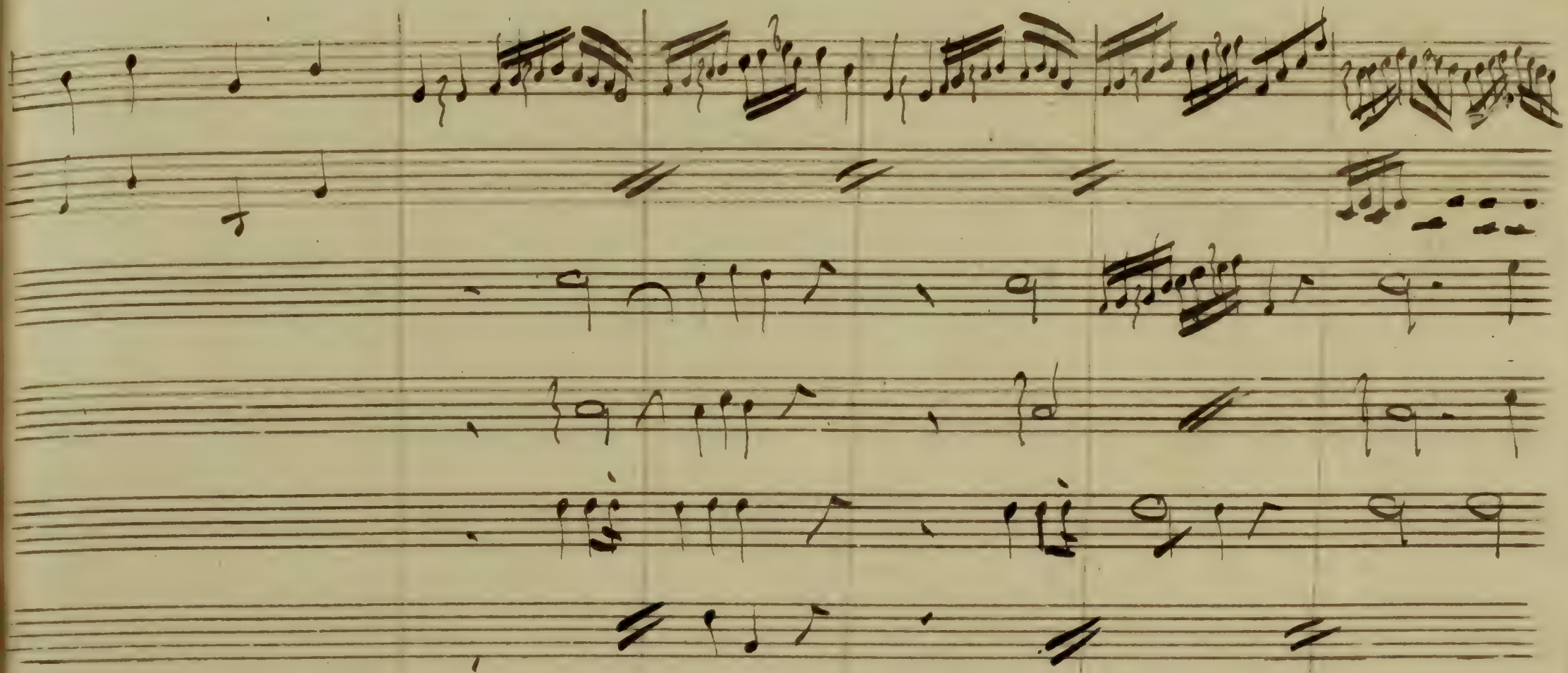
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals.

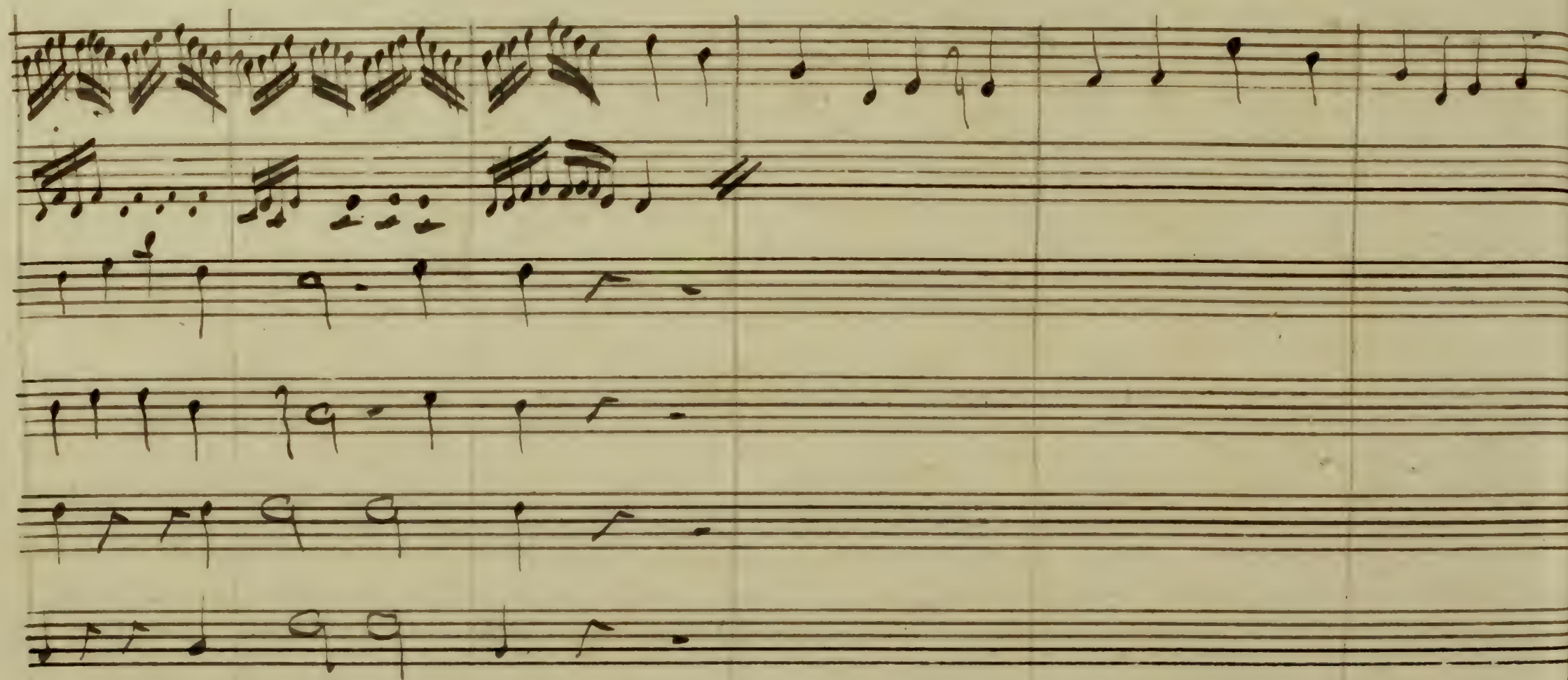
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals. Below the staves, there is a line of text in Italian: "vedere che sono la Campana ndi ndi ndi Jaggioditto canie' niente".



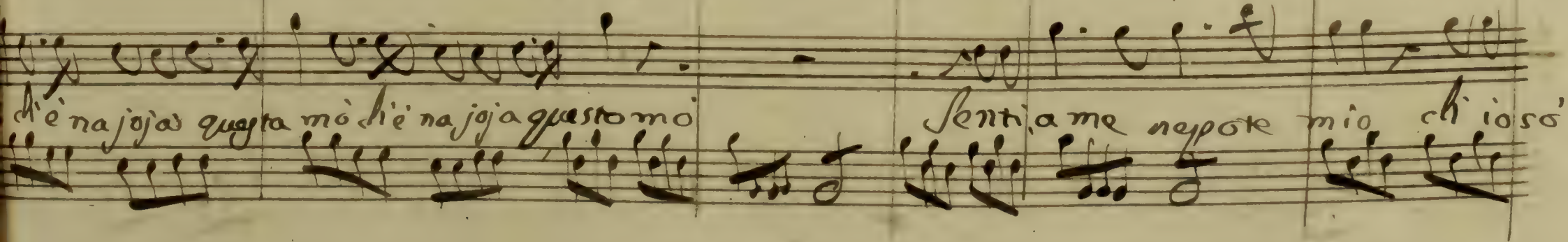
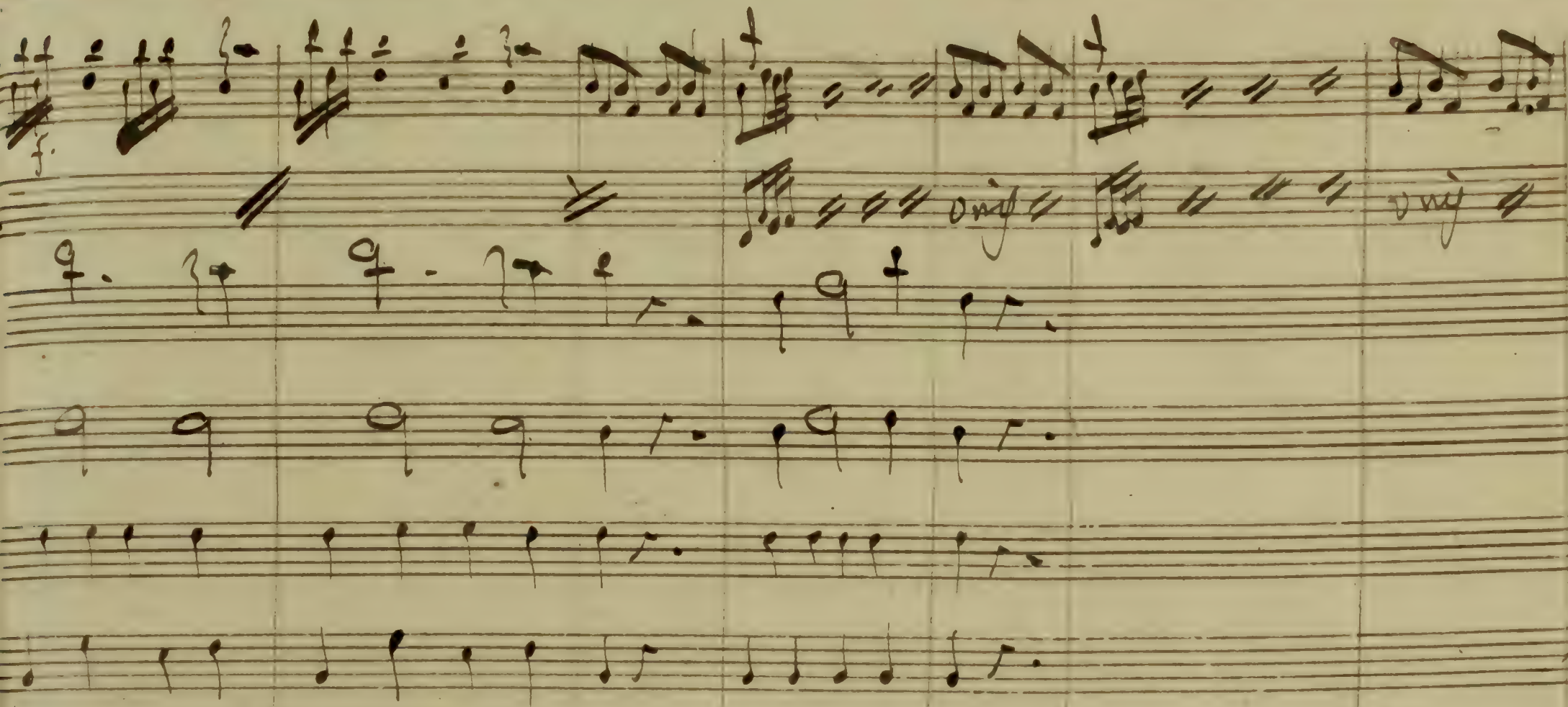
si n'è niente ma potè chi more sente qual che adesso à fatto sorèta non lo fece porji mameta an

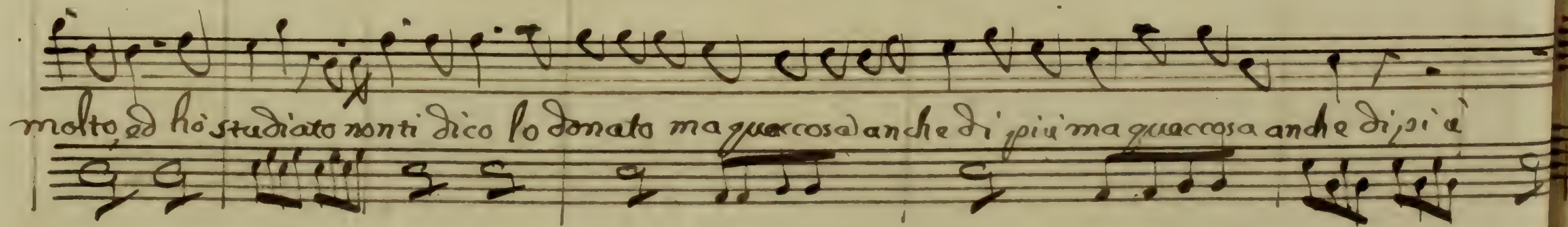
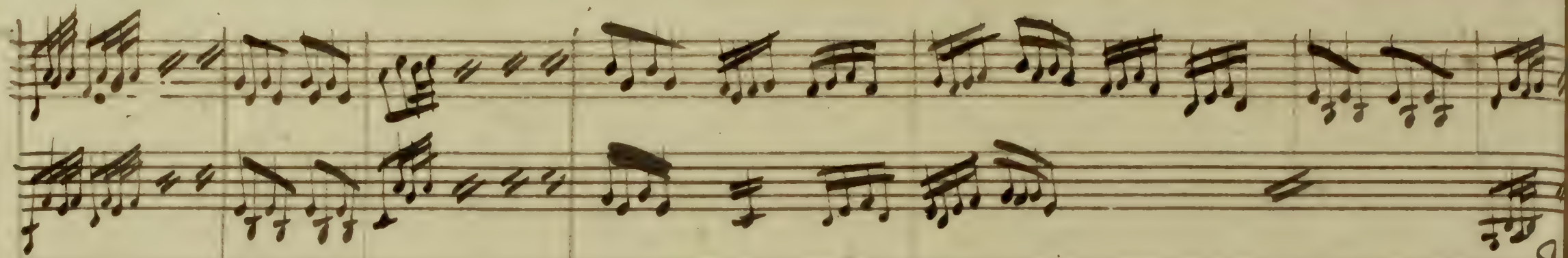
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff continues the melody with various note values and rests. The bottom staff provides a harmonic accompaniment with a series of beamed eighth notes.



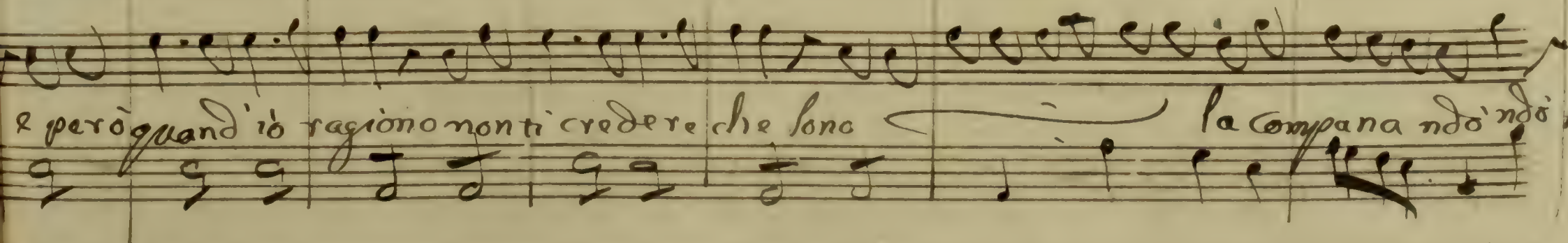
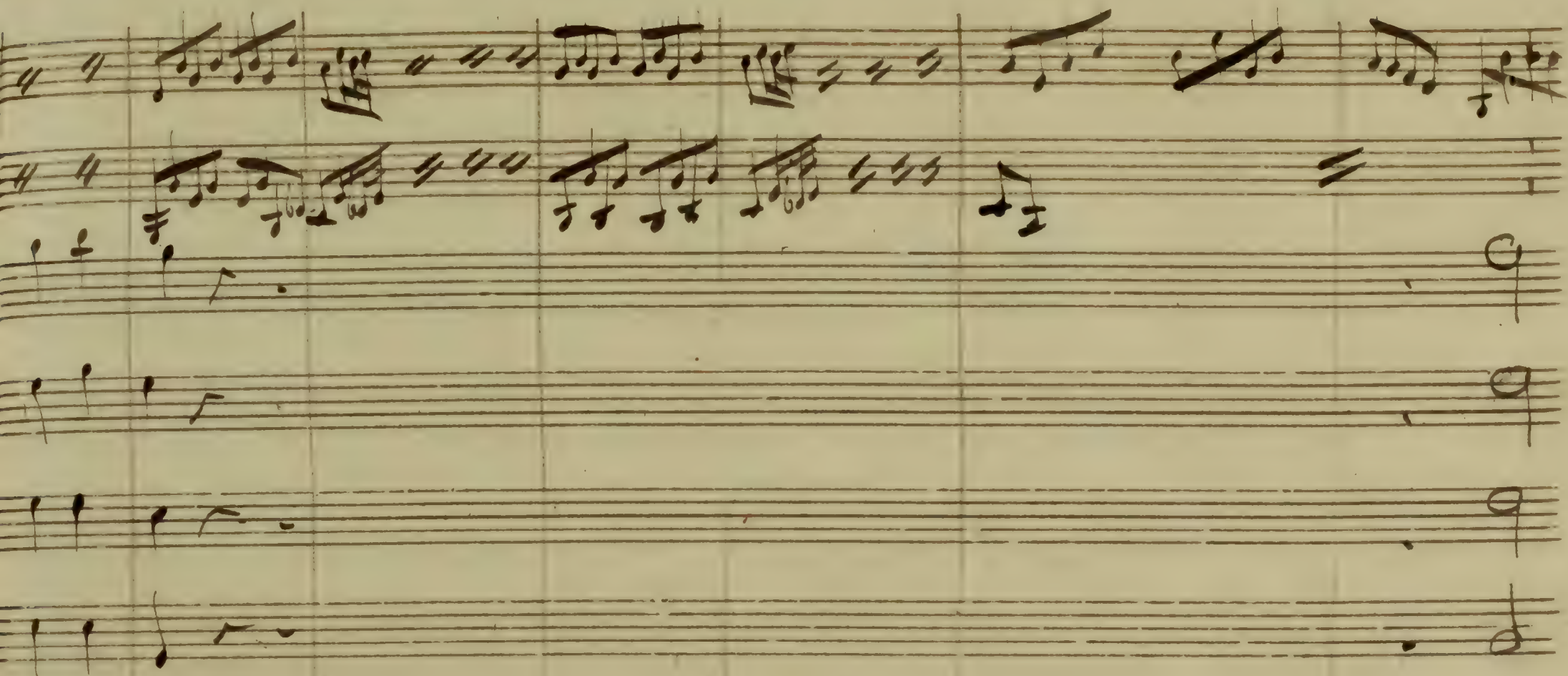


mia ch'è na joia ch'esta mò via via bella mia ch'è na joia agguata via via bella mia che na joia

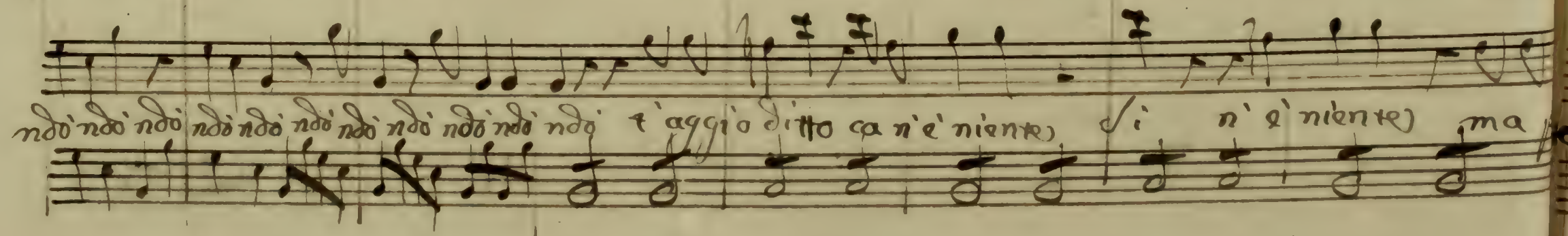
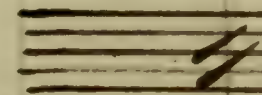
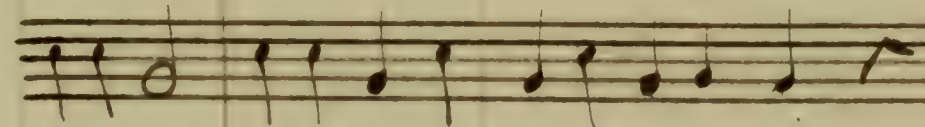
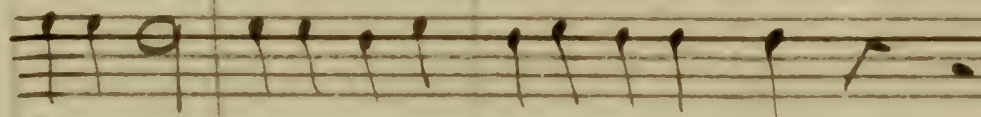
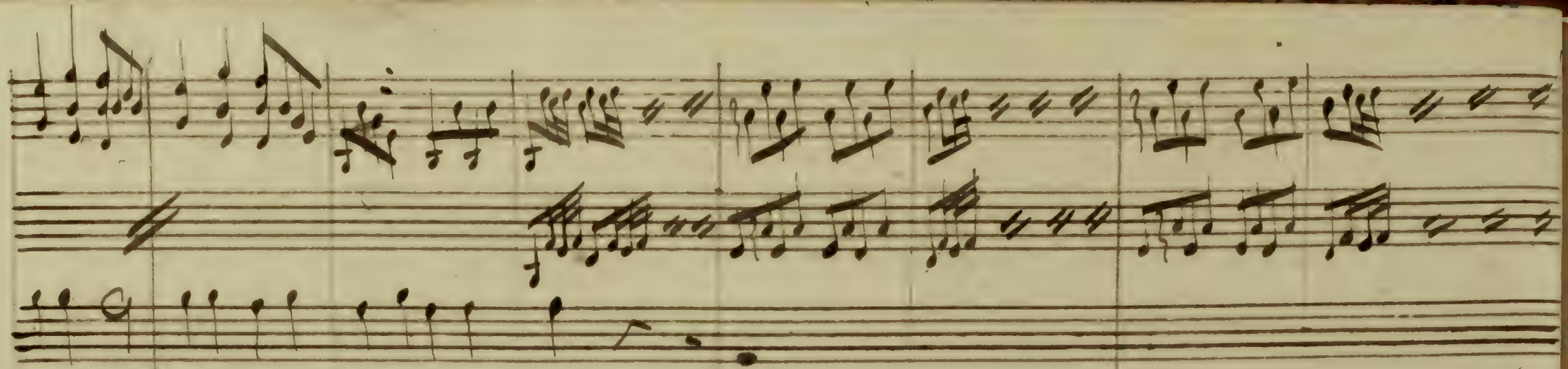


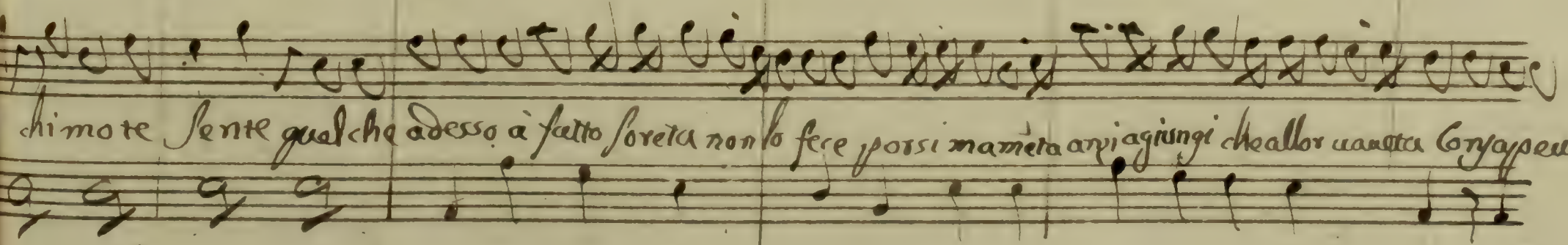
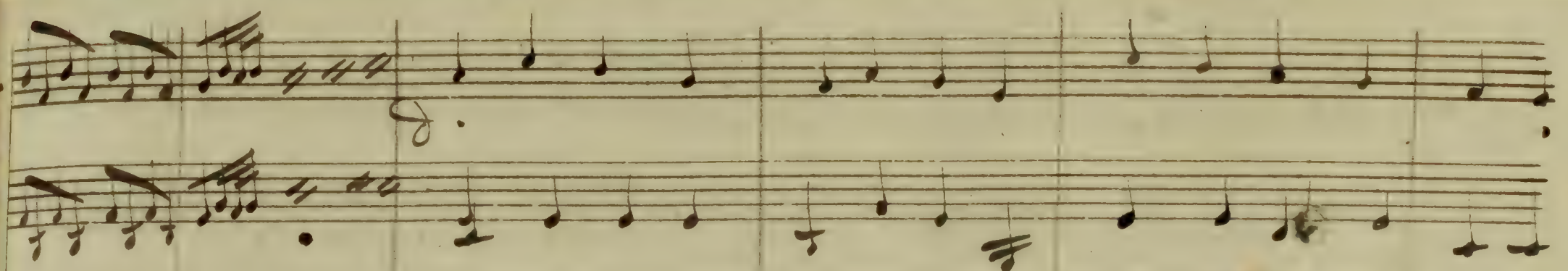


molto ed ho studiato nonti dico lo donato ma quaccosa anche di piu ma quaccosa anche di piu a

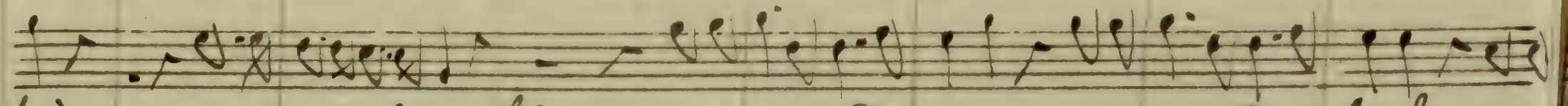
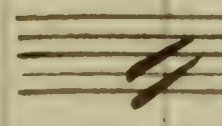
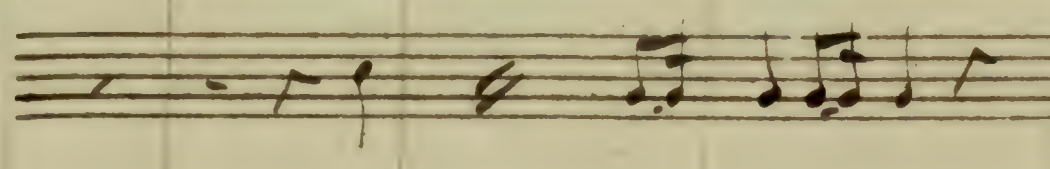
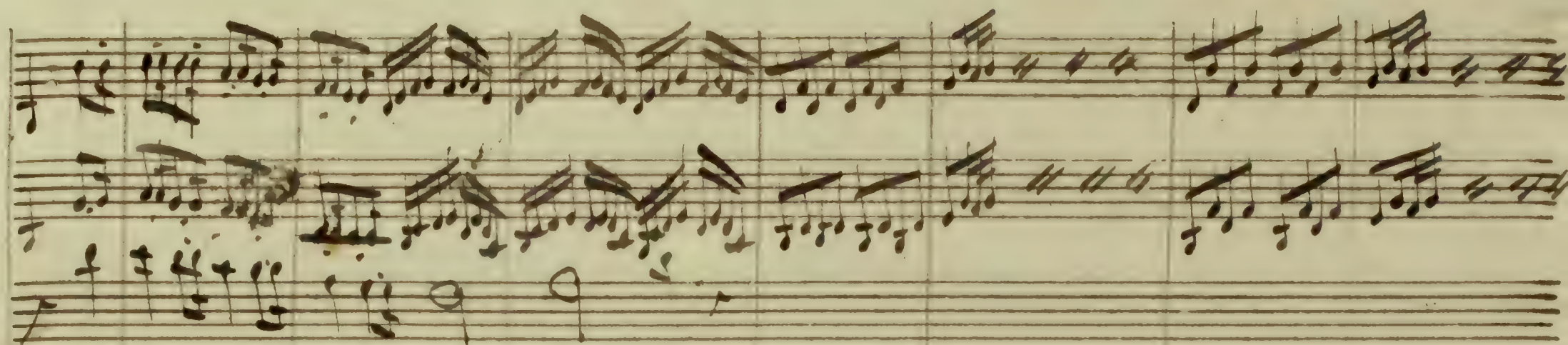


e però quand'io ragiono non ti credere che sono la compagna ndo'ndo'ndo'

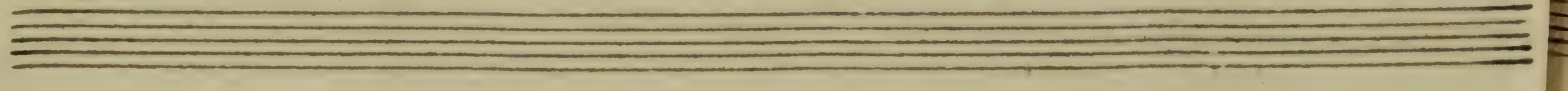


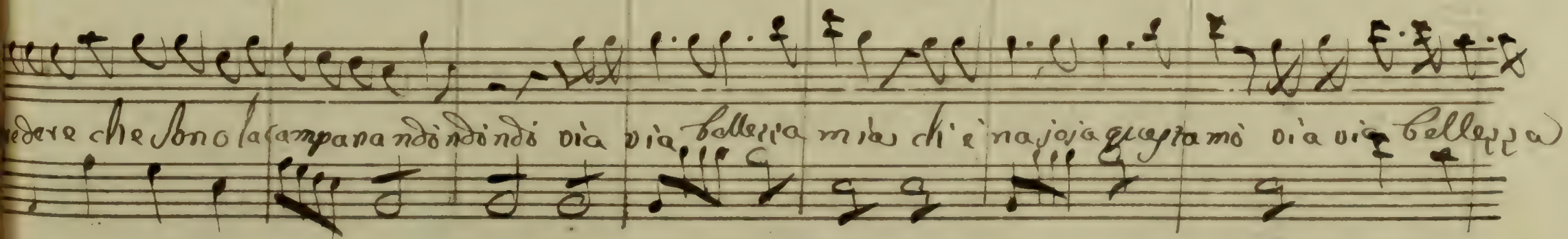
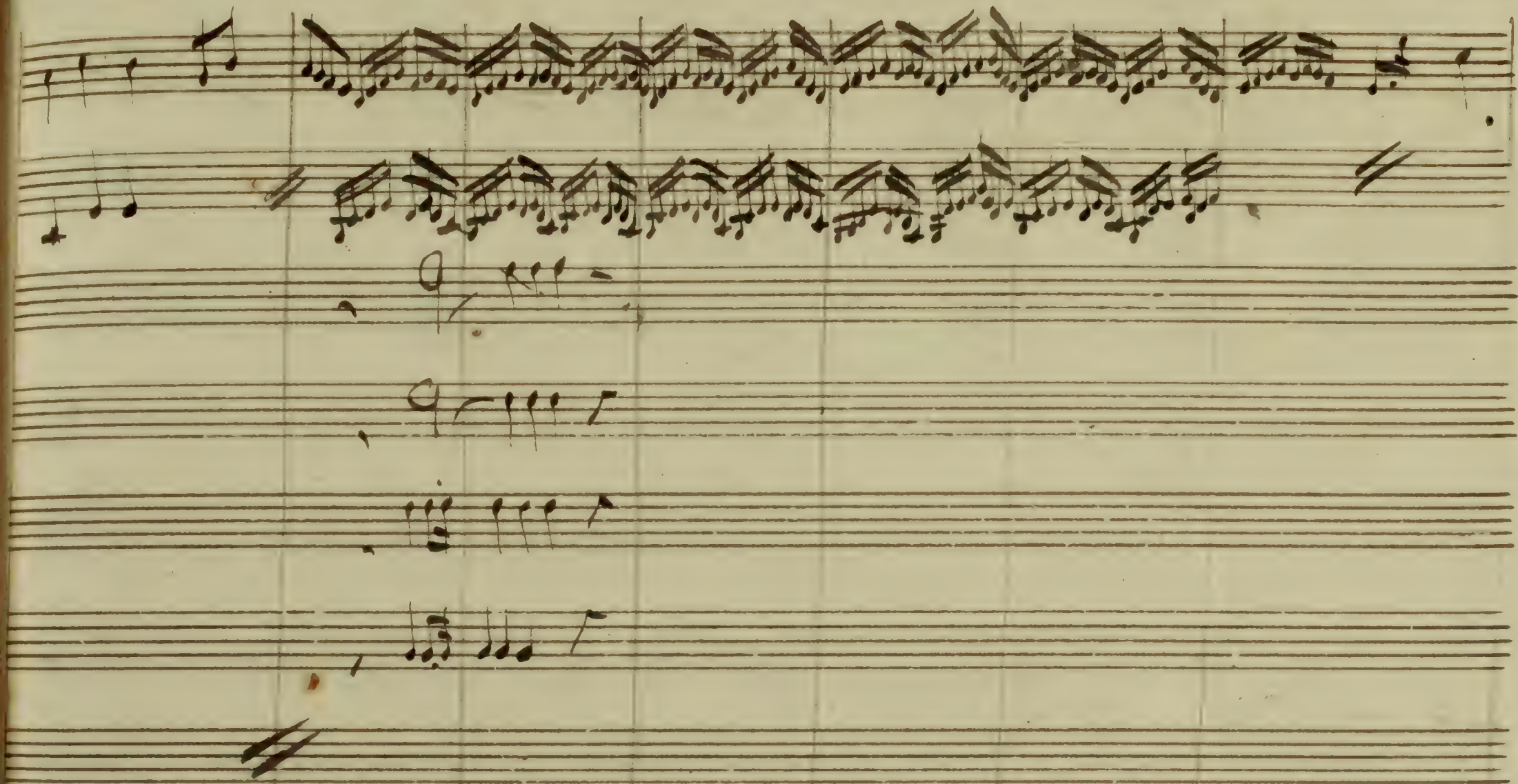


chimo te sente qualche adesso a fatto soreta non lo fece possi mameta anj agiungi che allor uaneta conyapevole ne

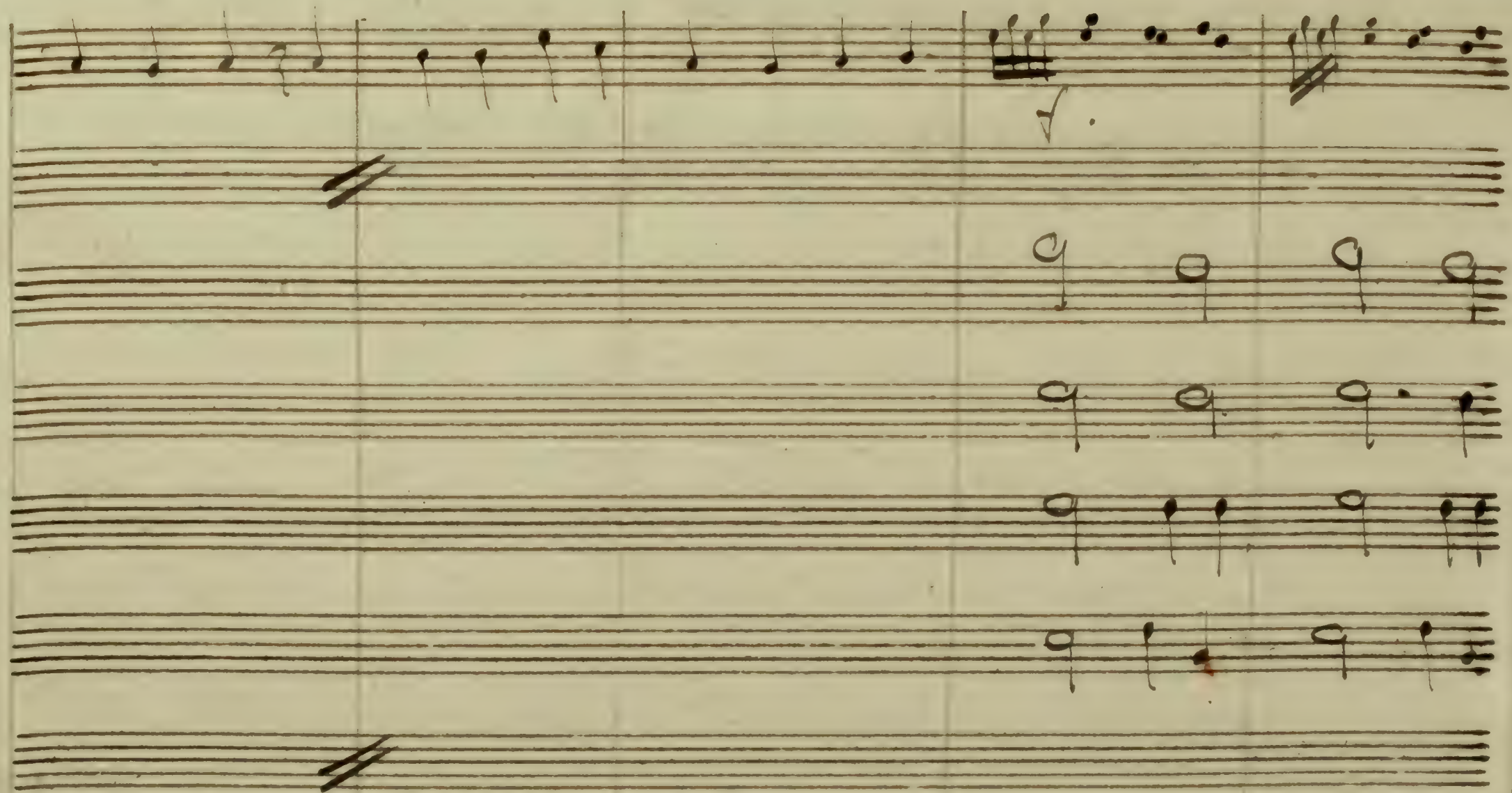


fu conapevole ne fu' e però quando io ragguiono non ti credere che sono non t



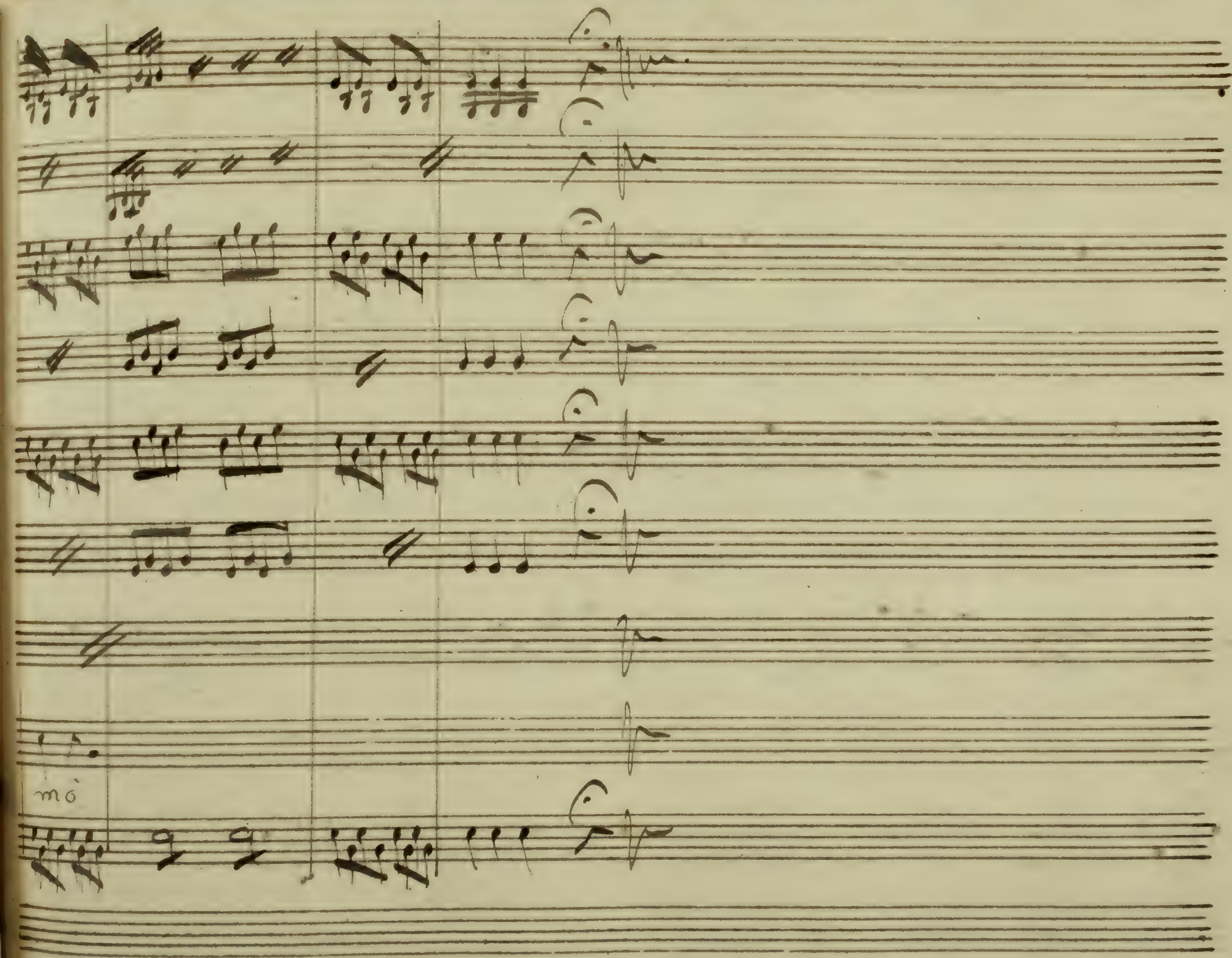


vedere che sono la campana ndò ndò via via ballerìa mda ch'è na joia grata mò oia via ballerìa



mia ch'è na joja questa mò via via bella mia ch'è na joja questa mò ch'è na joja questa mò ch'è na joja

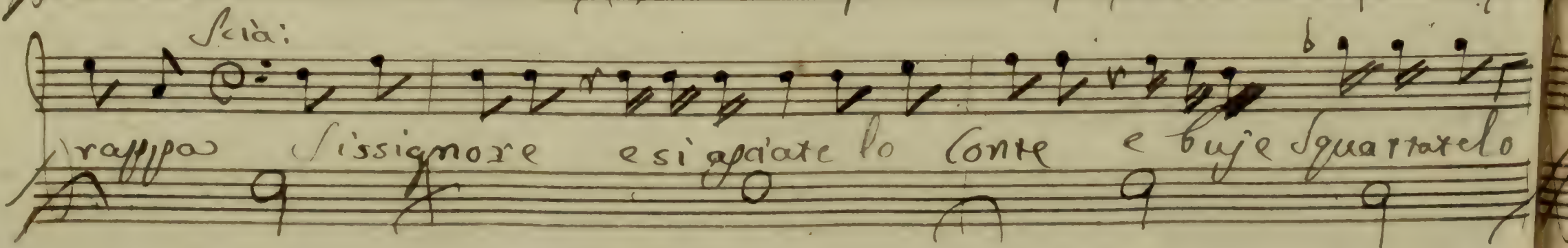
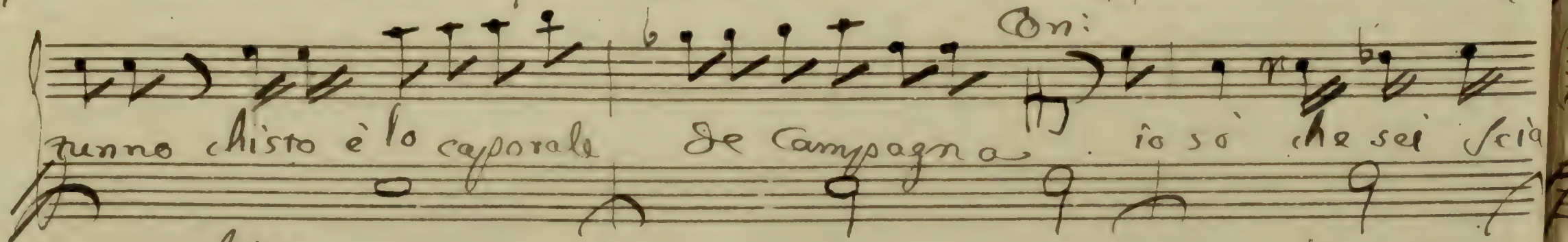
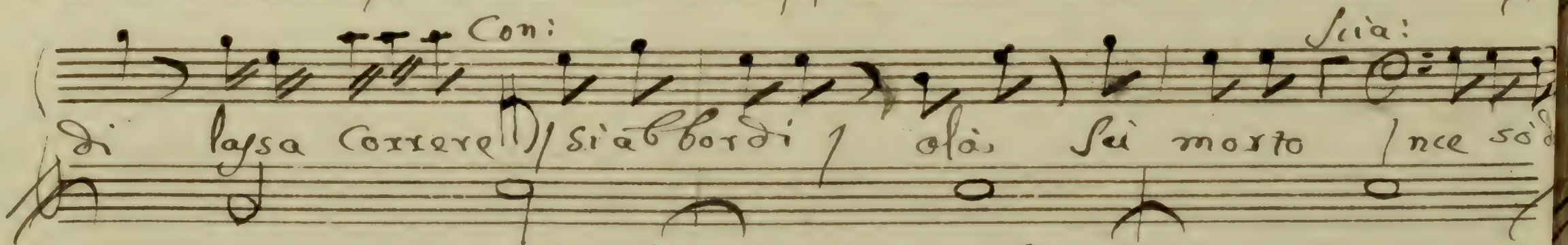
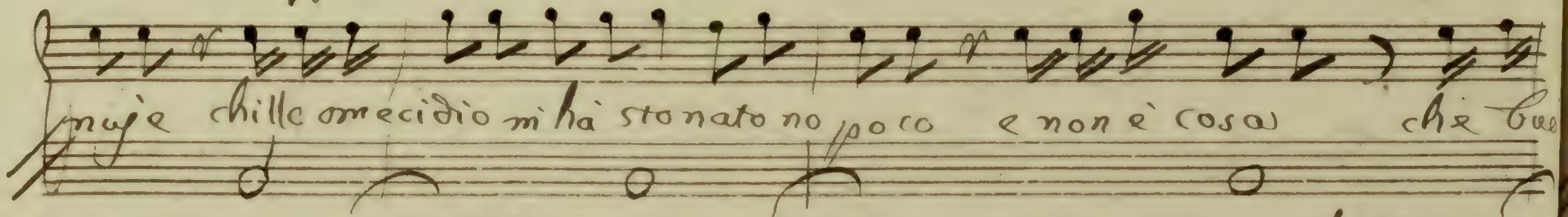
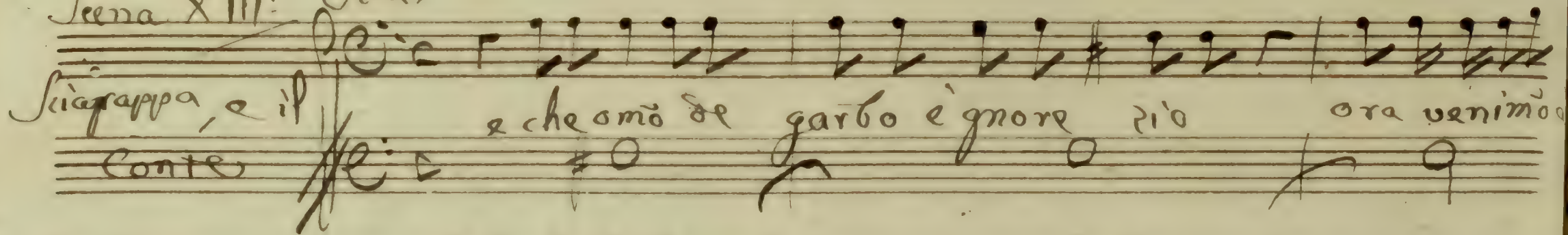
Handwritten musical score on ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation is dense and appears to be a complex piece of music. The paper is aged and shows some staining.



The musical score is written on ten staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The notation includes many beamed notes, suggesting a fast or complex melody. There are also some larger notes and rests interspersed. The ink is dark, and the paper is off-white with some foxing and staining, particularly on the right side. The handwriting is somewhat cursive and typical of 18th or 19th-century musical notation.

mo

Scena XIII: Scia:



non: Scia:
Io sono il Conte oh amico e quando è cheso cado ma -

Con: jore mò mē spoglio ferma per questo giorno intero seguita pure a

dic che il Conte sei per ueder se il marchese dell' ucciso ger -

Scia:
man vendetta prende e si quod'apsit le venesse n capo de mē so -

Con: Scia:
ma lo faccio io così allora potrò salvarmi

Con:
mico haena prodenza. de sepparia le punia da no muorto non rep

Scia: Con:
car gverno Solo a Gineura. d'innanziame dirai chi io sono il ver

Scia: Con: Scia:
Conte mō vao Ono del mio fianco più non deui scostarti p'

Con:
vè sempre la morte nante all'uoocchio. Preto si uada spira e se ca

millà l'onor mio afege voglio che muoja per tua. man così ho de

Scia: *Con:*
ciso n'oma upsia me preten'e o nypiso o acciso *Andi-*

Scia: *Con:*
am: ma si ve pare Ah scelerato sul mio voler pretendi ancor di

Scia:
scorre e managgia quanò disse passa correre

Violini

Oboe

Tronbe in
B:

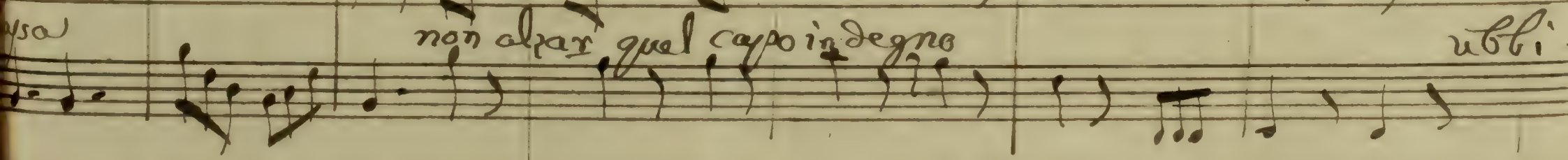
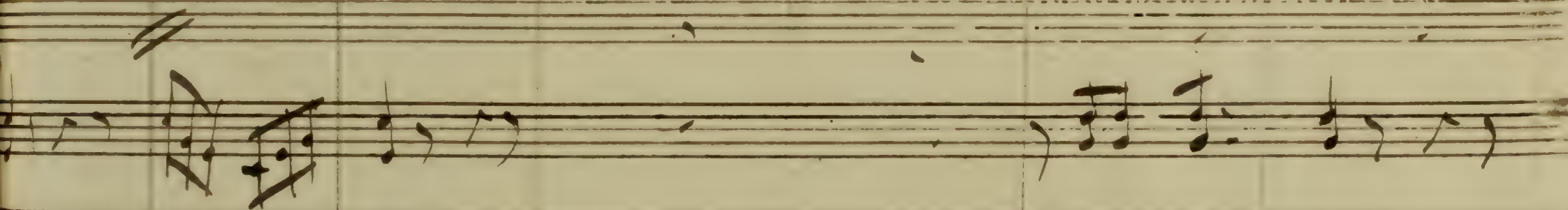
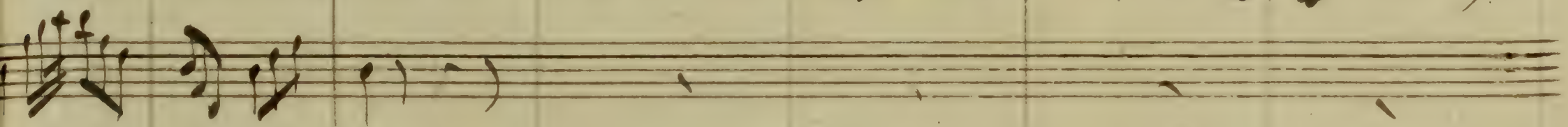
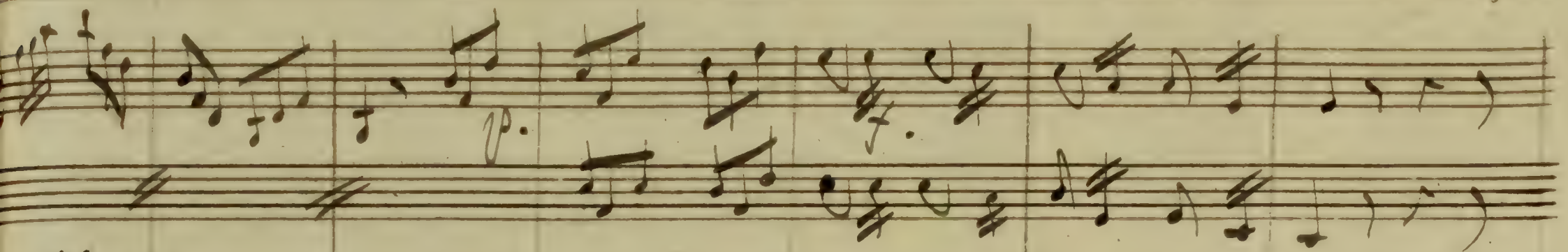
Viola

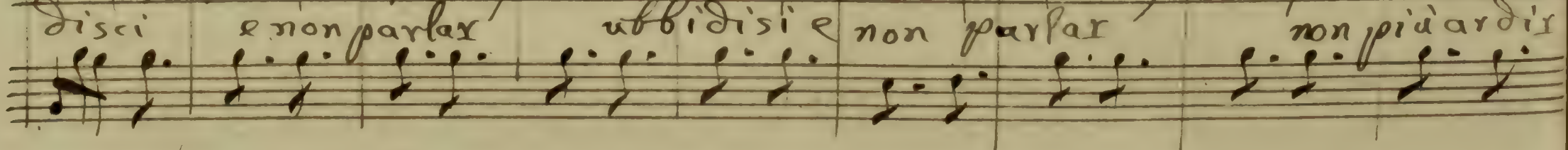
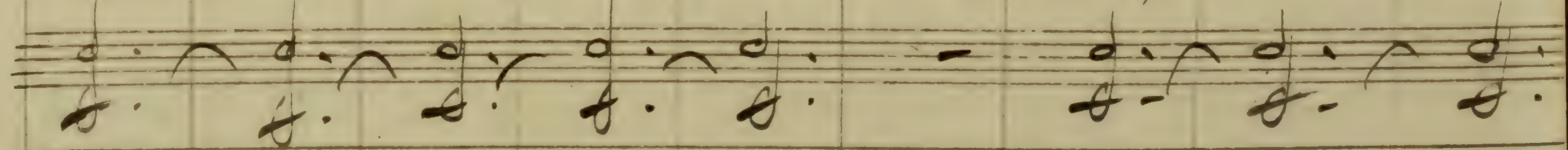
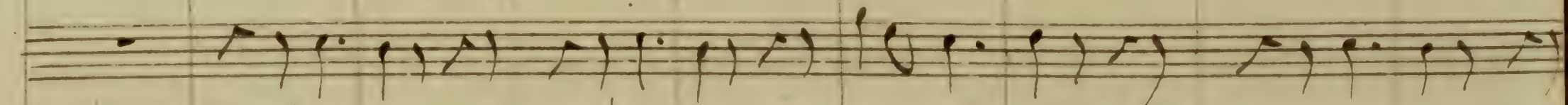
Contr

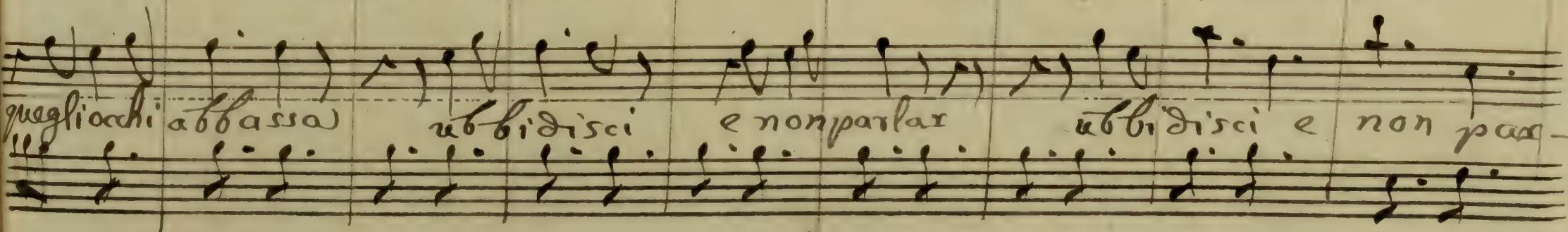
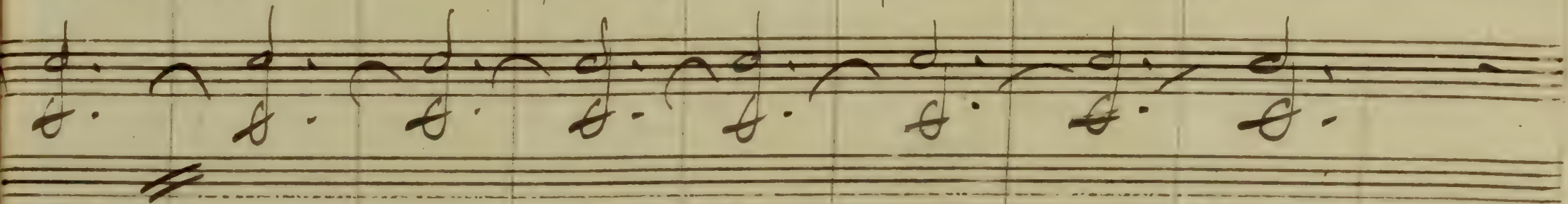
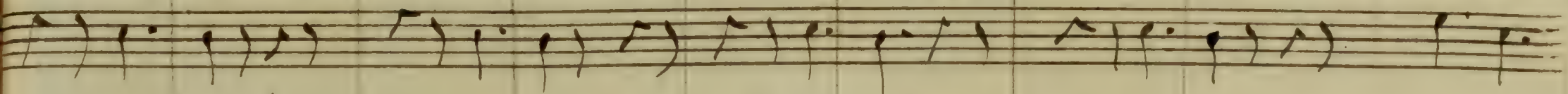
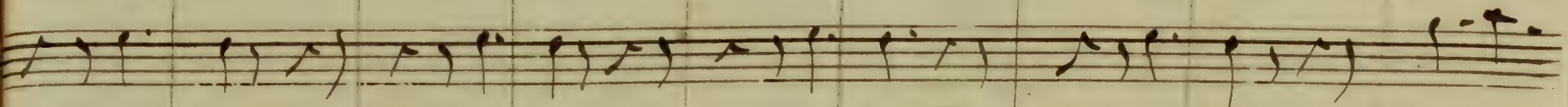
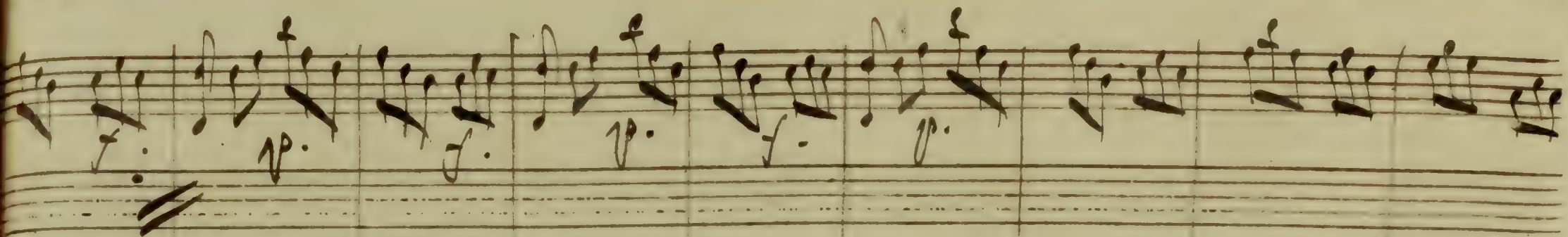
All.
mod.

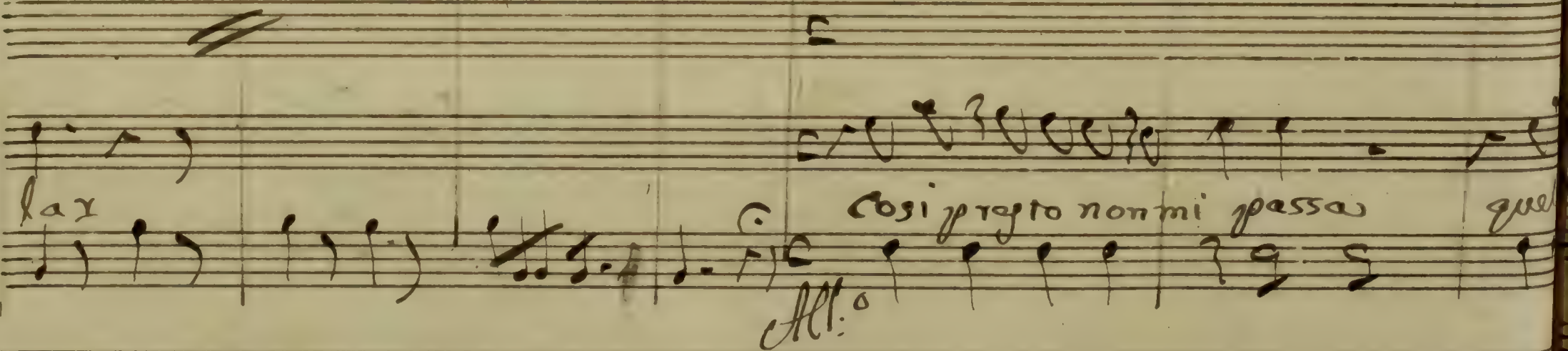
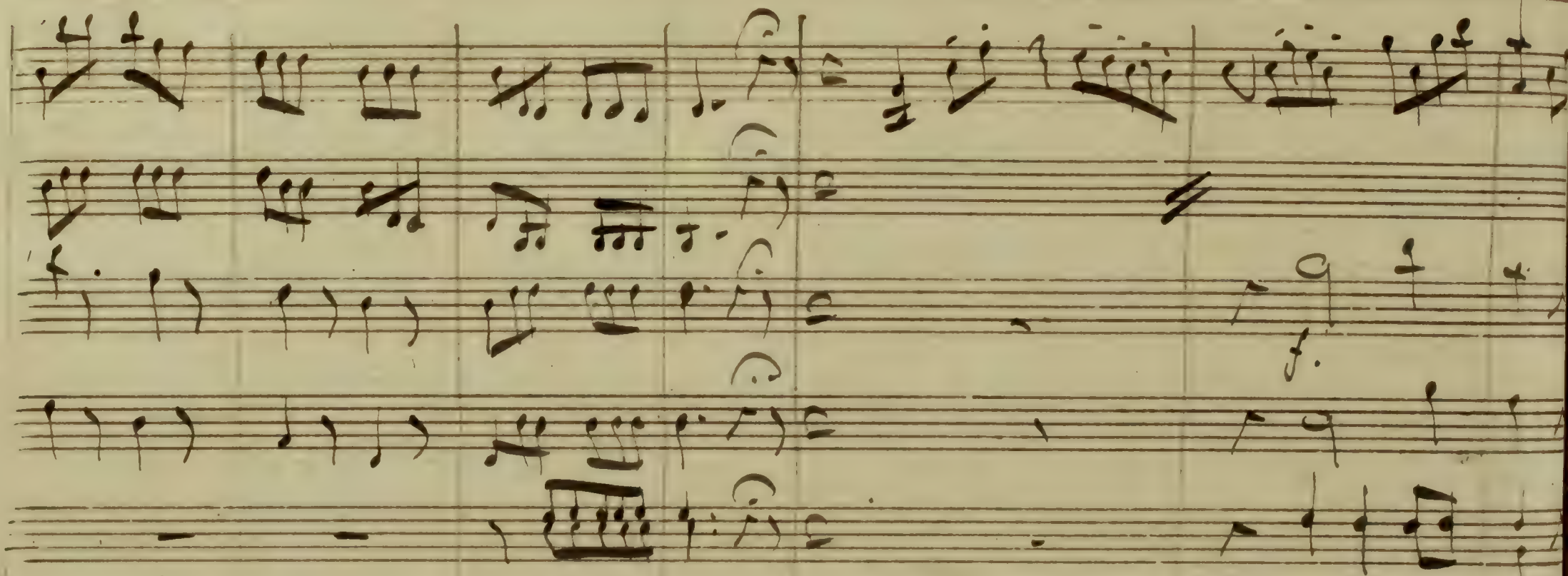
Non più ardire

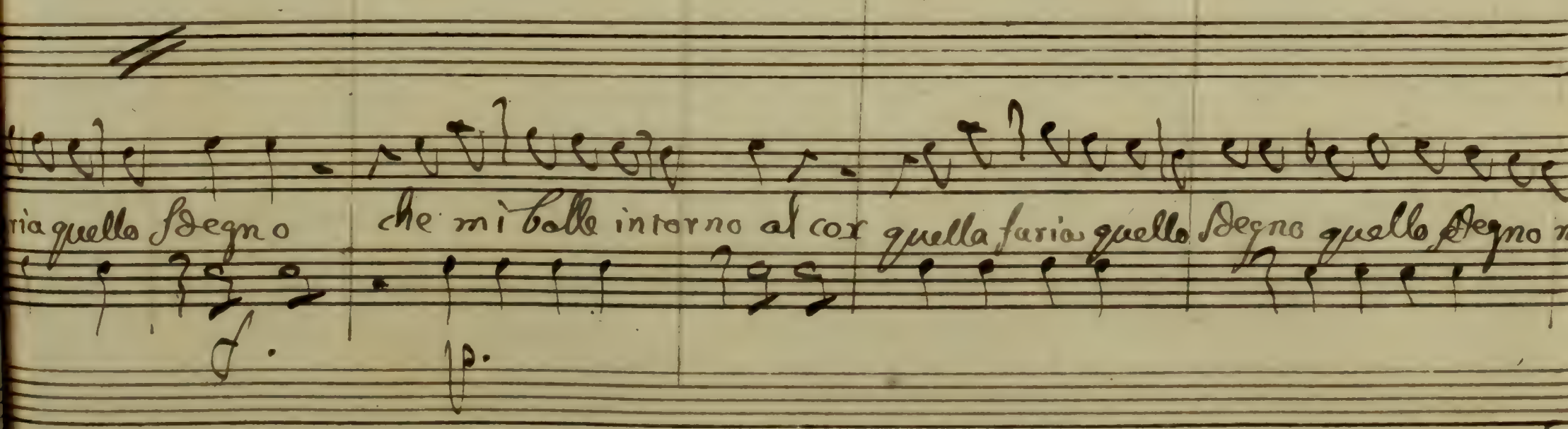
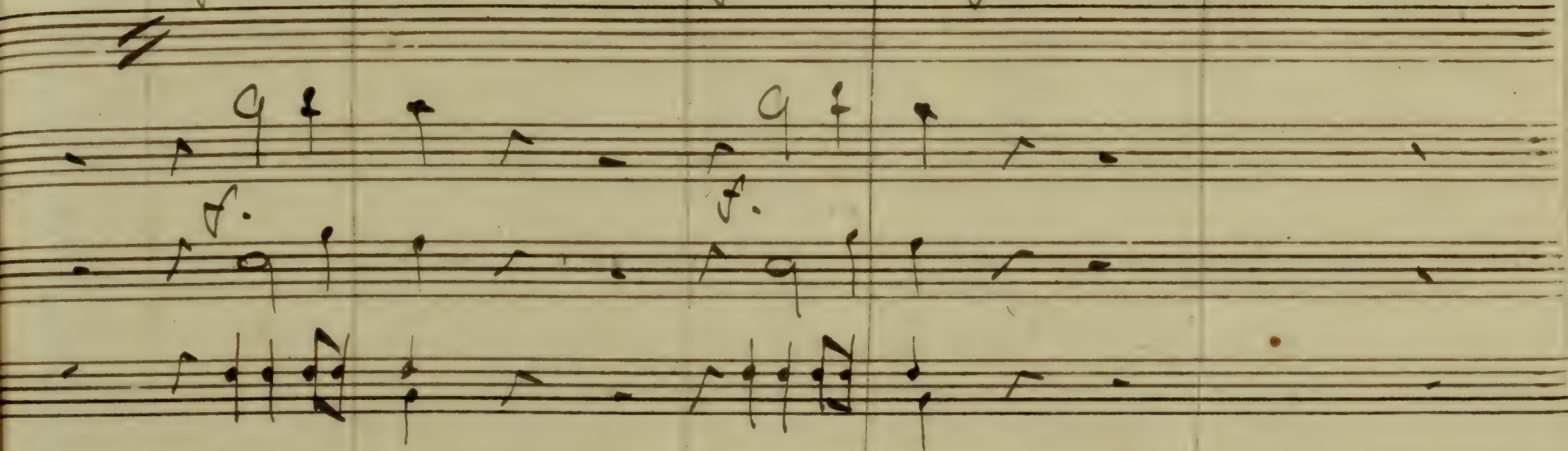
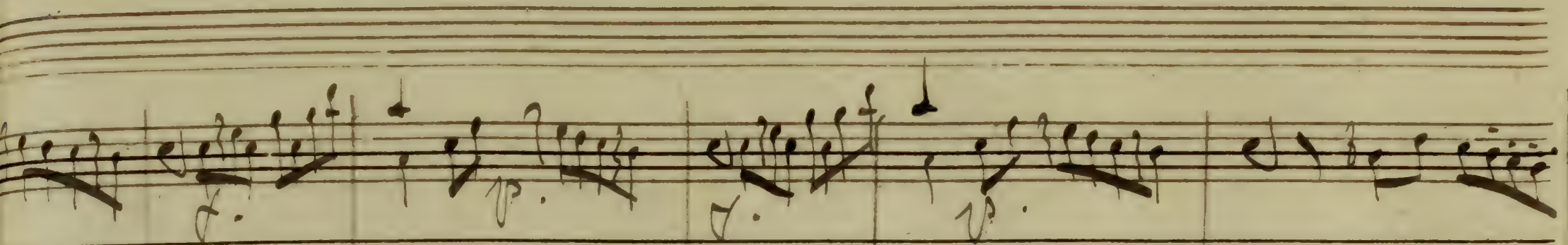
quegli occhi











ria quella Degno che mi balla intorno al cor quella faria quella Degno quella Degno nella

furia che mi balla intorno al cor io non sento in tal momento

Handwritten musical score on two systems of staves. The first system consists of five staves. The top staff contains a melodic line with various note values and rests, with dynamic markings *f-p* and *f* below it. The second staff of the system contains rests. The third staff contains a melodic line with dynamic markings *p* and *p*. The fourth staff contains a melodic line with dynamic markings *p* and *p*. The fifth staff contains rests. The second system also consists of five staves. The top staff contains a melodic line with dynamic markings *f-p* and *f*. The second staff contains rests. The third staff contains a melodic line with dynamic markings *p* and *p*. The fourth staff contains a melodic line with dynamic markings *p* and *p*. The fifth staff contains rests.

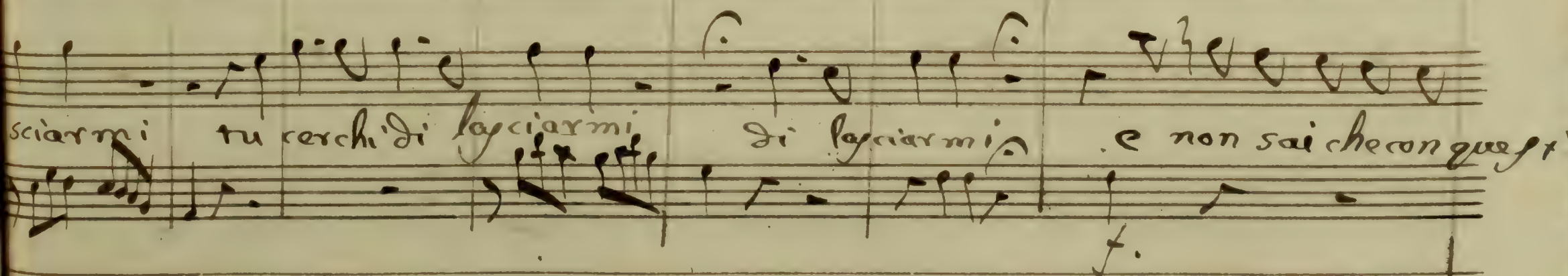
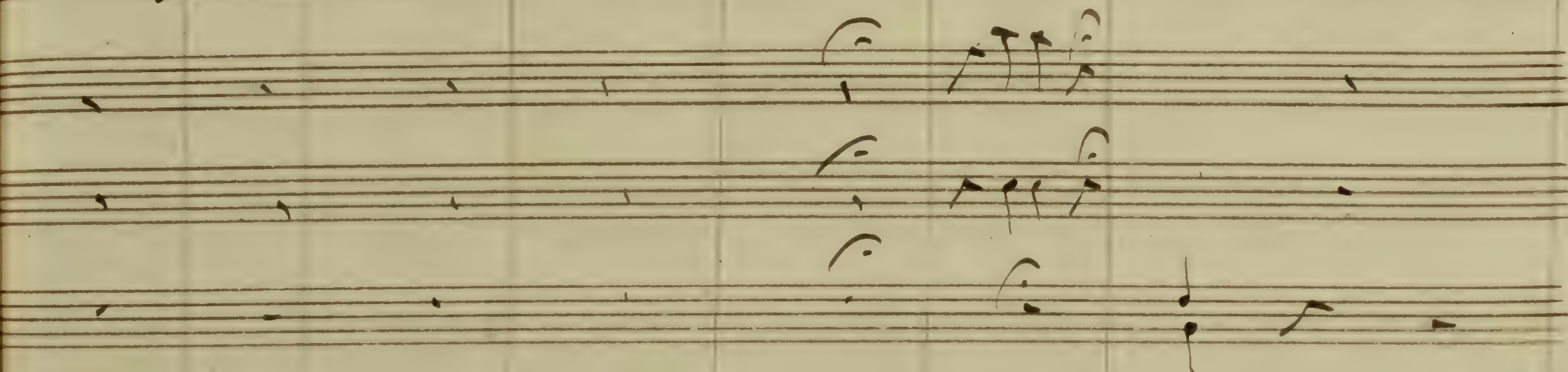
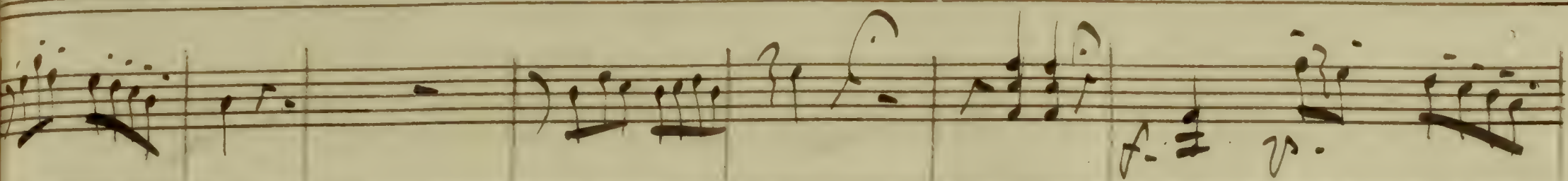
Handwritten musical score with lyrics. The score is written on two systems of staves. The first system consists of five staves. The top staff contains a melodic line with lyrics "che le voci" and dynamic markings *f-p* and *f*. The second staff contains rests. The third staff contains a melodic line with dynamic markings *p* and *p*. The fourth staff contains a melodic line with dynamic markings *p* and *p*. The fifth staff contains rests. The second system also consists of five staves. The top staff contains a melodic line with lyrics "le voci del furor" and dynamic markings *f-p* and *f*. The second staff contains rests. The third staff contains a melodic line with dynamic markings *p* and *p*. The fourth staff contains a melodic line with dynamic markings *p* and *p*. The fifth staff contains rests.

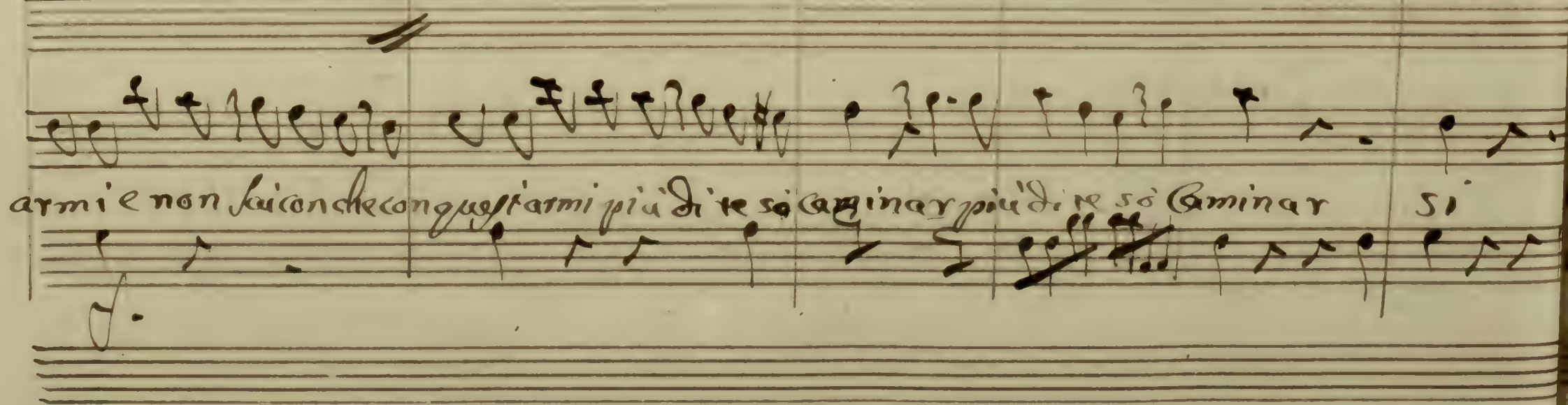
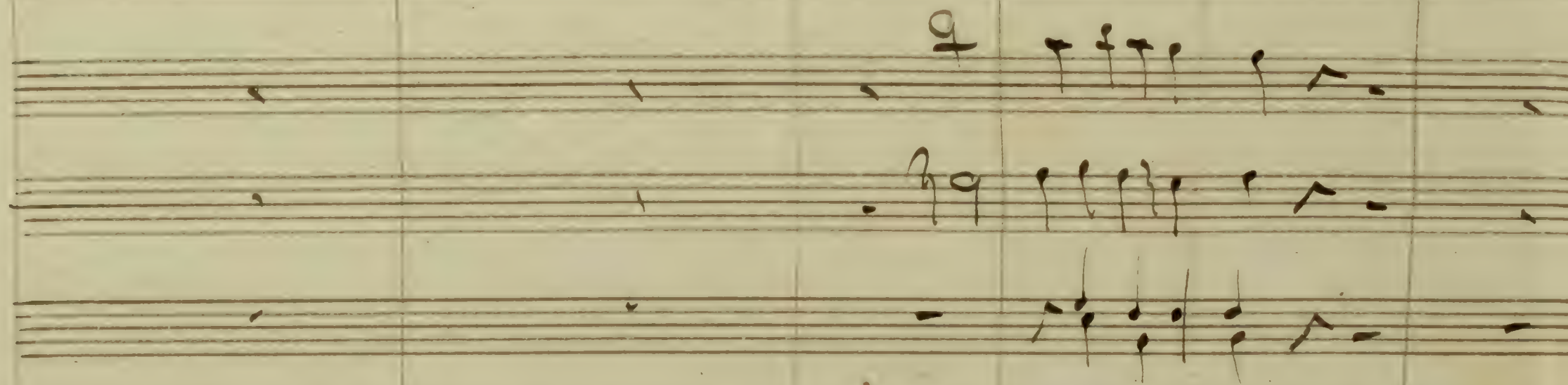
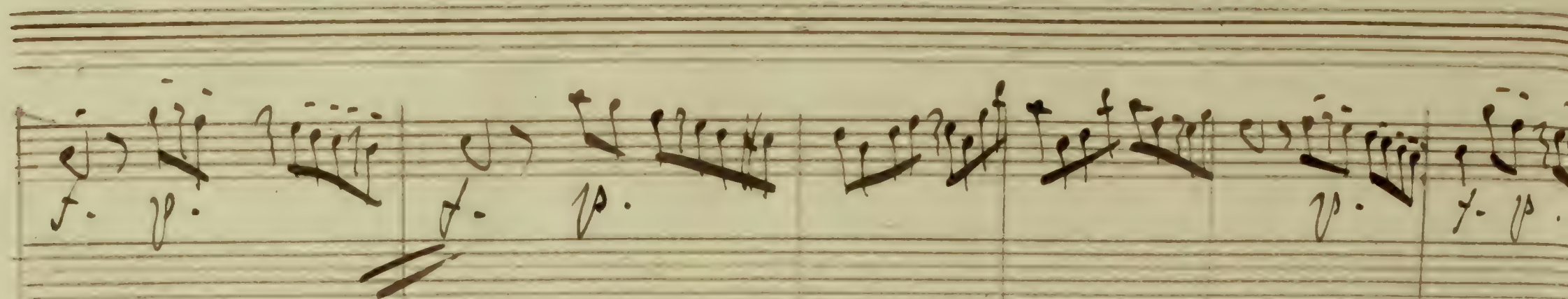
f. p. *f. p.*

f. p.

f. p. *f. p.* *f.*

f. p. *f. p.* *f.*



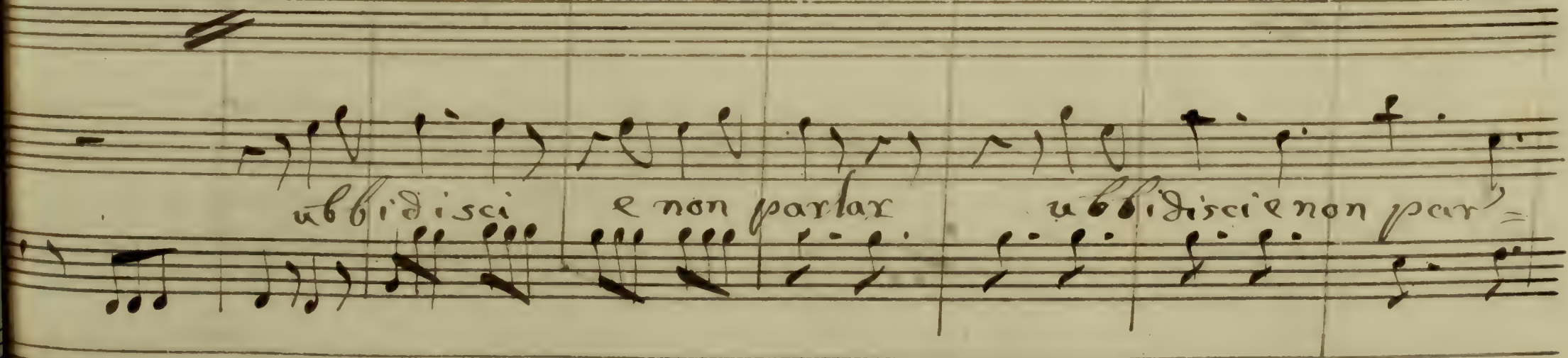
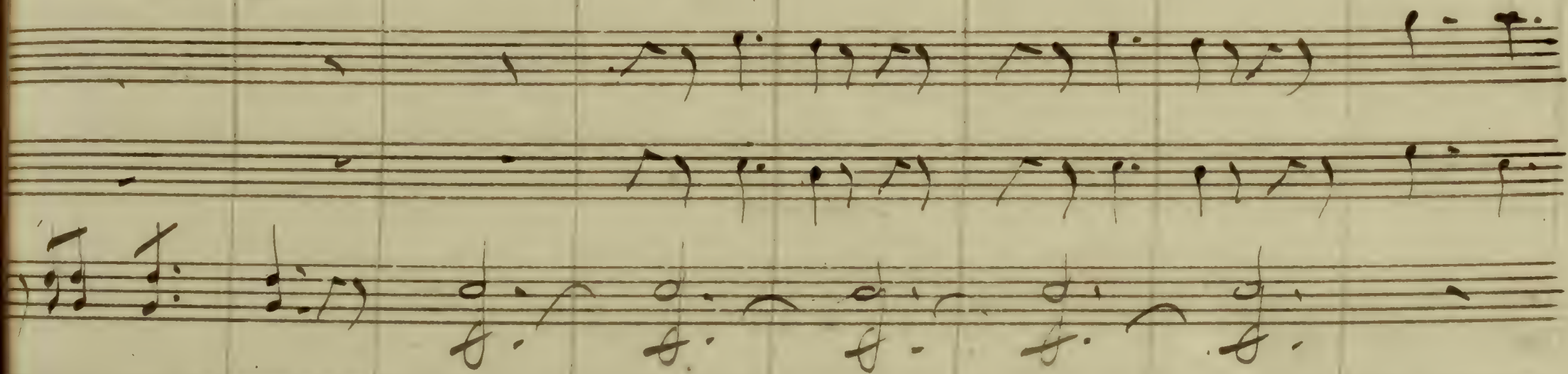
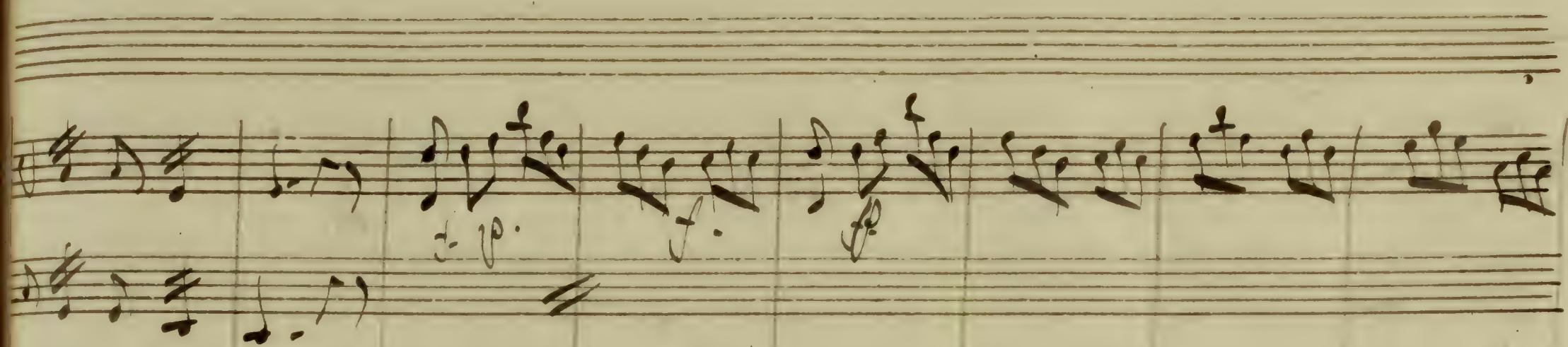


armi e non fu conche conque armi più di te so caminar più di te so caminar si

A handwritten musical score on aged, yellowed paper. The score consists of several staves of music. The first staff features a complex melodic line with many beamed notes and slurs. The second staff begins with a double bar line and a key signature change to one sharp (F#). It contains a series of notes, some with stems pointing down. The third staff continues the melody with more beamed notes. The fourth staff shows a continuation of the melodic line. The fifth staff has a double bar line and a key signature change to two sharps (F# and C#). The sixth staff contains the lyrics: "i più dite sò Caminar più dite sò Caminar sò Caminar non più ardir". The music continues on the seventh staff with notes corresponding to the lyrics. The paper shows signs of age, including foxing and some staining.

i più dite sò Caminar più dite sò Caminar sò Caminar non più ardir

quegli occhi al bazar
non alzar quel capo indegno

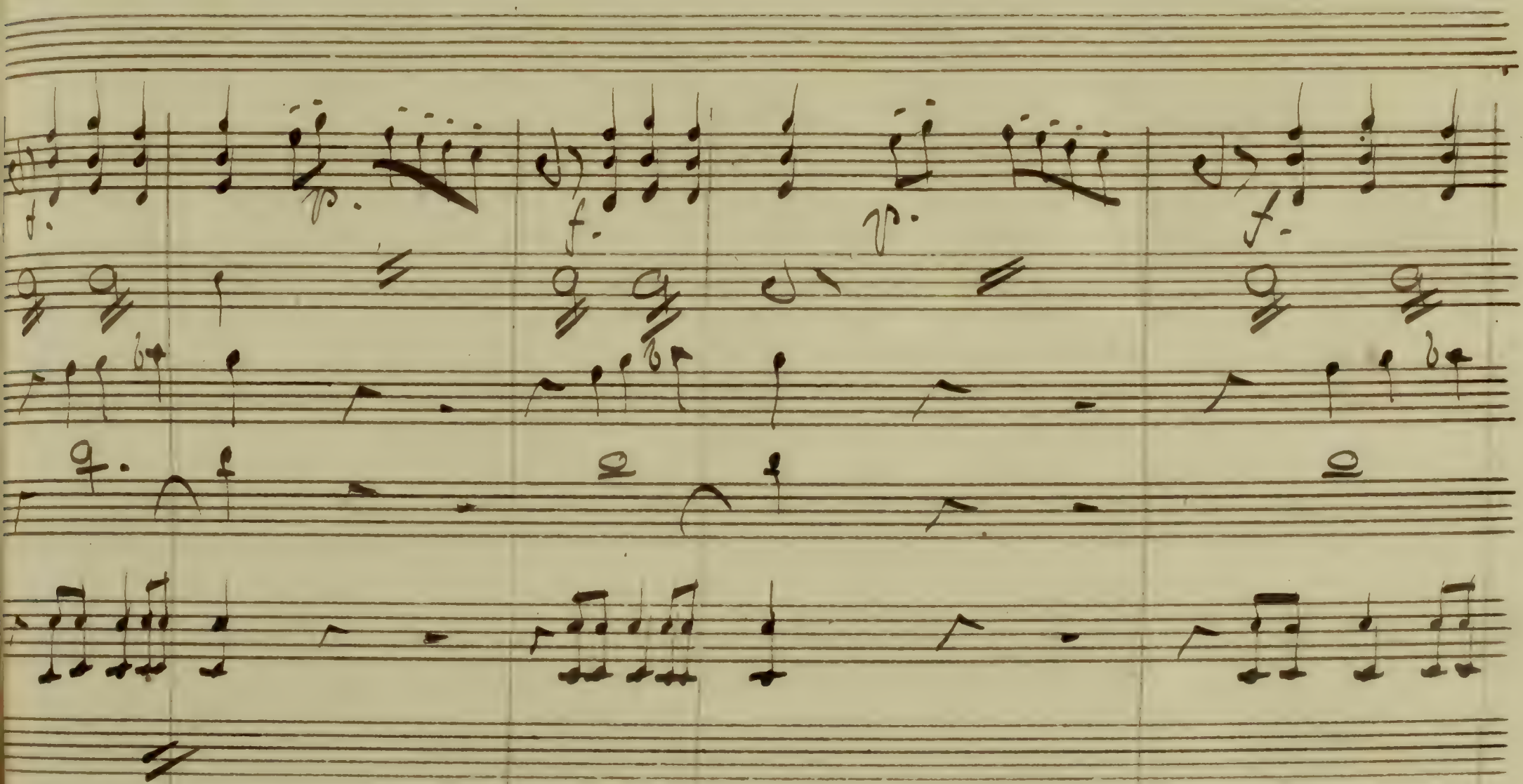


Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and slurs. The paper shows signs of wear and discoloration.

The score is divided into two systems. The first system consists of five staves, and the second system consists of five staves. The notation is written in a historical style, possibly from the 18th or 19th century.

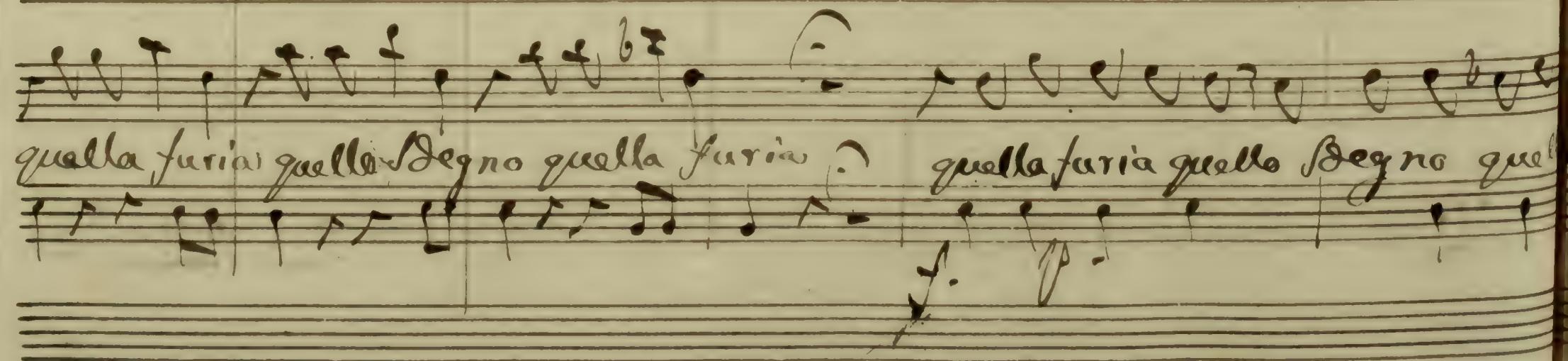
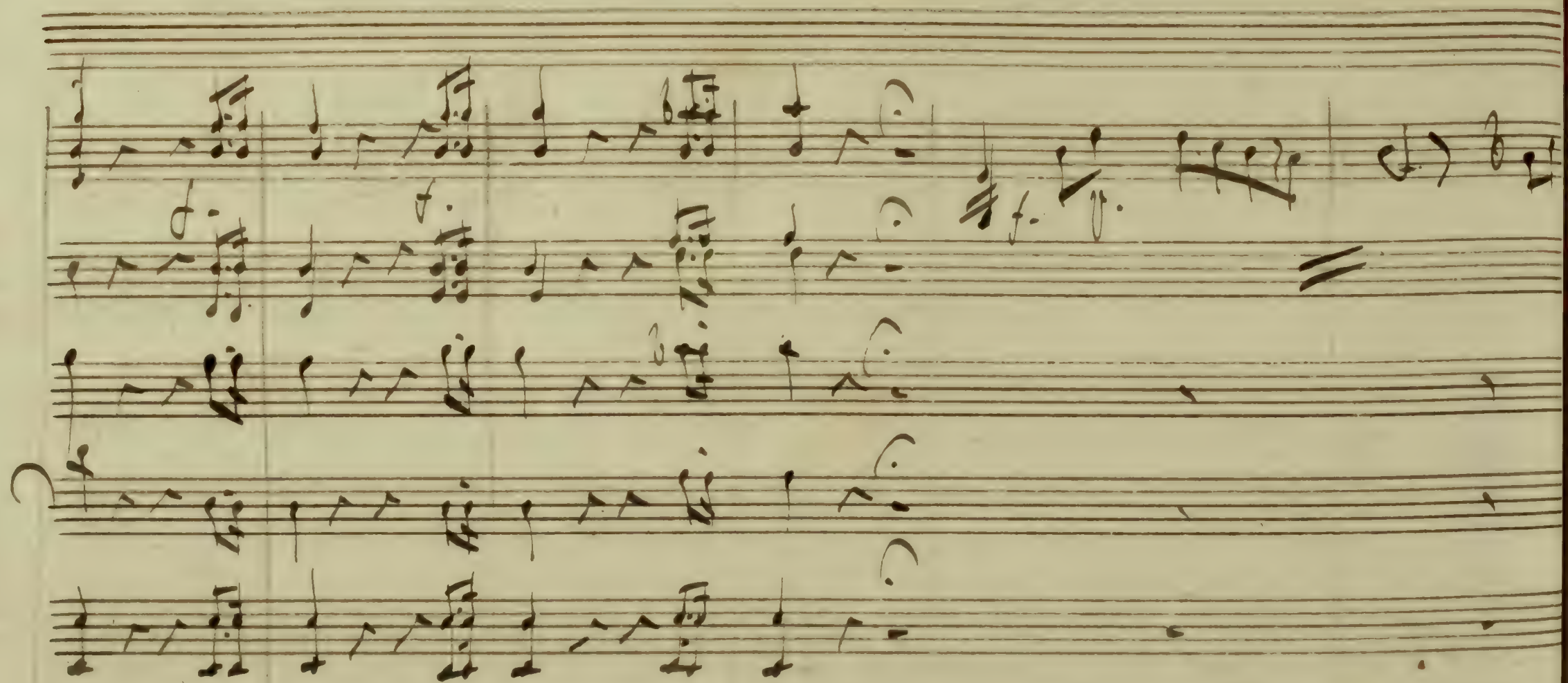
Key features of the notation include:

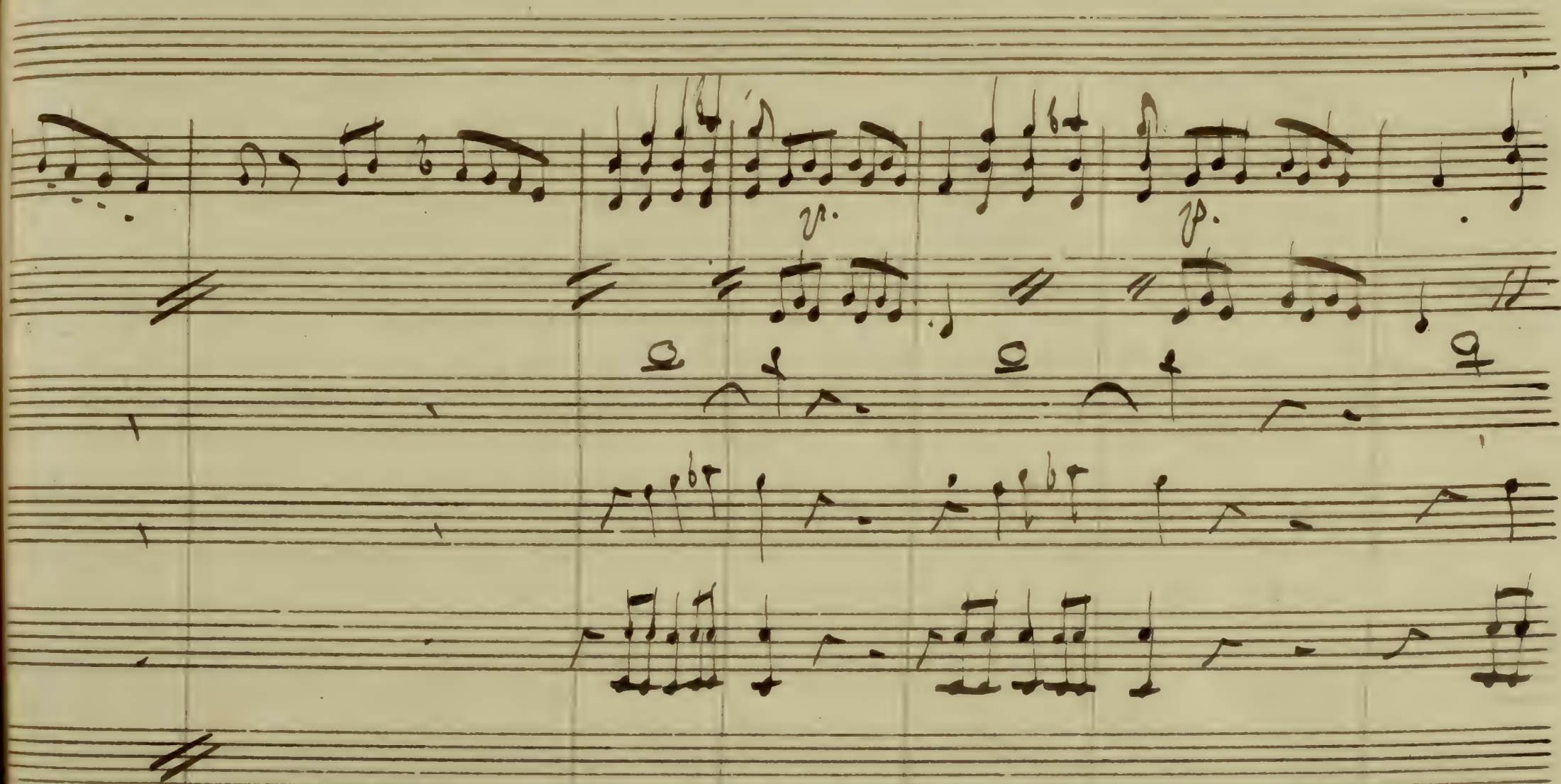
- Notes and rests on five-line staves.
- Slurs and ties connecting notes across staves.
- A double bar line (//) indicating a section break.
- Handwritten text annotations: "lax" on the first staff of the second system and "Così presto non m" on the fifth staff of the second system.
- A handwritten "p." (piano) marking on the fifth staff of the second system.



passa quella furia quello Regno che mi bolle intorno al Cor

A handwritten musical score on two staves. The first staff contains the lyrics "passa quella furia quello Regno che mi bolle intorno al Cor". The second staff contains musical notation with dynamic markings *pp.* and *f.*.





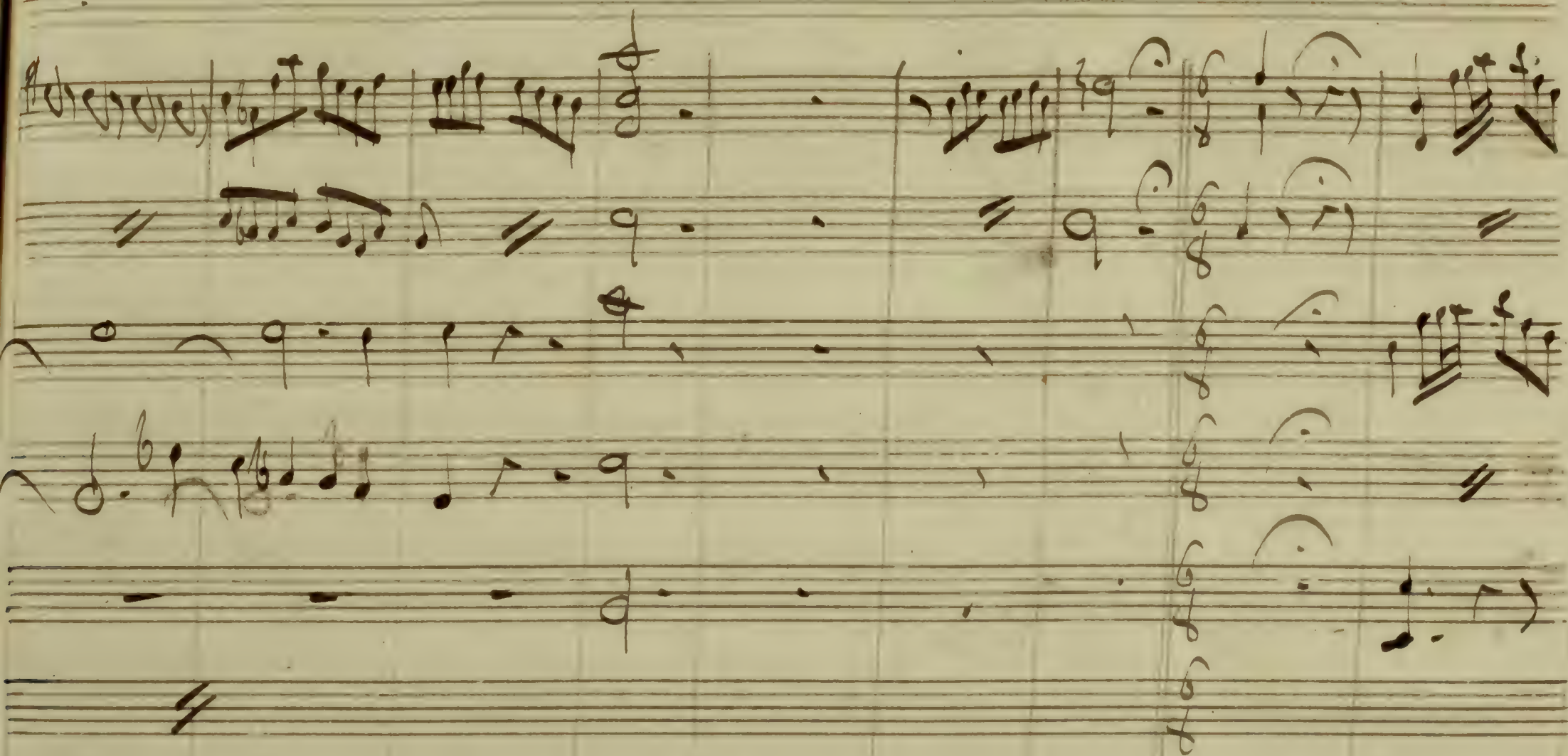
Segno quella faria che mi pale intorno al cor io non sento in tal momento

A handwritten musical score on aged, slightly stained paper. The score consists of several staves. The top staff features a complex melodic line with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and dynamic markings *f.* and *p.* below it. Below this, there are staves with longer, more sustained notes, some marked with *p.*. The bottom section of the page contains lyrics written in a cursive hand: "che le voci le voci del furor che le voci". The musical notation is dense and expressive, typical of 18th or 19th-century manuscript notation.

f. *p.* *f.* *p.*

p.

che le voci le voci del furor che le voci



le voci del furor che! tu cerchi di lasciarmi di lasciarmi non più ardir
sempre di Prime

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 17th or 18th century. The first five staves contain musical notation with various note values, rests, and bar lines. The last two staves include Italian lyrics written in cursive script.

quegli occhi abbassa non alzar quel capo indegno

p. *f.* *p.* *f.*

f. *p.* *f.* *p.* *f.* *p.* *f.*

par quel Capo indegno ubbidisci e non parlar ubbidisci

p. *f.* *p.* *f.* *p.* *f.*

This block contains five staves of handwritten musical notation. The notation is in a historical style, featuring various note values, stems, and beams. The first four staves show a complex melodic line with many beamed notes, suggesting a fast or intricate passage. The fifth staff begins with a double bar line and a repeat sign, followed by a continuation of the melodic line.

non parlare e non parlare e non parlare e non parlare

This block contains two staves of handwritten musical notation. The first staff begins with the text "non parlare e non parlare e non parlare e non parlare" written in a cursive hand. The notation on the staff consists of a series of notes, some with stems and beams, and some with flags or beams, indicating a specific rhythmic pattern. The second staff continues the musical notation.

Scena XIV

Di. Sop:

Di. Sop: (e Camilla) Dunque il Marchese in Napoli ti diede parola di spo

Cam:

sarti! Appunto e poi partito per festa, più di me non cu

Di. Sop:

Cam:

ro' vedi che imbecille cuor di pampuglia io vinta dall'a

more determinai l'ingrato rinvenire, per farlo mio o in

Di. Sop:

nanzi a lui morire) che vuole morire il ciaccio: Adesso toglie i

Cant:
Conte tuo fratello e qui del quid faciendum parleremo *Al pia d'ogni*

Al pia d'ogni
altro, il suo rigor io temo che buo temer che alla disgra

tua un gicerone io fui pro domo sua si placò ma mo

Cant:
ve ne *Giam si gela il sangue entro le vene,*

Scena XV: *Scia:*
Conte e Scarappa *Quano sagliue gioia mia dimano aggio*
edetti

con: D: Joy:
fatta la scala chiano chiano *B* Spirito alla Camilla / a

con:
Can caro nce sta' lo Spicciariello vattene dinto *B* ferma io son

Conte un amico fedele, e perciò voglio che sia costei pa-

Cam: D: Joy:
nita *B* oh mio rossore o a se rotola, sempre ussia ch

con: Scia:
n'entra amarcia fora *B* e mal dice il Conte a m'e, lei m

♩: Fog:

male ma tu de sta maniera non ti fai Conoscer per chi

Scia:

Sai chi te ha ditto st' amico mē conosce, meglio dē te neo-

♩: Fog:

Scia:

scienza, e tu a sciomara non fai lo sango scorrere gnore

Cam:

zi si na beytia e l'aysa correre non piu' ger-

mano eccomi a' piedi tuoi credendomi tradita, dal Mar-

che se balbanti a rintracciarlo così mi spinge amore or se punir

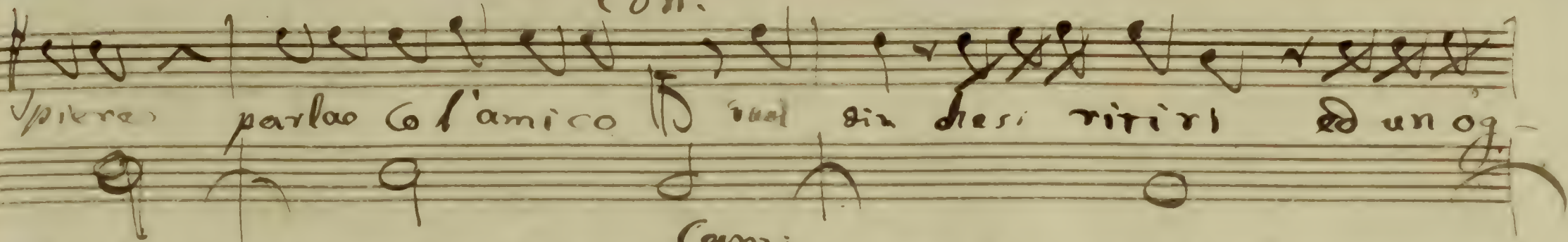
Scia: Con:
vuo' passami il core) di mostro eroico che vuol far

Scia: Con:
varmi può tal scoperta e mo' che faccio dille che si appartiti per

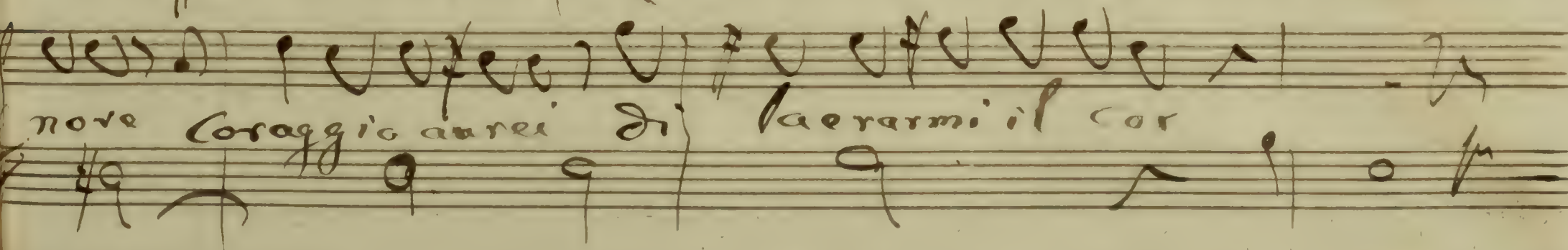
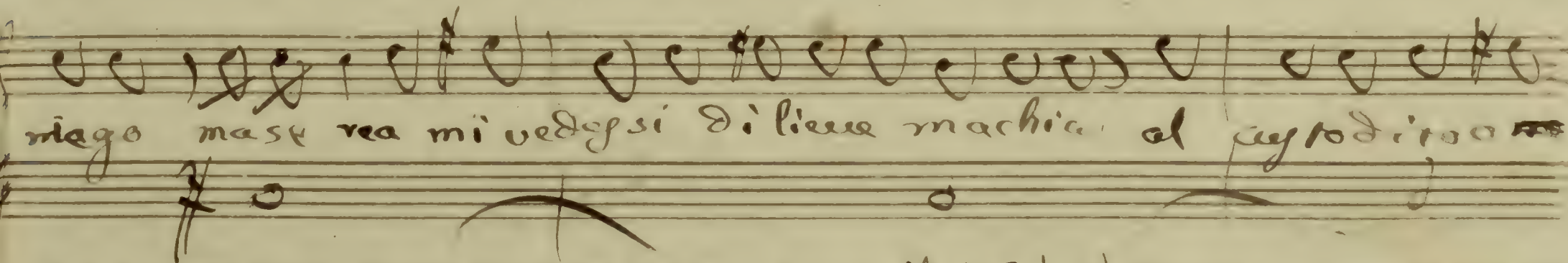
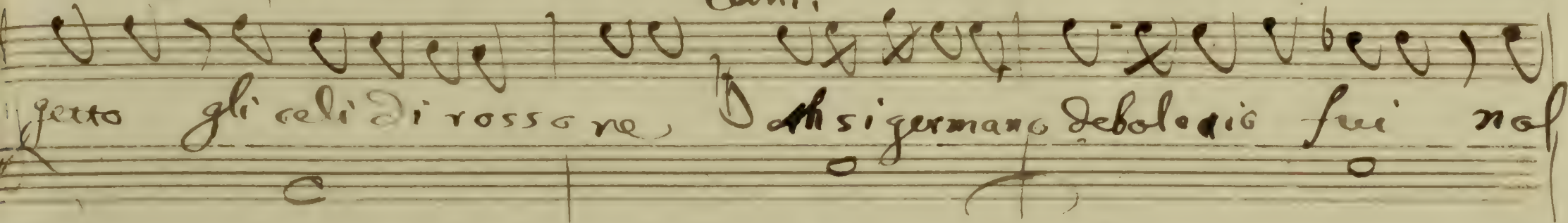
Scia: D: F# Scia: D: F#
ora appartiti cioè che se ne fugga tuchemàlora

Scia:
dice oh grore pio ca te stanisce a chiachiarà a comico Tuche

Con:



Can:



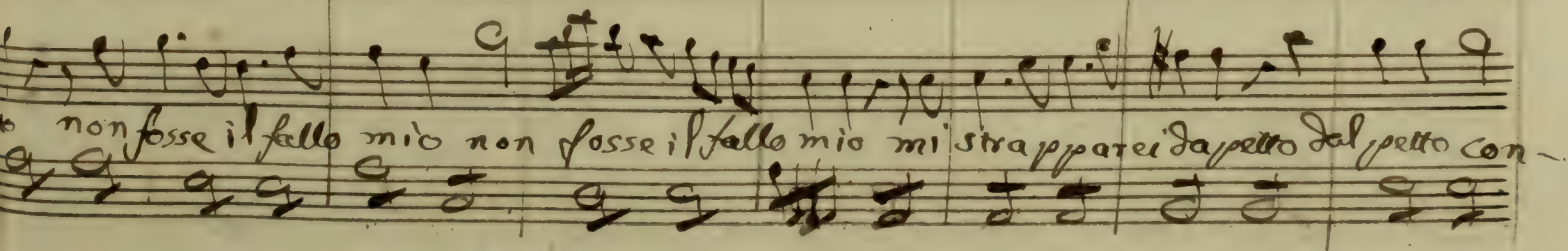
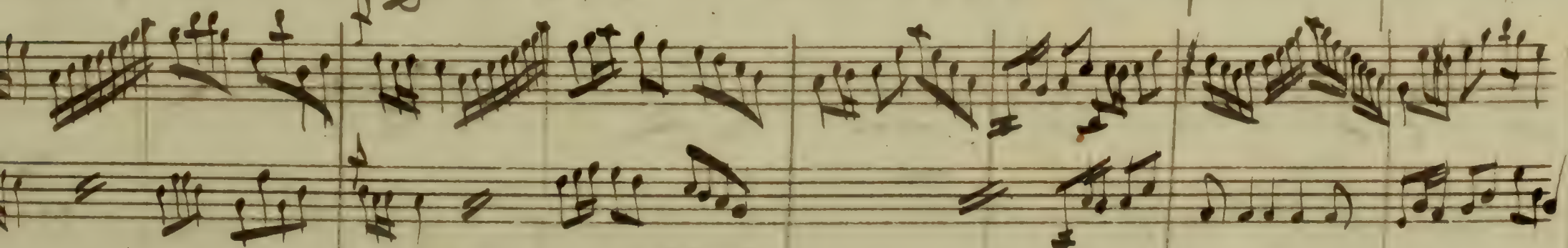
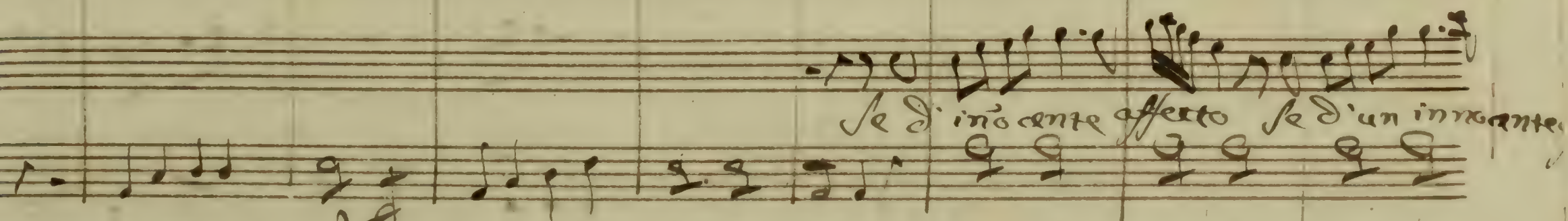
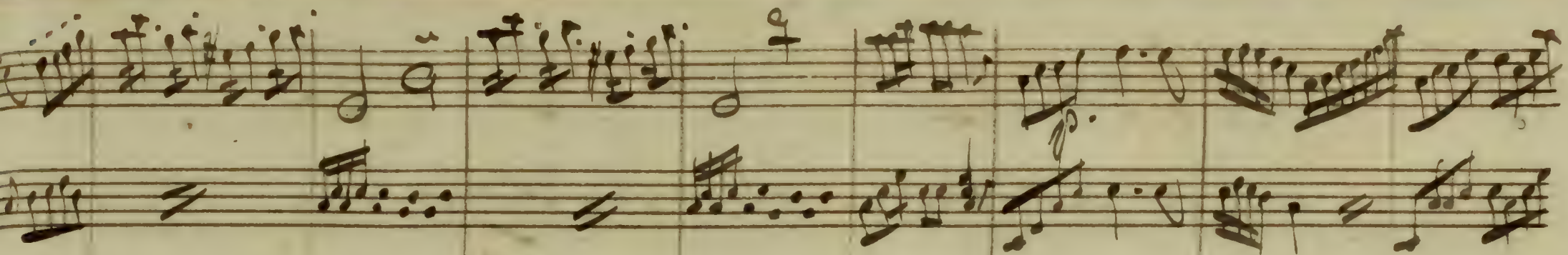
Handwritten musical notation on three staves. The first two staves contain complex, rapid passages with many beamed notes and slurs. The third staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#), and a common time signature (C). It contains a few notes followed by a double bar line.

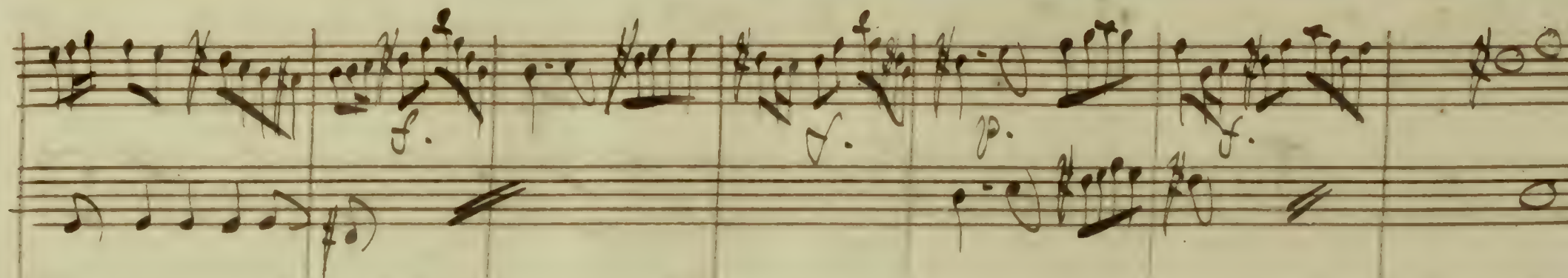
Camilla

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, starting with the tempo marking *All.^o* (Allegro). The notation consists of a series of notes, some beamed together, and rests.

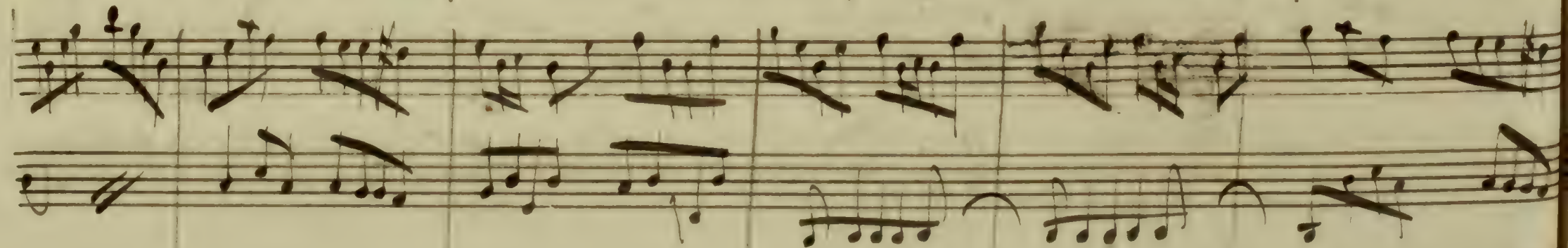
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The upper staff features a dense, fast-moving melodic line with many beamed notes. The lower staff contains fewer notes, with some rests and a double bar line. Dynamic markings *f* (forte) and *p* (piano) are visible on the right side of the lower staff.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The upper staff is mostly empty, with a double bar line at the beginning. The lower staff contains a series of notes, some beamed together, and rests.

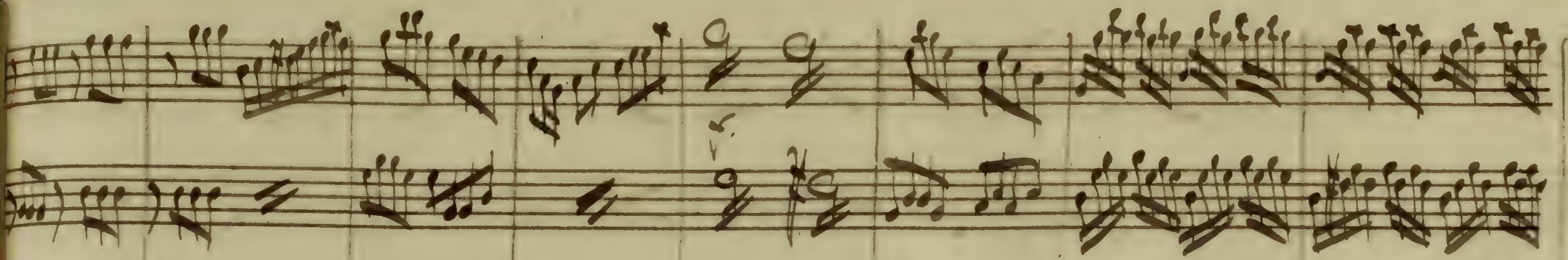




la mia mano il cor se d'innocente affetto non fosse il d'iver mio mi strapparei d'



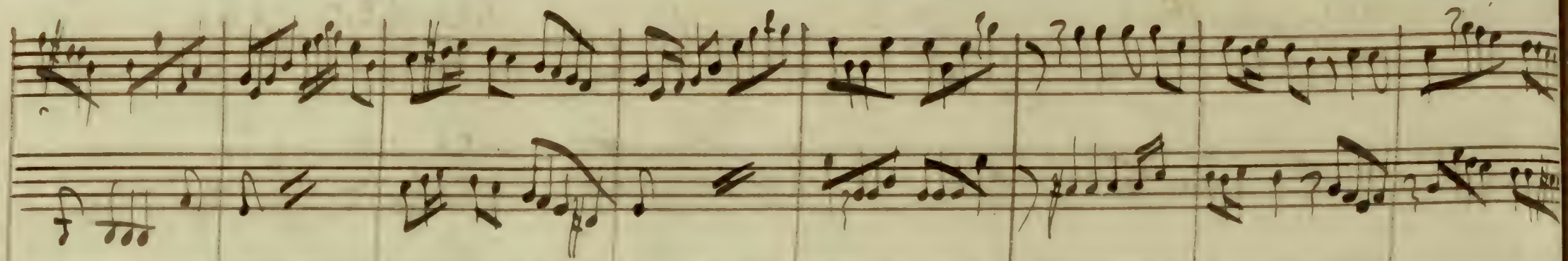
petto con la mia mano il cor se debole son io sta bi le e in me l'i



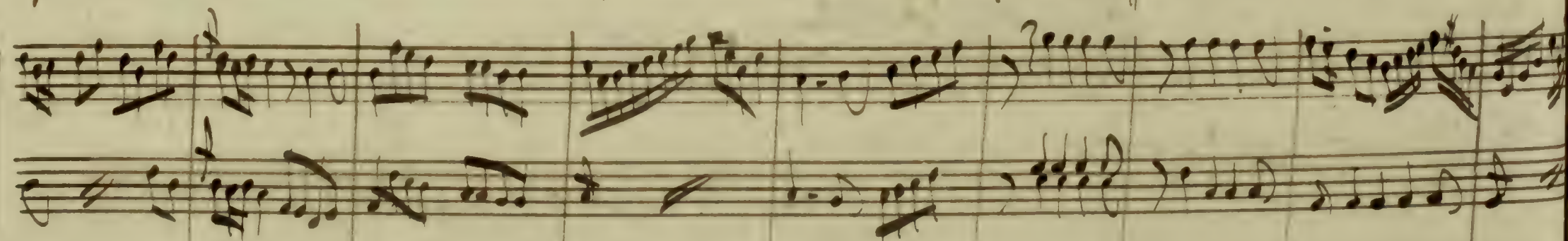
orgi si sta- le e in me l'onor e in me l'on-



Se d'innocente affetto non

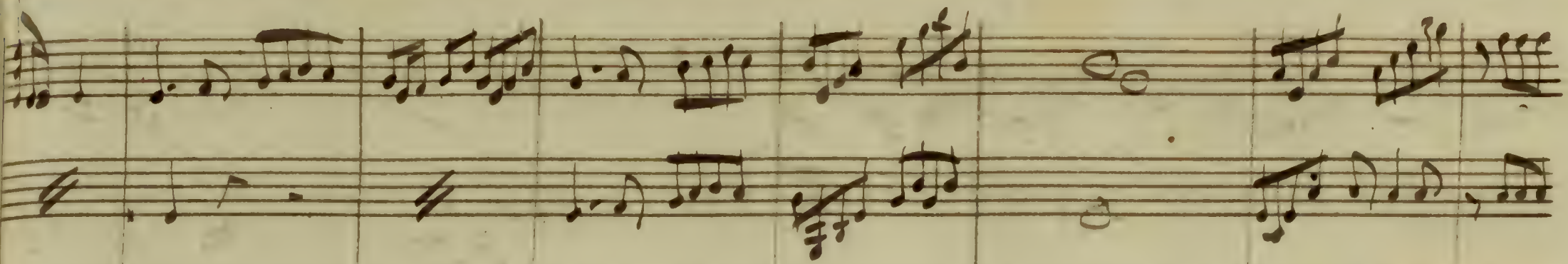


fosse il fallo mio non fosse il fallo mio mi strapparei dal petto dal petto con - la mia ma-

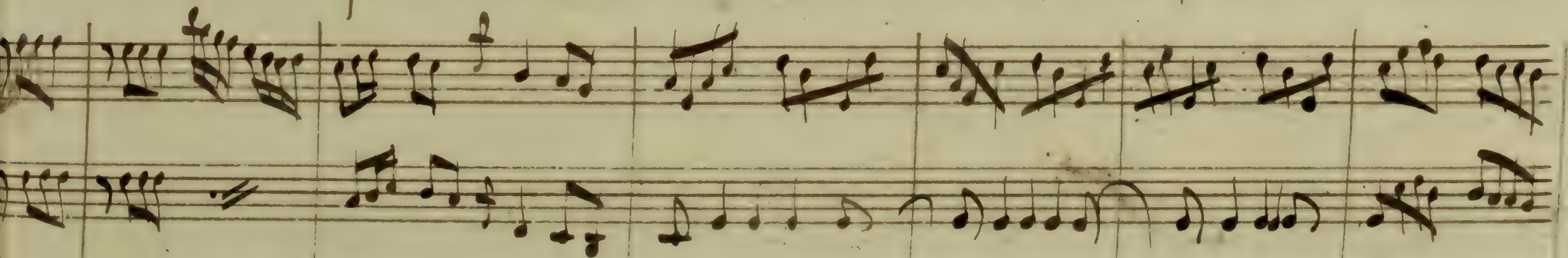
Handwritten musical notation on two staves, continuing the piece. The notation includes various note values and rests, with some notes beamed together.

cor dal petto con - la mia mano il cor se debbole son io son io sta - bile in me l'on-

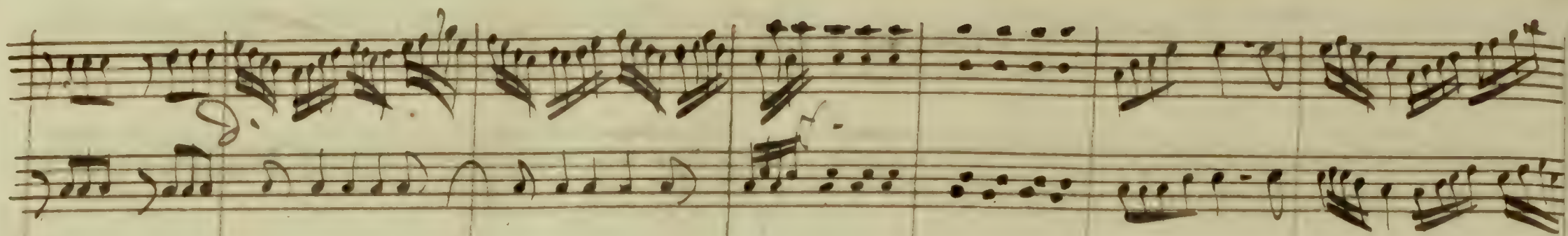
Handwritten musical notation on two staves, concluding the piece. The notation includes various note values and rests, with some notes beamed together.



Se d'innocente affetto non fosse il fallo mio mi strapparei dal petto si

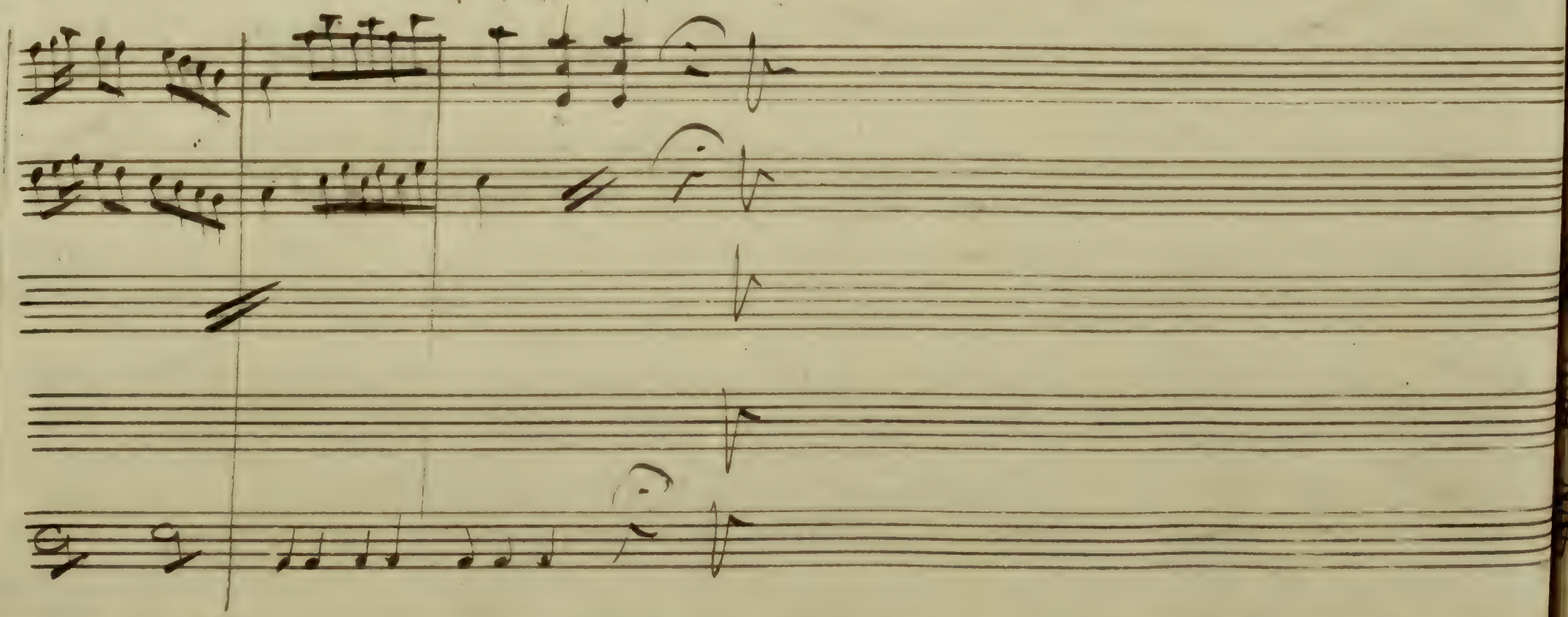


del petto Con la mia mano il cor se debbole son io Stabi - le e i me l'o -



Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff has a vocal line with several long, sustained notes. Below the staff, the lyrics are written in a cursive hand: "ner si sta-bile sta-bile ein me l'enor". The bottom staff provides a rhythmic accompaniment with groups of beamed eighth notes.

ner si sta-bile sta-bile ein me l'enor



Scena XVI

Conte *Di Septone*
e *Sciara*

Di Septone *Scià:*
Nipote vieni dentro e lloco il fatto di
popo veni solo e che si muorto ntutto no', ma so' muorto no tre

Di Septone *Con:* *Scià:*
quarte parlami chiaro Jaci che ti uccido / non posso

Di Septone
chiu' / chi e' lloco sto vegliatto chi lo man'a non sai vien a te

Scià: *Di Septone*
Conte a me e liogge / fosse qua refosa de freue il

Com... to... vi... co... lo... noi il conte Lodovico a vendo un cande

Scia: *con:* *D: Sop:*
lier molto aggrauato amè l'era d'argento che mai dite acc

si dice què che s'è ecato vino a quello Spilato fu che

Sciar: *con:* *D: Sop:*
bino a' Spilato a m'è porgae che d'è non face

con:
leggere prendete Il conte Lodovico avendo un Cavalier m

vato vien da questo sfidato nella vicina torre a duellarsi

Sico a tutte l'angue e le ricupa al men che il più lla

Di Sep:
vada per battersi in sua vece, colla spada lo più! na

Con: *Scia:* *con:*
labbia intendo benchi scrive e che to che co dire

Scia:
una disfida di un Cavalier che tace il nome, Un corno pe me

Di. Sep:

ntanto pò farle sto piacere gnore pio Inore pio tu u' haje

Con:

vato e tu deui sfidar chi ti ha sfidato Certo a

Di. Sep:

voi tocca entrare in questo impegno sino tu riepte un Cavaliere in

Scia:

degno e non fa' ca me' fruptano accauallo a no puorco: vo fa'o

Con:

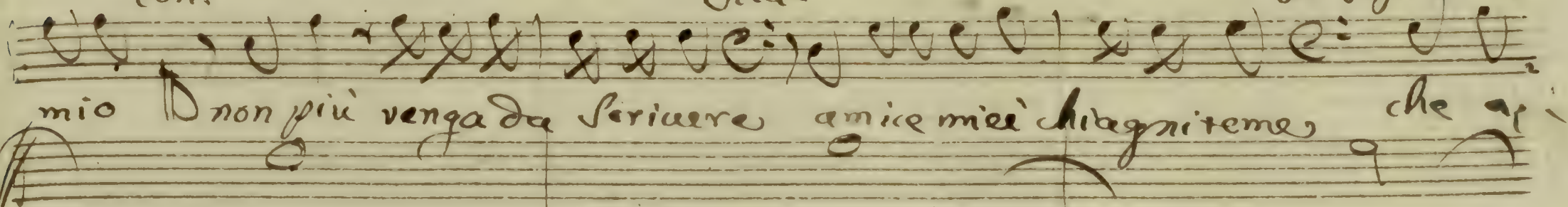
Scia:

Breccie l' inuito accetta o che ti braggio il core si conte

Con:

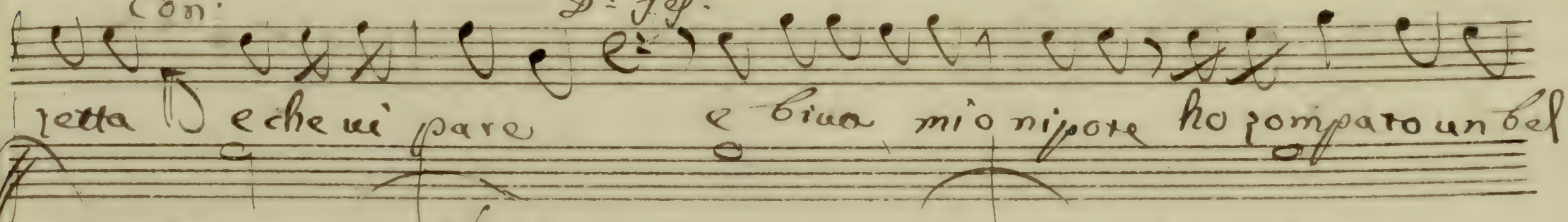
Scia:

D: Inf:



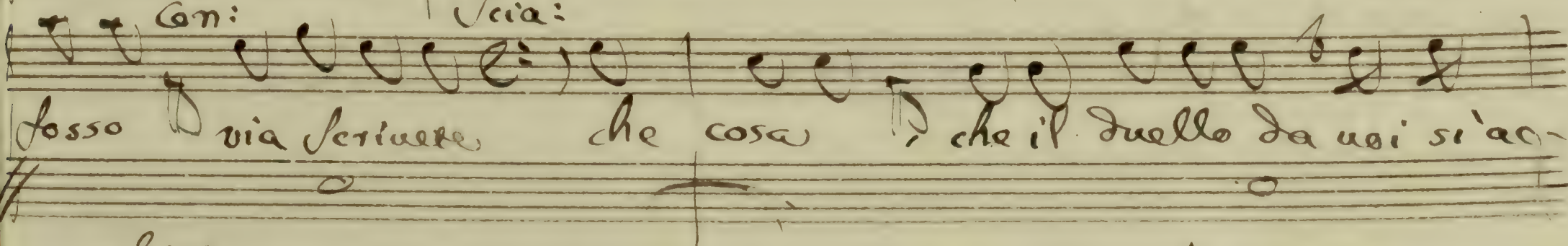
Con:

D: Inf:

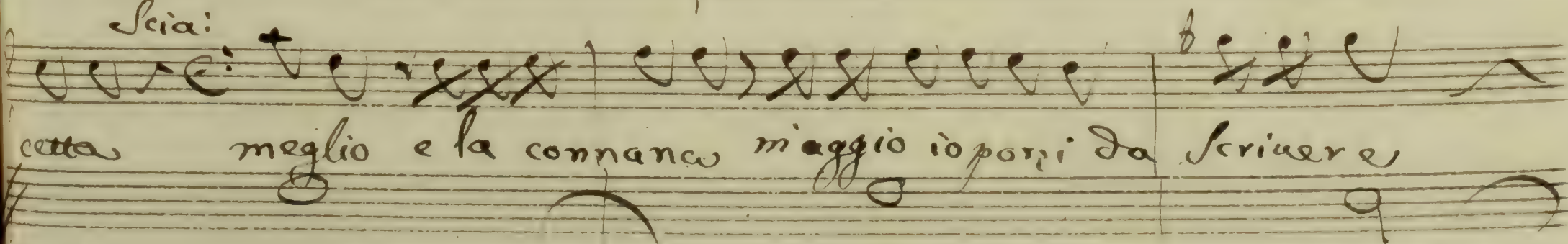


Con:

Scia:

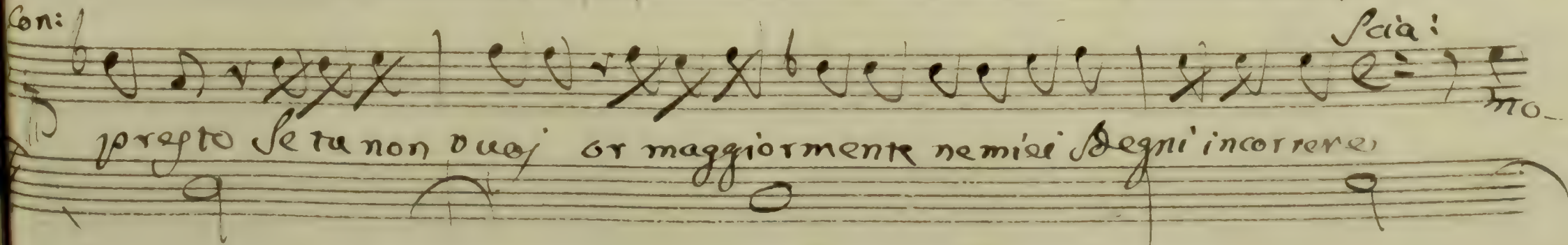


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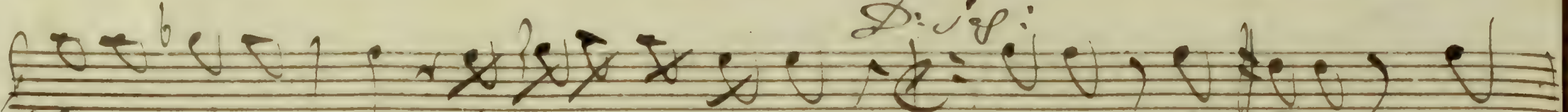


Con:

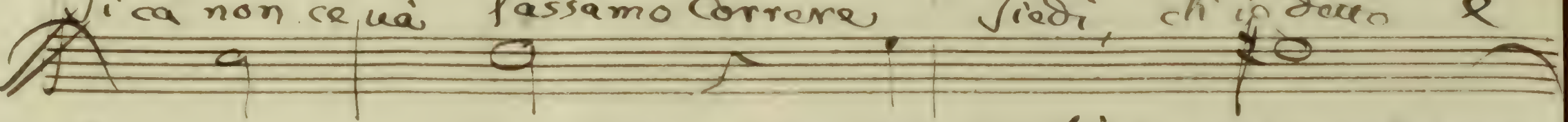
Scia:




Di. f. f.:



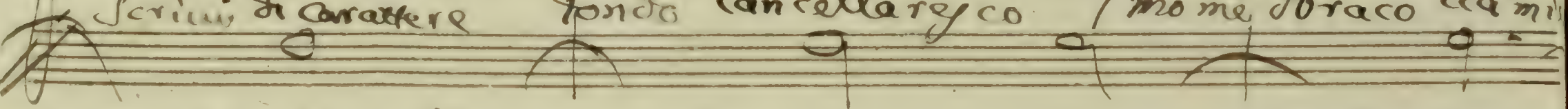
Si ca non ce uà lassamo correre, siedi, ch'io deuo



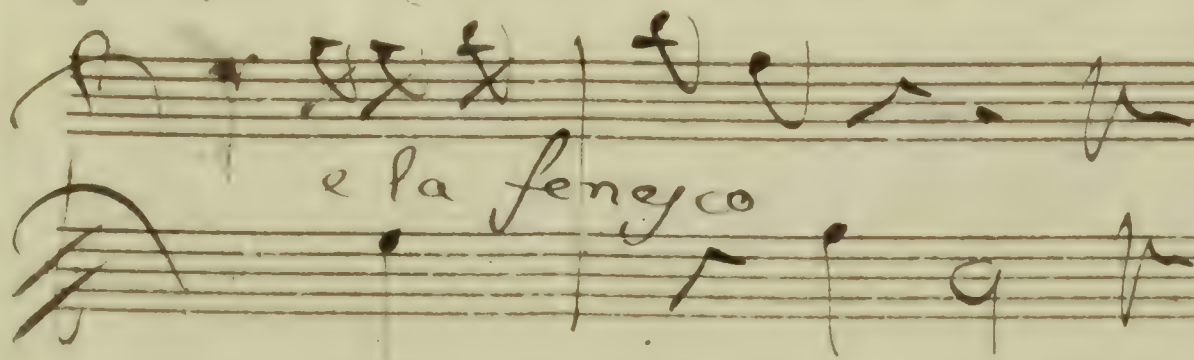
scia.



scriui di carattere tondo cancellaryco / mo mē straco ca'mi



e la feneyco



Segue Finale,

finale.

Violini

Oboe

Corni in D

Viola

Ginevra

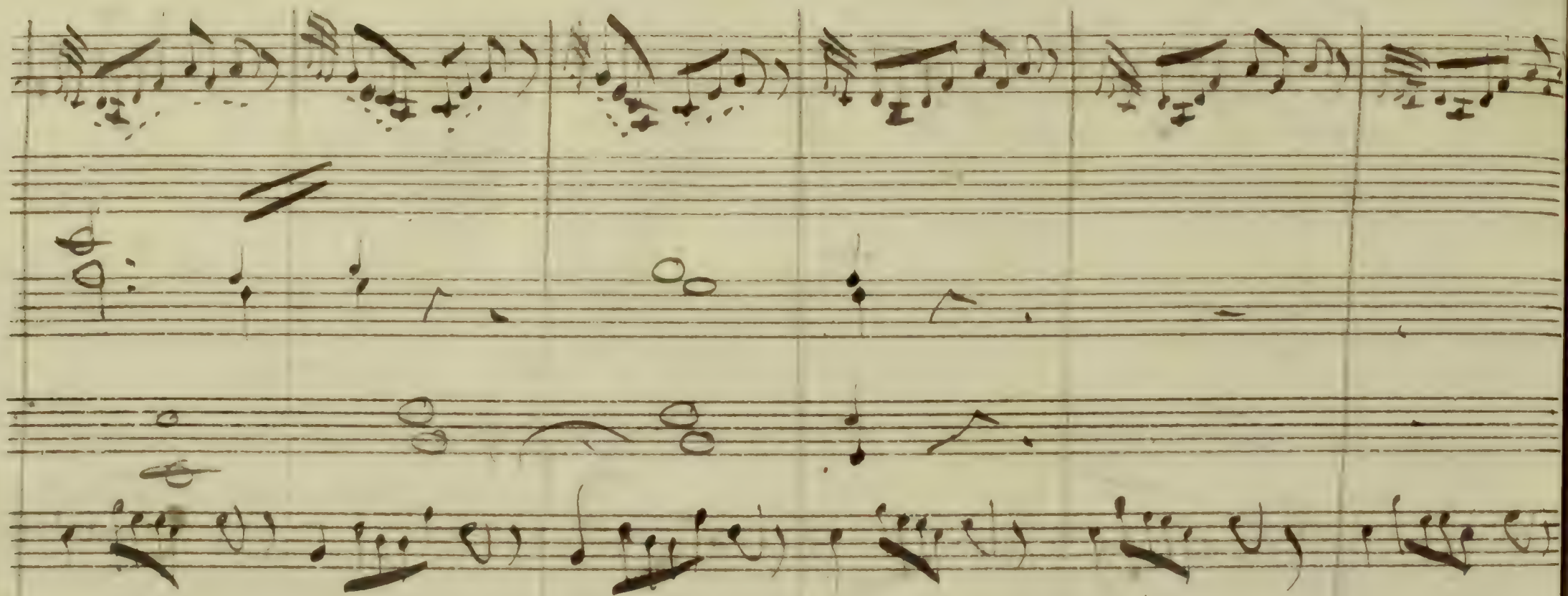
Conte

Chiappia

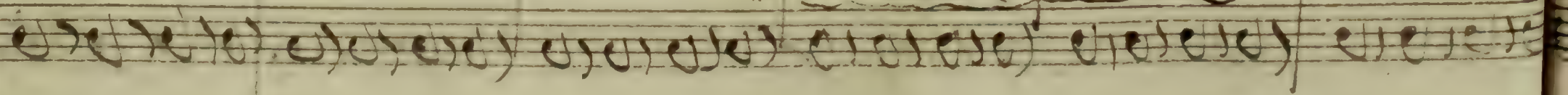
Leone

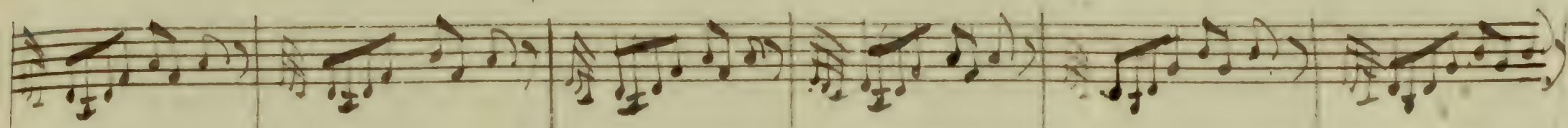
Commode

The image shows a handwritten musical score on aged paper, titled "finale." at the top. The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century. It consists of nine staves, each labeled with an instrument or voice part. The first staff is for "Violini" (Violins), the second for "Obœ" (Oboe), the third for "Corni in D" (Horns in D), the fourth for "Viola", the fifth for "Ginevra", the sixth for "Conte", the seventh for "Chiappia", the eighth for "Leone", and the ninth for "Commode". The notation includes various clefs, time signatures, and musical notes, with some parts appearing to be in a different key or mode than others. The paper is aged and shows some wear, with the right edge slightly torn.

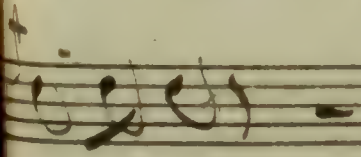


reed e figu
Al caualie anonimo...

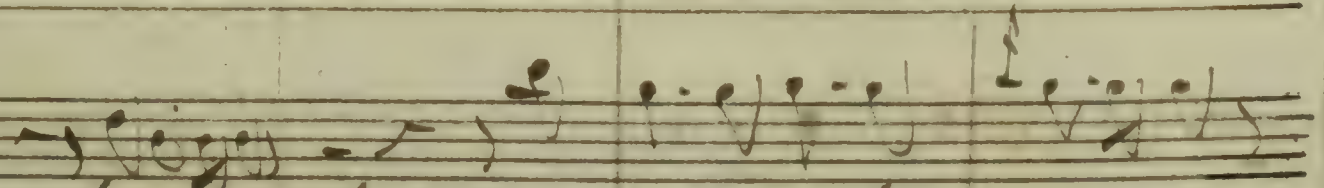




anonimo

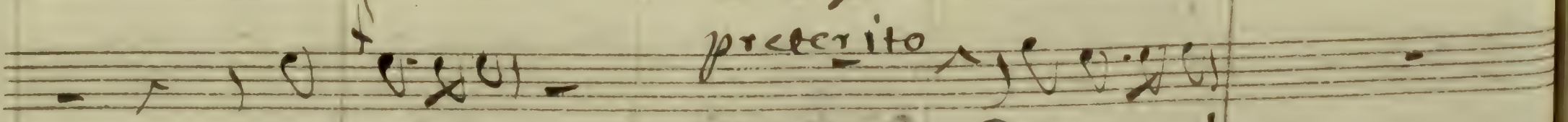
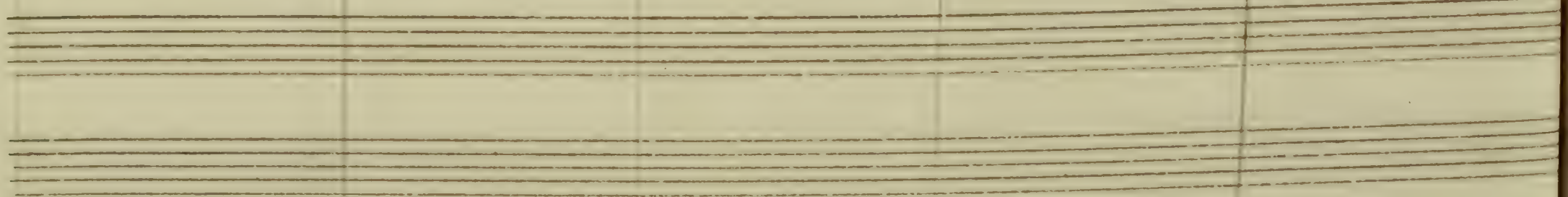
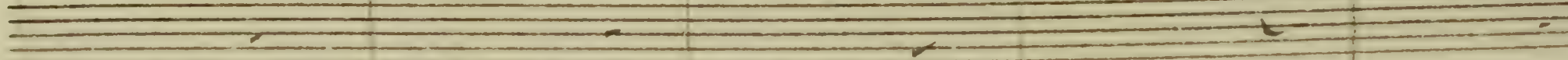
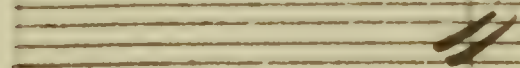
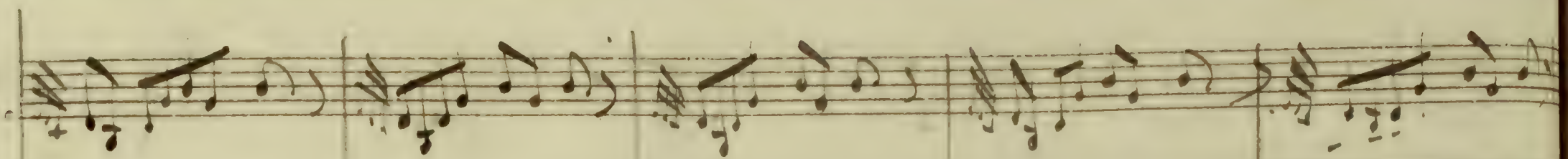


nonimo



fa virgata più cala a lo preterito



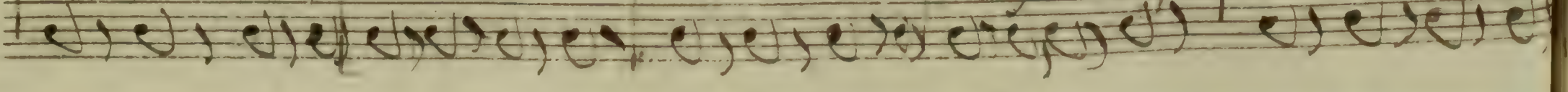


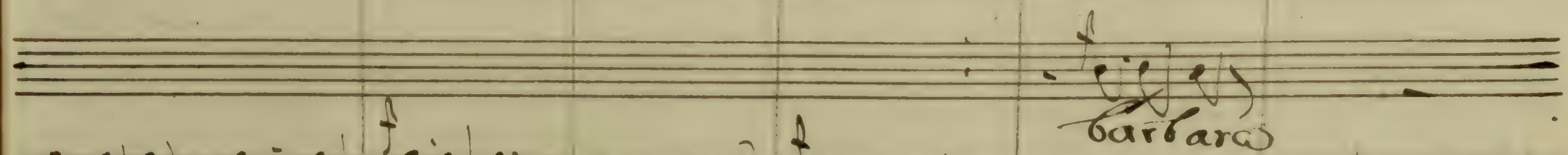
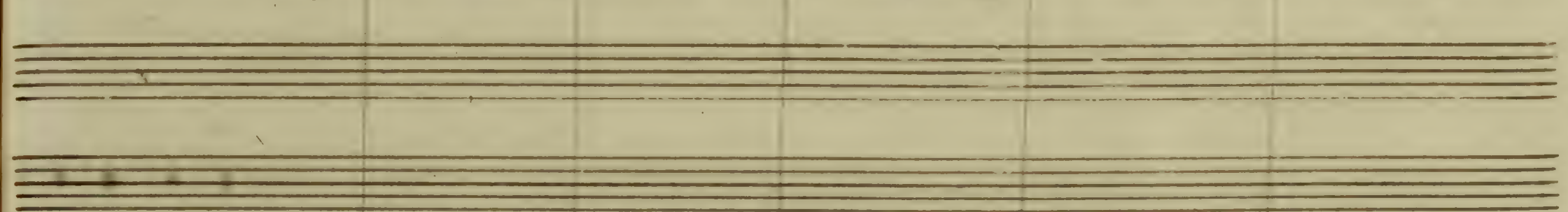
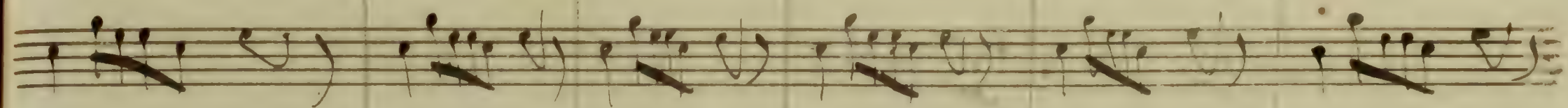
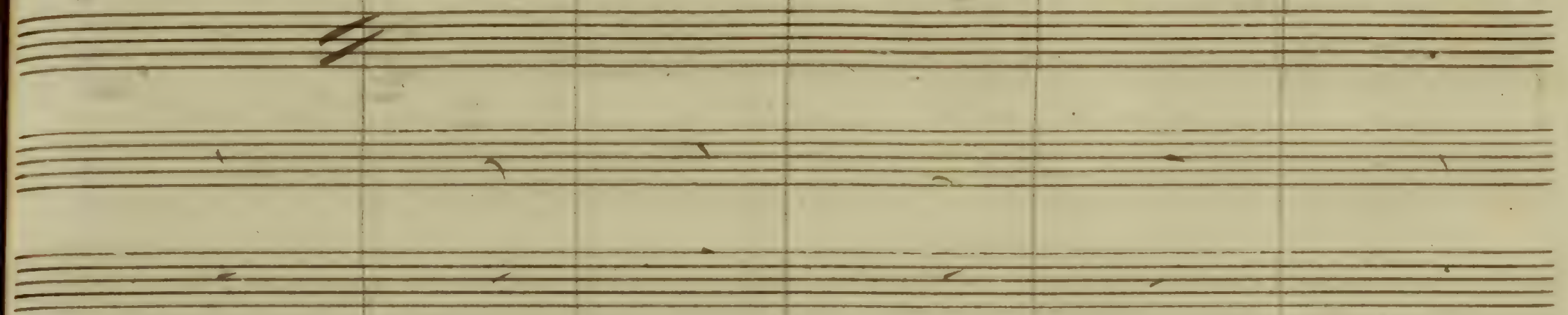
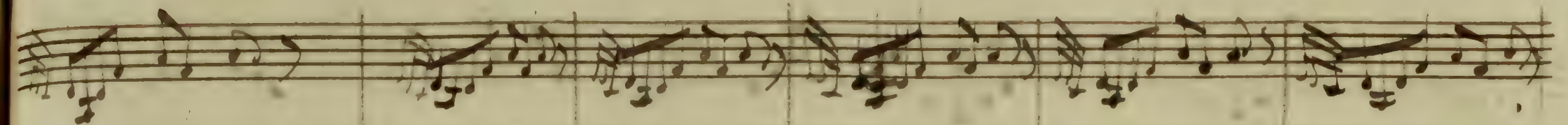
preterito ---

Notizen

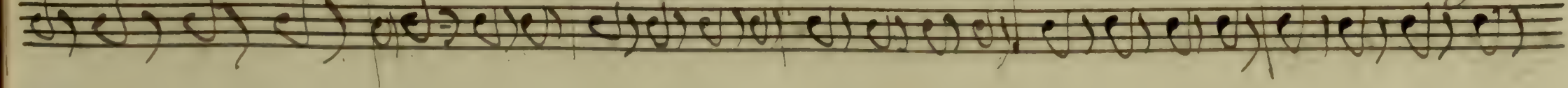
preterito

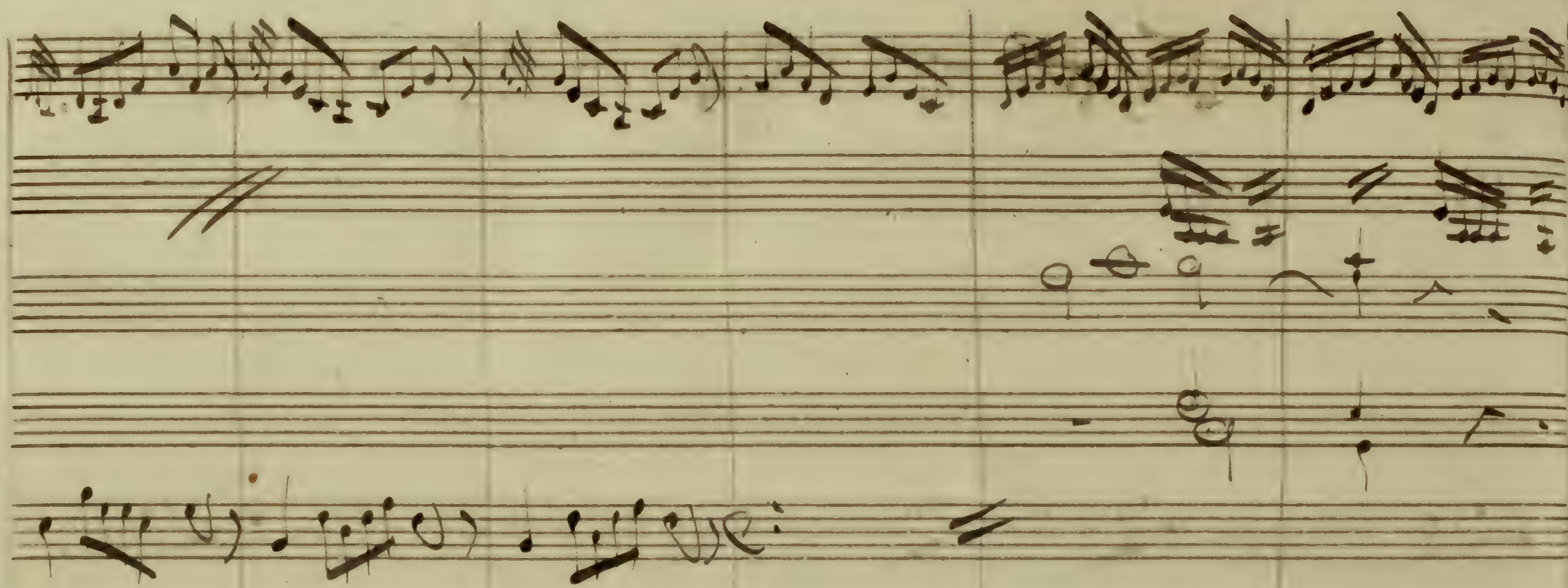
die uirgole



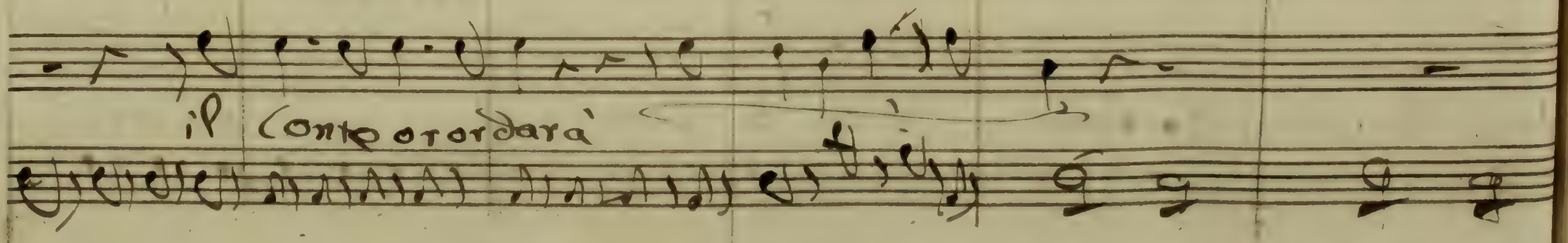


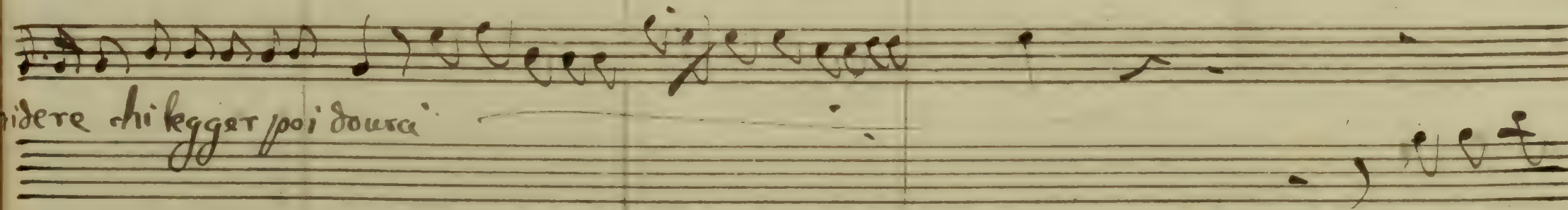
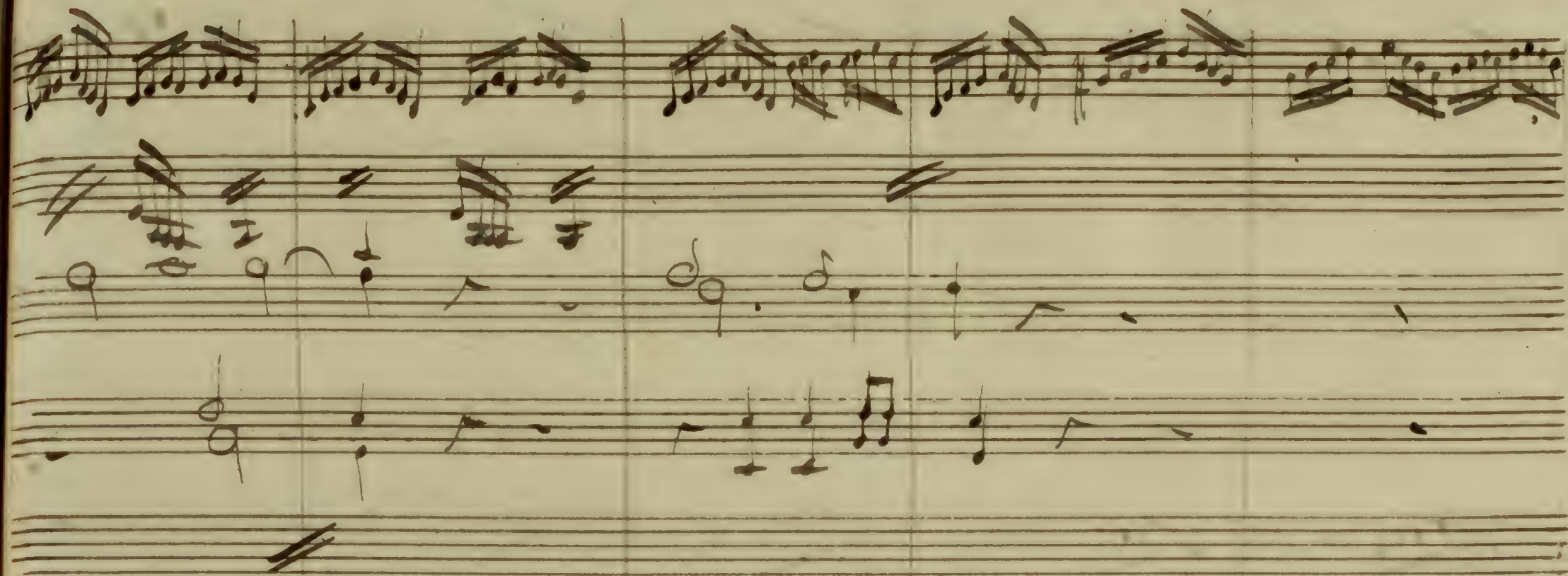
de non ha peli in barbara... in barbara ne uirgole

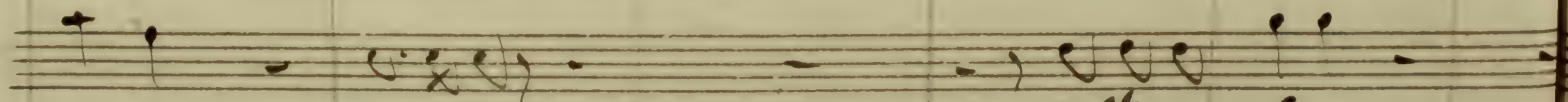
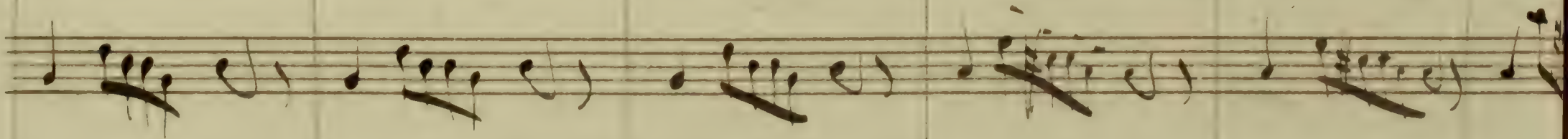




ma voi farete







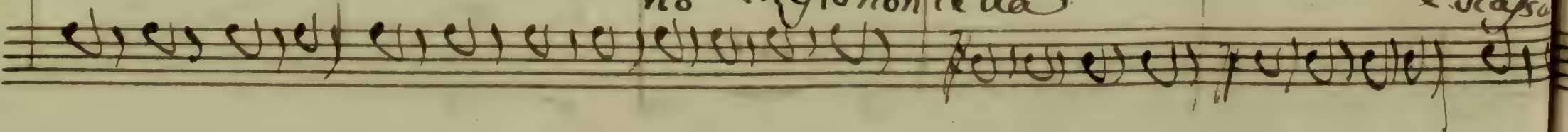
poco...

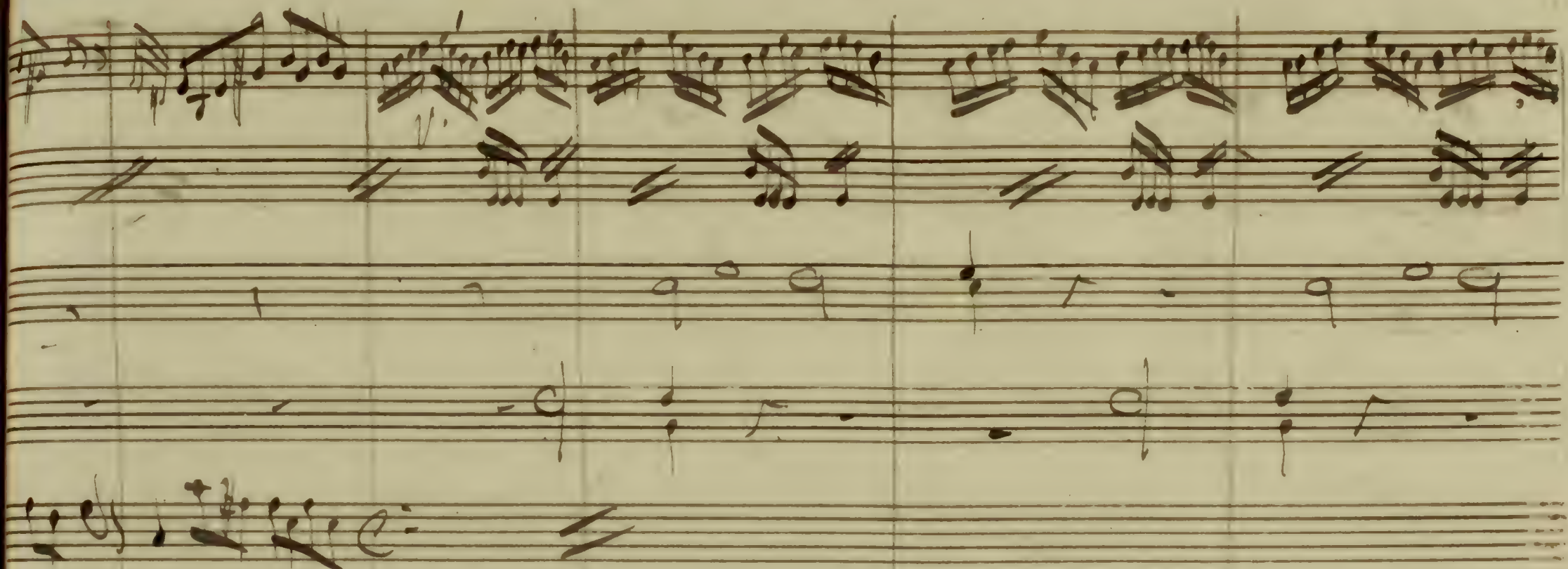
ridere...

io l'aggio scritto

nò (he) non ce uai

e scapo

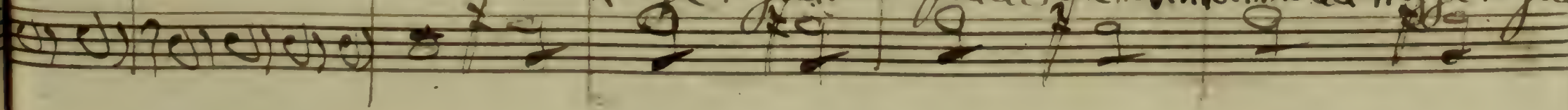


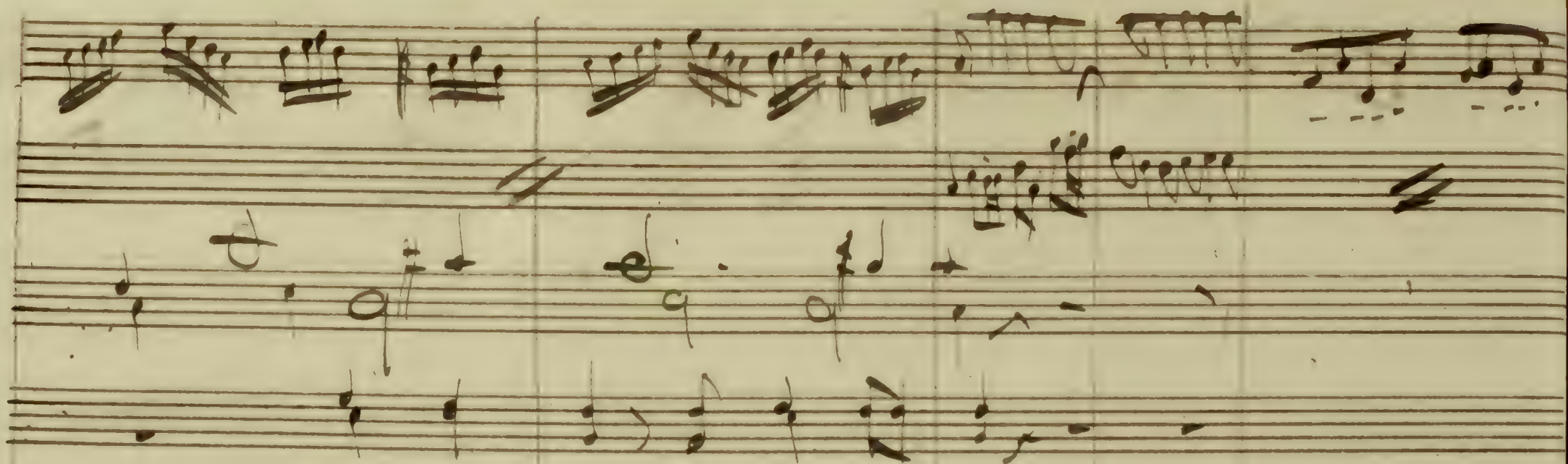


Scassa che buo Scassa

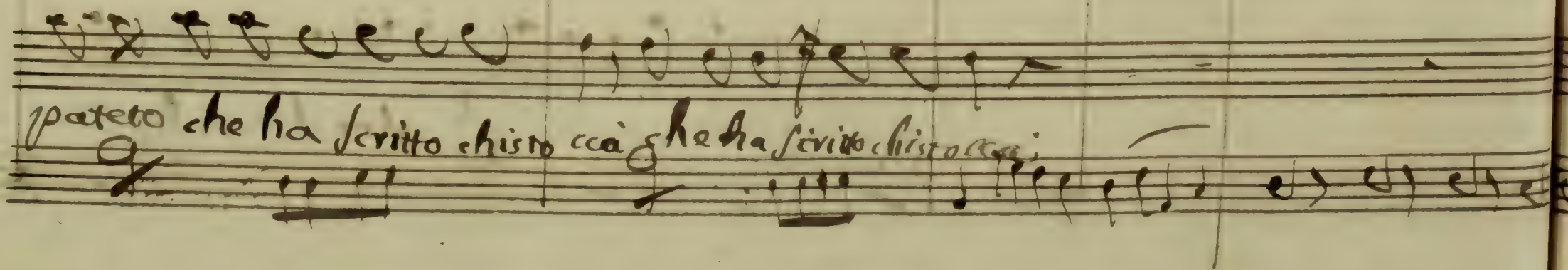


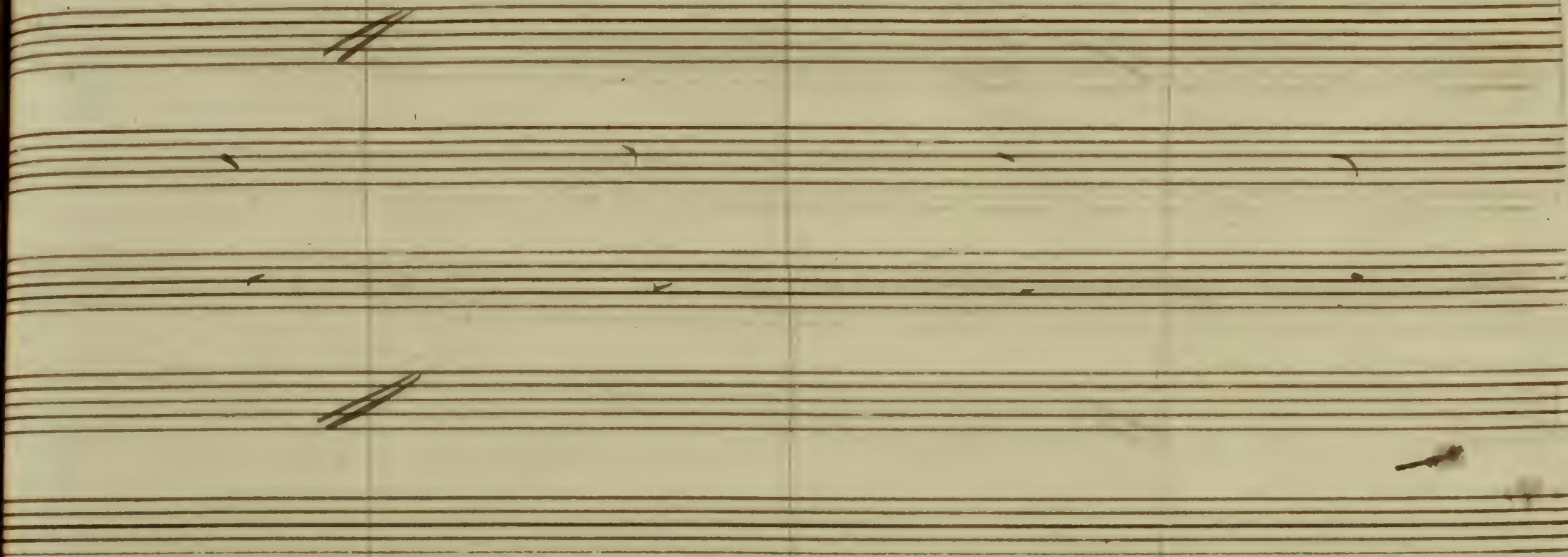
liege re guarda, pateto che ha scritto chisto a li liege re guarda



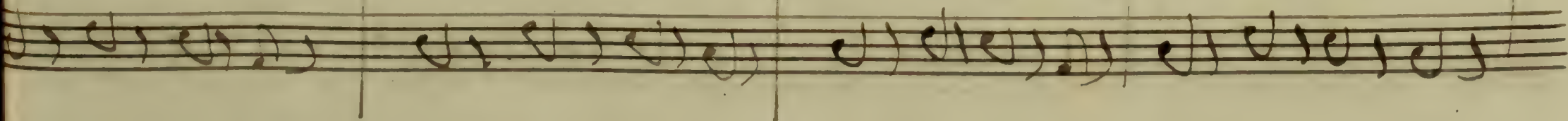


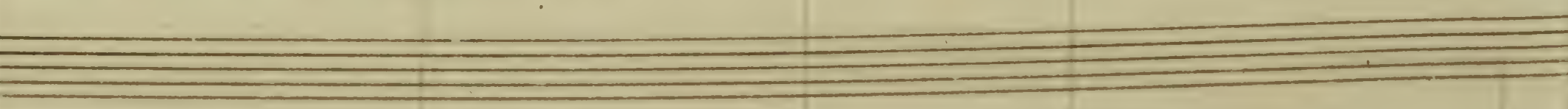
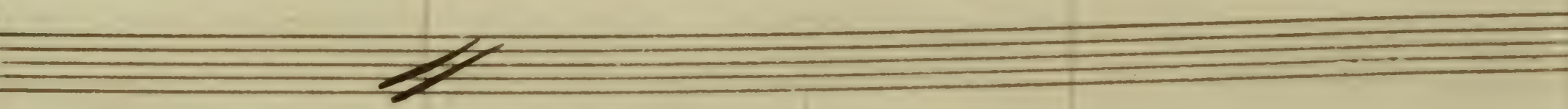
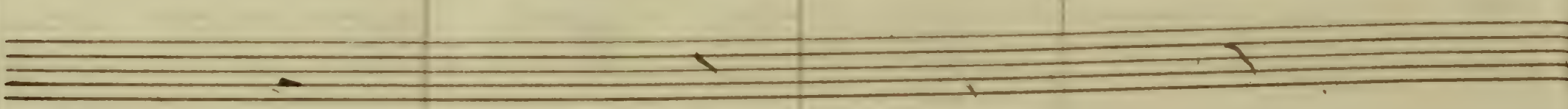
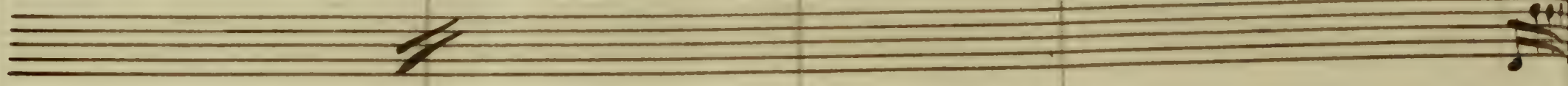
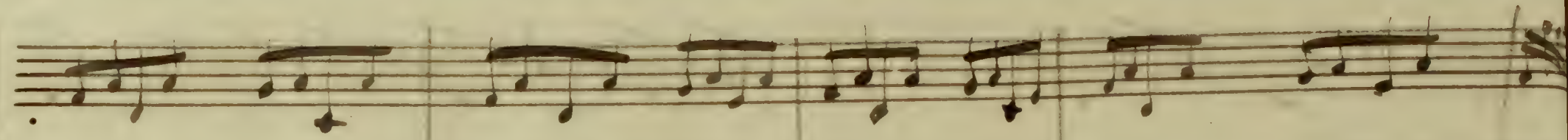
Al cavaliere



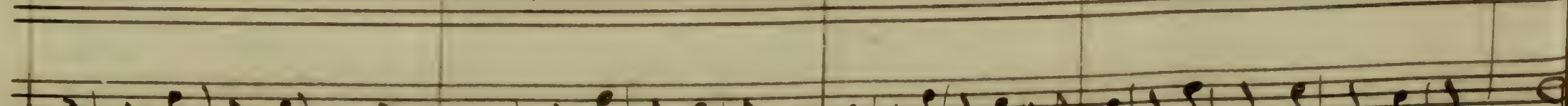
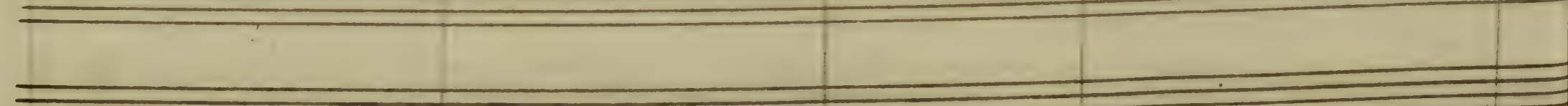


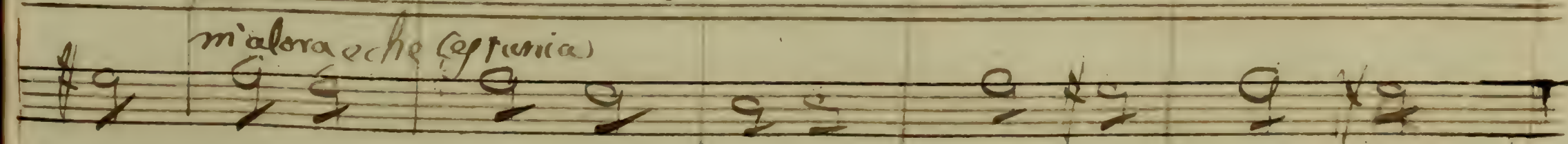
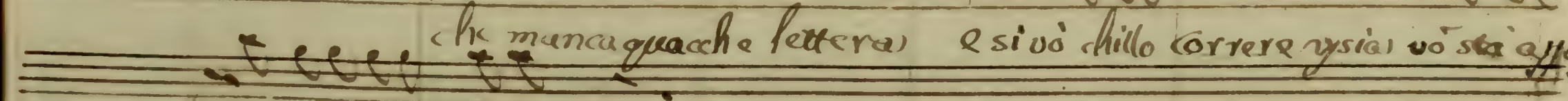
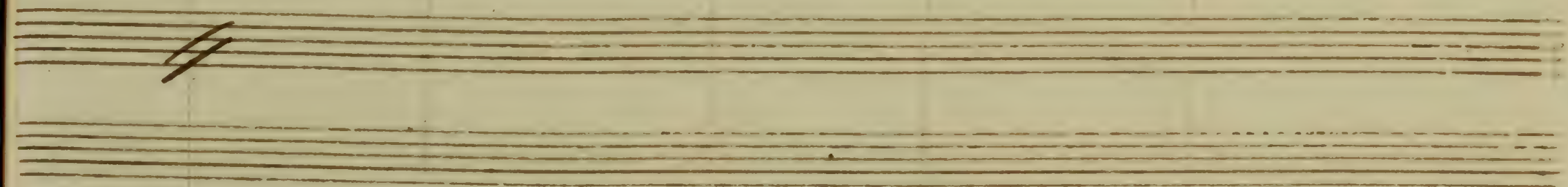
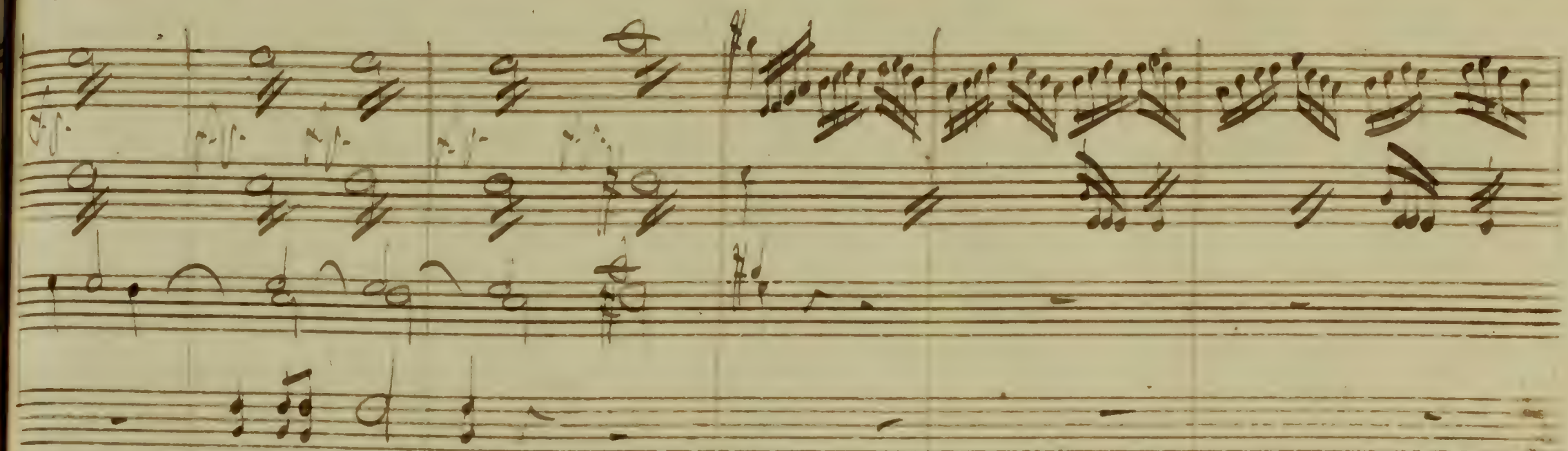
nimo anonimo fa virgola più calci a lo preterito preterito de je virgole, se non ha peli in

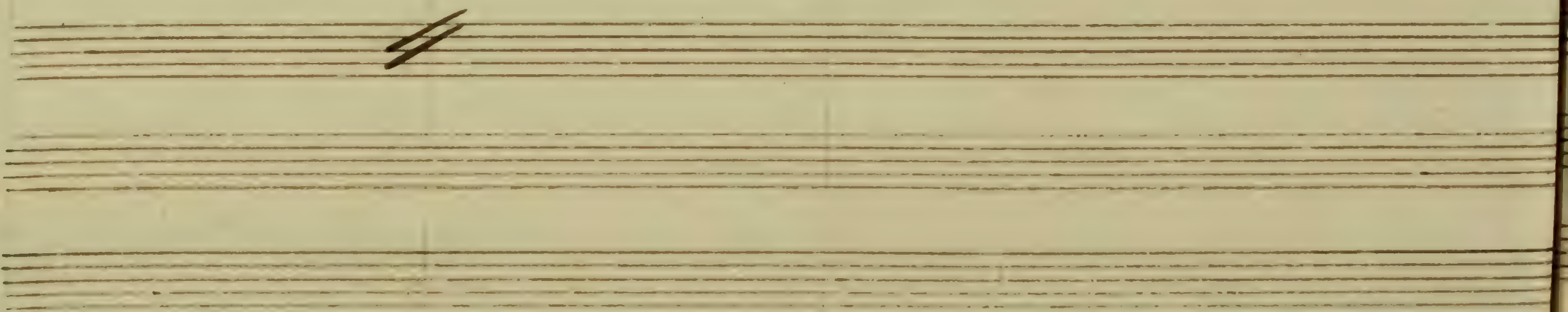
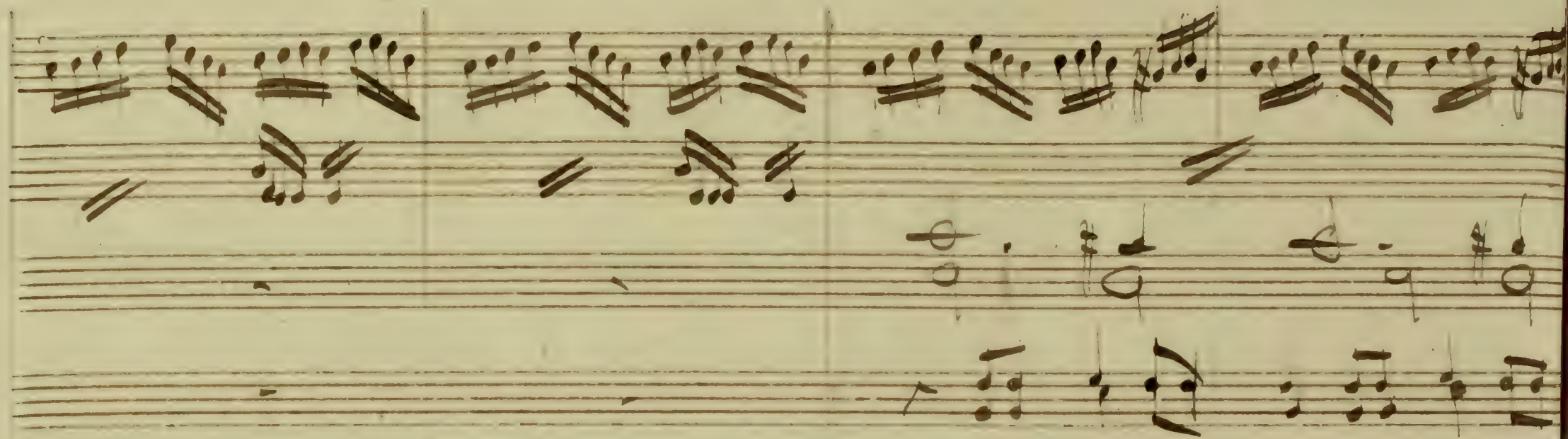




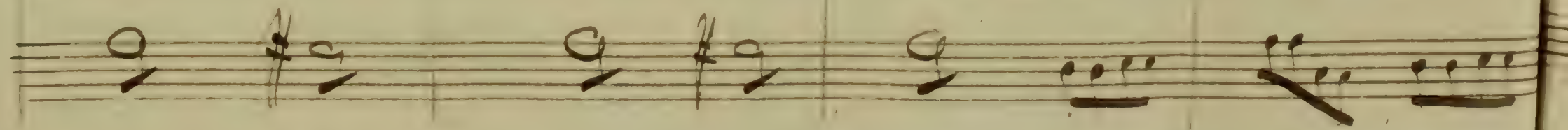
barbara in barbara re uirgole, il conte oror dara' ma uoi farete ridere chi leggerà ha ha

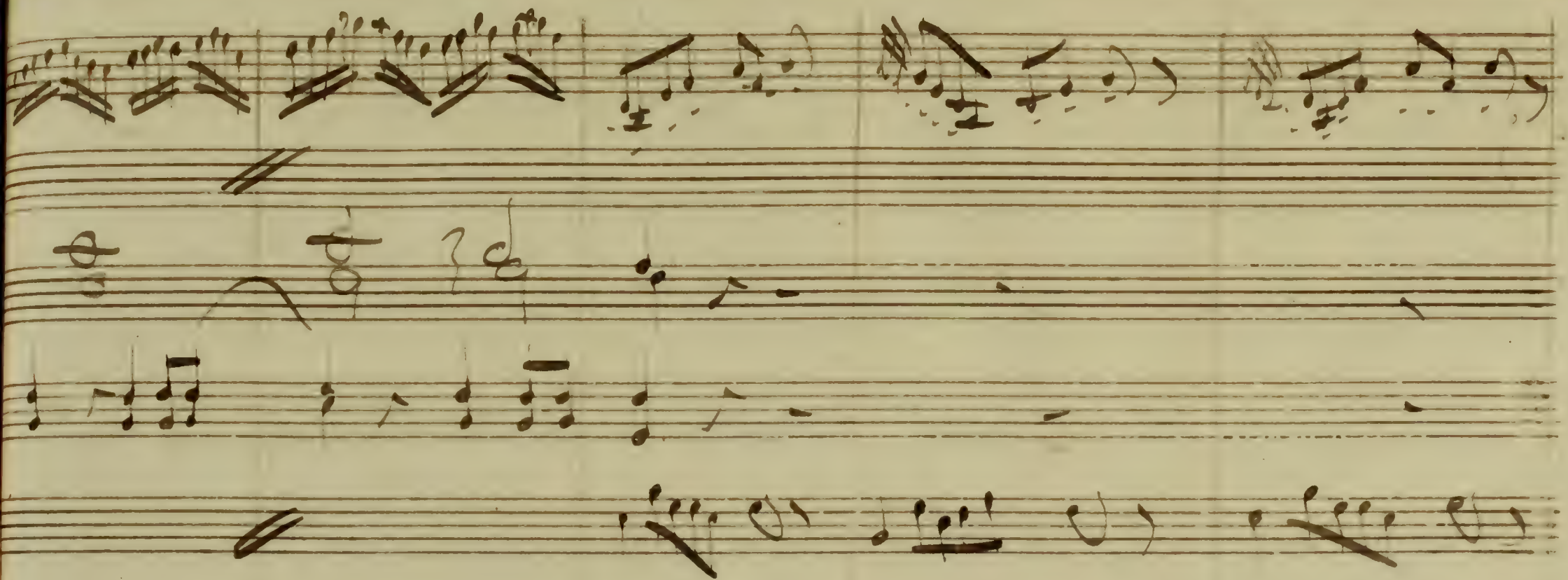






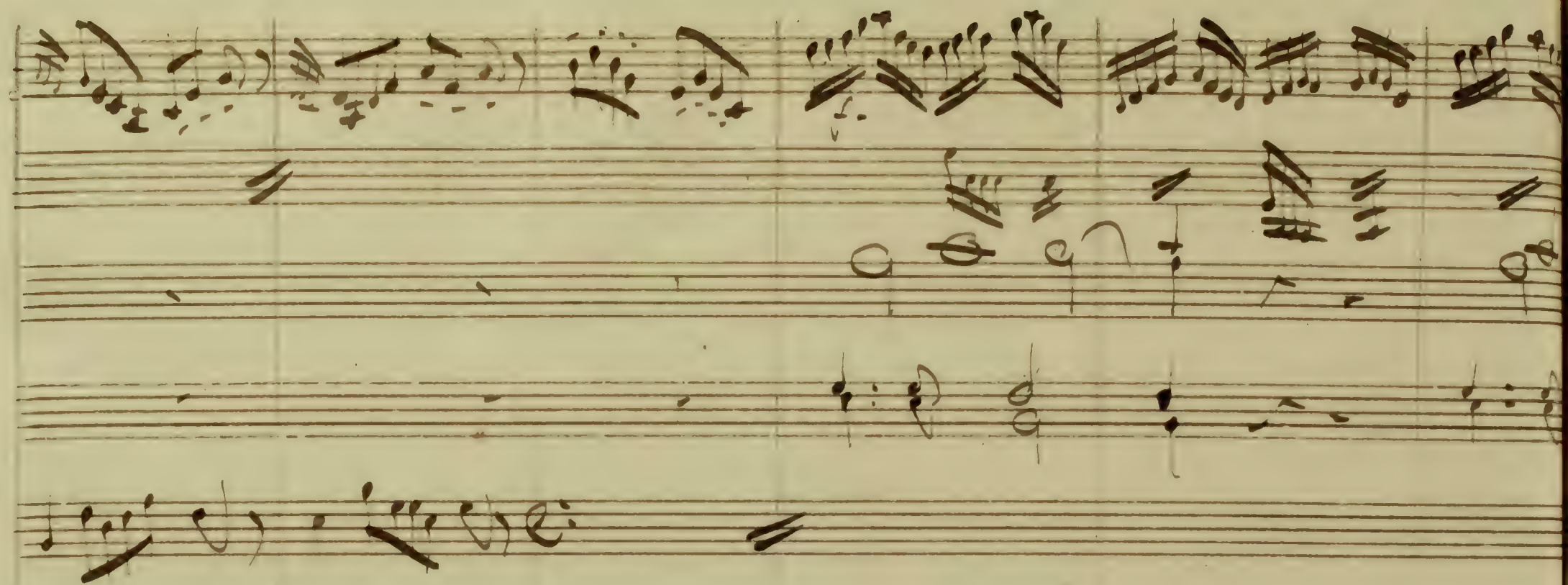
ghiognere ed isolo a scriuere, ne posso più arrenuà, ne posso più arrenuà ne posso più





Handwritten musical notation with lyrics in Italian. The lyrics are written in a cursive script and are interspersed with musical notes and rests on the staves.

Scrivete un'altra lettera,
la pena a fatto stappolo la
e straccia pieppod'igeno



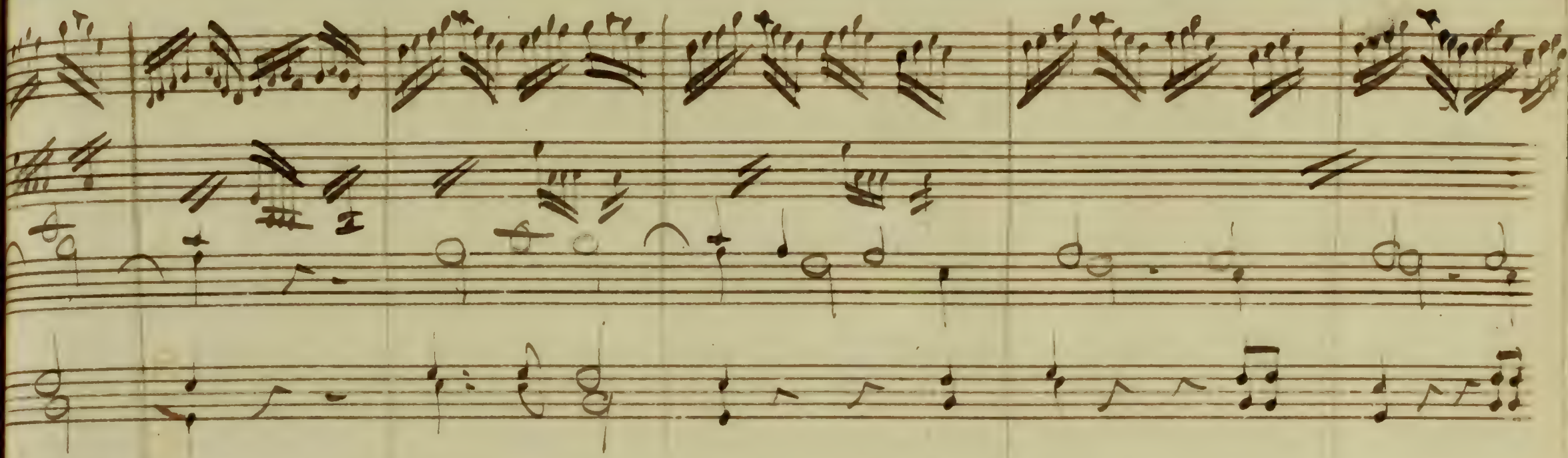
voglio tempera

quasi oggi quel suo fingere

di come sen' appret

Bonora chisto è un chiochiaro

Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The first staff has a few notes and rests. The second staff has a few notes and rests. The third staff has a few notes and rests. The fourth staff has a few notes and rests. The fifth staff has a few notes and rests.



mi giovera' quest'oggi quel suo fargere assai mi giovera' assai mi giovera

Pe fame 'l'odella / Vi comè se n' apprettono pe fame 'l'odella pe fame 'l'odella

manco sa parla Non ora chisto è un diò chiaro che manco sa parla che manco sa parla

p. *f.*

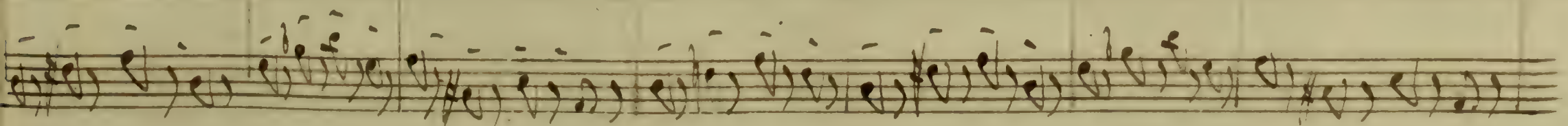
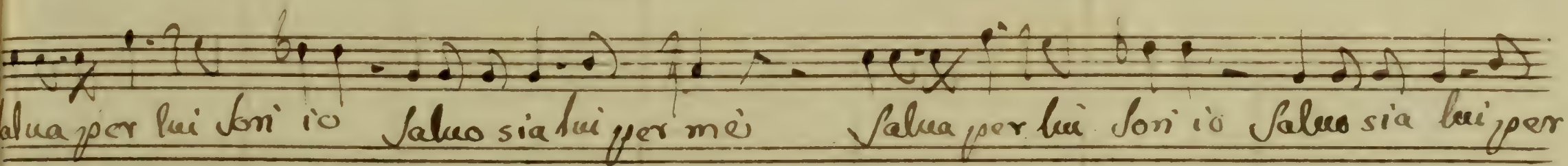
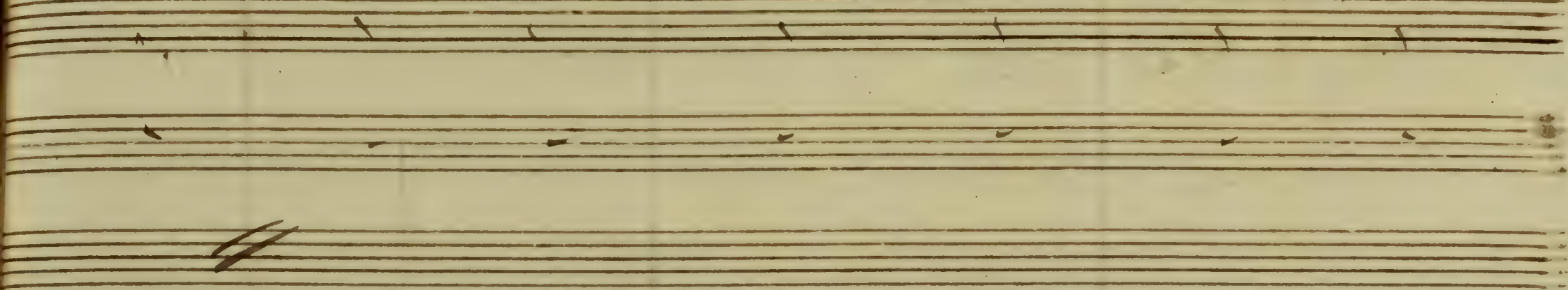
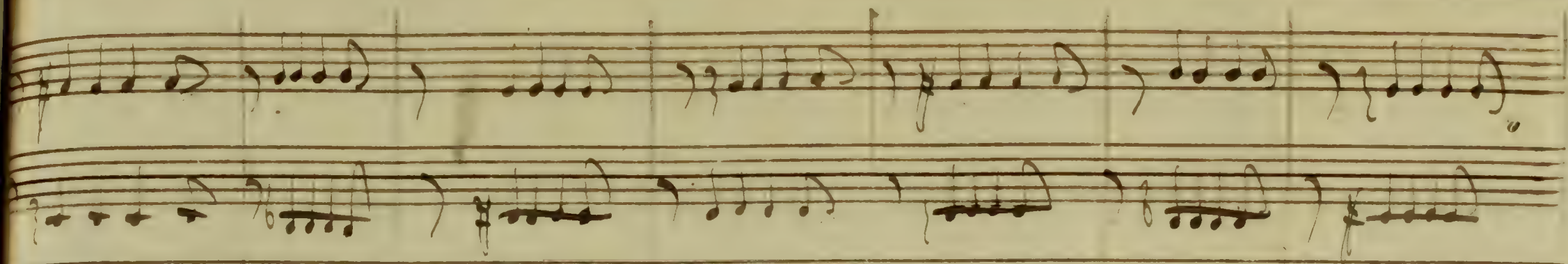
Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with musical notation and lyrics.

The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century. It includes a vocal line with lyrics and several instrumental parts.

Lyrics:

Le qui: Coraggio, Coraggio, ah Dio

The musical notation includes various notes, rests, and clefs, characteristic of early modern manuscript notation. There are also some decorative flourishes and a large initial 'P' at the bottom left.



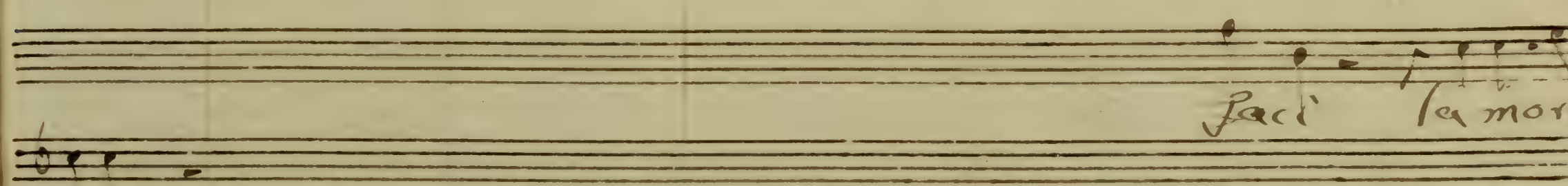
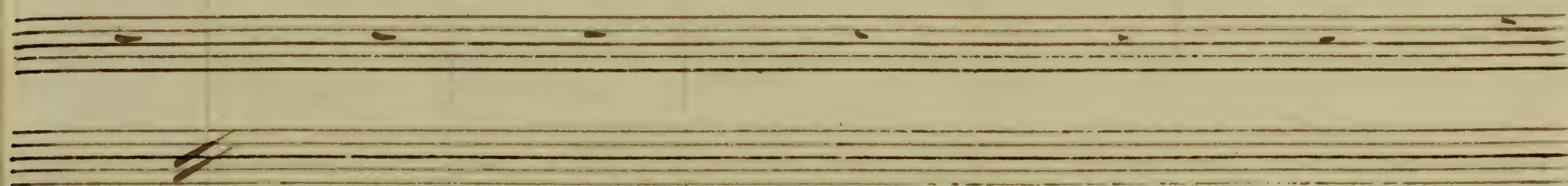
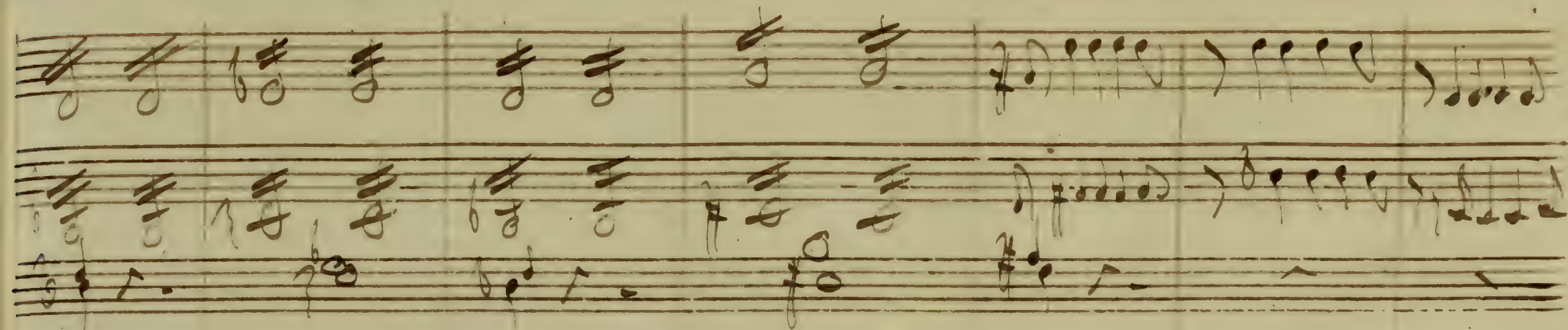
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff contains a series of notes and rests, with some notes marked with a sharp sign (#). The second staff contains a series of notes and rests, with some notes marked with a sharp sign (#). The notation is in a cursive, handwritten style.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff contains a series of notes and rests, with some notes marked with a sharp sign (#). The second staff contains a series of notes and rests, with some notes marked with a sharp sign (#). The notation is in a cursive, handwritten style.

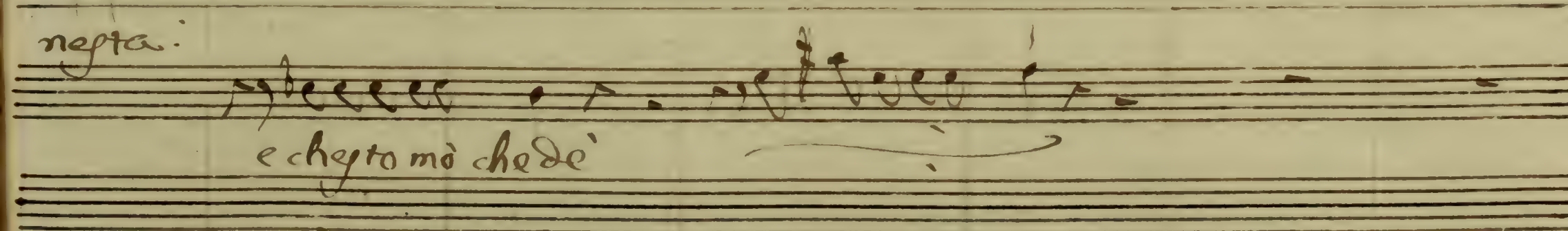
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff contains a series of notes and rests, with some notes marked with a sharp sign (#). The second staff contains a series of notes and rests, with some notes marked with a sharp sign (#). The notation is in a cursive, handwritten style.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff contains a series of notes and rests, with some notes marked with a sharp sign (#). The second staff contains a series of notes and rests, with some notes marked with a sharp sign (#). The notation is in a cursive, handwritten style.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff contains a series of notes and rests, with some notes marked with a sharp sign (#). The second staff contains a series of notes and rests, with some notes marked with a sharp sign (#). The notation is in a cursive, handwritten style.

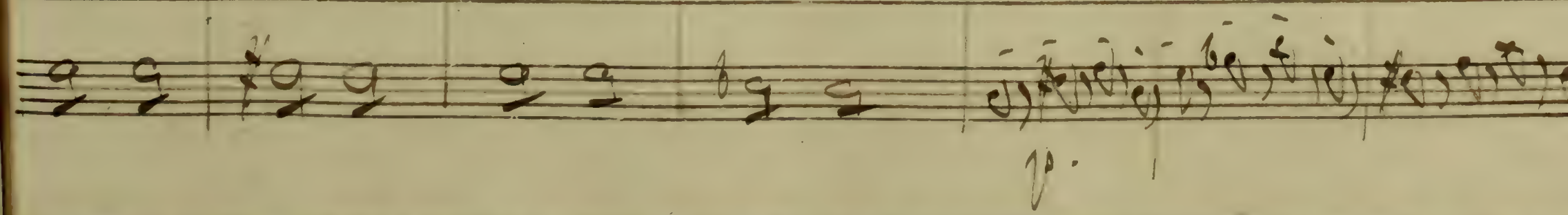



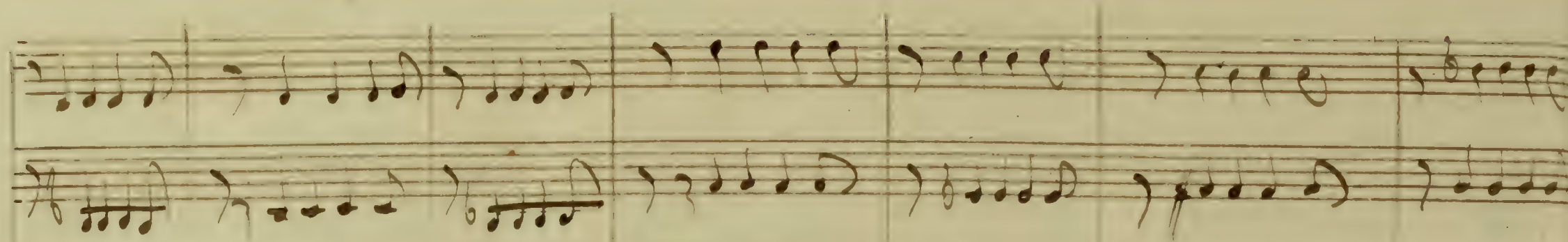
Paci la morte



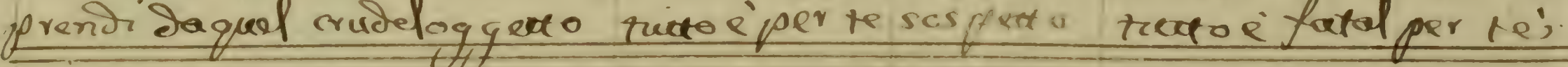
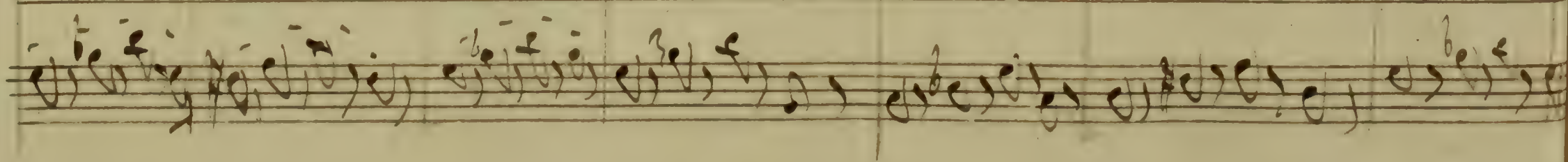
negra.

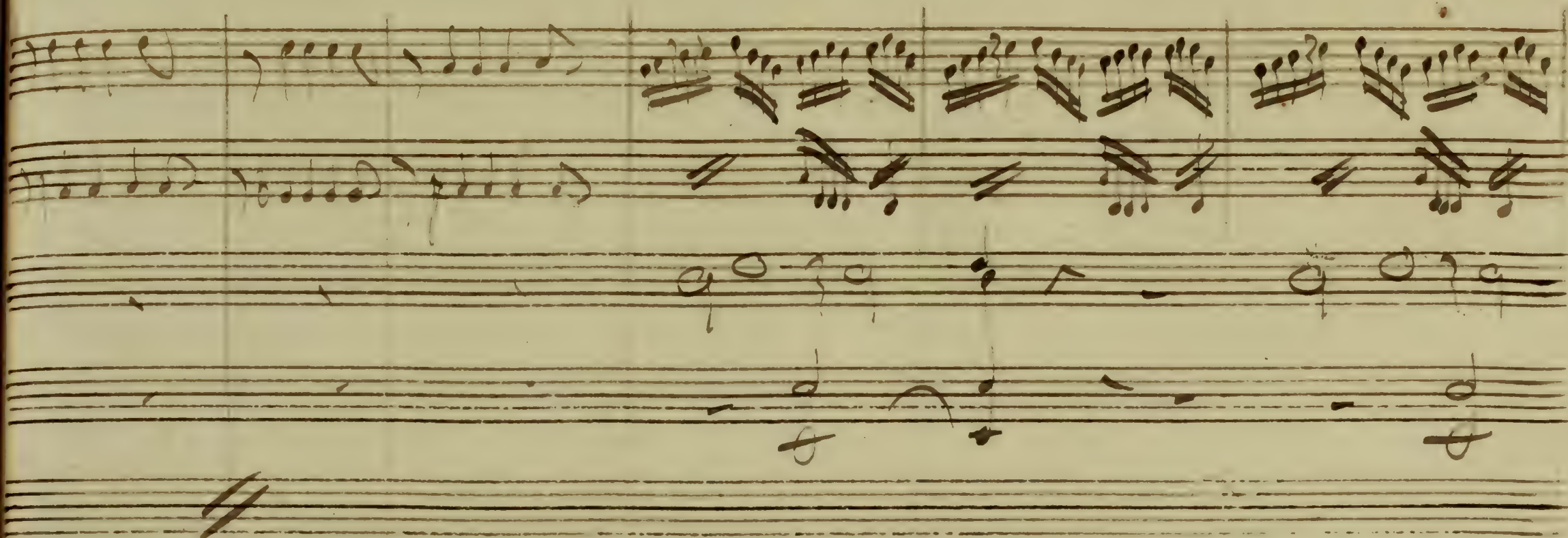
e che to mō chede





prendi da quel crudel oggetto tutto è per te sospetto tutto è fatal per te.

A single staff of handwritten musical notation, likely a vocal line, corresponding to the lyrics. It features a treble clef and contains several measures of music with various note values and rests.



tutto è per te sospetto tutto è fatal per te

M malora, e ne va! e!



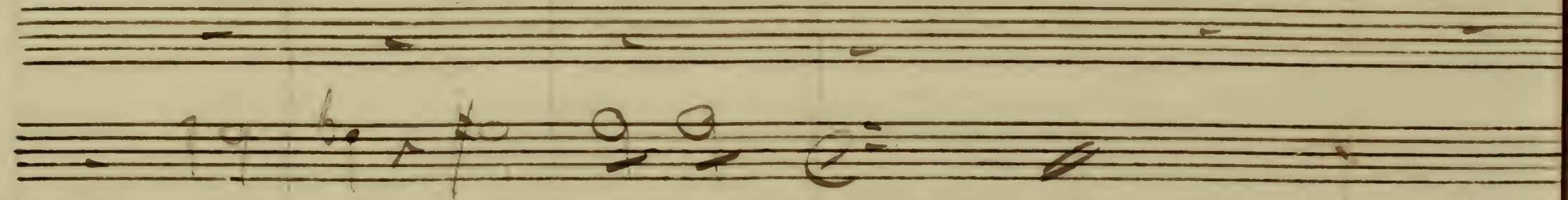
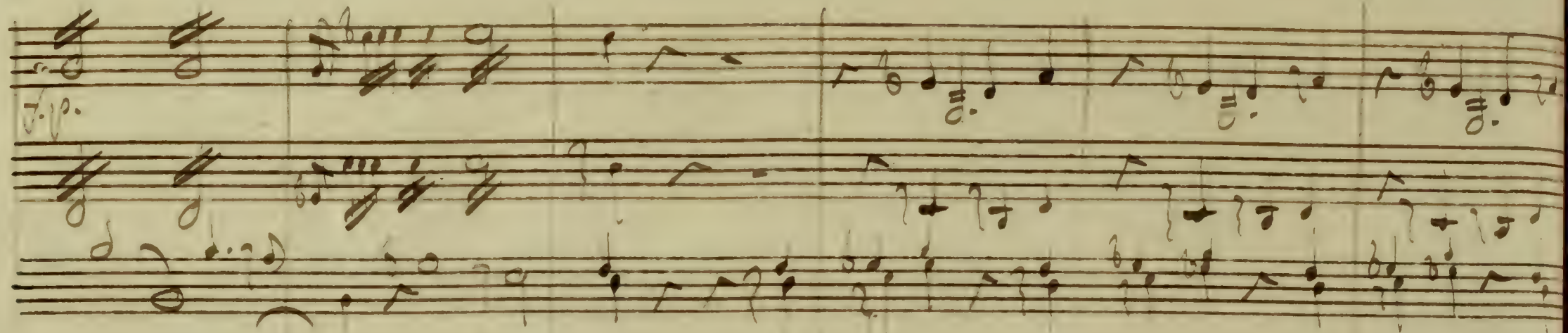
che più pretendi già dissi assai ho da partir ho da

Siente... dimme... N'augusta

Handwritten musical score for piano and voice. The piano part is written on three staves. The first staff contains a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a time signature of 3/4. The music consists of chords and single notes. The second and third staves contain bass clefs and more chords. The voice part is written on a single staff with a treble clef, starting with a vocal line and a few notes below it.

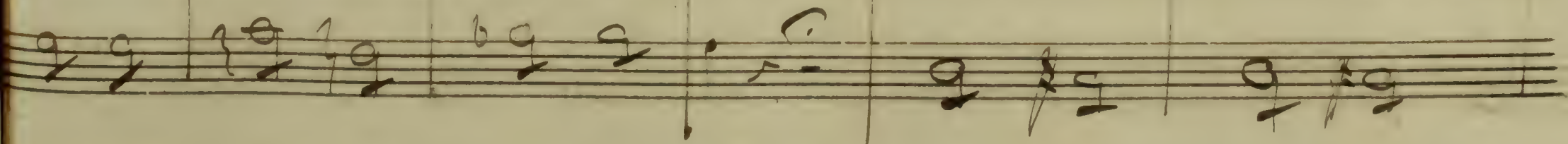
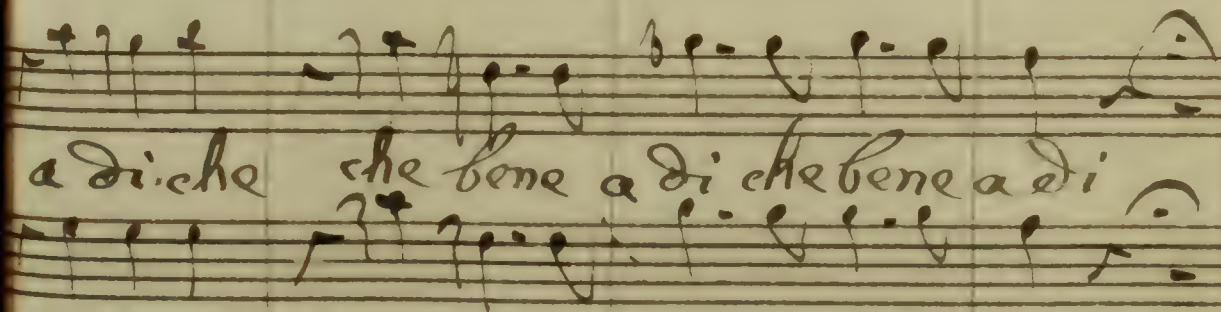
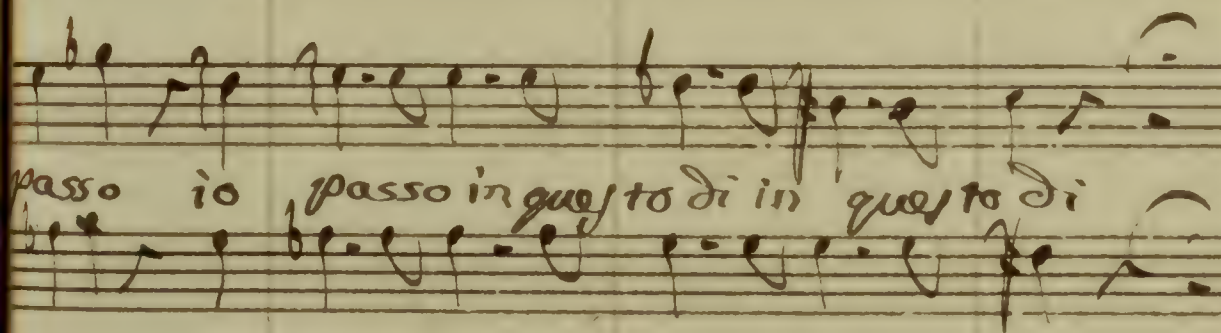
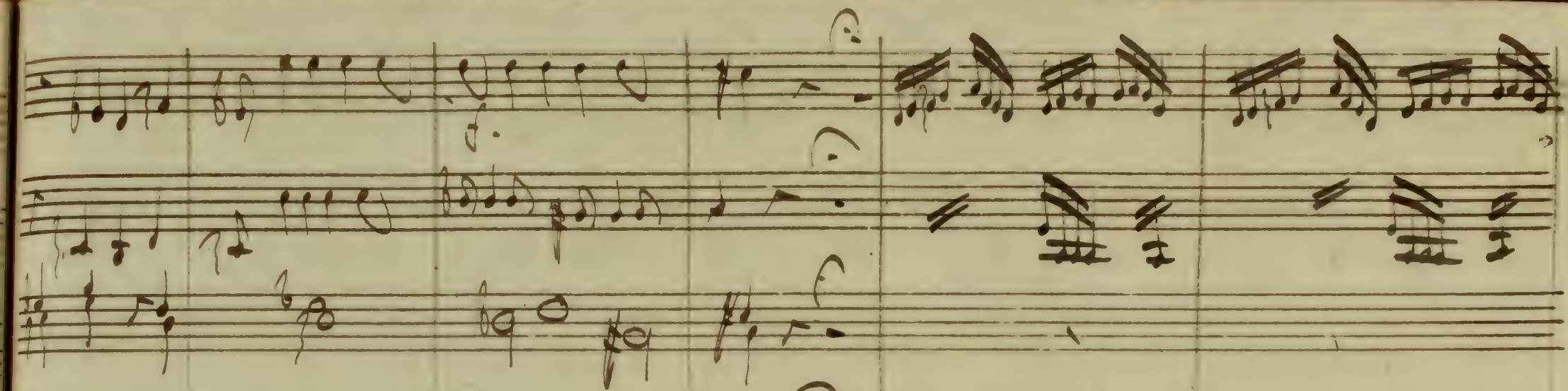
Handwritten musical score for voice with Italian lyrics. The lyrics are written in cursive below the notes. The music is written on a single staff with a treble clef. The lyrics are: "Ah che da pene in pene", "io passo in questo", "che fanno lo mè vene", "che fanno lo mè vene", "che fanno lo mè vene", "che fanno lo mè vene".

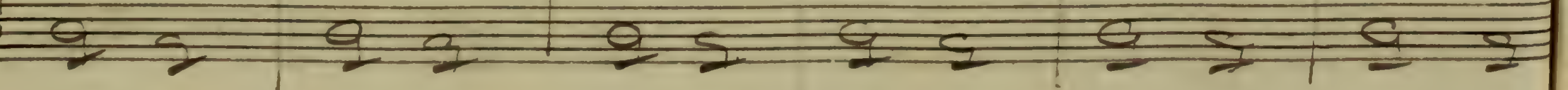
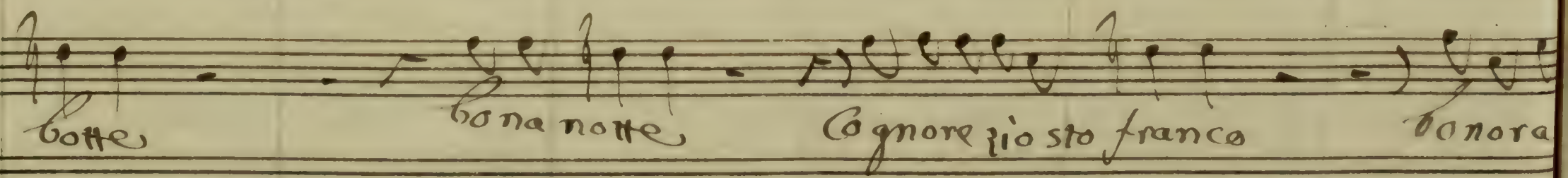
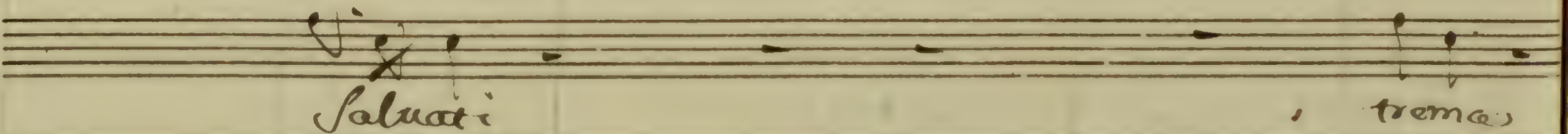
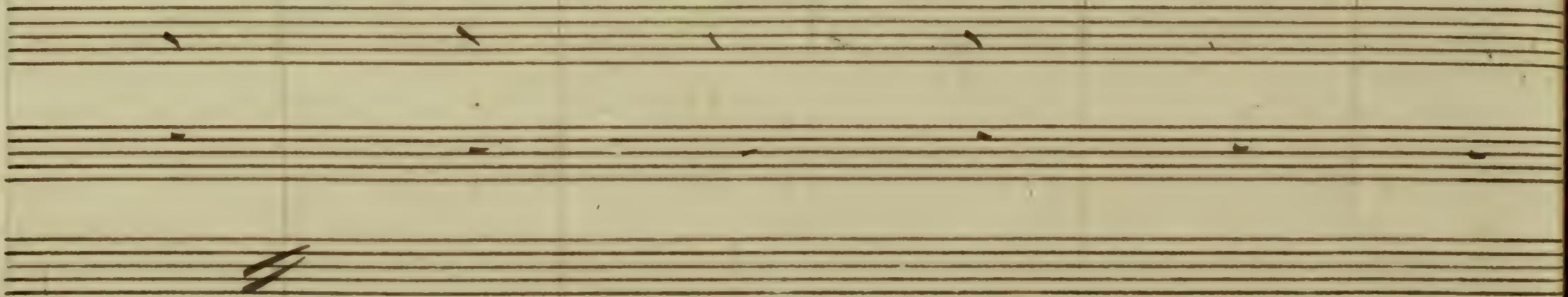
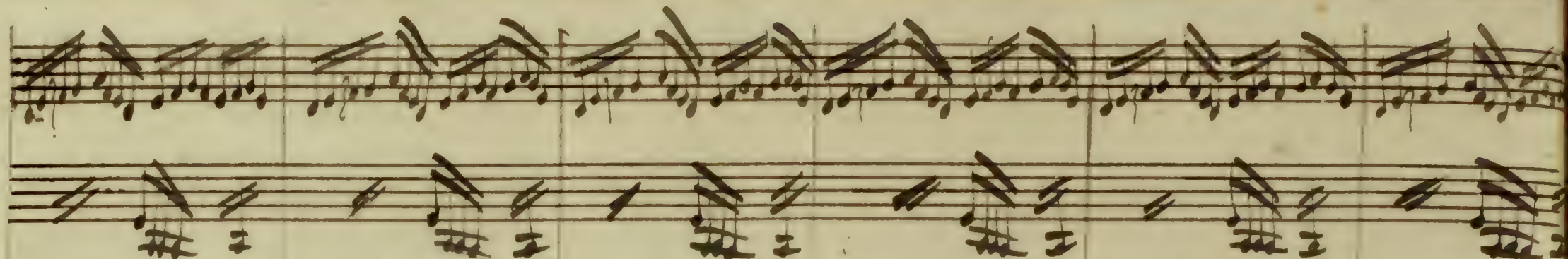
Ah che da pene in pene
io passo in questo
che fanno lo mè vene
che fanno lo mè vene
che fanno lo mè vene
che fanno lo mè vene

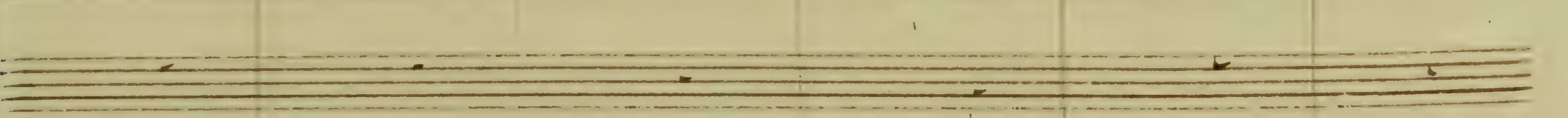
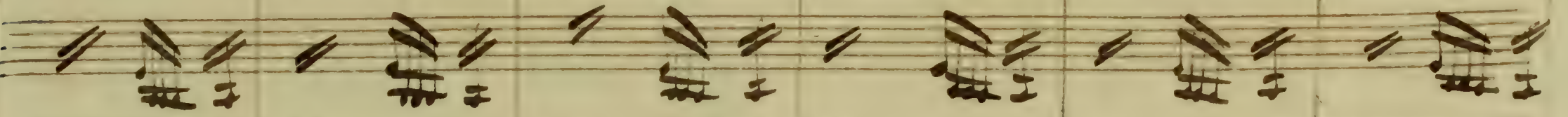
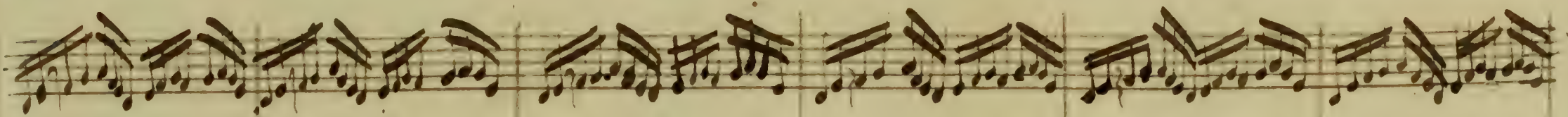


di in que sto di io passo da bene in bene
io passo in questo di in questo di io
di che bene a di che bene a di che be
che







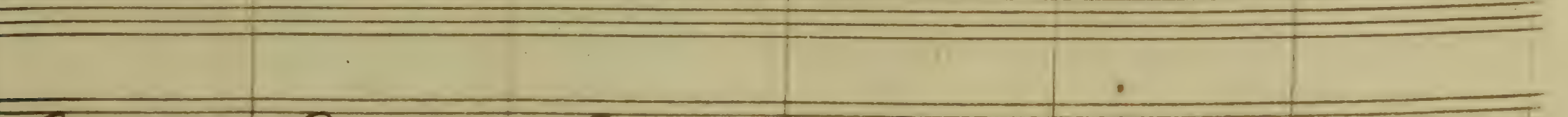


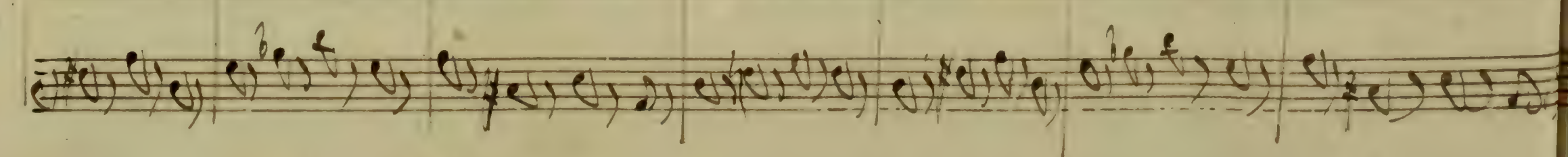
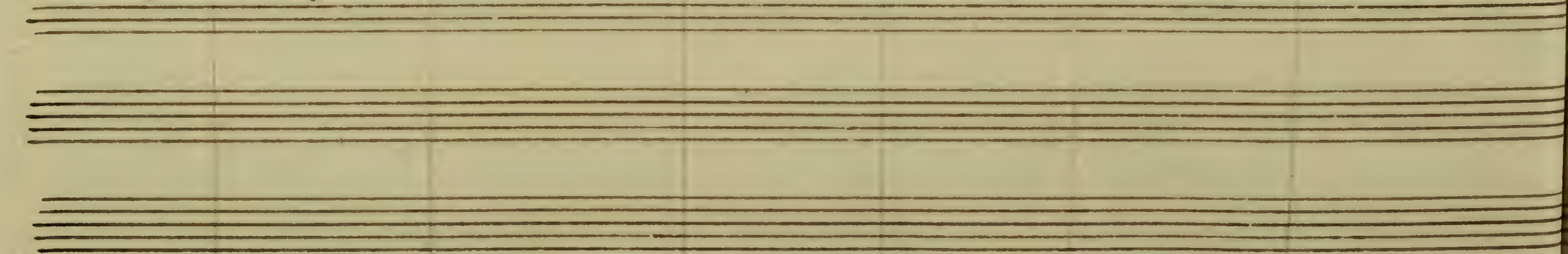
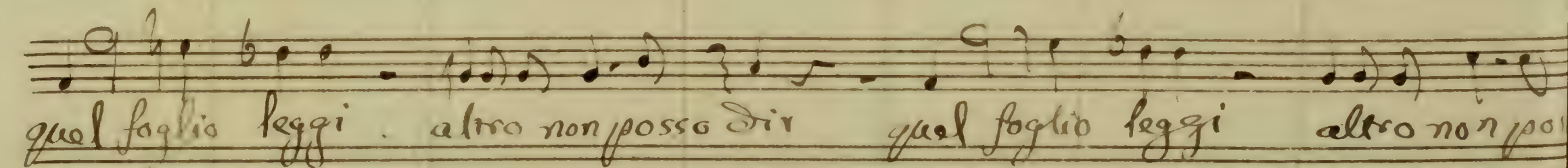
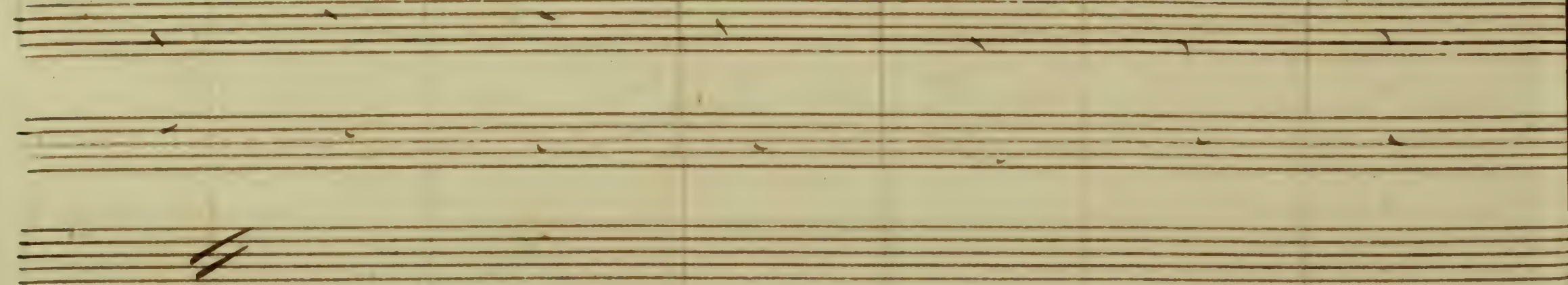
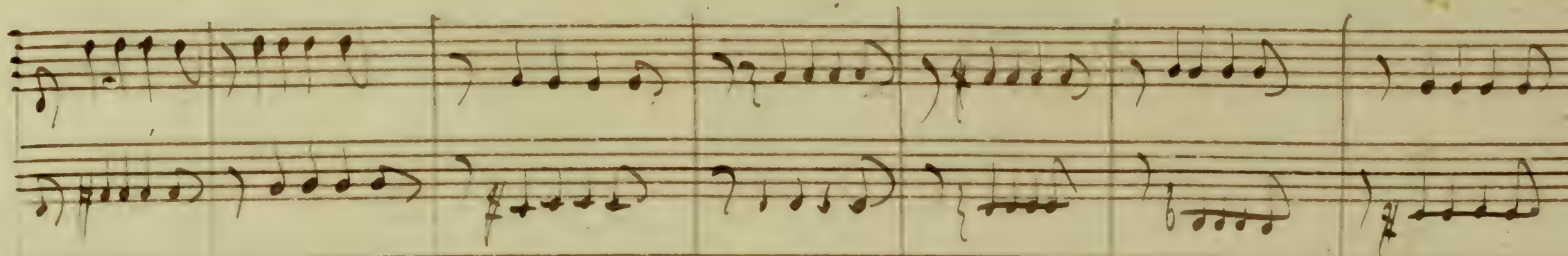
I' inganni io son nemica

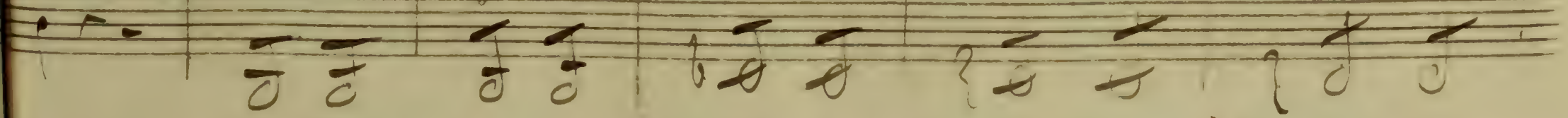
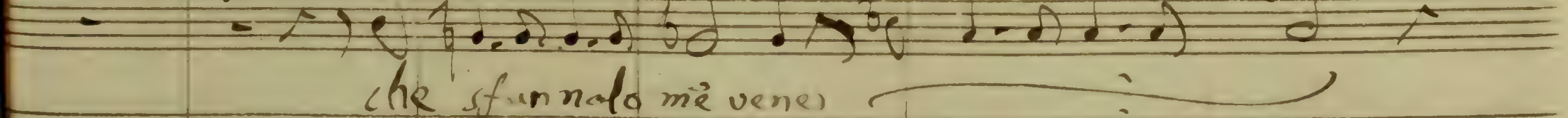
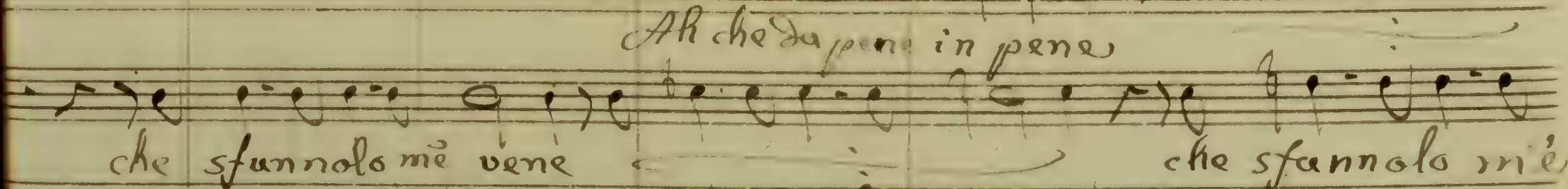
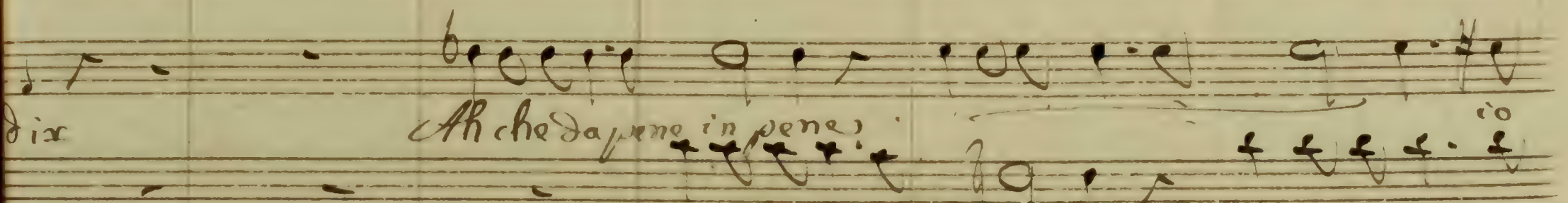
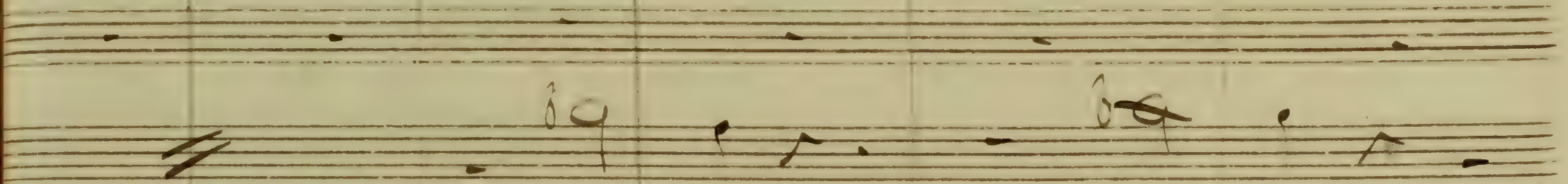
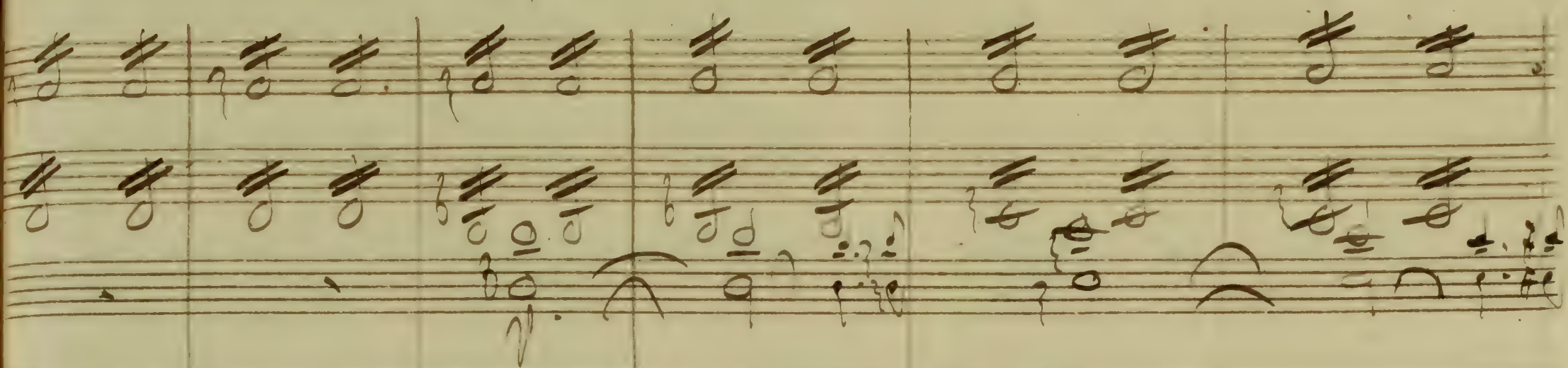


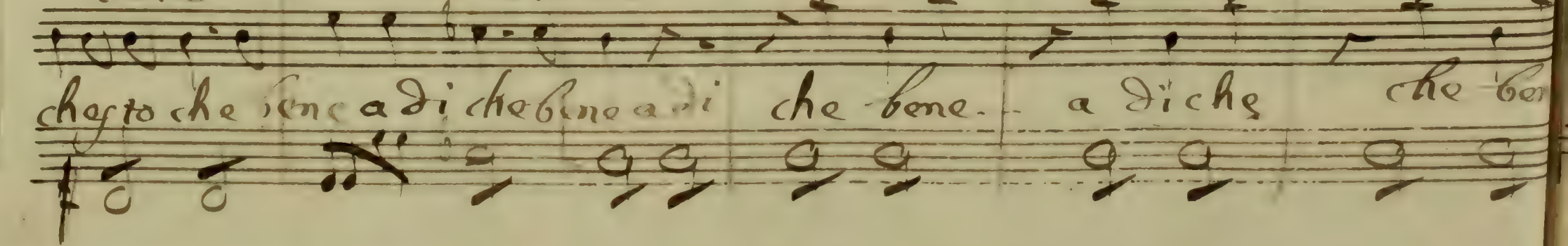
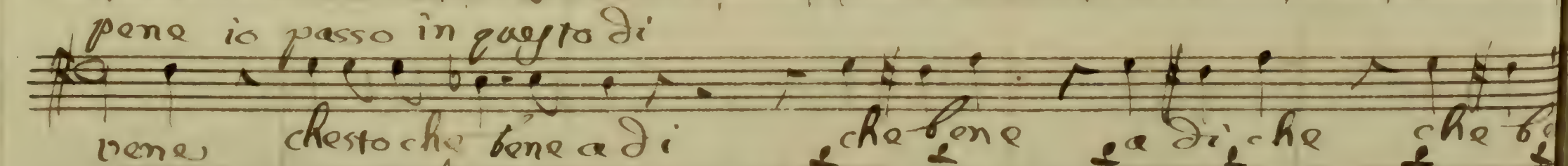
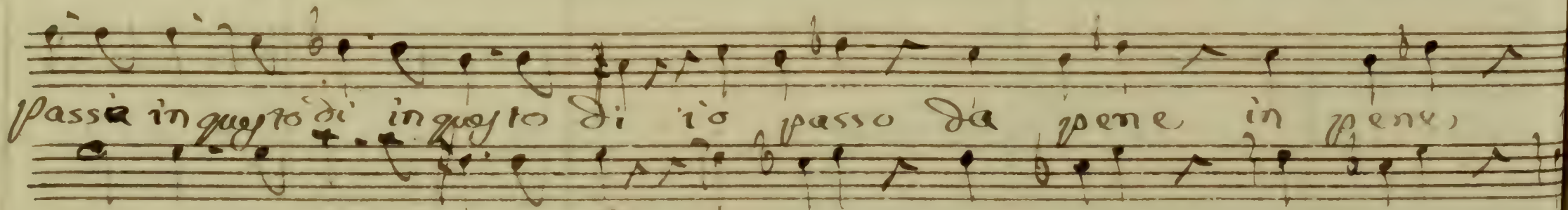
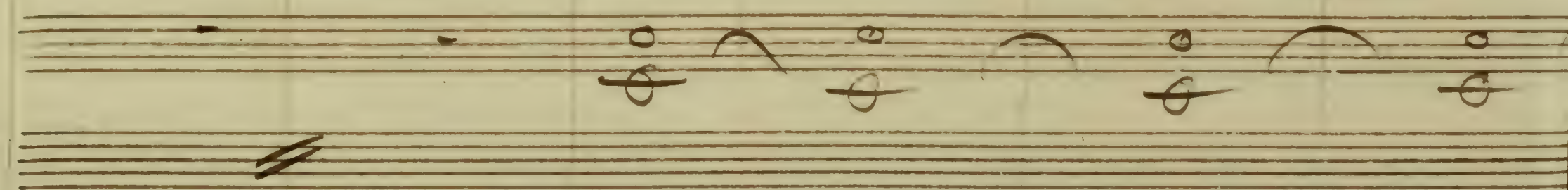
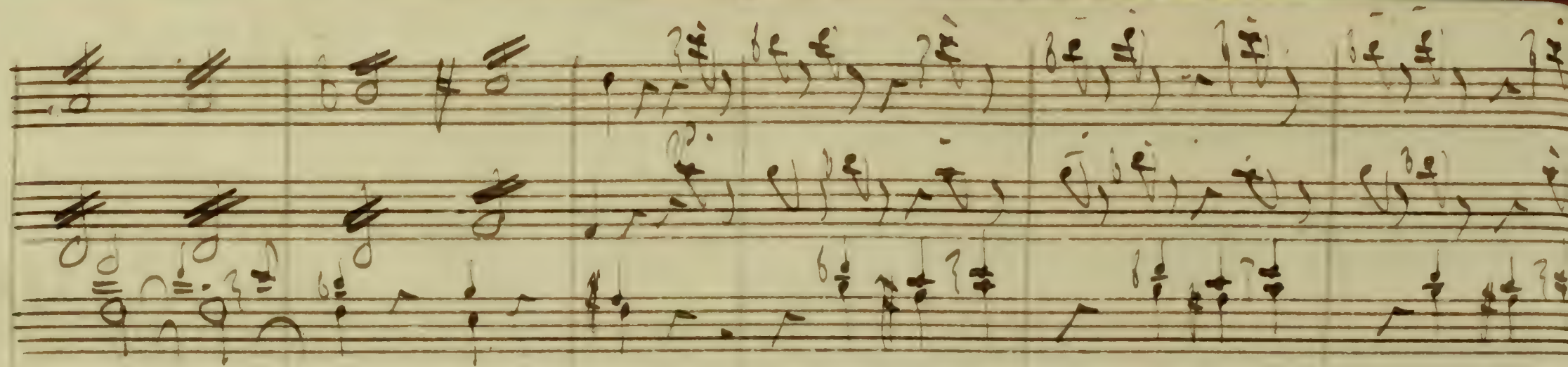
manco e usiammi e bona amica

(Omme







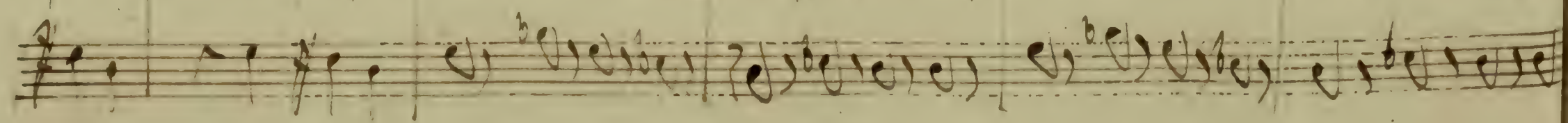
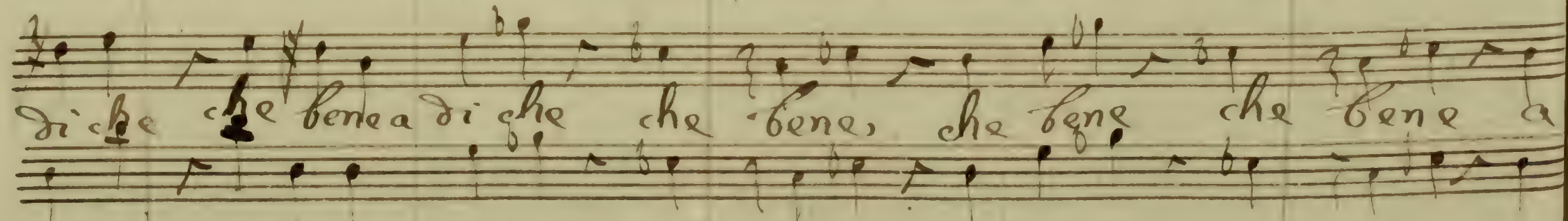
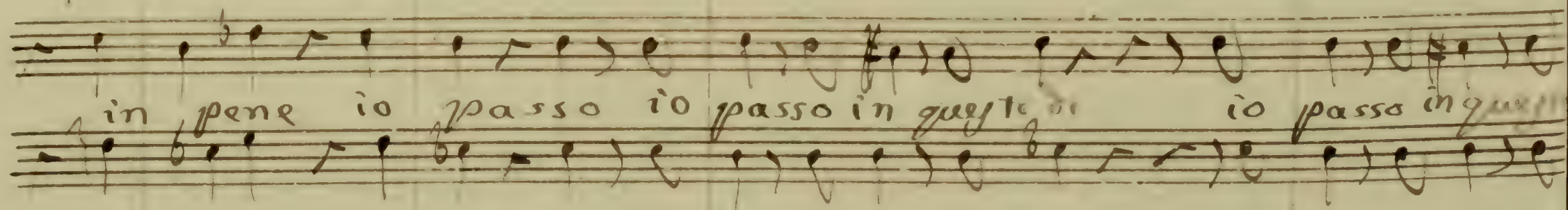
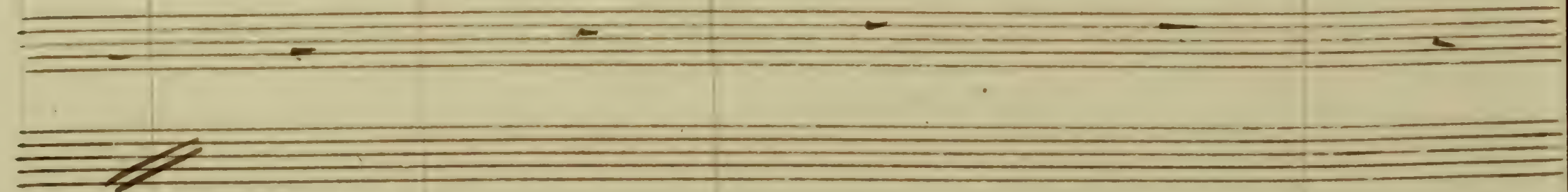
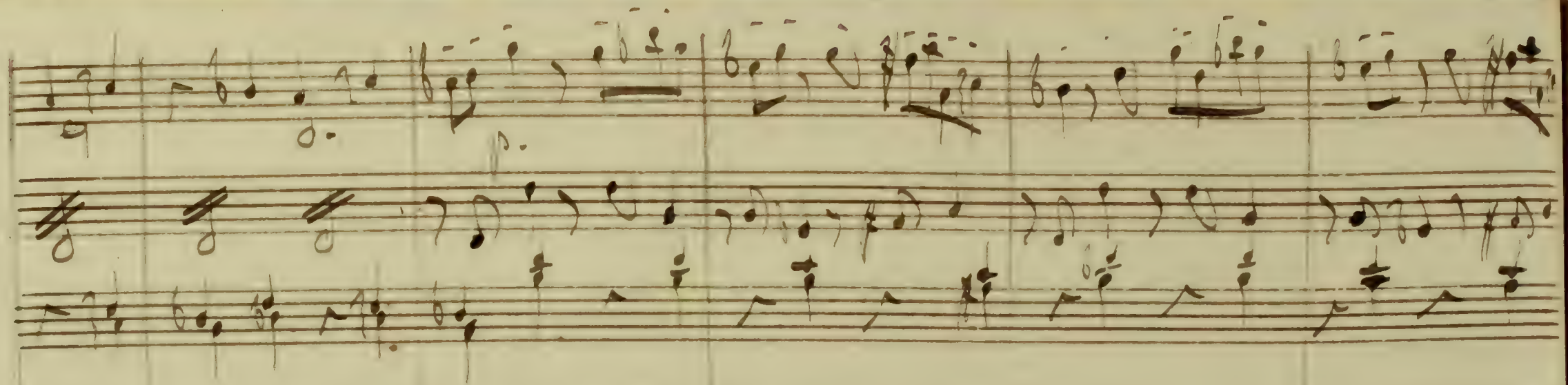


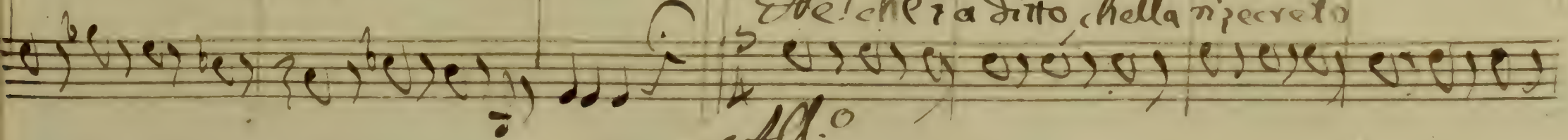
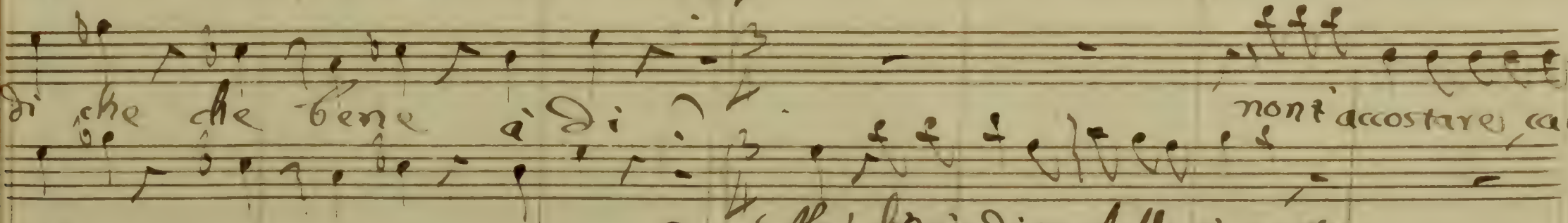
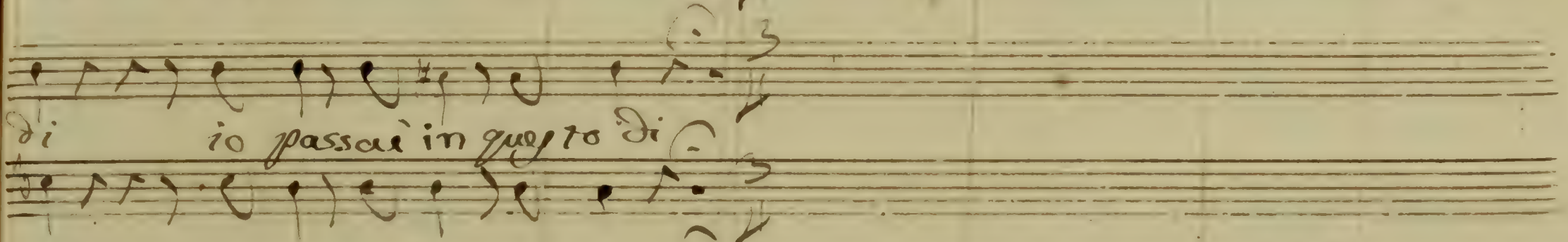
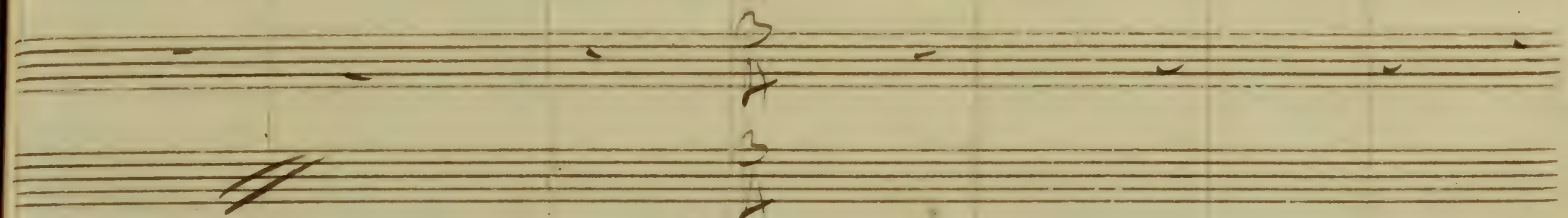
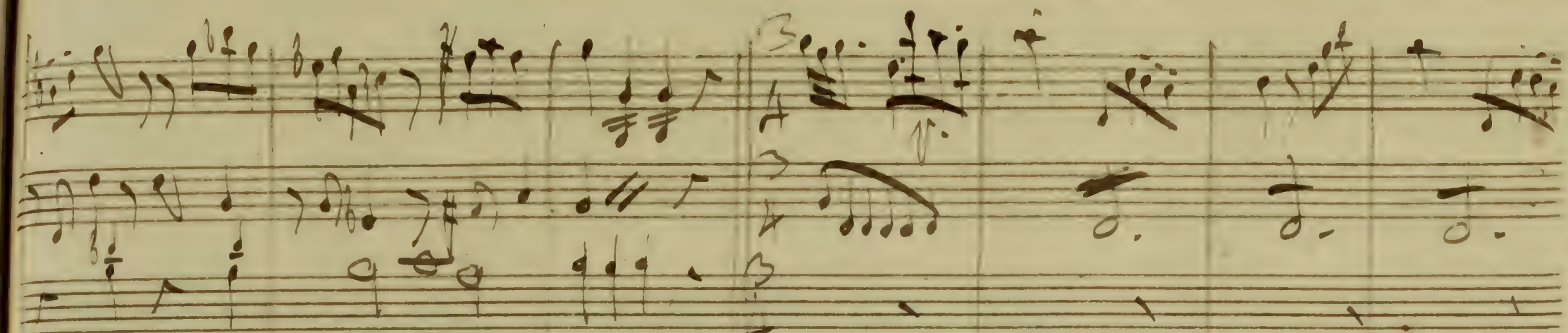
Handwritten musical notation on three staves. The top staff contains a series of sharp signs and some notes. The middle and bottom staves contain more complex musical notation with notes and rests.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff has a few notes and a large slur. The bottom staff is mostly empty with a double bar line.

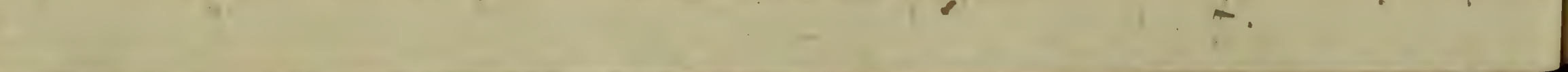
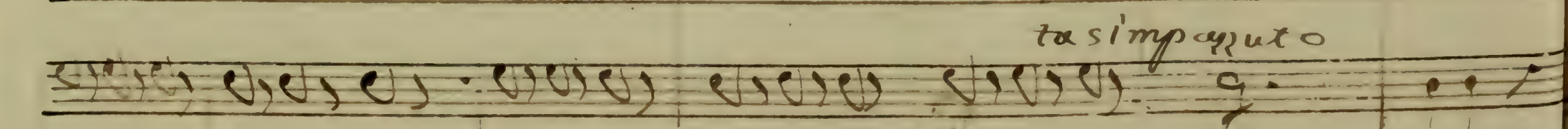
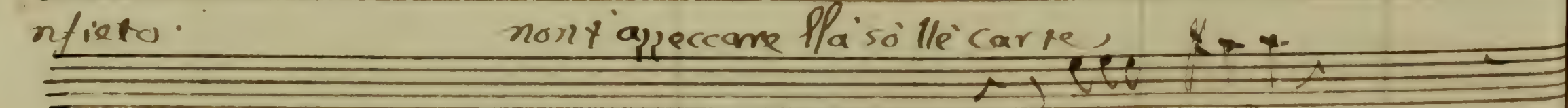
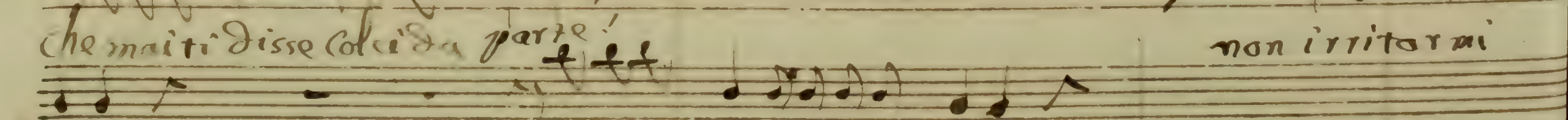
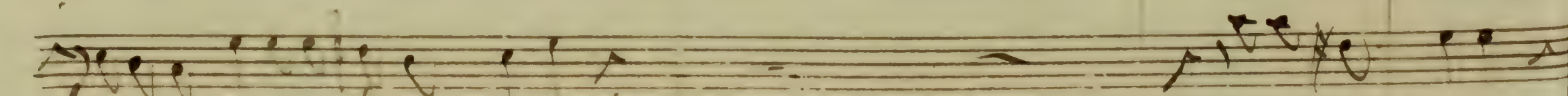
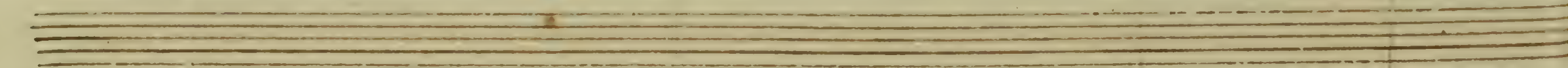
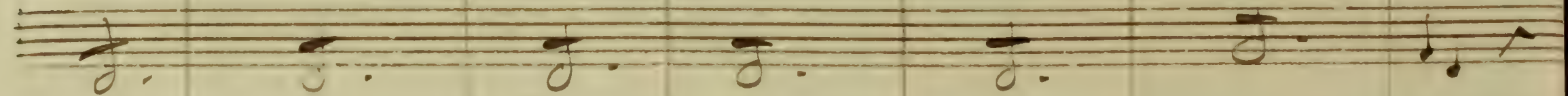
Handwritten musical notation on two staves with Italian lyrics. The lyrics are: "bene io passo in questo di io passo in questo di io passo da bene,"

Handwritten musical notation on two staves with Italian lyrics. The lyrics are: "di che sfanò lo mè venè che sfanò lo mè venè che-bene"





Ad:°



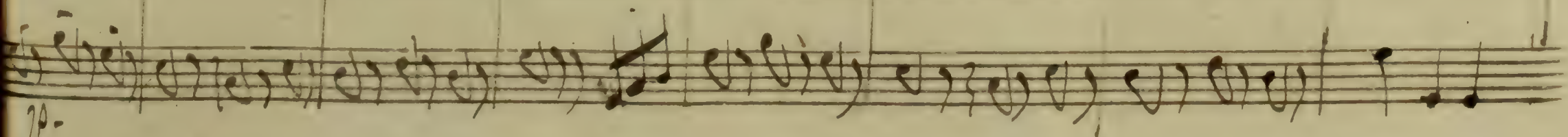
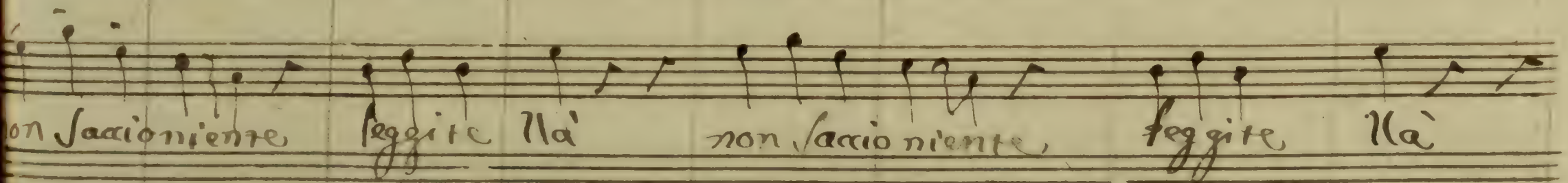
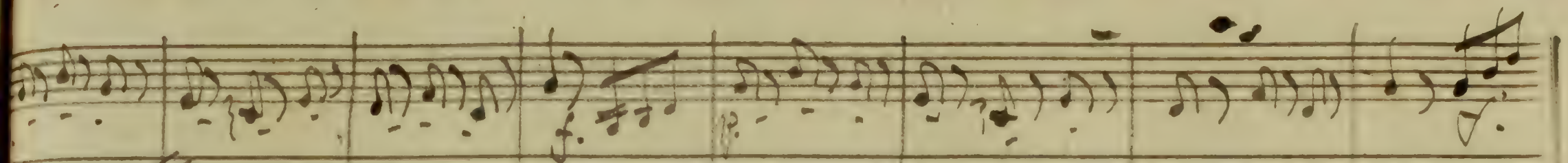
che mai ti disse colui da parte!

non irritarmi

nfieto.

non t'appeccare l'a sò llè carte,

ta simpaguto

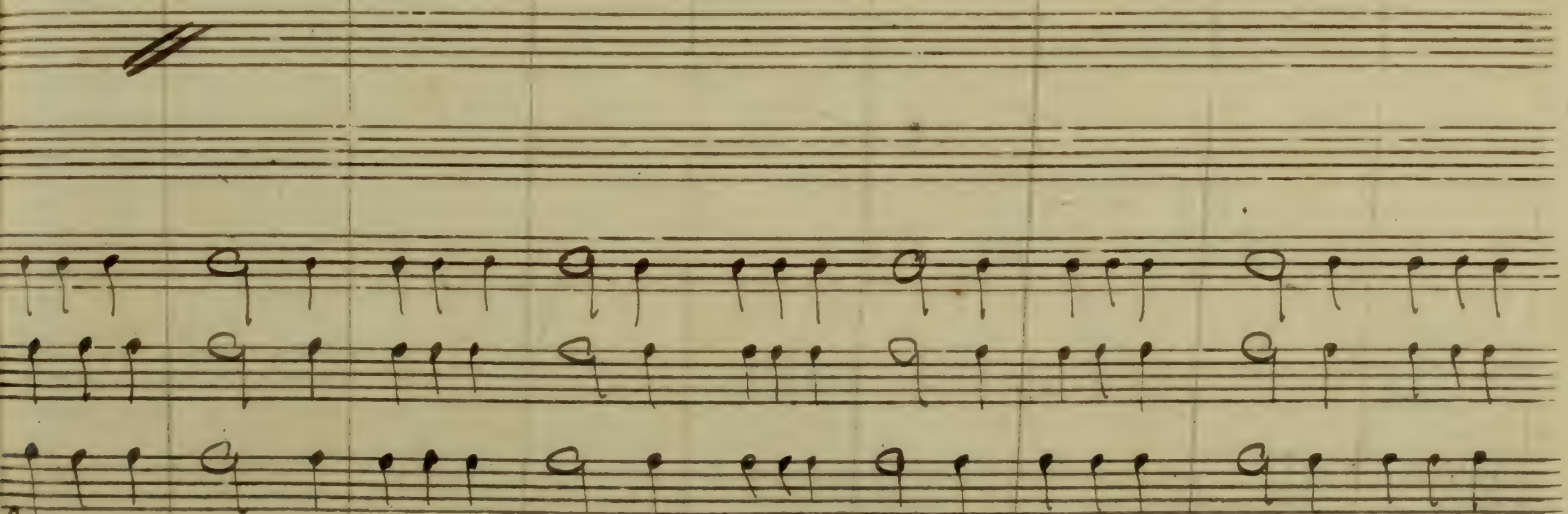
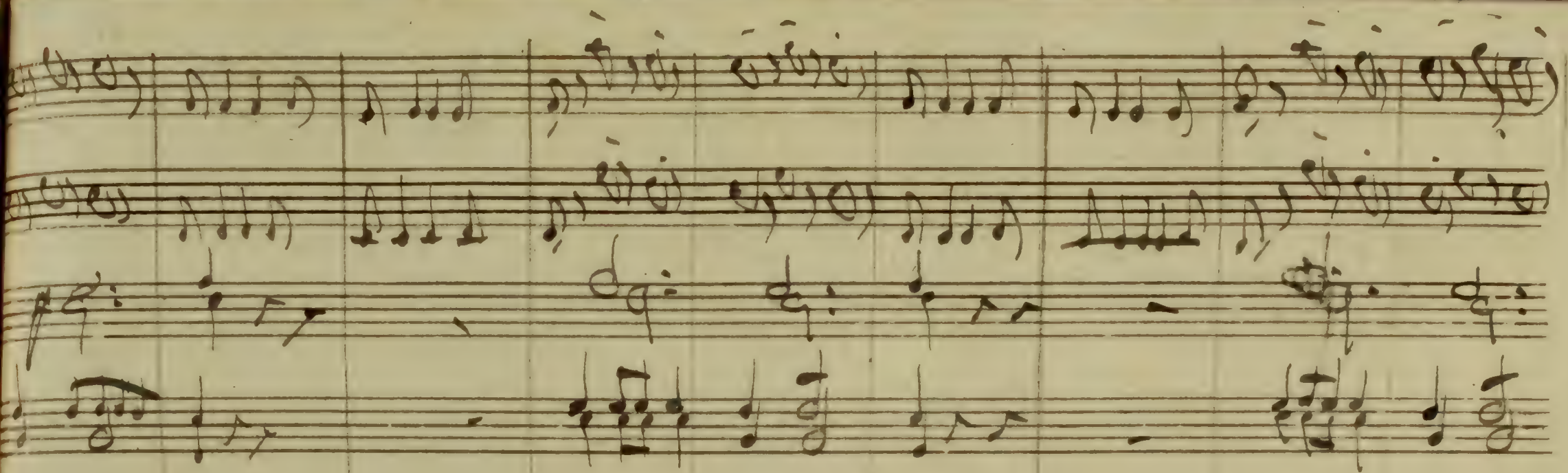


Handwritten musical notation on a five-staff system. The first staff contains a melody with notes and rests. The second staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a complex rhythmic pattern. The third staff contains a bass line with notes. The fourth and fifth staves are empty.

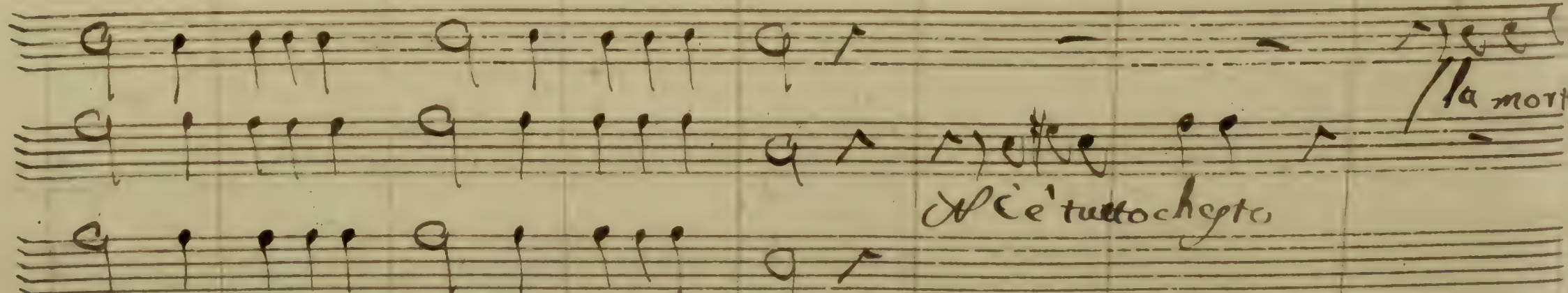
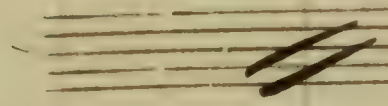
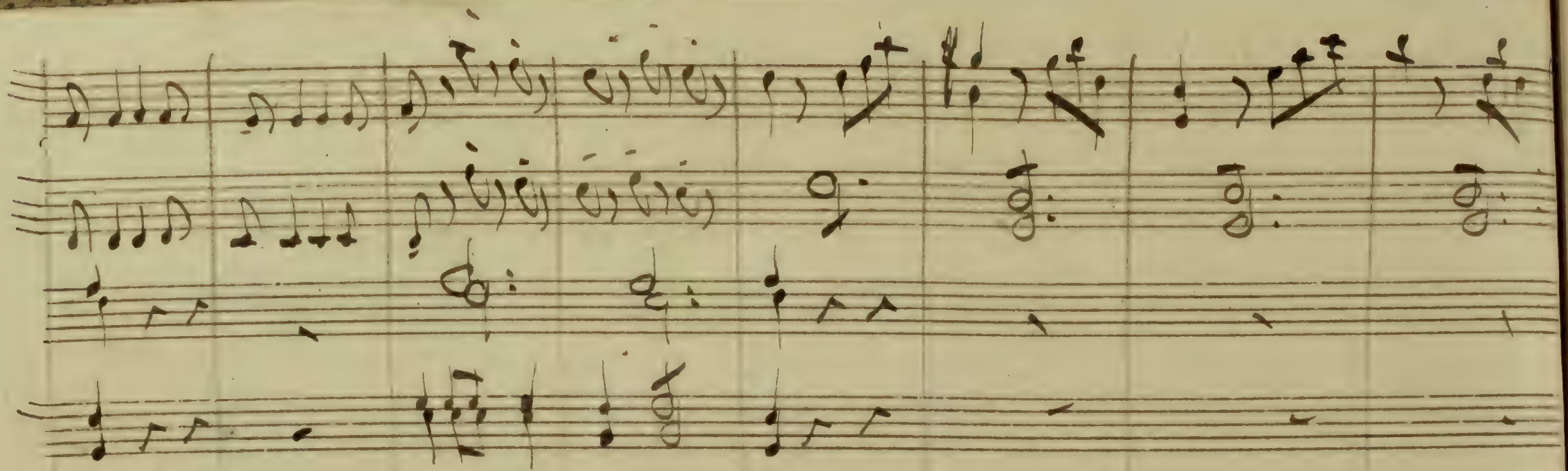
Handwritten musical notation on a five-staff system. The first staff is empty. The second staff contains a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a complex rhythmic pattern. The third staff contains a bass line with notes. The fourth and fifth staves are empty.

Handwritten musical notation on a five-staff system. The first staff contains a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a complex rhythmic pattern. The second staff contains a bass line with notes. The third staff contains a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a complex rhythmic pattern. The fourth and fifth staves are empty.

Si Salai il Conte:



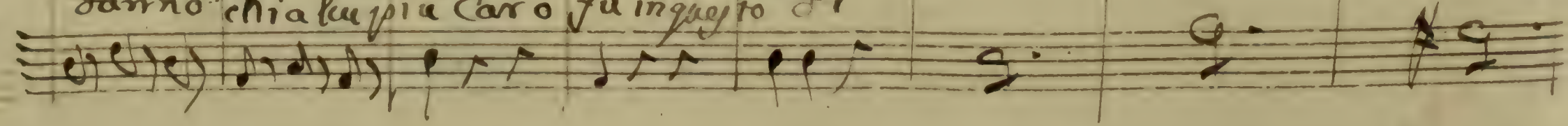
la morte e certa o con inganne o invidia aperta che fin l'aciaro serba a suo

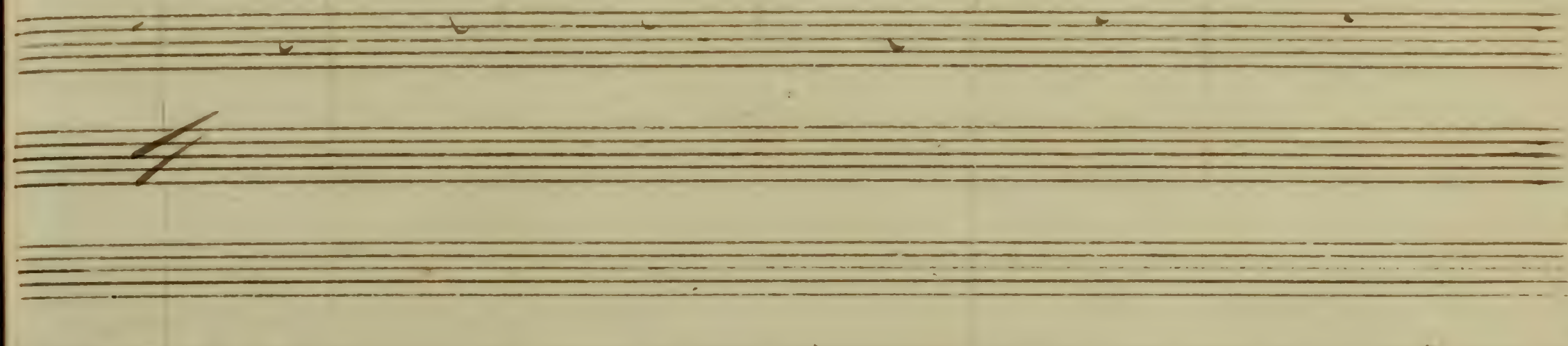
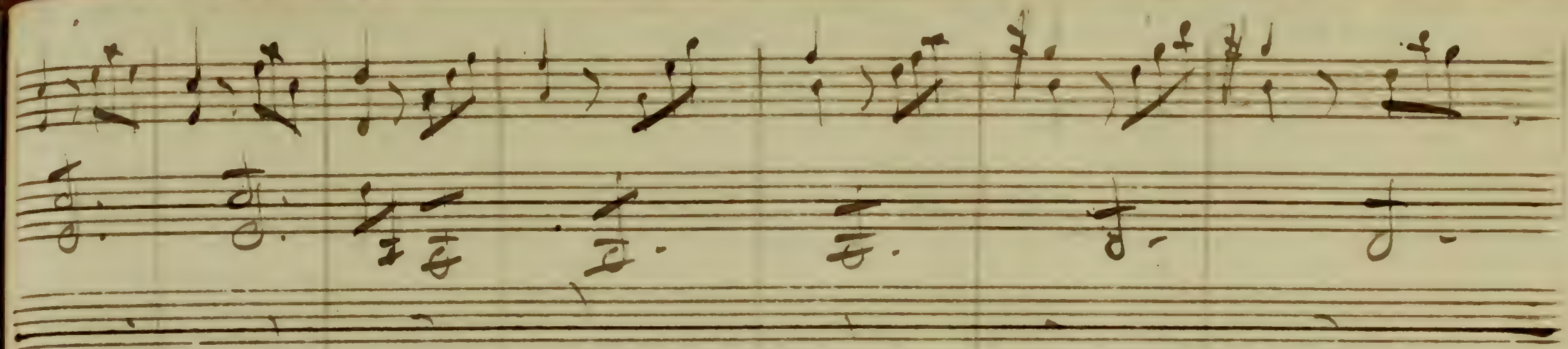


nel
la morte

Alc'è tutto che to

Danno chialui più caro fu in questo di



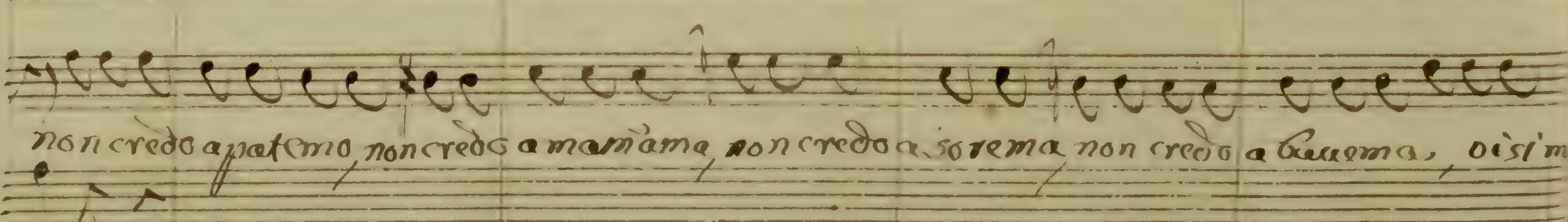
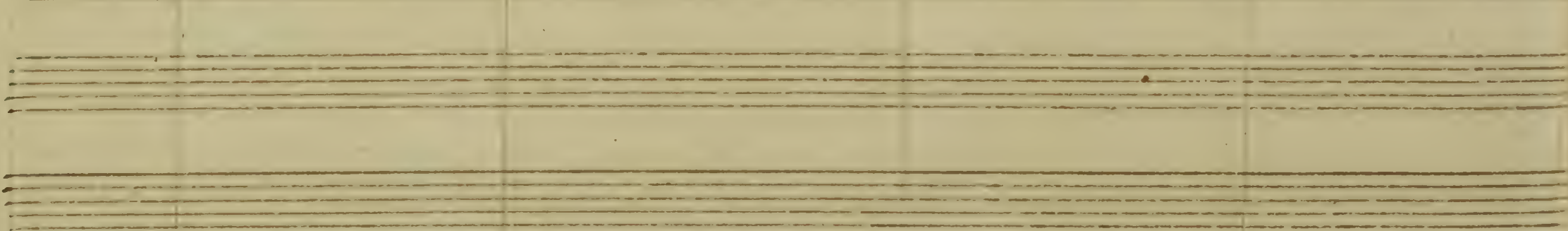
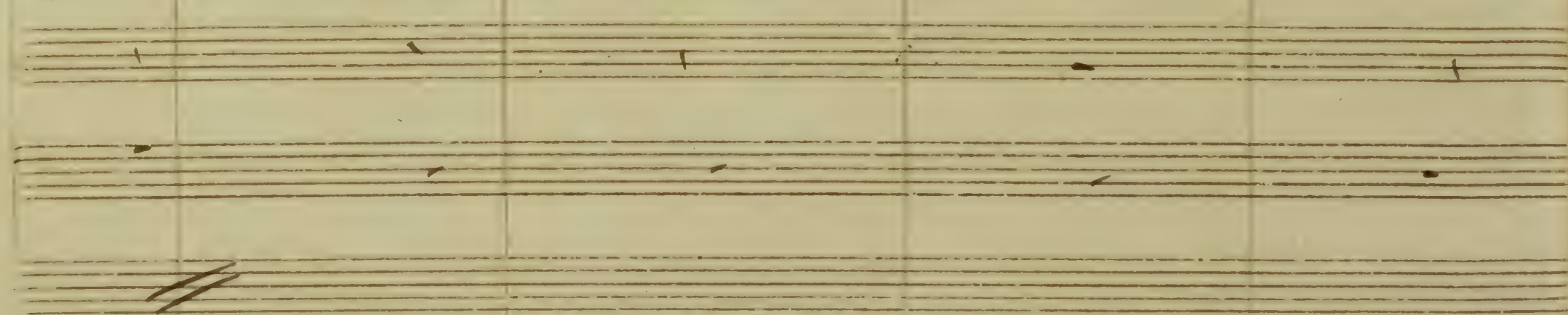
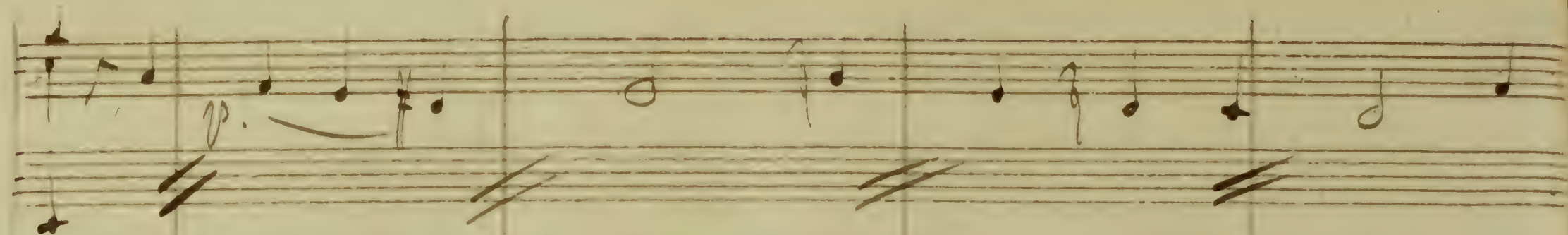


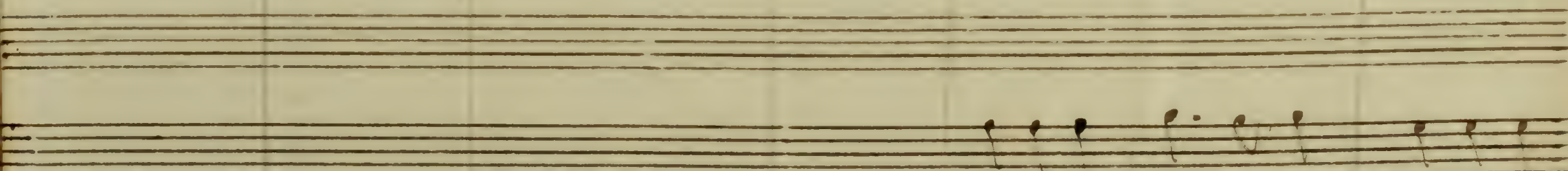
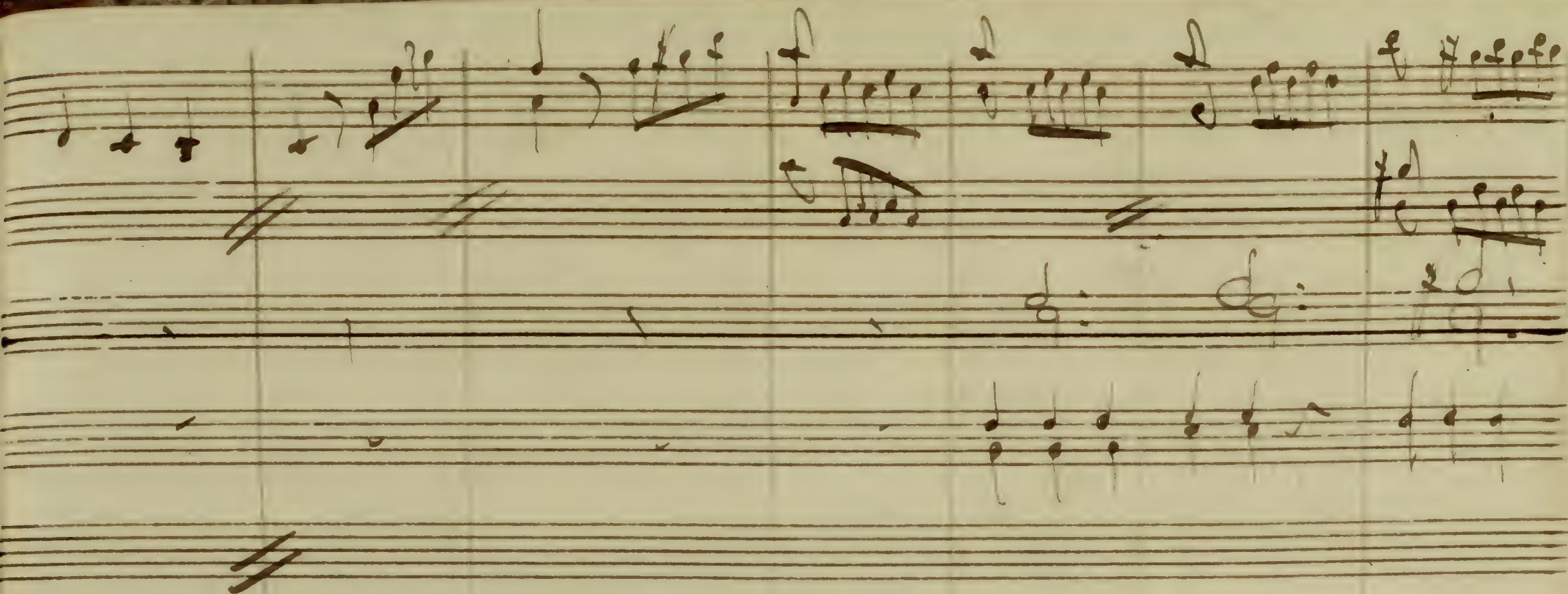
Handwritten musical notation on three staves with lyrics in Italian.

Stave 1: *mia / ascolta*

Stave 2: *arraposia) arraposia)*

Stave 3: *Sienteme) e come dubbeteporri de*





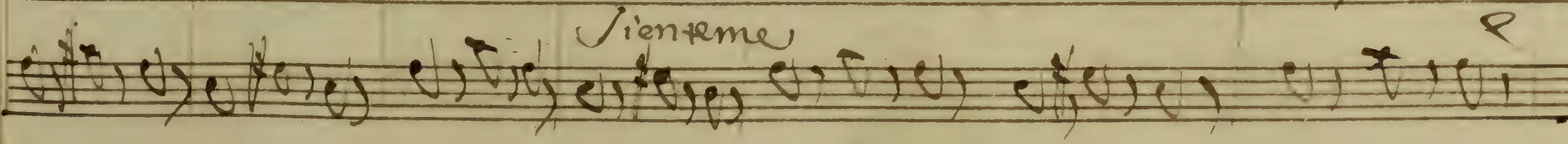
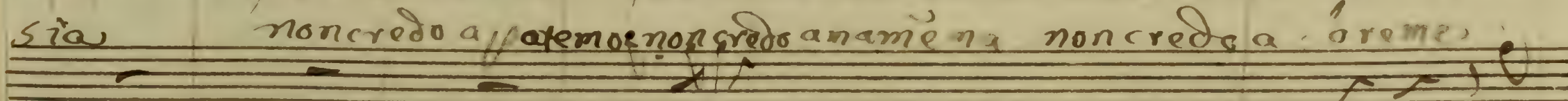
Allo:
credere io voglio a te vi simo credere io voglio a te

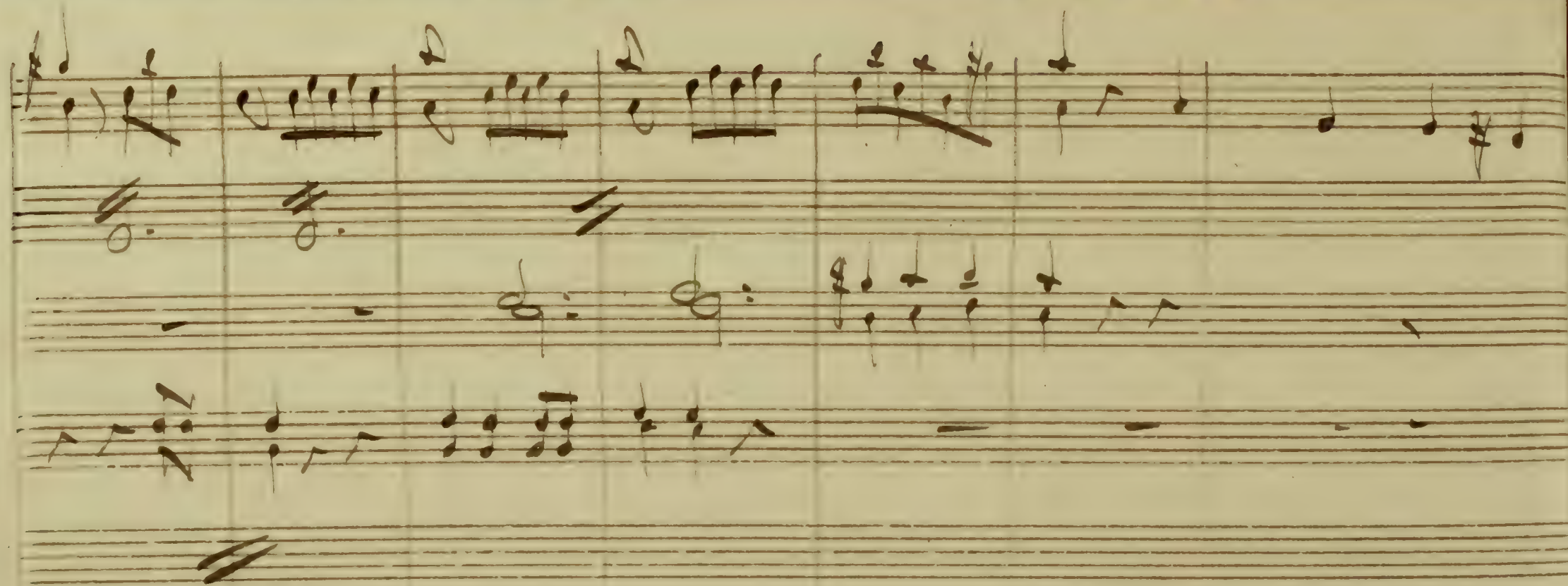
Allo: non ti muovere son io per

Handwritten musical notation on four staves. The notation is in a historical style, featuring various note values, rests, and bar lines. The first staff contains a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The second staff features a series of beamed notes. The third and fourth staves contain longer note values and rests.

Handwritten musical notation on four staves, with lyrics written below the notes. The notation includes various note values and rests. The lyrics are written in a cursive script.

ascolta
arrasosia
fig
sienteme
son io per te





Handwritten musical notation with lyrics in Italian. The lyrics are written below the notes.

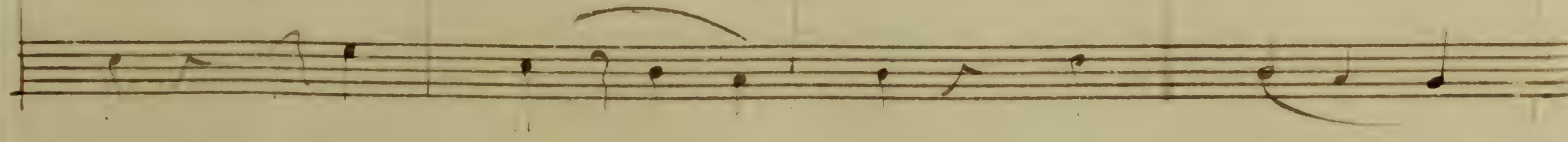
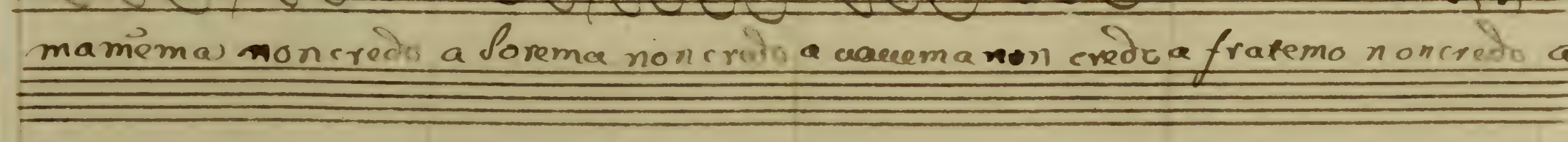
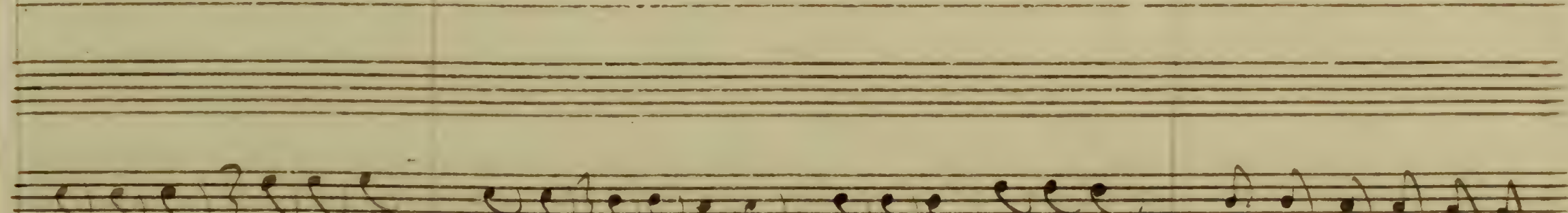
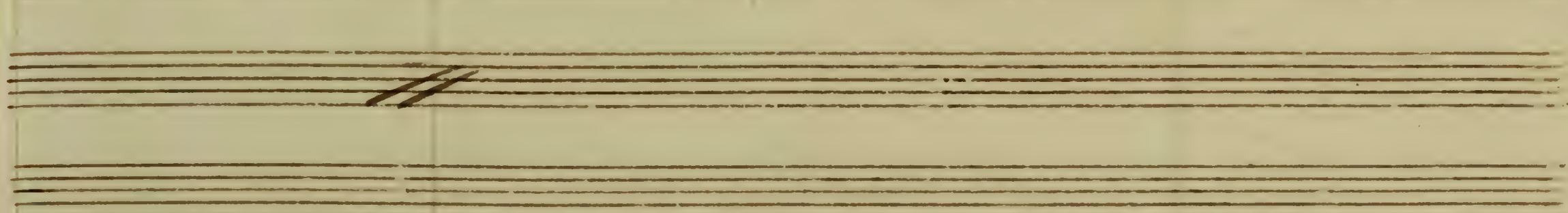
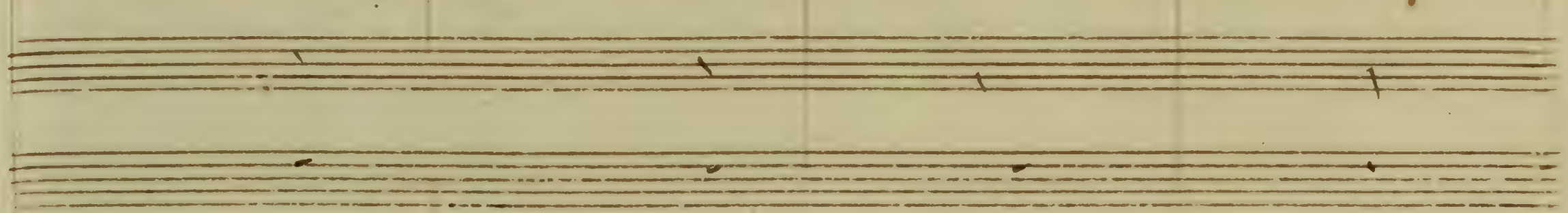
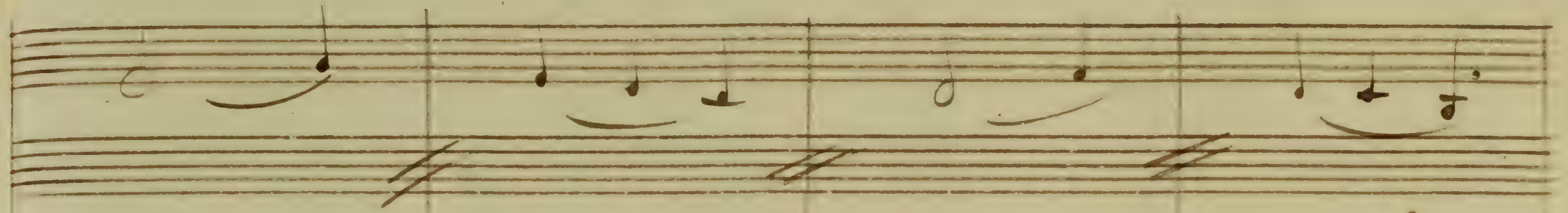
No

non credo a bauerma,

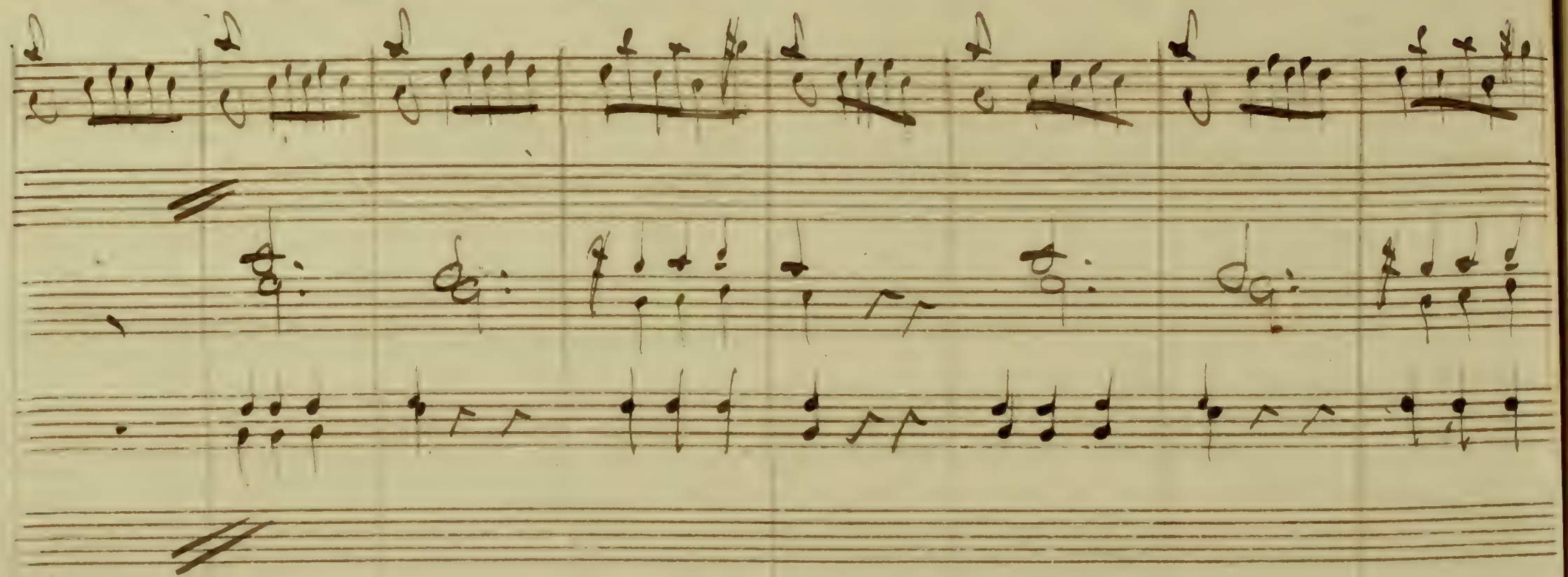
Non credo a patemo non cred

Come...

No non ti muovere son io per te

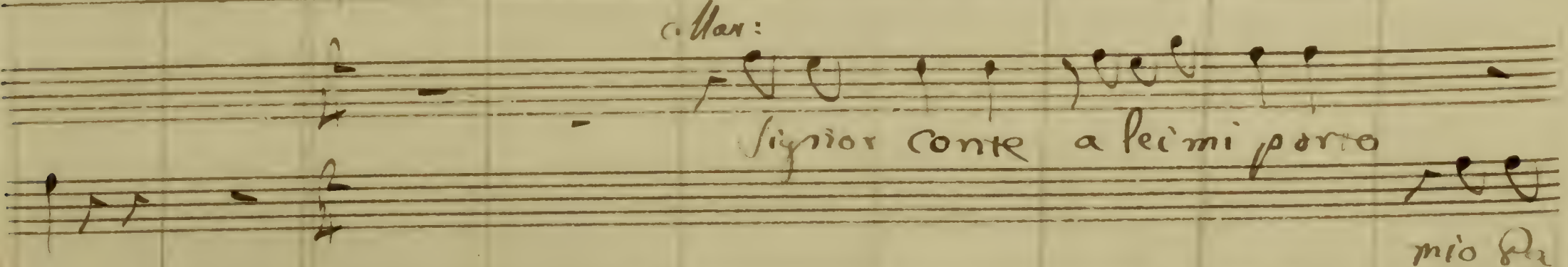
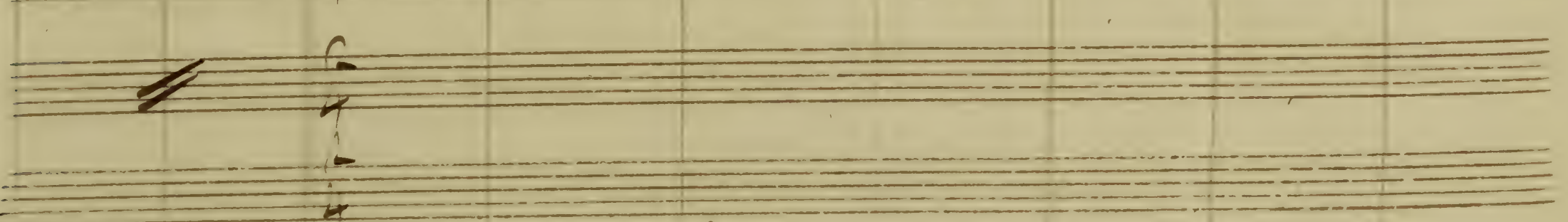
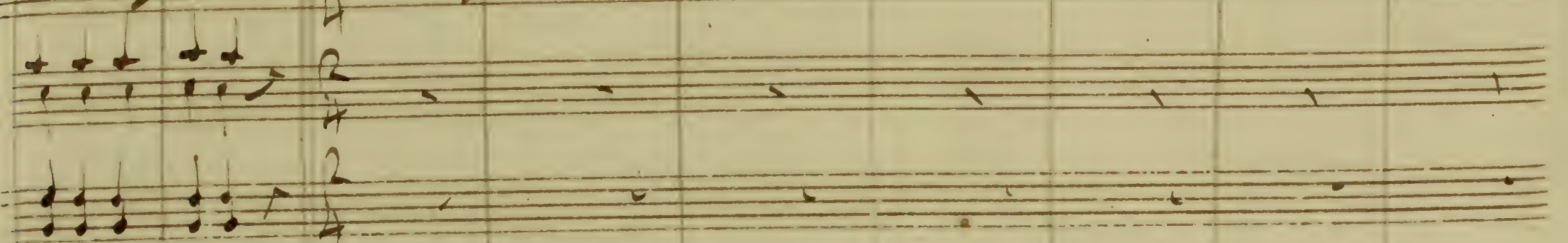
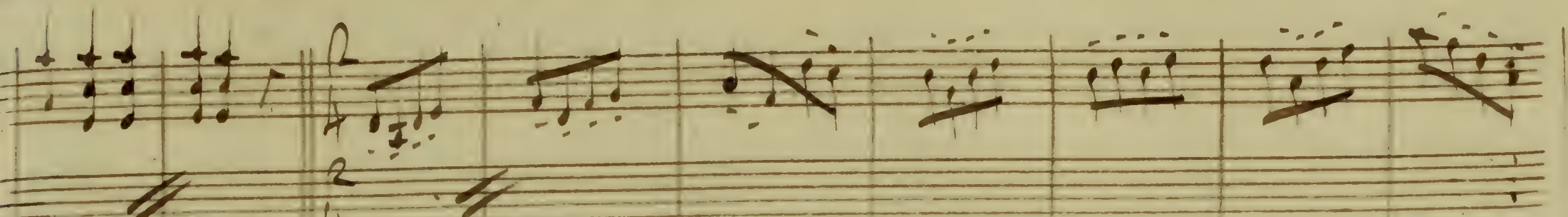


ma me ma non credo a so re ma non credo a va ri e ma non credo a fra te mo non credo a



patem o vi simo credere io voglio a te vi simo credere io voglio a

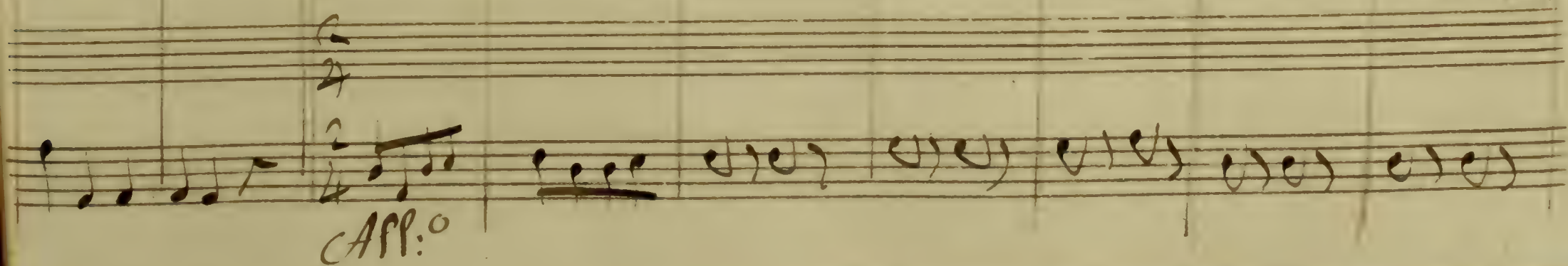




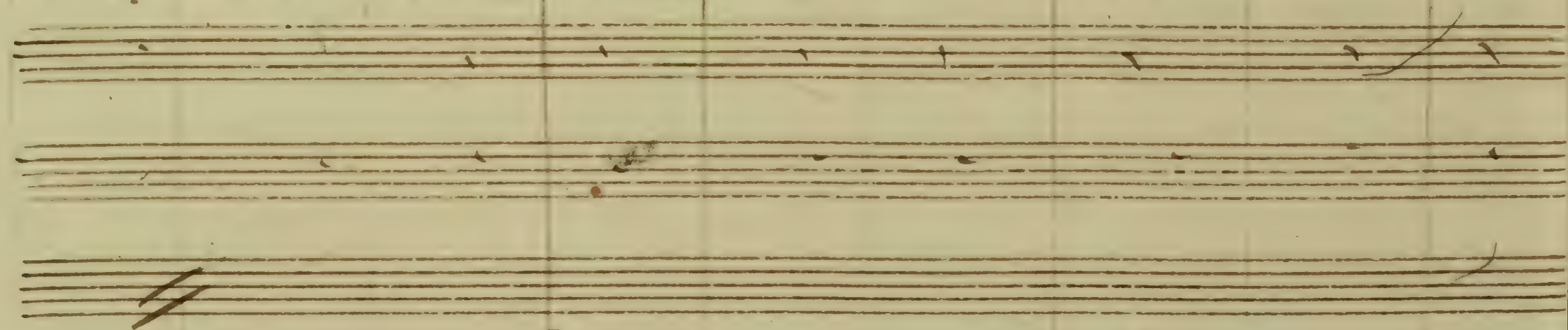
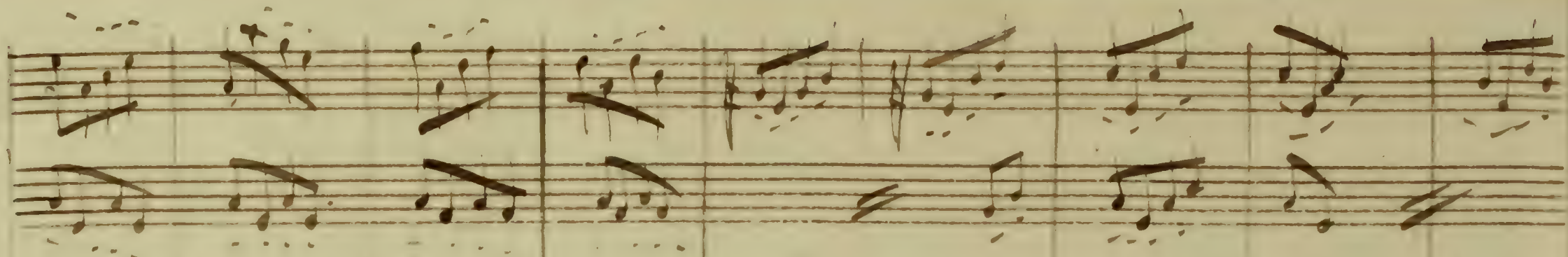
Allegro:

Signior Conte a lei mi porto

mio Re



App:°

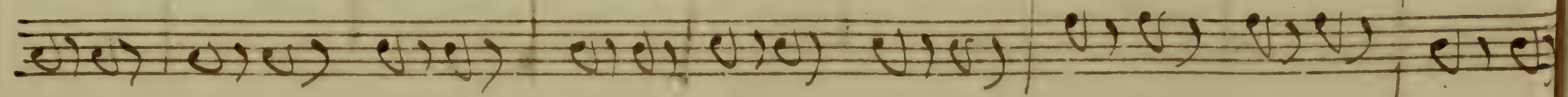


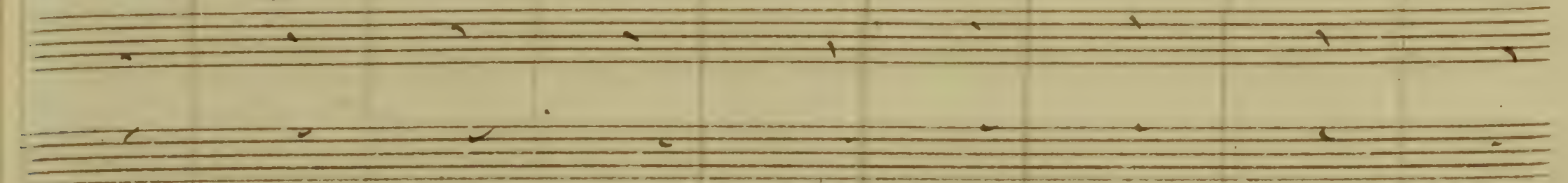
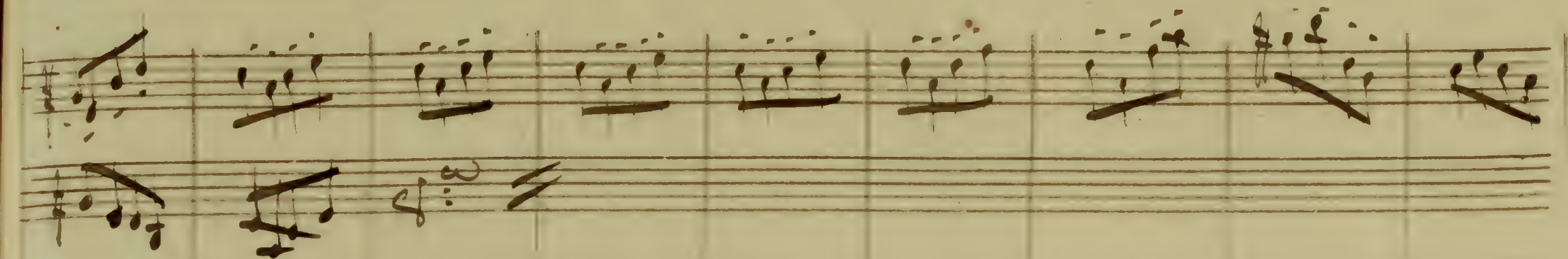
Can:

addo' uag' e ne' male nato!

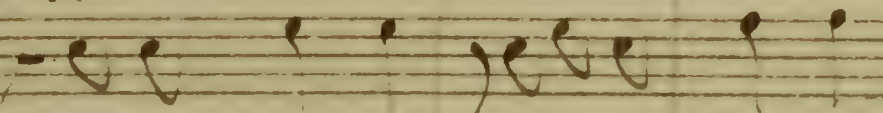
Drone, il conte e morto

mo mo' torna





Fin:



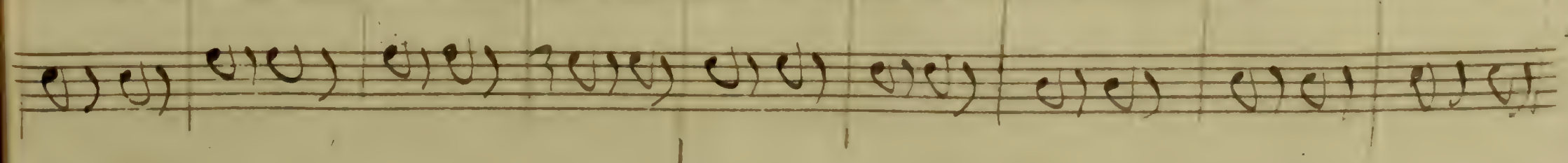
dove, o conte, udite udite,

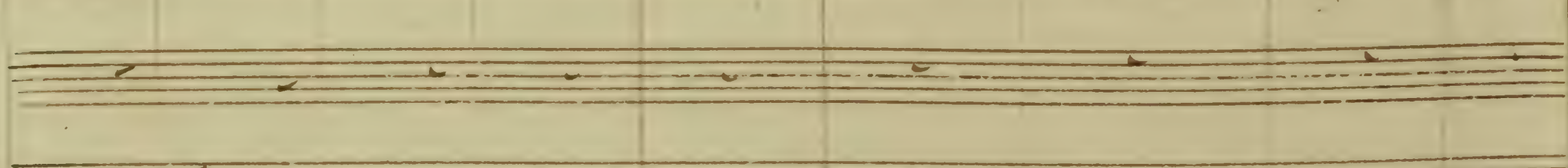
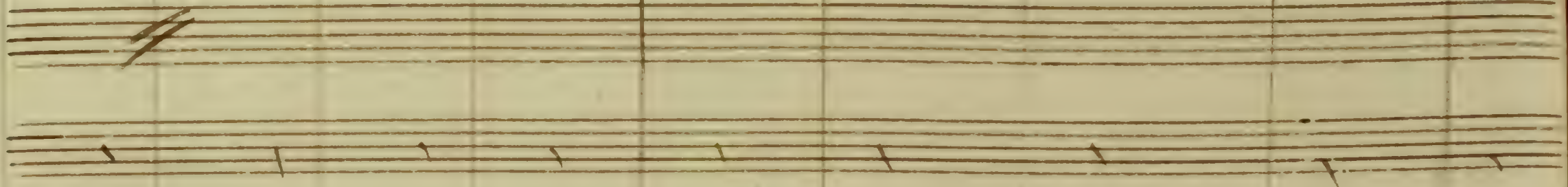


so' chiamato



uh mmalera, Equanto



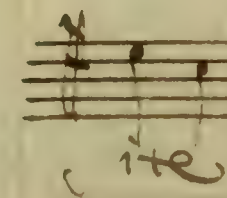


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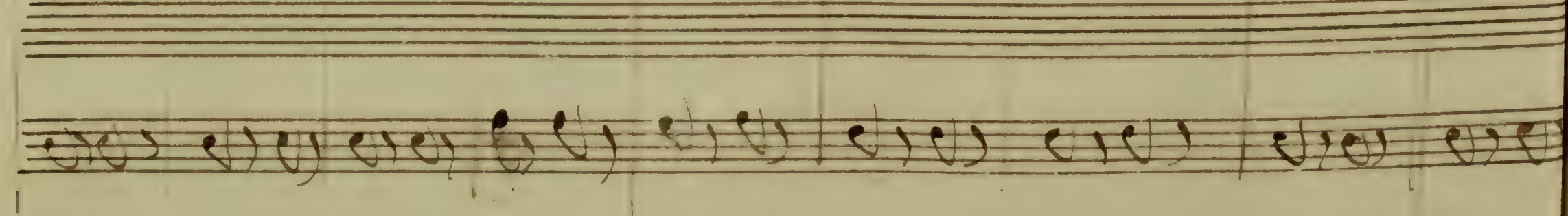
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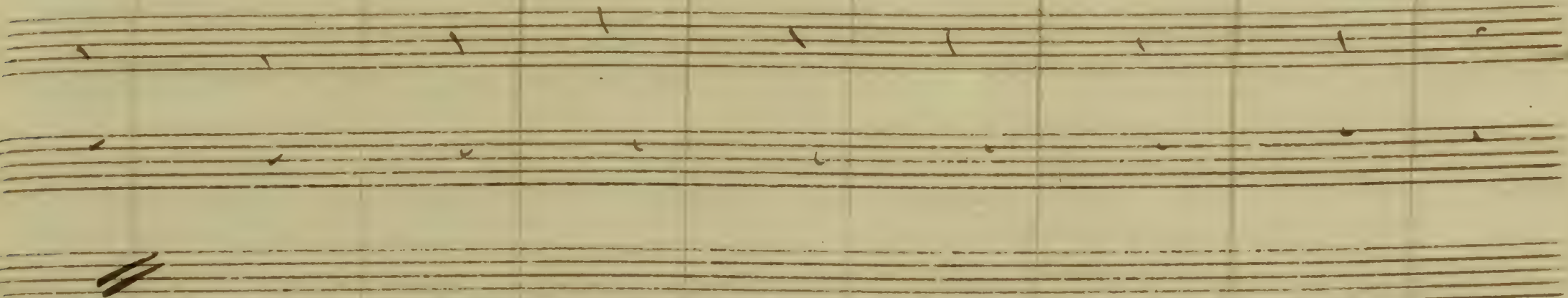
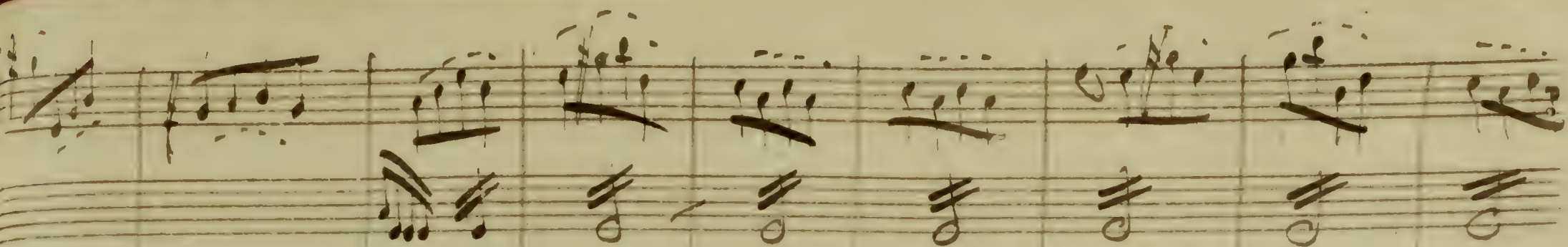
la parola, tiene a mente,

quanto dissimili te presente,

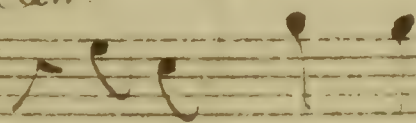


ite



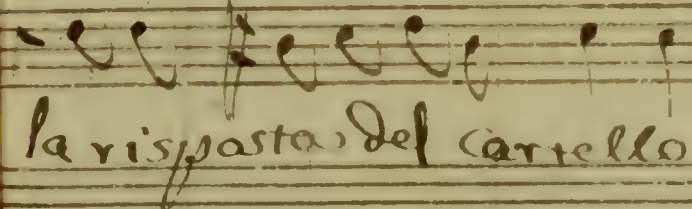


Can:

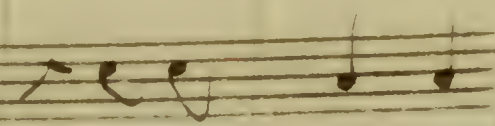


addo vaje,

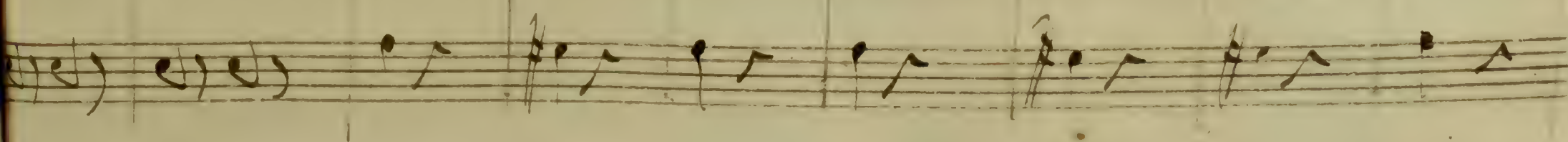
Mar.

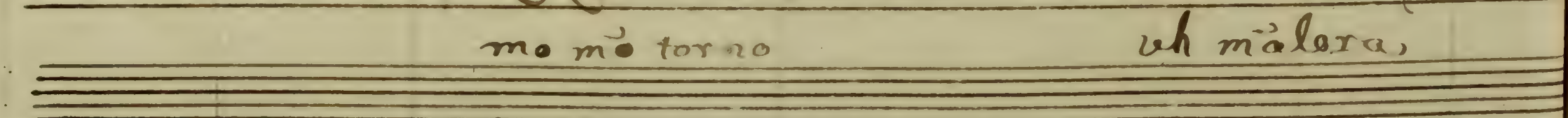
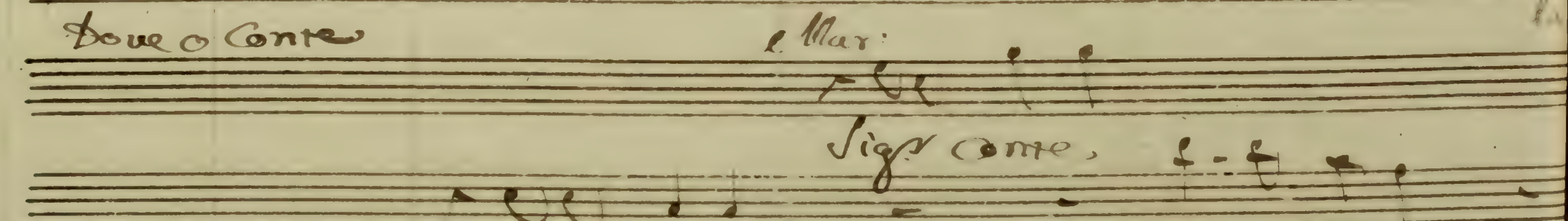
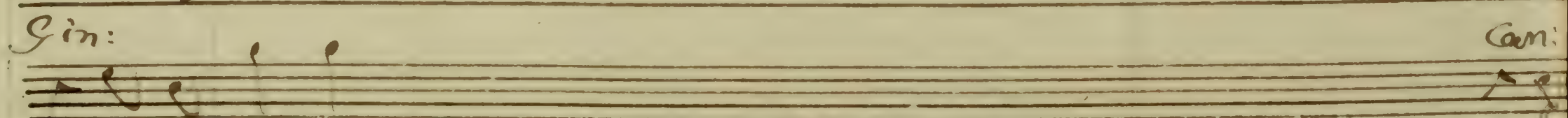
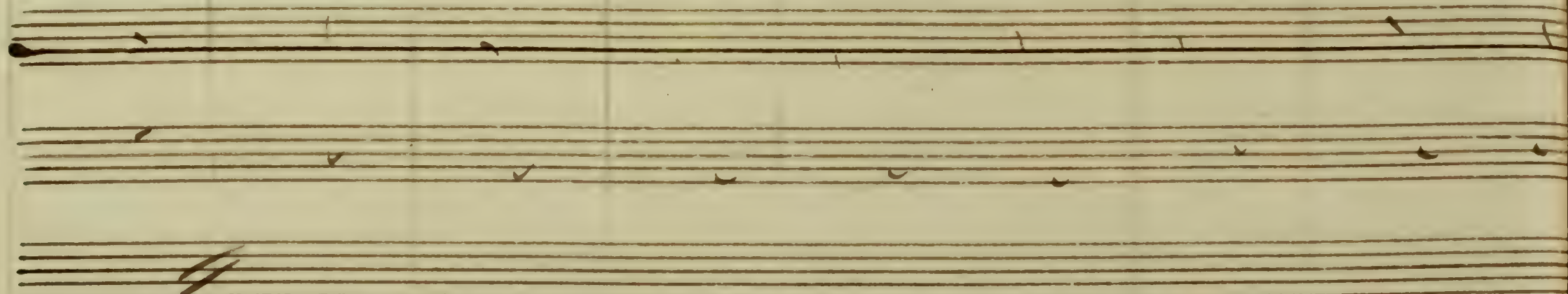
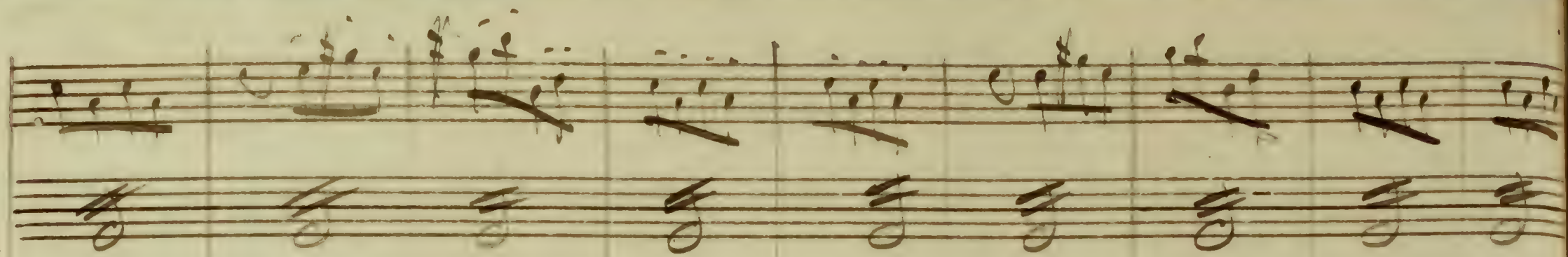


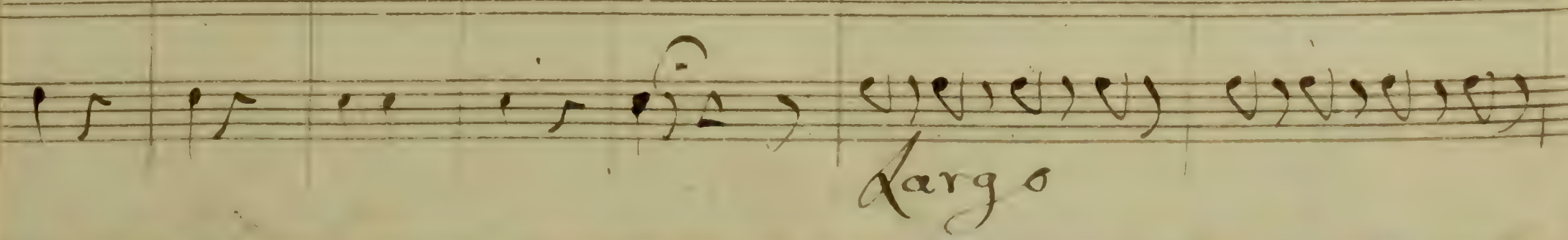
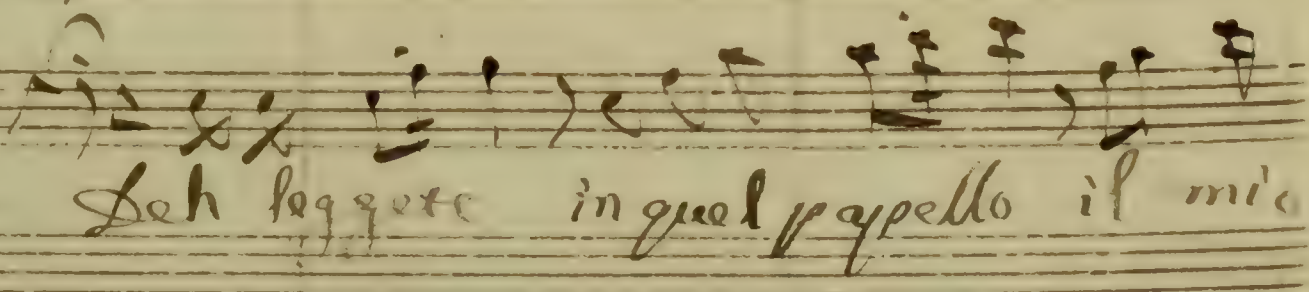
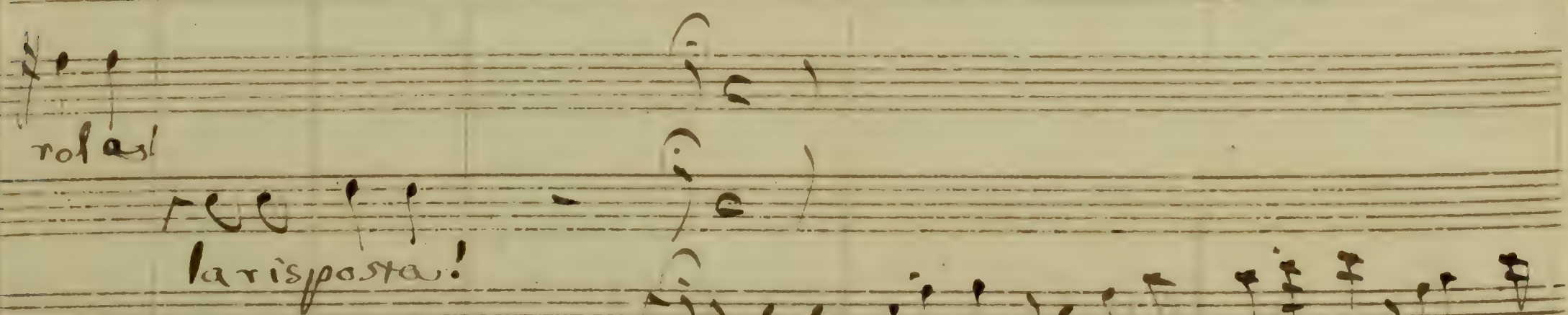
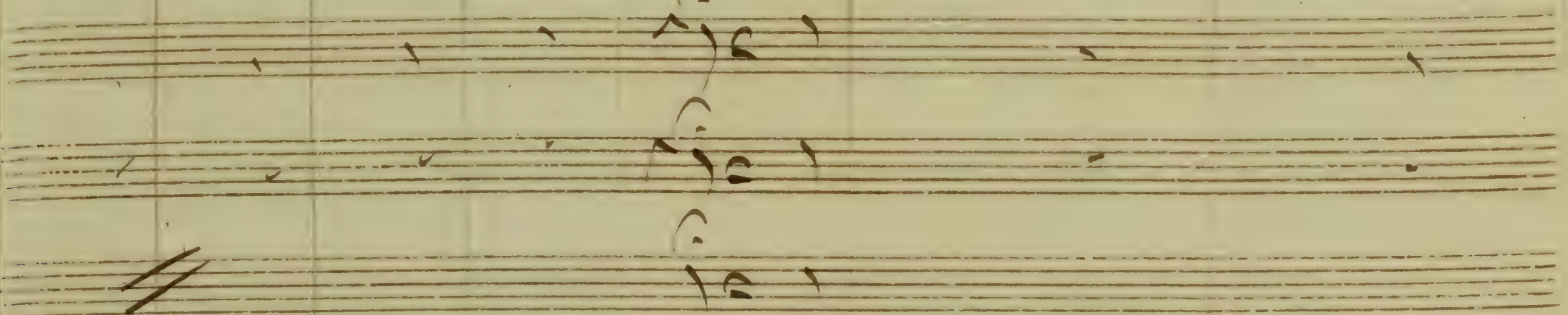
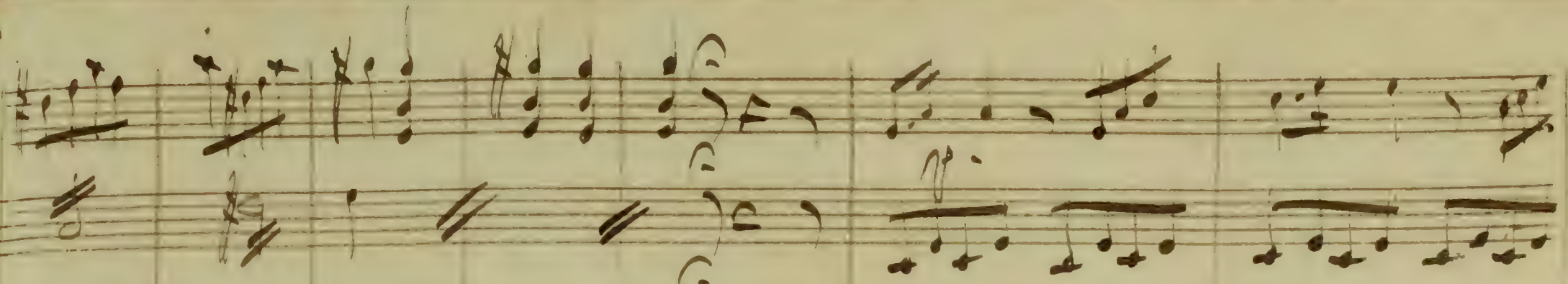
mo mō torne

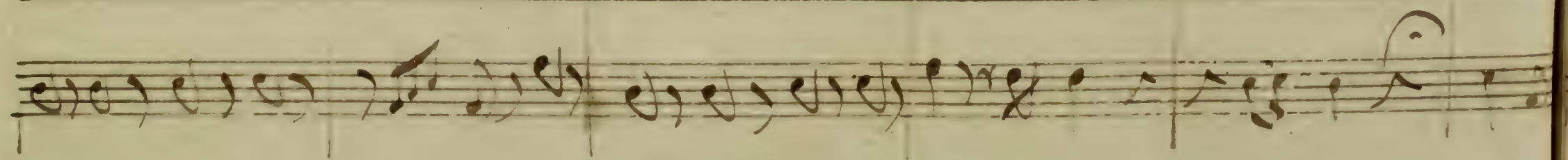
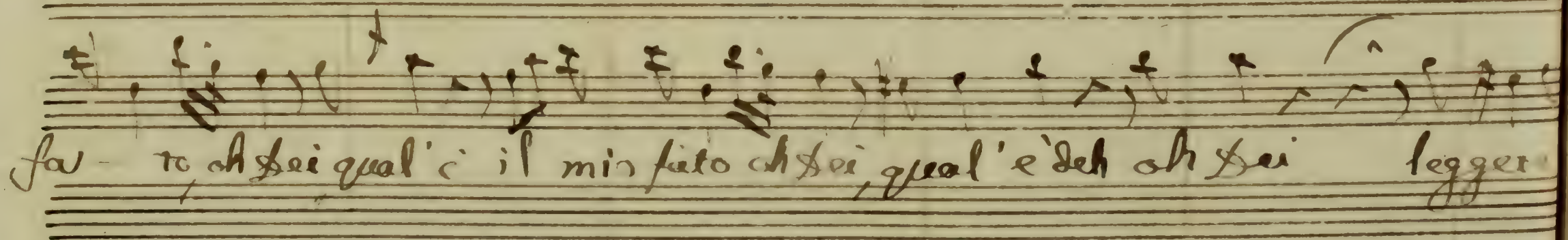
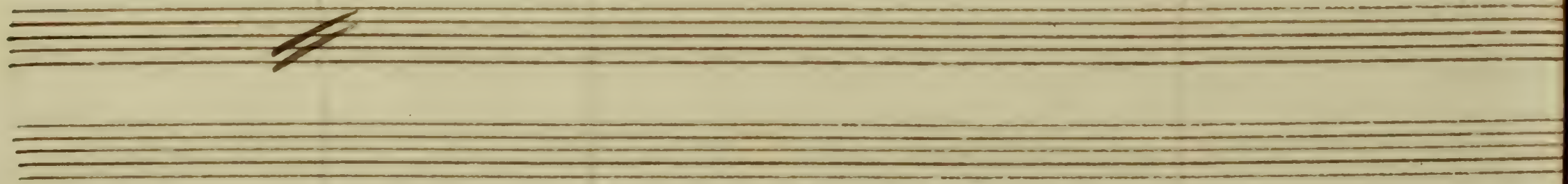
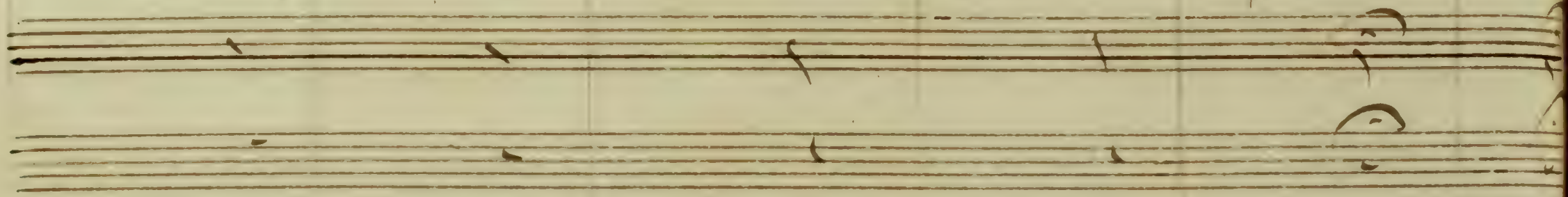
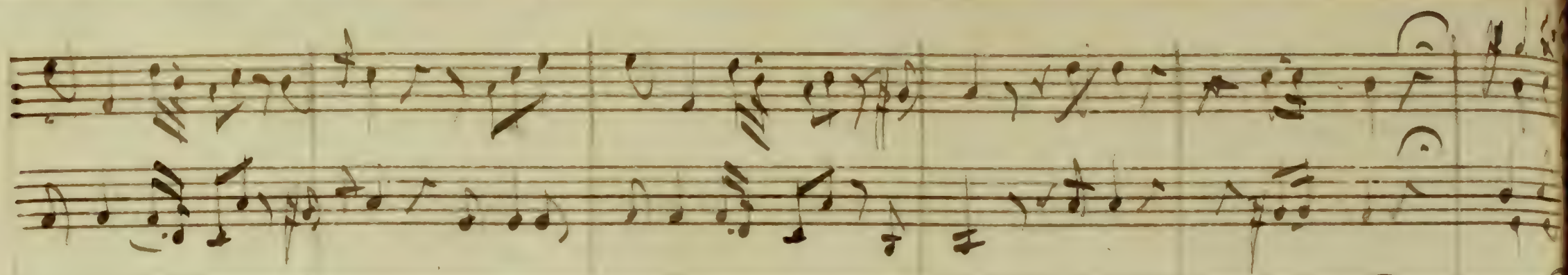


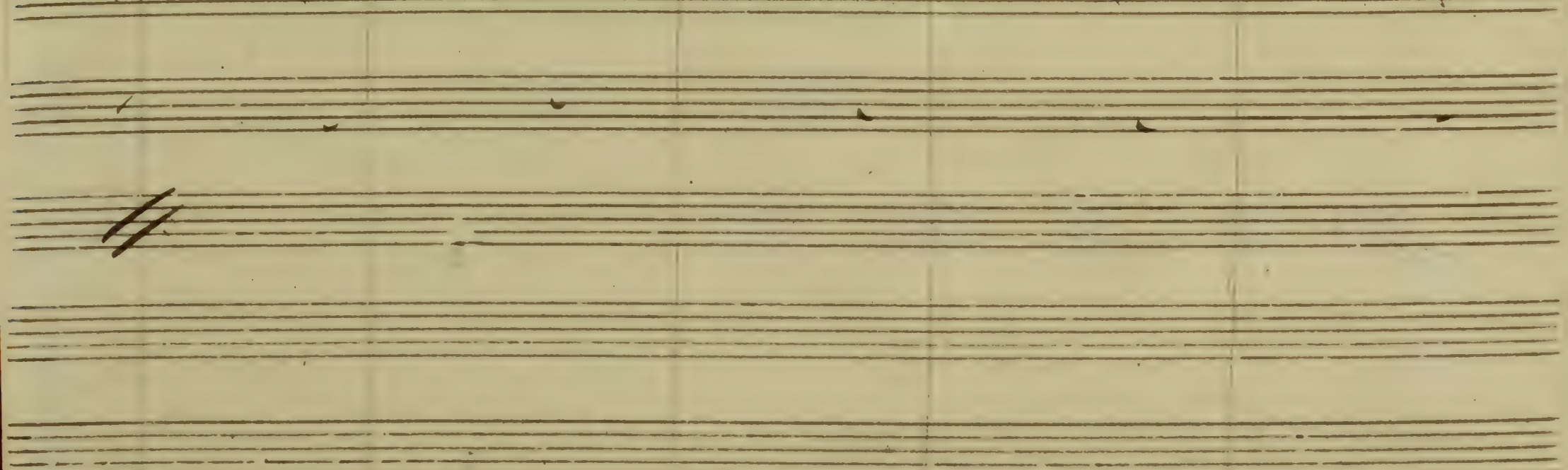
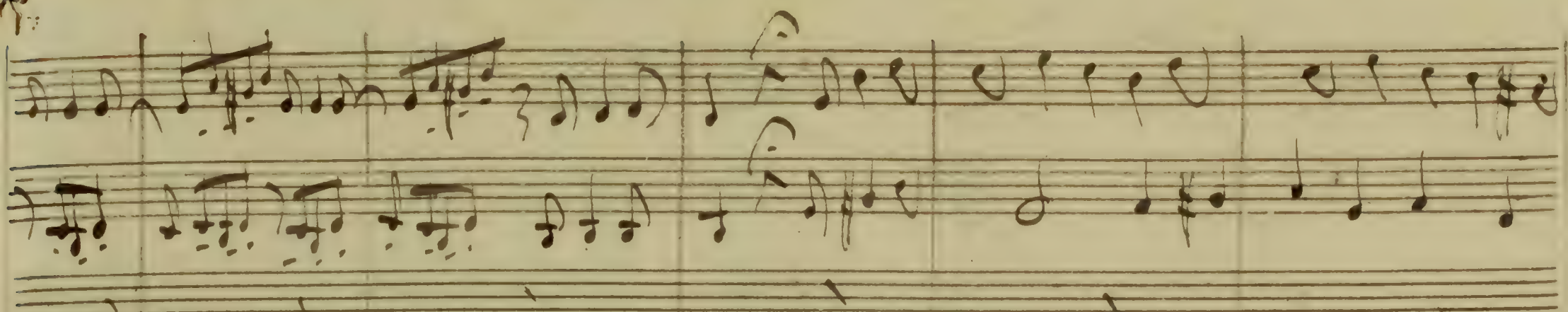
mo mō torne



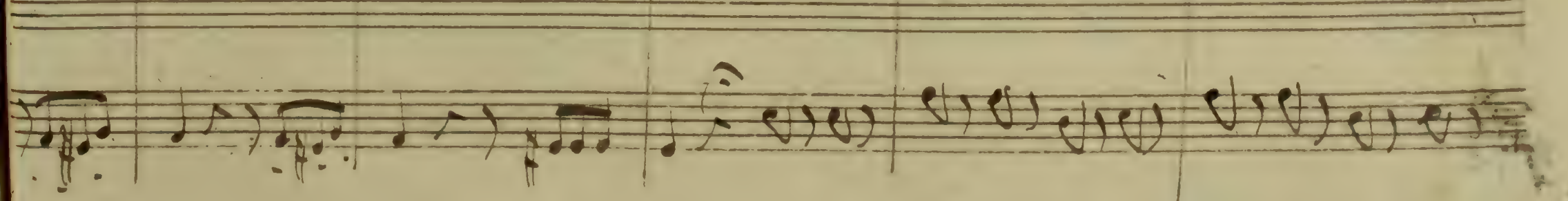


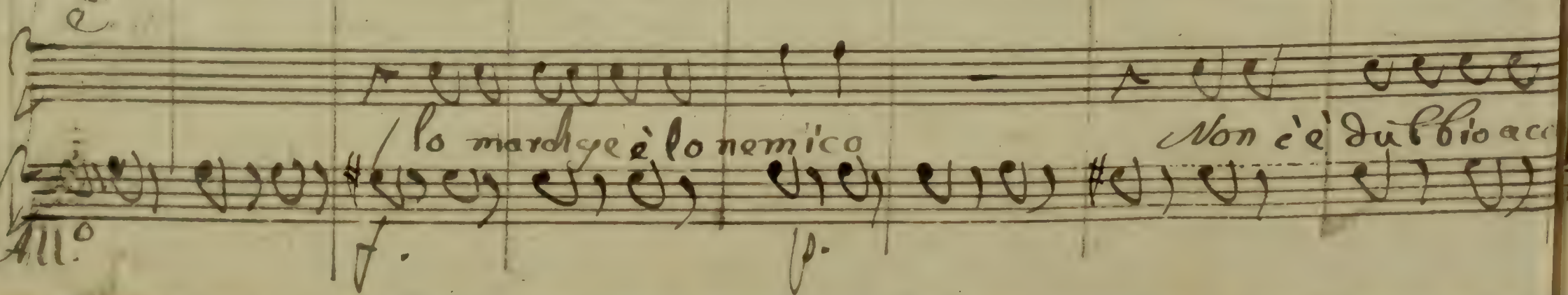
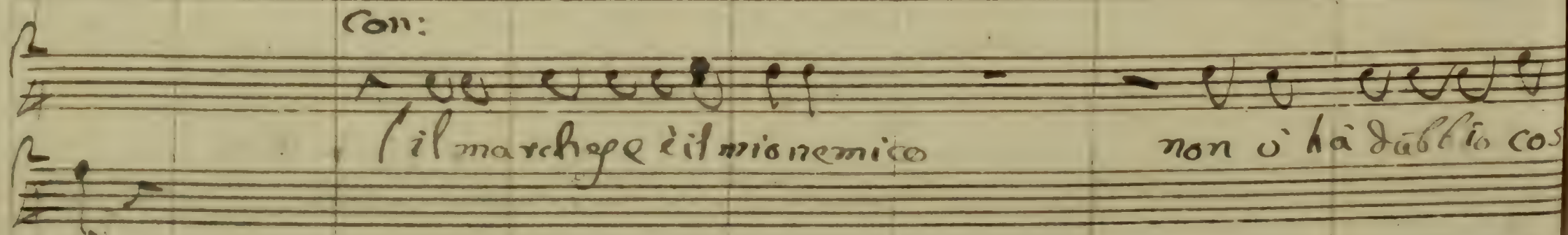
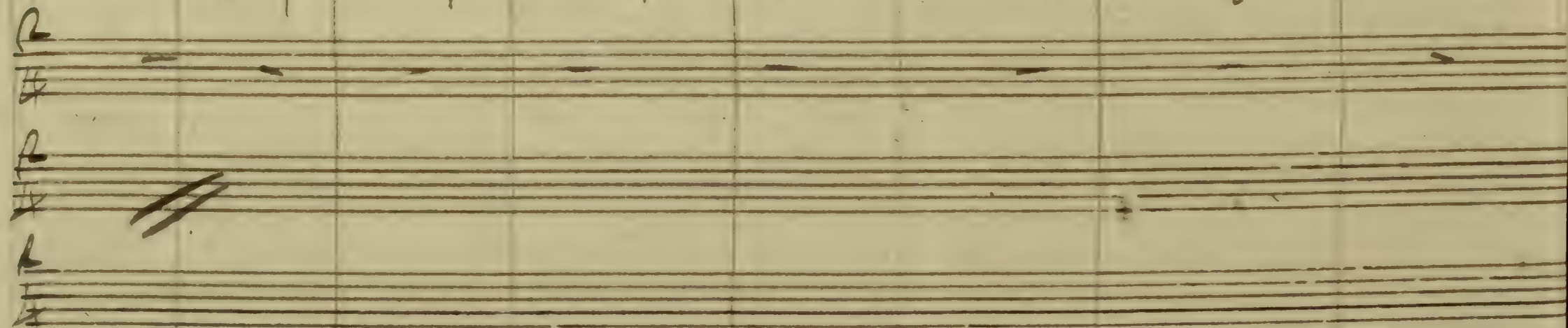
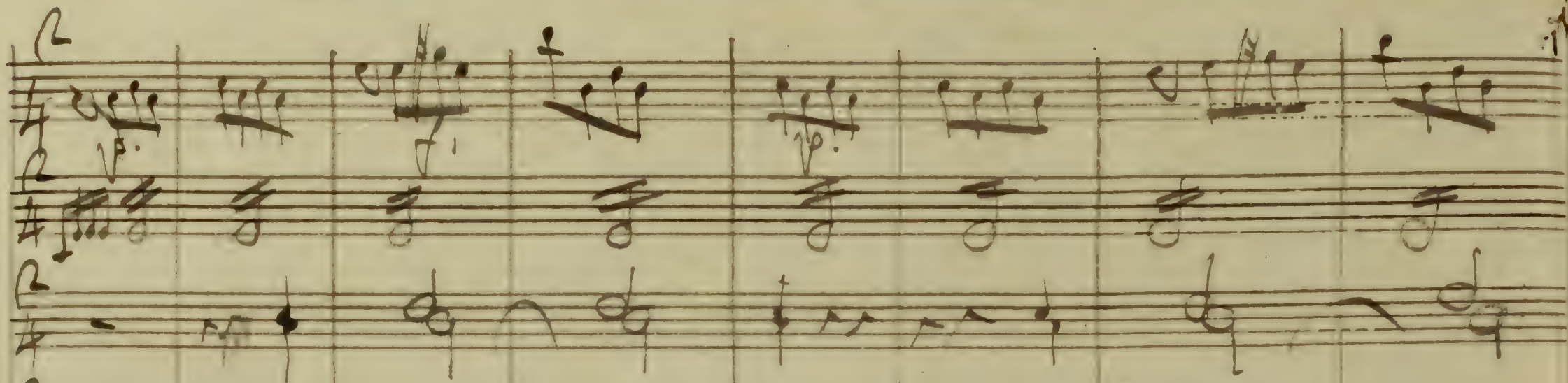


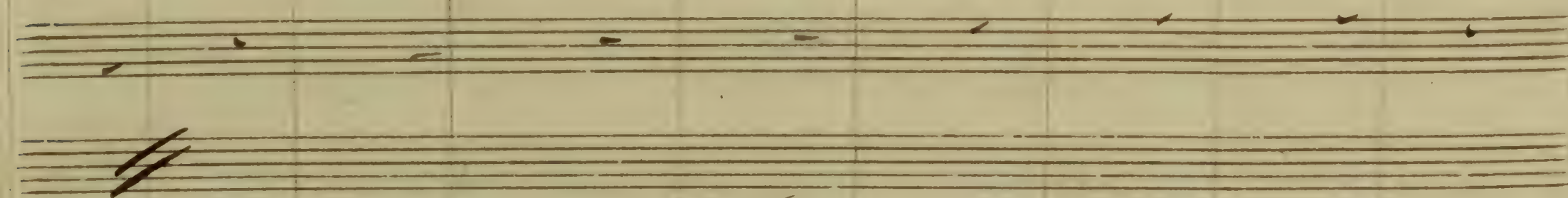
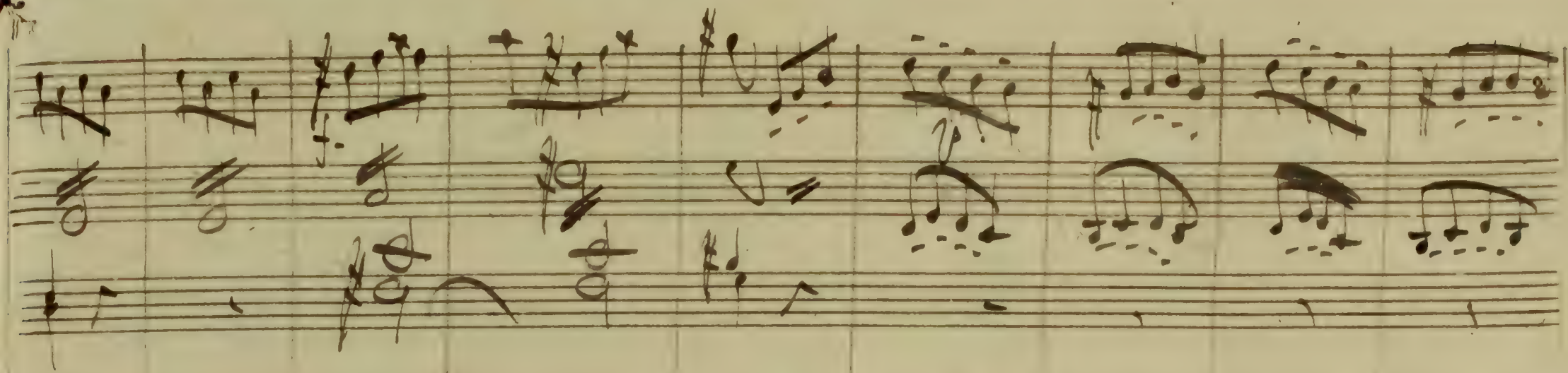




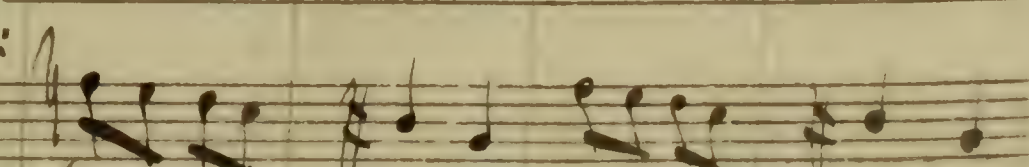
il mio fa - to eh dei qual'è il mio fa to ho dei qual'è di dei qual



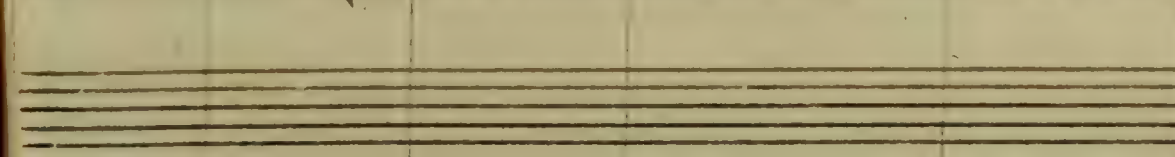





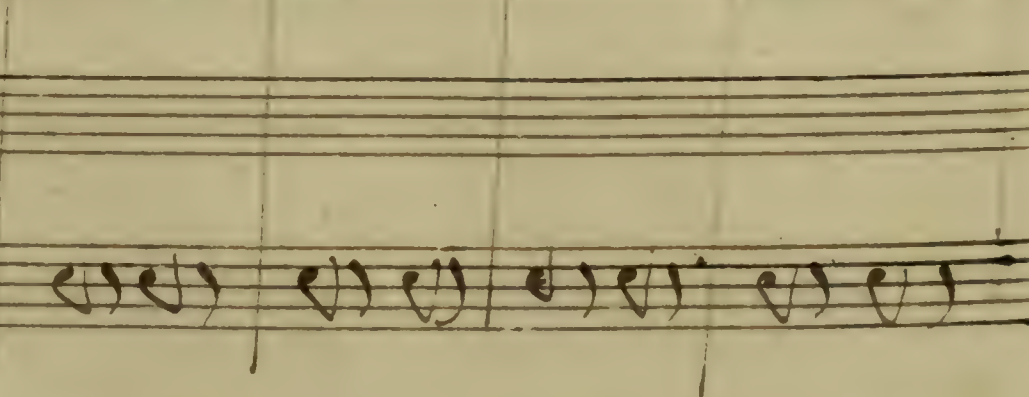
Fin:

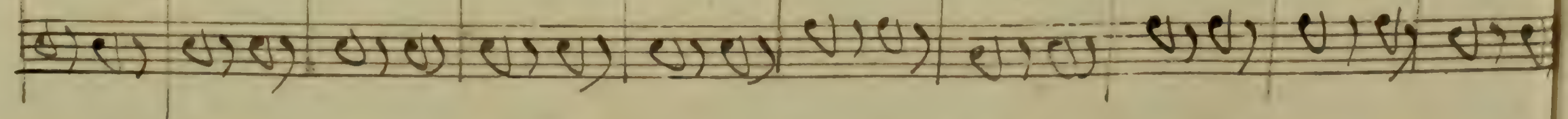
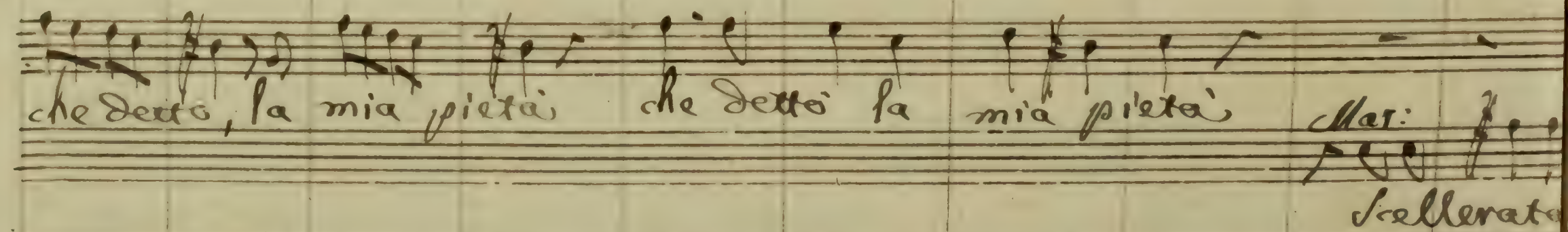
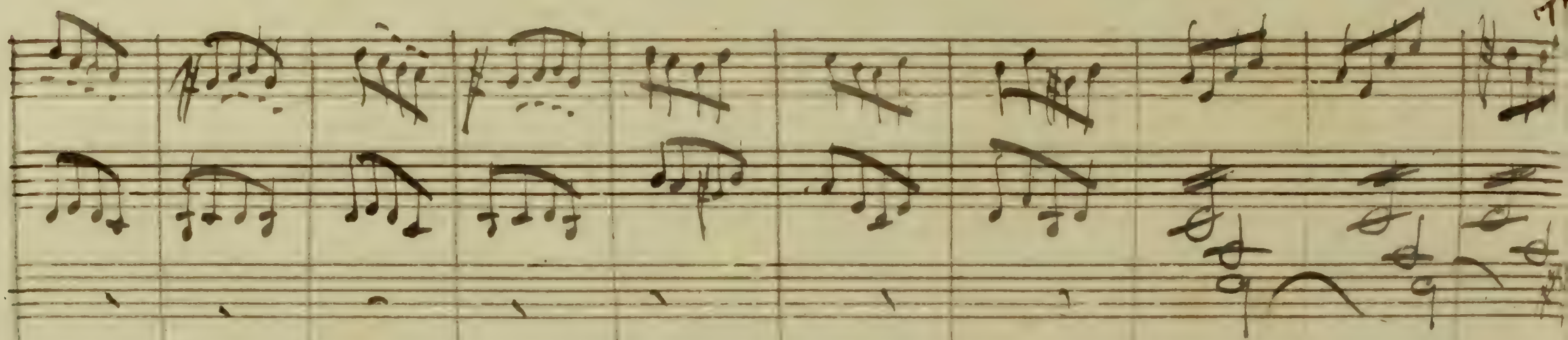


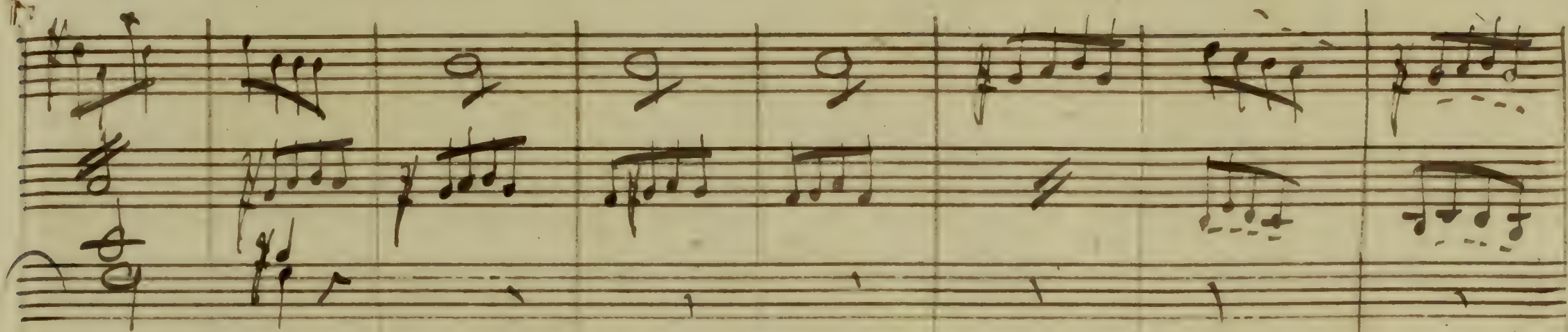
Non scoperta le quello il foglio



non c'è dubbio accossi e)







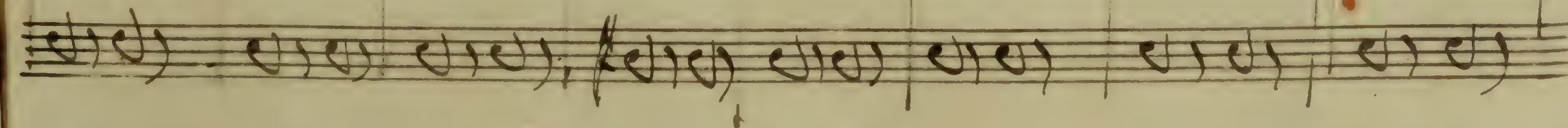
Gin:

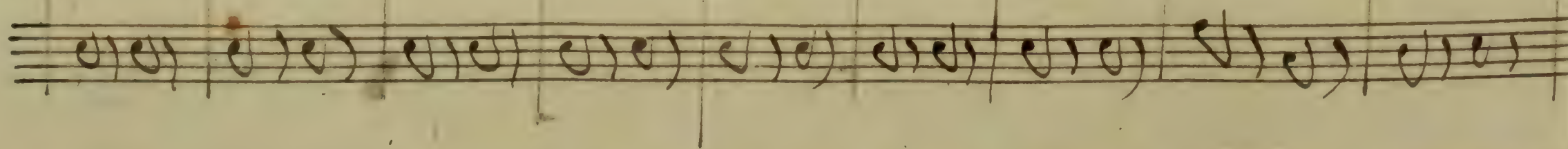
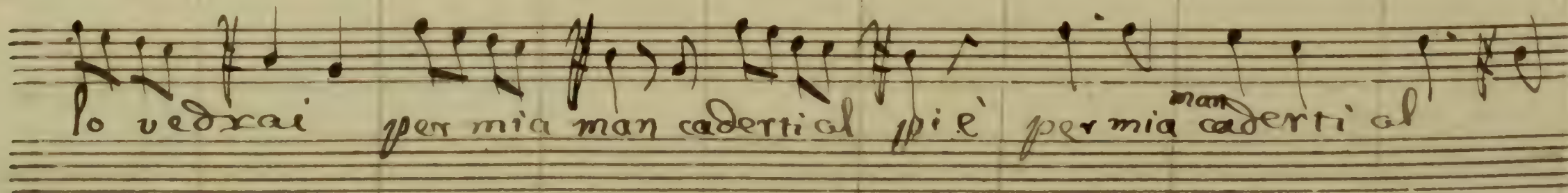
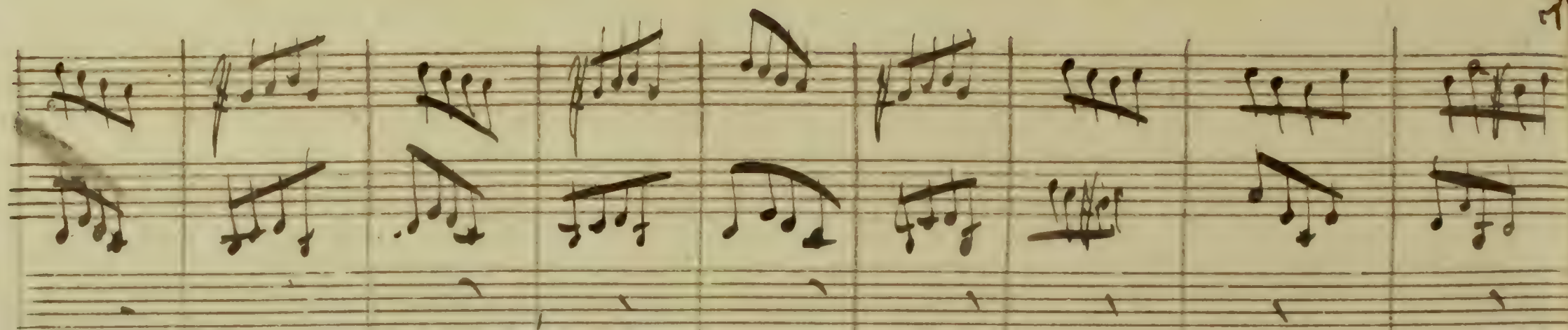
Non rea perche l'amai

Mar:

& tant'orgoglio

e trafitto or





Handwritten musical score for the first system. The top staff is a vocal line with various notes and rests. The middle and bottom staves are piano accompaniment, featuring chords and arpeggiated figures.

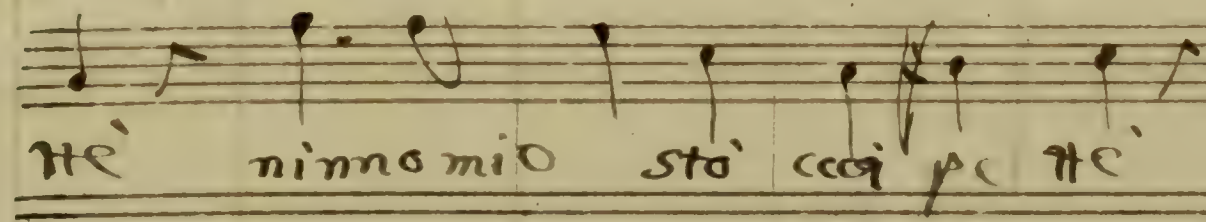
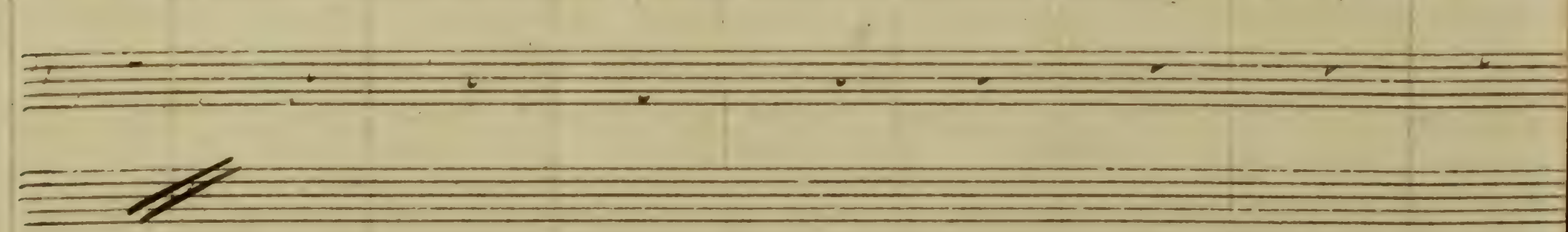
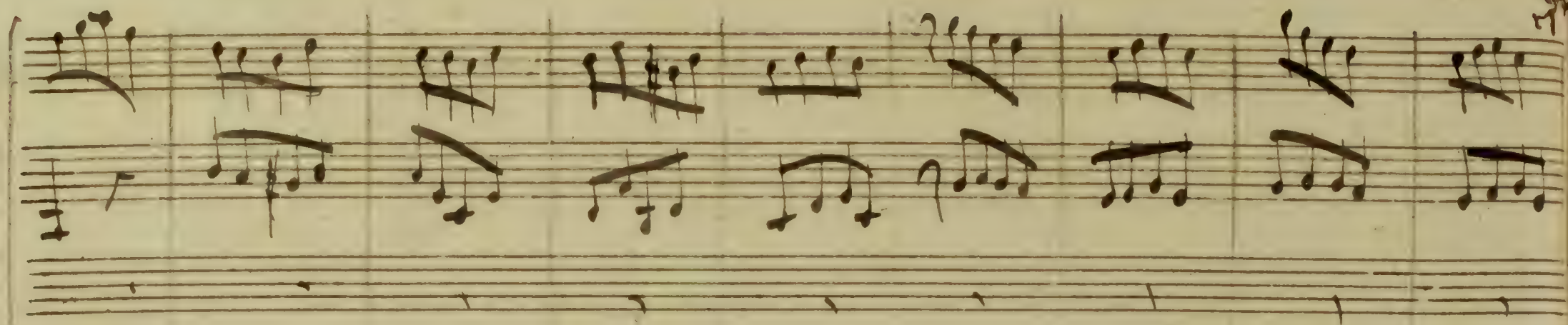
Can:

Handwritten musical notation for the 'Can:' section, showing a short melodic phrase.

Vino miosto' ca' pe

Handwritten musical score for the second system, including lyrics and musical notation.

pie
maria mia, mi ha dato
oh rano

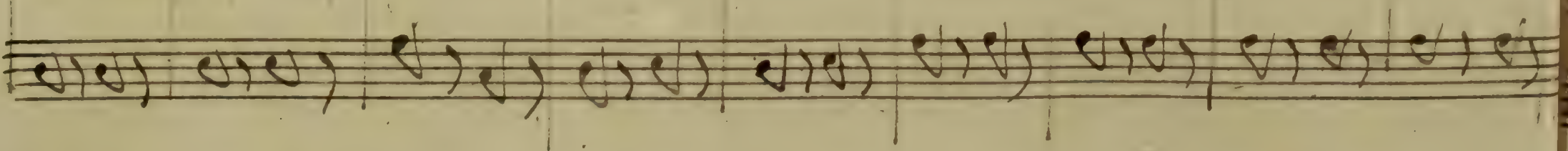


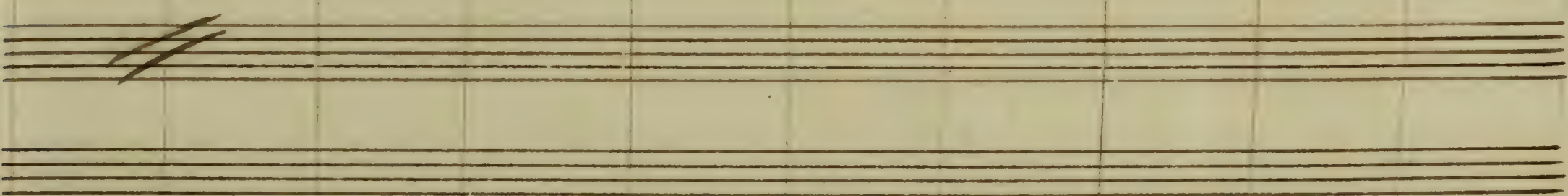
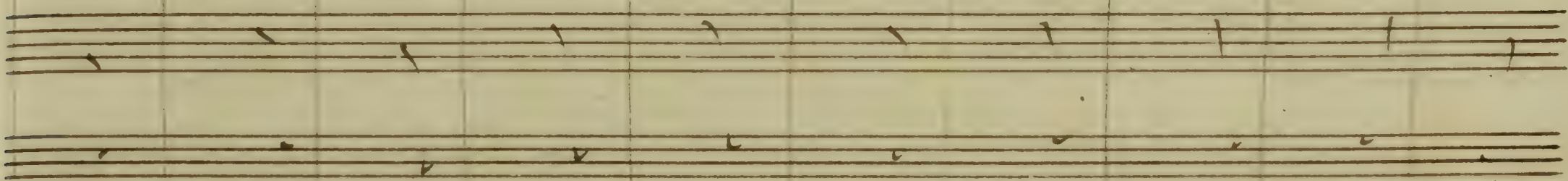
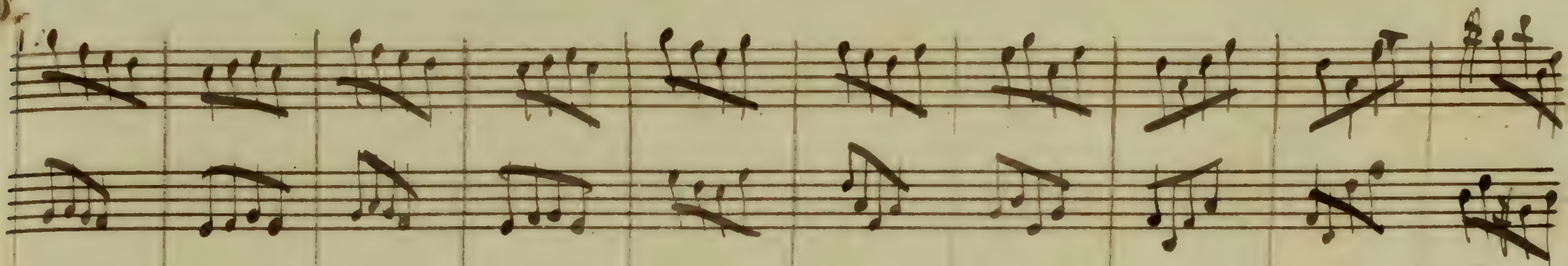
He' ninnomio sto' ccoi pe' He'

Mar:



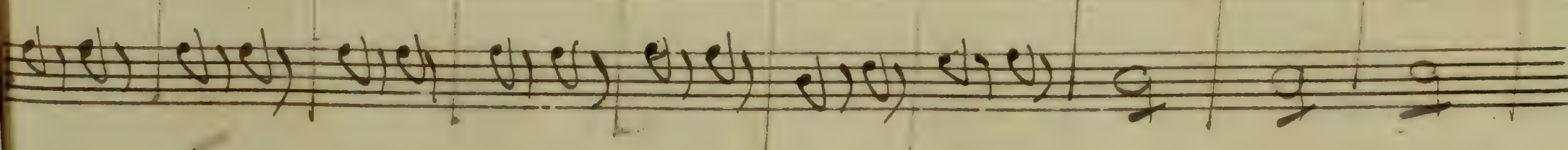
Bunquo ingrato, per mia mano

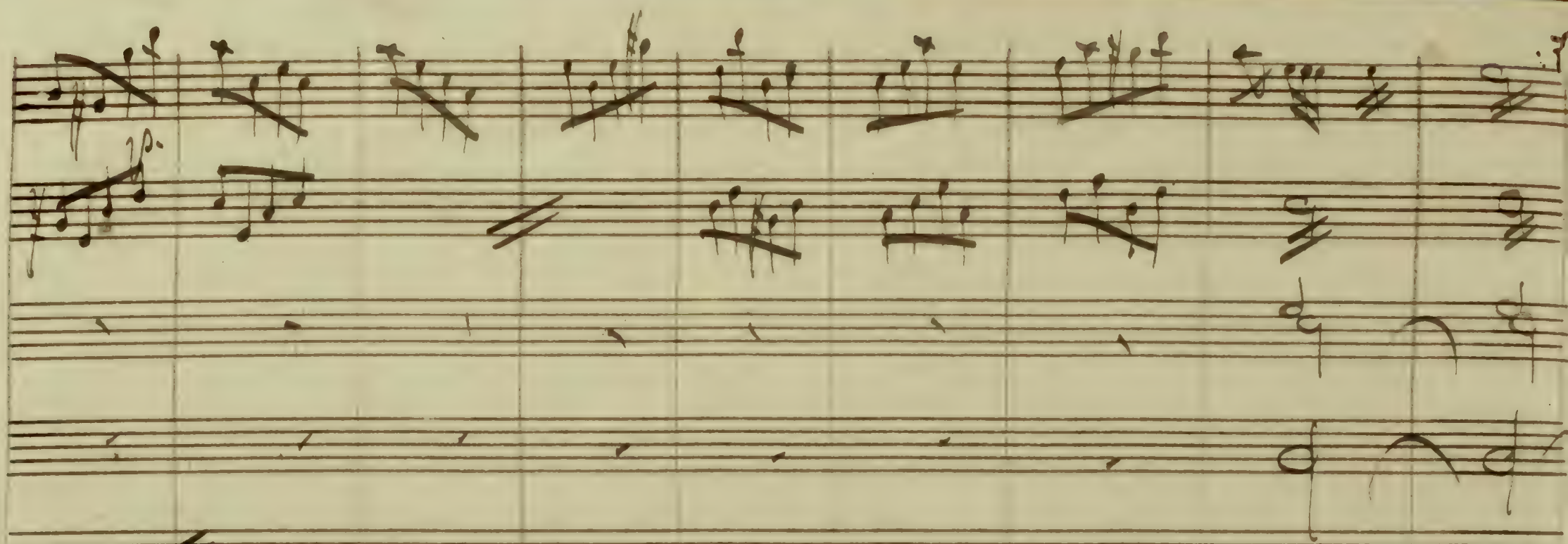




daro' premio alla tua fe' daro' premio alla tua fe'

ff ff
Ah mm ha dato





Gin:

oh Dio

soccorso

Con:

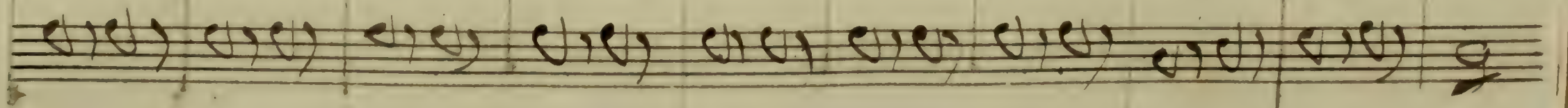
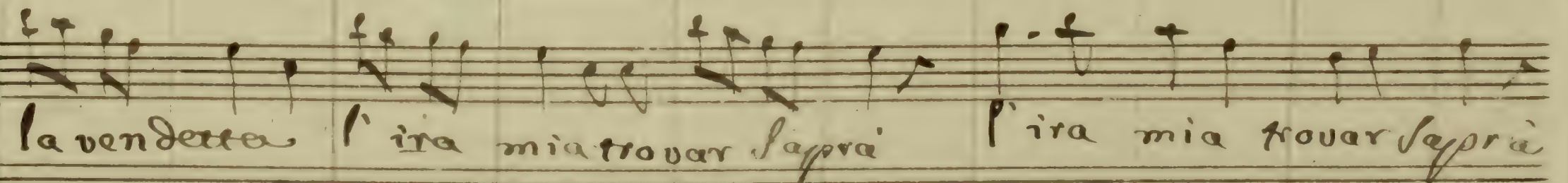
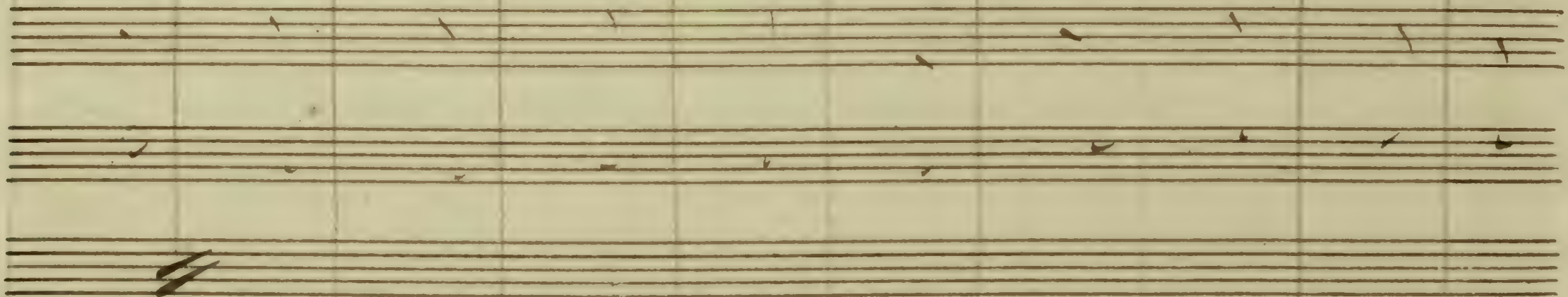
Pria ferir dourete a me

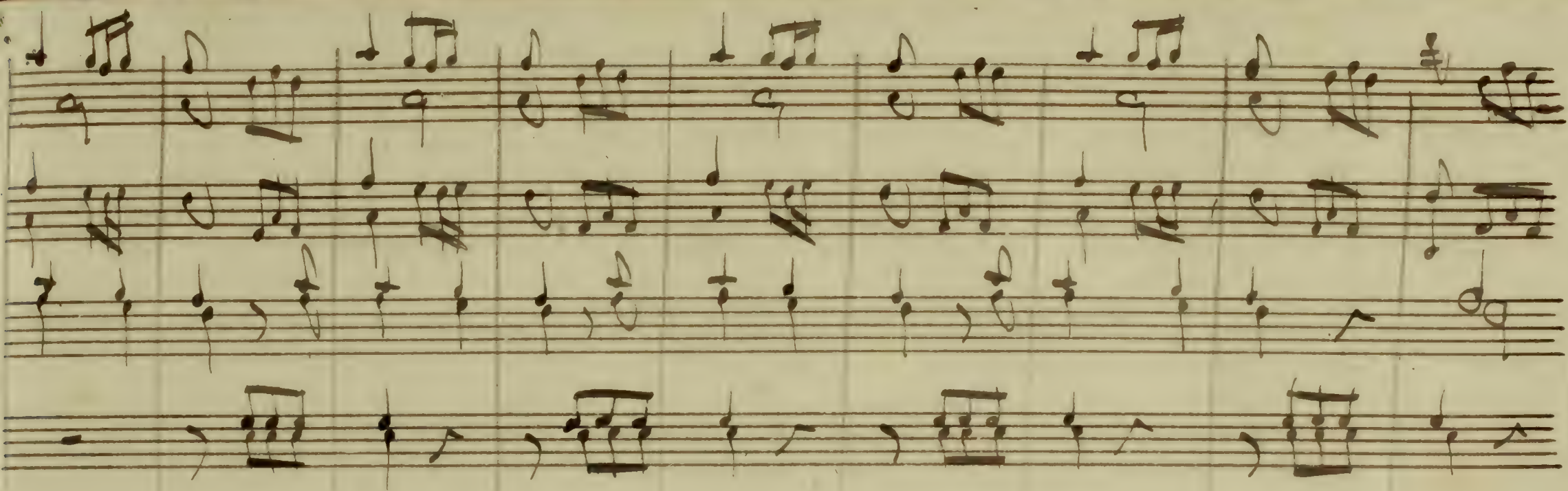
Can:

Si man

Si man

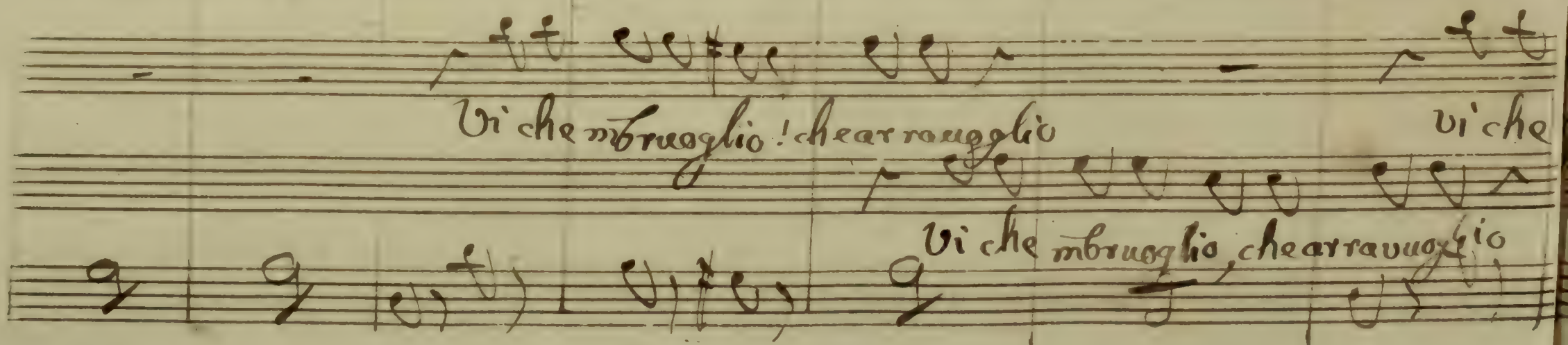
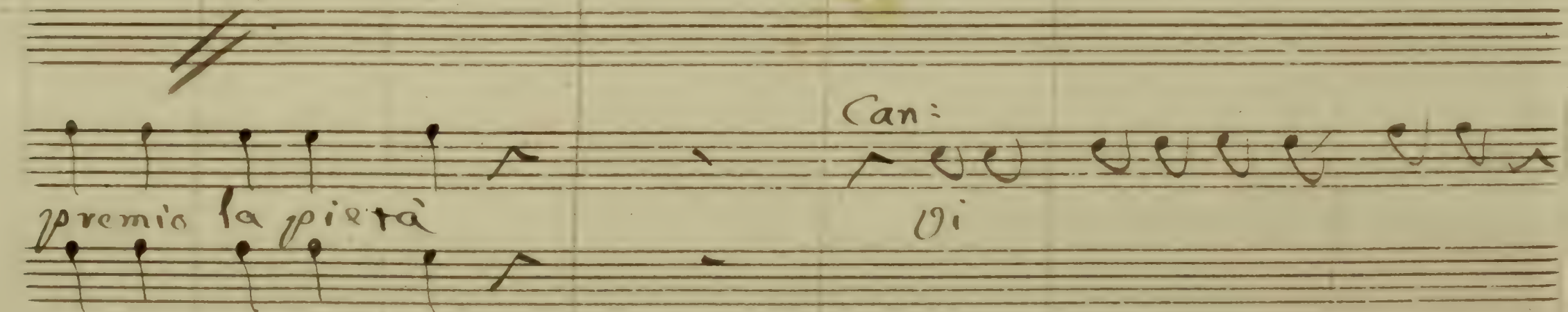
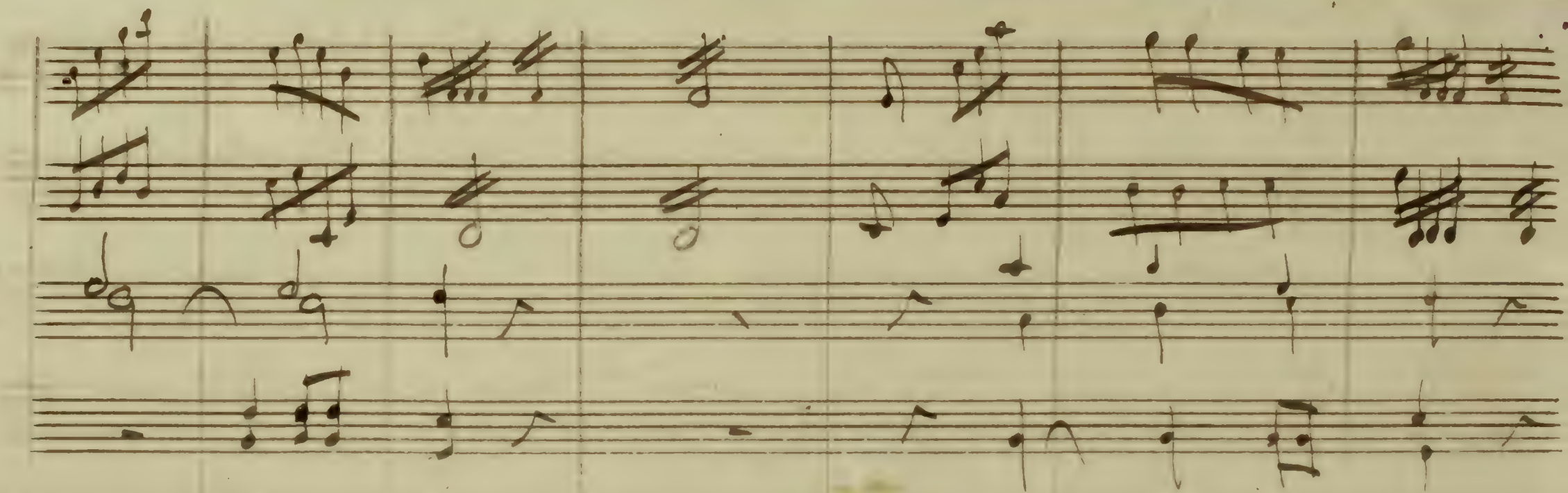
Miglior tempo

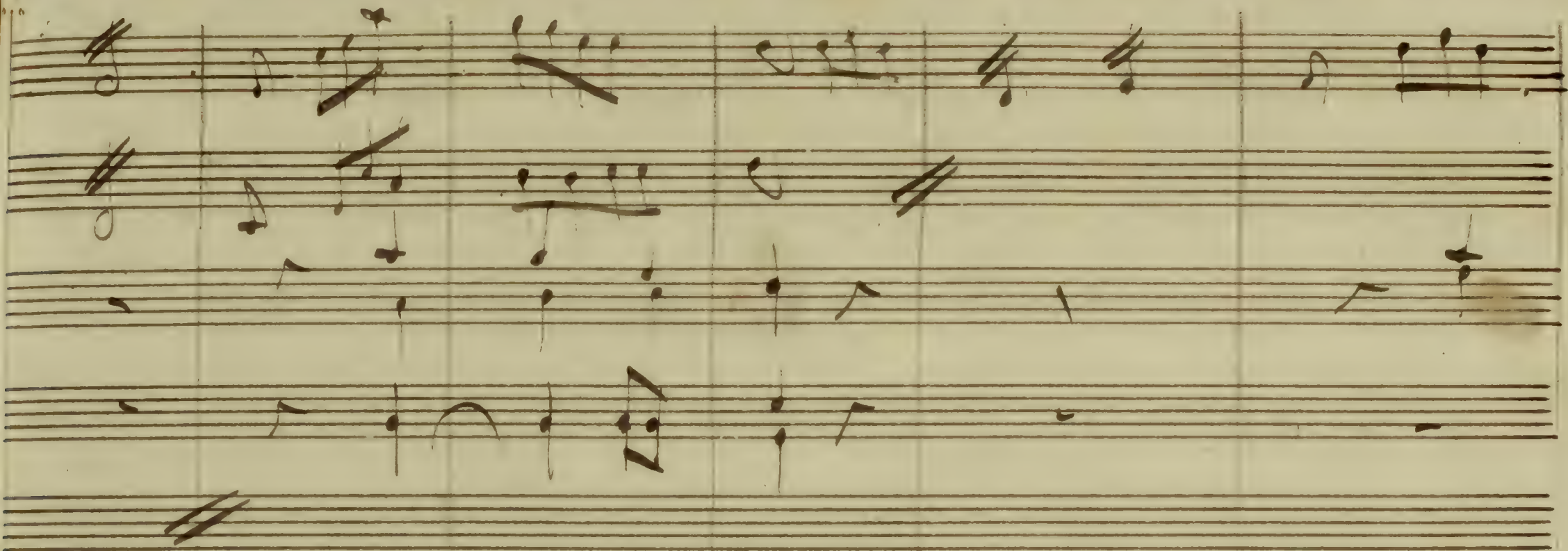




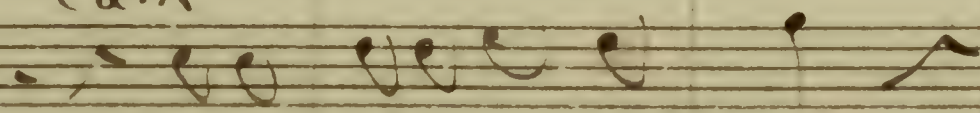
Gin:





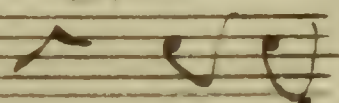


Can:

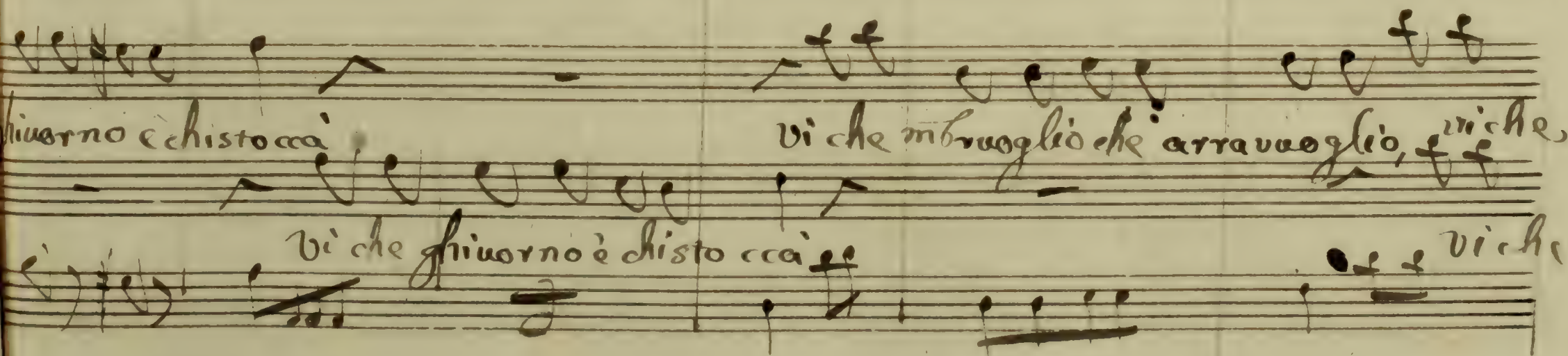


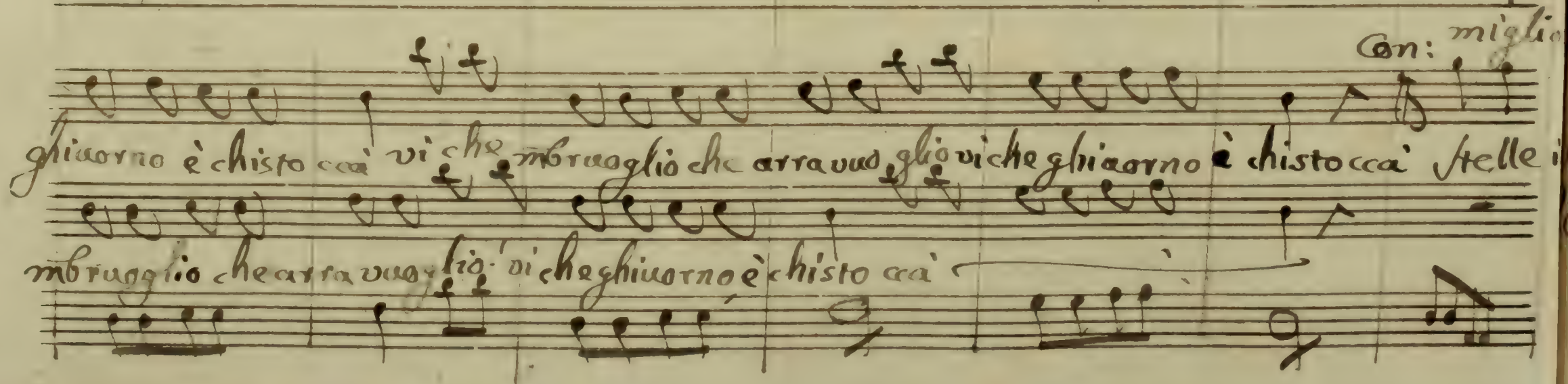
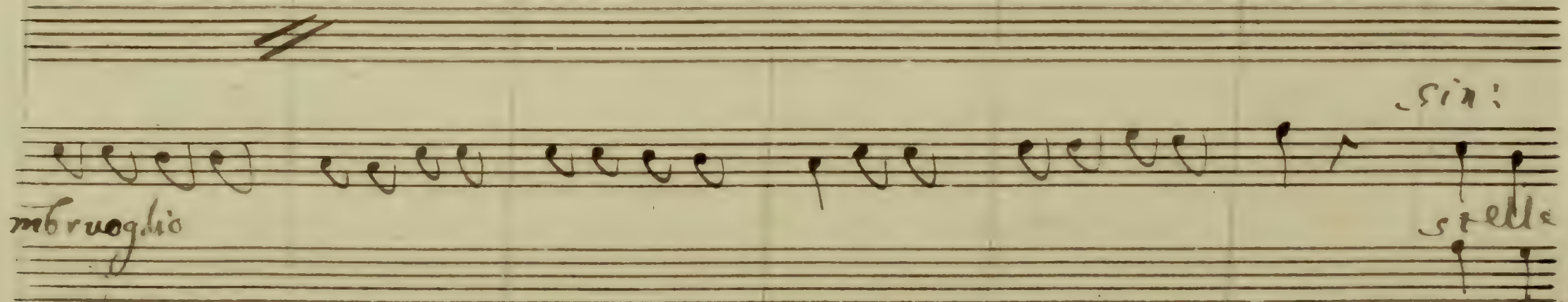
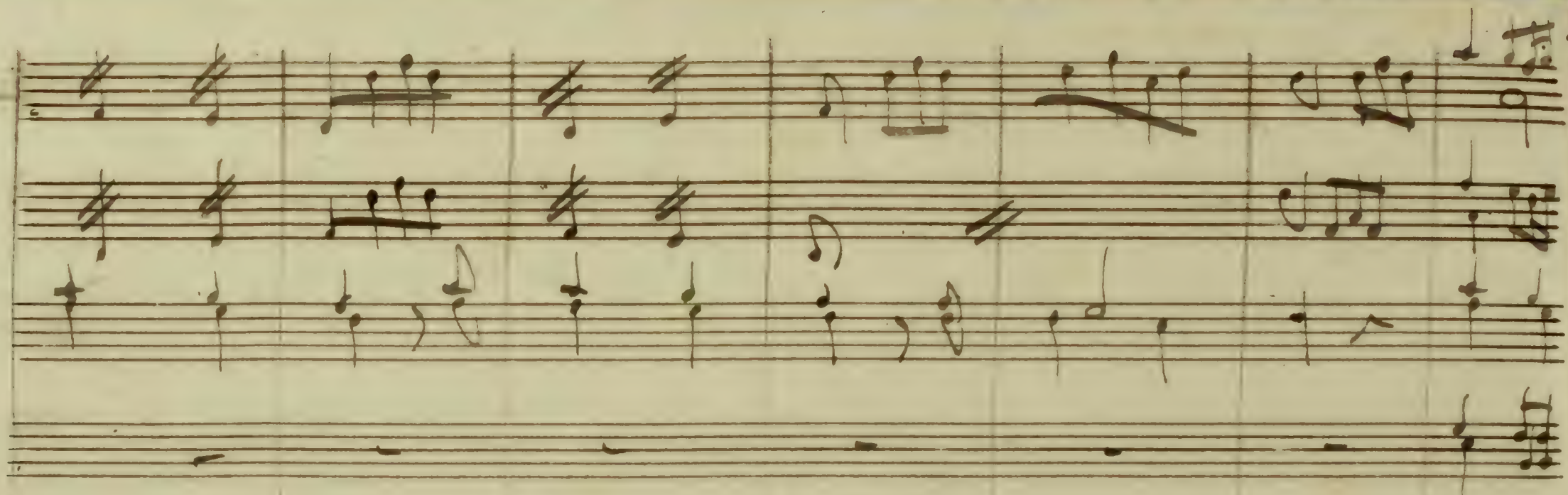
Vi che ghiorno è chisto cca'

Can:



Vi che





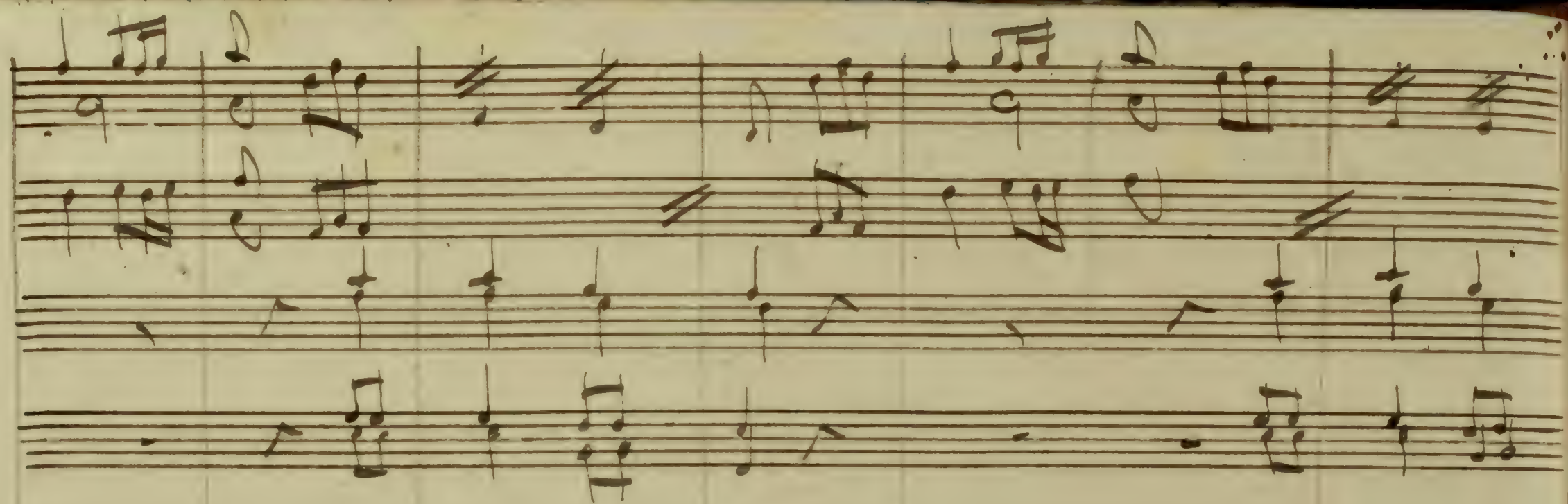
Handwritten musical notation on four staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines, typical of 18th or 19th-century manuscript notation. The ink is dark brown on aged, slightly yellowed paper.

Can: *grate* *tempo* *grate*

Sin: *a pure aspetta* *a la vendetta* *a pure aspetta*

Can: *vi che m'braoglio che arrauoglio* *vi che ghiorno è chisto cca*

Handwritten musical notation on four staves, continuing from the previous system. It includes lyrics in Italian. The notation features various note values, rests, and bar lines. The ink is dark brown on aged, slightly yellowed paper.



Fin: can: viche

miglior tempo

l'ira mia

miglio tempo

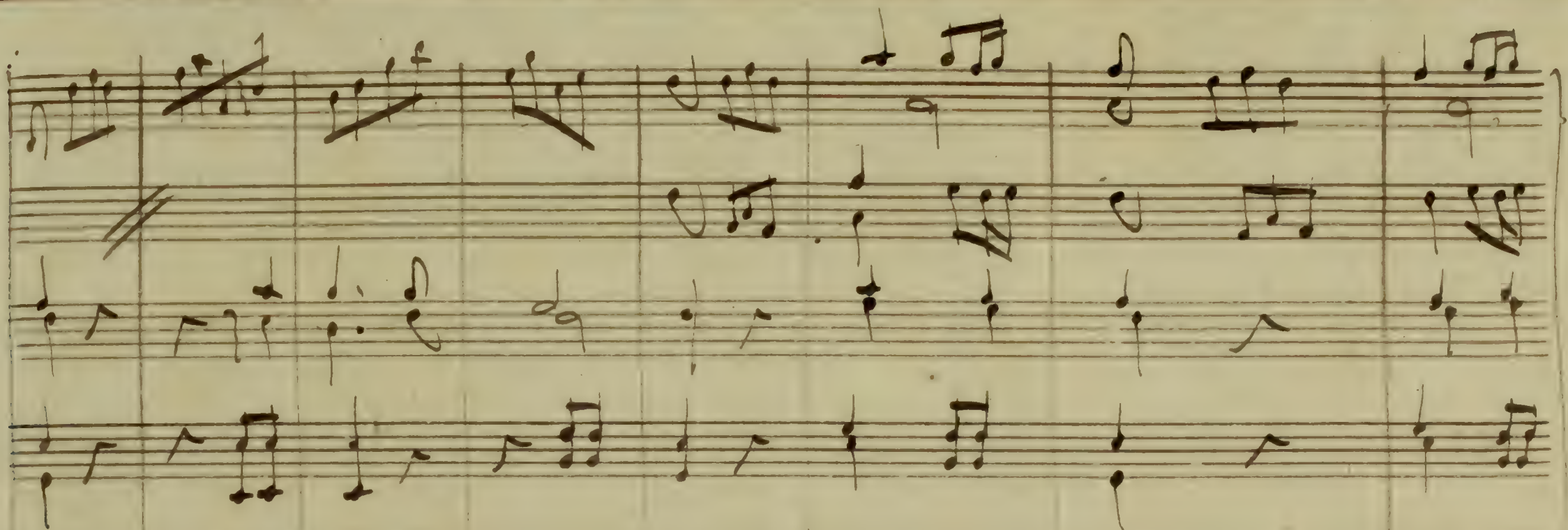
viche m'braccio che arravaglio

Fin: can: la pietà viche

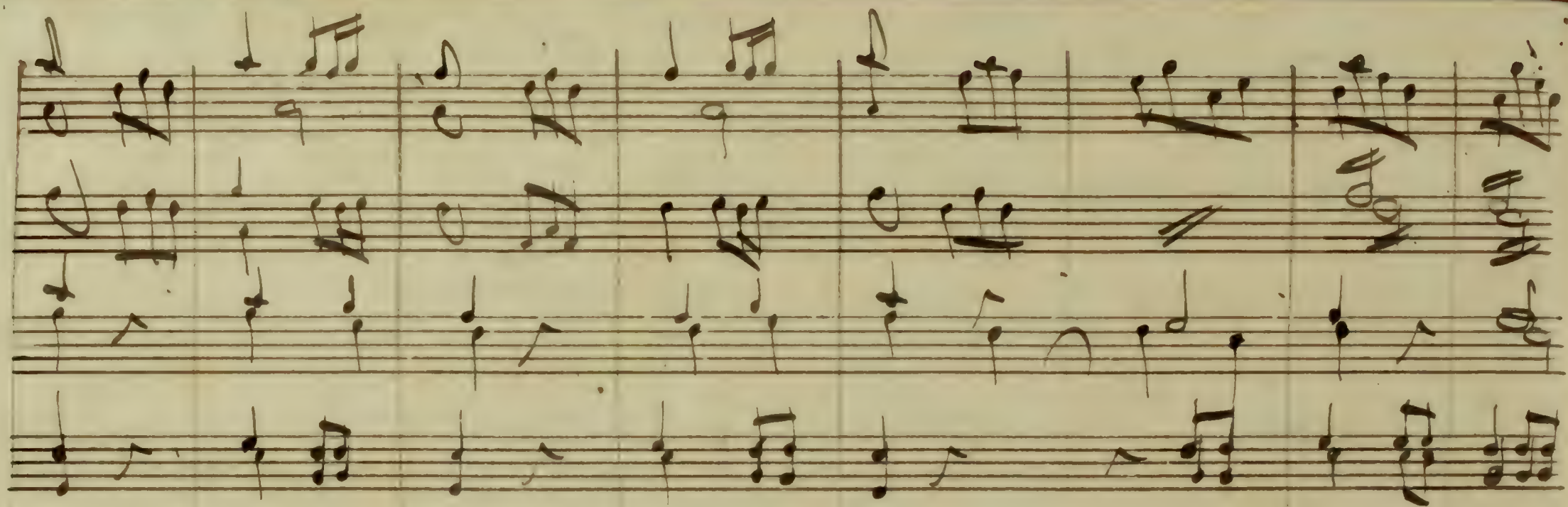
trovar saprà

la pietà

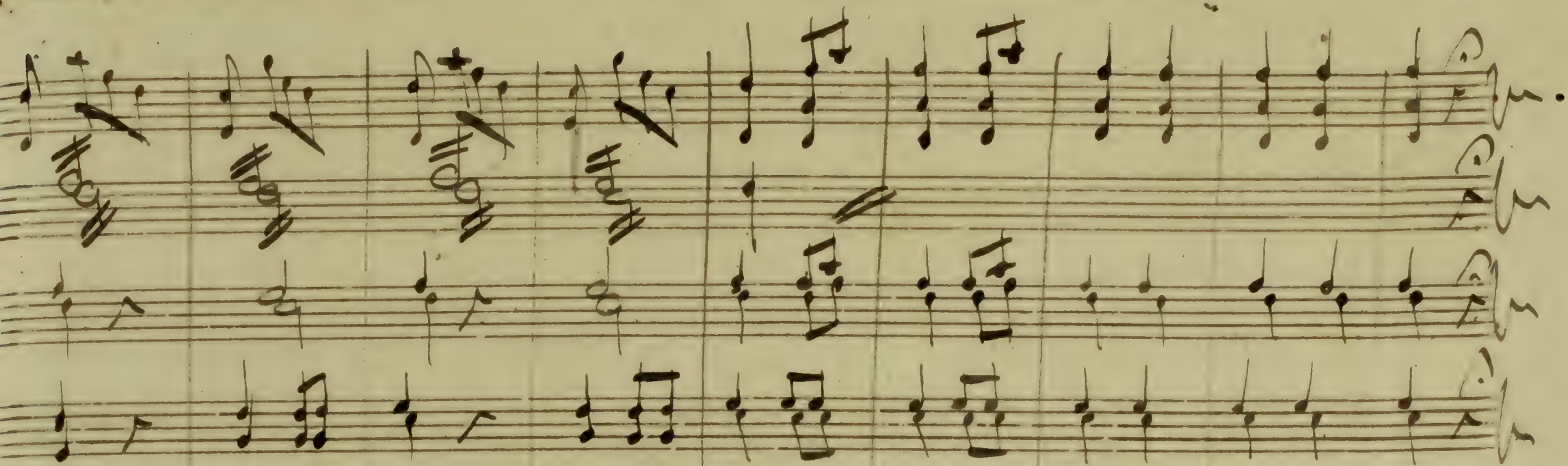
vi che ghiaorno ed



Fin: miglior tempo la pietra Stelle in grate, è pure a
can: ca' vi che ghiorno e chisto ca' vi che ghiorno che arrauoglio vi che ghiorno e chis
l'ira mia novar sapra miglior tempo a la ven
miglior tempo la pietra Stelle ingrate, è pure a
ca' vi che ghiorno e chisto ca' vi che mbrugglio che arrauoglio vi che ghiorno e chis

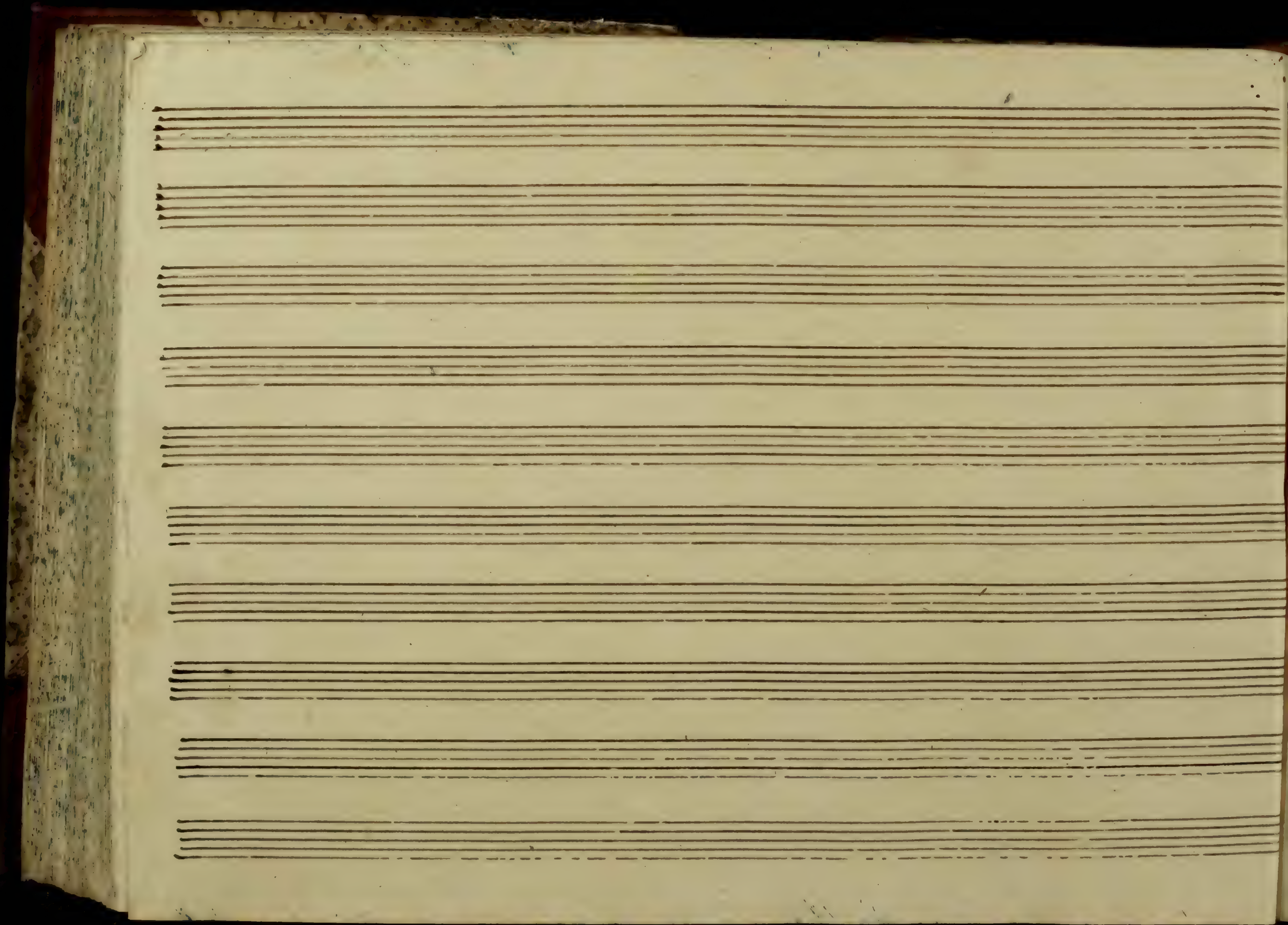


petta miglior tempo la pietra la pietra la pi-
cca' vi che
data l'ira mia trovar saprà trovar sopra trovar
petta miglior tempo la pietra la pietra la pi-
cca' vi che gh'uorno e chistogg' vi che m'bragglia che arragglia vi che gh'uorno e chistocci e chisto

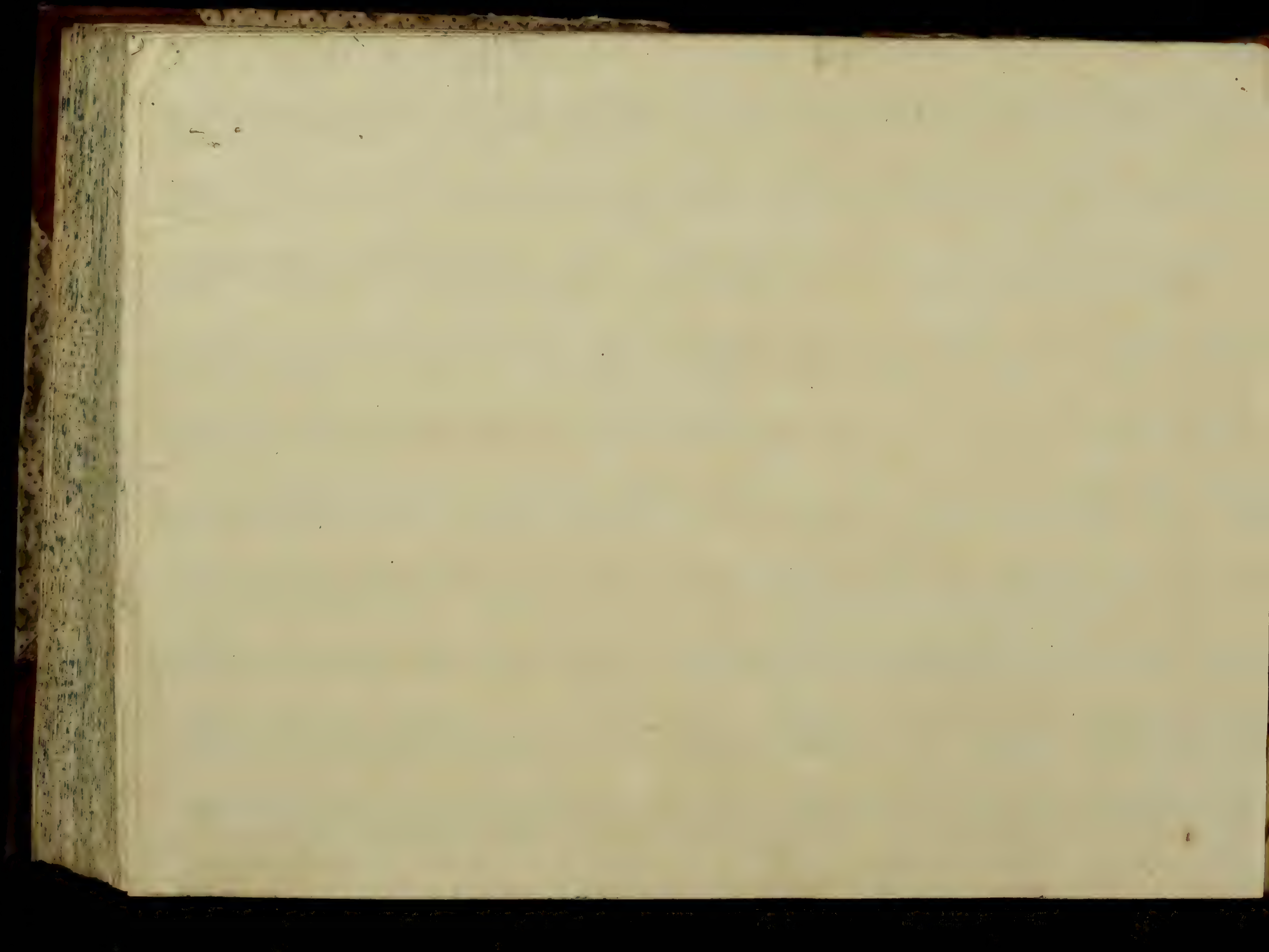


Handwritten musical notation with lyrics on three staves. The lyrics are written in a historical Italian dialect, likely Neapolitan, and are repeated across the staves.

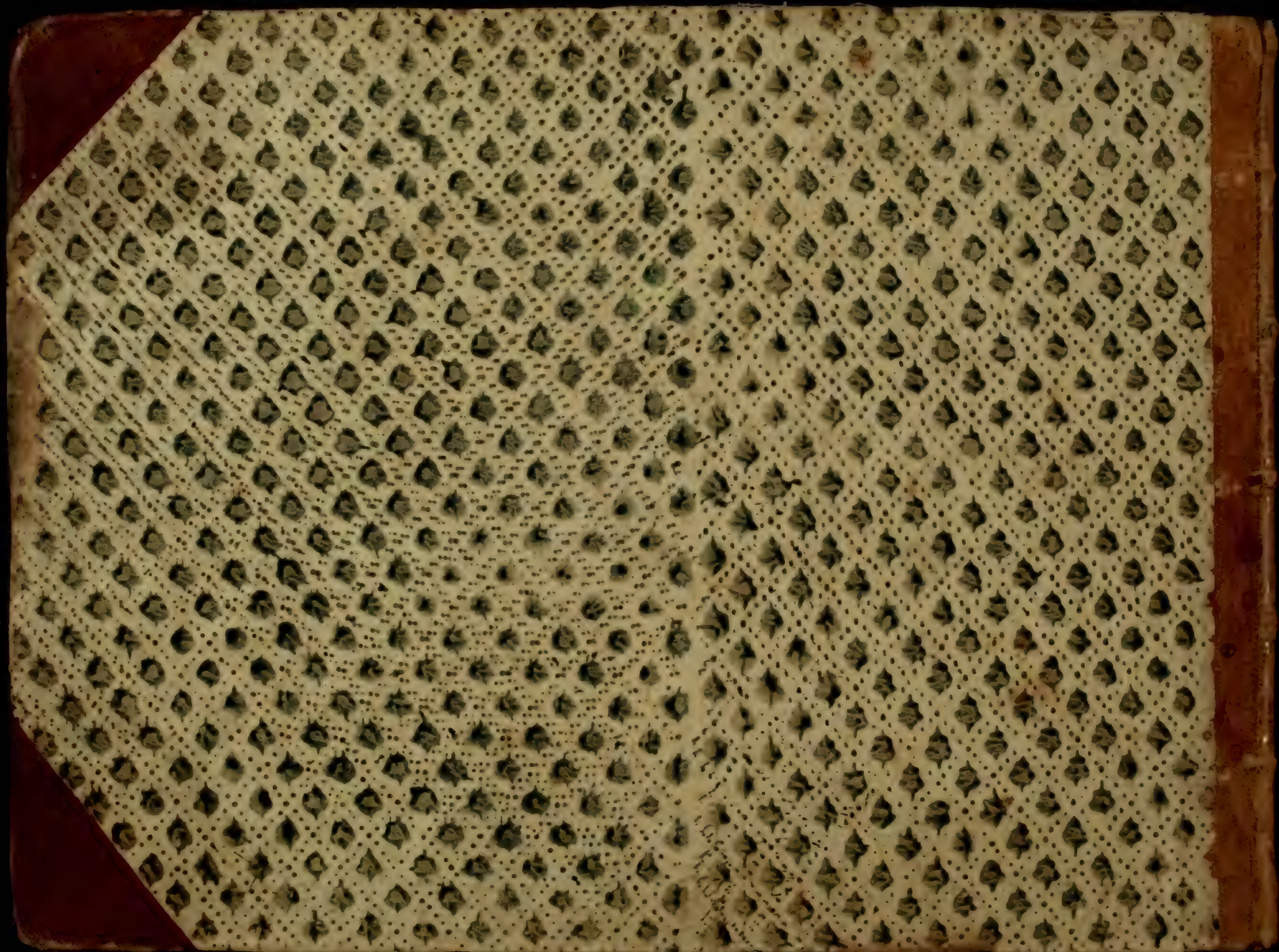
ta' la pietà la pietà
ccà e chisto ccà e chisto ccà
pprà trovar saprà trovar saprà
ta' la pietà la pietà
ccà e chisto ccà e chisto ccà





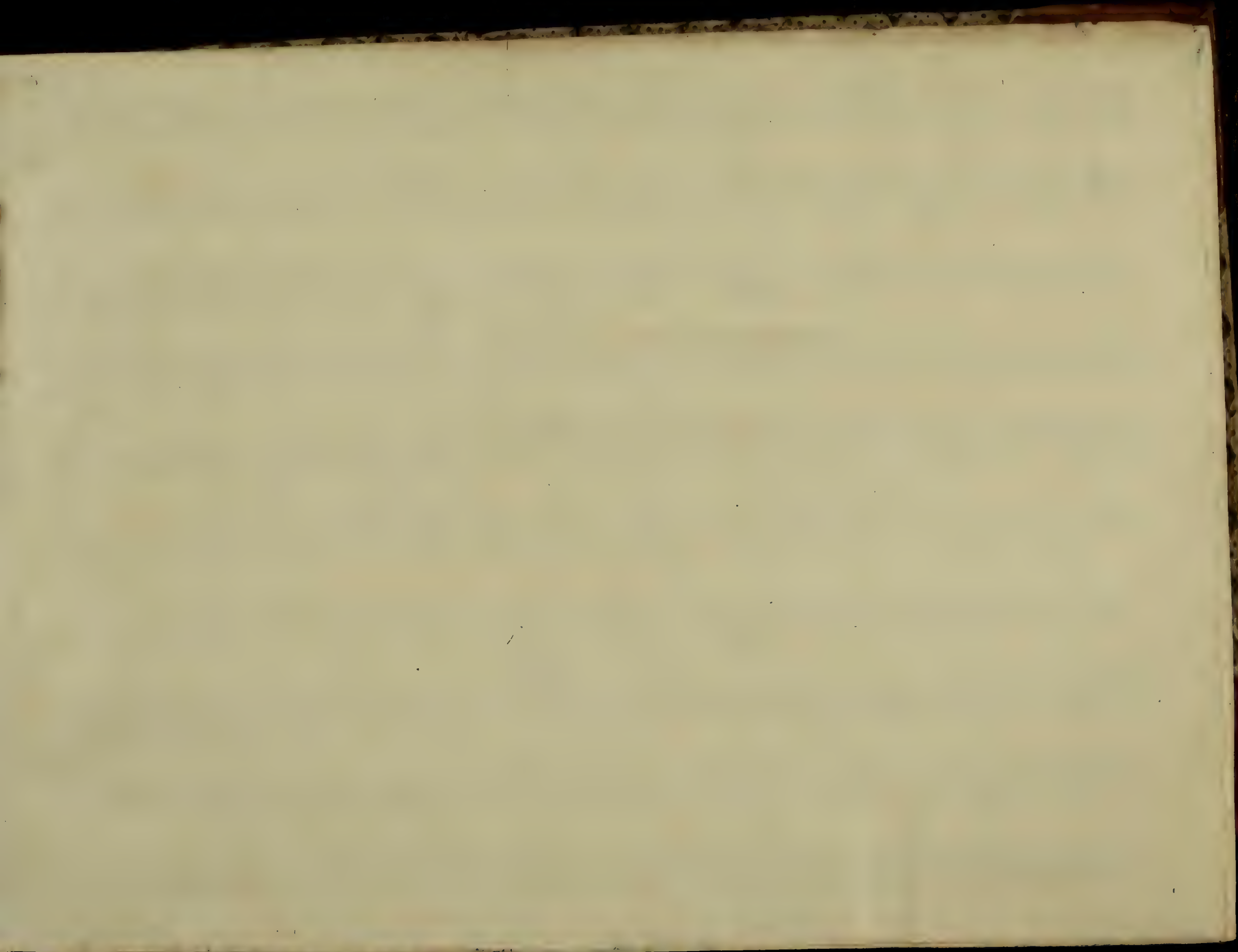


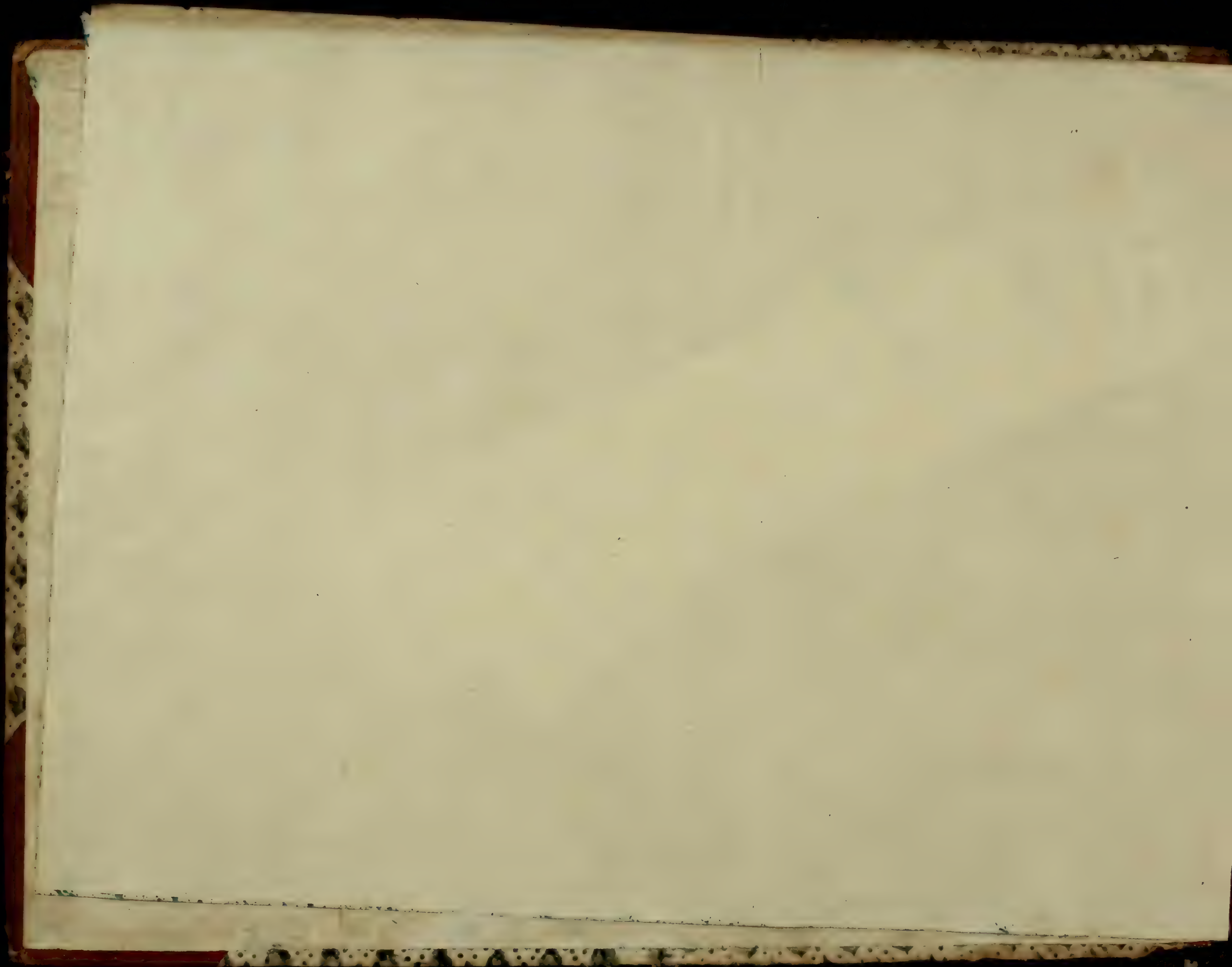






V.m.
873.
2.





Il Furbo mal accorto

Prima Giocosa

Del Sig: G: Giovanni Paisiello

Atto 2:^{do}

Scena 1: D: Sop:

D: Sopra Camillo
e Chiarello

A Napoli mo proprio vettorino

Cam:

D: Sop:

qui lasciar volete il mio germano e vole vssia che io quince lapsi il

Cam:

corio vettorino ma fate ch'io faelli col marchese chi

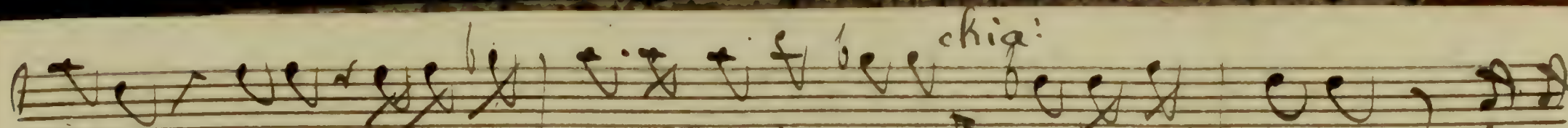
D: Sop:

Ma forse in mirar mi potria congiarsi or io non so sti gaja e vettor-

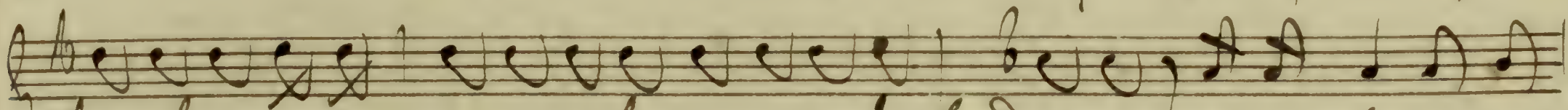
chia:

D: Sop:

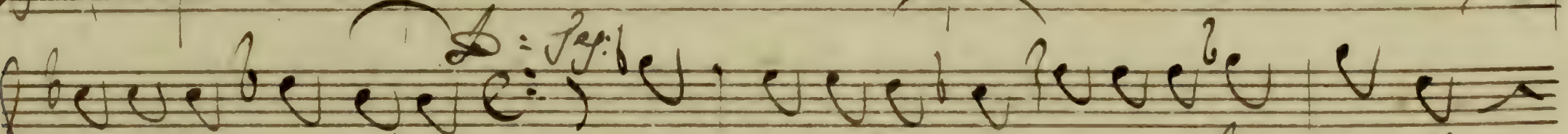
rino e lo bechia è morto ciesso signo' ch'auite ah che



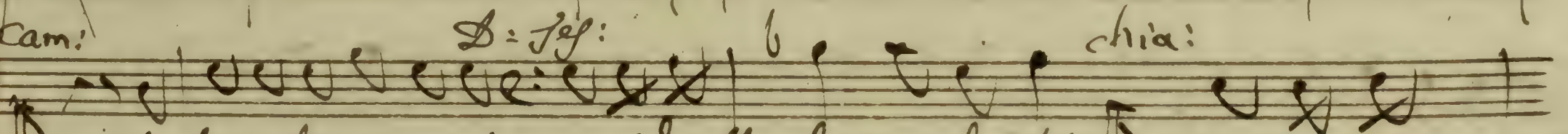
tiempo lompfa fa mette in ordine il Galeoso e po do cycite: lo mar -



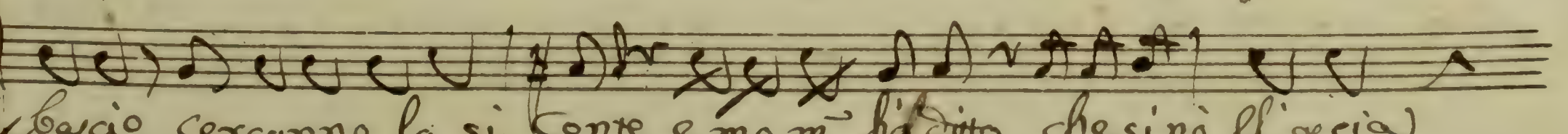
che ha puosto attorno a la tauerna li sordate e non fanno pas -



sare no moschillo mo nce so' dato turno a lo mayrillo



di Dio che giorno e queto e il Marches che fa va ncoppa e ab -



baycio cercanno lo si Conte e mo m' ha ditto che sino ll' gicia

D: fef:

vo' che buye pigliate pe chillo lla' lo puosto no l'aggio ditto e tu che ll'haie regpuo-
chia:

D: fef:

ca cheyo jate ayciano pe farle tanto d'occhie co la spara malanche dite
chia:

D: fef:

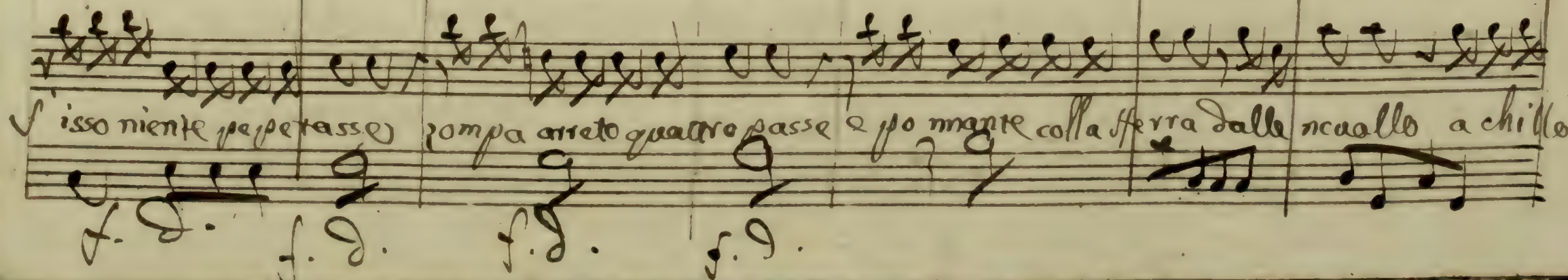
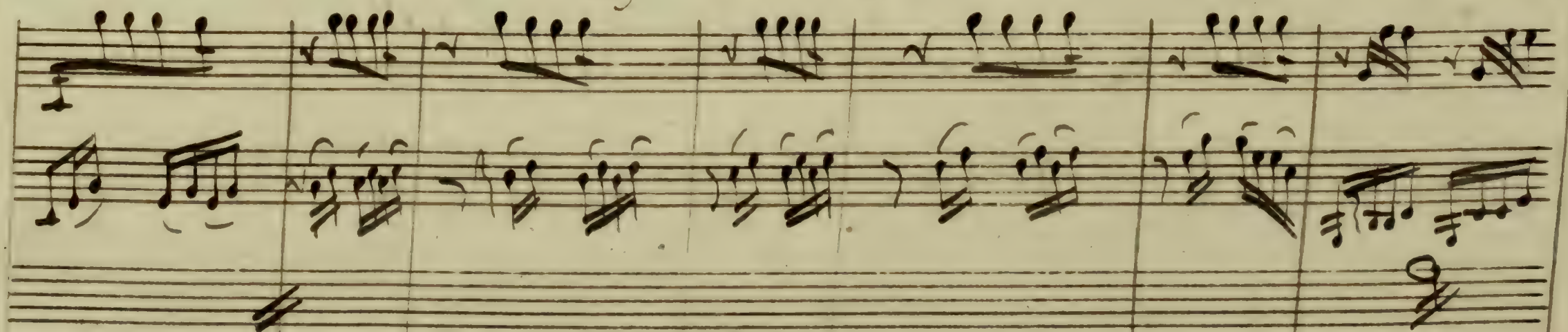
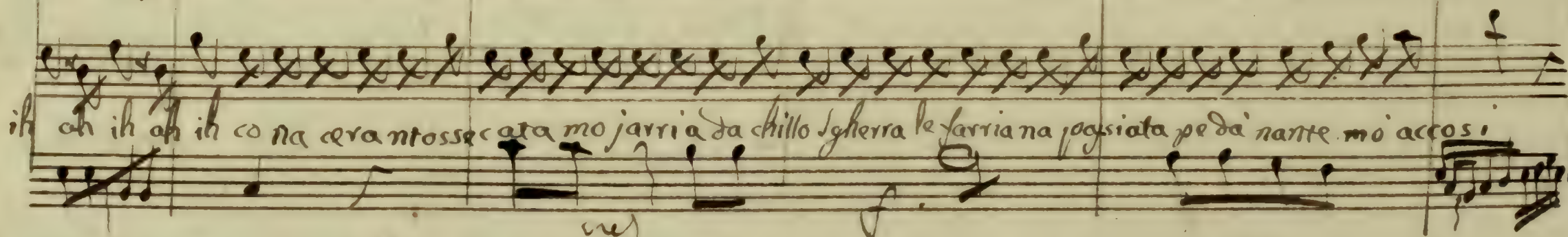
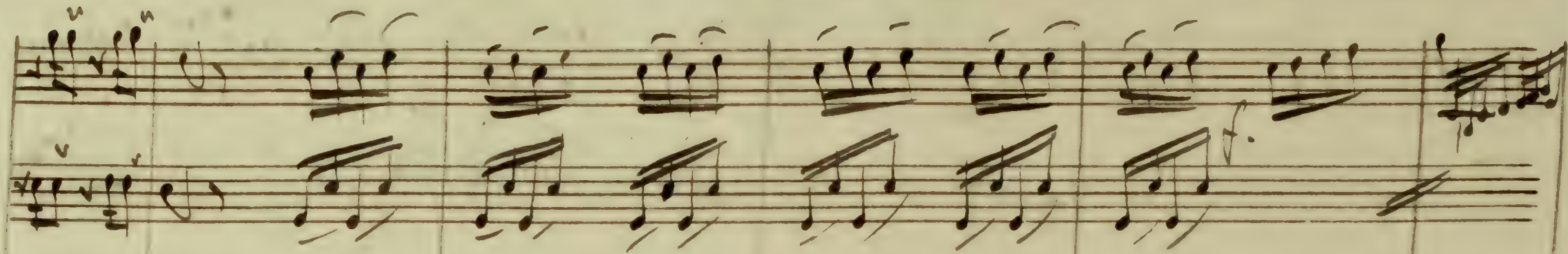
dia) che non ba duono haie ditto na regia) mo rompa dinto e dille no

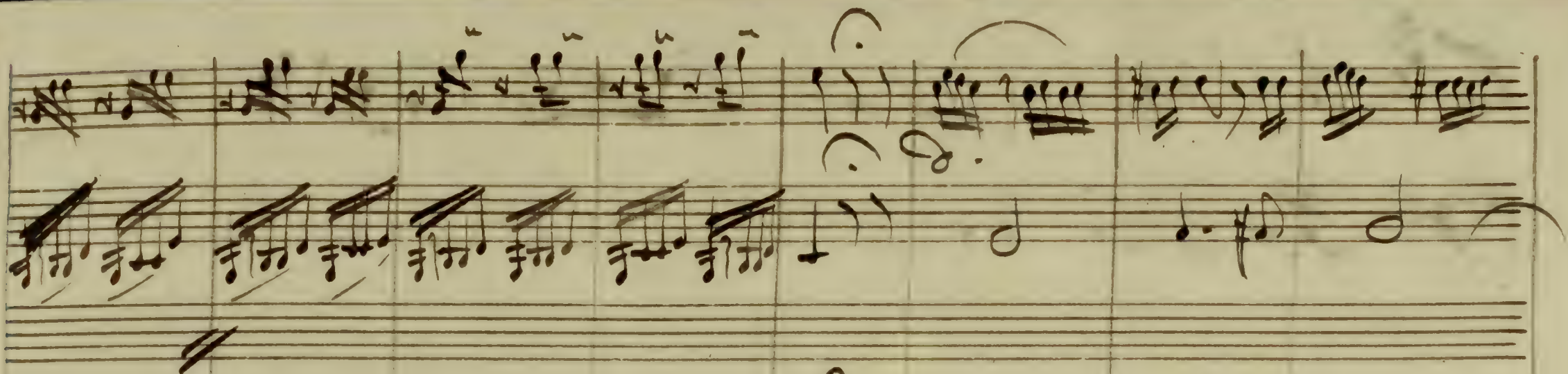
no: dille ca stongo co no moto de goggia e mi hanno payoro li vissi-

came a' piedi ed a le mano ma fella naturale ca te

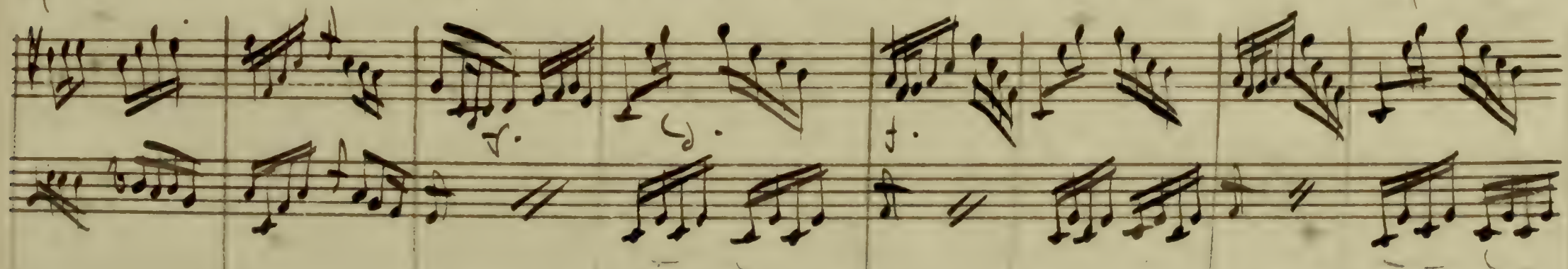
ria na passiato, peda nante mo accosi le faria na passiato peda nante mo accosi

isso niente perpetuse pompa arreto quatro paise e po n nante colla ferra colla sferra dalle nuollo ah ih ah

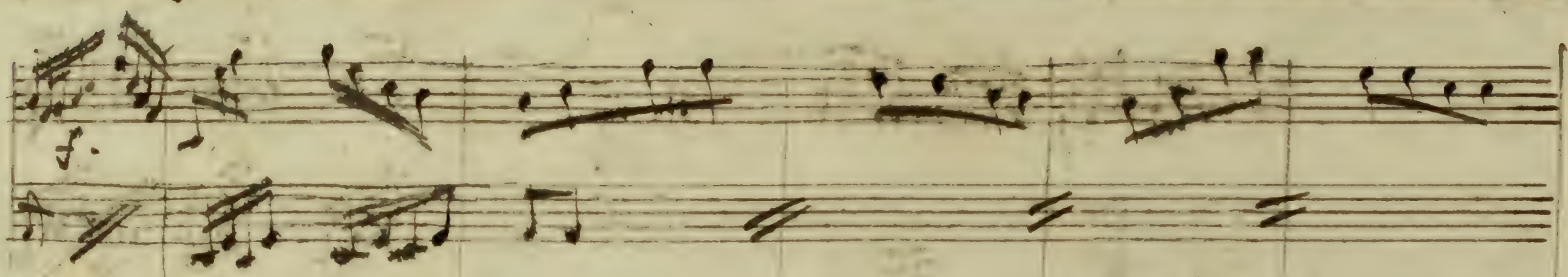




lgherra a chillo lgherra dalle nuollo ah ih ah ih ah ih ah ih machè baci si stà vonella machè baci si stà von-



nella mpastorata mē fa i sso niente peperasse) pompa arreto quattro papsi e po' niente colla)

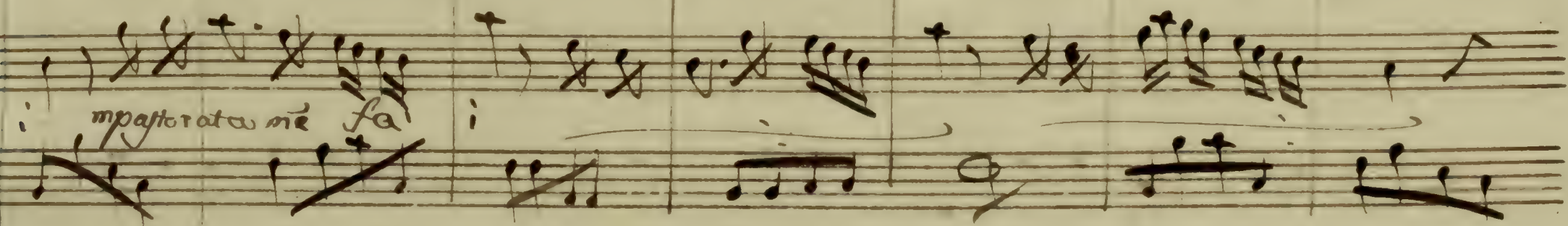


ferra) *Cona cera ntosse cata le farria na passata pe da nante mo accosi è po nante colla ferra dalle neuolle*
chi

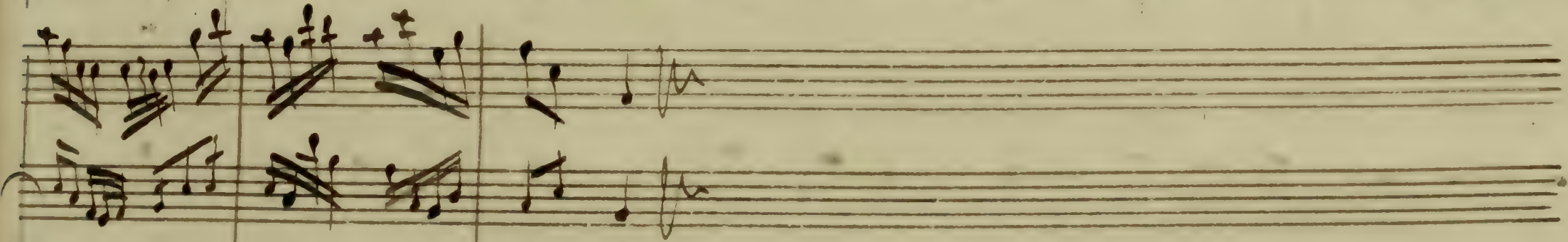
gherra ah ih ah ih ah ih ah ih maché buo si sta vonella
mpa to rata me fe



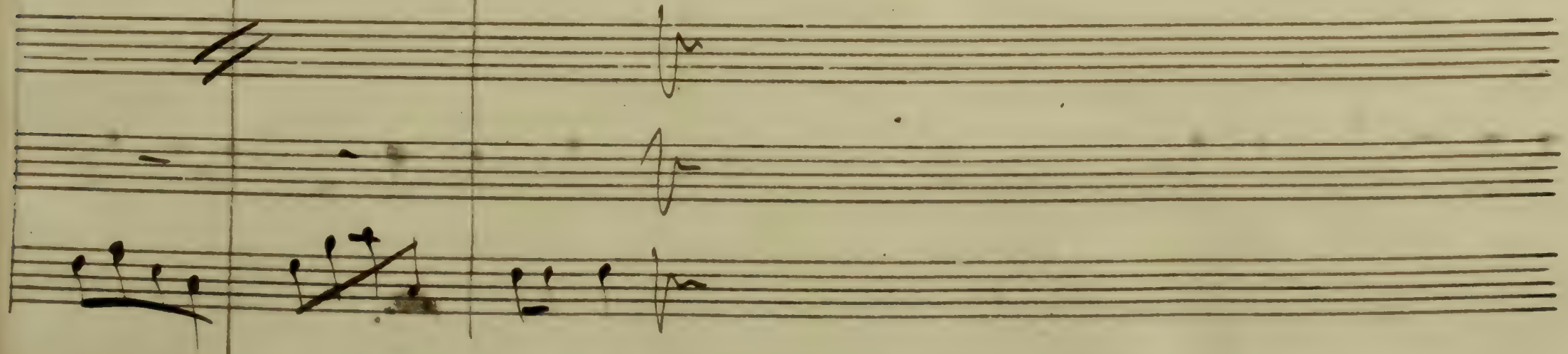
//



mpastorata me fa



//



Scena II: $\text{♩} = 79$

D. Leone, Camilla

ind. Ginevra

Gravida

yseria

pori le pereta, vonna

sci co la palla orq' nformanoce

Amici Ah per pie-

tate Saluatemi la vita il sangue mio tutto per voi si versi ed

io non posso darvi il mio Ca non ece c'ogne gramò ch'è

fatto è no conegno ma qual mal ui Souragge il mio Ser-

mano morta mi brama e vuole il Conte estinto ed il suo

Cor da mille furie è vinto. *Di. Fel:* ed me se ne parla *Sin:* Ah voi an-

cora avete due nemici il mio germano e quel magnanimo in-

degno che vuol Conte chiamarsi e ha giurato di farsi anche per

Di. Fel: tale riconoscer da voi col ferro in mano Canto l'armi re-

Cam:
tose e il Capitano mosto proprio à lo punto De che fa-

S: F:
rete e che buo fare: in questo cayo gioja non trouo allor vi-

piego che comper me no vraccio e costa scya leuar me d'ogne im-

Cam:
pegno non più: se ben son donna io forse l'ire placherò de la

Sin: Cam: D: F:
forte voi donna! Come No son Camilla e ghiuyto uoi

ppae nà sta stoppae mo che campo à sorzico e ghiamo neoppa

Gini Cam: voi dunque oh Dio! non più tra le vicende di questo

giorno andi io vado comprega e un istessa fortuna a bersagliarci i

sirali suoi raduna

Handwritten musical notation on three staves. The notation is in a cursive style, featuring various note values, rests, and dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *fz* (forzando). The staves are connected by a brace on the left.

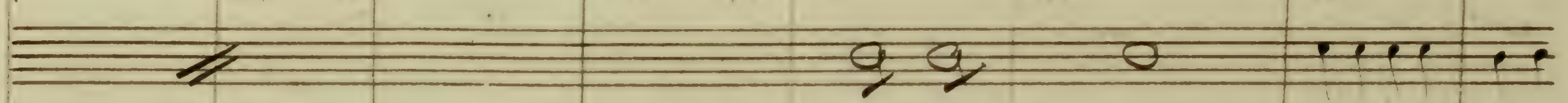
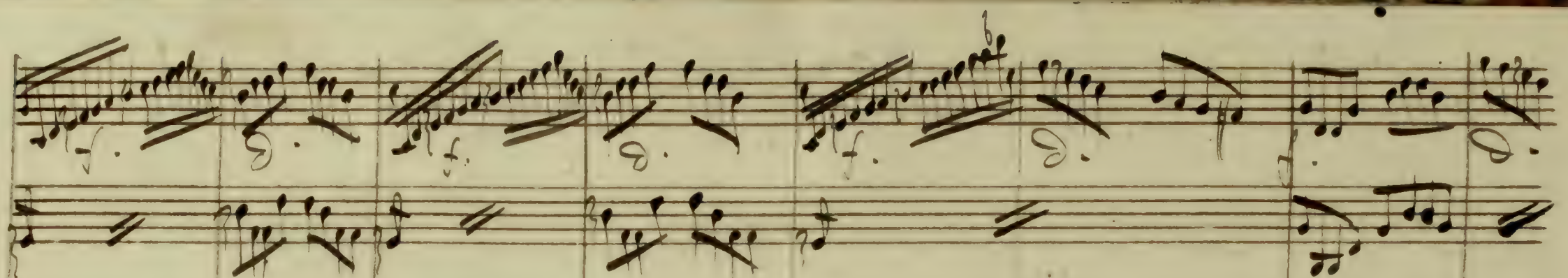
Amilla

All.
Piringer

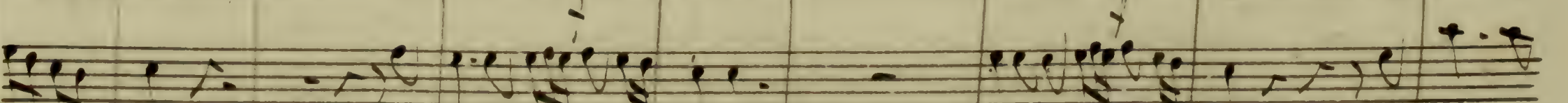
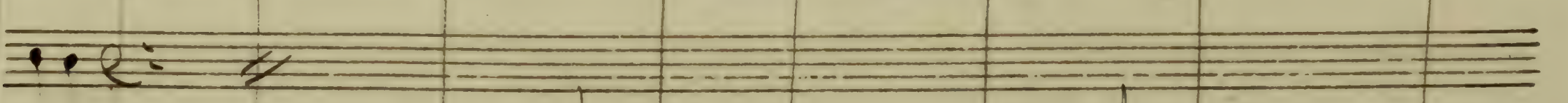
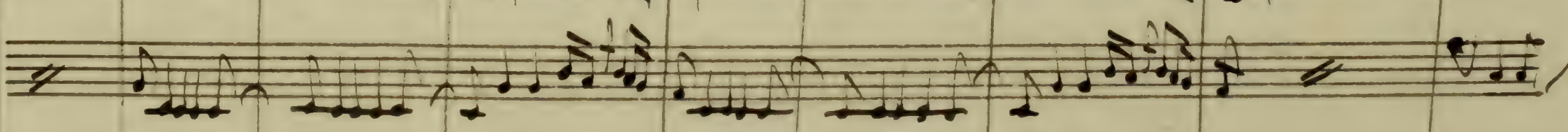
Handwritten musical notation on seven staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings. The staves are connected by a brace on the left. The notation is in a cursive style, featuring various note values, rests, and dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *fz* (forzando).

Fra l'apperie vicende di

questo giorno ingrato di questo giorno ingrato equal per noi si rende si rende tor-bido e nero il



mar tra l'apre e ricicende di questo giorno ingrato e qual per noi si rende torbido e

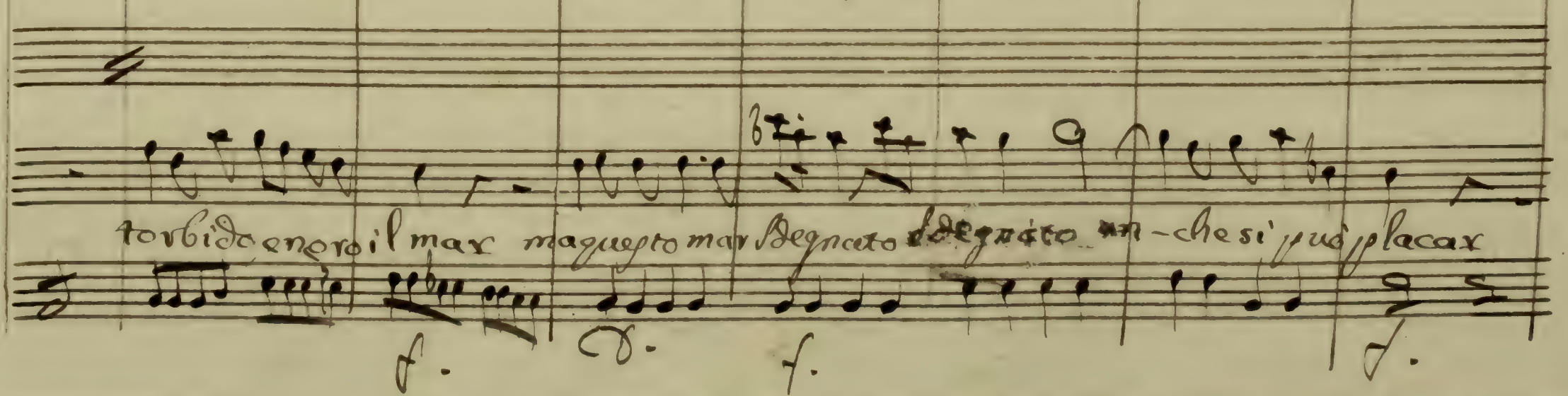
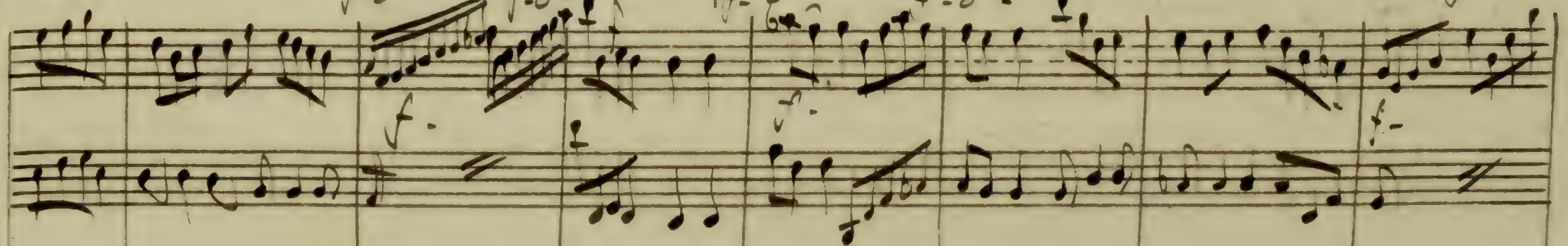
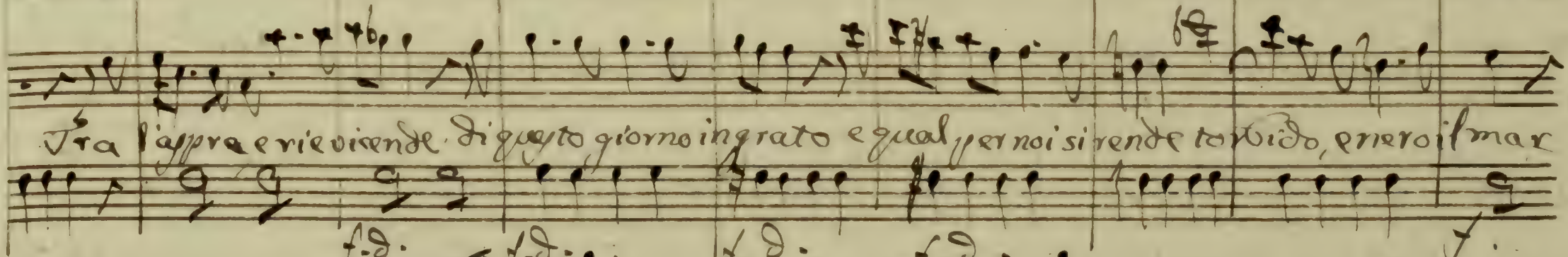
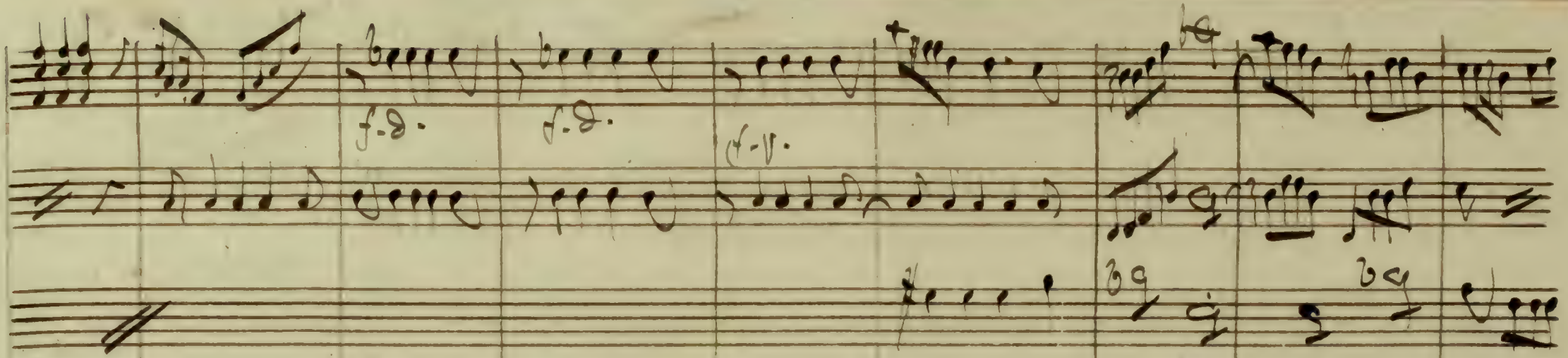


noro il mar ma questo mar. Degnato anche si può placar ma questo

mar degnato, anche si può placar

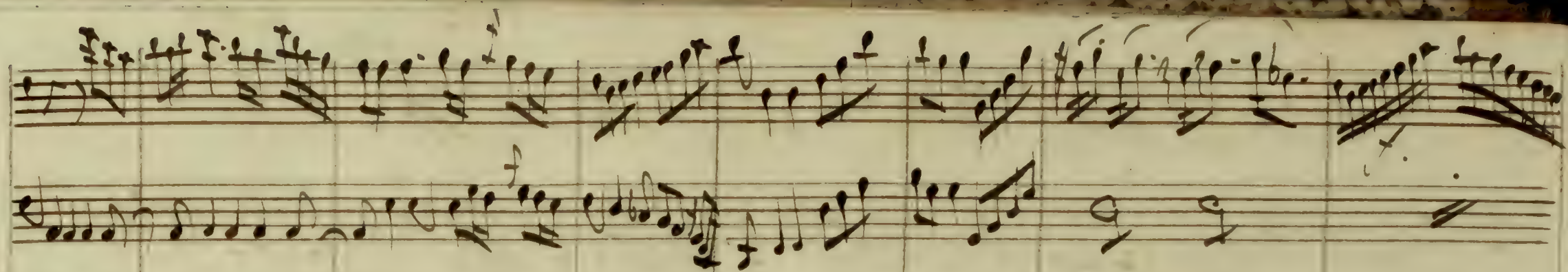
Si può pla-

Si può placar



anche si può placar tra l'aspre eie vicende di questo giorno ingrato e qual per noi si

rende e qual per noi si vende torbido e nero il mar ma questo mar de -



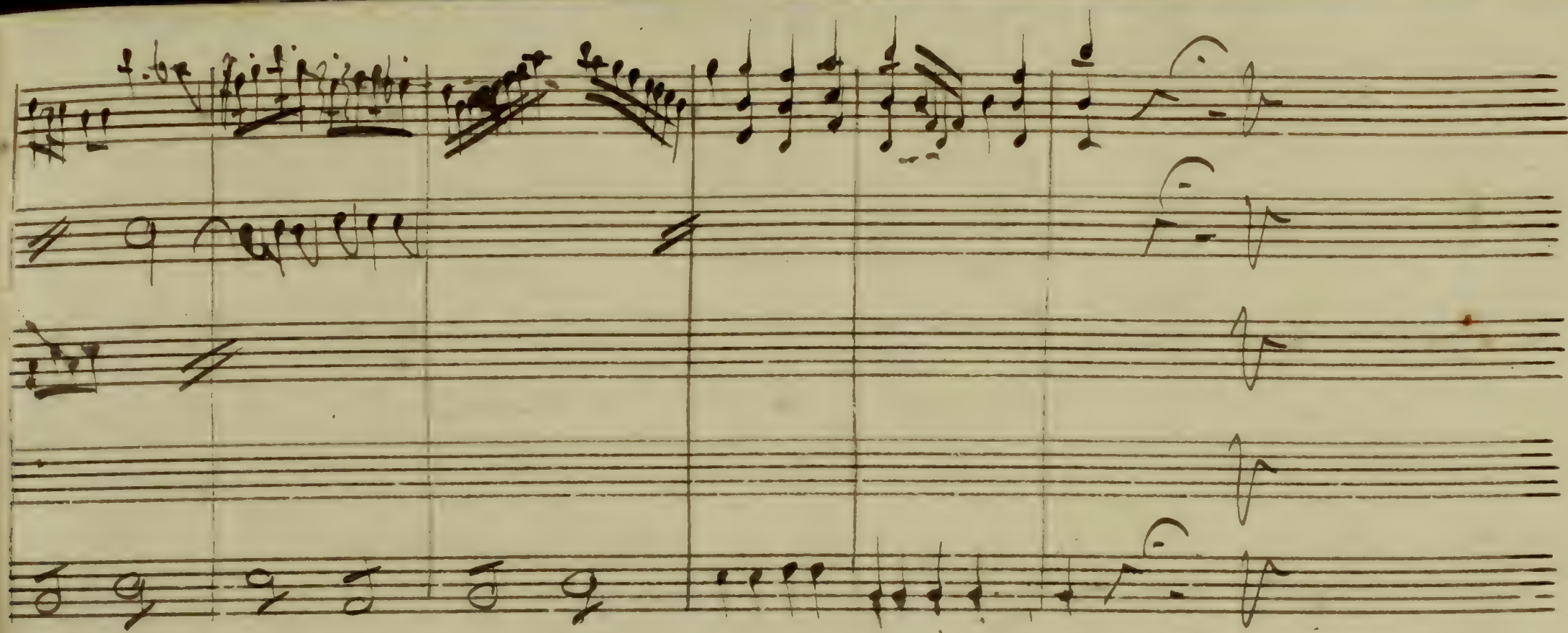
gnato anche si può placar ma questo mar Degnato anche si può placar

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff has a few notes, while the bottom staff contains a series of quarter notes. The lyrics are written in a cursive hand across the staves.Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff has a complex melodic line with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The bottom staff contains a more rhythmic accompaniment with eighth and quarter notes.

si può placar si può placar

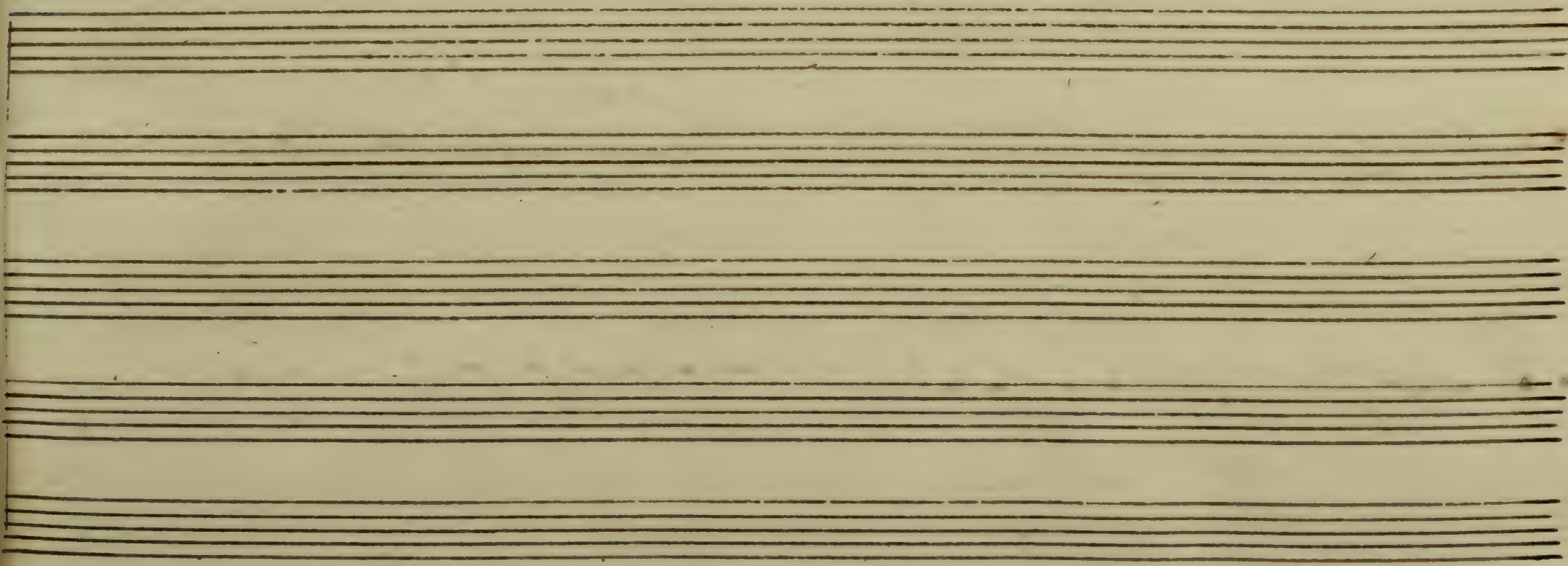
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff has a complex melodic line with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The bottom staff contains a more rhythmic accompaniment with eighth and quarter notes.

Handwritten musical notation on four staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and clefs, with some staves showing double bar lines indicating measures. The handwriting is in ink on aged paper.



The first staff contains a complex melodic line with many beamed notes and some slurs. The second staff begins with a double bar line, followed by a series of notes, and ends with a double bar line. The third staff starts with a double bar line and contains a few notes. The fourth staff begins with a double bar line, followed by a series of notes, and ends with a double bar line.

Five empty musical staves, each consisting of five horizontal lines, arranged vertically. These staves are blank, with no notation present.



The staves are evenly spaced and occupy the lower half of the page. They are completely blank, with no notes, clefs, or other markings.

Scena III: Can:

Canetella, e
Aiarappa

Camina ca te sgorgio l'agiarone. Jaccia de

Scia:

mpiso se de ticcio

e sgarre

dimè de mpiso frisco Ca dice

Can:

meglio

Comè io te defenno e tu tuorne à scapparme pe

Scia:

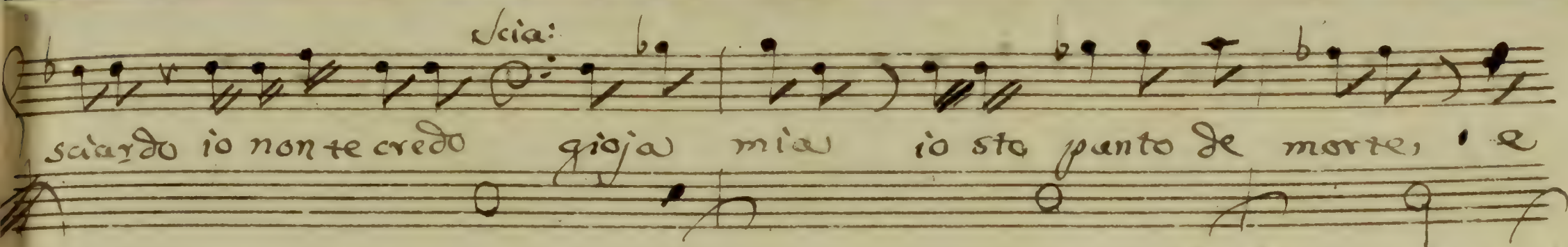
ghi da don'a sguinzia

a me! oh figlia io pe paura

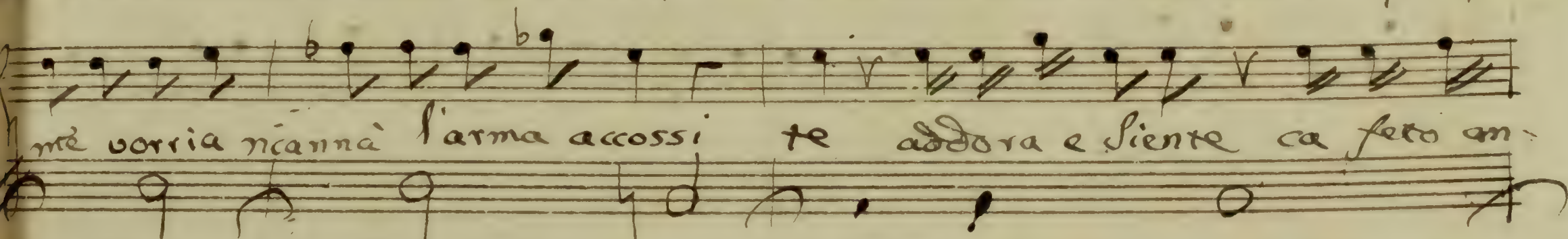
Can:

nzi à mo s'è stato co lo puerco abbracciato sott'a no lavaturo

Scia:

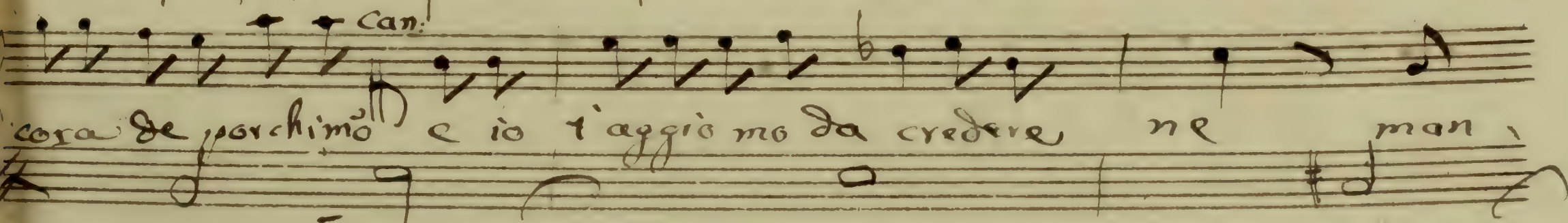


sciaro io non te credo gioja mia io sto panto de morte, e



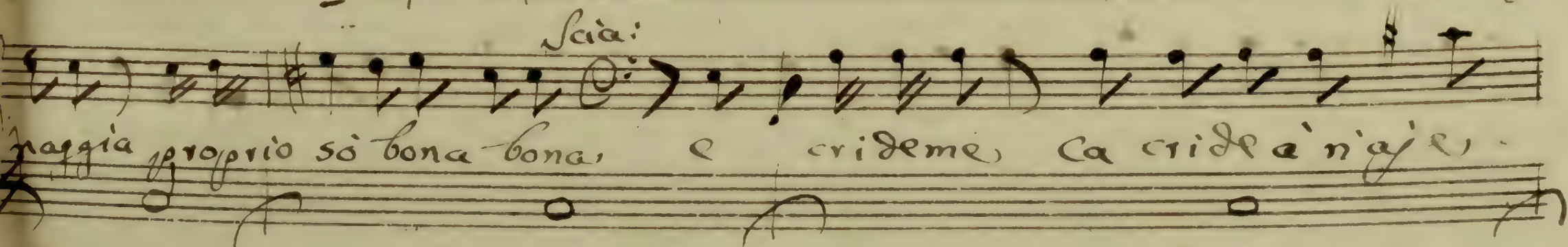
mè vorria nianna l'arma accossi te addora e siente ca feto an-

Can:



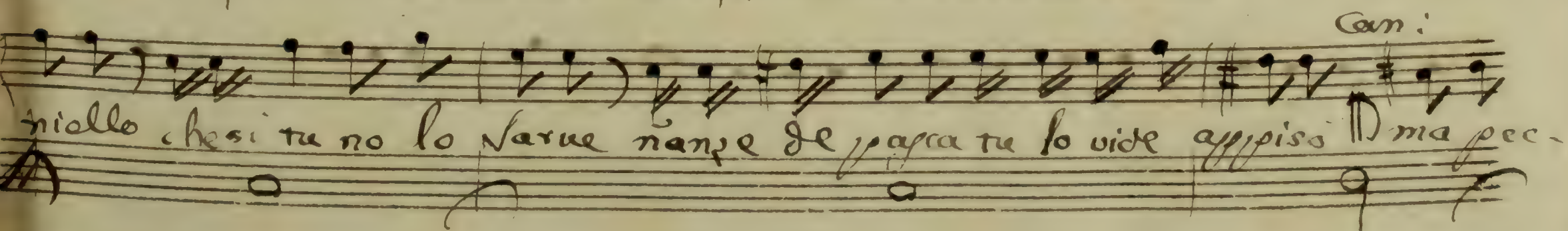
cora de porchimò e io t'aggio mo da credere ne man,

Scia:



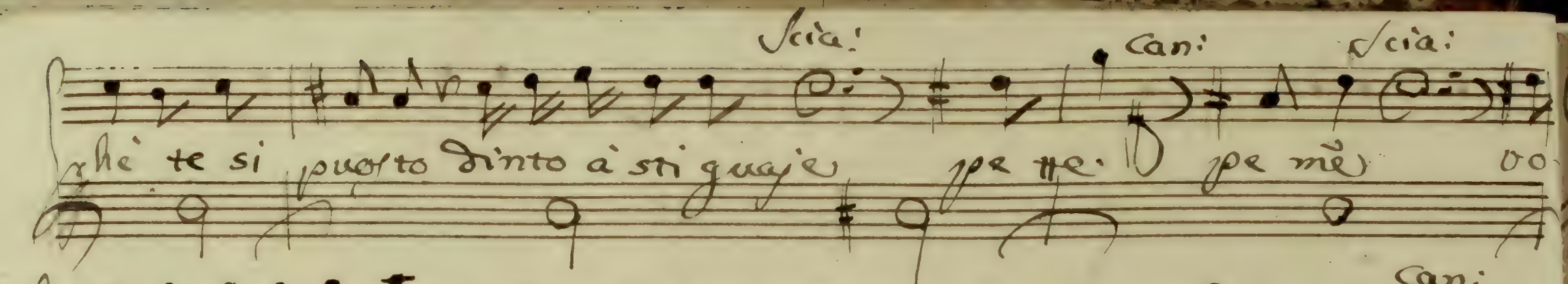
naggia proprio sò bona bona, e crideme, ca cride a'n'aje,

Can:



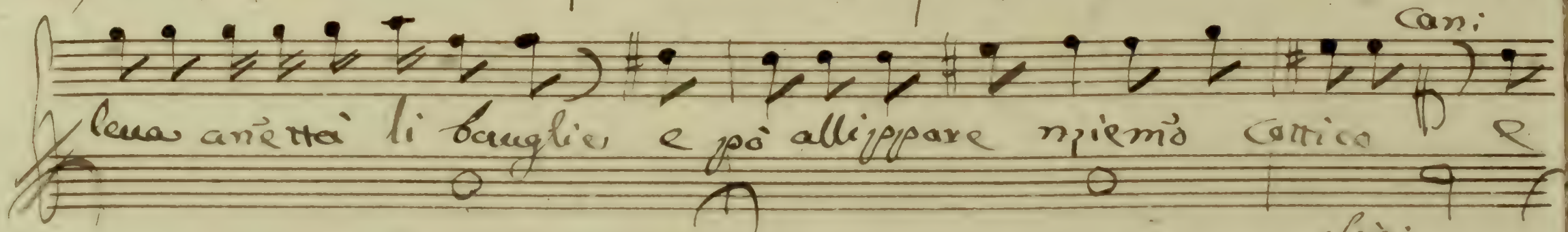
niello chesi tu no lo sarue nanze de pagra tu lo vide appiso ma pec-

Scia: Can: Scia:



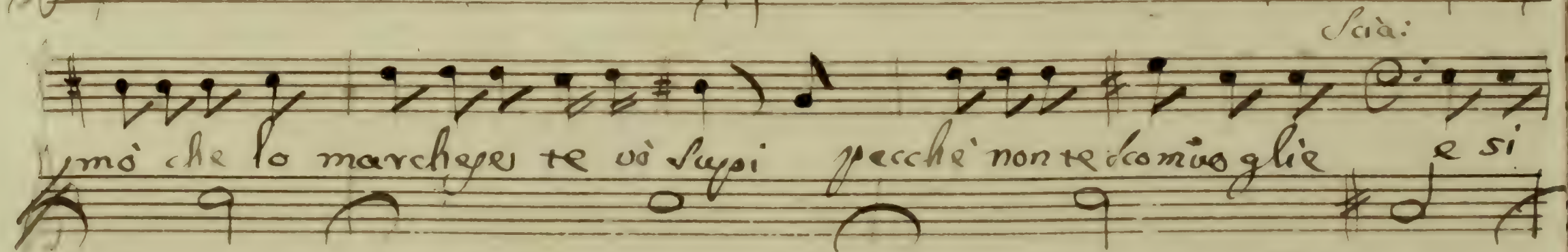
che te si puorto dinto a sti guaje pe te. pe me vo

Can:



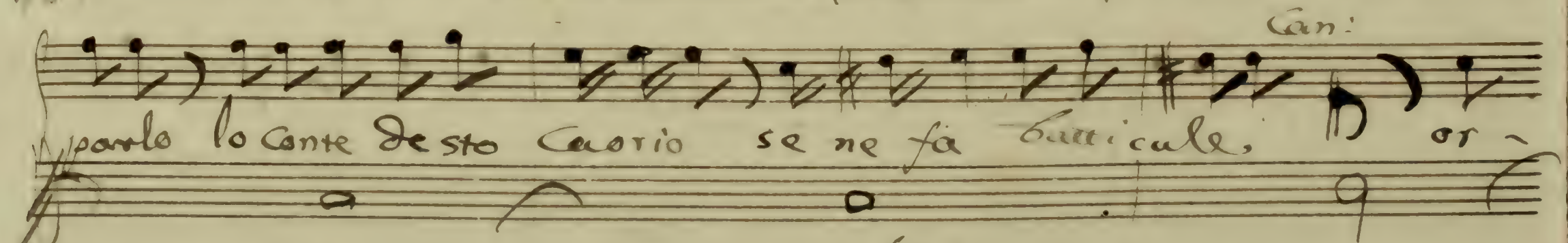
leua anetta li bauglie e po allippare nziemò Contico

Scia:



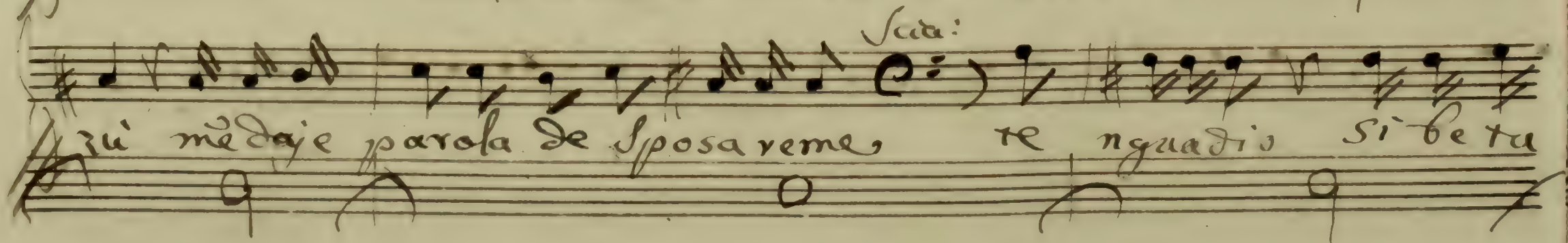
mò che lo marchese te vò supi pecche' non te domo glie e si

Can:



parlo lo conte de sto Caorio se ne fa batticale, or

Scia:



zù mēdaje parola de sposare me, te nguadio si beta

Can: *Scia:* *Can:*

haje na postema freddu, quella ch'era e' la mano ed io te

Jaruo va saglie ncoppa e nnappe a' lo marchese, mostrate, spere,

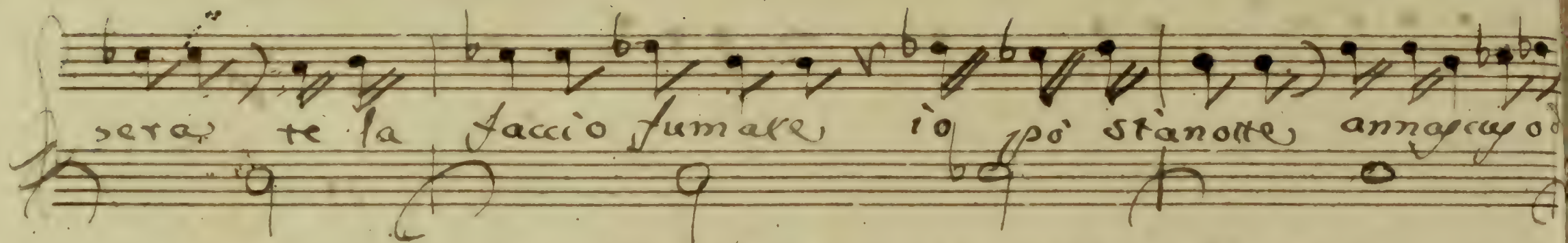
Scia:

tugo uh mmalora tu ancora haje da sposareme e già te vene,

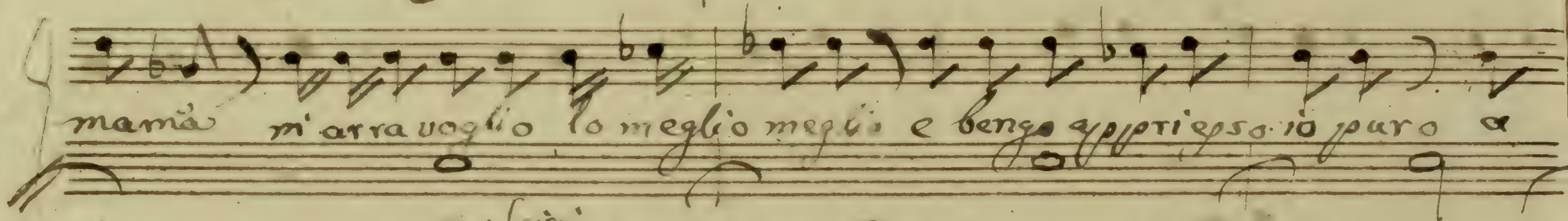
Can:

ncapo d'atterrareme fa dello che dico io piglia co e histo

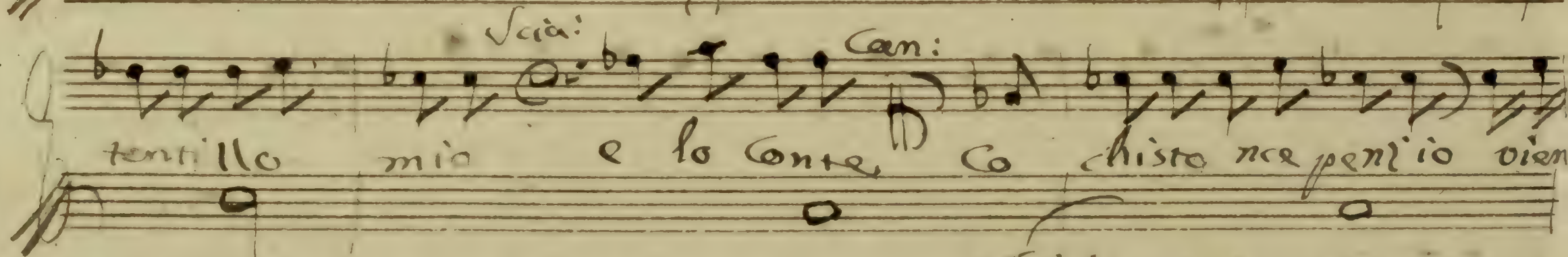
tiempo nfi a' craje, pe fare lo dovello ca pe tutta sta-



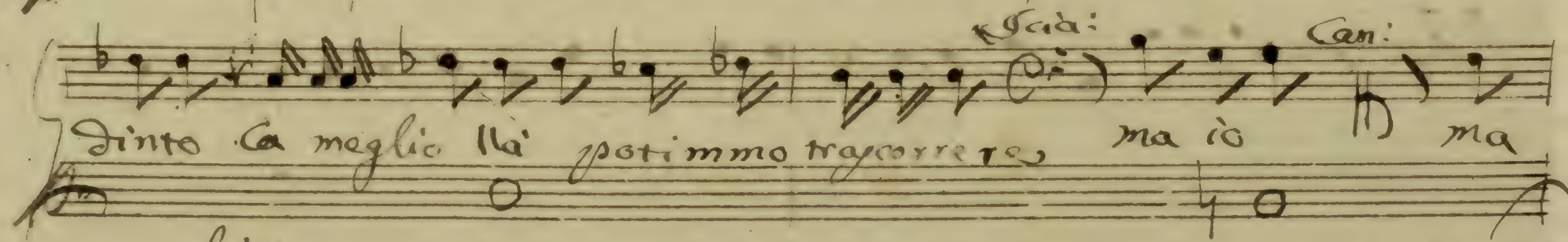
sera te la faccio fumare io po' stanotte annascio



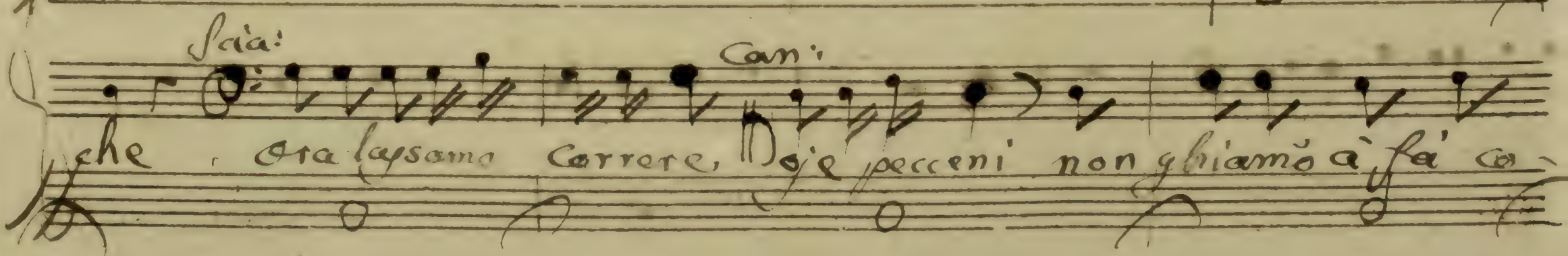
mama' mi arravoglio lo meglio meglio e benzo appriesso io puro a



tentillo mio e lo conte Co chisto ne peni io vien



dinto la meglio la' potimmo traxcorrete ma io ma



che ora lassamo correre, De pecceni non ghiamo a fa' co

Alia:

feschie tiene pede a lo signo ho cappita naje daie npieme po

timò fa' na vera chioppa de canè lapparine a tutta caccia e te voglio man-

Am:

care Ah marranchino abbastaje ca songo tenè nella de

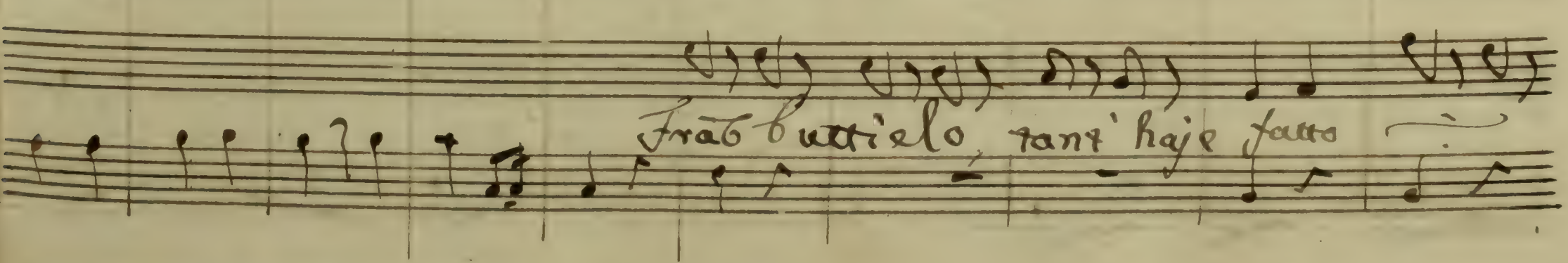
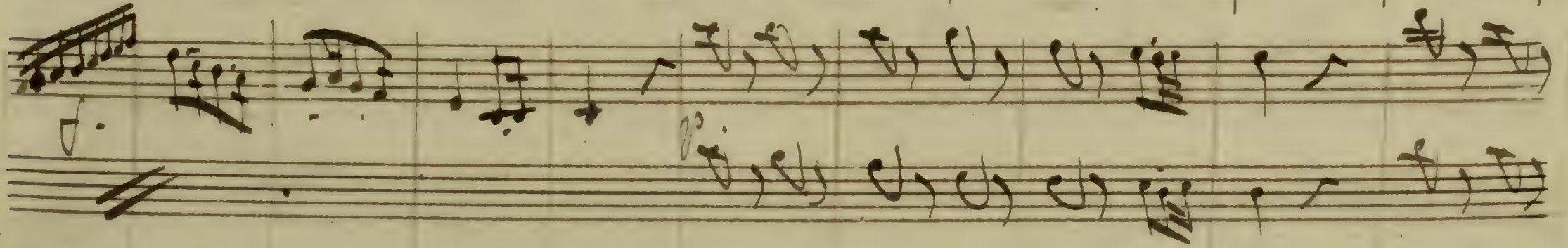
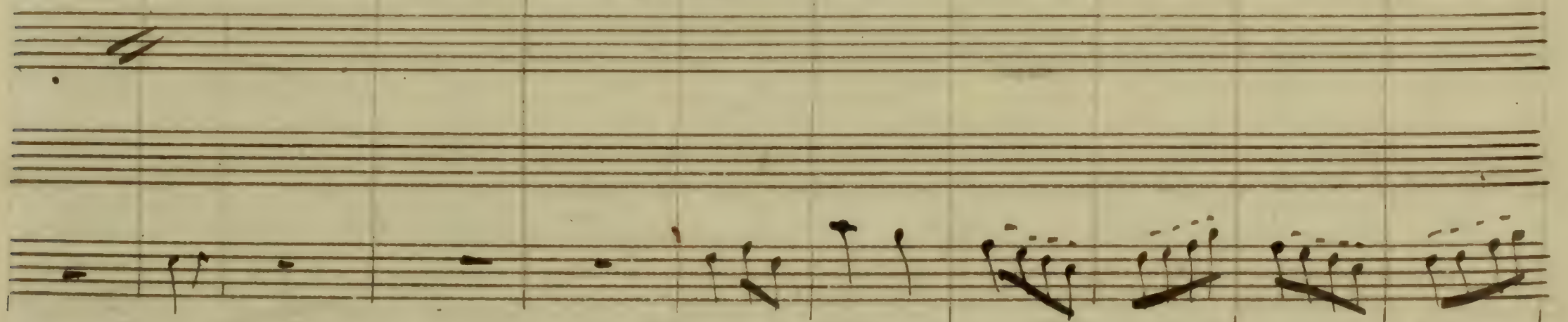
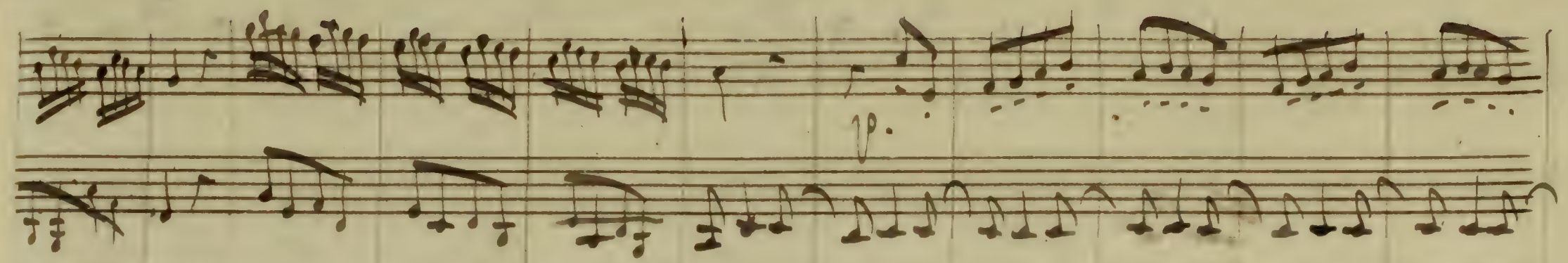
Core, e comm'auciello mē n'aje fatto cadere a lo ciara-

miello

violini

viola

Canterella

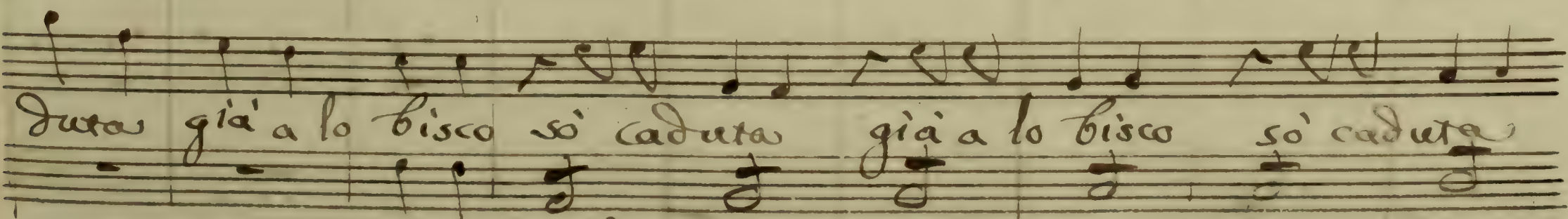
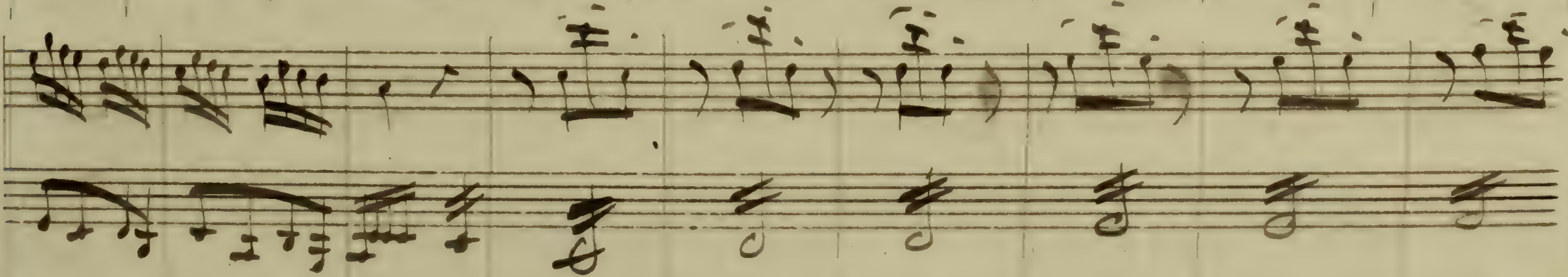
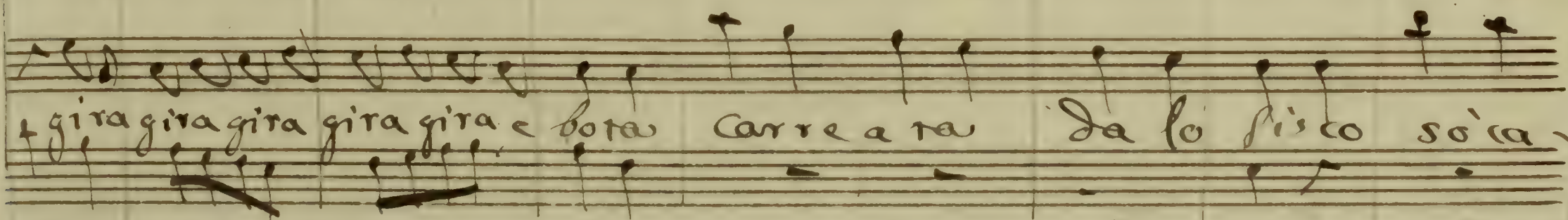
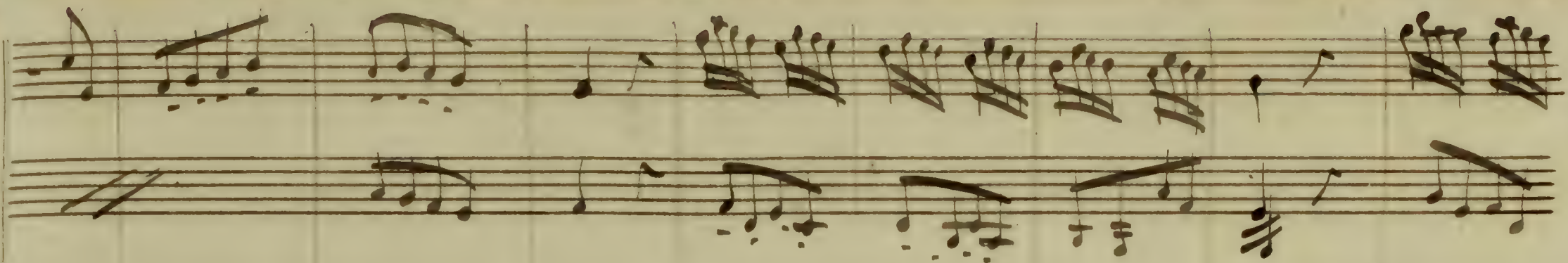


Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves of music. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and accidentals. The lyrics are written below the staves.

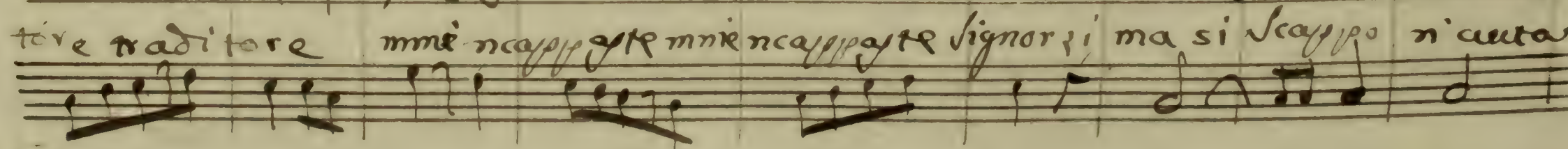
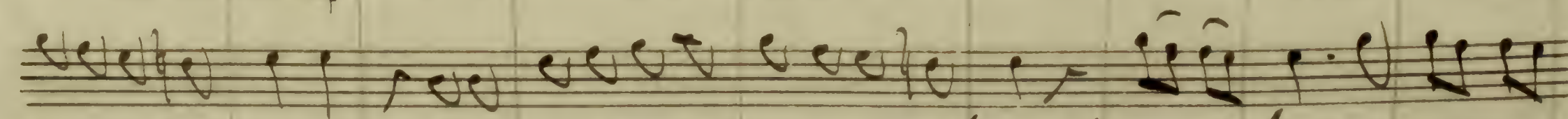
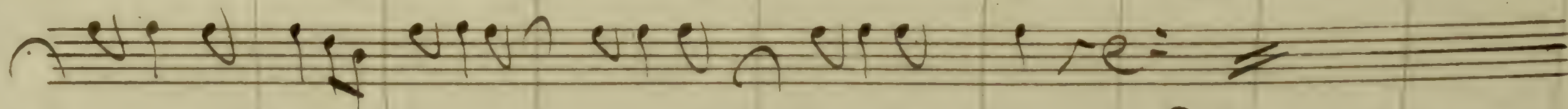
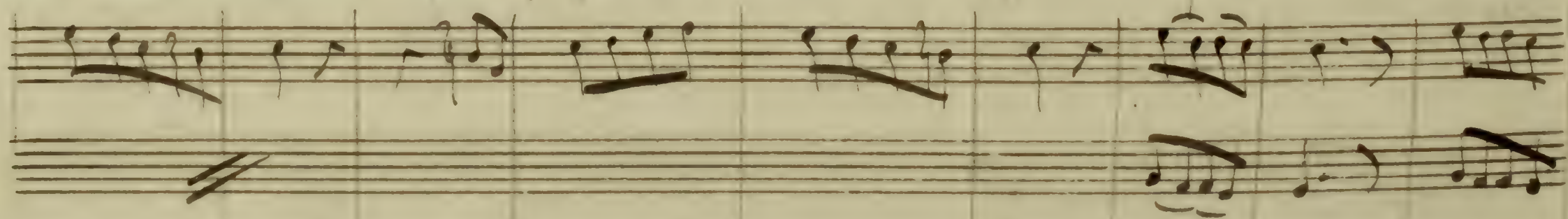
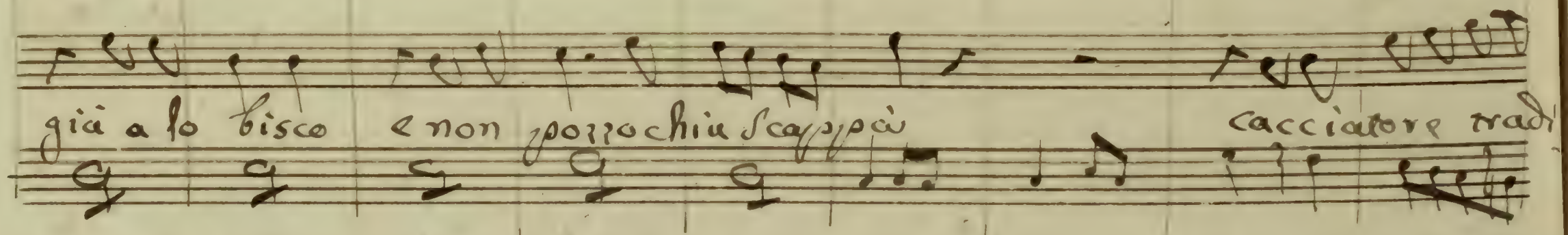
The lyrics are:

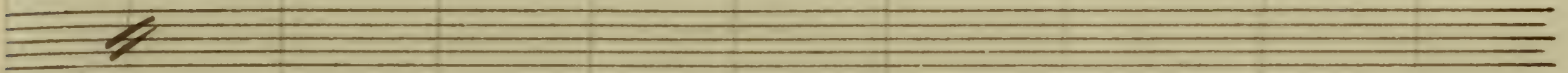
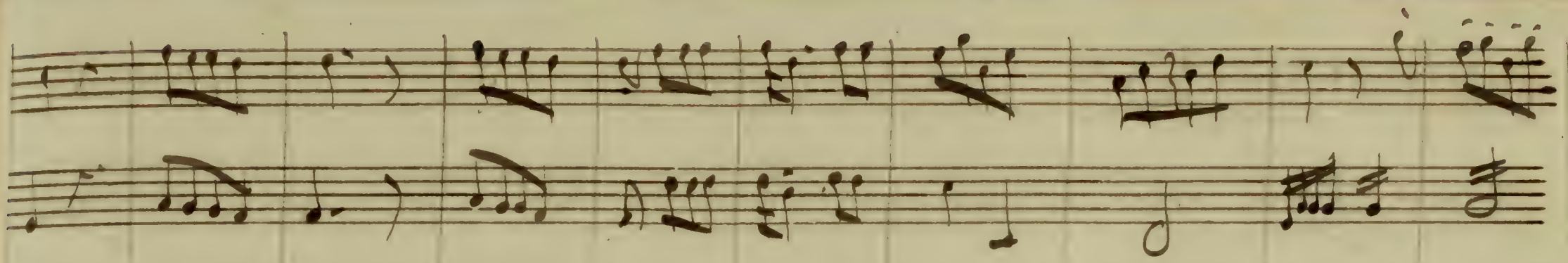
co lo ciufolo ri ri ri

ri, ri, ri, ri, ri, ri ri ri ri ri a la fine gira gira, e bota

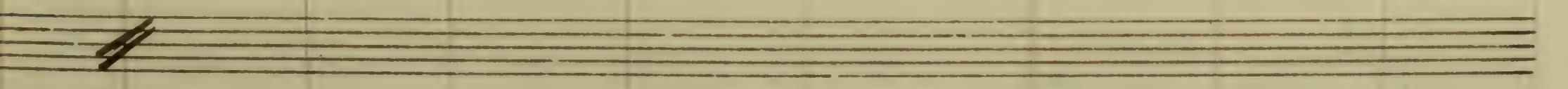
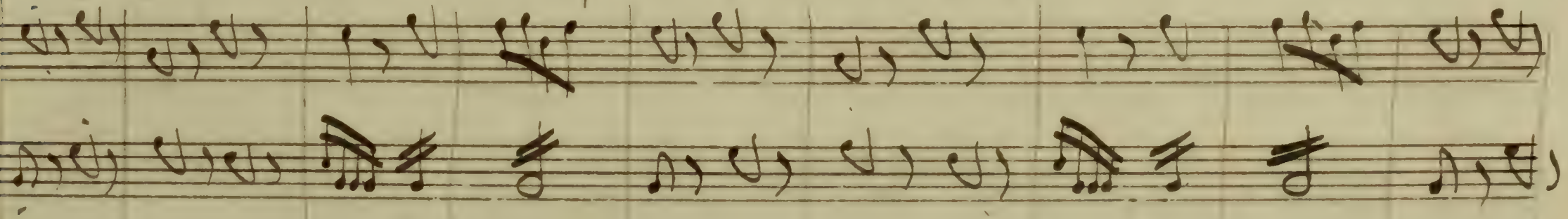


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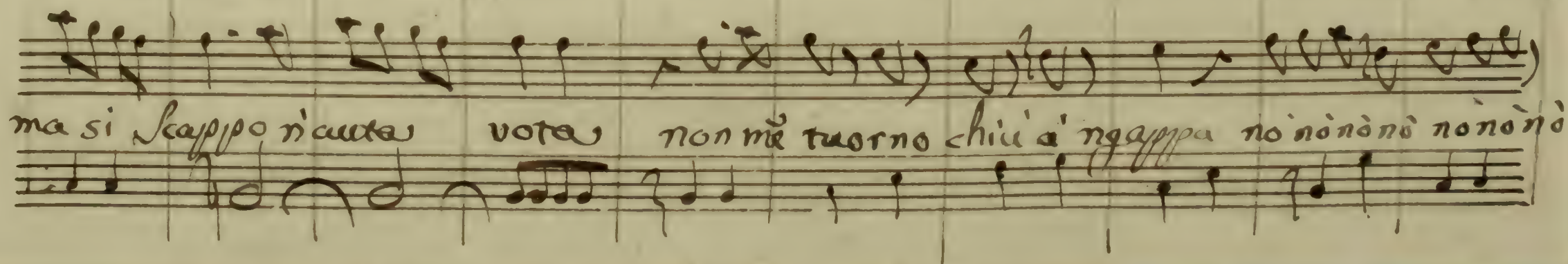
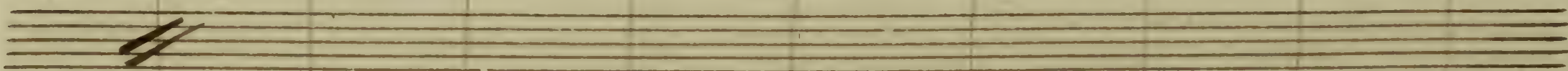
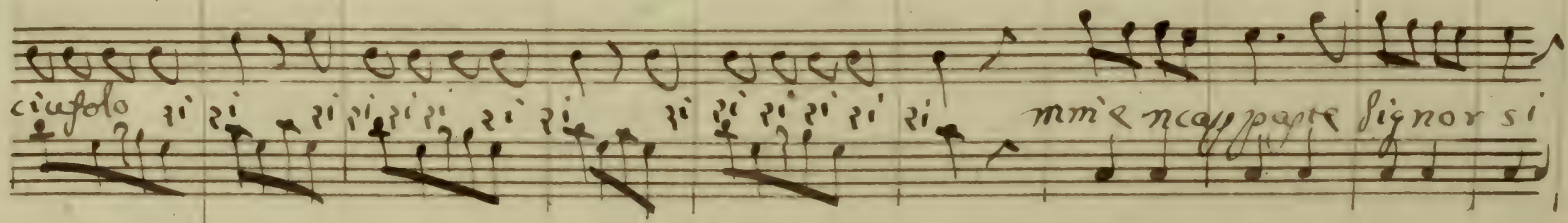
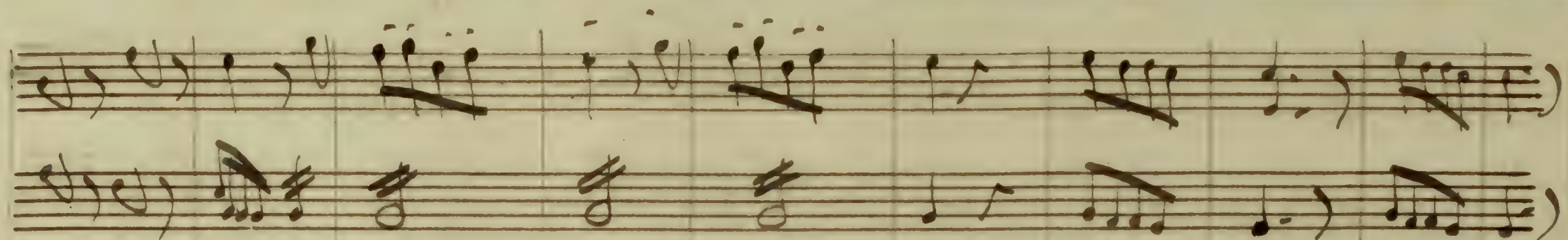


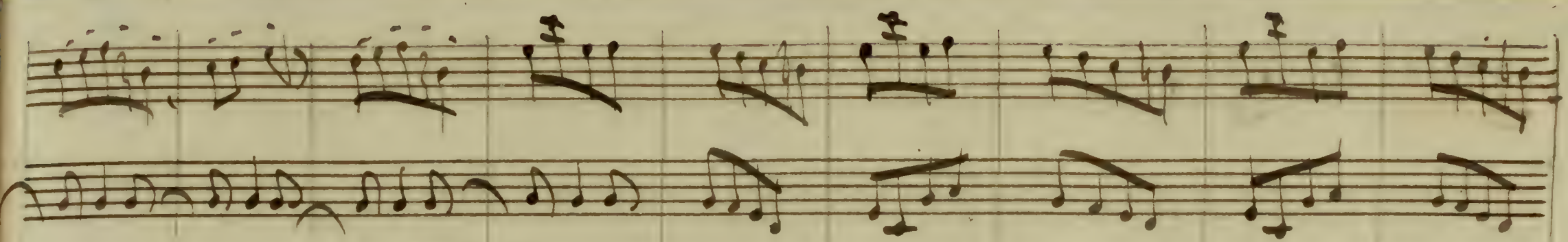
vota ma si scappo n'auto vota non mē tuorne chiu a' neappai

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff has lyrics written below it. The notation consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together.

frabbutiello Cacciatore traditore ca lo

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff has lyrics written below it. The notation consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together.





//

nò nò nò nò nò nò nò nò non mē tuorno chiù angappa non mē tuorno chiù angappa

Handwritten musical notation on four staves. The first staff contains a series of eighth notes, some beamed together. The second staff contains a series of eighth notes, some beamed together. The third staff contains a series of eighth notes, some beamed together. The fourth staff contains a series of eighth notes, some beamed together.

pa

Turbet

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff contains a series of eighth notes, some beamed together. The second staff contains a series of eighth notes, some beamed together.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and bar lines, with some notes marked with a 'u' in a circle. The paper shows signs of age and wear.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff has the lyrics "ciello tanto haie fatto" and "co lo" written below it. The notation includes various notes, rests, and bar lines.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff has the lyrics "ciufolo ri ri ri ri ri ri ri ri ri ri c'a la fine gira gira gira, e'" written below it. The notation includes various notes, rests, and bar lines.

Handwritten musical notation on three staves. The top staff contains several measures of music with dynamic markings 'p.' and 'f.'. The middle staff continues the melody. The bottom staff features a series of eighth notes, possibly representing a bass line or a specific instrument part.

bota gira — — — gira e bota Carreata da lo sisco so' ca —

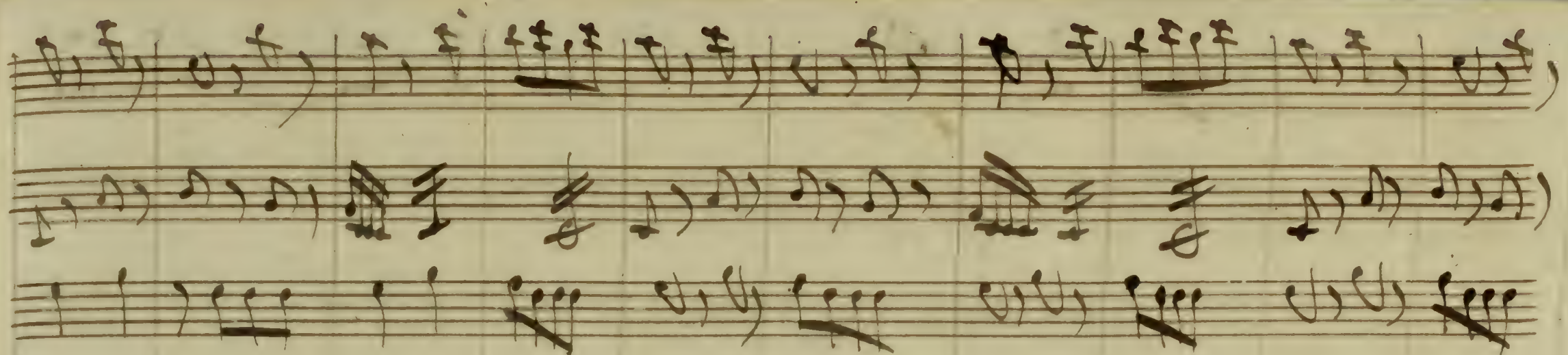
duta già lo bisco e non posso chiu' scappai e non posso chiu' scappai

p. *pp.*

Cacciatore traditore traditore mme ncappate mme ncappate signori ma si scappate

p. *f.* *p.* *f.* *p.* *f.*

n' autu vota non me tuorno ahiu' ancappati



frabbutiello cacciatore traditore col ciapolo pi

Handwritten musical notation on three staves. The first staff has lyrics written below it: "frabbutiello", "cacciatore traditore", and "col ciapolo pi". The notation includes various note values and rests. The second and third staves continue the musical composition with more notes and rests.

ri ri ri ri ri ri ri ri mmè ncappaste signor si ma si scappo

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff has lyrics written below it: "ri ri ri ri ri ri ri ri mmè ncappaste signor si ma si scappo". The notation includes various note values and rests. The second staff continues the musical composition with more notes and rests.

Tempo IV:
marchese, Ginevra
Come *And: forte* e d'essi
Mar: *Ferma* *Scia:* *Con:* *So' morto avanti*

And: forte
voi va chiamo ca sto oraculo de reje *Con:* na pellechia

Gin: *Can:* *Con:*
Cielo aiutaci tu ma chi è la cosa, eccomi in faccia all'impe

gor si sappia ora che il Conte io Sono e poi da

Mar:
forte sapro' lieto incontrar qualunque, morte, e ben chi di voi

Due mi porterà la spada del nemico io qui dirò gli è il Conte Lodovico

Scia: Can:
Cannetè ca la chiazza se va facenno cancaro mpya diaio

Scia:
stione ca si Conte e pompa nguardia e chi se reje già ncuale

Gin:
tengo le soe freue Ah Conte amato giacche il ciel così

Vuev in questo istante vi dia coraggio amor da voi si opprima l'au

And: Reg:
dacia di costui via scippa & scannalo mo proprio come un

Scia: And: Reg:
pollo fallo tu gnore zio e non bide ca tengo un braccio al

Con: Mar: Can:
collo una spada dov'è eccola Spireto ca

Scia:
stojete soccorrere non posso proprio di lassame correre

Gin: Mar:
Ah che appaliti miei mancar mi sento parte di mia den

Con: D: Jy:
detta e il tuo tormento. A noi a buje nipote

Can: D: Jy:
Nchiag da cuollo s'ha da leuare chillo l'armature, dicé

Alleg: Con: Scia:
pene e dovere eccole a noi Appè tu corre

ncuollo n'appeccarte cate passo lo fecato / uh che du

Can: Scia: Fin:
dore Di cà vus' sta solo no poco peo ma

Scia:
Conte ov'è il Coraggio mo ve dico io so' auezzo a duellar col

morto à solo à solo e quando ha gente attorno di strillare) ba-

Di: Jeg: Mar:
hi mè piglio scuorno e dillo apprimò e ben sià capto-

Can:
dita buona dona da voi fineura intanto e l'eto co lo

Gin:
Conte piglia tiempo pe nri che torno io pieto so amor

Mar: *D: Jap:*

Saluami l' Del mio ritiriamoci jamò eh lo

vico quando stienò la botte non strascina lo pede de dereto ca

Scia:

rebbe difetto tenne vaj'e o l'abbio na ureccia m'ietto

Scena ✓ *Con:*

Conte, Sciarappa,
Cinetella, *D: Jap: tone,* or che s'iam soli aurai ardir vi
e Marchese

Scia:

lano di g'porti a calpi mie' a me ne solo ne accom

gnato io sono na gallina mo nce vò: vi si ooglio / la po-

Con:

tesse mpattare e perche dunque un uile un impostore tu

Scia:

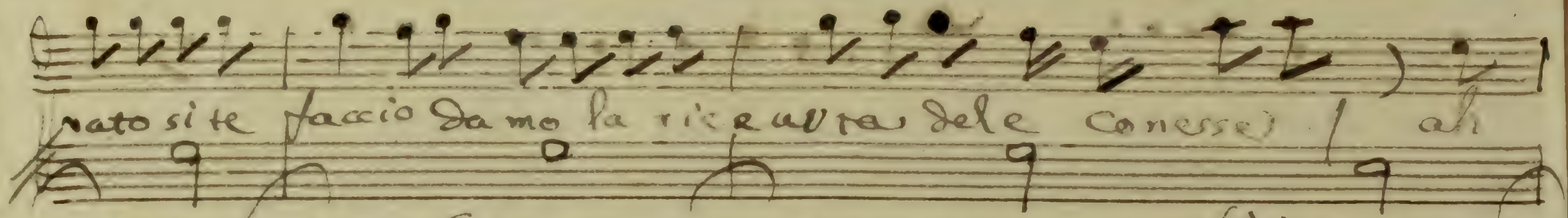
creder mi facesti a me: sostrissem me disse seco-

Con: Scia:

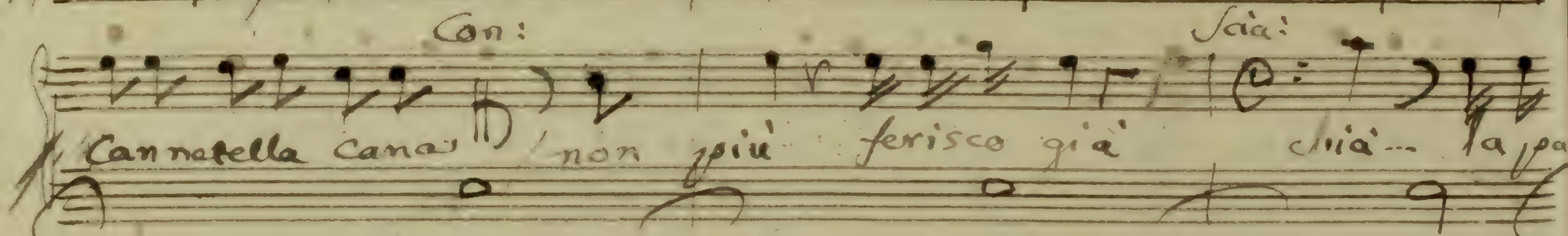
reggi a fare il conte All' birbo infame di cadice

Con: Scia:

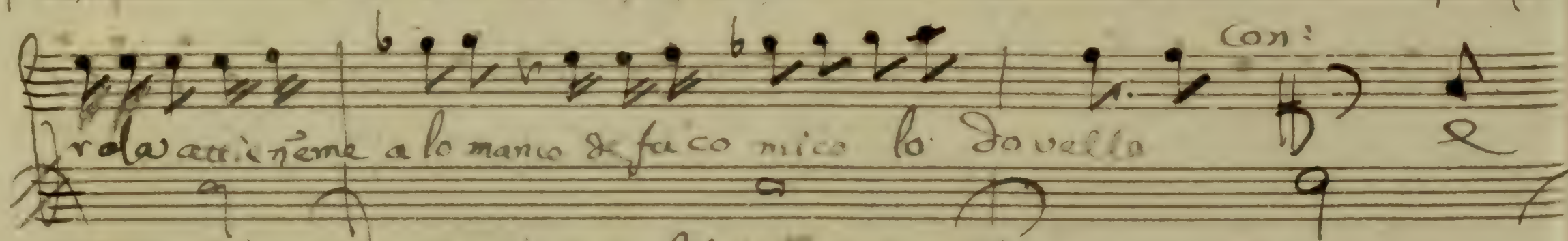
buono or per onor deggio passarti il petto e non riore ono-



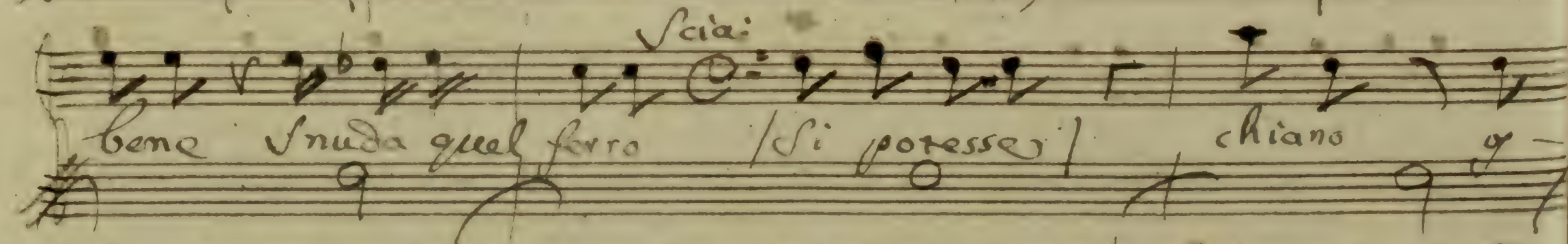
rato si te faccio da mo la ricuorta dele Conesse / ah



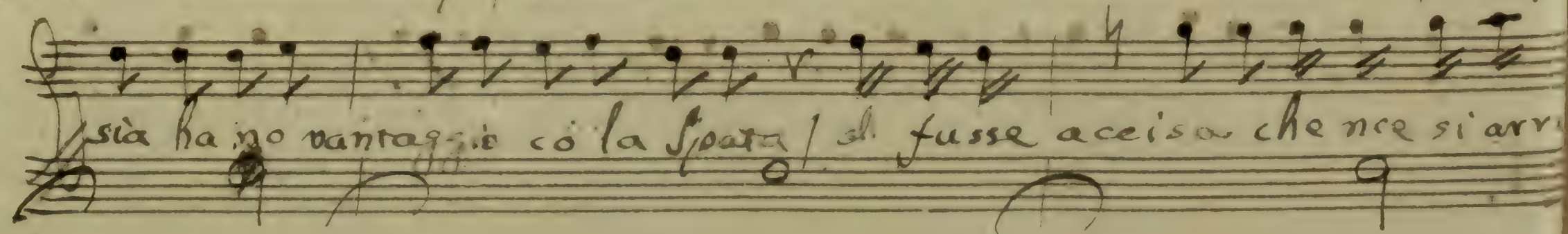
Can netella Canas / non più ferisco già chia... la pa



rola acci neme a lo mano de fuco mico lo dovella



bene Inuda quel ferro / Si potesse / chiano



sia ha no vantaggio co la spada / si fusse accisa che nce si arr

Con: Scia: Con: Scia:
vate e qual è mai che haie di no non udisti gno-

Con: Scia:
si / t'aggio peccato tu non parli a douere Ah si di-

ceua che la spada uis primmo n'odurata e quan' la cac-

Con: Scia:
io poso cacciate anche in questo ti cedo Ah cano no le

Con: Scia: Con:
da chie mai vittoria Ah perfido ti-

Scia: Can:
baldo non te muovere Como ca te manò a lo ponte Signò

Di. Sep: Max: Scia:
rite bravo e uiva il conte Porco ti do' la

vita e da me imparà che non sempre i per me la sciorte auara,

Con: Scia: Di. Sep:
Infame, o' la' ca voto la conochia g'è a.

Can:
uta la vitape llemò sena e manco la fenisce, mo si

Con: *Mar:*
troppo che rabbia e via: non più si uide appieno la tua uil-

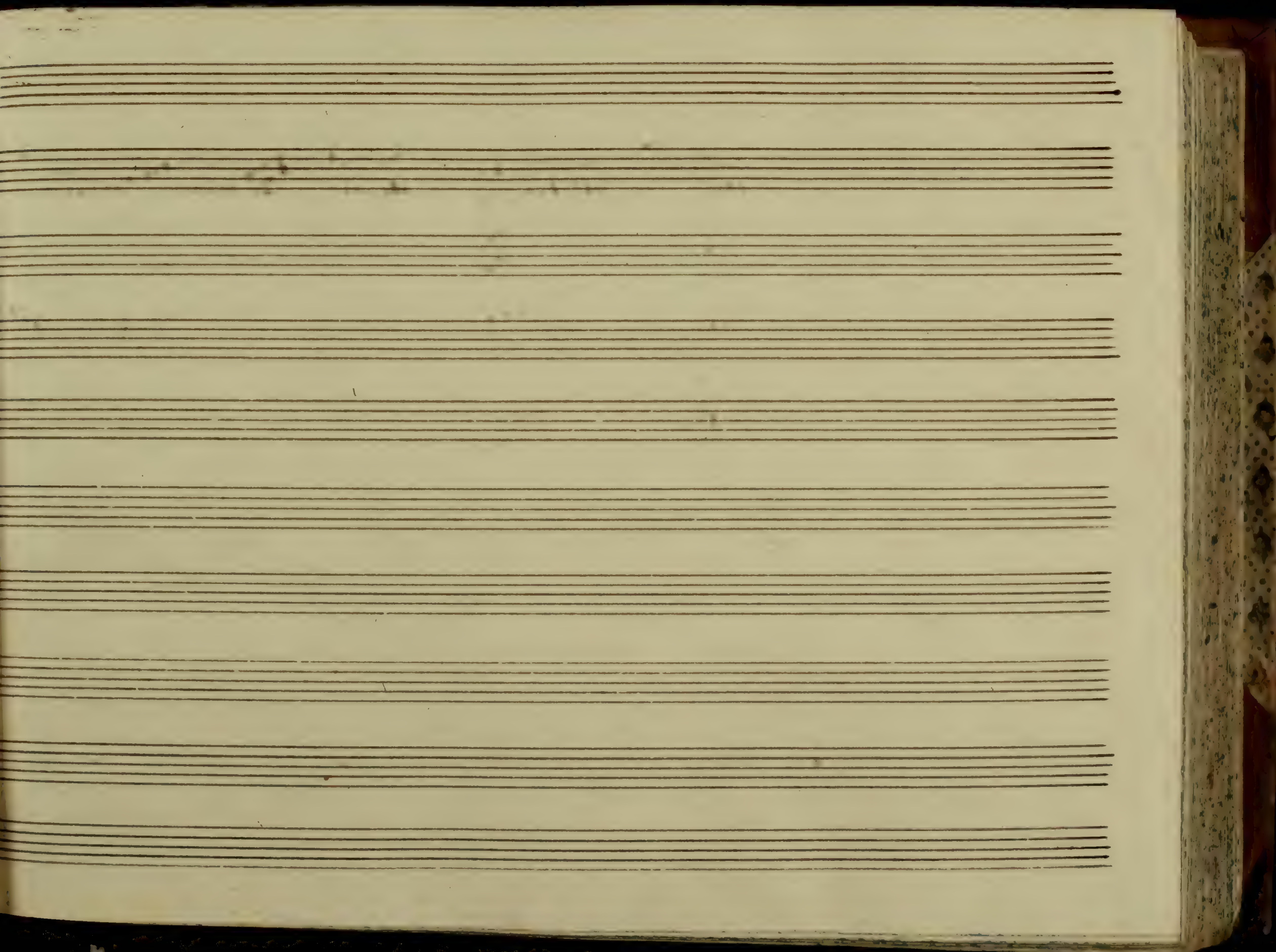
Con: *Di: f: f:*
rà parti non più udite Tu proprio uaje pre -

Con: *Can:*
ganno chi t' accide Io son vostro nipote e manco am

Mar: *Scia:*
marcia ne parti ancor va a ti ho fatto parcer

Can:
funque di tutti son ludibrio e scherno che racchiudo in sen tutto l'an-

forno *Sigue*



Sotto voce

Violini

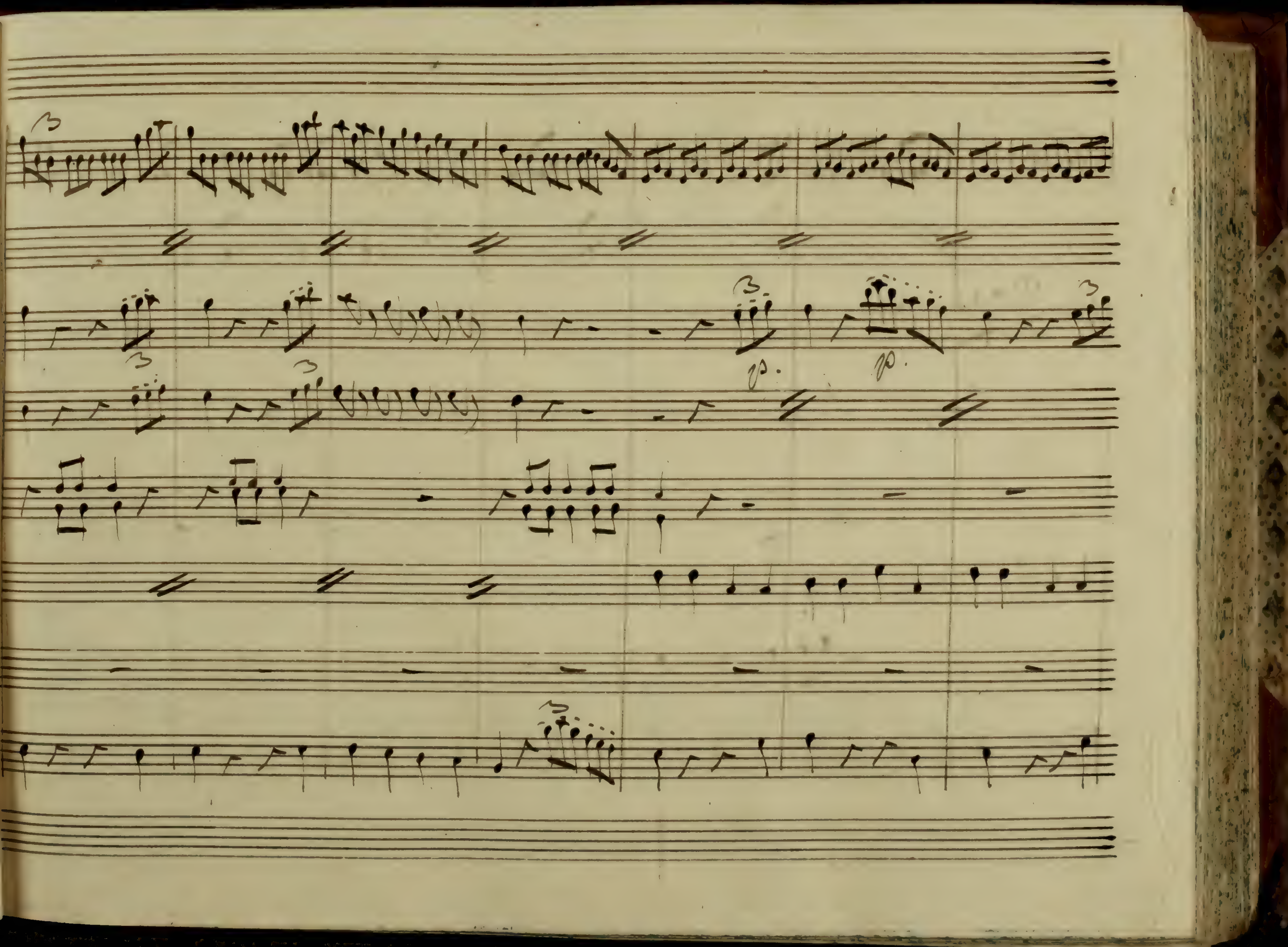
Oboi

Corni in
Fasce

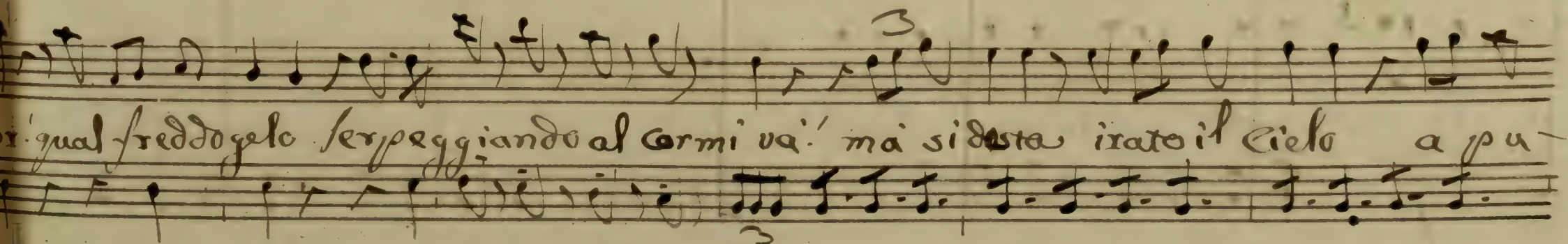
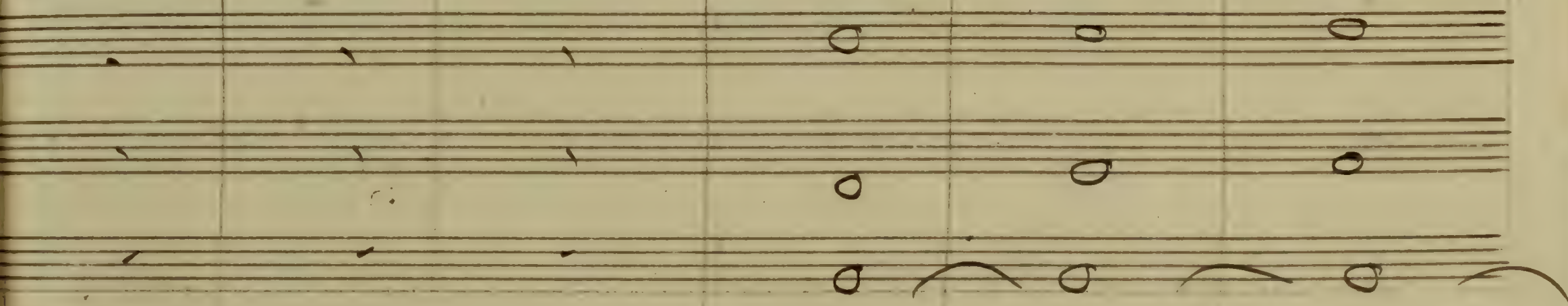
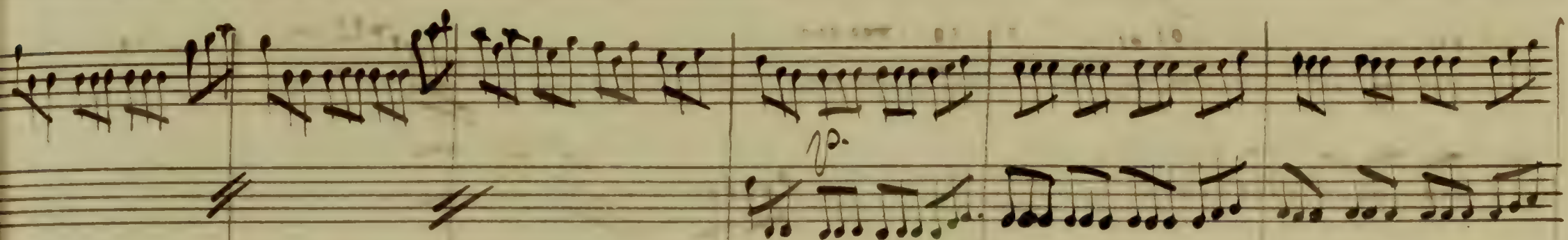
Viola

Contr.

And: con moto



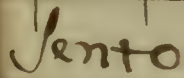
Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and triplets. The lyrics "Qual rossor qual freddo gelo serpeggiando al cor mista! qual ros" are written across the lower staves.



qual freddo gelo serpeggiando al cor mi va: ma si desta irato il cielo a pu-

nixe il tradimento a panire il tradimento le saette intorno io

3 *f.* *p.* *f.* *p.*



Handwritten musical score on ten staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings such as "p." and "p.". The manuscript is written in brown ink on aged, slightly stained paper. The first staff contains a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The music is organized into measures by vertical bar lines. The bottom two staves contain a vocal line with lyrics written below the notes.

ma che parlo ohime deliro

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *p.* and *sf.*. The score is written in a historical style, with some staves containing complex rhythmic patterns and others showing rests. The lyrics "O Ah che sol" and "del mio marri" are visible below the staves.

O Ah che sol

del mio marri

ro

Sen - ro oh

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring three systems of staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings (e.g., *f-p*, *f*, *p*). The lyrics are written in Italian, appearing below the third system of staves.

dio la crudelta' ma che parlo: ohime Delira sento oh dio la crudel-

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The lyrics "Ma che parlo' ohime deliro sento, oh Dio la crudeltà la crudel- tà la'" are written across the lower staves. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

Ma che parlo' ohime deliro sento, oh Dio la crudeltà la crudel- tà la'

Handwritten musical score on aged paper. The score consists of ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'p' and 'f'. The bottom two staves contain the lyrics 'crudelità la crudelità' and 'Qual ro'.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs. The bottom staff contains Italian lyrics.

sor: qual freddo gelo serpeggiando al cor mi va: qual rossor, qual freddo gelo serpeg-

This is a handwritten musical score on aged, slightly stained paper. The score is written in dark ink and consists of several staves. The top section features a complex melodic line with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, interspersed with rests. Below this, there are staves with chords and single notes, some marked with 'p' (piano) and 'f' (forte). The bottom section contains a vocal line with lyrics written in a cursive hand. The lyrics are: "giando al cor mi va. Serpeggiando al cor mi va ma si desta irato il cielo a pa-". The music is written in a style typical of 18th or 19th-century manuscript notation. There are some double bar lines and repeat signs throughout the score.

giando al cor mi va. Serpeggiando al cor mi va ma si desta irato il cielo a pa-

nire il tradimento

le vacche intorno io sento

f. g.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper. The score consists of several staves. The first two staves contain a complex melodic line with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The third and fourth staves contain a simpler melodic line with eighth notes. The fifth staff contains a series of half notes with long horizontal lines above them. The sixth staff contains a series of eighth notes with long horizontal lines above them. The seventh staff contains a series of eighth notes with long horizontal lines above them. The eighth staff contains a series of eighth notes with long horizontal lines above them. The ninth staff contains a series of eighth notes with long horizontal lines above them. The tenth staff contains a series of eighth notes with long horizontal lines above them. The eleventh staff contains a series of eighth notes with long horizontal lines above them. The twelfth staff contains a series of eighth notes with long horizontal lines above them. The thirteenth staff contains a series of eighth notes with long horizontal lines above them. The lyrics are written below the staves: "La tempesta freme già ma che parlo; ohime deliro ma che parlo! ohime delira". The score ends with the word "cres." and a dynamic marking "f.".

La tempesta freme già ma che parlo; ohime deliro ma che parlo! ohime delira

cres. f.

This is a handwritten musical score on aged, yellowed paper. The score is written in dark ink and consists of several staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first system of staves features a melody in the upper voice and a more complex, possibly figured bass or keyboard accompaniment in the lower staves. The second system shows a continuation of the melody and accompaniment, with a double bar line indicating a section break. The third system begins with a new melodic line, possibly for a different instrument or voice part, and includes the handwritten text "Ath che del" above it. The score is characterized by its fluid, handwritten style and the use of dynamic markings like *f.* (forte) and *p.* (piano).

f. *p.* *p.*

f. *piano*

f. *p.* *f.*

Ath che del

Handwritten musical score on aged paper. The score consists of ten staves. The top five staves contain instrumental notation, including a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and various rhythmic values. The bottom two staves contain vocal notation with Italian lyrics. The paper is aged and shows some staining.

Handwritten lyrics in Italian:

mio marti- ro
Sento oh Dio la crudeltà
qual rosso qual fre-

Handwritten musical score for piano, featuring multiple staves with complex notation including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, rests, and dynamic markings like "p." and "f.".

gielo ma si destarato il cielo le berte intorno io sento ma che parlo! oh!

Handwritten musical score for piano, featuring multiple staves with complex notation including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, rests, and dynamic markings like "p." and "f.".

me deliro ah che sol del mio martiro del mio martiro sento oh Dio la crudel.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff contains a melody with notes and rests, and dynamic markings 'f' and 'p' below it. The second staff contains a bass line with notes and rests.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff contains a melody with notes and rests, and dynamic markings 'f' and 'p' below it. The second staff contains a bass line with notes and rests.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff contains a melody with notes and rests, and dynamic markings 'f' and 'p' below it. The second staff contains a bass line with notes and rests.

ta' ma che parlo: ohimè deliro sento ch'io la cradelta' Ah che sol del mio mar

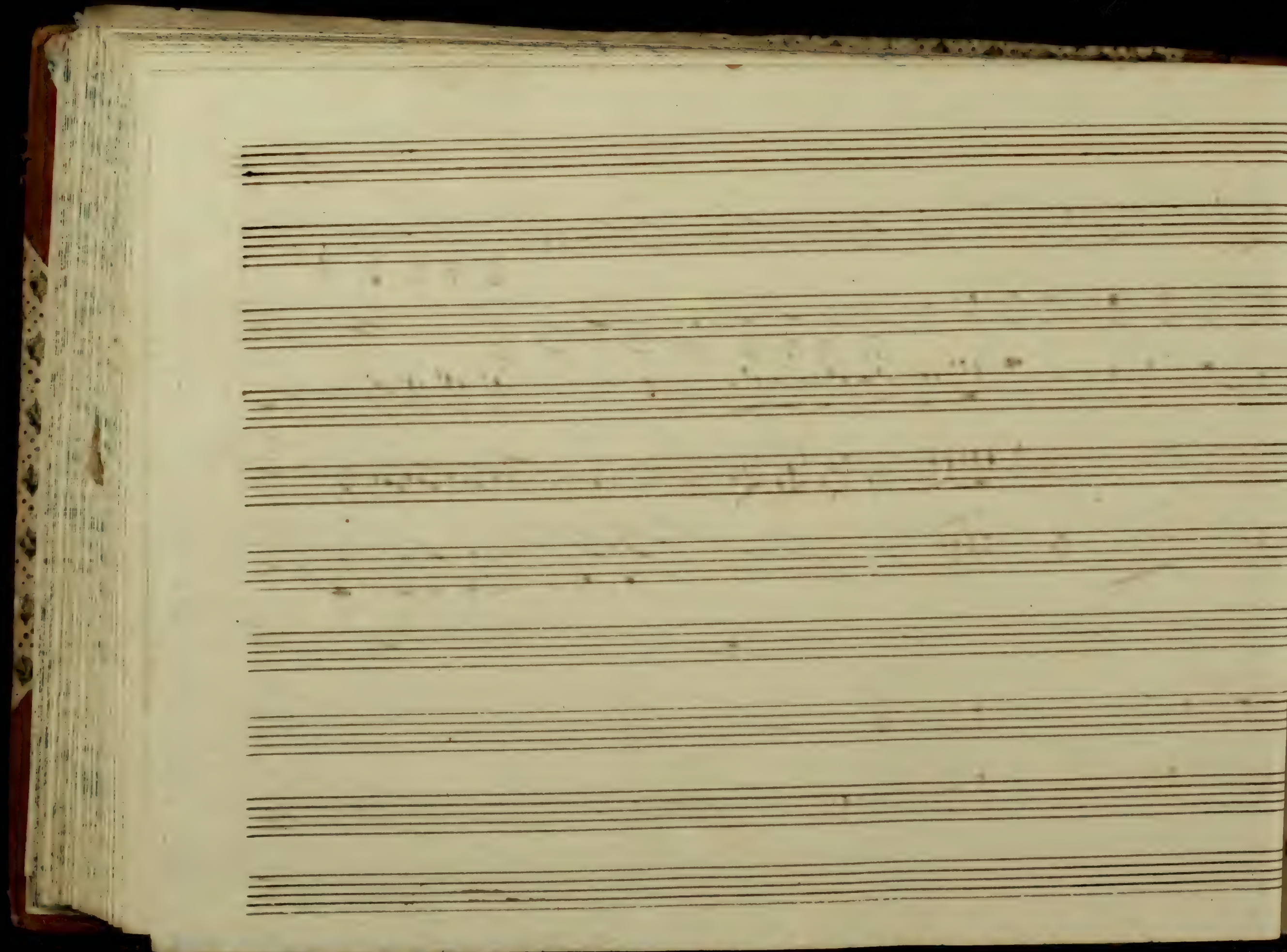
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff contains a melody with notes and rests, and dynamic markings 'f' and 'p' below it. The second staff contains a bass line with notes and rests.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like "f.".

tiro sento, oh Dio, la crudel'hai - la crudel'ha - - la crudel'hai la crudel

f.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs. The lyrics "ai la crudeltrai la crudeltrai" are written in cursive below the sixth staff.



Scena VI Scia:

Marchese *Di Teytone* Ora si è persuaso il si mar -

Canottella, e Sciarappa

Mar: cheo del mio feto re Sai e perche sono persuaso di

Scia:

lei venga ora meco a darmi conto del germano trafitto e son da

Di Tey:

Capo attacca attaca a Canicaro sto moccattaro n' auter

Mar: *Di Sep:* Scia:

vota andiamo non reppunè via nostra mosta... che buo' che

♩: 3/4
faccio zitta bona vance tu e non bide c'arraggio co sto

Scia:
vraais uh si tornato n'alta vota a' cade' *Mar:* più non si

Can: *Scia:*
tardi piglia tempo aggio ntiso il si Marchese si

crede che i duelli so' caraff d'apprinio che le ppisce io

Mar:
voglio riposar mi ma cal ferro crai a vedremo e ben mauen

Scia: presto al galli' a' nio / appettame, ca e' lyto / Mar: ch fare

D. Seg: voi che il conte attenda il conte le spate nea orpo se le

Mar: magna e poi ci sian per ubbidirla ancora noi

D. Seg: ben uenite adesso chi m'e vo' lo chirurgo col per messo

Mar: intendo intendo si mappaga al fine Sara' la mia ven-

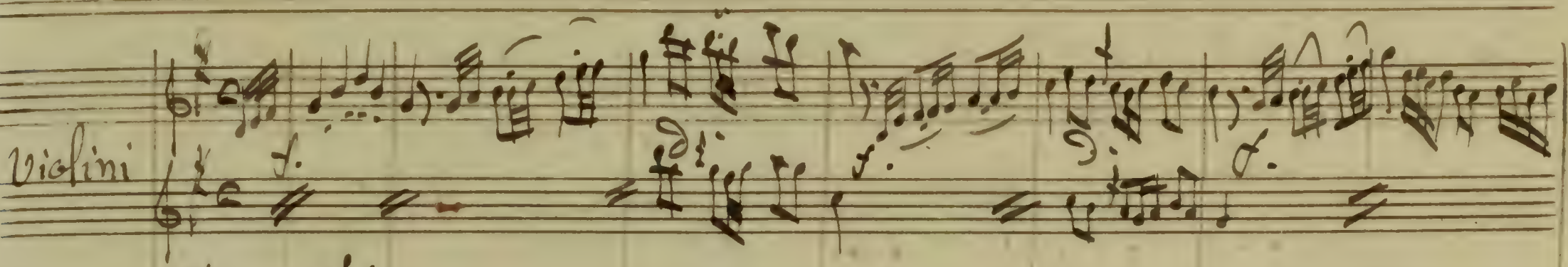
can:
Ditta e biao speramo he dormiennoce, neppa s'addo ceca st'arrag

Mar:
gimà c'auite anzi ristretto quanto è più l'odio mio

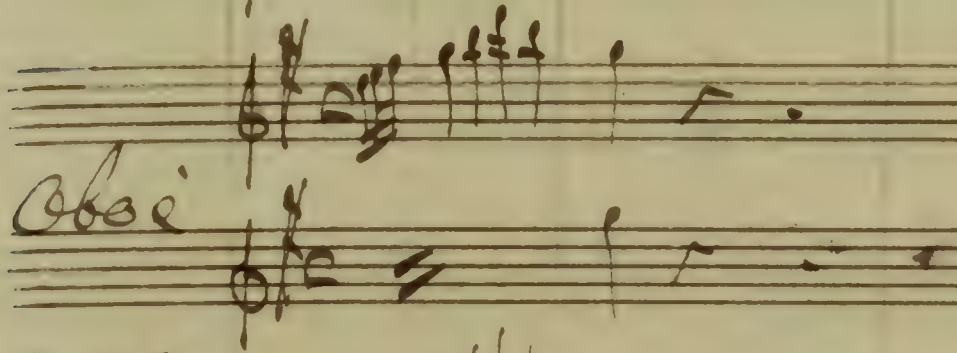
più freme in petto

Empty musical staves

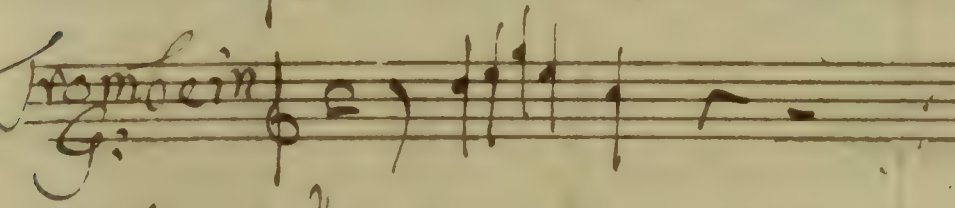
Violini



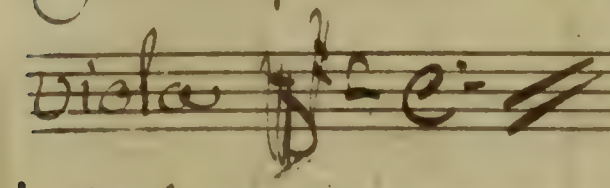
Oboe



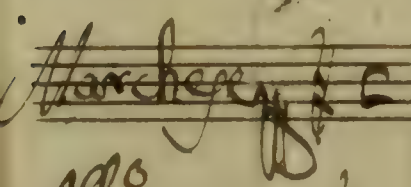
Fagotto in G



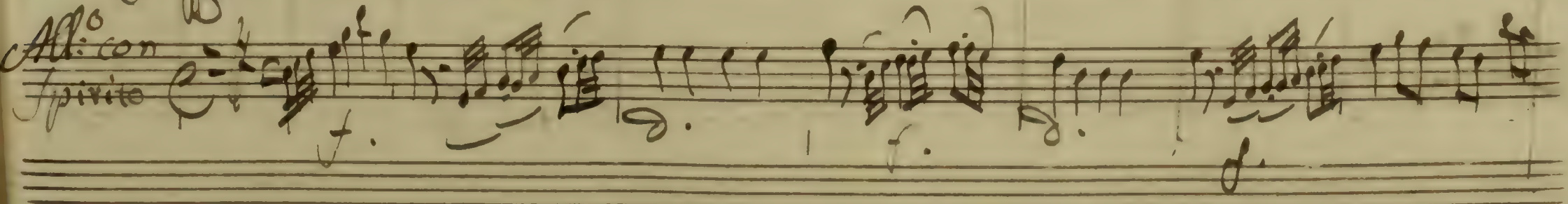
Viola

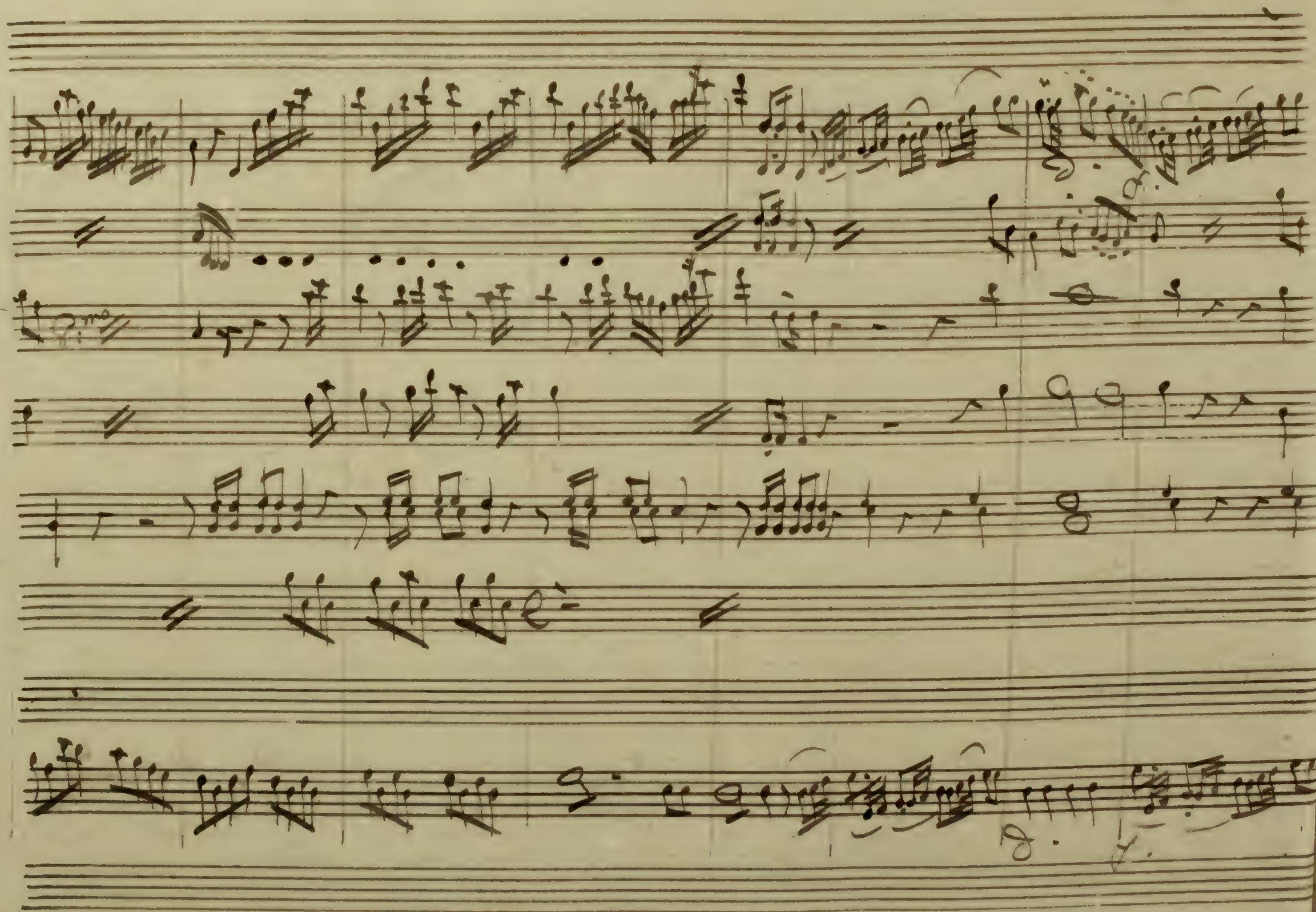


Archery



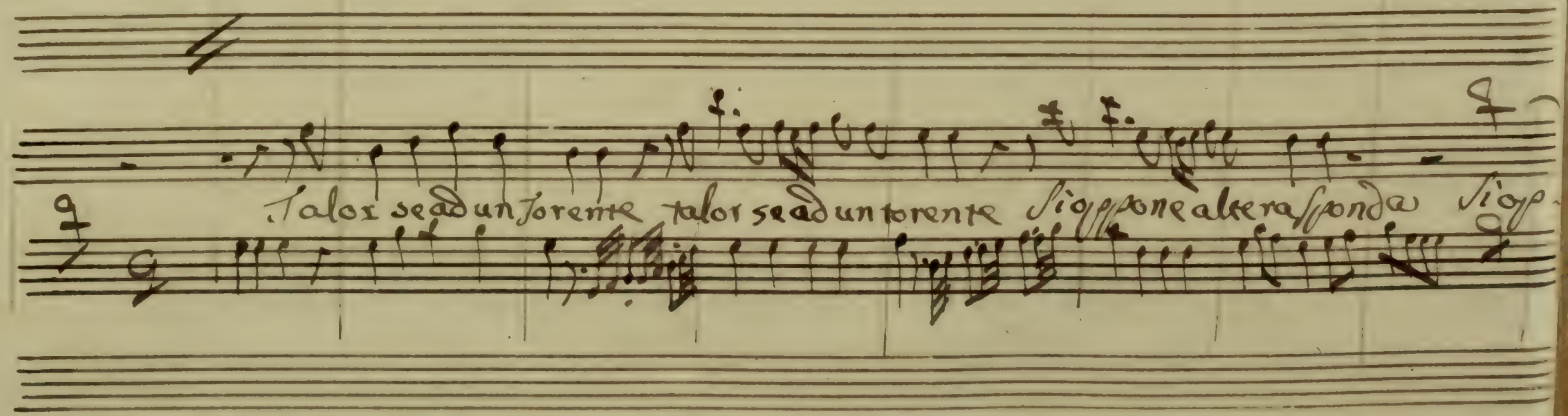
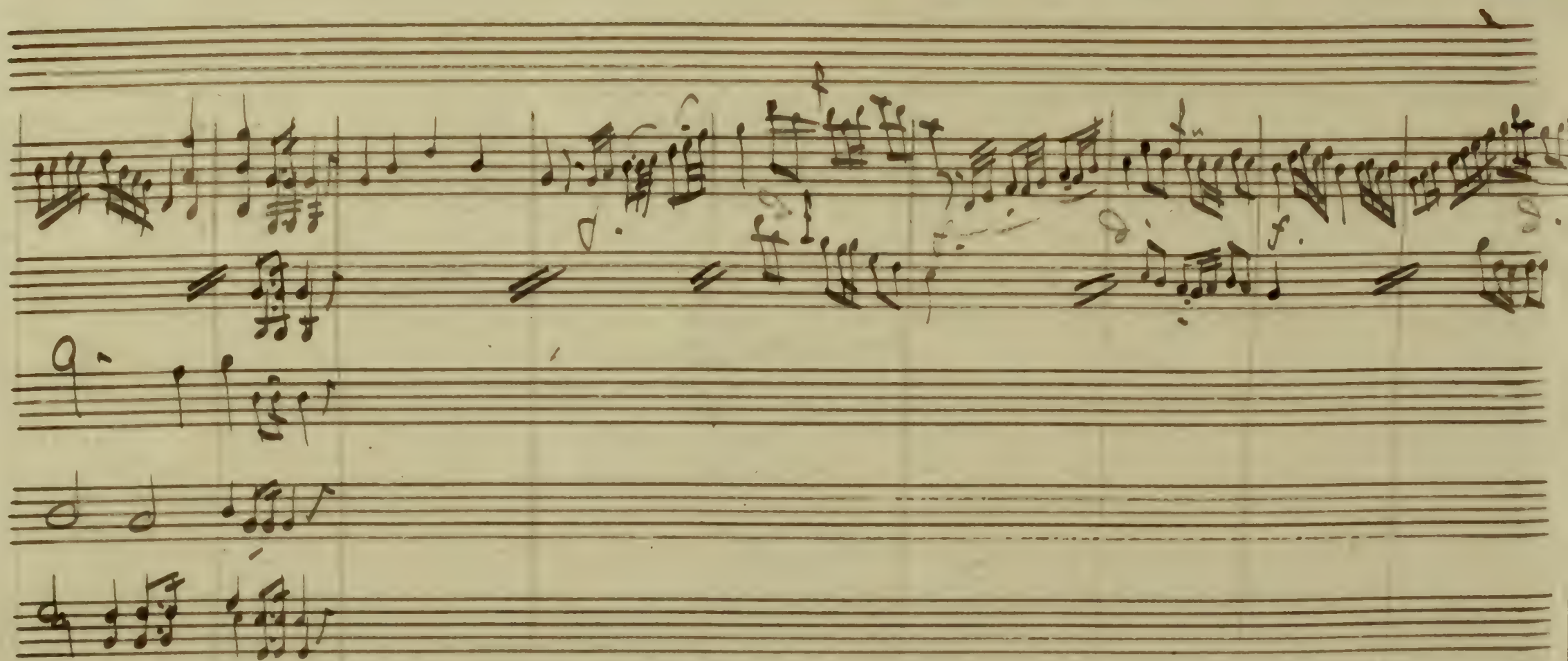
All: con Spirito

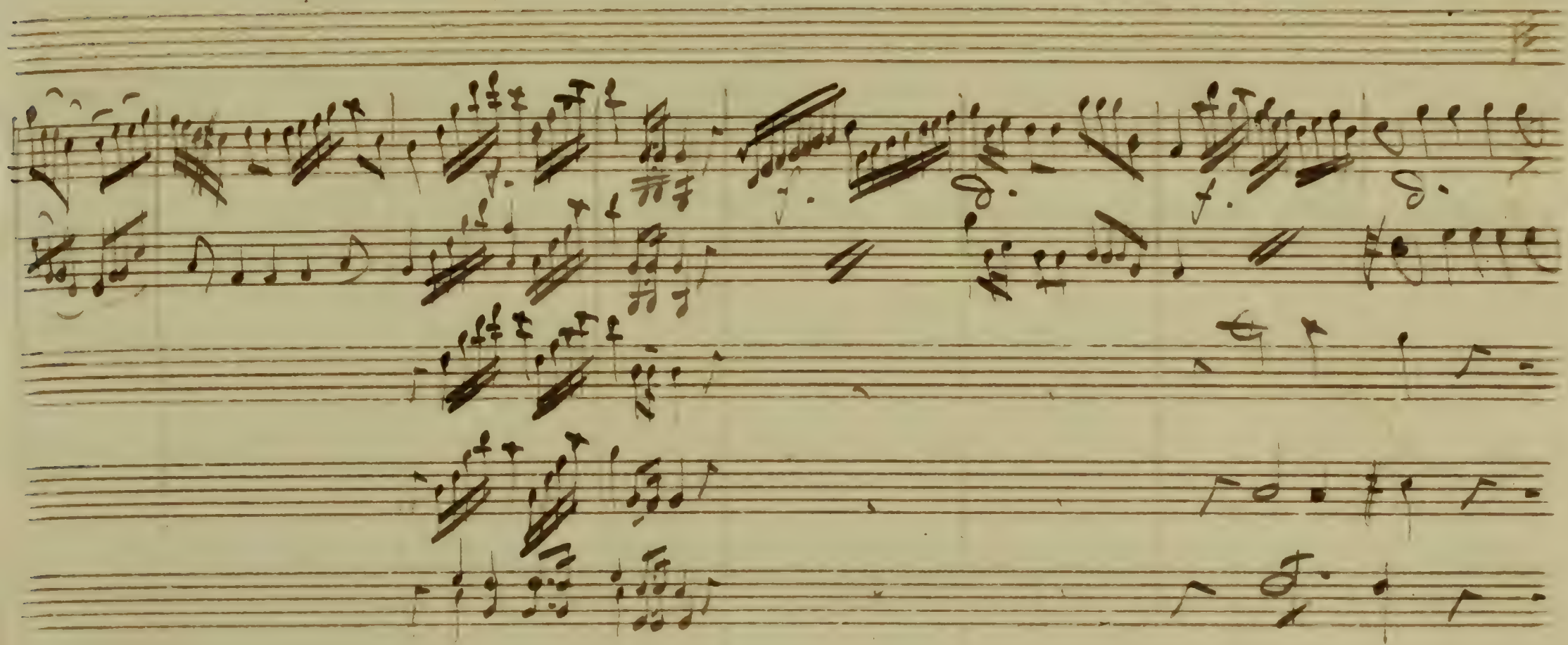




Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and bar lines, with some staves featuring dense, complex passages. The paper is aged and slightly discolored.

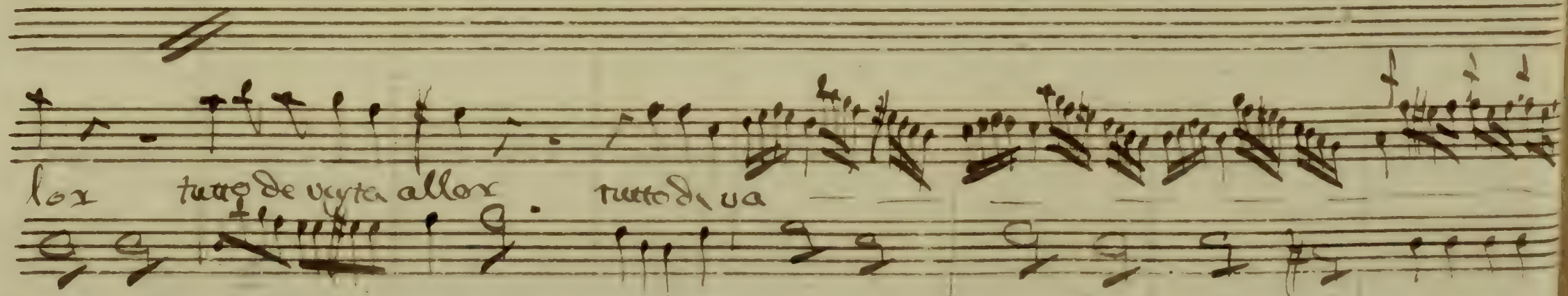
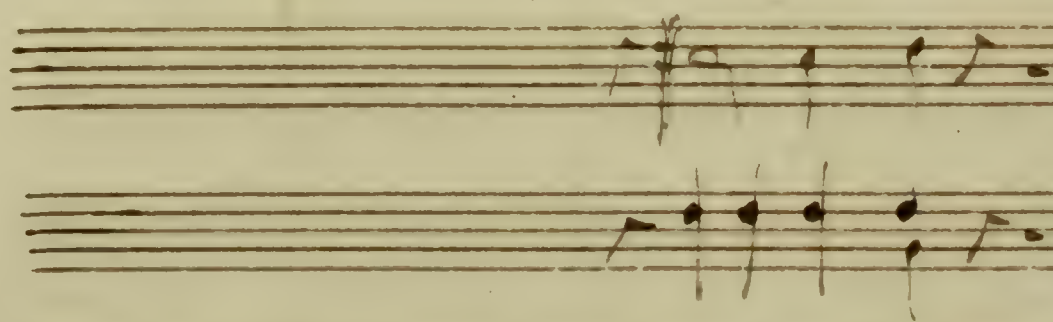
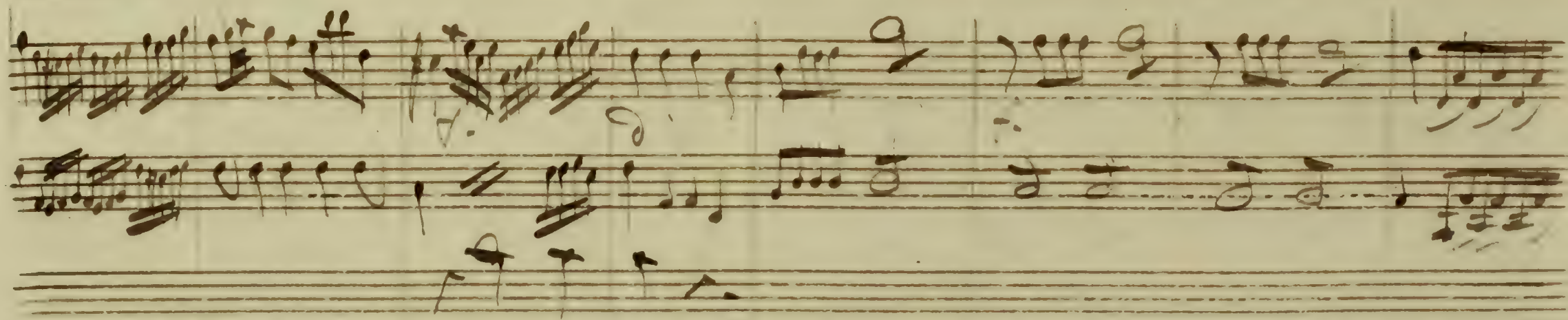
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The notation includes various notes, rests, and bar lines, with some staves featuring dense, complex passages. The paper is aged and slightly discolored.

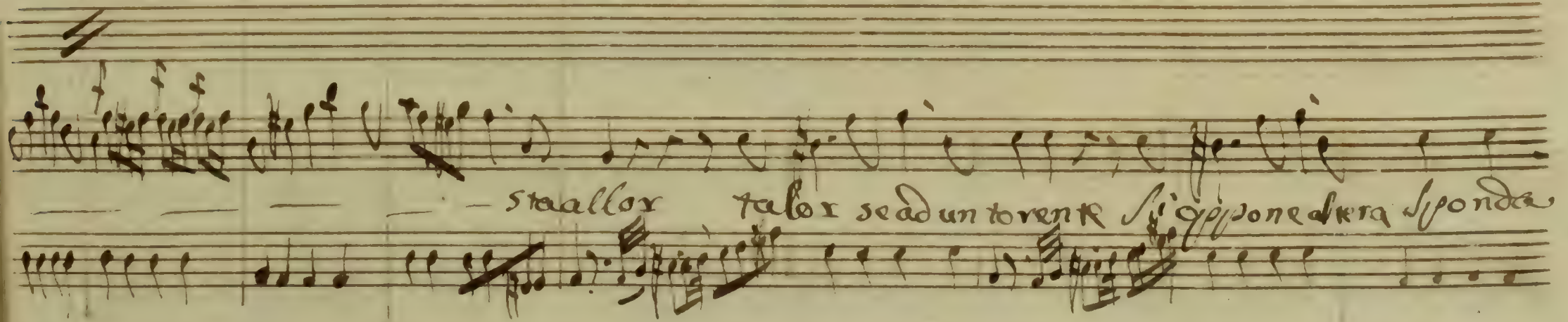
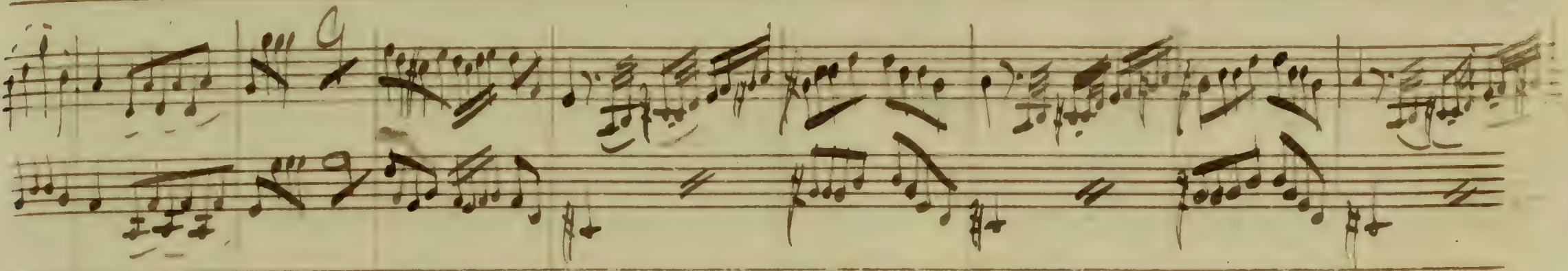


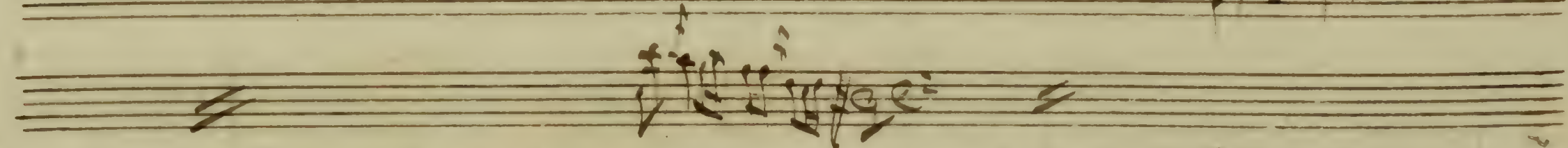
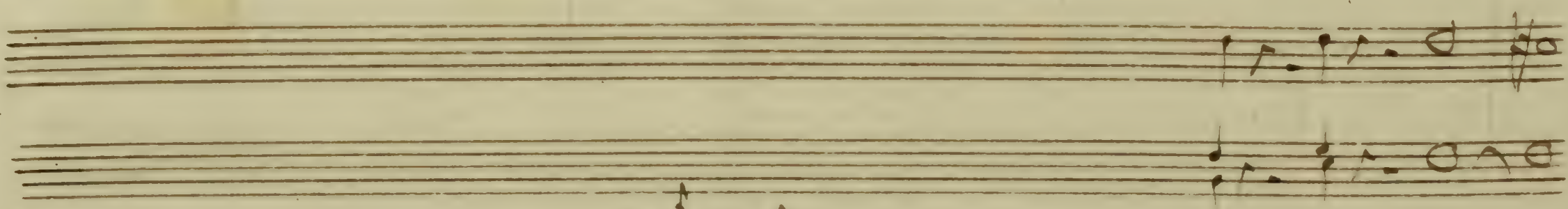
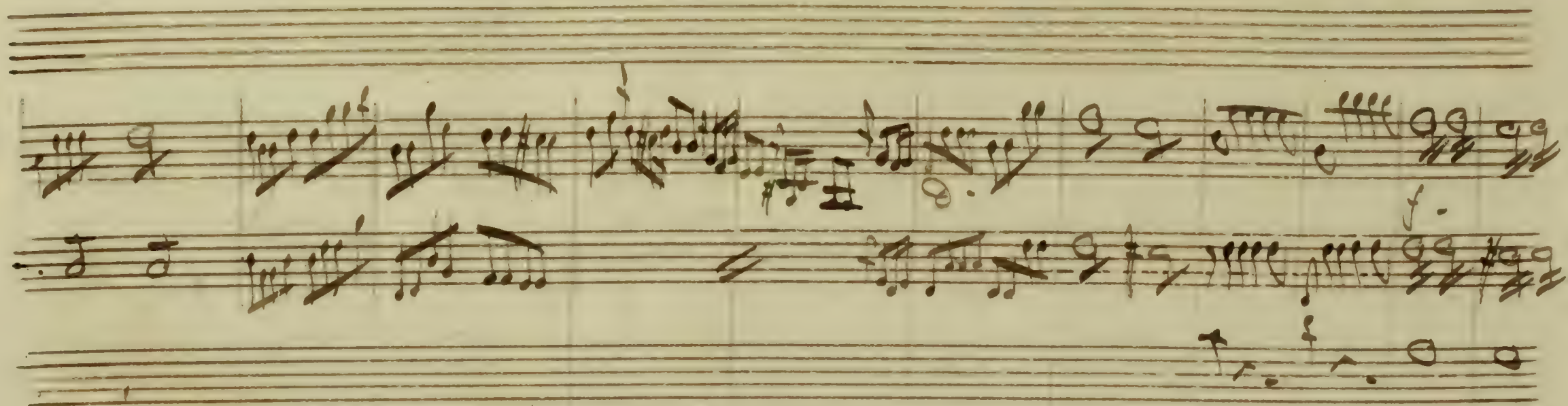


pone siopione altera sponda
rapido
rapido più coll'onda tutto deve sta al

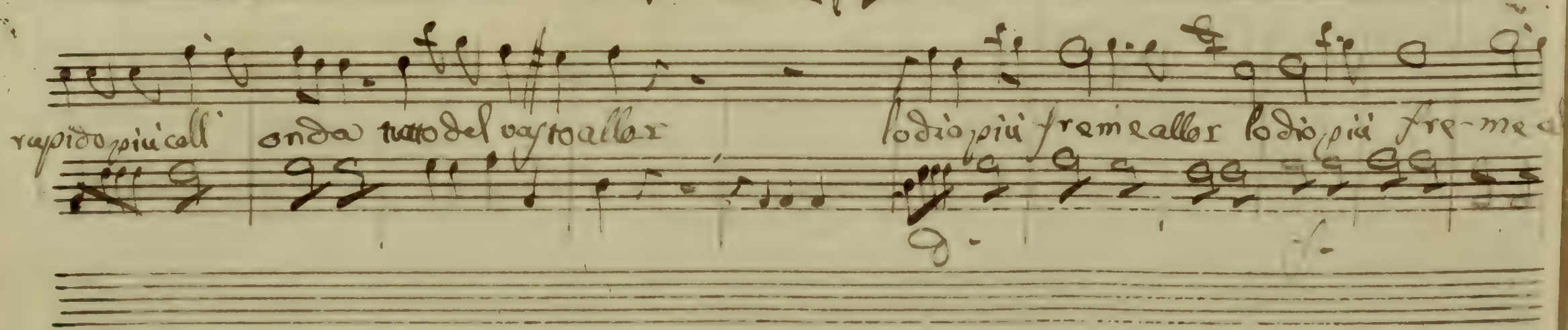
A handwritten musical score on two staves. The notation is in brown ink. The first staff has a melodic line with some slurs and accents. The second staff has a more rhythmic line with many beamed notes. The text is written below the staves, with some words in italics.

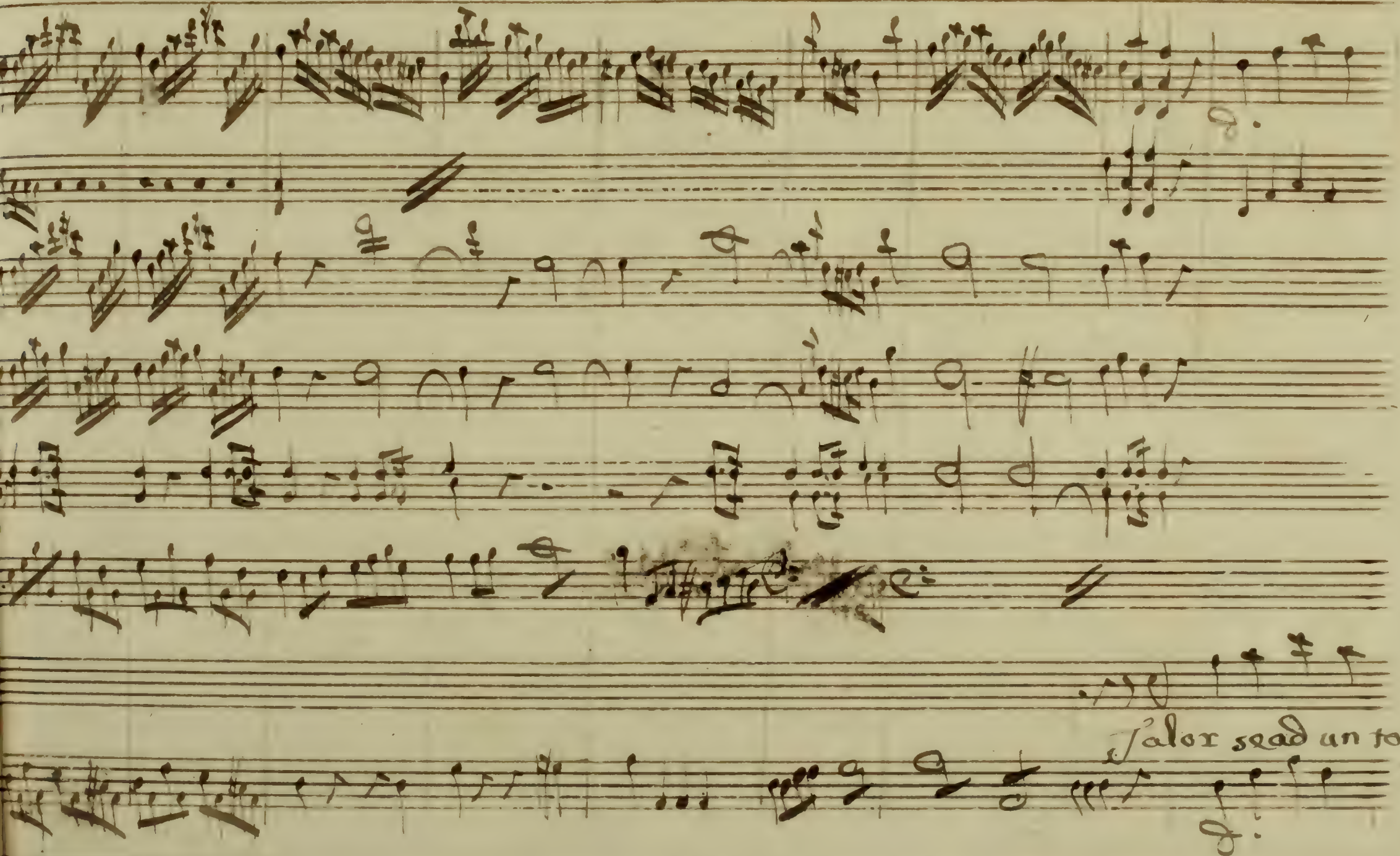






rapido più coll' onda tutto del vago aller *l'odio più frem e aller l'odio più fre-me a*





Talor sead un tor

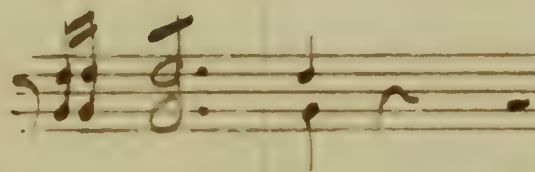
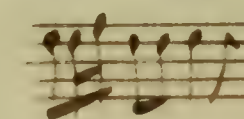
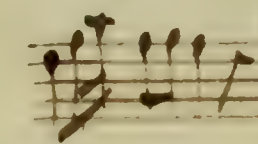
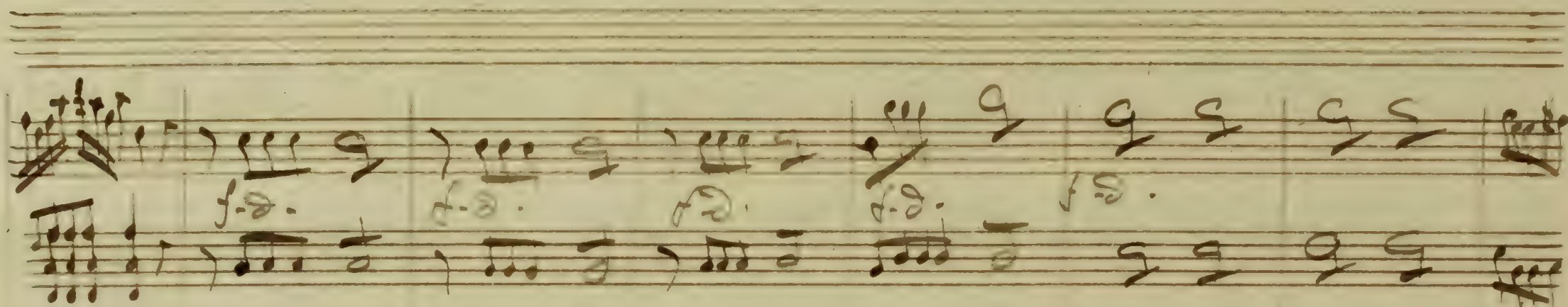
Handwritten musical score on ten staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings such as *f-v.* and *f-v.*. The manuscript shows signs of age, including staining and wear along the left edge.

Handwritten musical score on four staves. The notation includes various note values and rests. The word *rente* is written on the left, and *Sioppon altera fonda* is written across the middle. The word *rapide* is written on the right. Dynamic markings *f-v.* and *f-v.* are present below the staves.

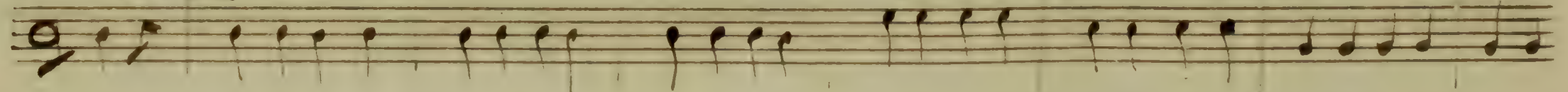
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The notation is dense and includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The ink is dark and the paper shows signs of age.

Handwritten musical notation on two staves, featuring lyrics in Italian. The notation includes notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The lyrics are written in a cursive hand.

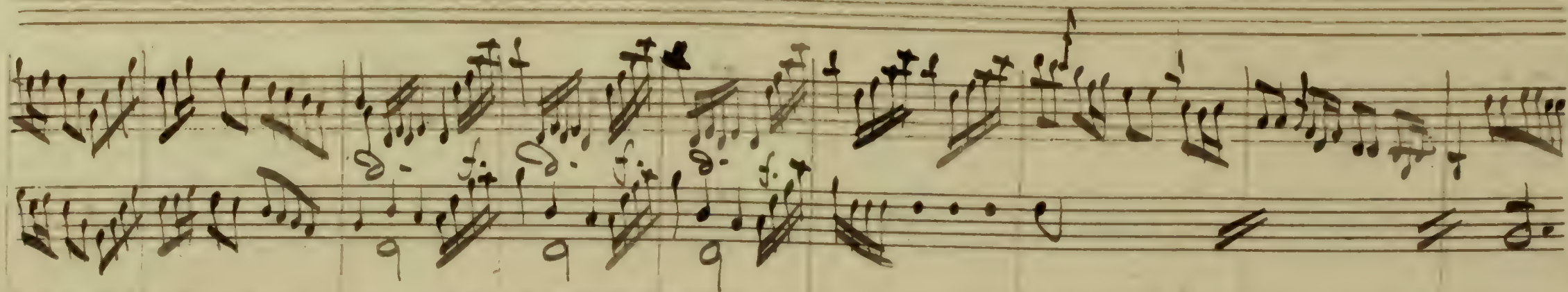
rapido più coll'onda tutto de vaira allor *rapido rapido* più coll'onda tutto de ugra



lor de va



sta allor talor se adun torrente Si oppone altera sponda rapido pie col.



londa tutto de ugn' a llo r così ristretto in petto l'odio più freme a llo r l'odio pia

Handwritten musical notation on two staves, with Italian lyrics written between the staves. The notation includes notes, rests, and bar lines. The lyrics are: "londa tutto de ugn' a llo r così ristretto in petto l'odio più freme a llo r l'odio pia". The paper is aged and shows some staining.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like "f." and "f.". The bottom section of the page contains lyrics in Italian:

freme allox lodio più freme allox lodio più fre

Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings such as *co. mo*. The manuscript shows signs of age, including ink bleed-through from the reverse side.

Handwritten musical score on three staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings such as *me cello*. The manuscript shows signs of age, including ink bleed-through from the reverse side.

Can:

è b' ca ll'aje avuto Crayè te può fà na cura Colo muto

Scena VII Scia:

Sciarappa, e Ginevra sto sicuro! auh potesse sapè da quacche

duno ch'è stato acciso cona scoppettata, si la botu se sente o sia le

spalle senza sentir la arrivana le palle io mo

moro de l'ageto si scappo che fuss' acciso io si chiù' enicappo

Gin: *Scia:* *Gin:* *Scia:*
zi zi ah ah nemice arrete zi zi oh mamme

mia m'è vonò fa' vota' pe m'è canoscere & pò sonare mella da lo

Gin: *Aria:* *Gin:*
tano eh eh te pòmo gaire l'vucchie ca no m'è voto ah

Scia: *Gin:* *Scia:*
ah jeta lo fecato eh conte m'è chiamà a' nome pe menar me

Gin: *Scia:*
a fronte ma conte son sineura perche fiero cosi ah le mi

chiama perdoni mē credeva, che fosse lo Marchese e in un punto

fui di mandarlo ora adesso ai regni-bui *Gin!* ah pena per pie-

Sia: ta ch'è mio germano or io bellezza mia) quanò il sangue mi

bolle non peggio si è ghiermano o saravolta *Gin!* e misera mia

vuoj deh pena o' caro che le trionfi del germano e sangue o se

Scia:
vinto tu Sei Sarian torbidi sempre i giorni miei. *ed*

Scia:
io c'aggio da la fuggi il cimento ecci l'oro te uoglio ma uaj

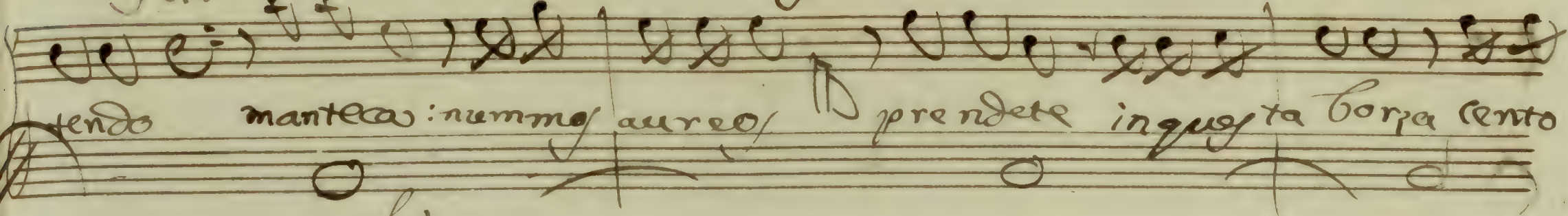
chiano vssia sta notte meo pigliarbbe mon tagna o sia no tra

Gin: *Scia:*
ino Dpur he salui ambi siamo ecco mi pronta e fatto mam

Gin: *Scia:* *Gin:*
spiace ca mi manca la fyra che buragna non in

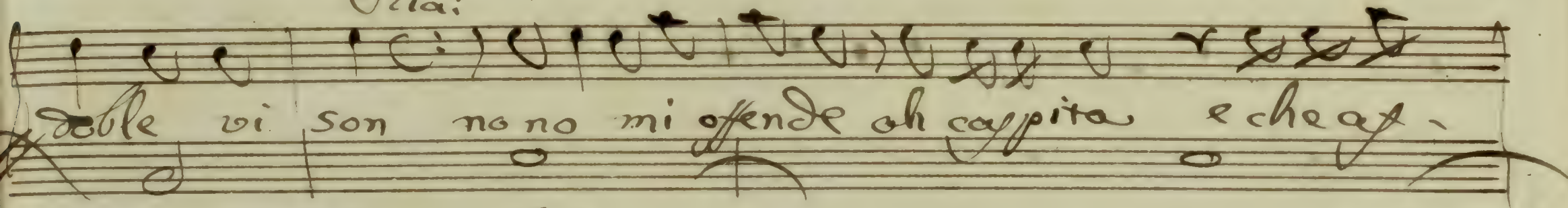
Sia:

Sin:



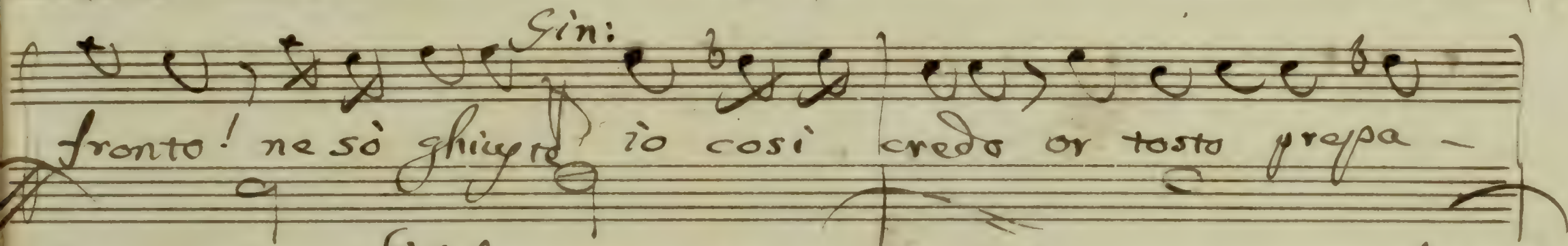
tendo manteca: nummo aureo, prendete in questa borsa cento

Sia:



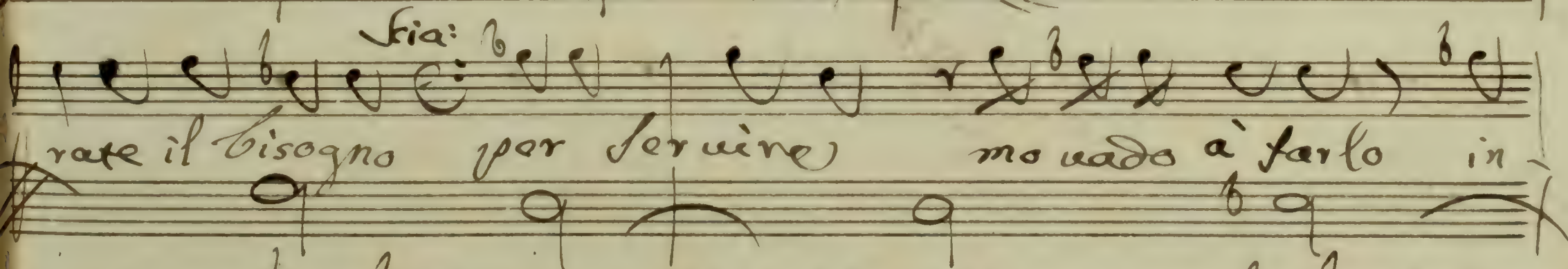
oble vi son no no mi offende oh cappita e che a -

Sin:

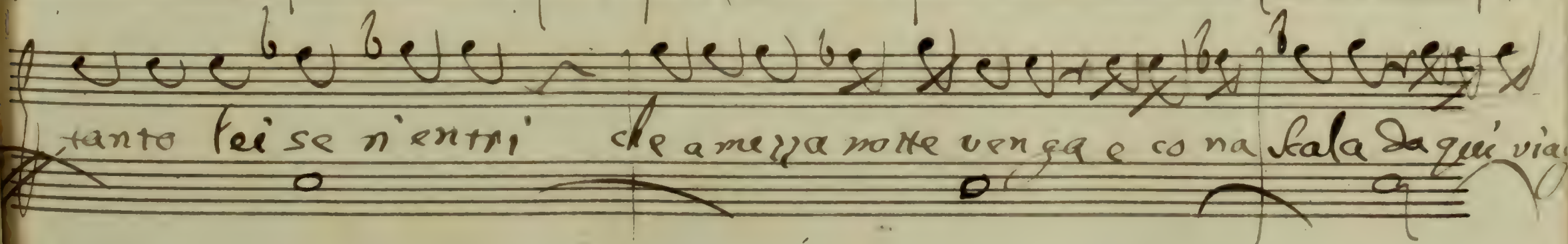


fronto! ne sò ghiugte io così credo or tosto prepa -

Sia:



rate il bisogno per servire mo uado a farlo in -



tanto lei se n'entri che a mezza notte venga e co na scala da qui via

Fin:
granto e peggia l'Idolo mio in te sola riposo io

Scia:
vado addio lei uada pure e si' riposi in tutto

senza scetare chiu' la nanna minco sto tutto ora me

si lasamo correre e a tiemmo Canetella nenna

Scena VIII:
mia viene a simò a puorto Canetella marchese
Seitone e Sciarappa

Can: Scia: Can:

Ah fujè sciarappa mia fujè casimorto ch'è stato lo Mar:

cehepe) insieme con don Teitone anno saputo da ciente passag:

Scia: Can:

giere mo arreuate chi è lo vero Conte: ah poveriello a menè anna

Scia: Can:

scunnet, addi dint'ano cantaro vide vi che giornate je mo

Mar: Di-Jey: Scia:

veneno ahime so deppera, Alto, la' fremà lloco a-

Mar:
aiuto Jaci oia soldati si conduca presto quest'empio in quell

Scia: *D: Sep:*
nile ecco la chiave ch'iano si' capora: Ah gnore io che gnor

Stia: *Mar:*
zio na moglie aquanta e lassa correre m'hoje buggo ma io *Scipia' a*

D: Sep: *Stia:*
disci parlar e l'anima ti fo' uccire non parla ca si' fritto ma

che' pe' piata' gnossi sto pitto

sotto voce con sordini

Violini

Oboe

tromba
in C

Viola

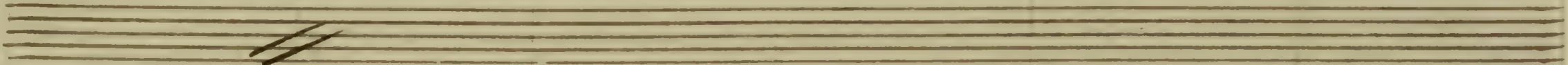
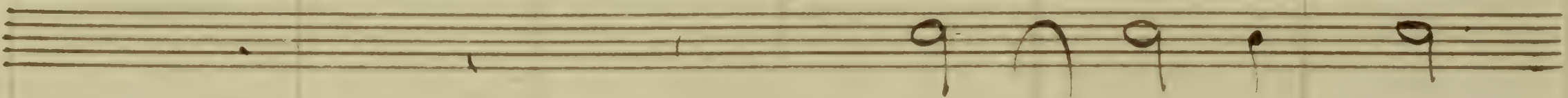
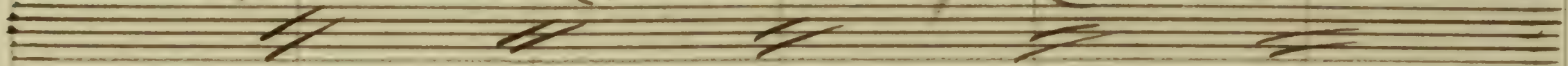
clarapp.

largo con
poco moto

ma. sotto voce

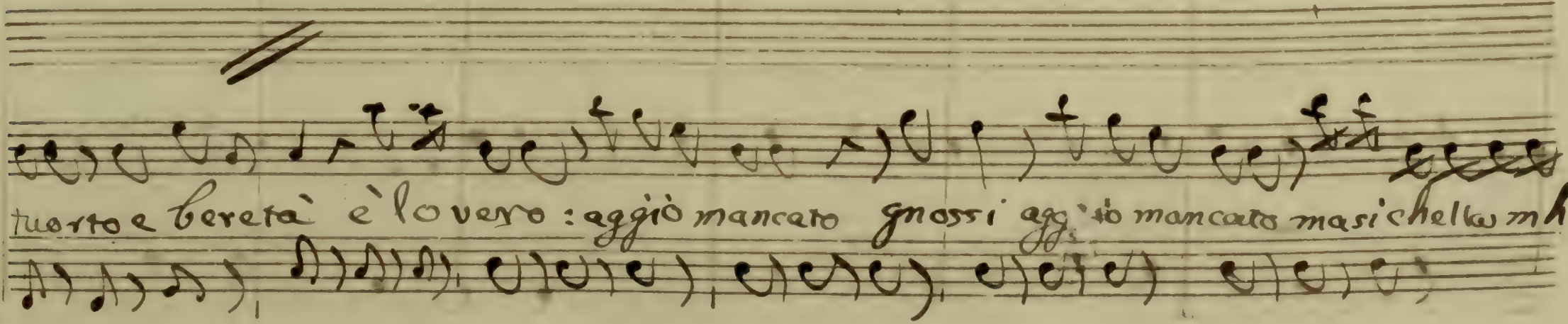
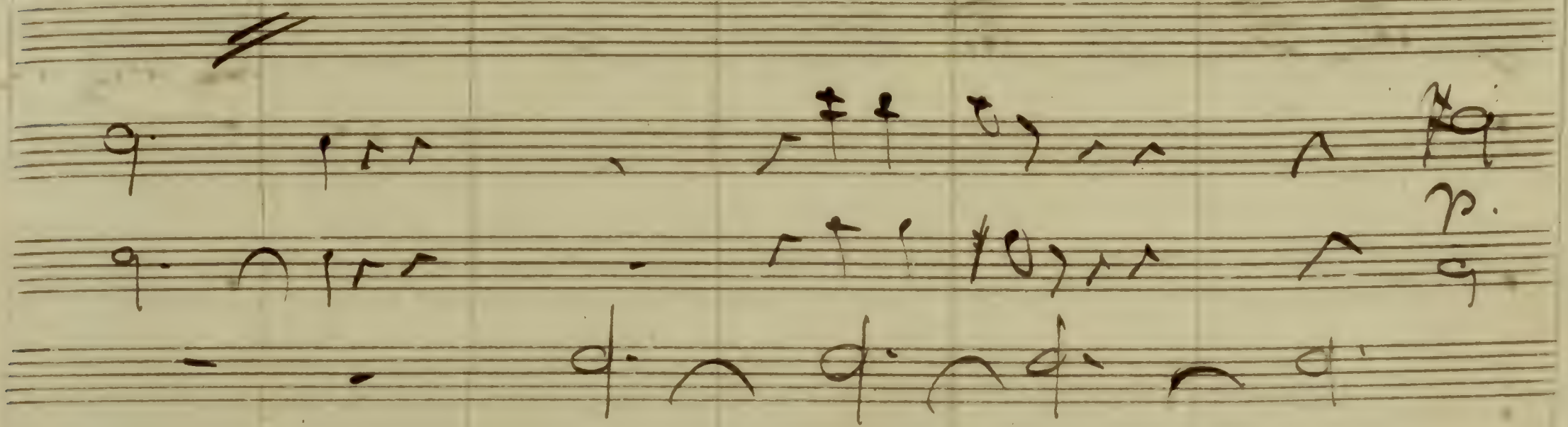
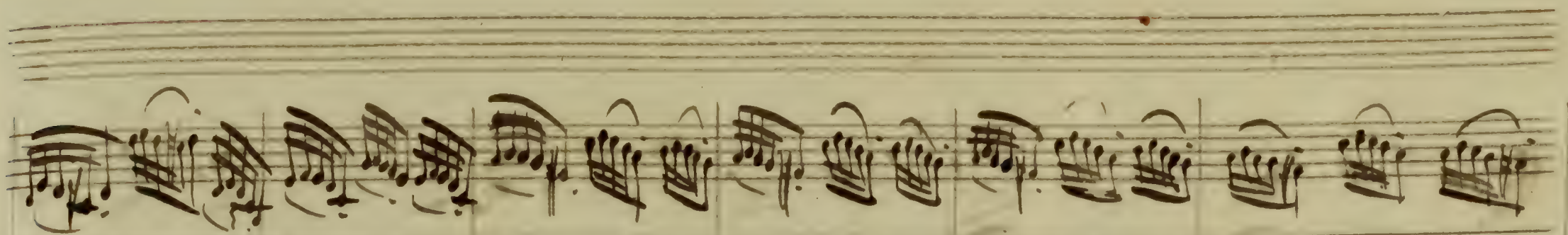
con sordini

De pre-

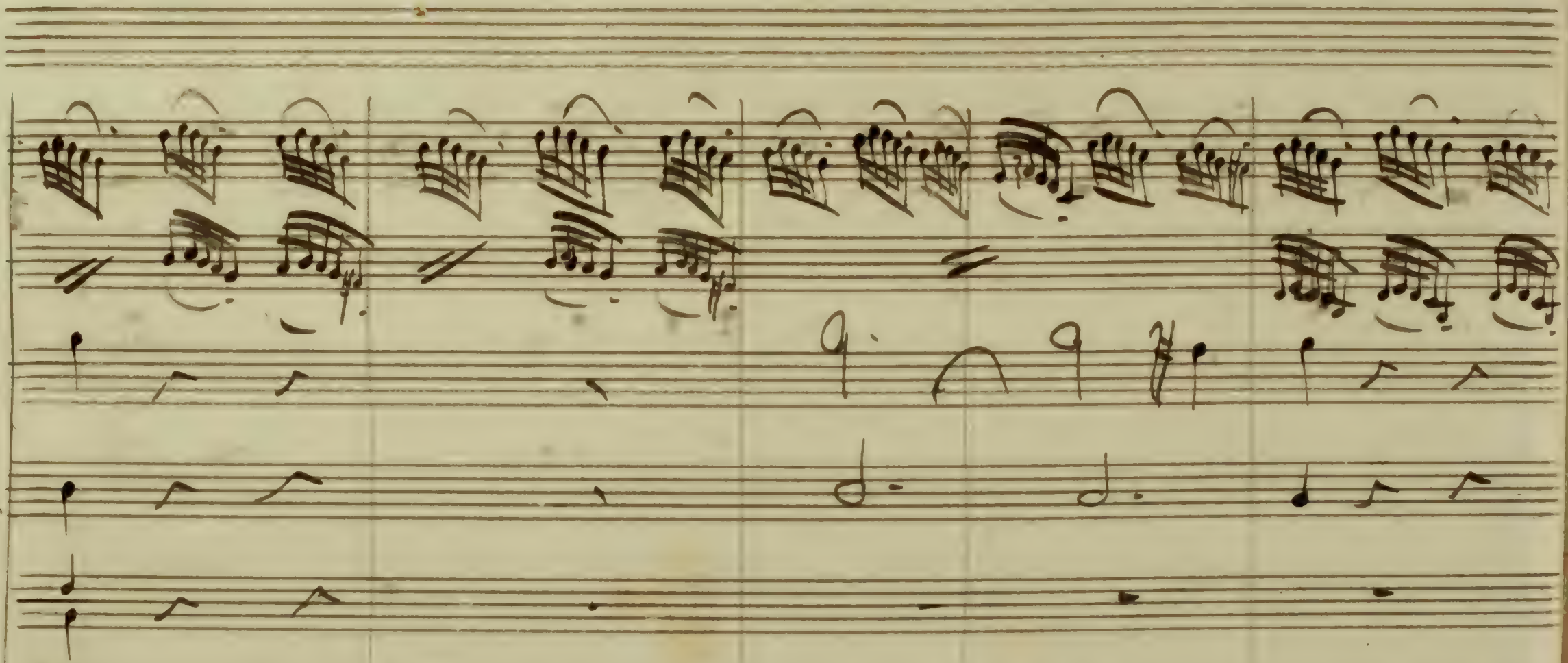


ta gnossi non e' pipeto gnossi gnossi non pipeto aggio tuorto: e' bereta aggio

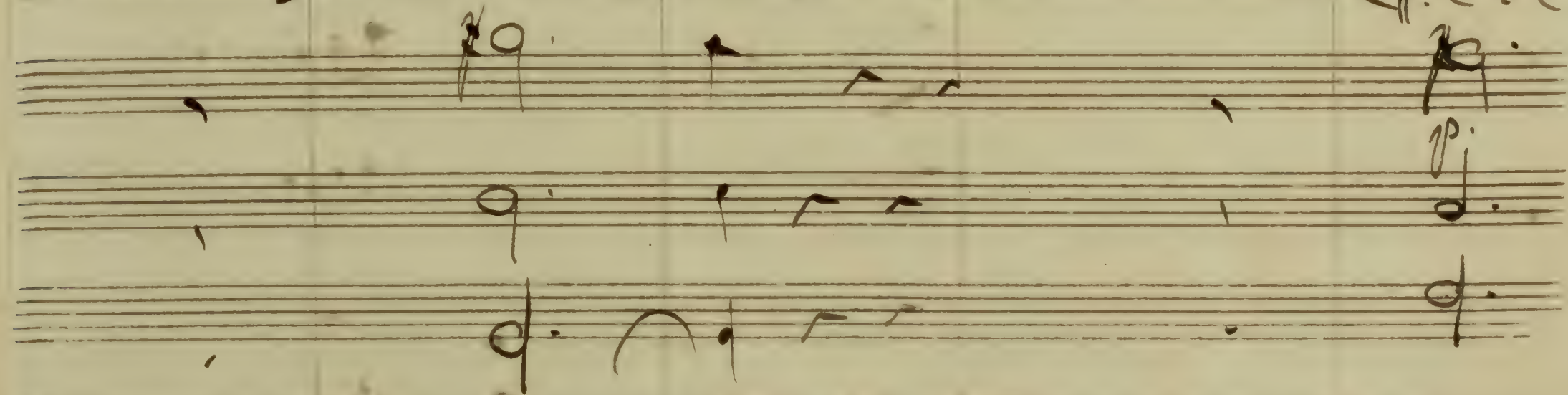
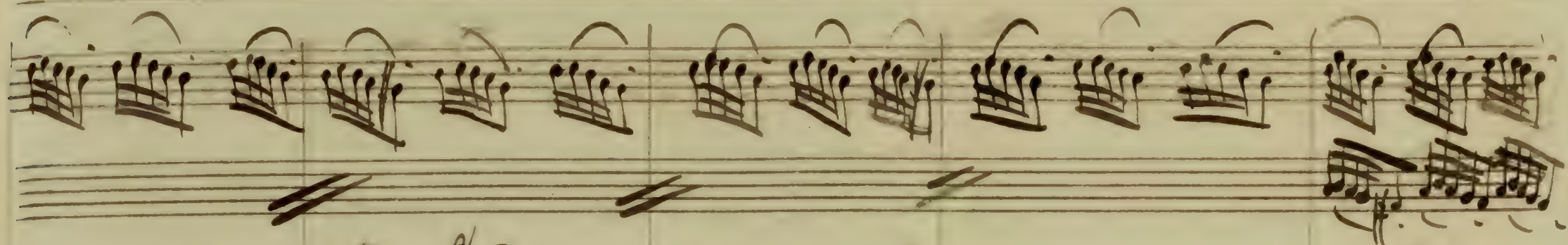




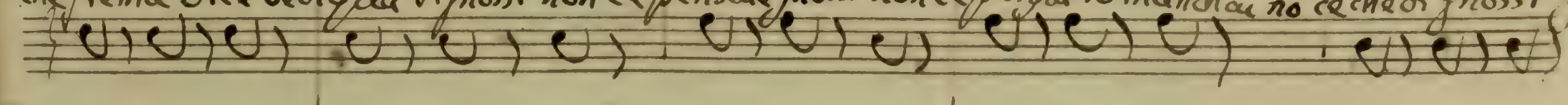
tuotto e bereta' e' lo vero: aggio mancato gnossi aggio mancato masi chella mha'



ato signossi decite bene non c'avea d'acconyenti gnossi non c'avea d'acconyenti ma pò chillo se

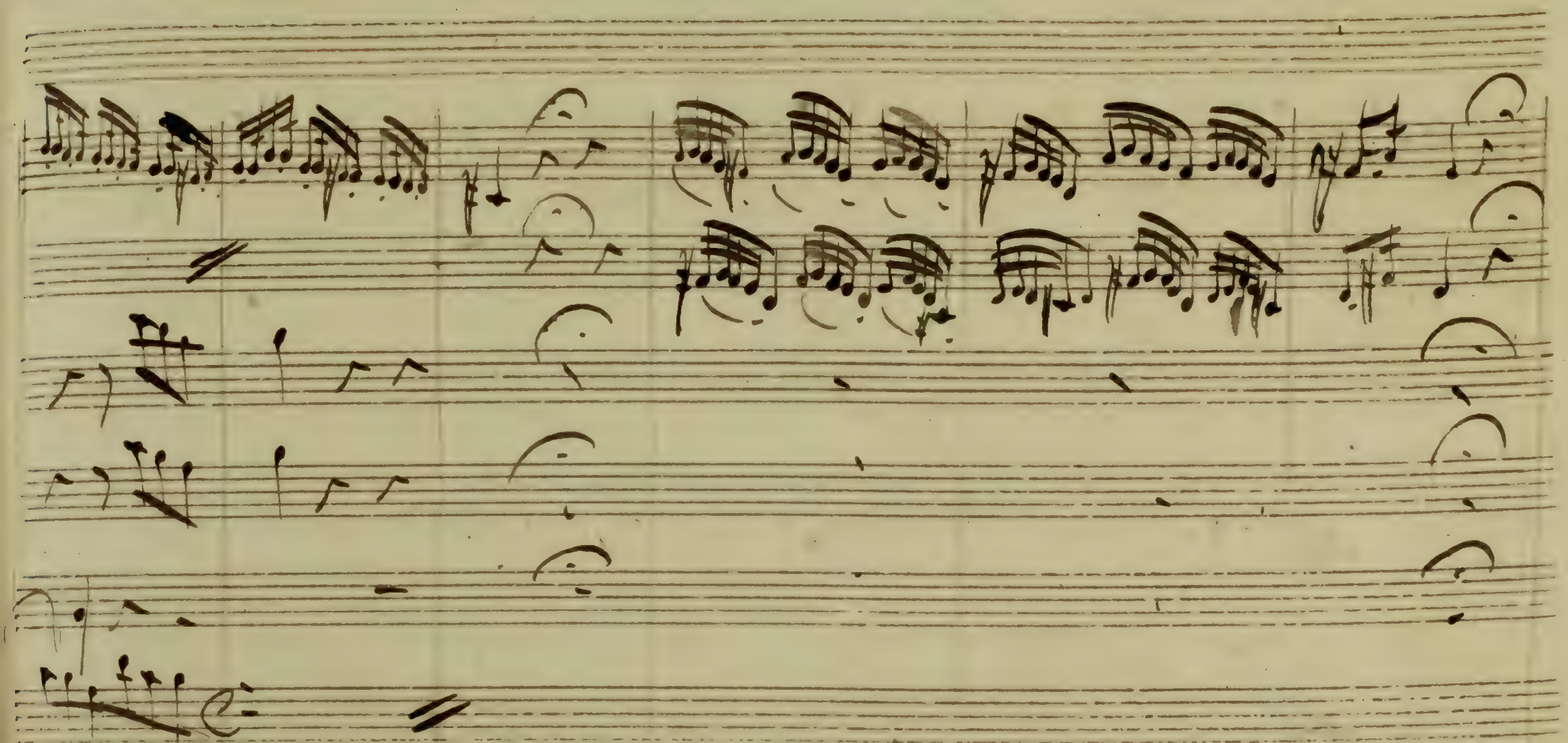


vene fremia dice uedigra signossi non c'è pensai gnossi non c'è pensai io manchai no' c'è chedignossi gnos



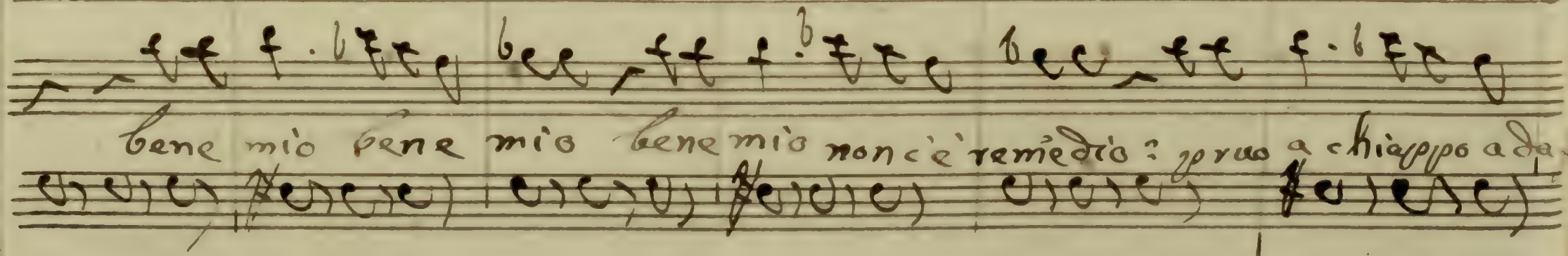
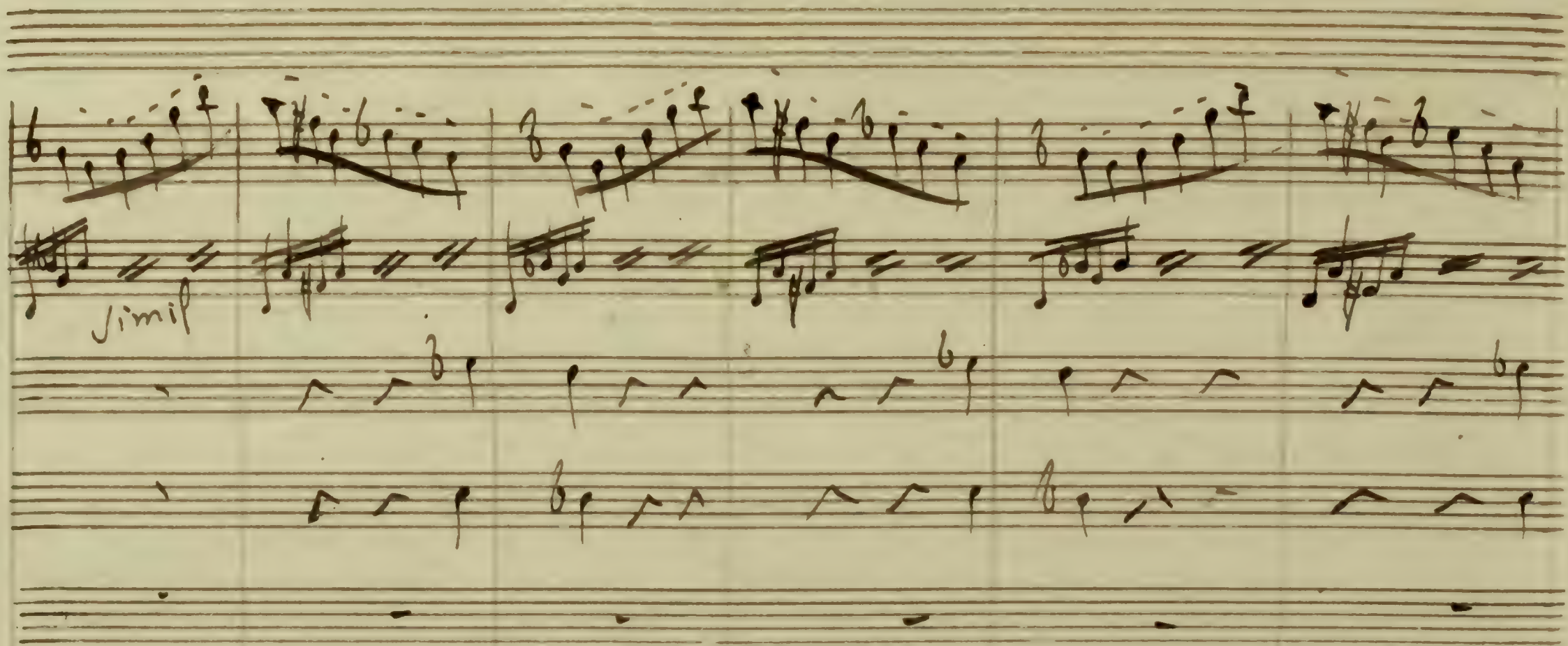
Handwritten musical score on aged paper. The score consists of several staves. The top two staves feature complex, dense musical notation with many beamed notes and rests. Below these, there are staves with simpler notation, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *p* (piano) and *f* (forte). The bottom staff contains the lyrics in Italian: "Si' io mancai non c'è chod i' so' no birbo: no frabutto & pe' chello c'aggio fatto". The handwriting is in a historical style, and the paper shows signs of age and wear.

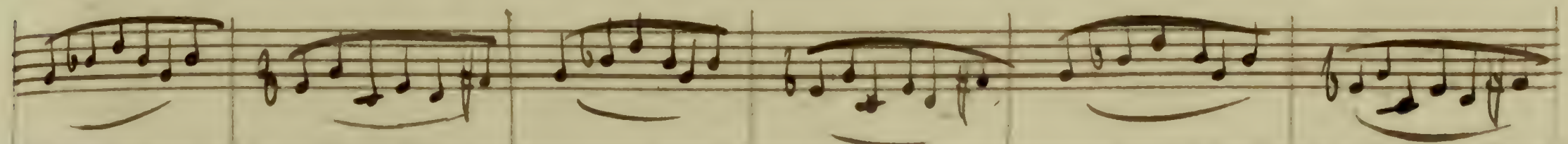
Si' io mancai non c'è chod i' so' no birbo: no frabutto & pe' chello c'aggio fatto



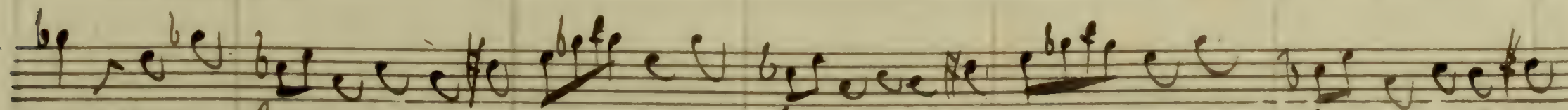
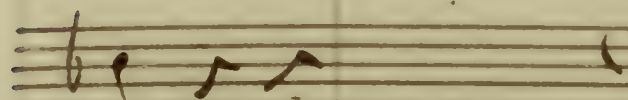
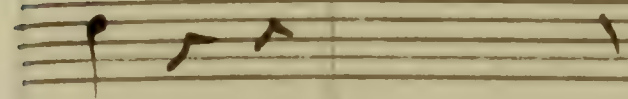
io me mereto lo stratto lo stratto nè signò: me ne pòrri i

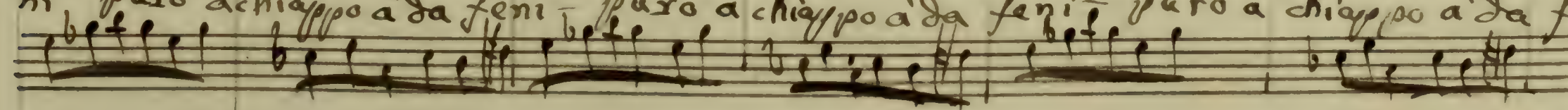
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The first staff contains a series of notes, some with slurs, and the second staff continues the melody. The notation is in a historical style, with various note values and rests.

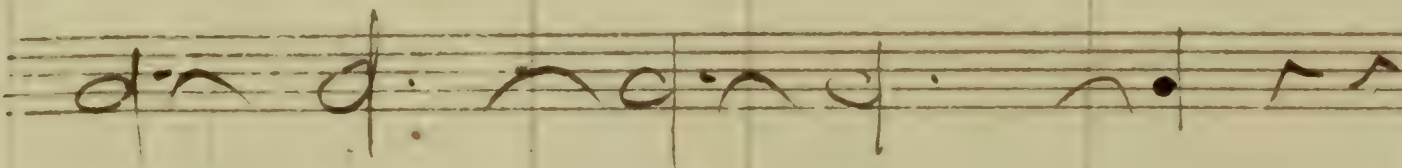
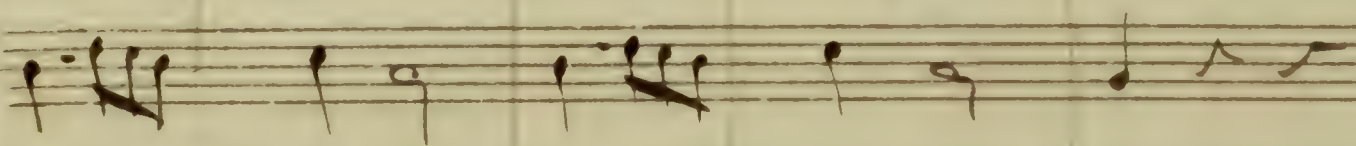
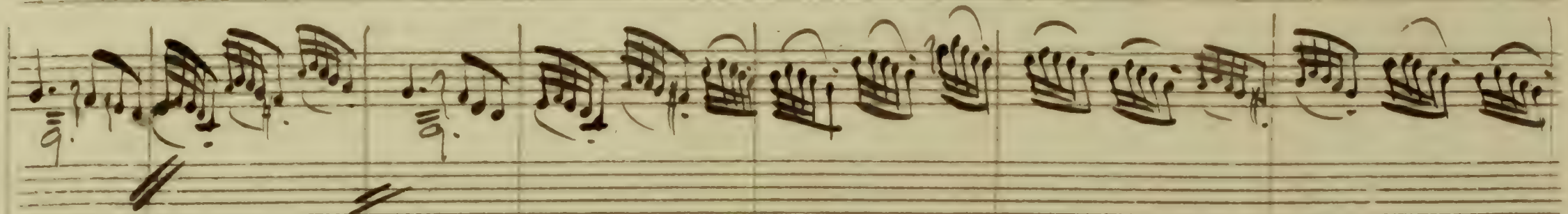




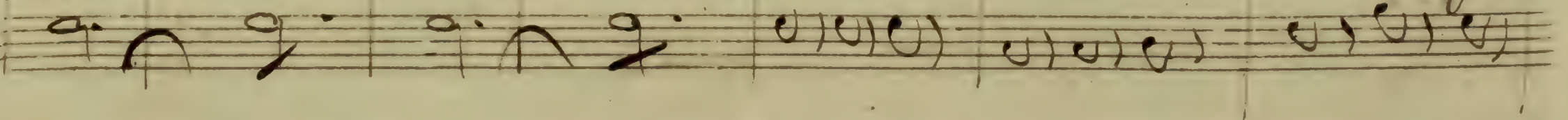
unij //



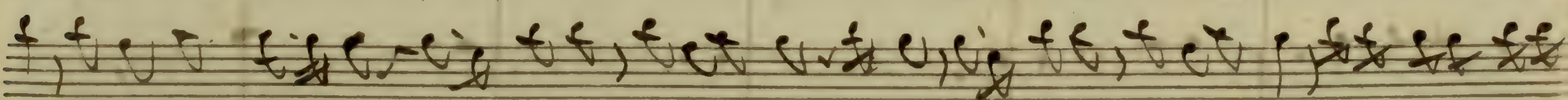
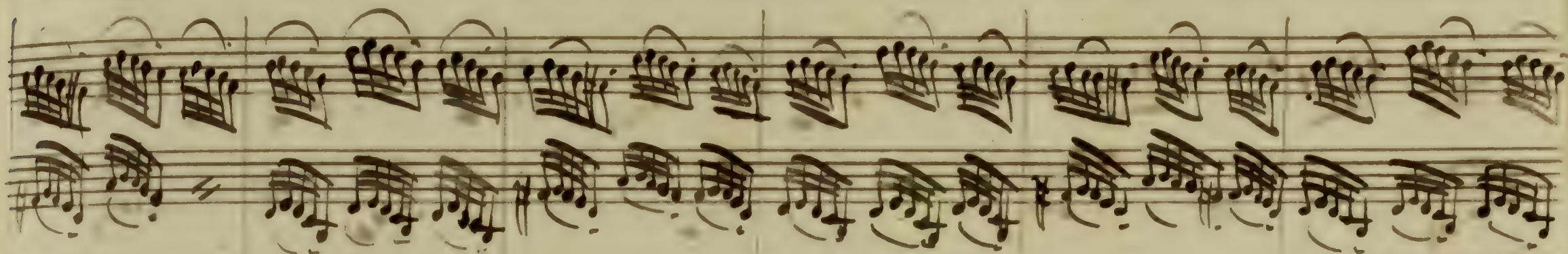
ni puro achiappo a'da feni - puro a chiappo a'da feni - puro a chiappo a'da fe




ni



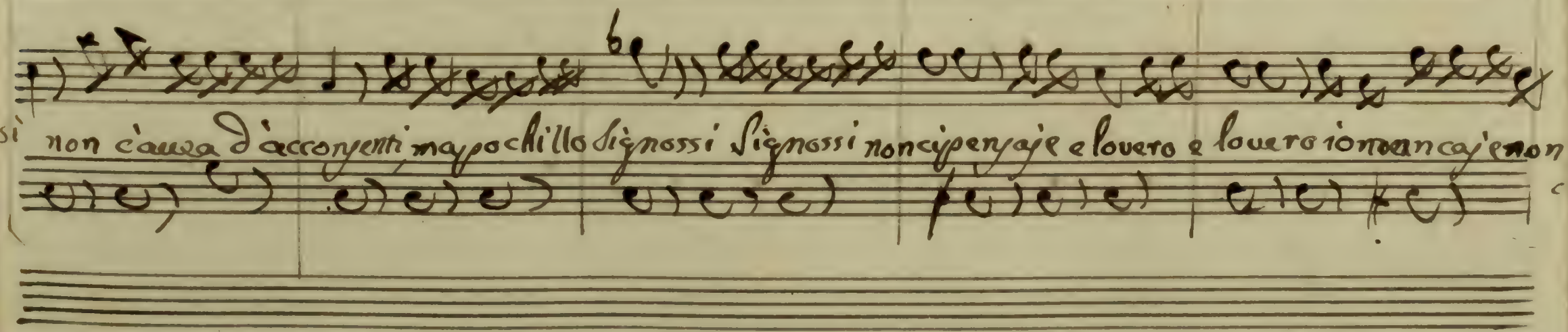
De pie -

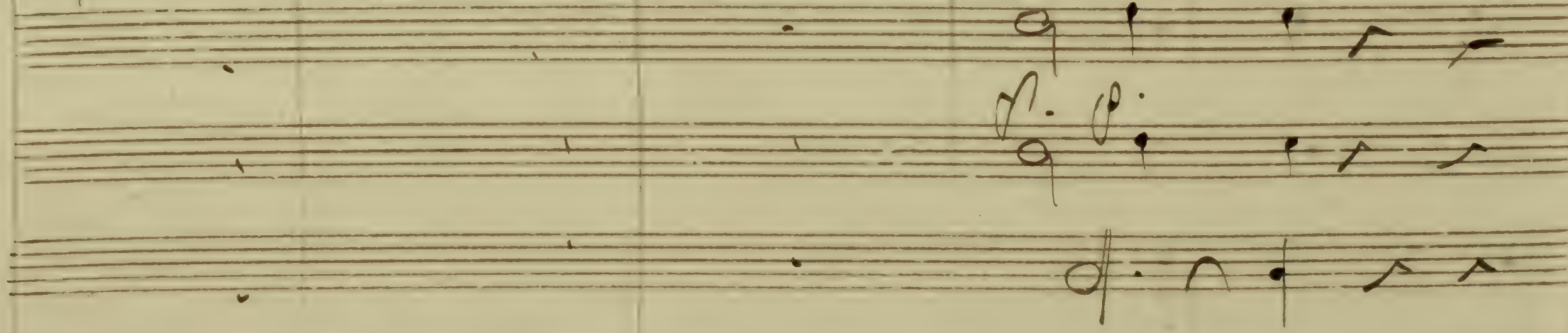
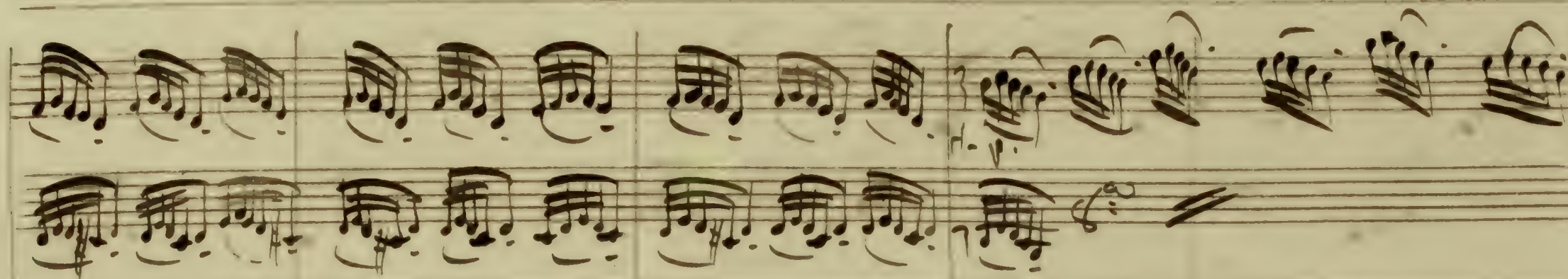


tà gnossi non p'peto aggio tuorto è beretà gnossi aggio tuorto è beretà masichelledo
uieuu) uieuu) uieuu) uieuu) uieuu) uieuu)

Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The first two staves contain dense, rapid sixteenth-note passages. The third and fourth staves show a more sparse melody with eighth and sixteenth notes. The fifth staff continues the melodic line with similar rhythmic values.

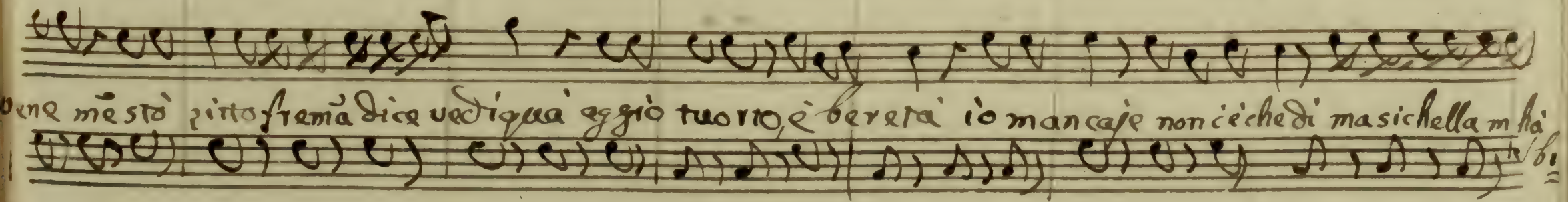
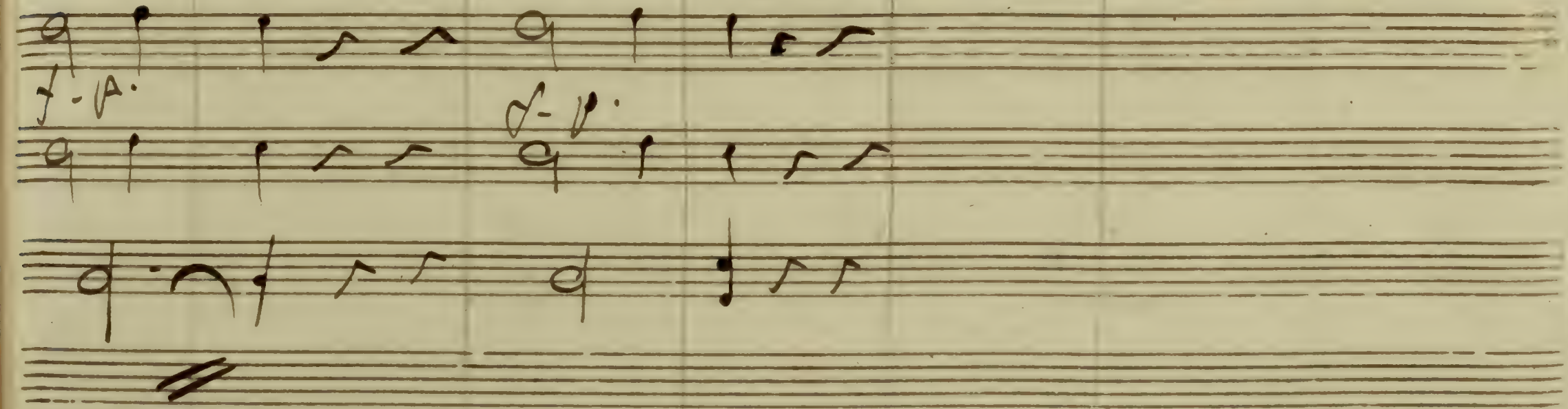
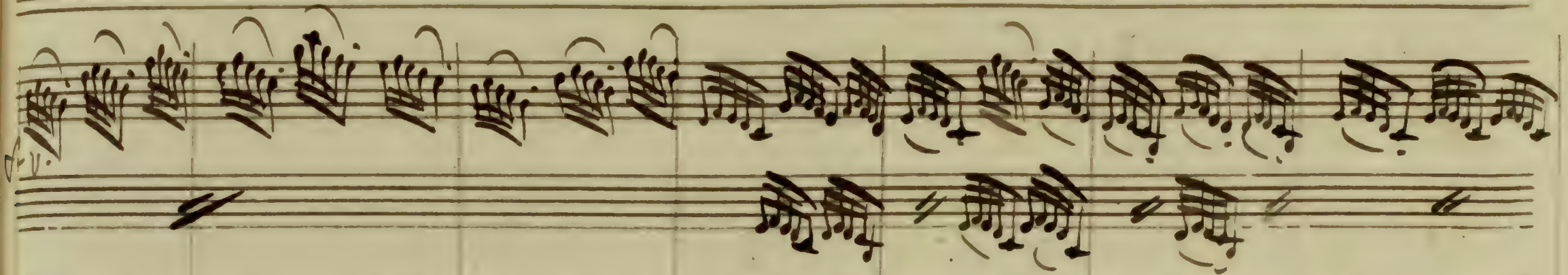
Signossi ag'io mancato io io ag'io mancato non c'avea d'acconyem' gnossigno

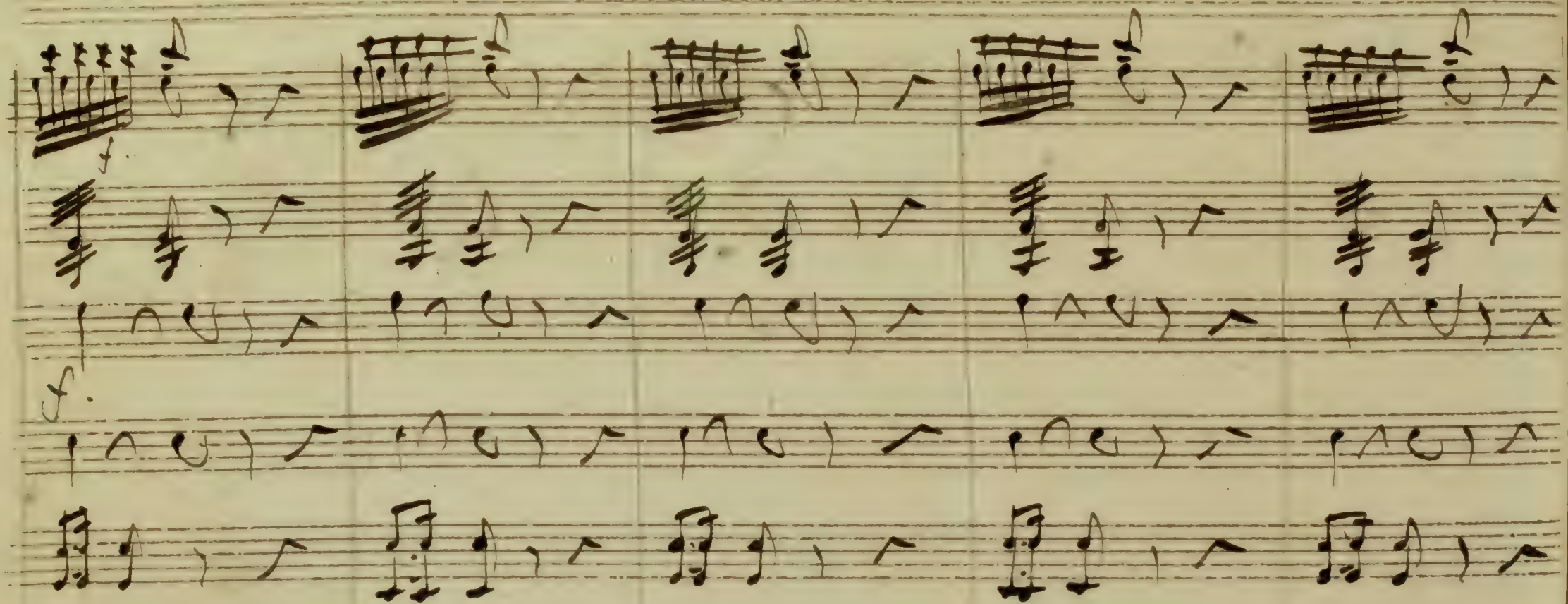




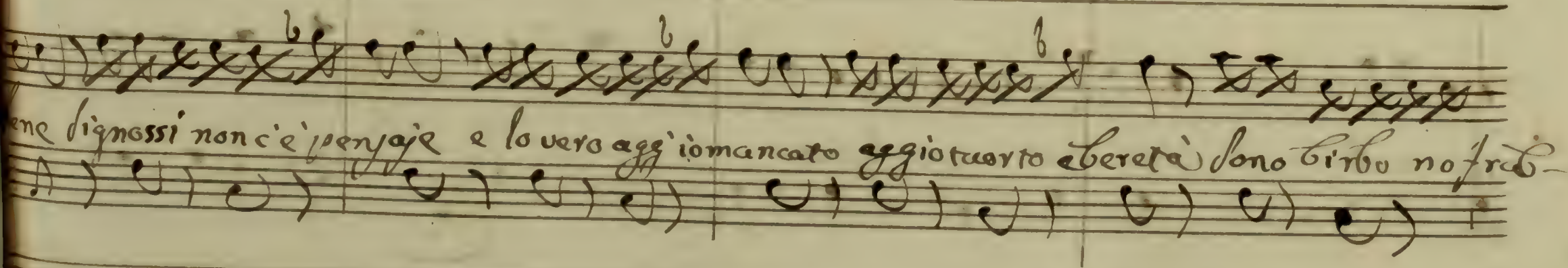
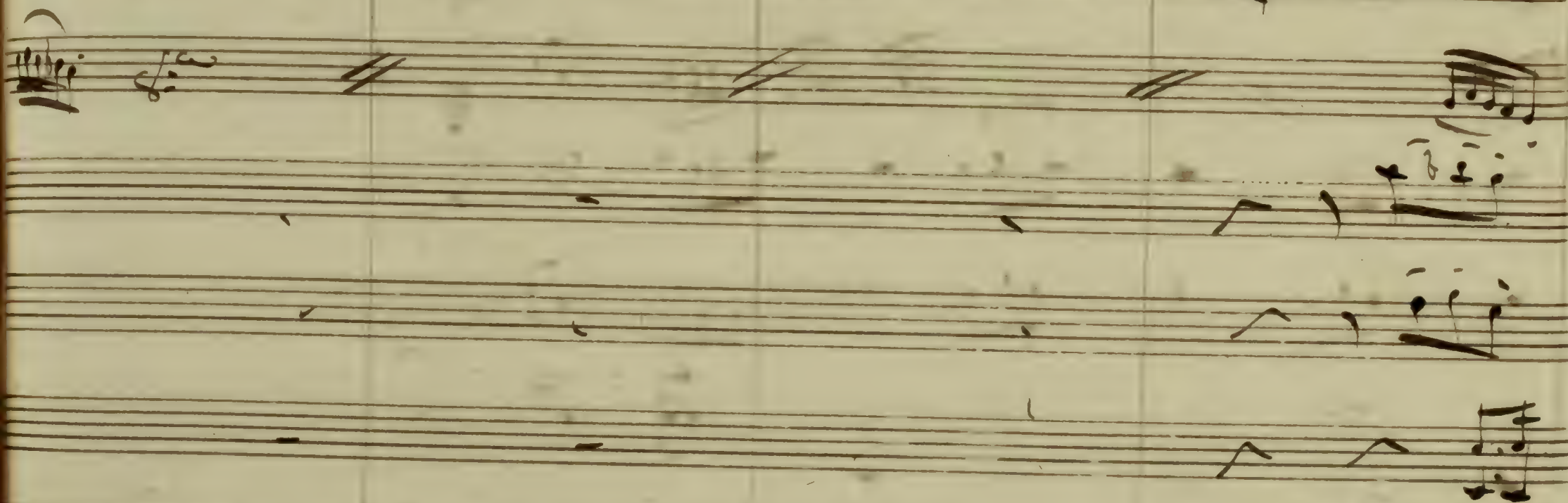
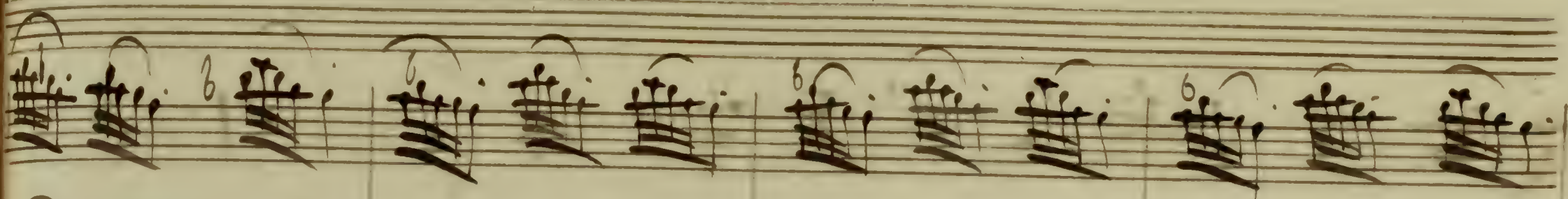
di e lo vero gnossi io mancoje non c'è chedi masi chella mi ha fciato non pippeto ma pochillo se



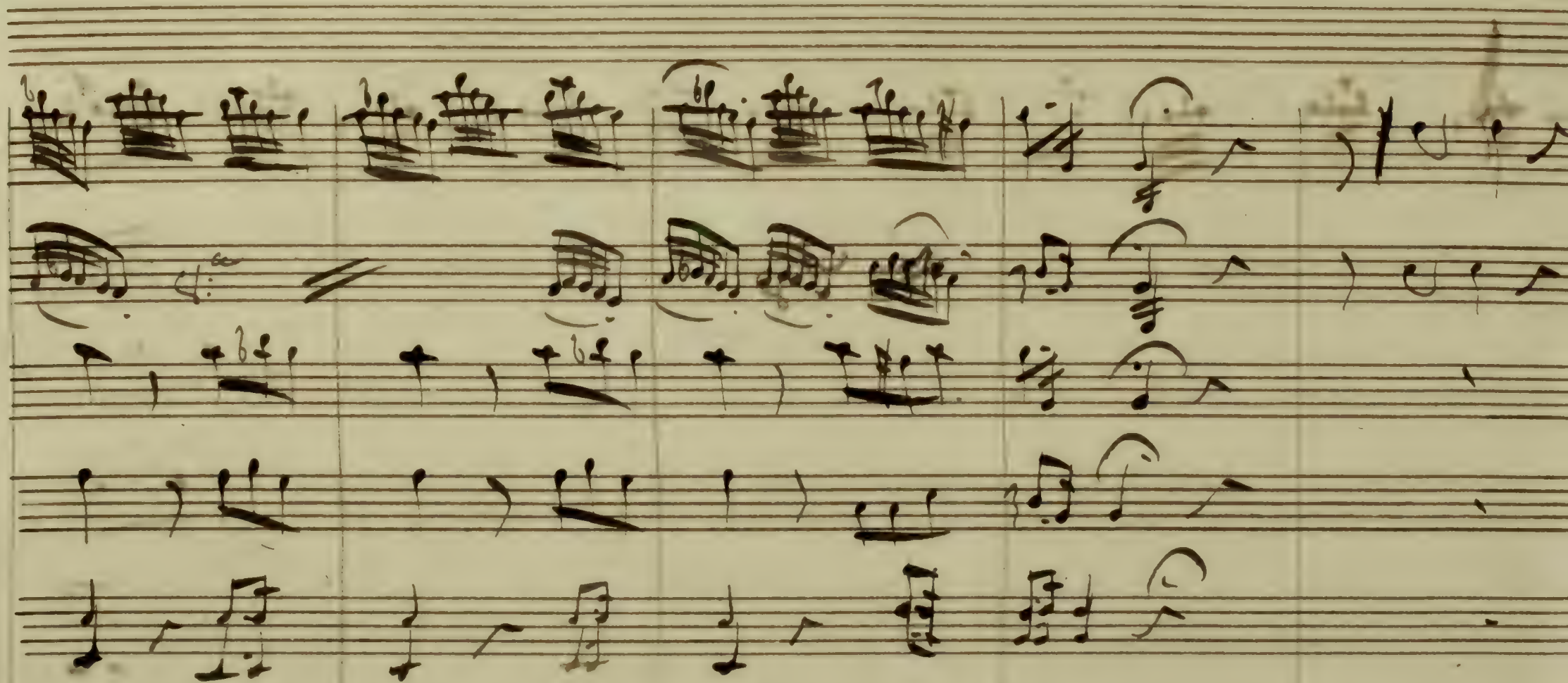




ato dignossi sono frabbuto ma po chillo sene vene e louvero so' no birbo fremä dice vedigera dignossi de



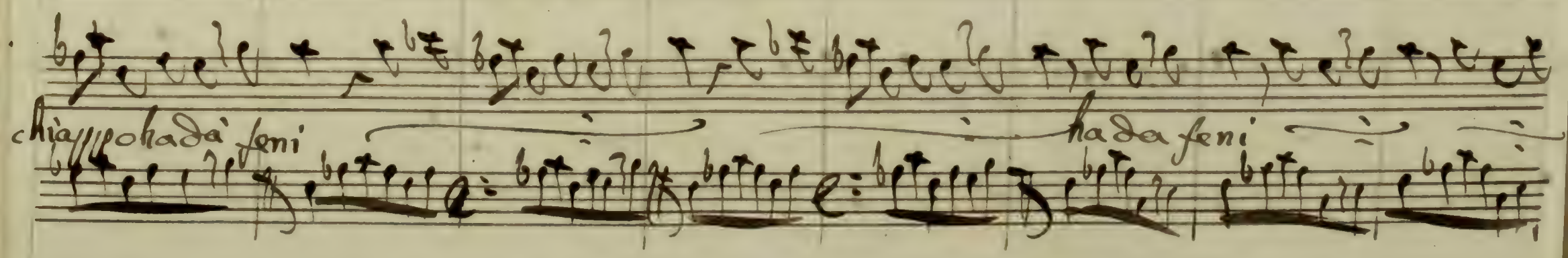
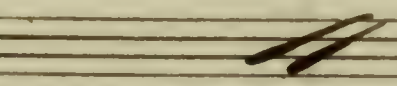
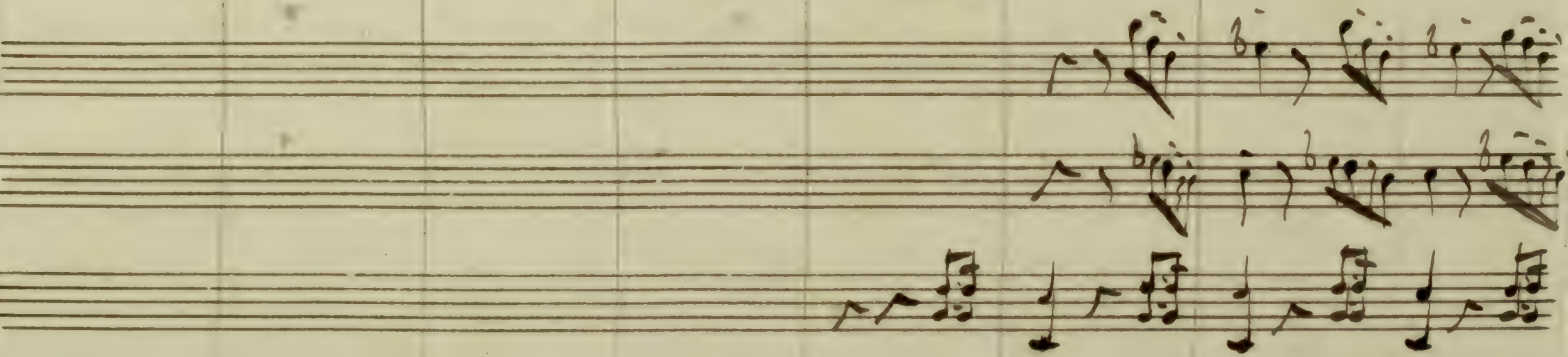
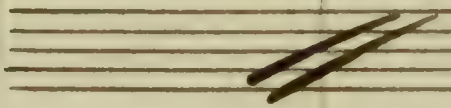
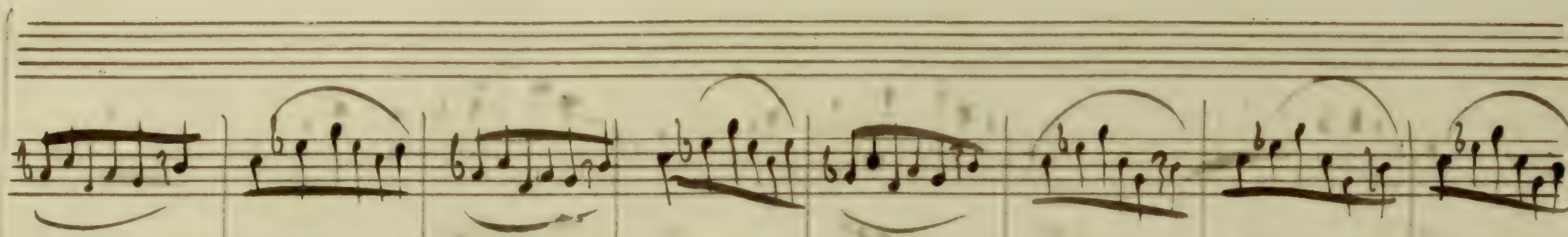
ene dignossi non c'è penja e lo vero aggio mancato aggio tuorto e beretà sono cirbo no / rē-

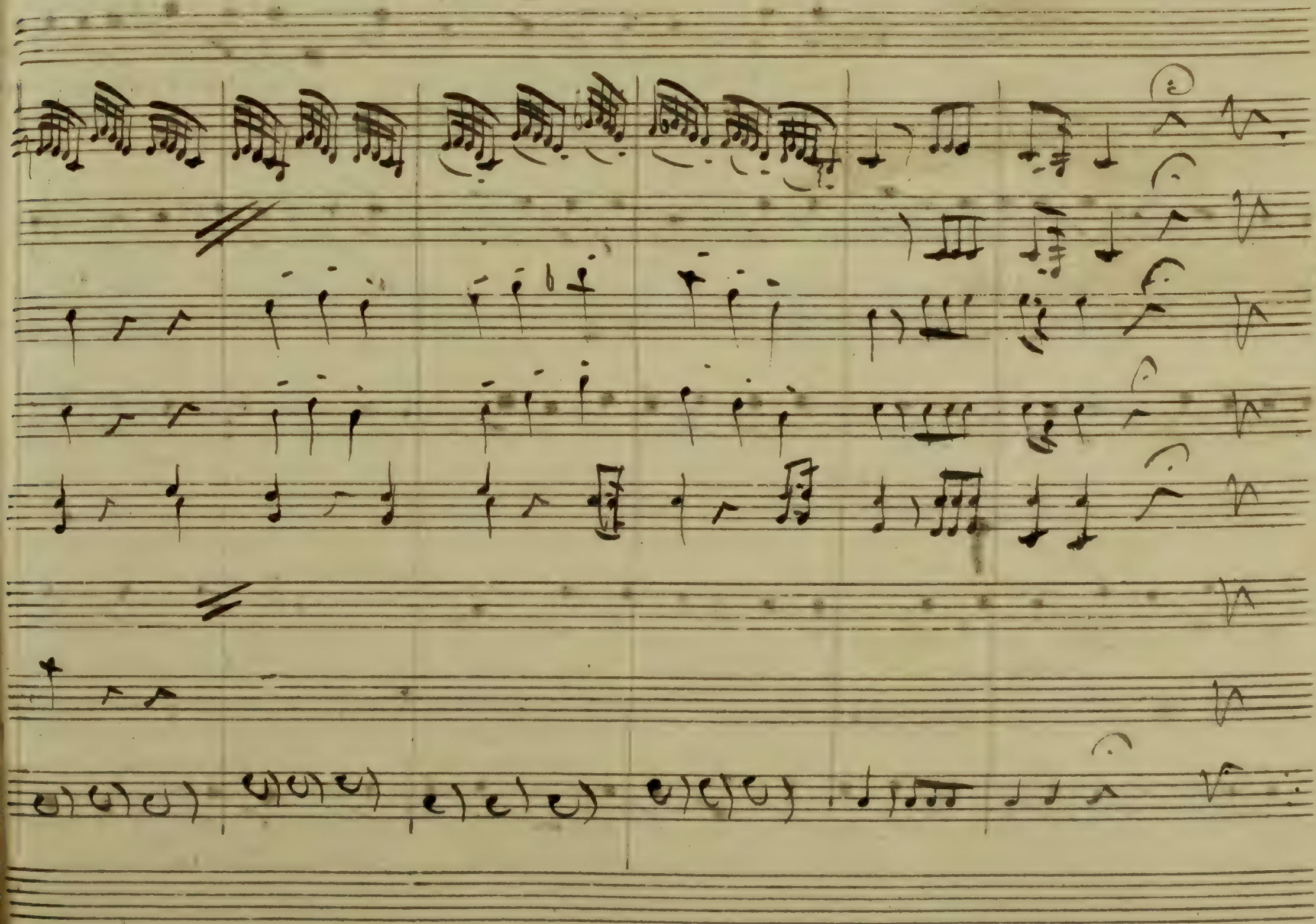


Queto e pe chello c'aggio fatto iome mereto lo sfratto ———— Ohe signo' me ne

Handwritten musical score for a vocal melody and piano accompaniment. The vocal line is on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing slurs. The piano accompaniment consists of two staves. The right hand plays a series of chords and single notes, while the left hand plays a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The word "simil" is written above the piano accompaniment. The word "vniy" is written at the end of the piano accompaniment.

Handwritten musical score for a vocal melody and piano accompaniment. The vocal line is on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing slurs. The piano accompaniment consists of two staves. The right hand plays a series of chords and single notes, while the left hand plays a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics "bene mio bene mio bene mio non ne è remediò puro a diappoha da feni" are written below the vocal line. The word "vniy" is written at the end of the piano accompaniment.





Scena IX

D: Leg:

Ma:

Seftone, e il
marchese

Bengli sta' Porcuto octo

Merita Certo ogni riga

D: Leg:

ame

Come un nipote faupo che non se lo sogno' suo Padre istesso di

parto rirto Conte farmi in faccia se fessene feterite e io bonora

Mar:

D: Leg:

Simile ardir non si e' veduto ancora

no si' clari

Mar:

che se io uoglio farli il capo cavallo

In mande Birri conse

D: fef: *Mar:*
gnarlo si deve e bene andiamo da lo governatore andi-

D: fef:
am la chiave gje capora l'auite chiyo buono e

Mar: *Scena X*
biva jamoncene io pronto sono *Cineura e*
D: fef:

Cini:
signor del conte mio Conte un trippa ✓

certi passaggieri di passaggio chedacca sò passati inondiecuanocheit

vero mio nipote era nipotemo lei ed io... ma più to... anzi p

lei faceuimo Catagna Gin: D. sep: Io non intendo e che parlar

graci Gin: D. sep: Udite almeno me me verrò da seco

Scena XI. Gin: Aiarappa e ah Dio qual Confusione e dou
Cancetta edetta

scia: sempre misera me! passar da pene in pene Cannele' vi c

Can:
stongo mano attene ditto non peperare figliule co sta

Gin: Jaà:
funa scennitelo da cca' qual mormorio qui sopraio sento

Can:
visse lo macaro trayuta della scala e si poteva non

Scia:
ce voleva lo ditto : via mo scinè ne dimè e si' so'

Can: Can:
bisto si muorto e comè scappo udite de t'an

Sarà:

sconere sott' aqua' cona dinto a sto cellaro auh lassa correre

Can: Fin:

ah via sinne prieto chi e' la voi conte e che val dir ma

Scia: Fin: Can: Saà:

questo me naja o' fa lo mpiso come uh peste ch'è

Can: Scia: Can:

stato laglie gente da ch'è l'auto fenegra uh terramoto al

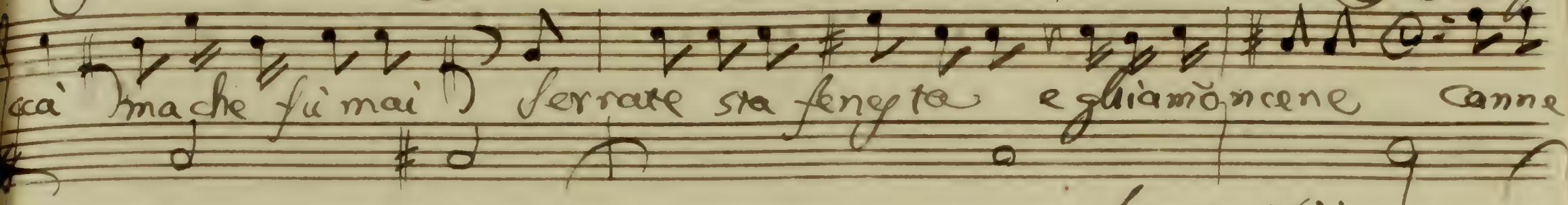
Saà:

taccate sta funa non facimmo abbè de' ca lo alero e io mo che

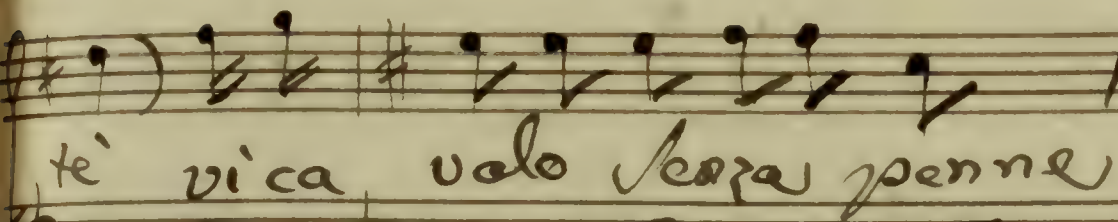
Gin:

Can:

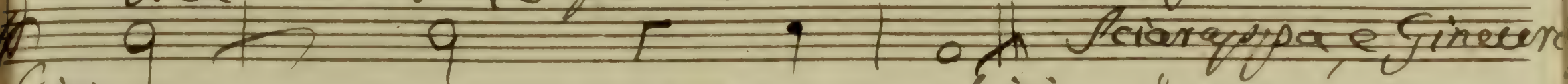
Sciarappa



Scena XII:

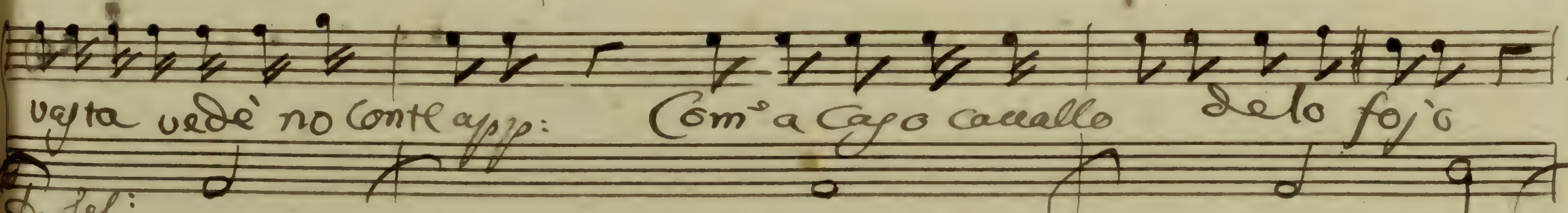
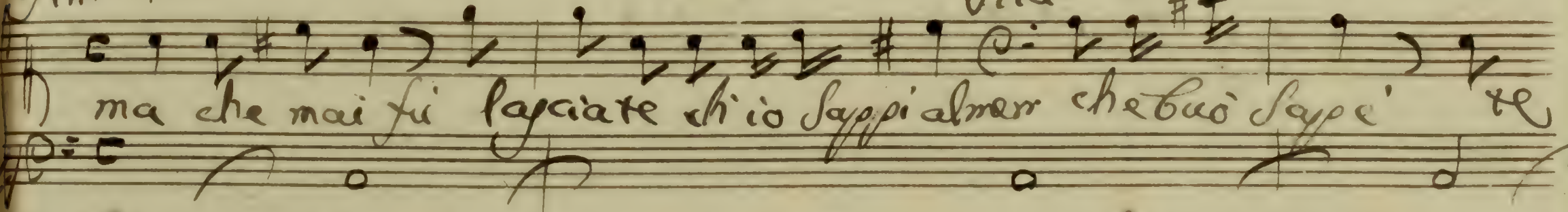


D: Scione Conte

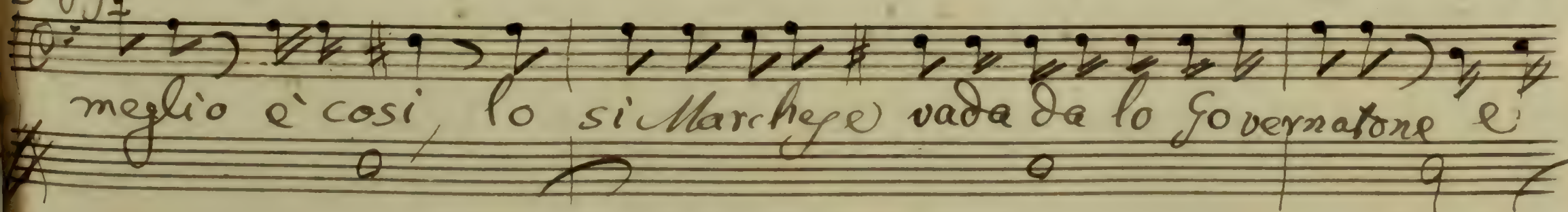


Gin:

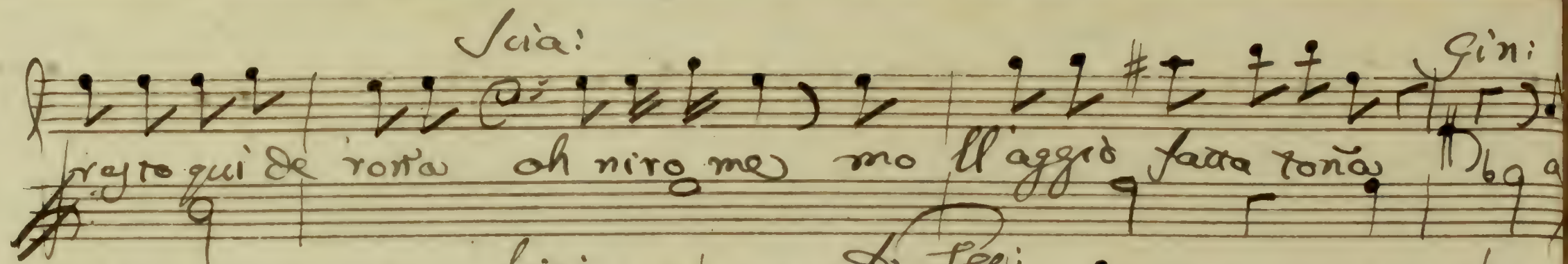
Scia:



D: Scia:

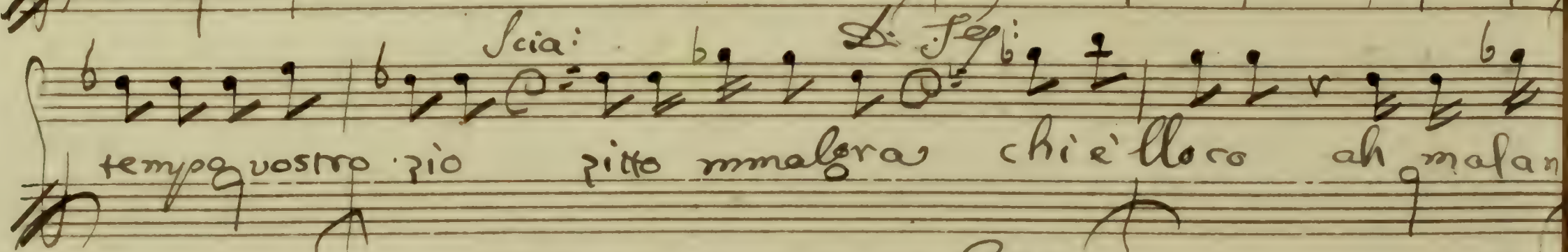


Scia: Gini:



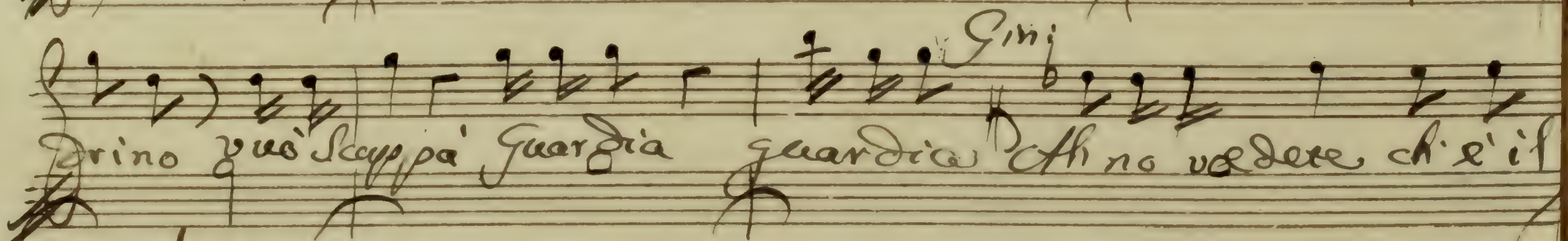
preto qui de ronta oh niro me mo ll'aggio fatta toña

Scia: D. Sep:



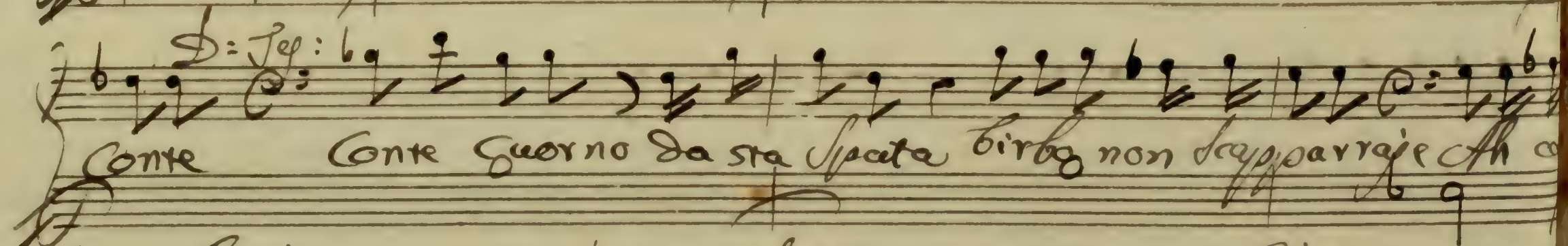
tempo vostro pio pito mmalegro chie' lloco ah malan

Gini:



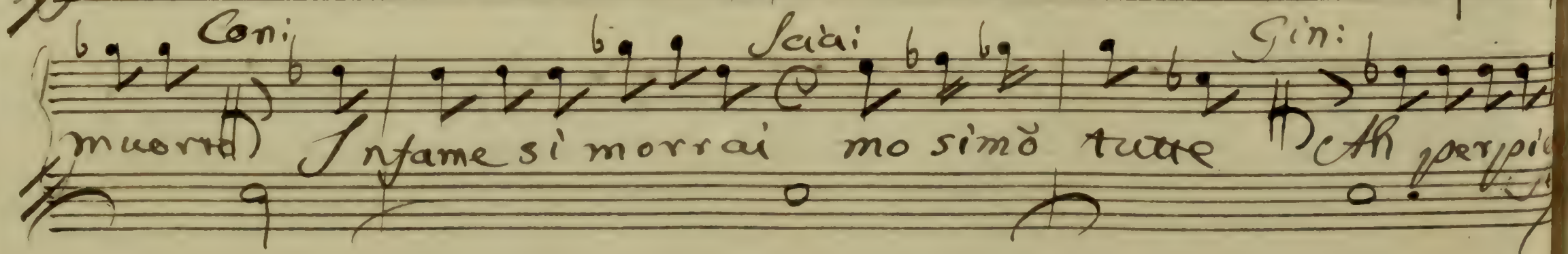
Drino vuo' scappa' guardia guardia Ah no vedete ch' e' il

D. Sep:



Conte Conte Guorno da sta spata birbo non scapparraje Ah

Coni: Scia: Gini:



muorra Infame si morrai mo simò tutte Ah per pie

Con: D: *Tempo*: *Andante*

gnore che mal uifere e qui Geneva Il birbo ha da mo

Scia: *Andante*

ri So ghiuto mo m'atterano cca senza tauuto

D: *Tempo*: *Andante* Con: *Andante* *Fin:*

accioglielo no: sopra l'ucidero fermate

Con: *Andante* *Scia:* *Andante* *Tempo*: *Andante*

el'ama ancora Signò pe Caretà voglio che mora

Violini

Oboe

Corni in

Viola

Cinque

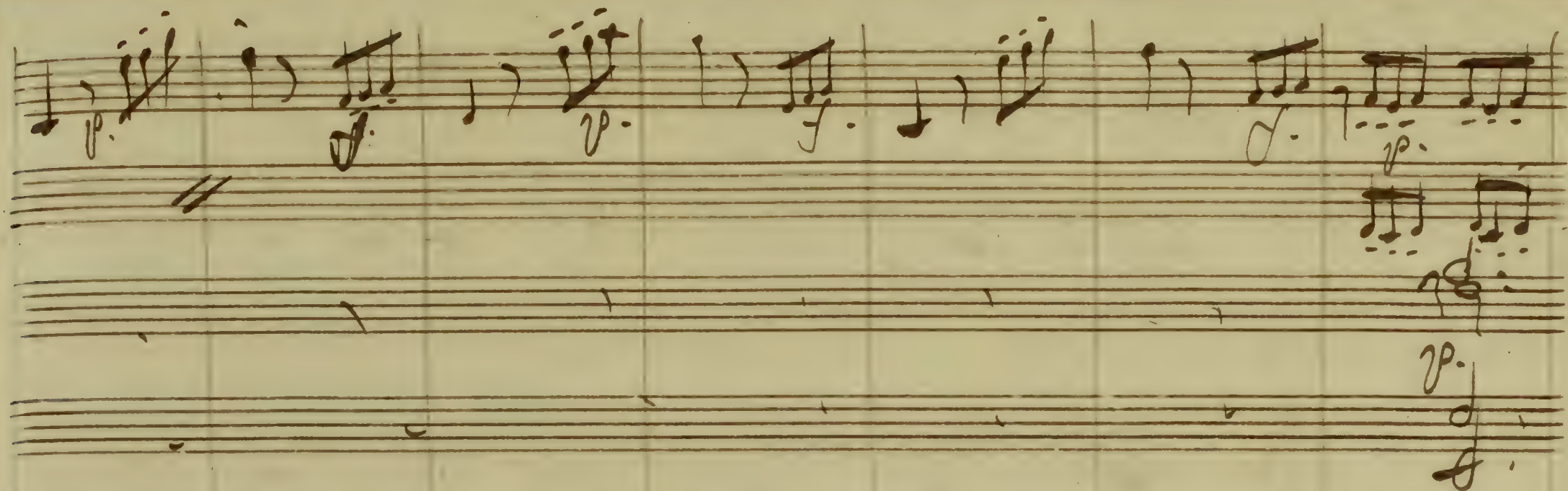
Conte

Sciarapp

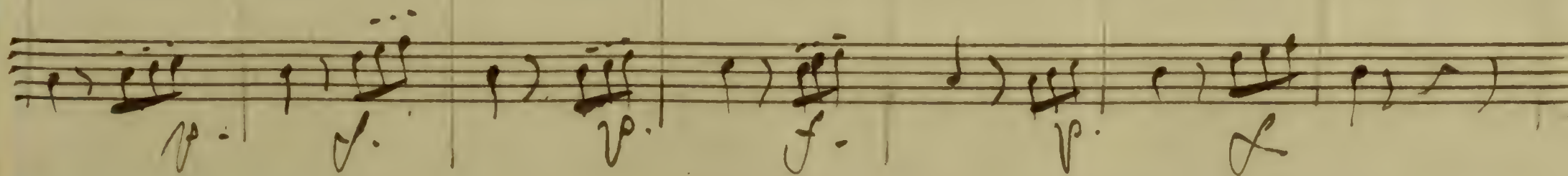
Le Tor

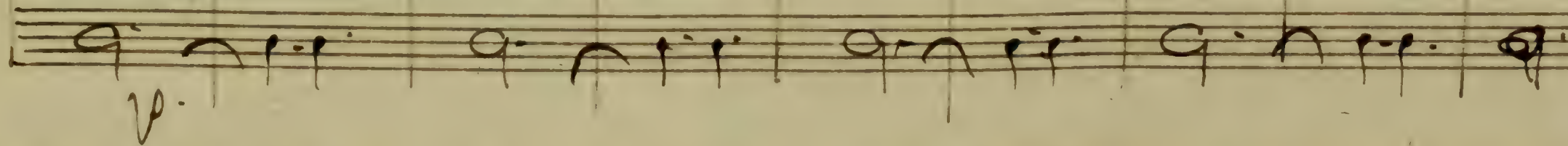
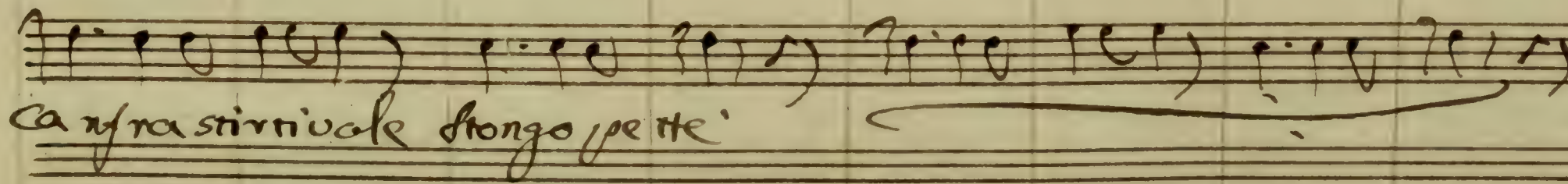
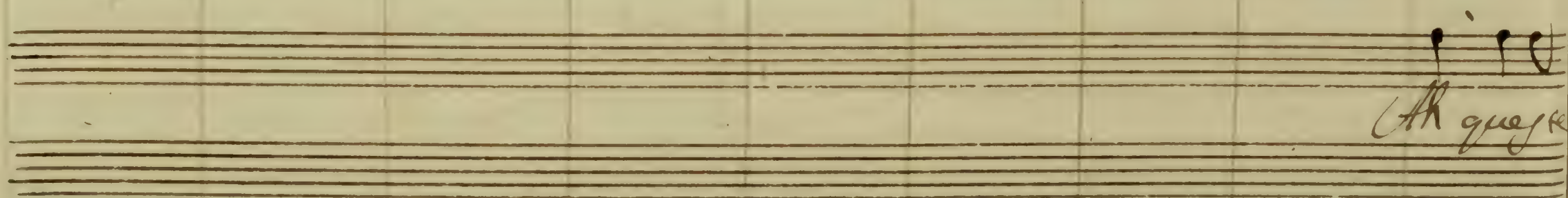
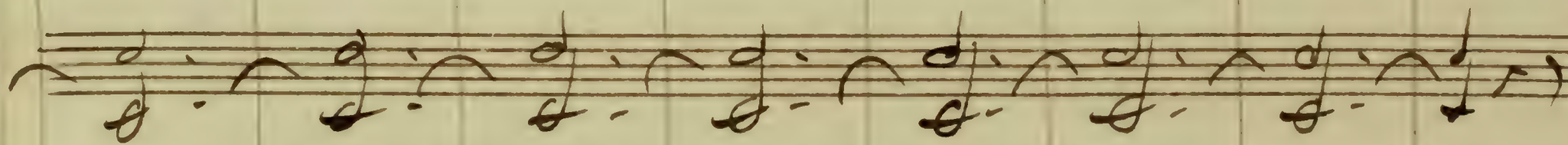
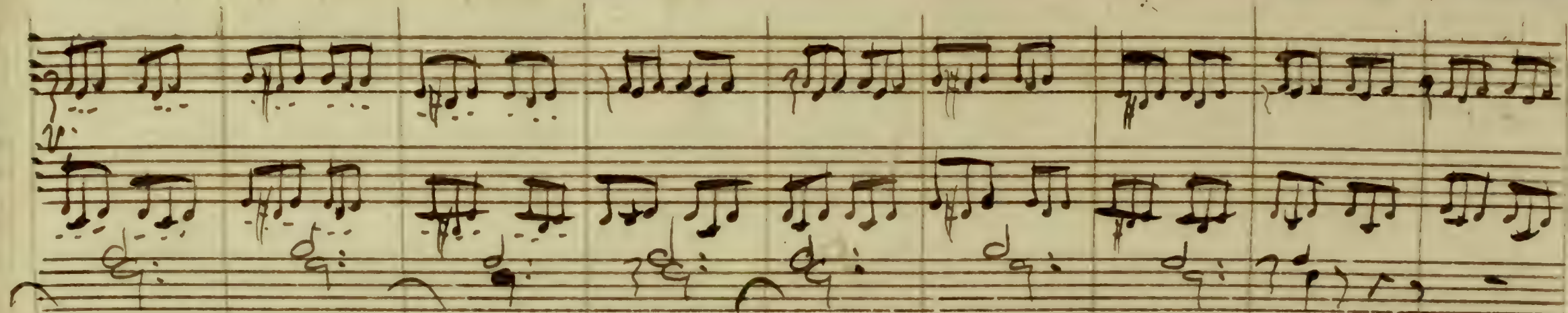
And

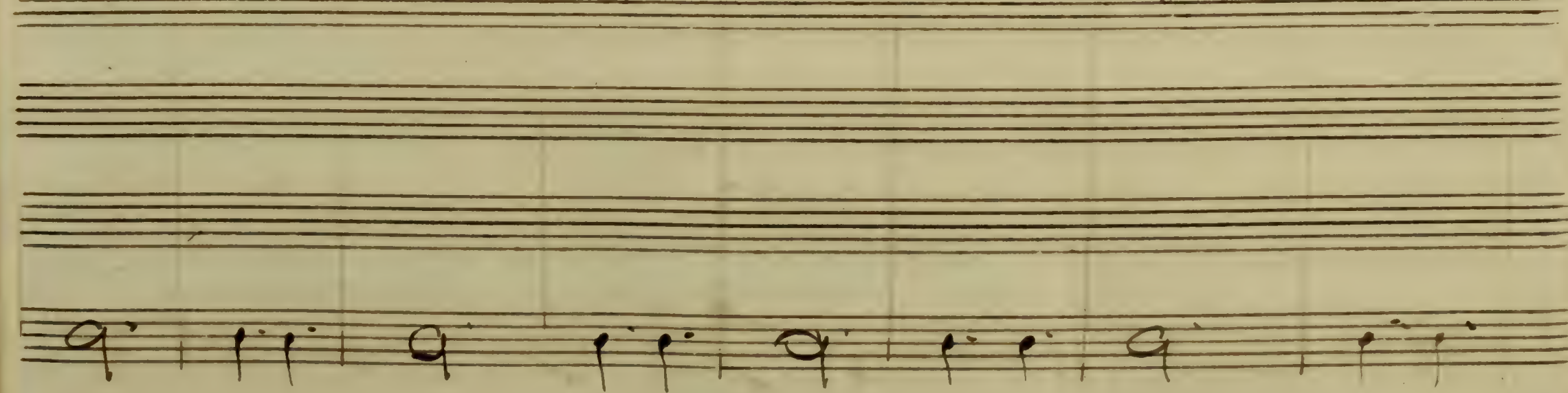
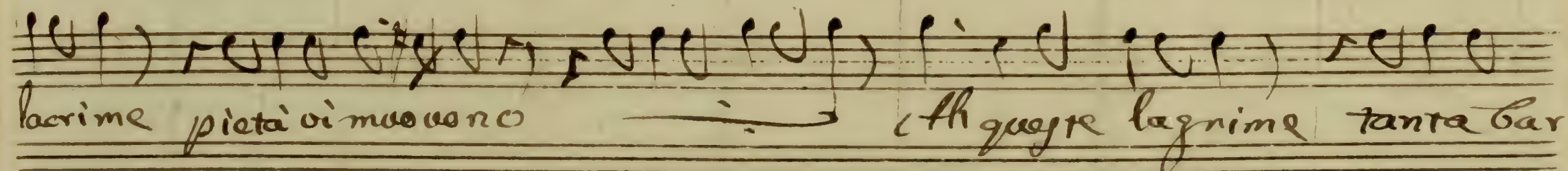
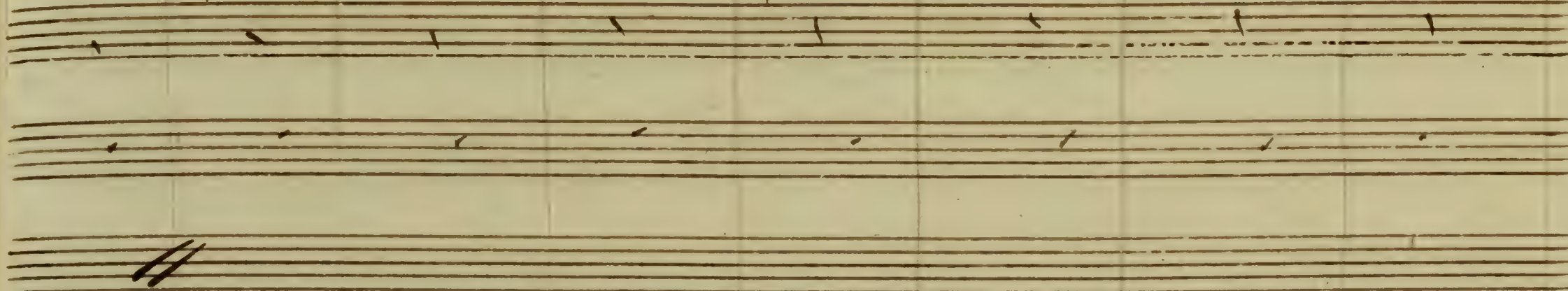
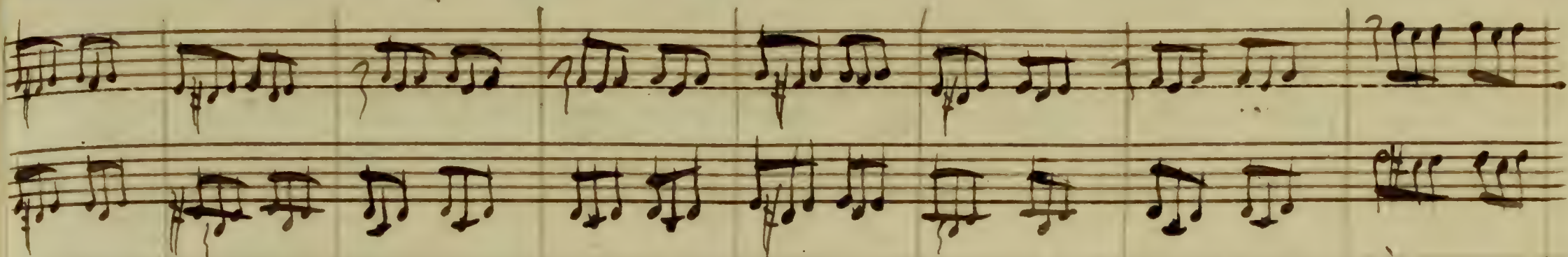
No' nonon m'agciogliere

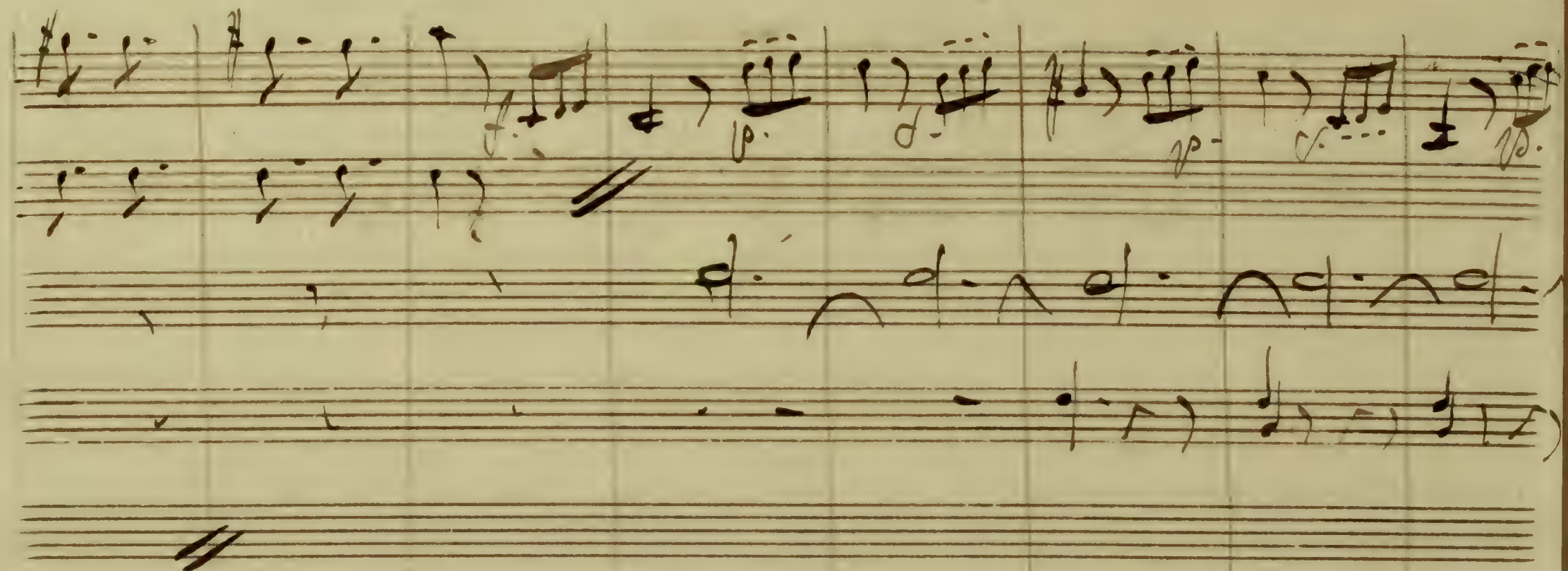


a Dineur. *al conte* *a Dineur*
Signò tu regale non mi ciegliore Signò tu regale

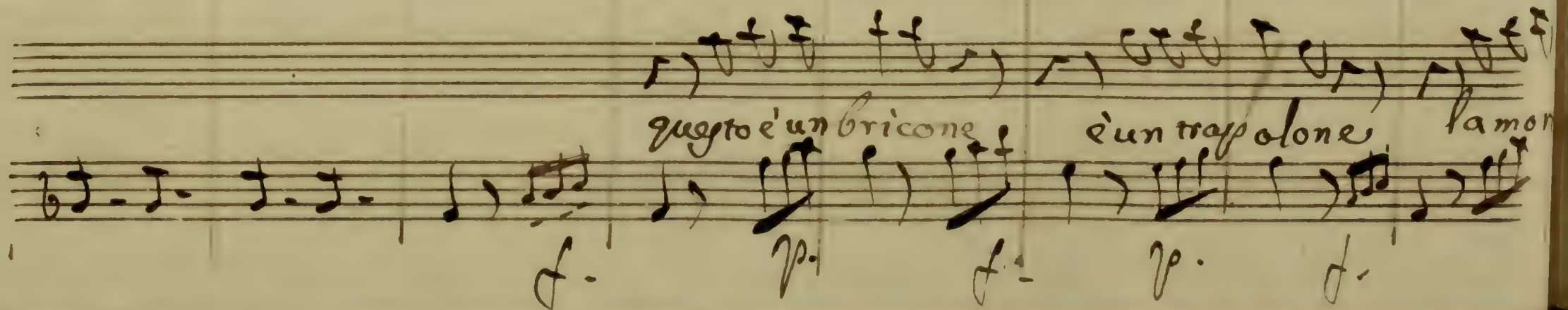


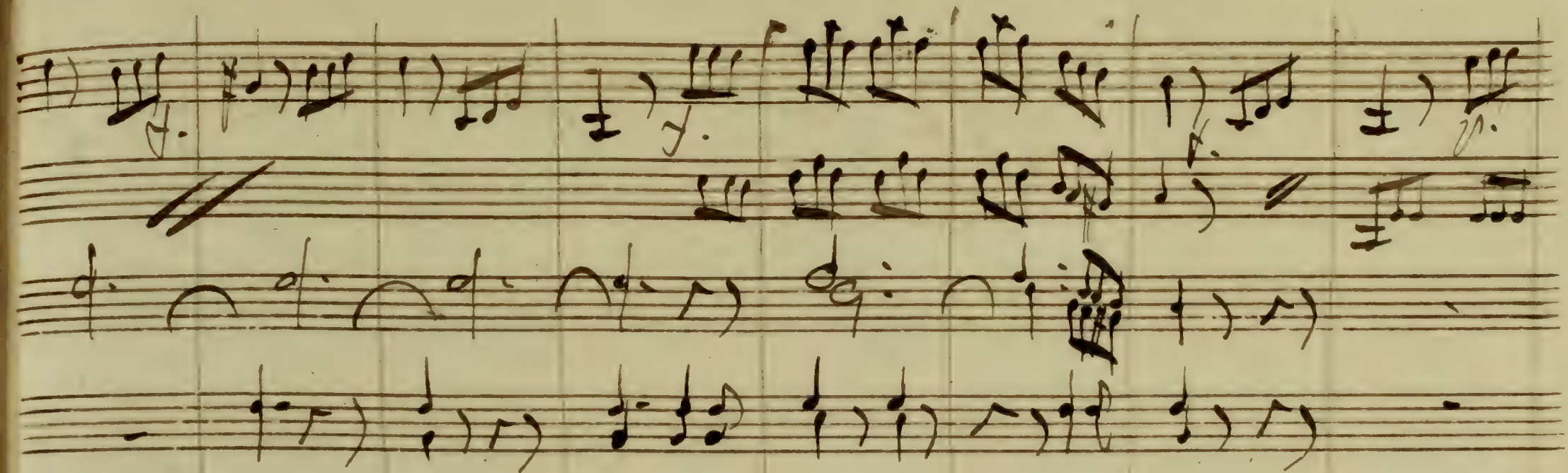






barie Signor perche





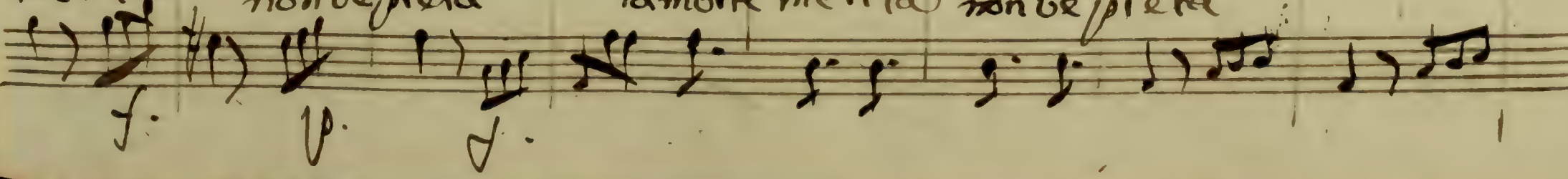
Conte

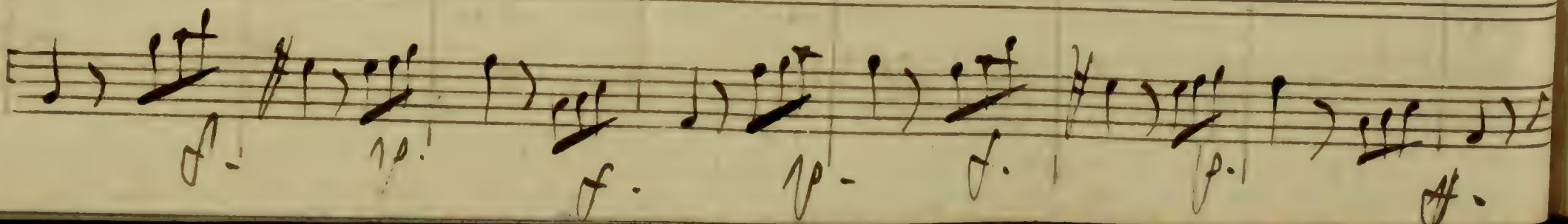
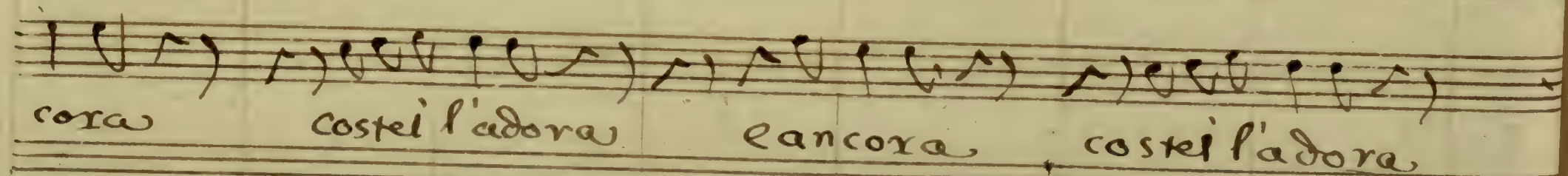
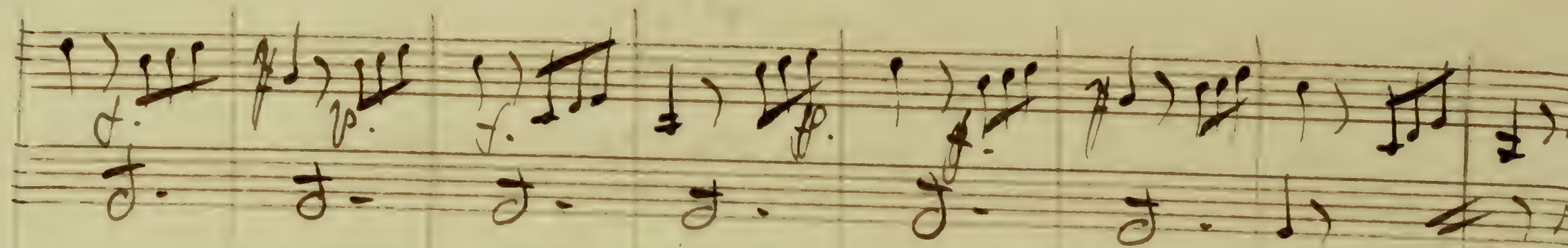
Messa

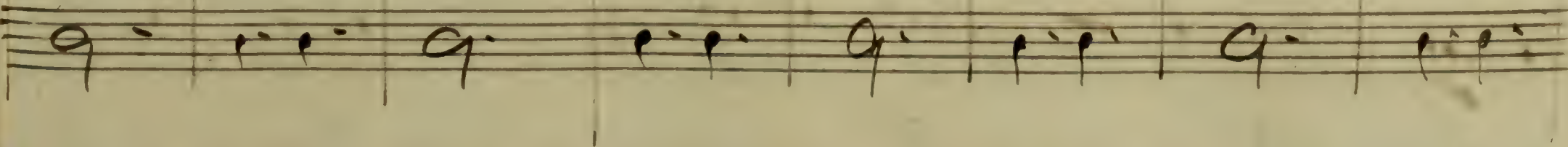
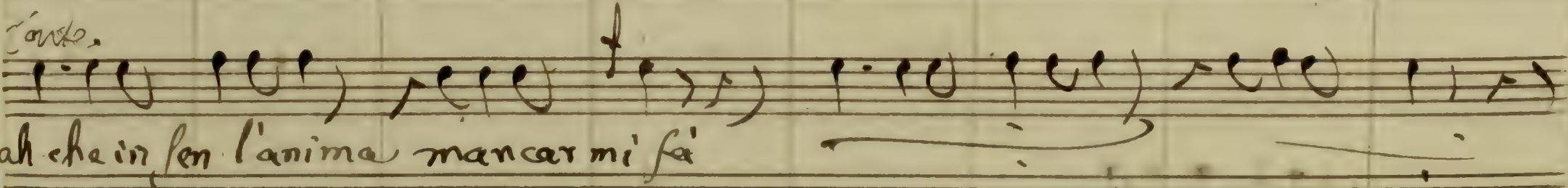
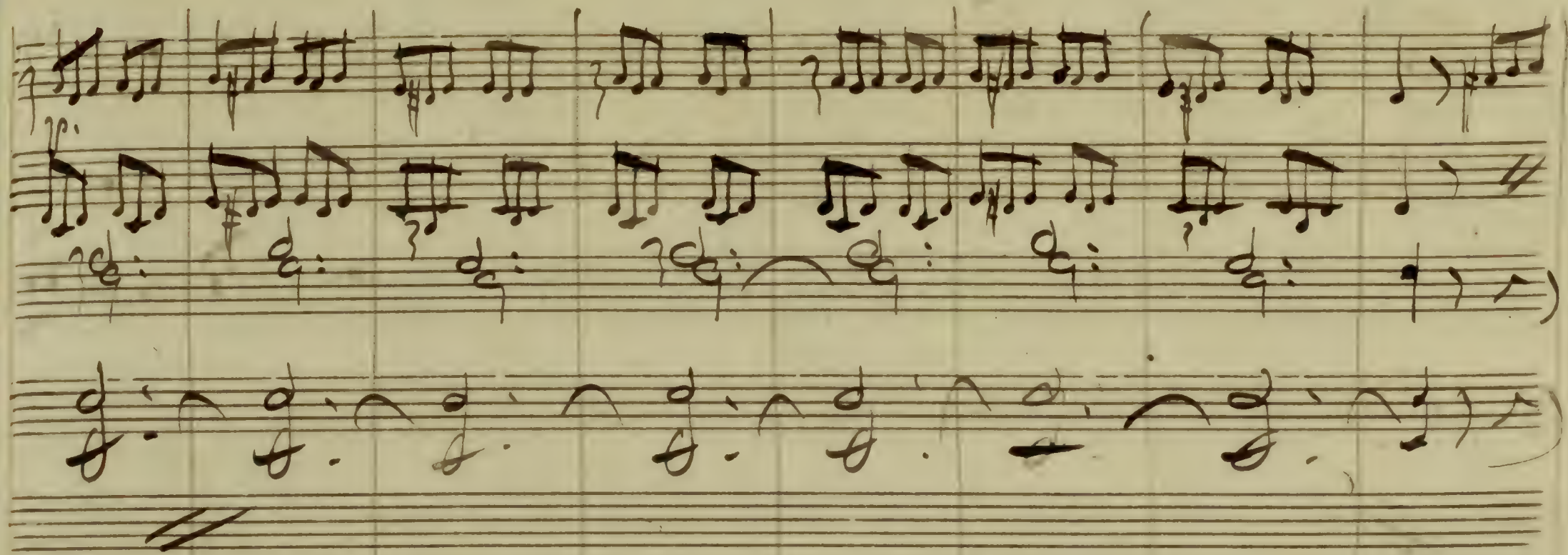
Ch. Humican

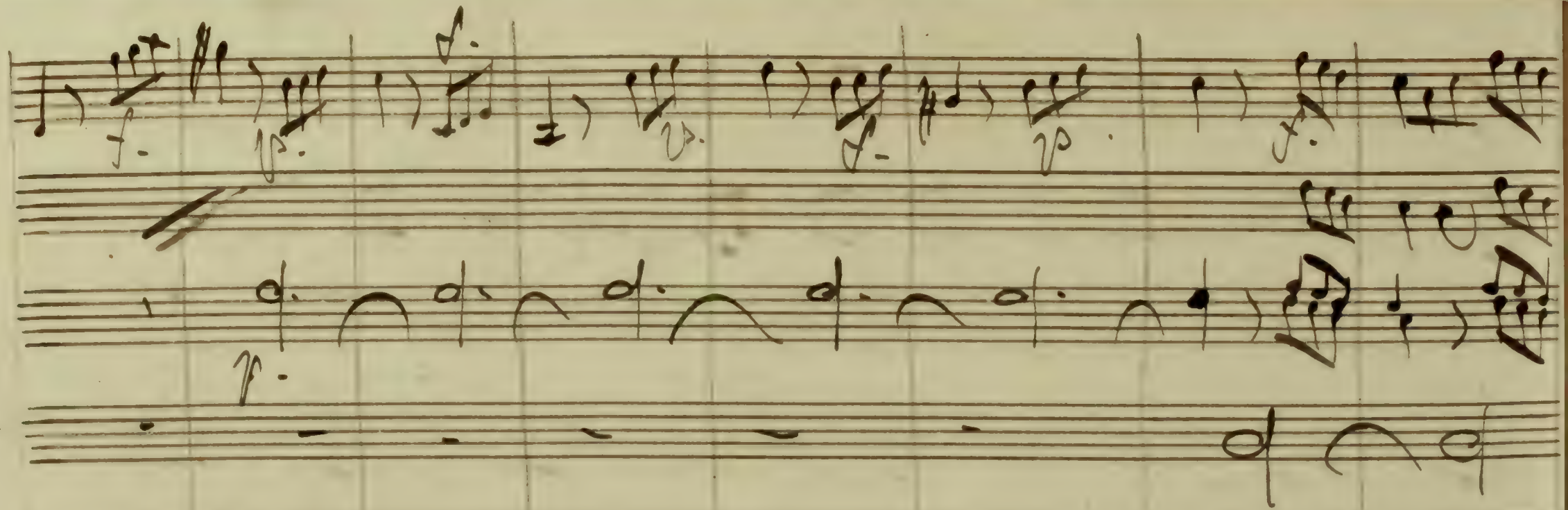


merita non uè pieta' la morte merita non uè pieta'







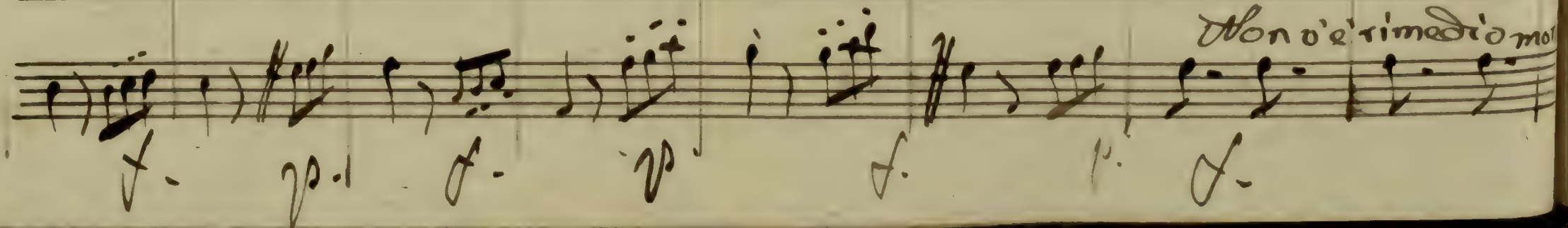


Non c'è più niente
Signor placatevi

Don

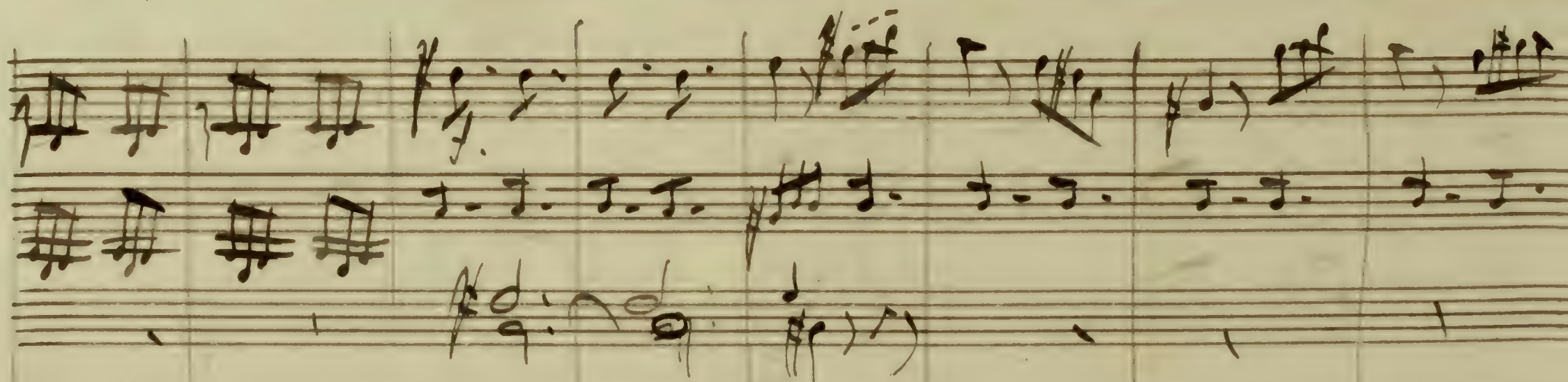
Non c'è più
Bellezza Carina

Non c'è più



tu prieshera lo tira =

bra no' uè rimedio moridoura

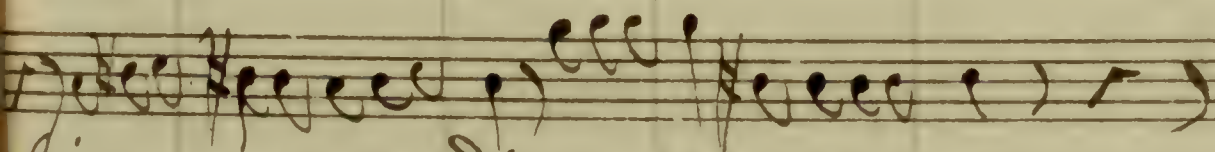
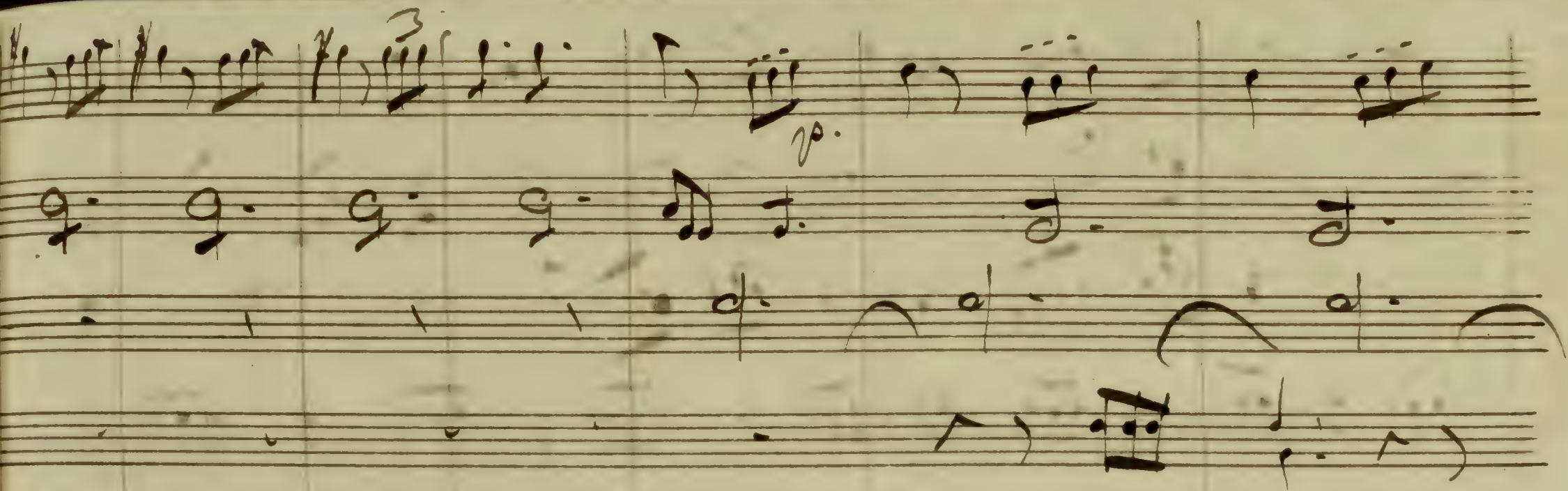


al Sullerato

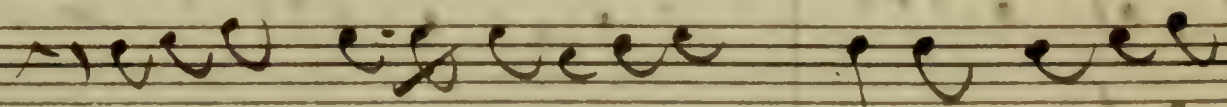
pie de e ncoppa il boja staa fateca



quello



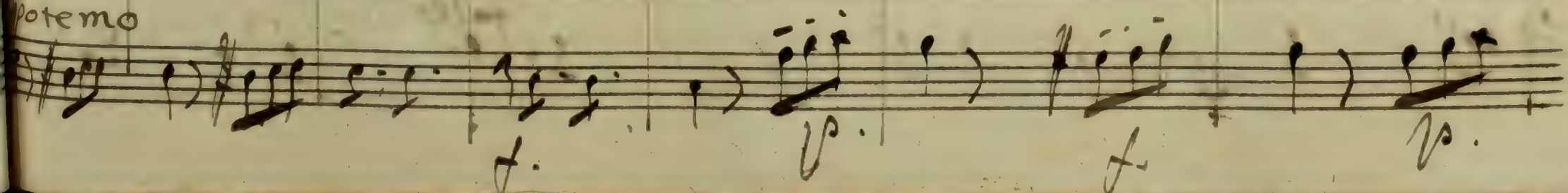
Rei pur Congiura Corrodime

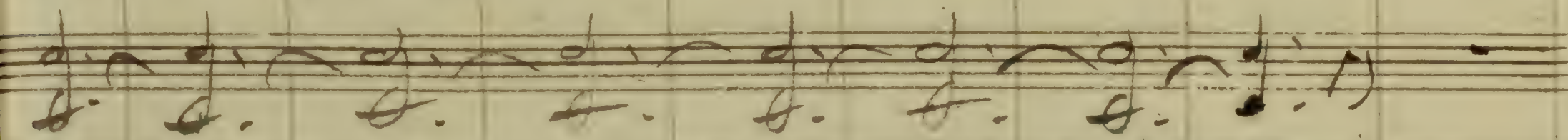
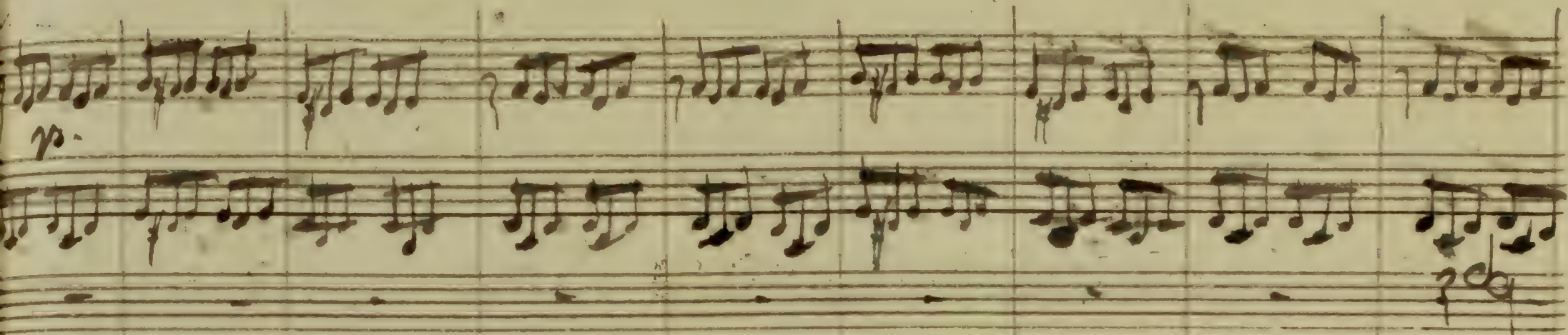


Ah donna perfida per un villano tu cerchi in

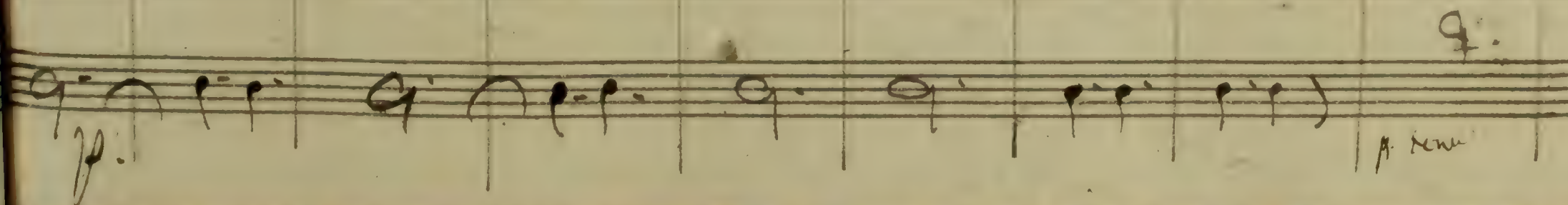
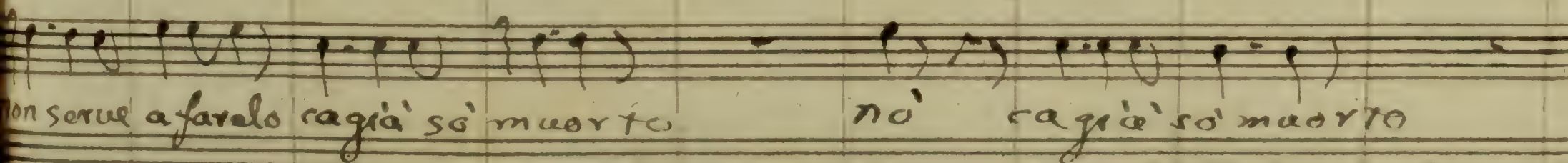


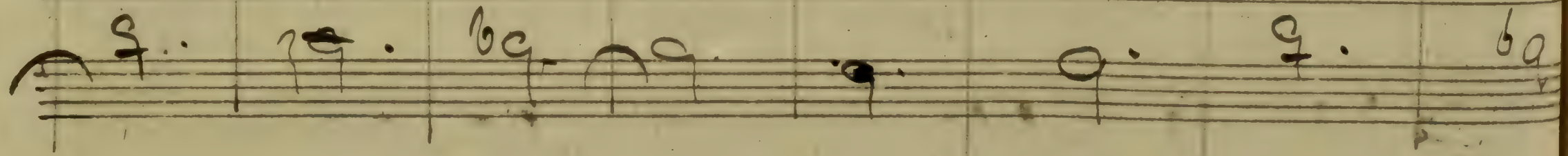
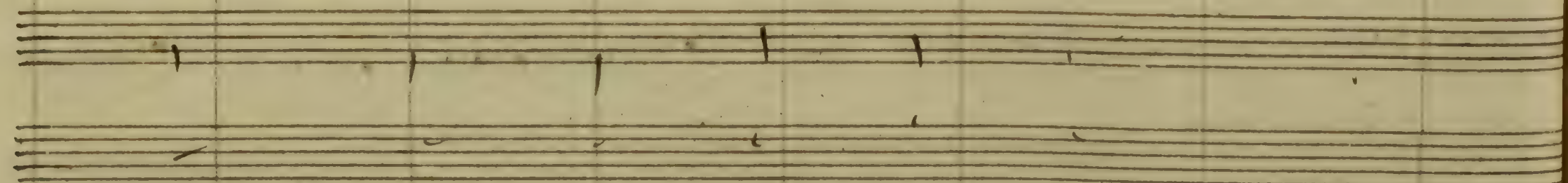
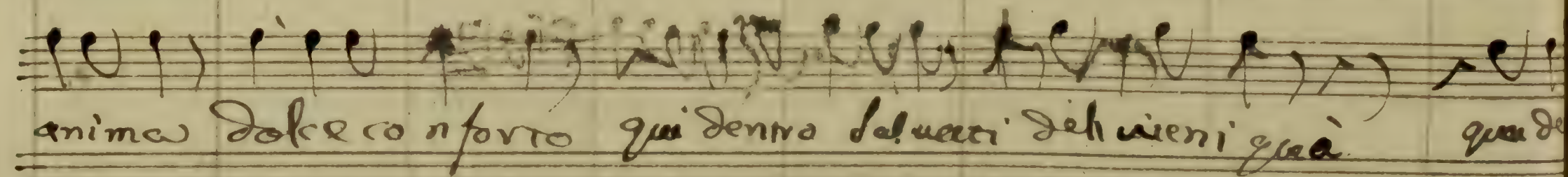
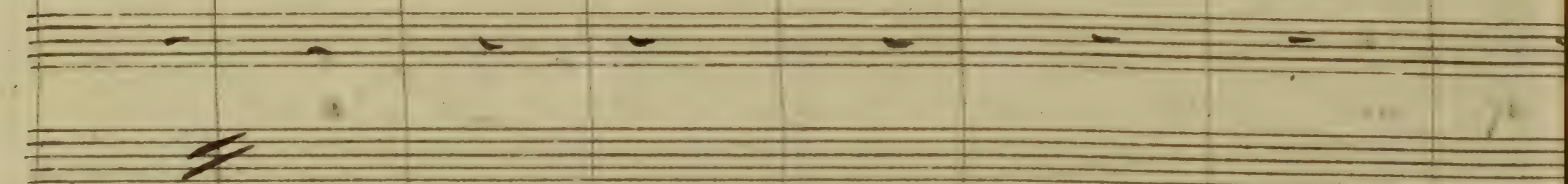
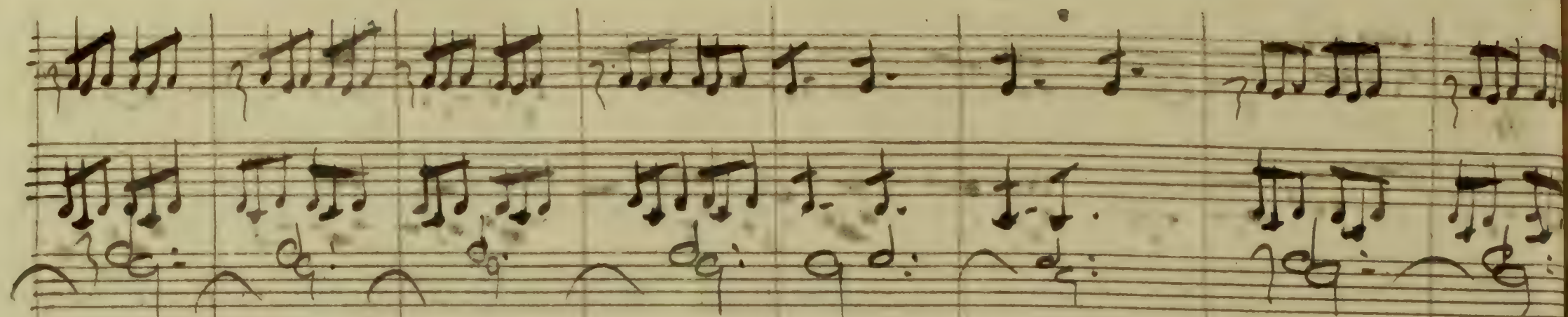
potemo





al di qua' r'



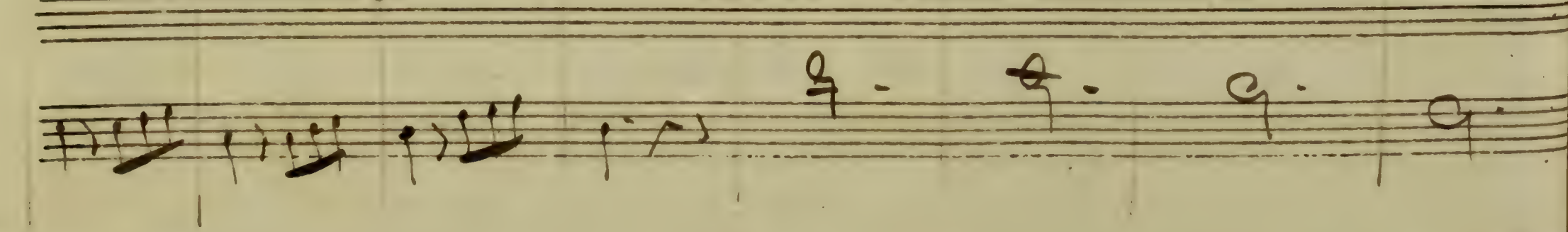
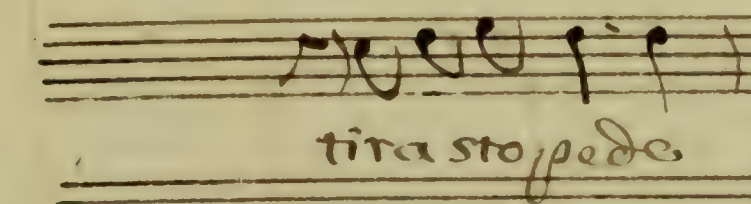
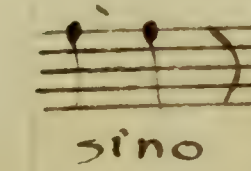
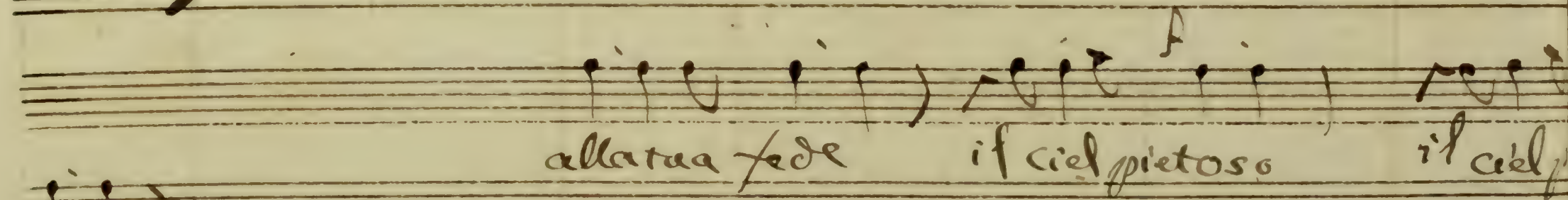
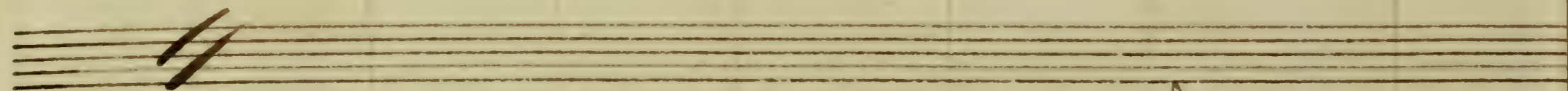
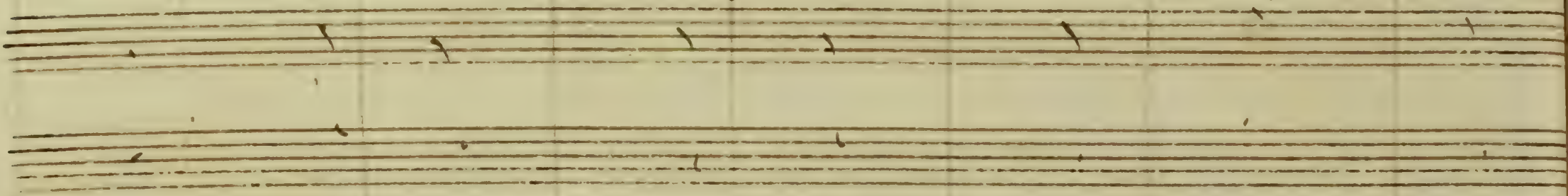
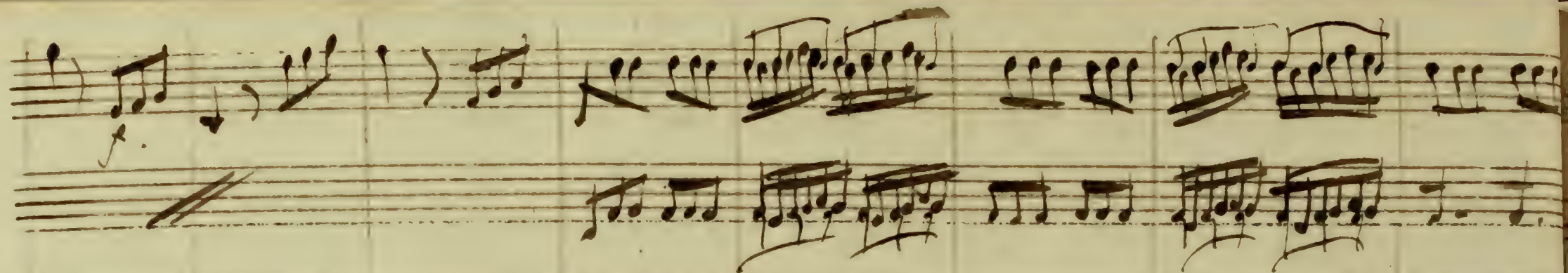


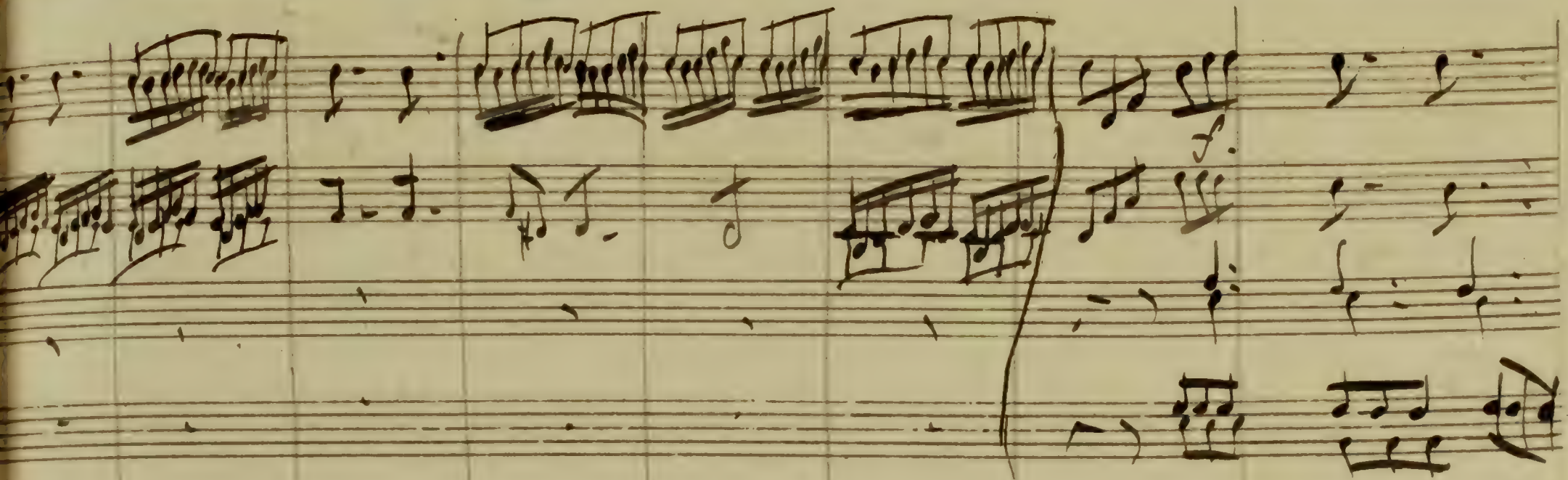
Salvati deh vieni qua

tira sto pede

laeroa

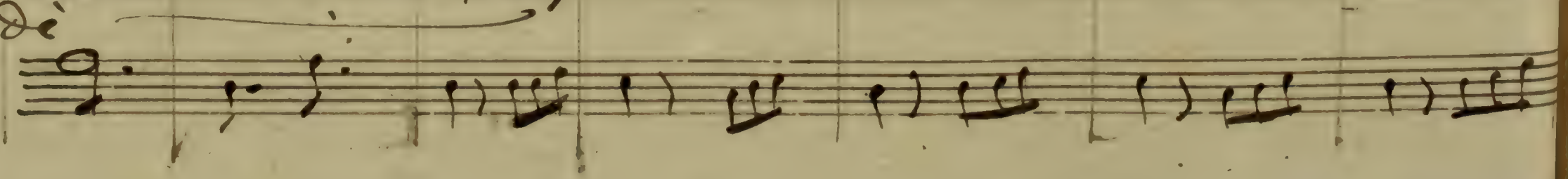
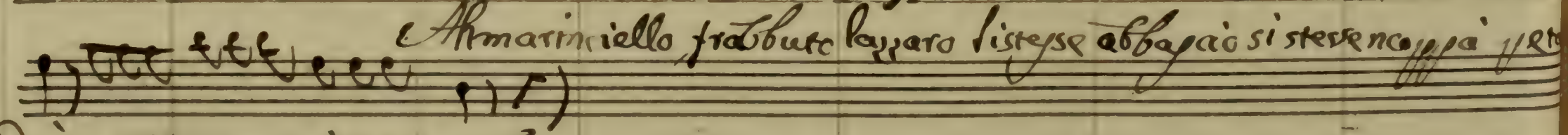
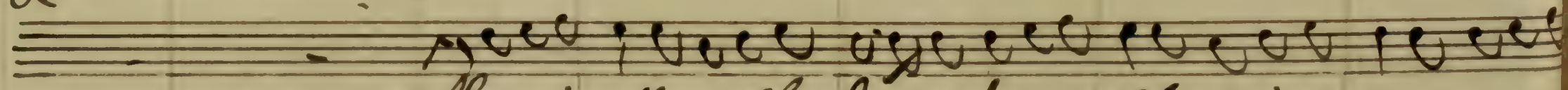
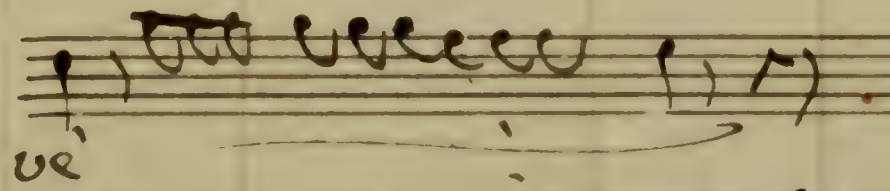
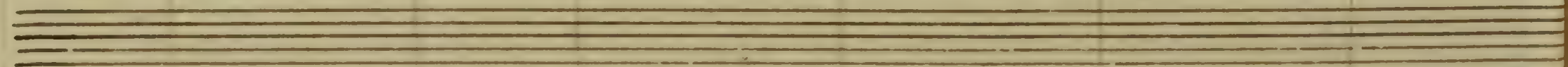
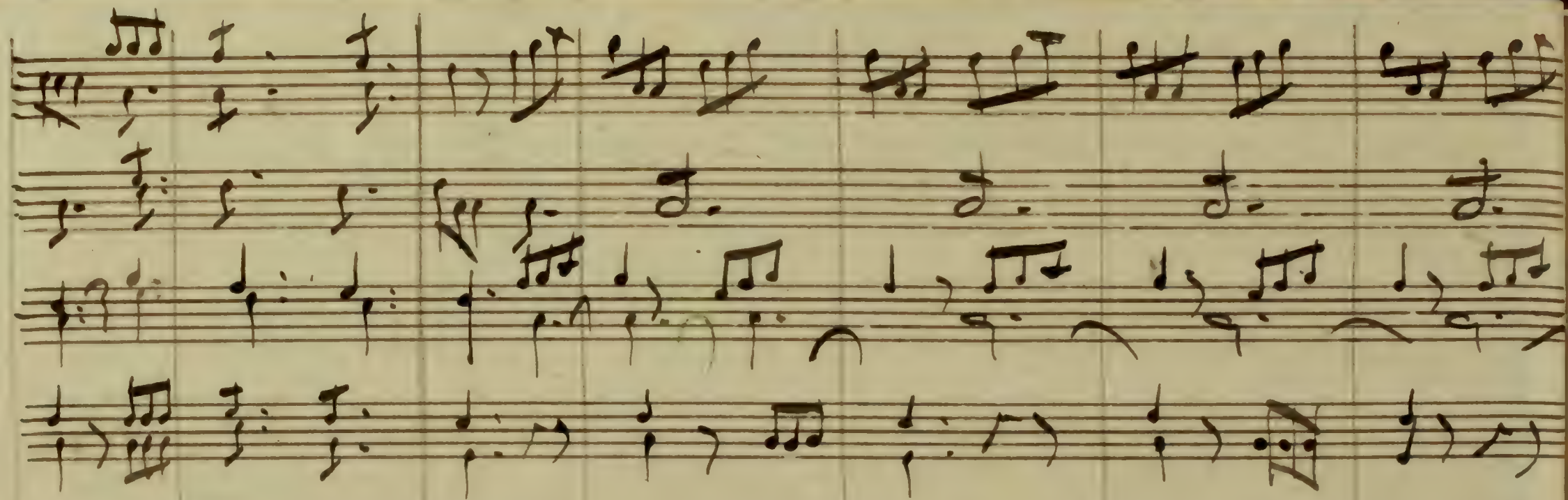
eth malandino

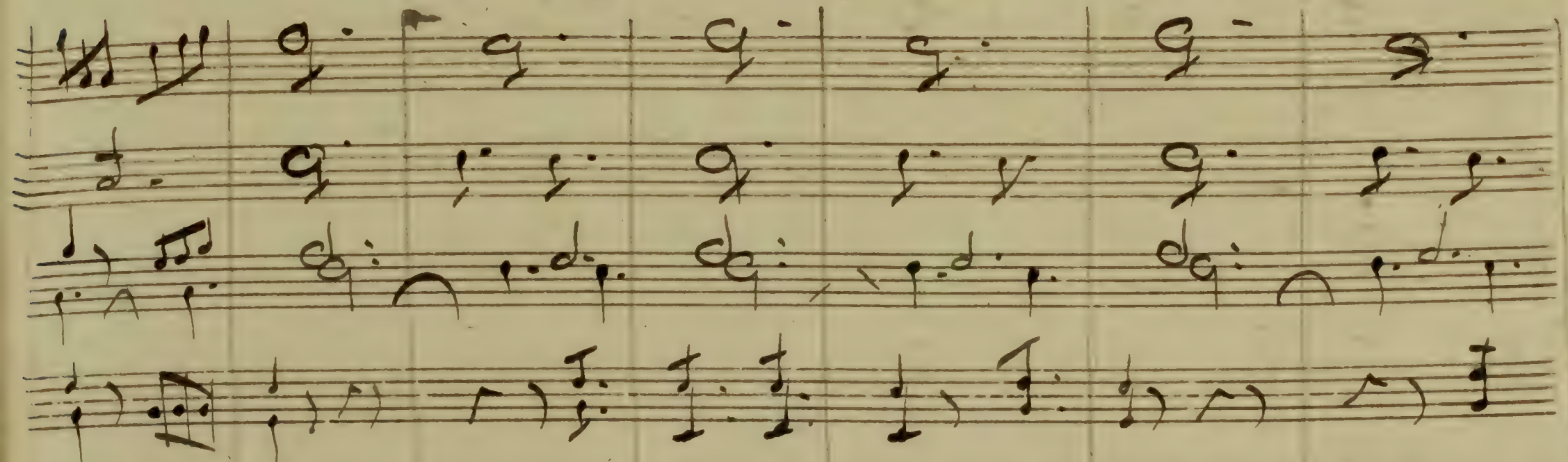




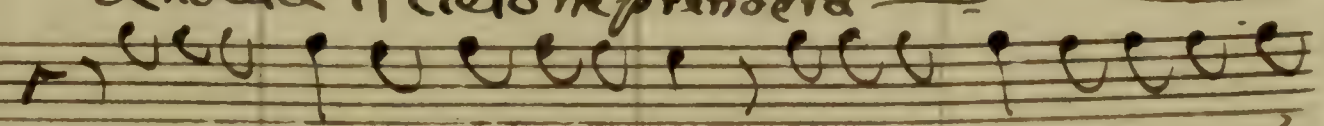
tosò donò merce il ciel pretoso donò merce
ch'cuor più perfido del suo non

Partachia barbarase pò
g. g. g. g. g.





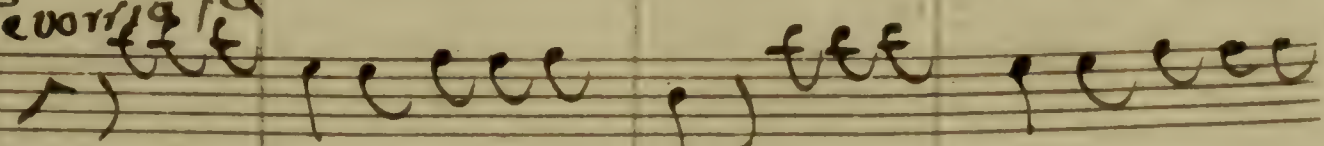
uendera il cielo ne prendera



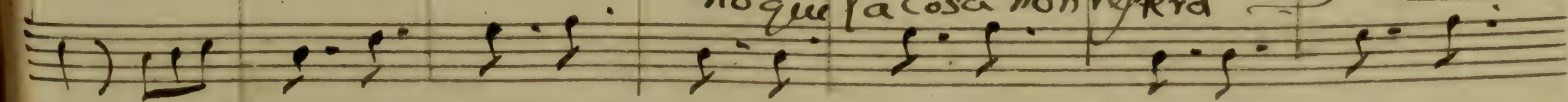
no què la cosa non repera

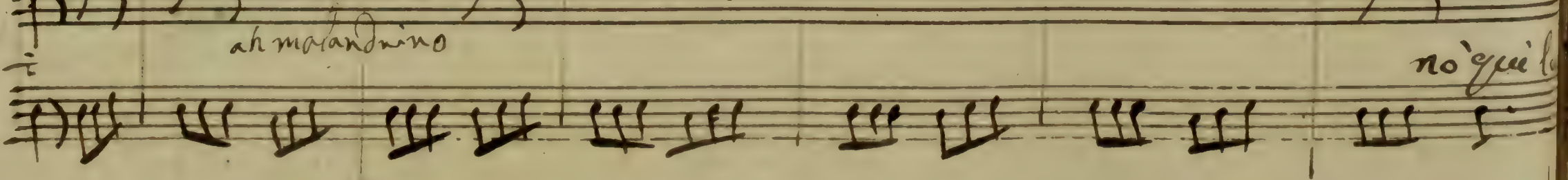
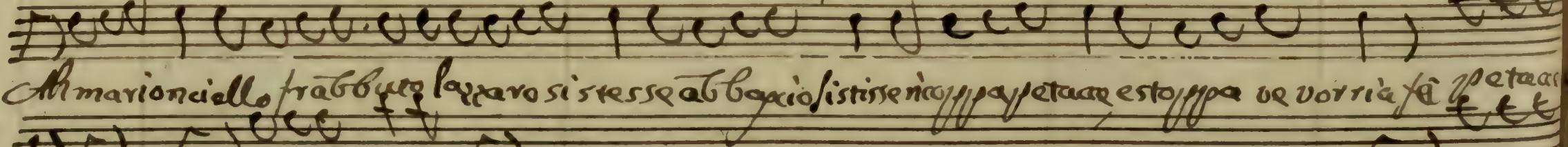
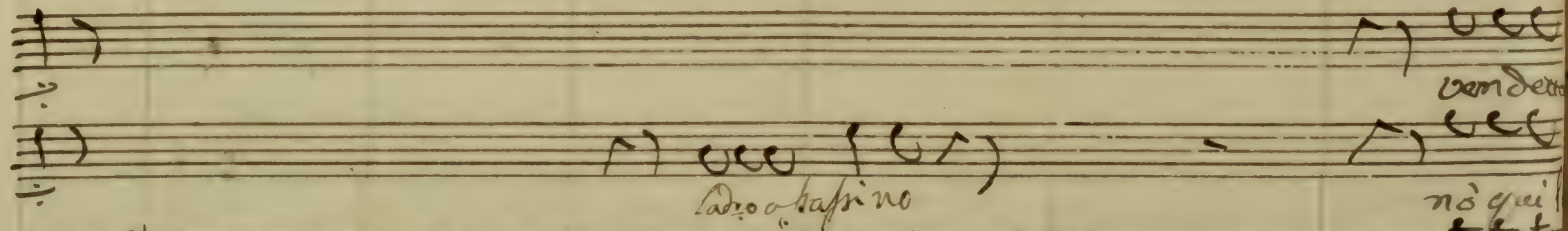
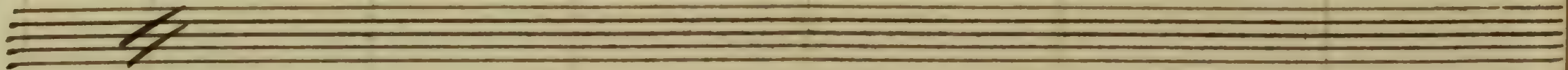
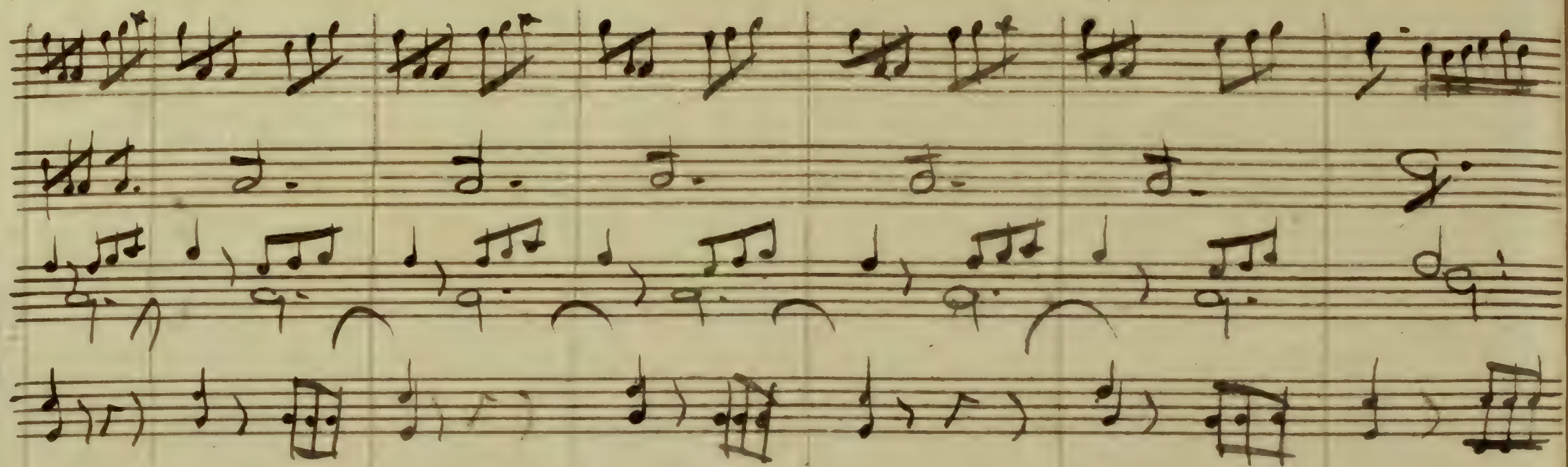


stoppanè vorria fa' petacco e stoppanè vorria fa'



no què la cosa non repera





Handwritten musical score on five staves. The first two staves feature dense, rapid sixteenth-note passages. The third staff contains a series of dotted rhythms. The fourth staff has a double bar line followed by a few notes. The fifth staff is empty.

Handwritten musical score on five staves with Italian lyrics. The notation consists of rhythmic patterns of vertical strokes and beams, with some notes indicated by dots. The lyrics are written below the staves.

cielo ne prenderà — ne prenderà —

cosa non resterà — no resterà

stoppa ne vorrà fa' — ne vorrà fa'

cosa non resterà — non resterà

Jena XVII

Scia:

Sciarappa, e

mpoma vota reuota

e sempre co sto Caorio stia

Canmetella

Can:

rato Co la Conciaria

era su' poco chia chiare anna -

scunete sotto a cheta vota ca uo ntramente site pozzo fare

Scia:

credere pe lo Conte

no m malora penza a farne scappai

Can:

zitto

ca sento veni gente da cca' mpizzate sotto

Scia:

Scena XV II

ogni è traghuto into a la uolta

Conte: Di Tyrone

e Sciarappa

Caro Nipote

lascia di io ti stringa al mio matern

Con:

leno Ah caro zio

lasciate pur che sulla man di imprime

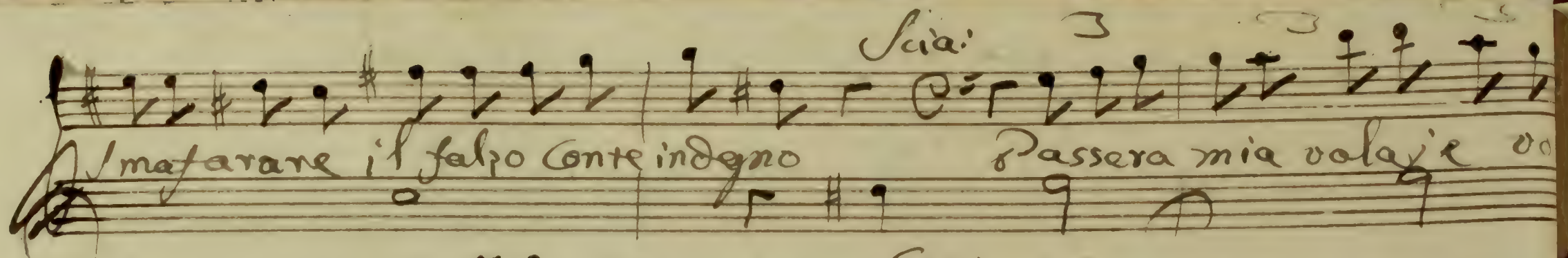
Peneri baci

ah lascia queste cordiali alle cature del tuo

Core

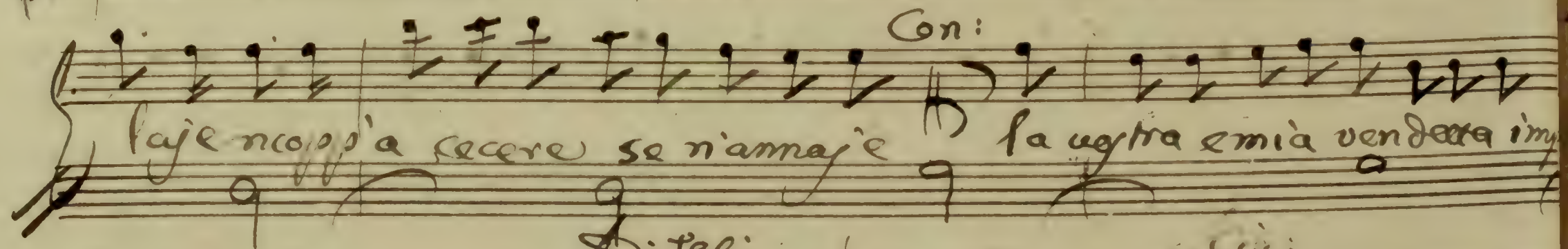
e al superbo acciaio pericholo il tuo Regno di

Scia: 3



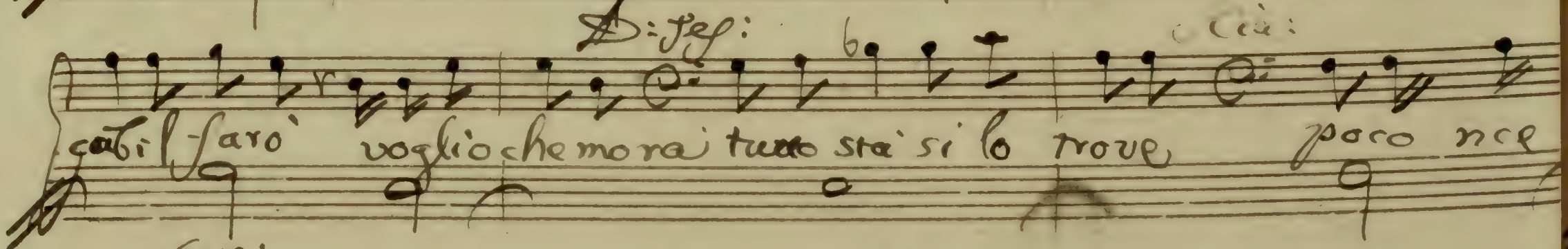
mafarare il falso conte indigno Passera mia volage vo

Con:



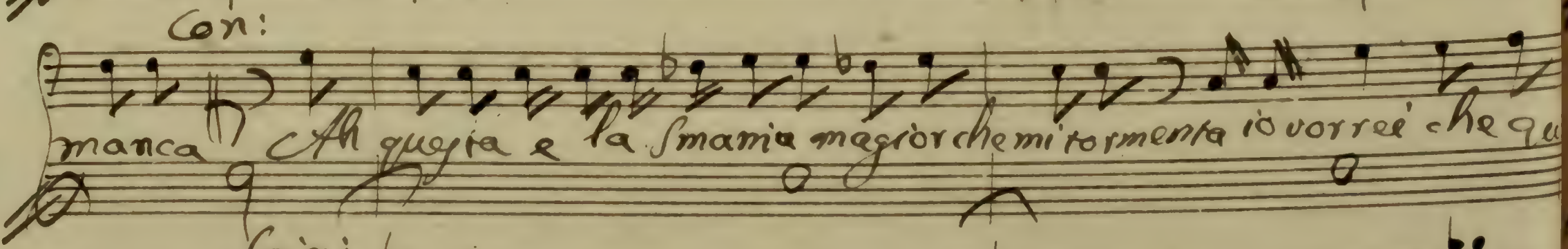
laje nopp'a recere se n'annaj'e la uetra emia vendetta im

Di: fef: 6



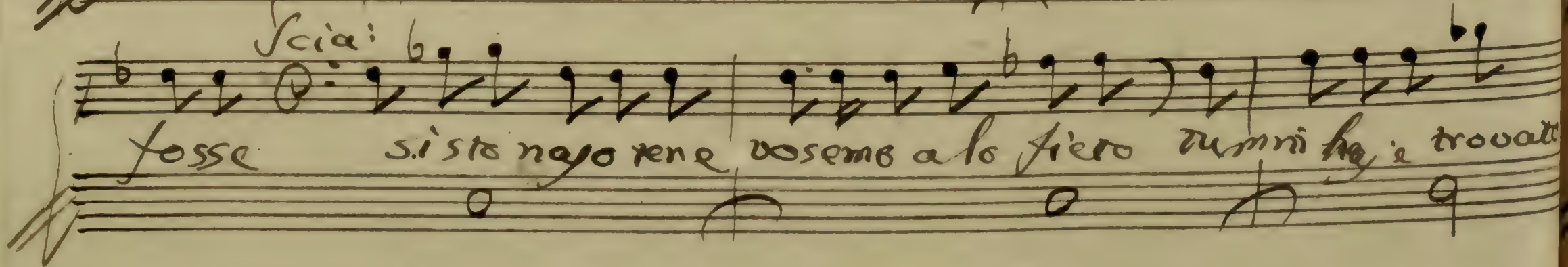
cabil faro voglio che mora i tuo sta si lo trove poco nce

Con:



manca Ah quejta e la smania maggior che mi tormenta io vorrei che qu

Scia: 6



fosse si ste najo tene vosemo a lo fiero rumri ha e trovato

D: fef: b
buono uh bene mio si l'aggio sott'a st'ogne voglio co sto stel-

Scia:
letto Comè donco à sta volta darle myiello mmalora e

D: fef: b
ghiyto sca becino vonno fa' Consiglio de guerra orqu' ni-

potte già le guardie stano attorno a la taverna isse non pò scap-

Con: D: fef: b
pa' Cerro si cerchi si trafigga l'indigno no vogl'

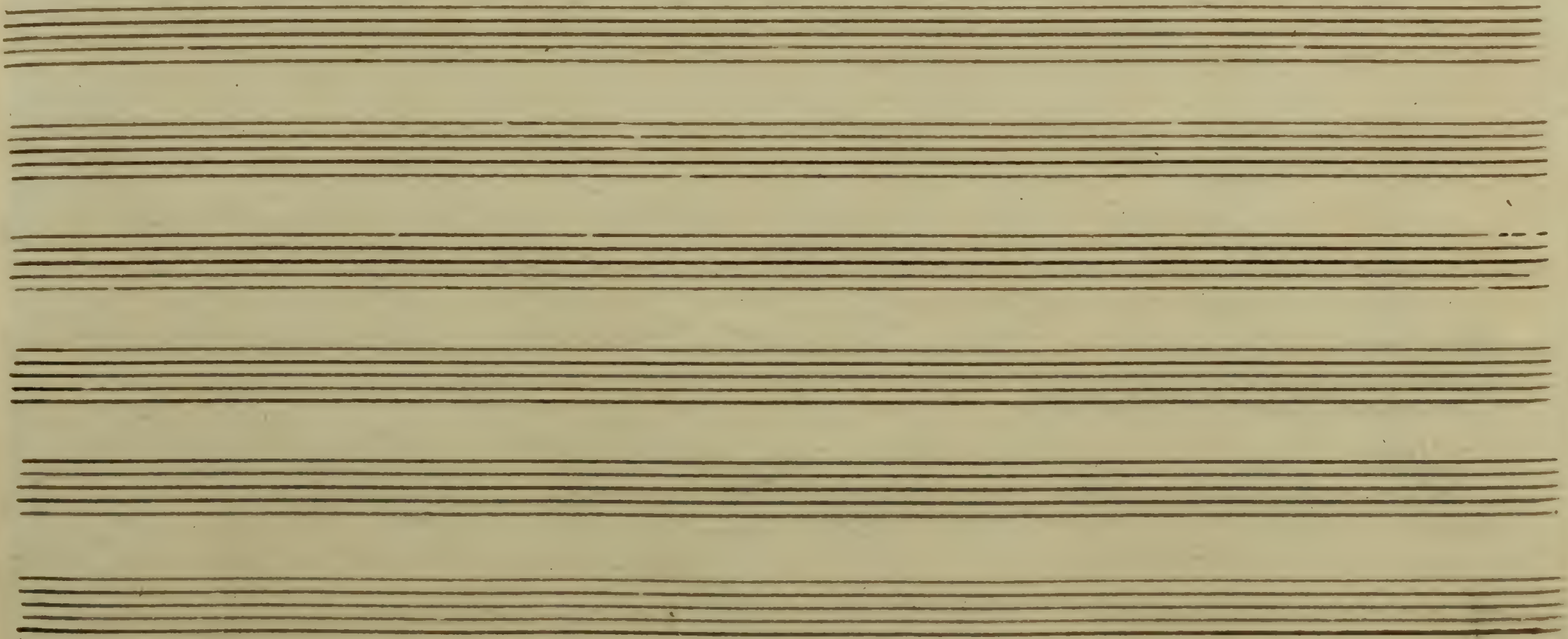
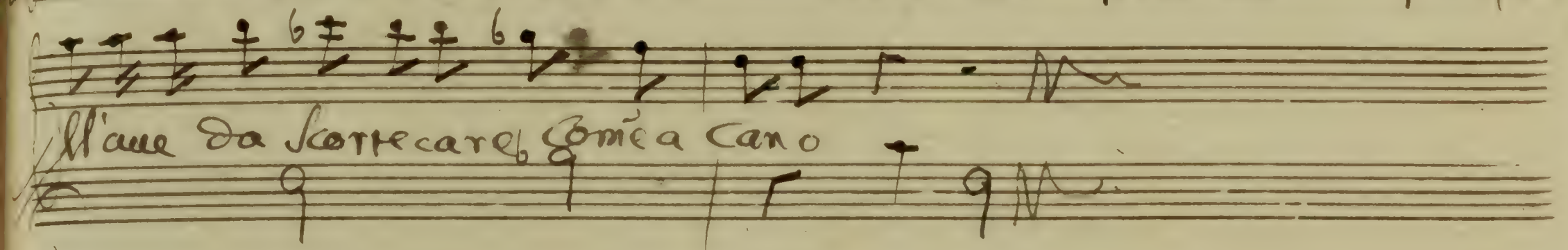
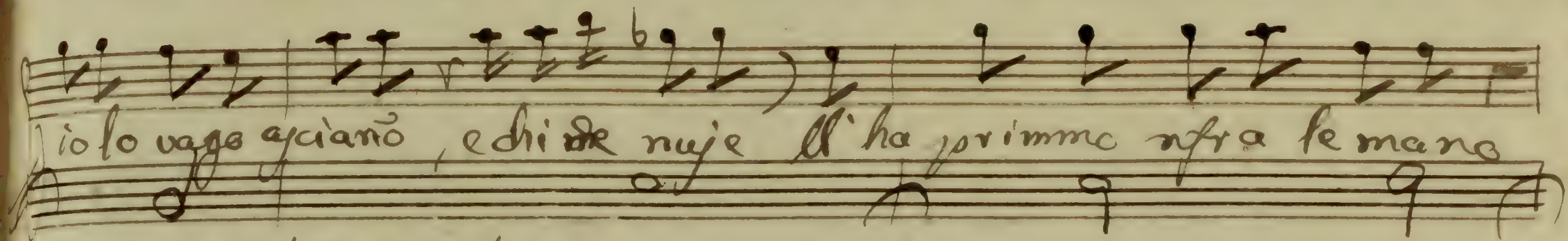
Con:
io farle la terra scuyame scuyate dogl'io passar li il

♩: fef: Con:
core ch questo poi perdonami a me tocca perdo-

Scia!
natemi tocca a me questo e non me chiamarisse e de

barba tutte duje vi la bonora si la pigliano puro neri

♩: fef:
monia Orzù fa tu na cosa statte cca' de chiatone co



Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. The notation includes a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a common time signature (C). The music consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and rests. The notation is somewhat dense and appears to be a single melodic line.

violini

Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a common time signature (C). The notation shows a single note followed by a double bar line, indicating a measure of rest.

Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a common time signature (C). The notation shows a single note followed by a double bar line, indicating a measure of rest.

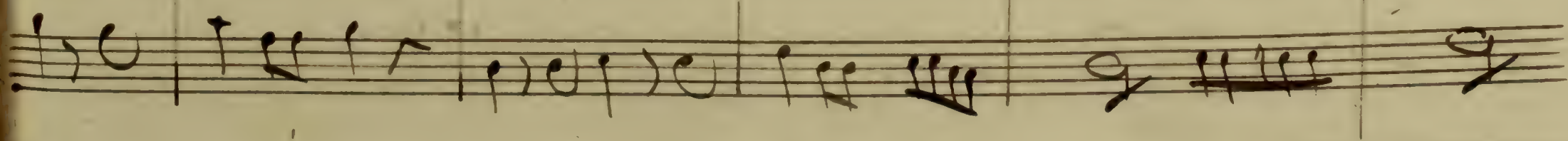
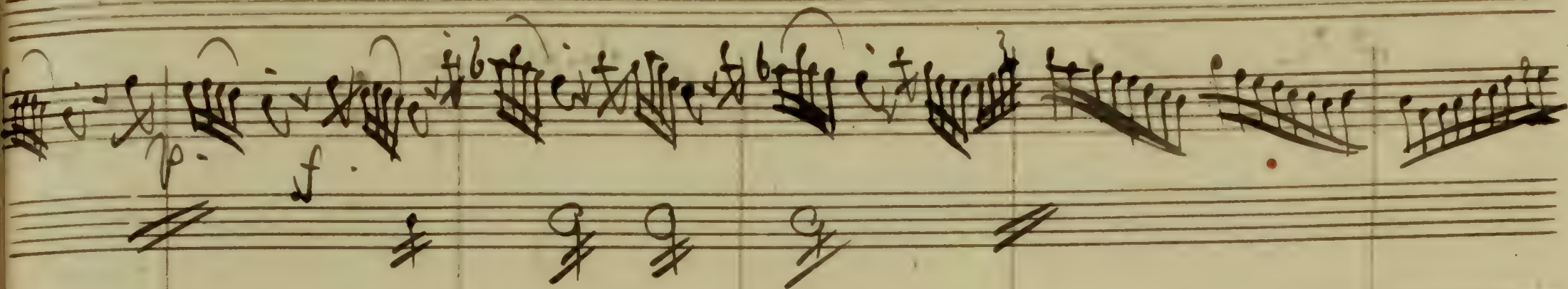
Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a common time signature (C). The notation shows a single note followed by a double bar line, indicating a measure of rest.

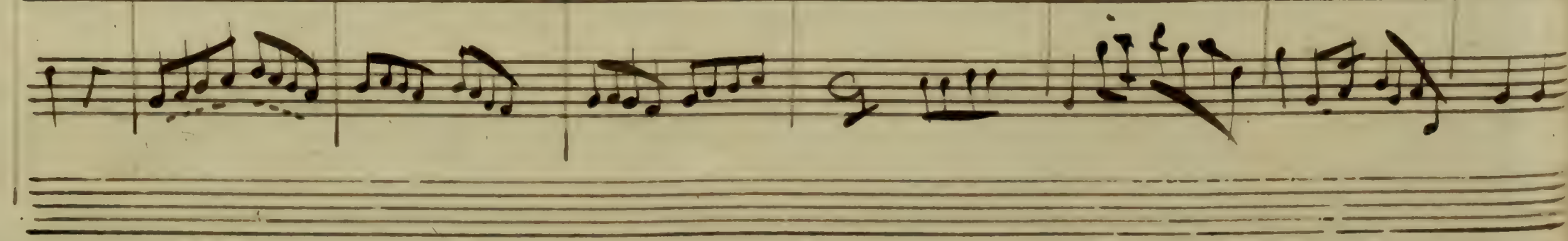
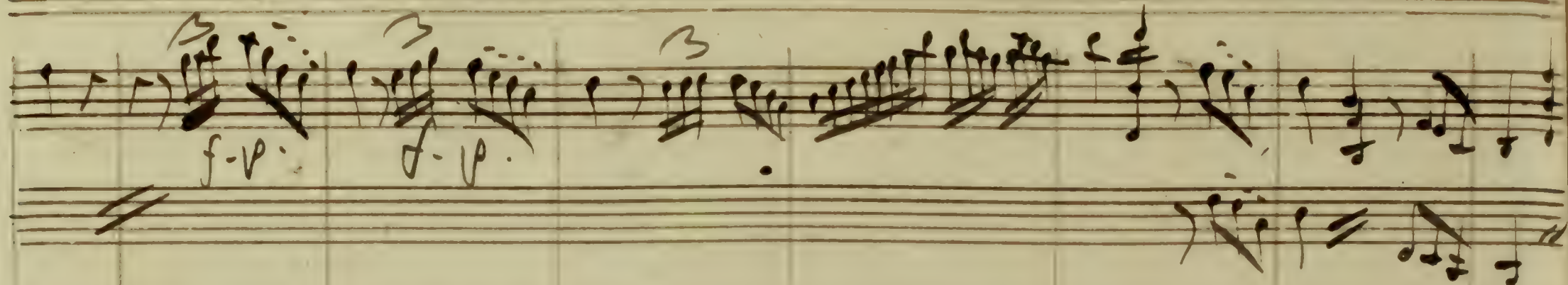
Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a common time signature (C). The notation shows a single note followed by a double bar line, indicating a measure of rest.

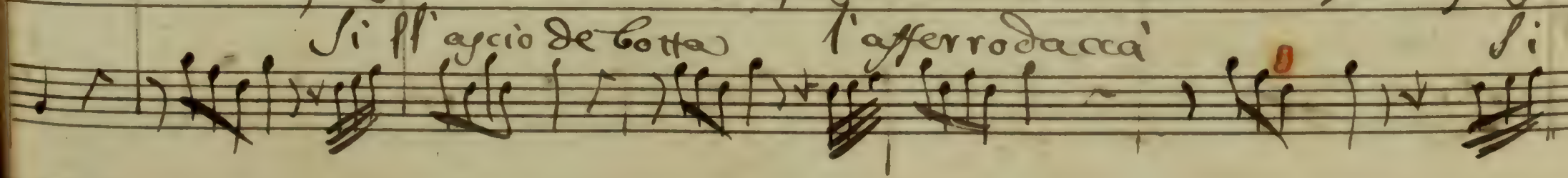
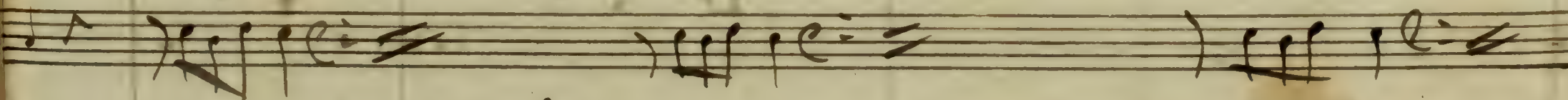
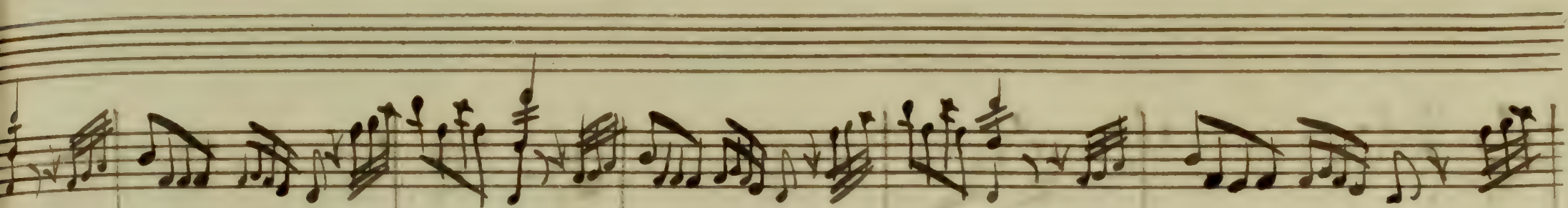
Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. The notation includes a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a common time signature (C). The music consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and rests. The notation is somewhat dense and appears to be a single melodic line.

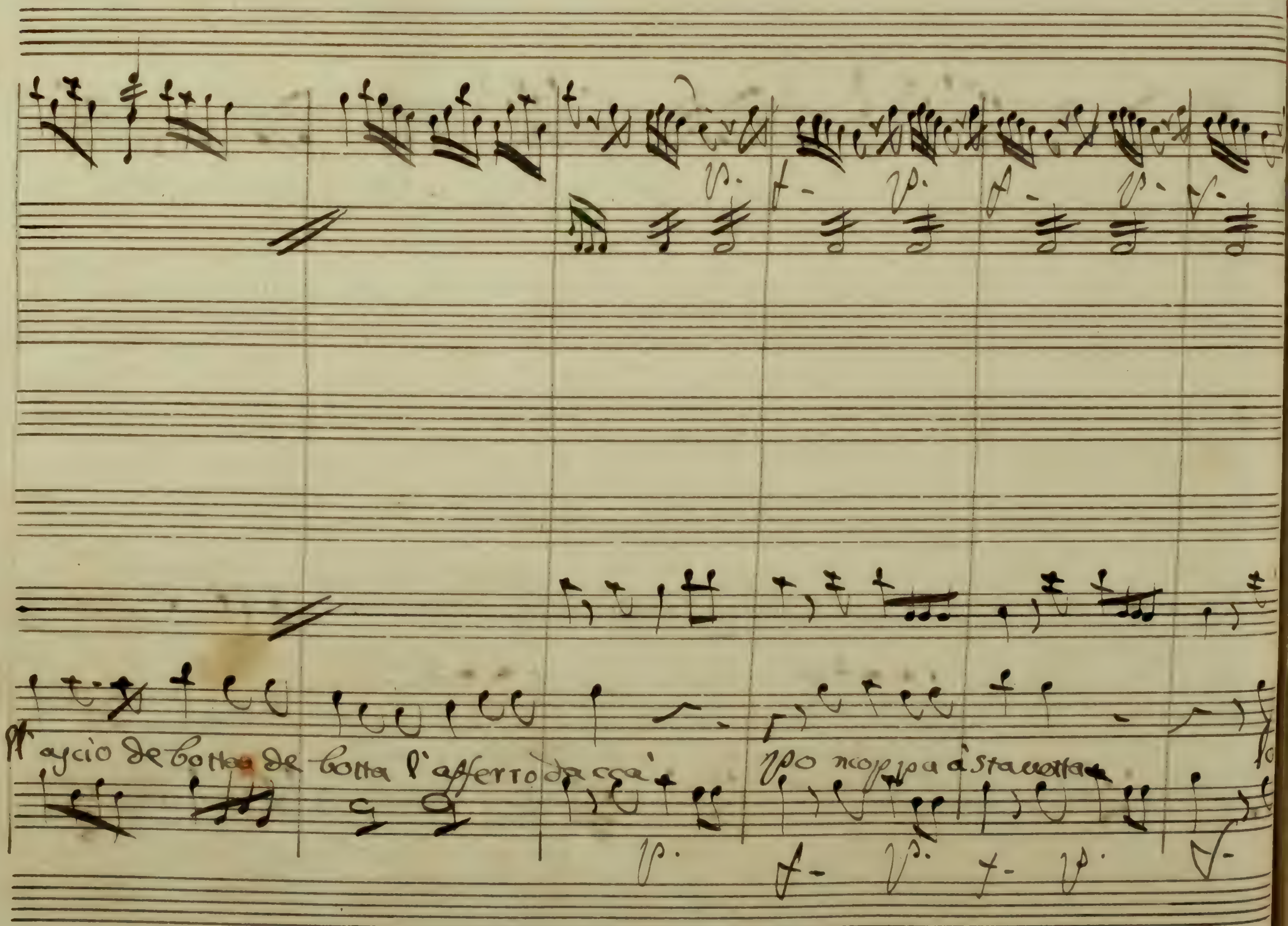
Violone & Cello

Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. The notation includes a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a common time signature (C). The music consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together, and rests. The notation is somewhat dense and appears to be a single melodic line.







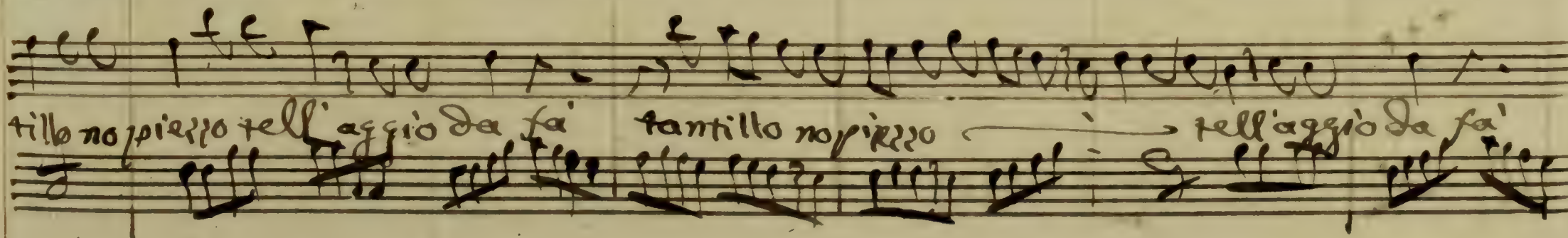
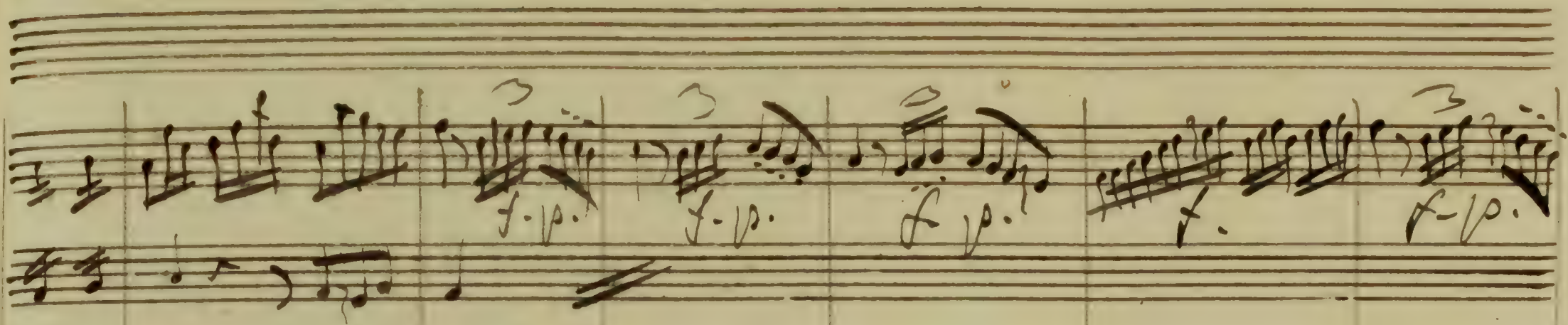


Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff contains complex rhythmic patterns with many beamed notes and rests, including dynamic markings 'f.' and 'p.'. The bottom staff has fewer notes, mostly rests, with some beamed notes at the end.

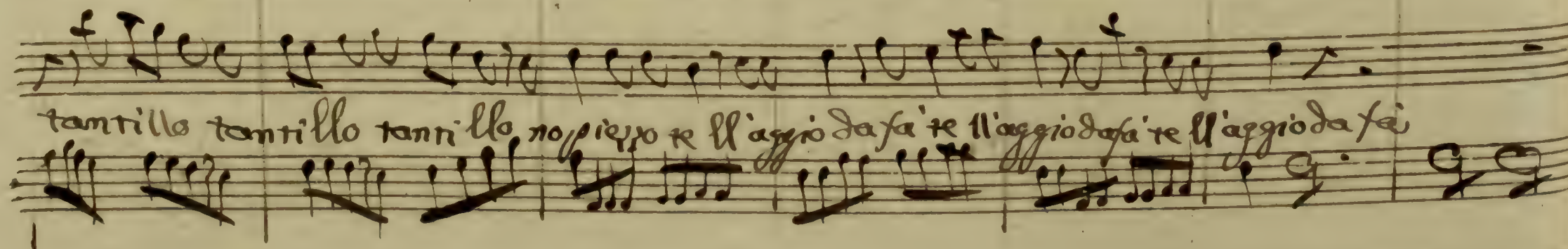
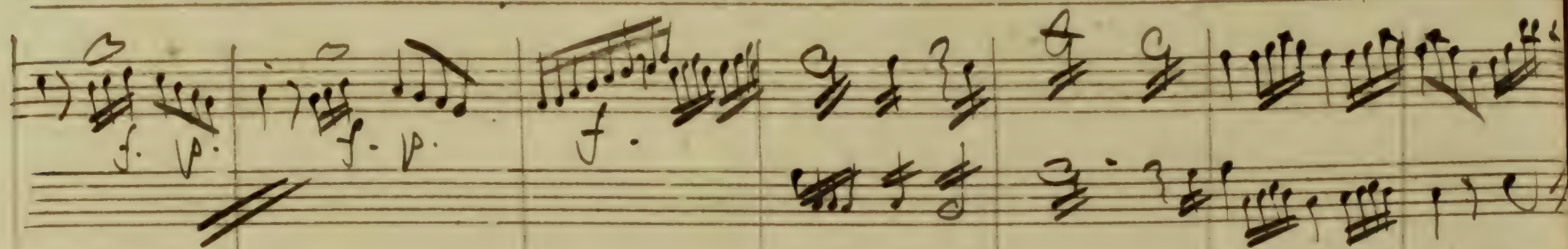
Handwritten musical notation on two staves with Italian lyrics. The top staff has a few notes and rests. The bottom staff has many beamed notes. The lyrics are: "voglio adaccia po ne oppa agguota lo voglio adaccia: Ne' serve chedica cel-". Dynamic markings 'f.' and 'p.' are at the end.

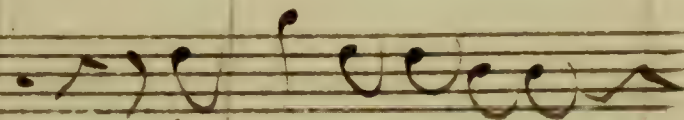
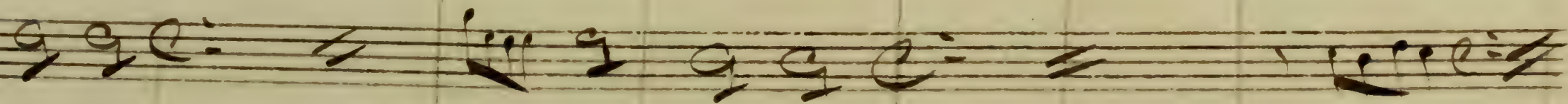
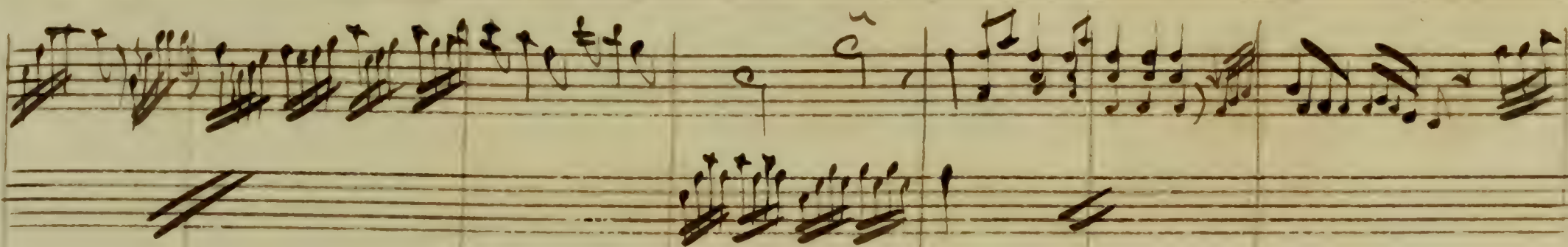
Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. The first staff contains a series of chords and single notes, with dynamic markings *p.*, *f.*, *p.*, *f.*, *p.*, *f.*, and *p.* written below. The second staff contains a series of chords and single notes, with dynamic markings *p.*, *f.*, *p.*, *f.*, *p.*, *f.*, and *p.* written below.

Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. The first staff contains a series of notes and rests, ending with a double bar line. The second staff contains a series of notes and rests, with the lyrics *lenzia... si gnore... Pietate... Confusio... di i lo rano muorro tantillo no piepro* written below. The third staff contains a series of notes and rests, with dynamic markings *p.*, *f.*, *p.*, *f.*, *p.*, *f.*, and *p.* written below.

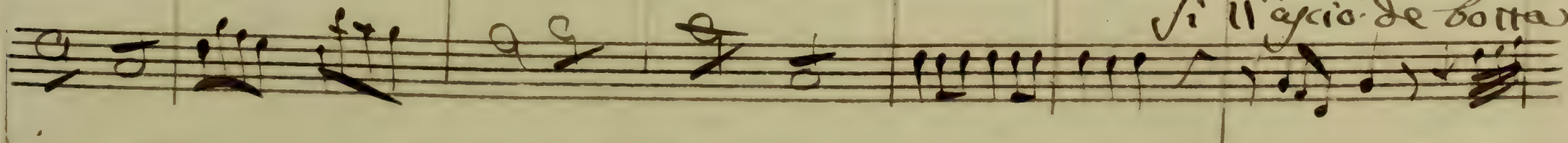


tillo no pierro tell'aggio da fa' tantillo no pierro tell'aggio da fa'





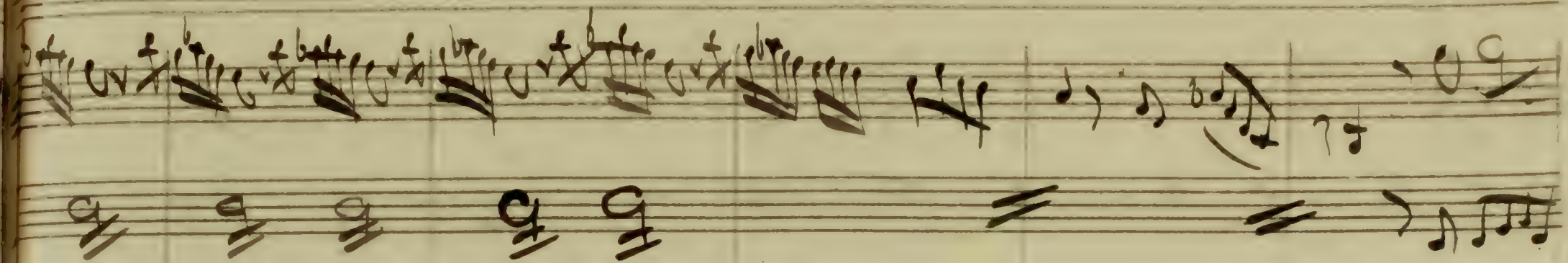
si l'ocio de borta



Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, featuring various notes, rests, and accidentals. The notation is dense and appears to be a single melodic line.

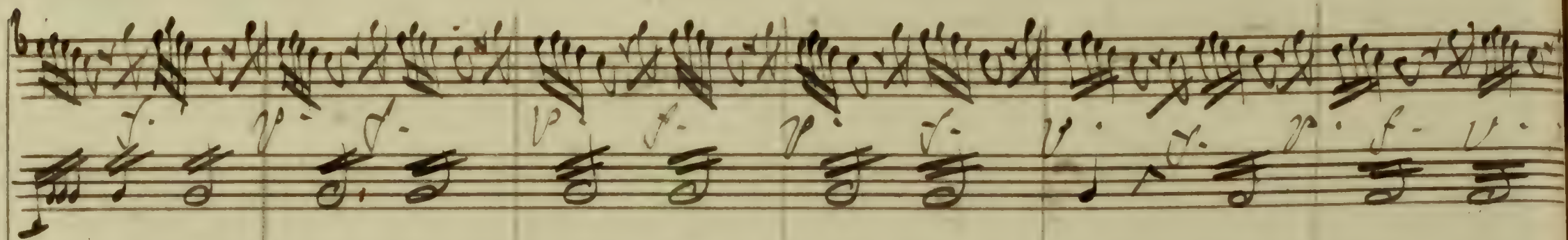
Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, featuring various notes, rests, and accidentals. The notation is dense and appears to be a single melodic line.

l'afferio da cca *si l'apcio de bona* *l'afferio da cca*



Handwritten musical notation on two staves, with lyrics written below the bottom staff.

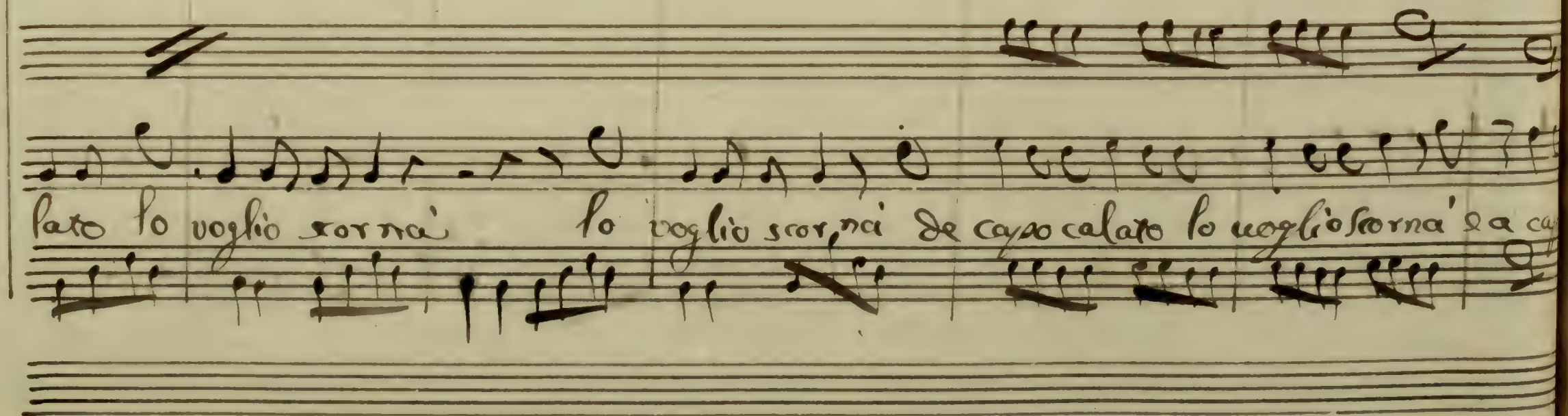
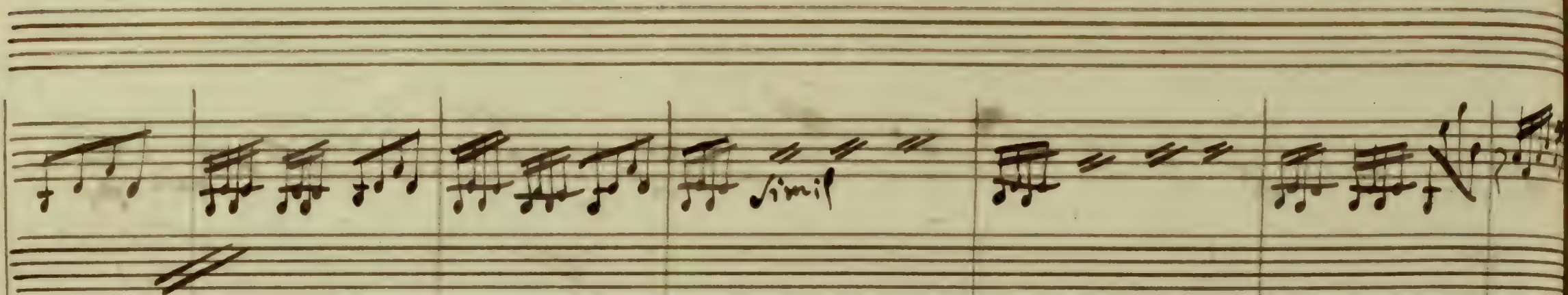
no pp' a sta volta *l'ouoglio adaccia* *ne serue che*



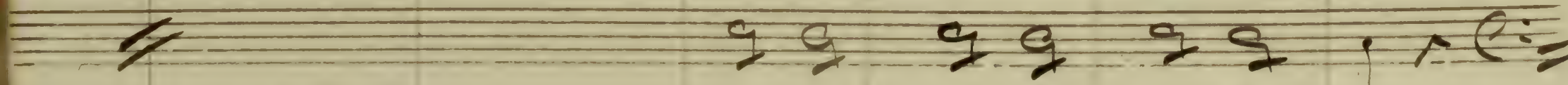
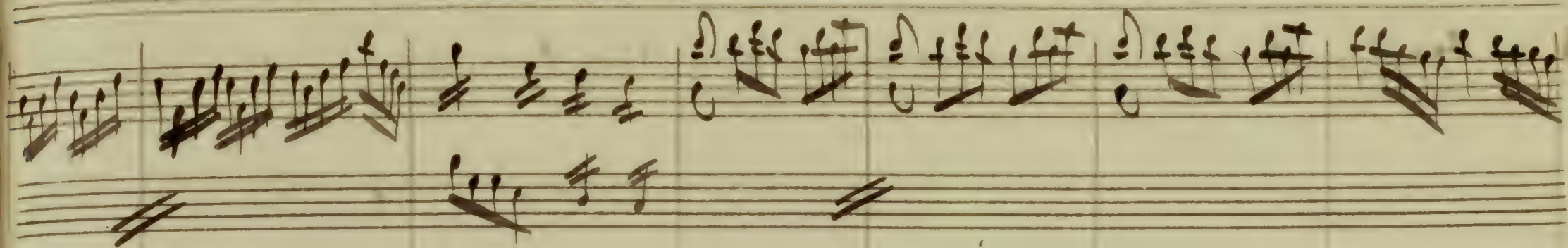
Dica... clementia... pietate... Confuso... pietate... pietate... con



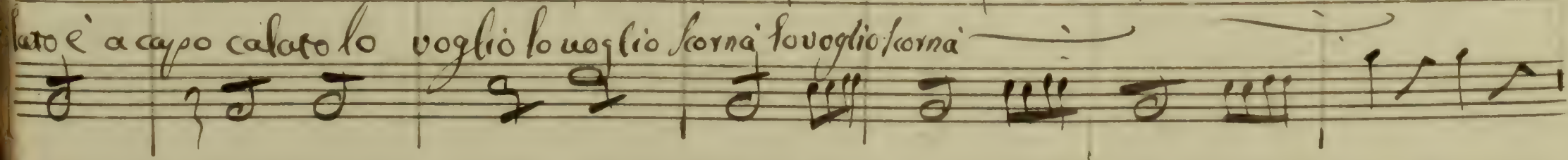
Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff, featuring lyrics in Italian. The lyrics are written in a cursive script and are partially obscured by the musical notes. The lyrics read: "tutto ce ne muore chi è lontano muore per lui son peggiore d'un trostipato e a Capo ca-". The notation includes various notes, rests, and bar lines, with some notes beamed together in groups. The ink is dark and the paper shows signs of age.

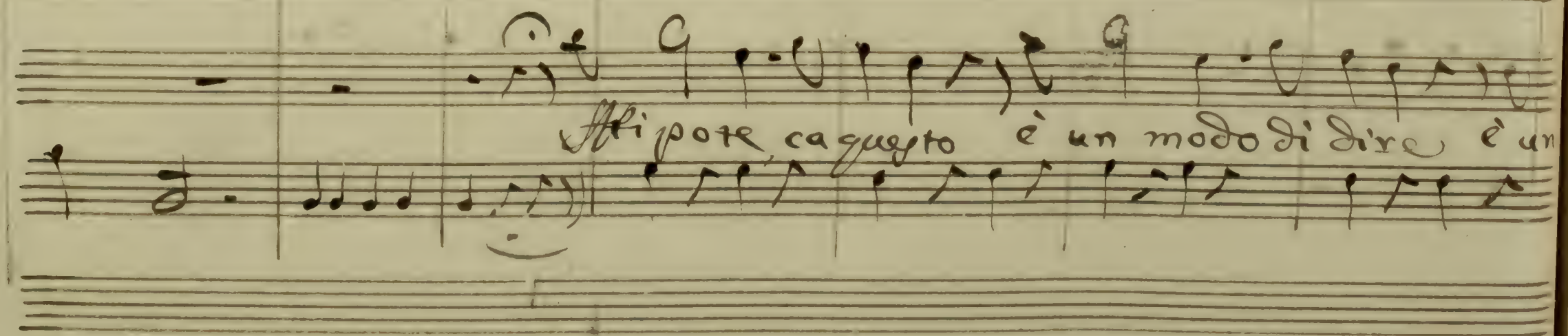
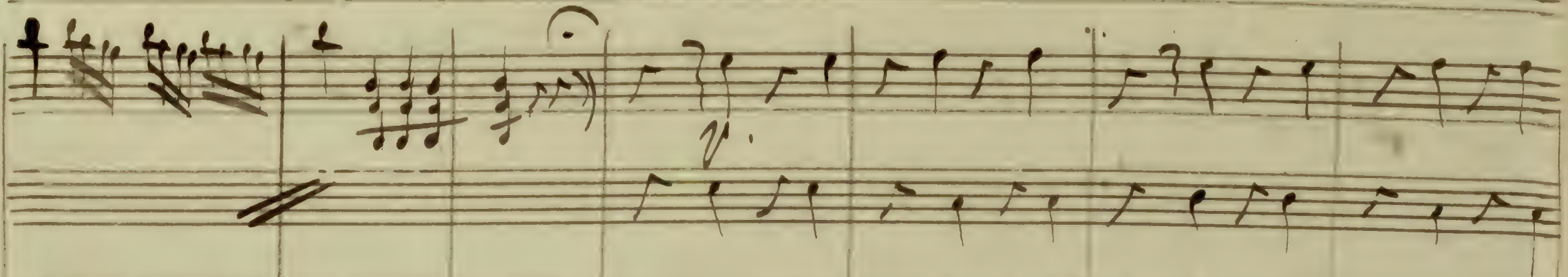


lo voglio scorna de capo calato lo voglio scorna' e a capo

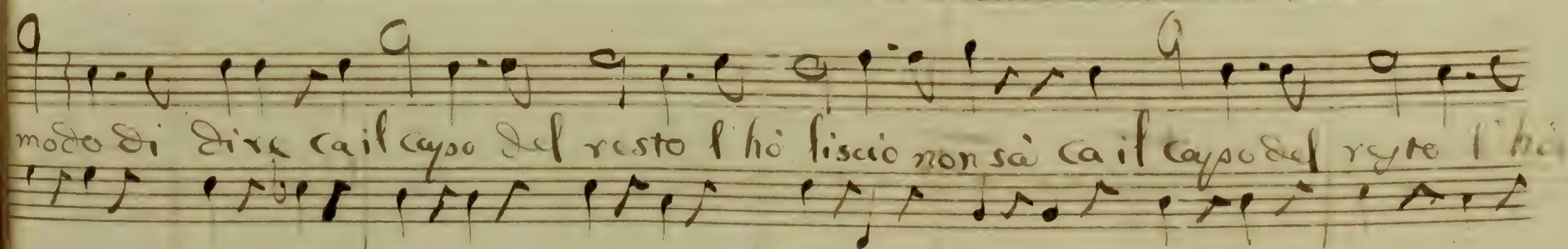
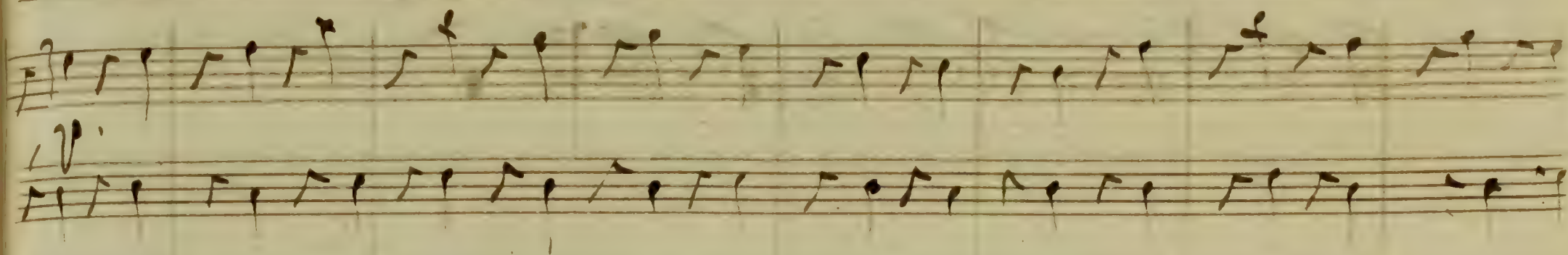


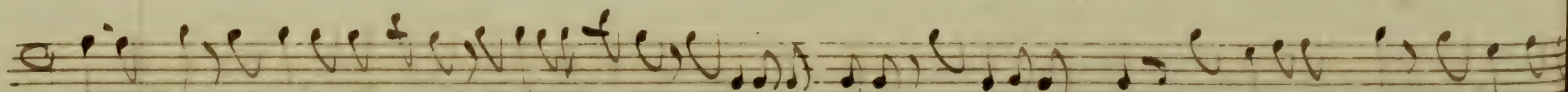
lato e' a capo calato lo voglio lo voglio korna lo voglio korna



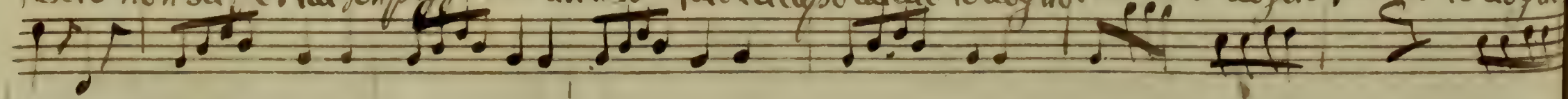


Alipote, ca questo è un modo di dire è un





liscio non sa per lui son peggiore d'un ro stipato e a capo calato lo voglio scornà lo voglio



Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff, featuring a series of beamed eighth notes and a final half note.

Handwritten double slash mark, likely indicating a section break or repeat.

Handwritten musical notation, possibly a single note or a short phrase.

Handwritten musical notation, possibly a single note or a short phrase.

Handwritten musical notation, possibly a single note or a short phrase.

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Handwritten musical notation, possibly a single note or a short phrase.

Handwritten musical notation, possibly a single note or a short phrase.

Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff, featuring a series of beamed eighth notes and a final half note.

Scena XVIII

Con:

Conte Sciarappa

Cannetella e Gineura

Or che son conosciuto

vò che

vegga la perfida Gineura profitto a piedi suoi l'infame a

Scia:

Con:

mante

Su an che te fruce e io eca' faccio le ppose

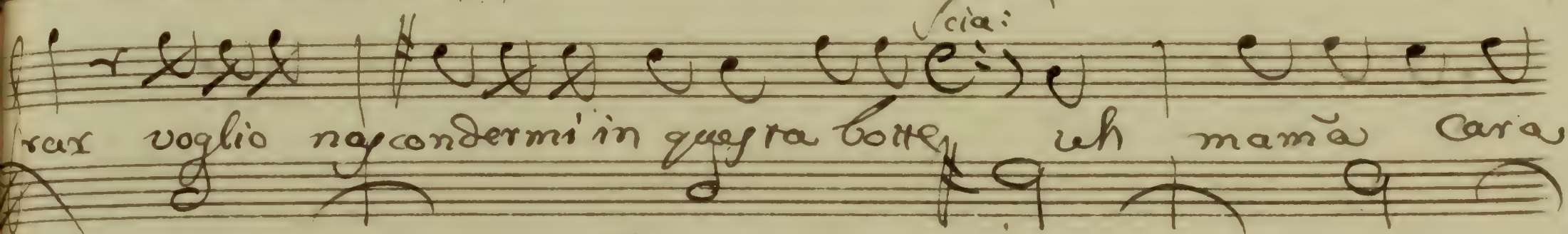
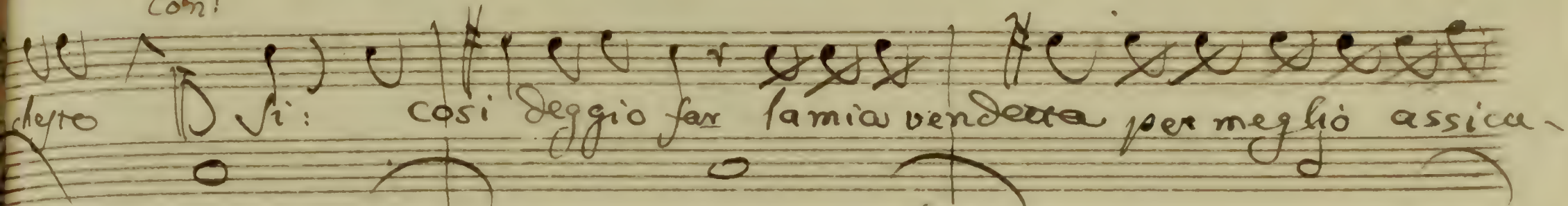
per averlo in mano meglio. Paria ch'io mi celassi e' certo ve

Scia:

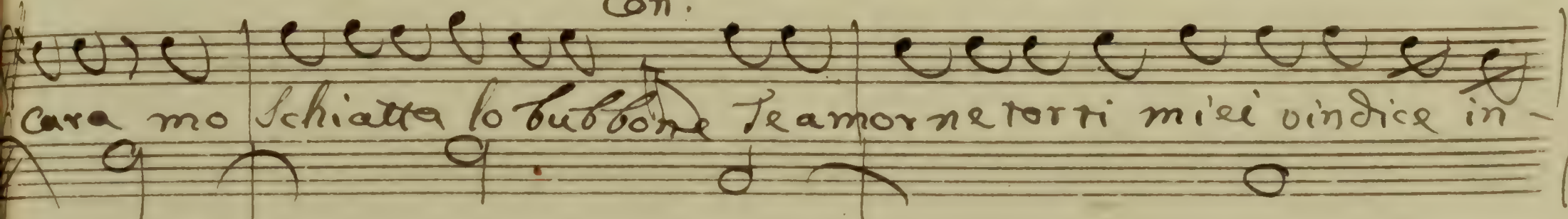
dandomi

l'incontro sfugirete eh bonora te vedo e che

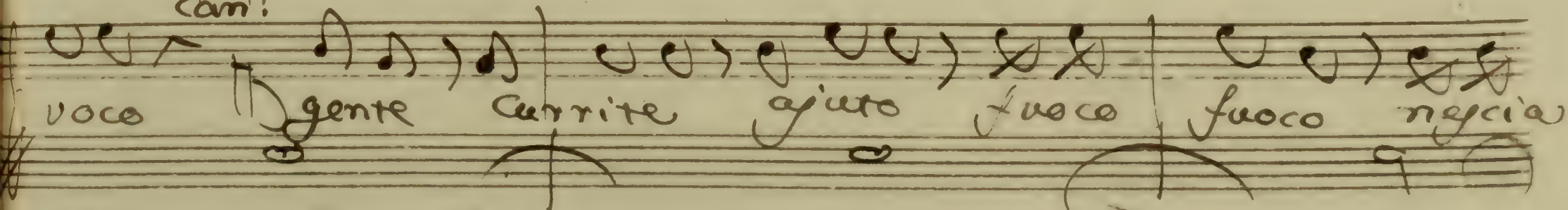
Con:



Con:

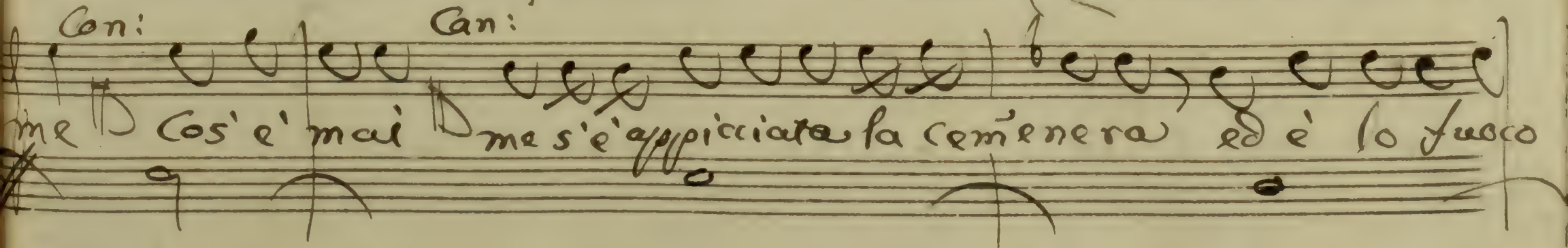


Can:



Con:

Can:



Gin:
Carro n'è a ncoppa lo suppigno ohime! Soccorso a' ta

Can: Dio che uedo *Gin:* fuitene e Ah che più aprir non

Can: posso *Can:* oh rovina *Gin:* Appaiato è già lo fieno per

Can: tai chi mi salua io vengo meno *Can:* vieni con me si

corra tra le fiamme quell'ingrata a saluare o a morire.

Can: Cor: Scia:
 seco D amē vieni non più vai fusse accisa, damē

tiempo' a' sappi' Diavolo votta: Samē puro abbraccia' dinto a

votta

Finale

Violini

Celoci

Corni in E

Viola

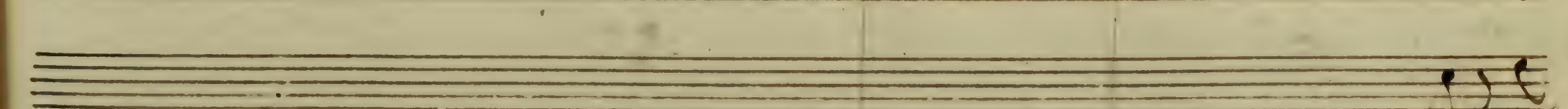
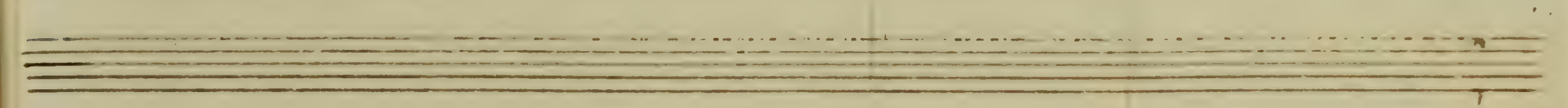
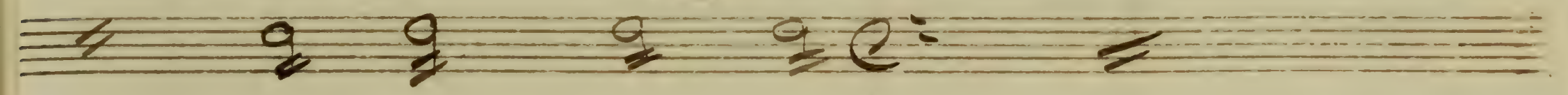
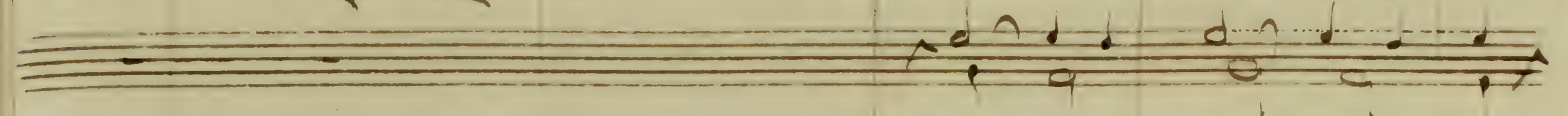
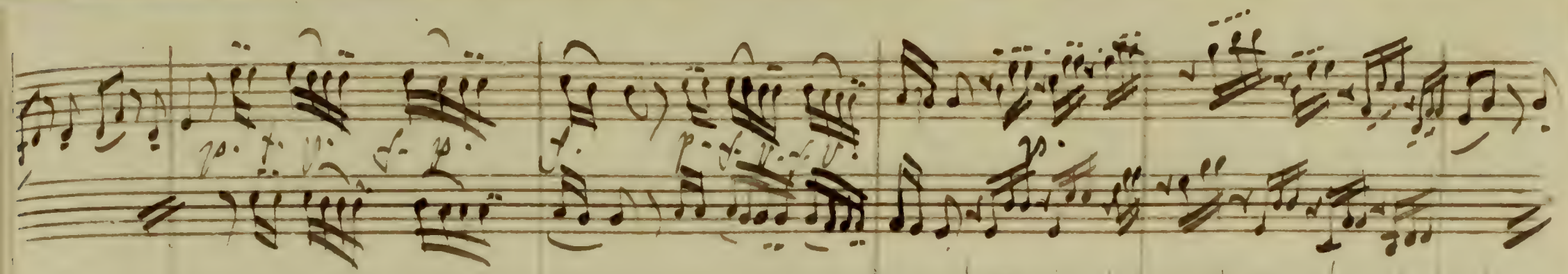
Clarineta

Canetella

Contra

Tromba

All.^o
Sostenuto



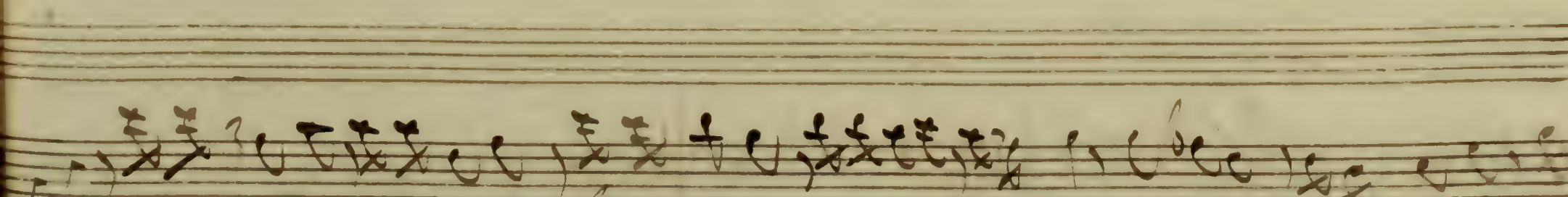
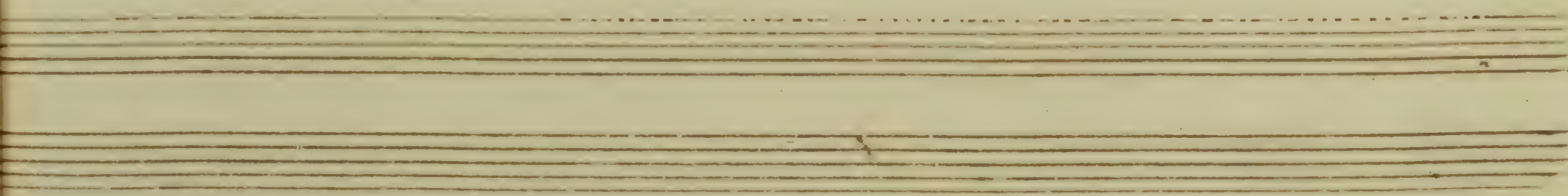
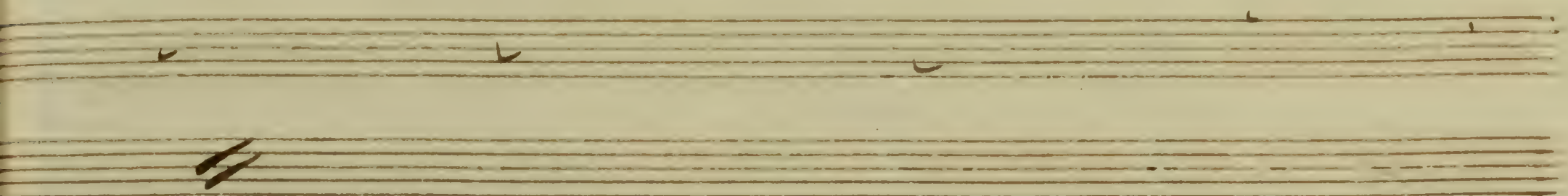
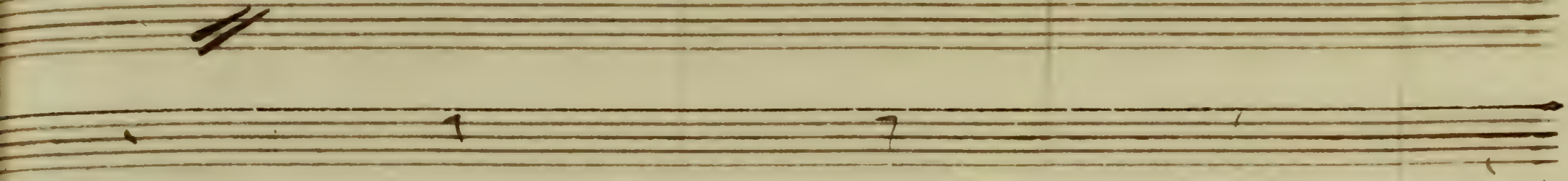
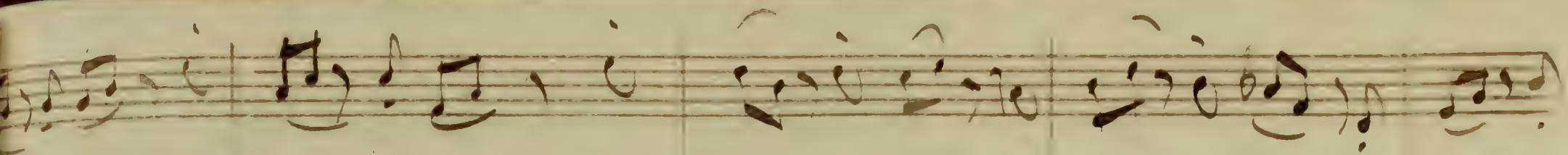
chiamata

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, featuring various note values and rests.

Two empty musical staves, each preceded by a double slash (/ /) indicating a section break or a measure rest.

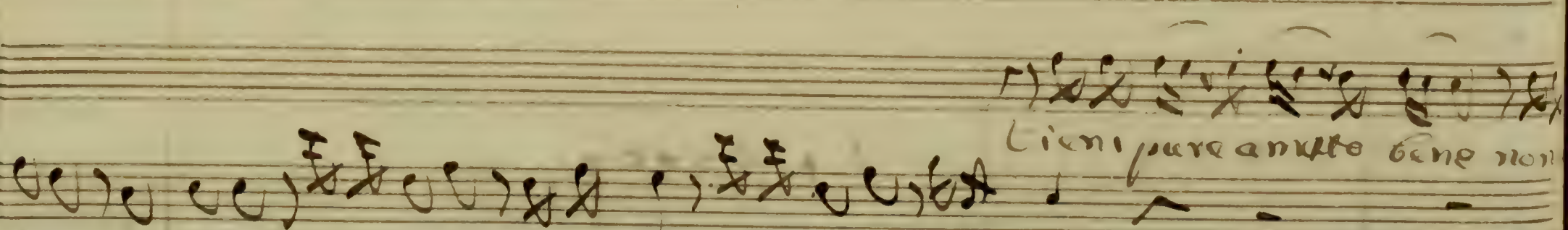
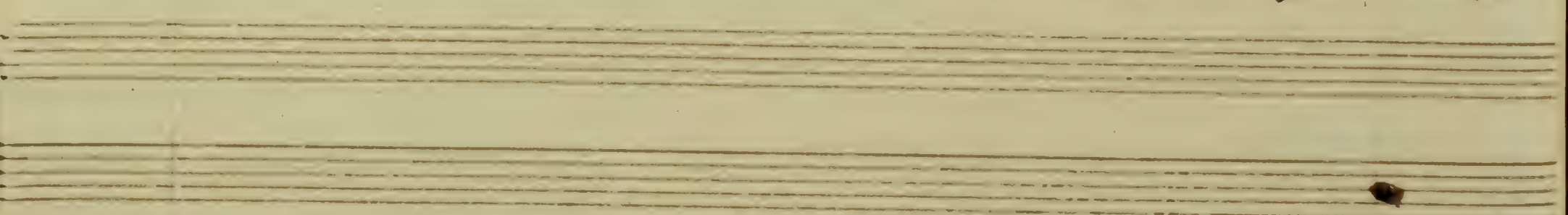
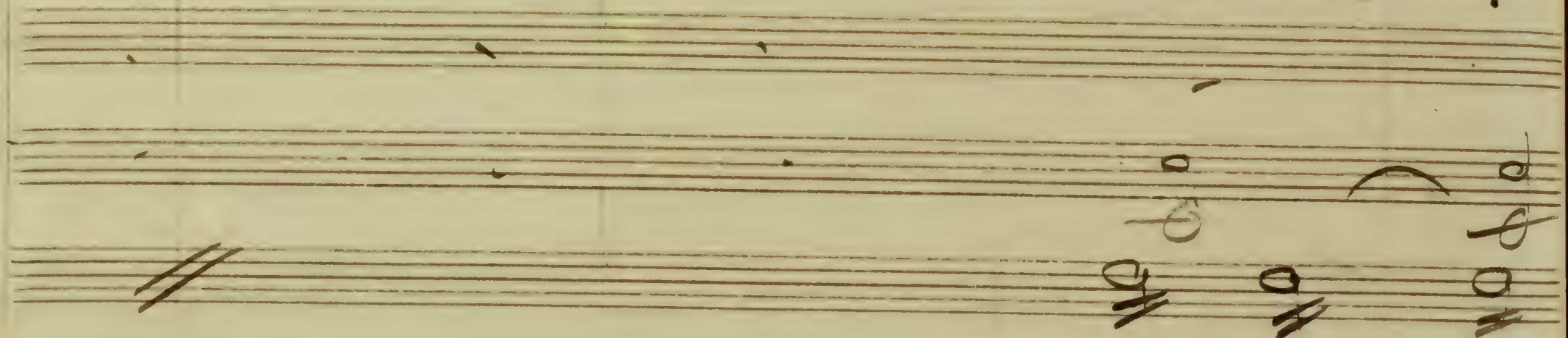
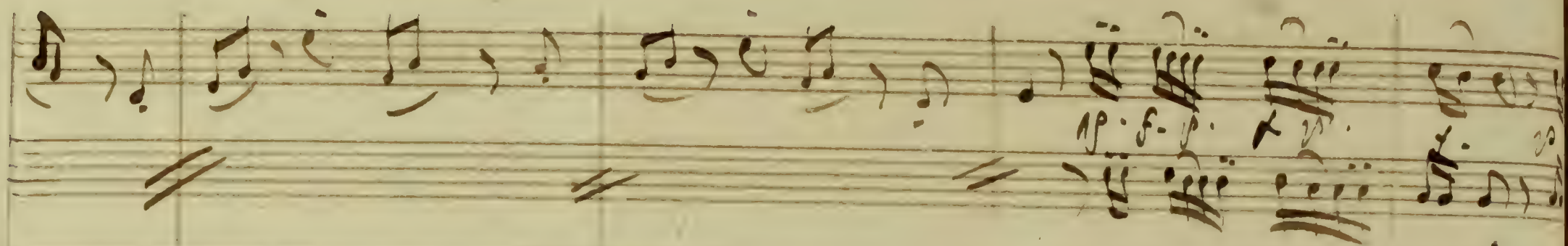
Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, featuring various note values and rests. Below the staff, the following text is written in a cursive script:

faccio! chia- che faccio che faccio sim abio sim abio donomano - achi



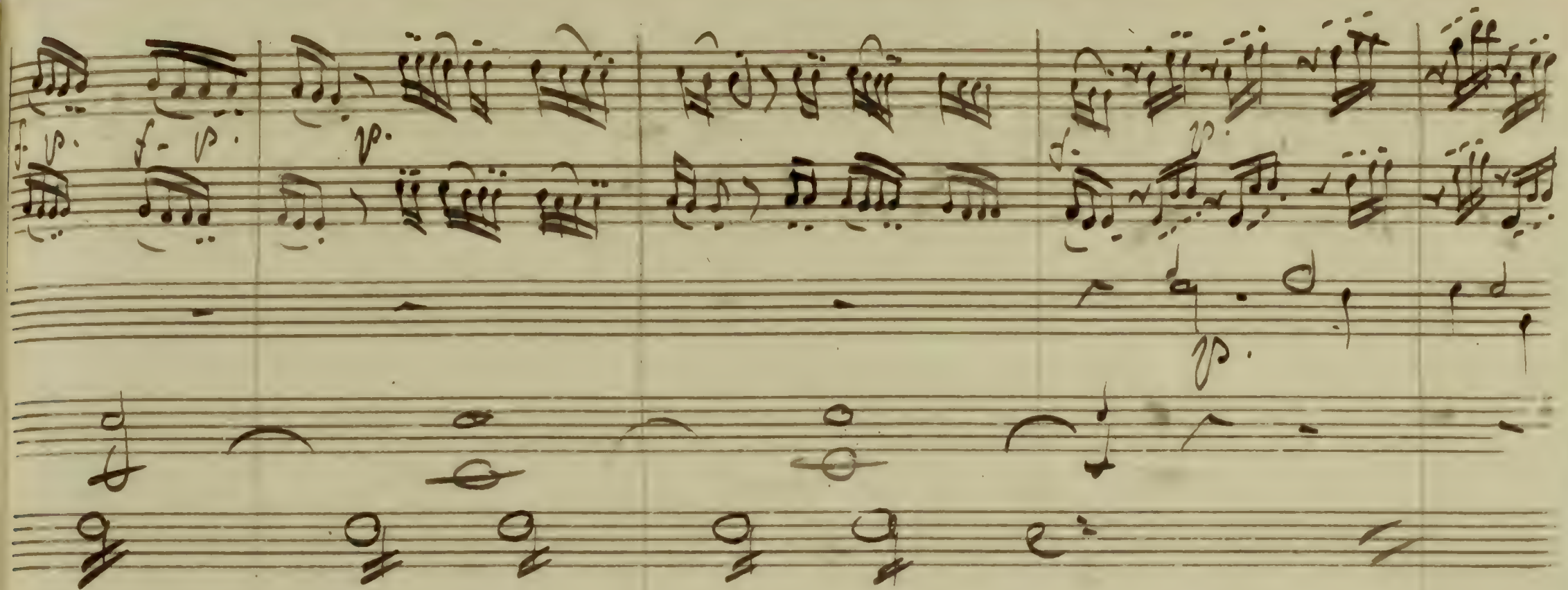
si me stongo bene mio ca' morarpo npaneta' che faccio bene mio bene

A system of two staves of music. The top staff contains handwritten musical notation with lyrics written below it. The bottom staff also contains handwritten musical notation. The lyrics are written in a cursive, handwritten style. The paper shows signs of age and wear.

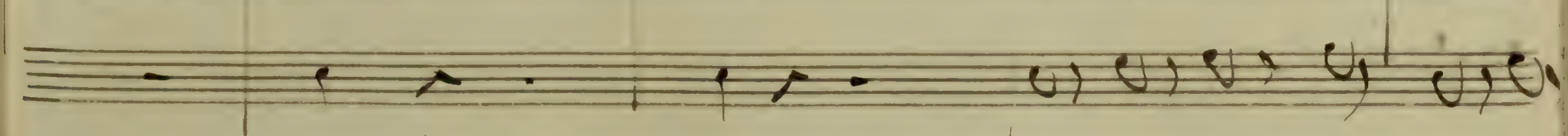


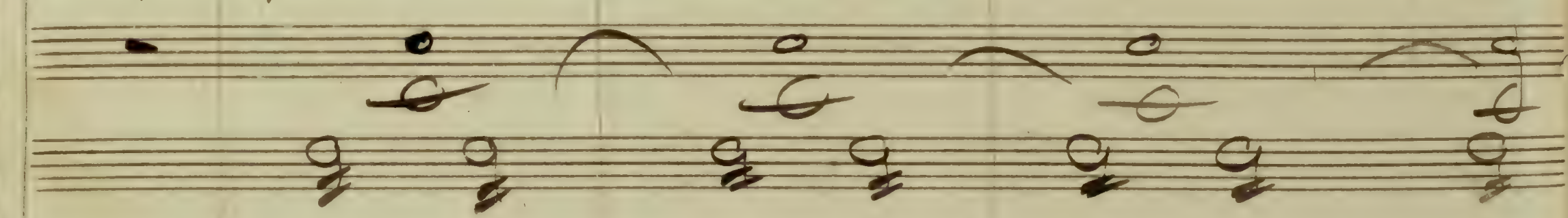
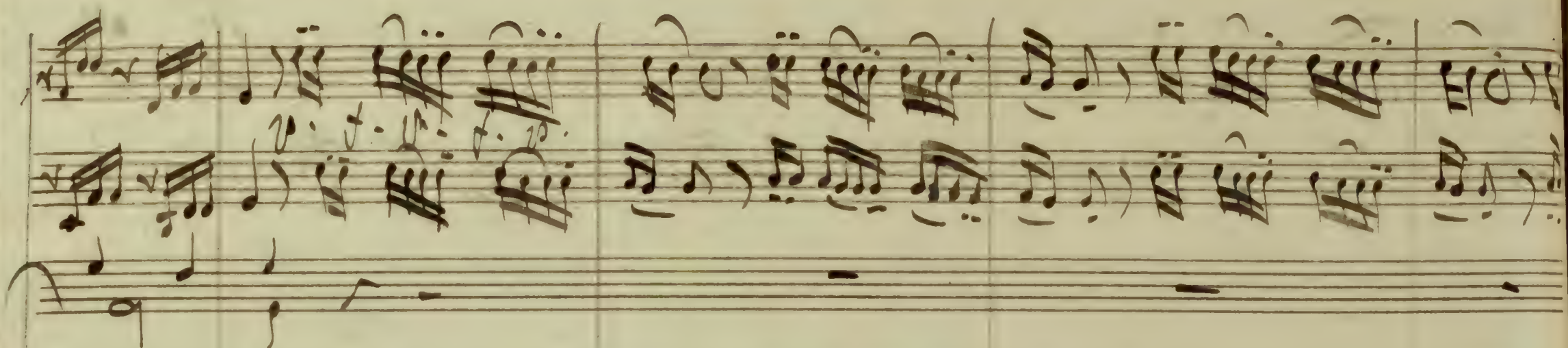
mio... che faccio ca'mor'arpo n'paneta' ca'mor'arpo n'paneta'



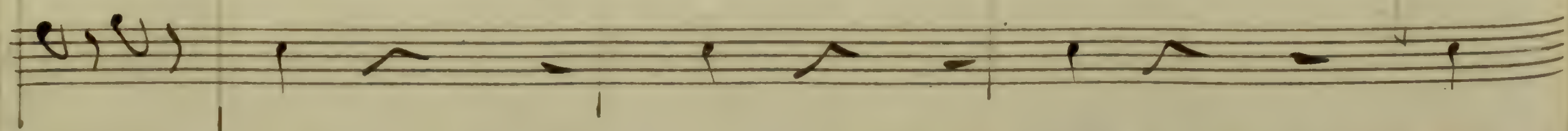


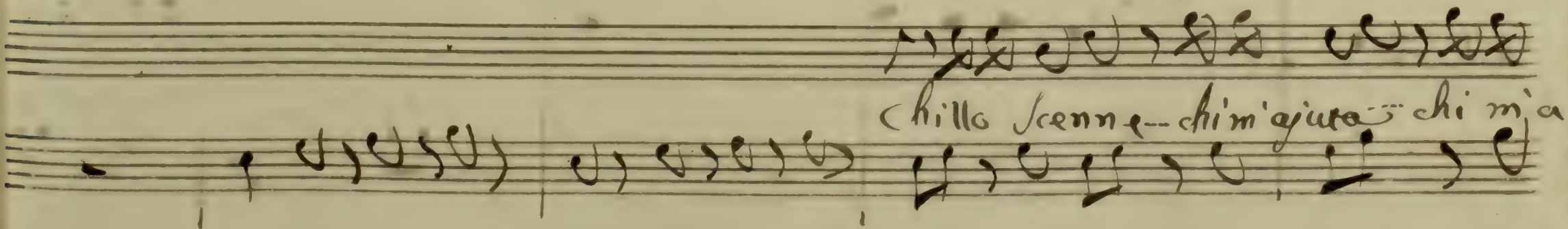
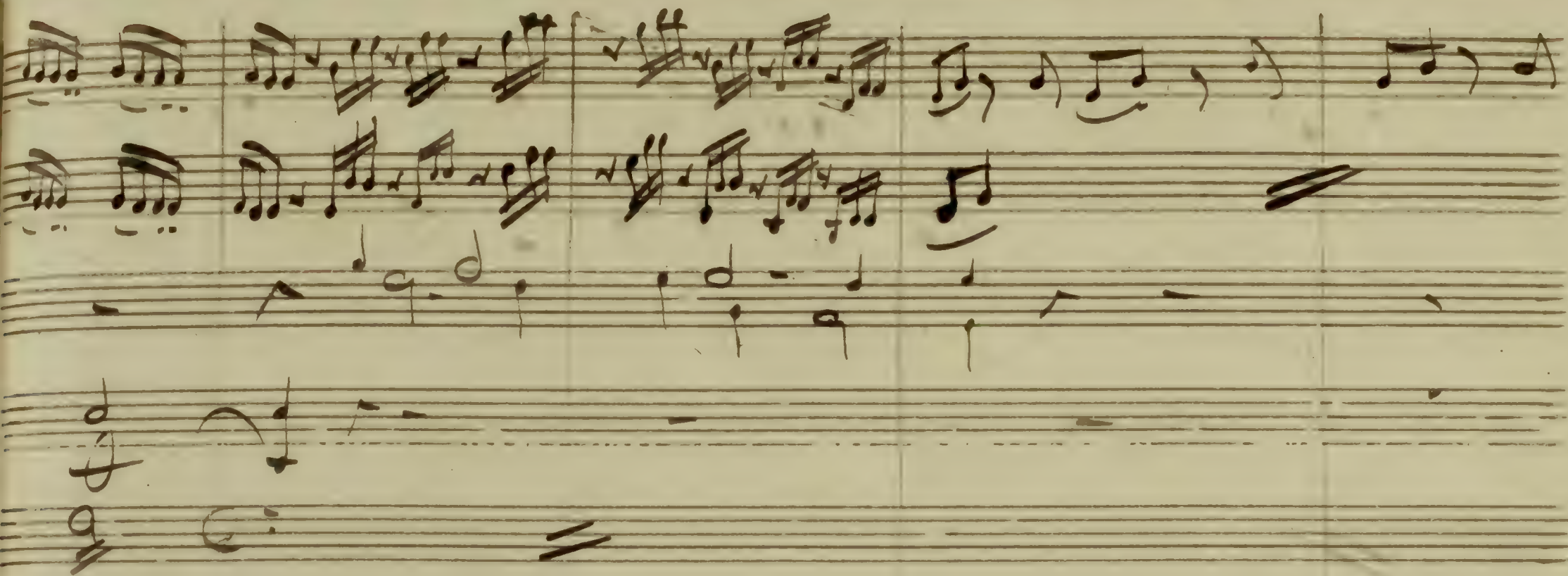
mer lei salua gia' vieni vieni vieni pure non temer lei salua gia' non temer lei salua gia' non

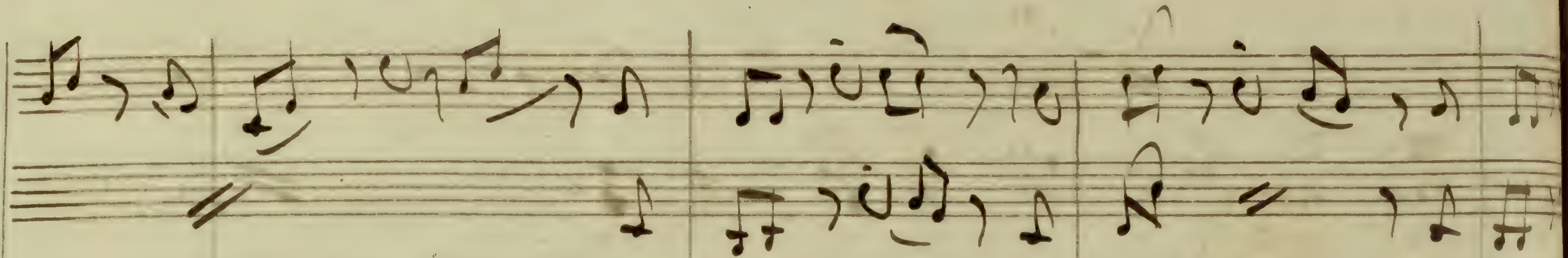




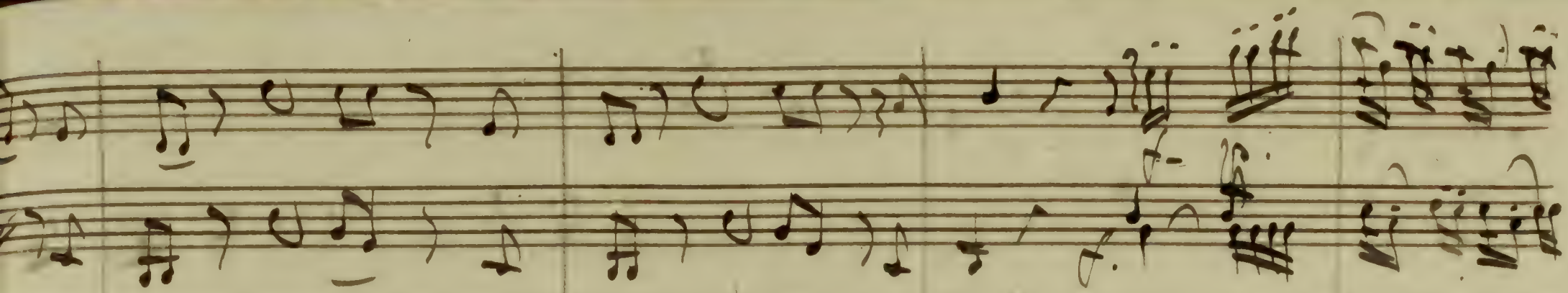
chella mano dalla tiene che l'oppojo io da cca tiene tiene chella mano che
mer sei salua già







ura chillo scenë via tornamò ce a stipa benemio chi mi ajura



Handwritten musical notation on two staves, with lyrics in Italian written below the notes.

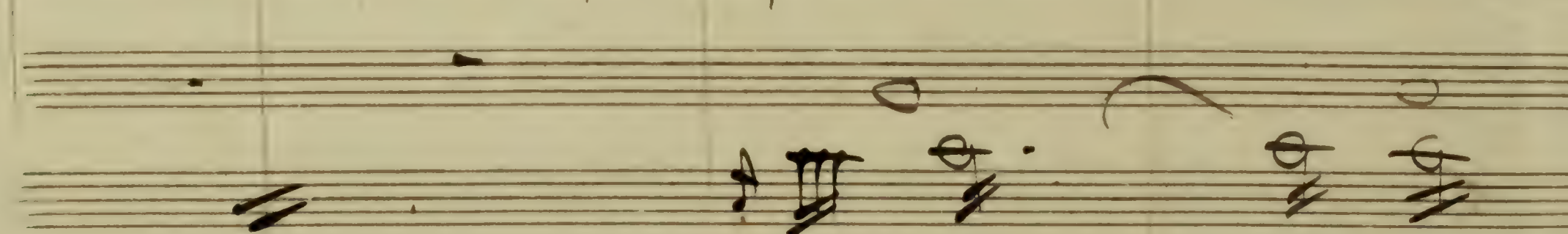
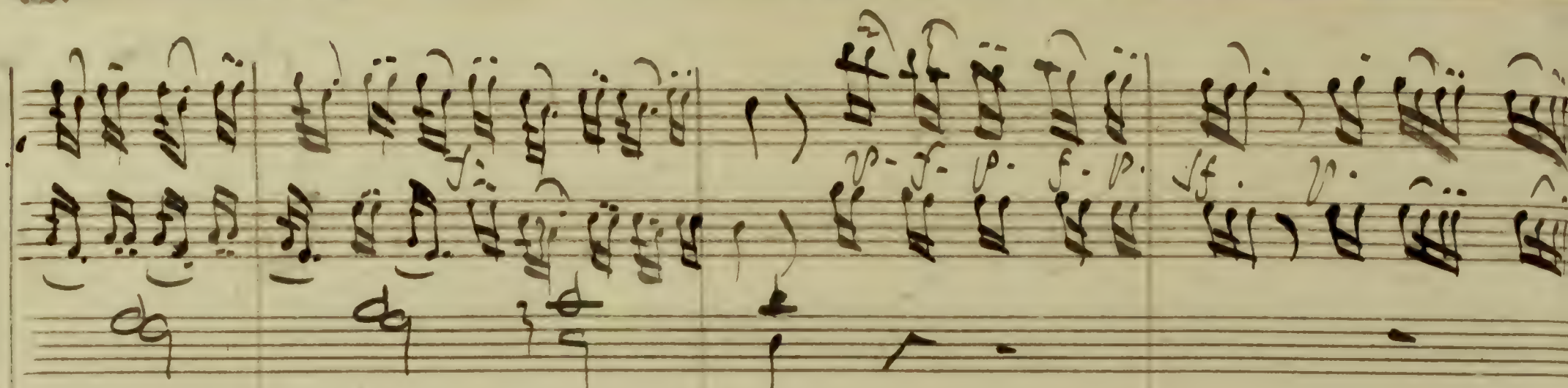
ben mio cea' mor' arpo n' anetta

e addobbata

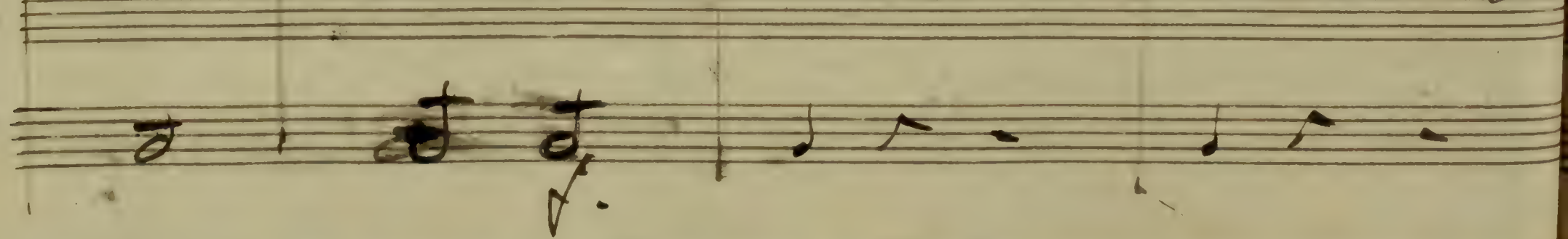
piu' non parla

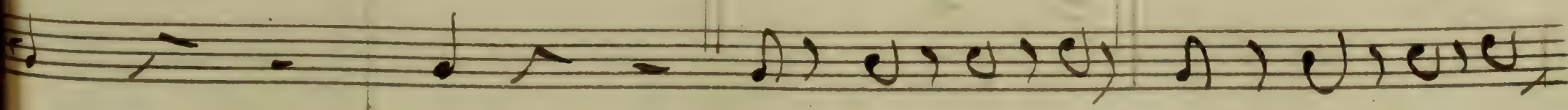
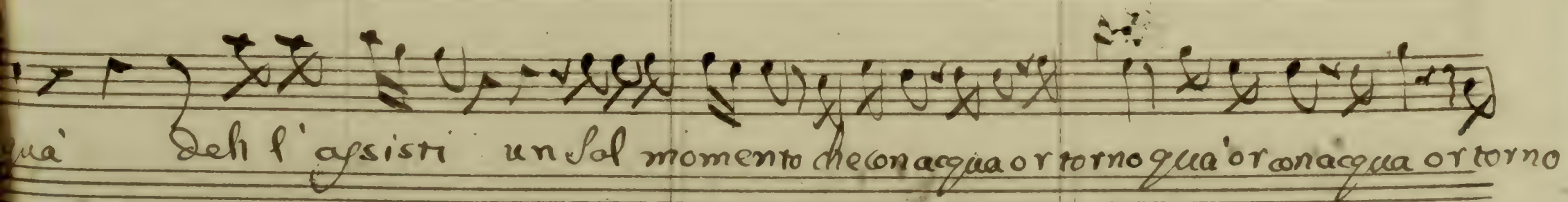
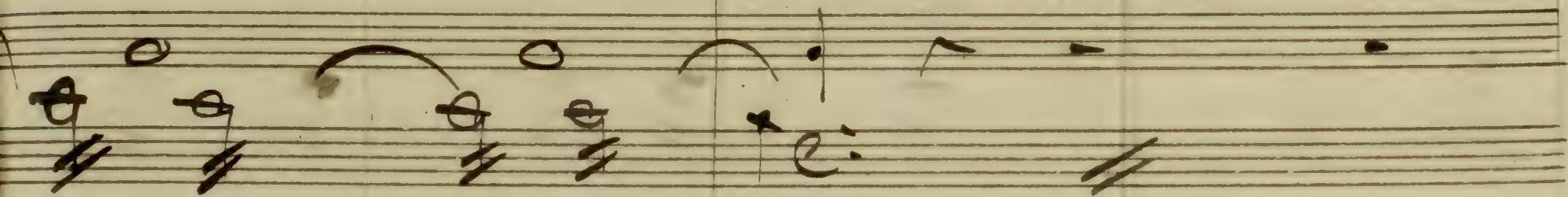
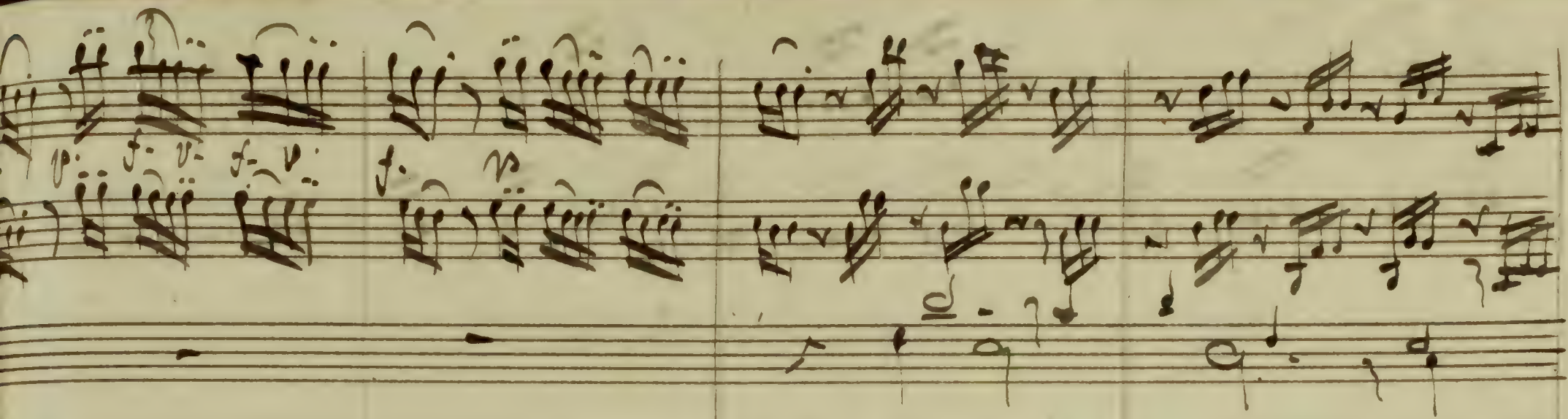
qual' e'

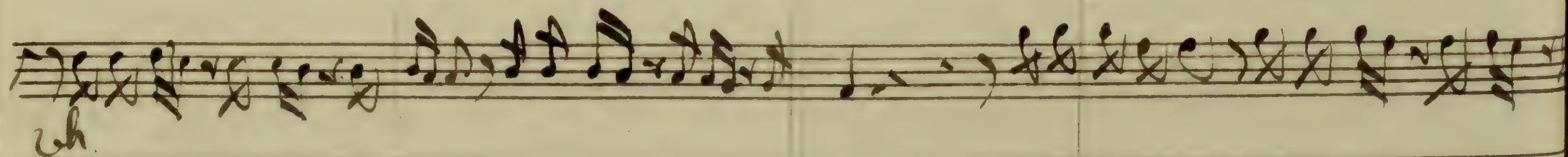
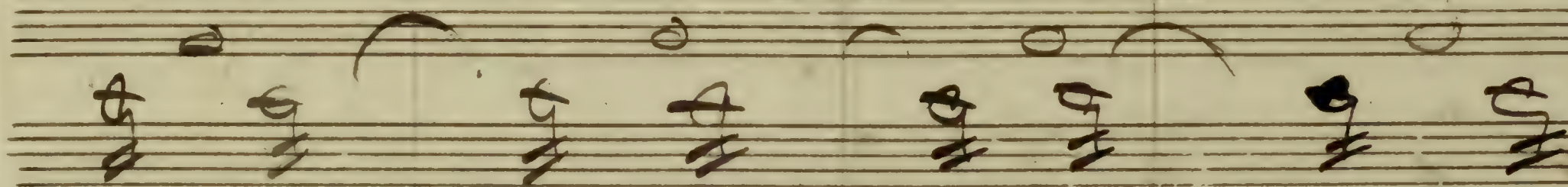
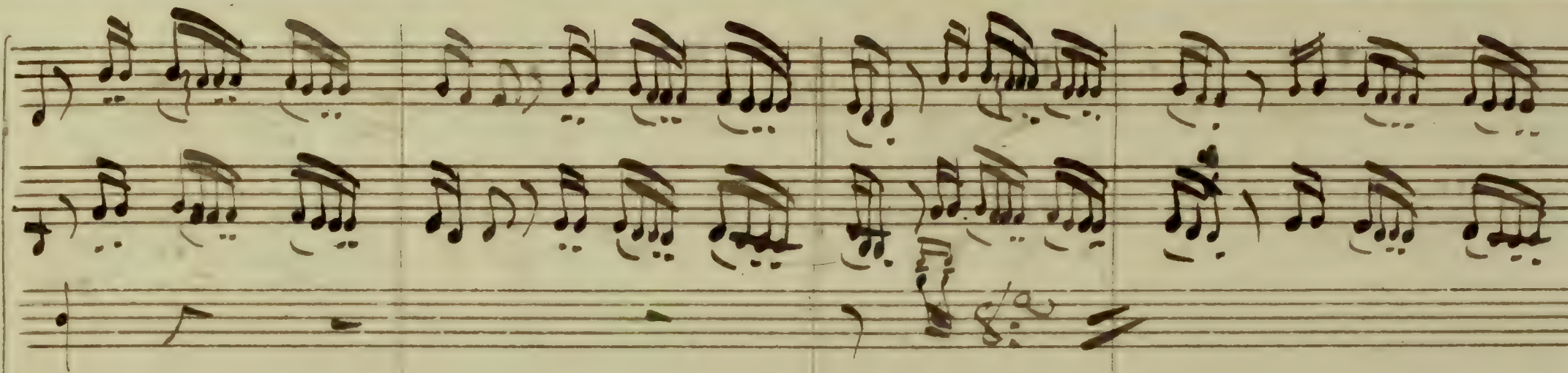
f. p.



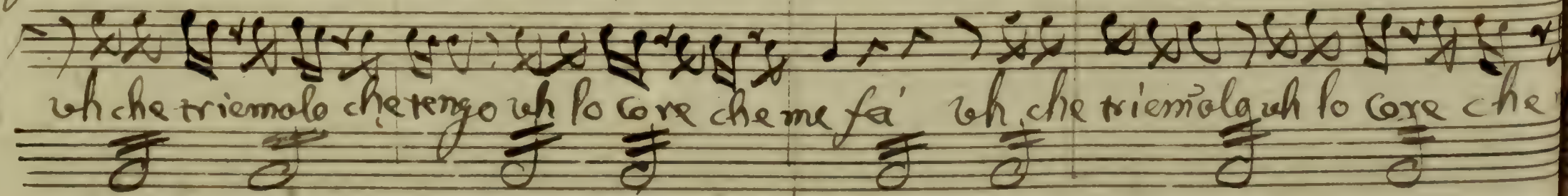
Sanò al core io sento ————— deh l'assisti un sol momento ch'io con acqua



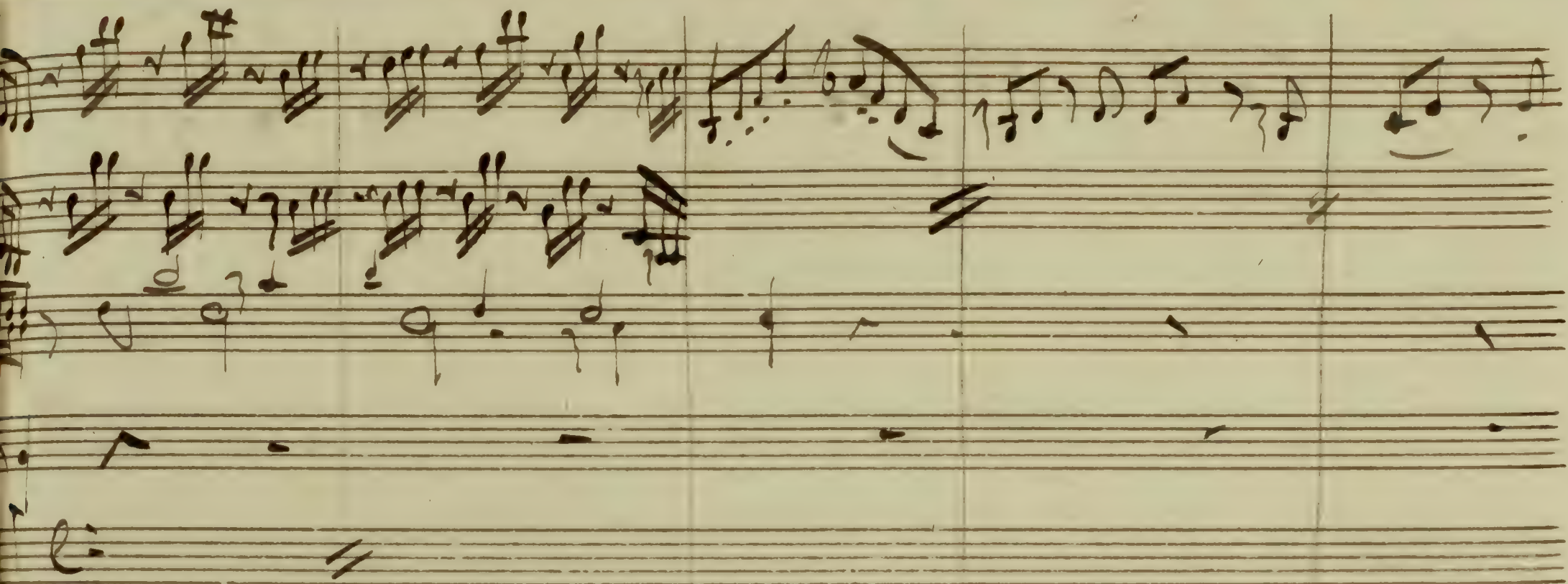




qua



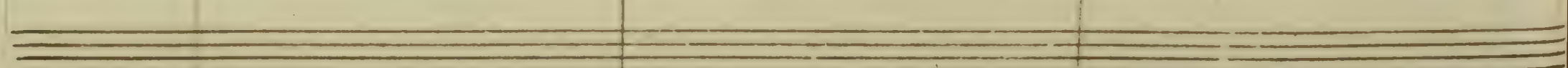
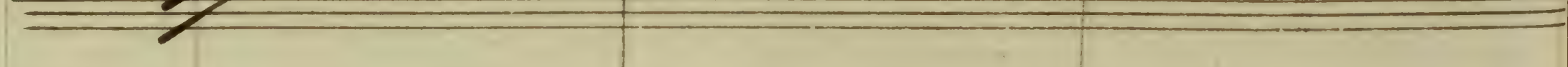
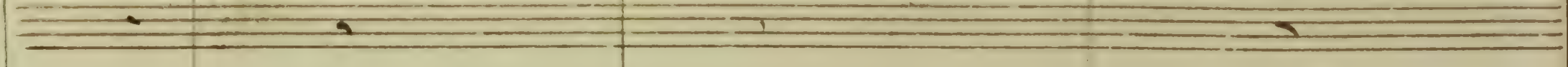
uh che triemolo che tengo uh lo core che me fa' uh che triemolo uh lo core che



eh lo core che mē fa' Alē Canne te...

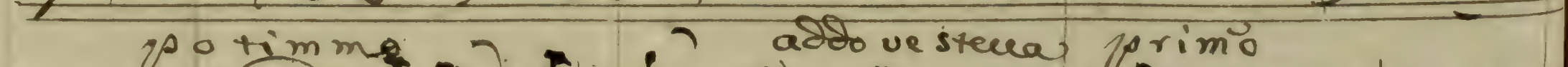
f. p. f. p. f. p.

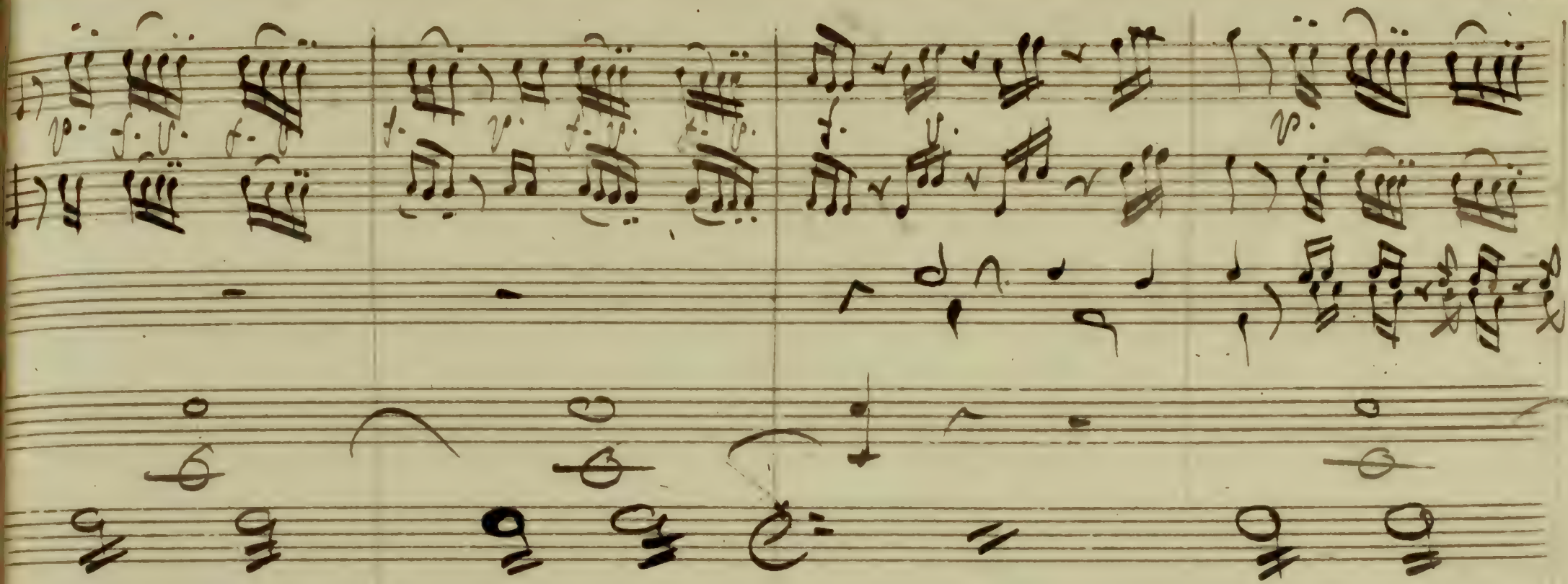
The bottom system of the musical score features two staves. The first staff has a melodic line with lyrics written below it: "eh lo core che mē fa'". The second staff continues the melody with lyrics "Alē Canne te...". Below the second staff, there are dynamic markings: "f. p. f. p. f. p.", indicating a pattern of forte and piano dynamics. The paper shows signs of age and wear, with some staining and a slightly irregular texture.



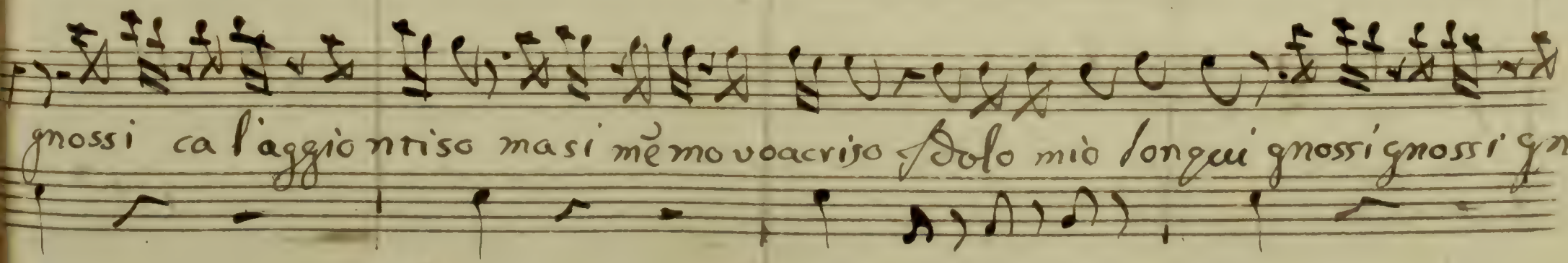
uh core mio staje loco

è ncoppa nce

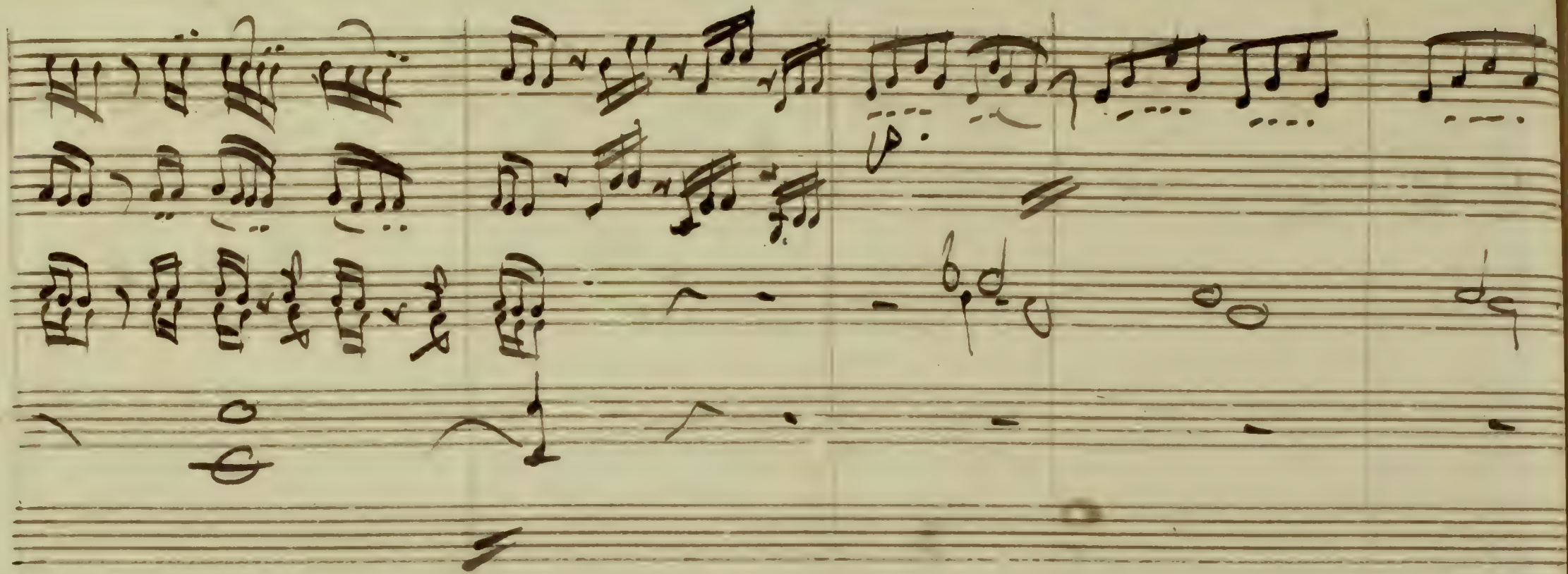




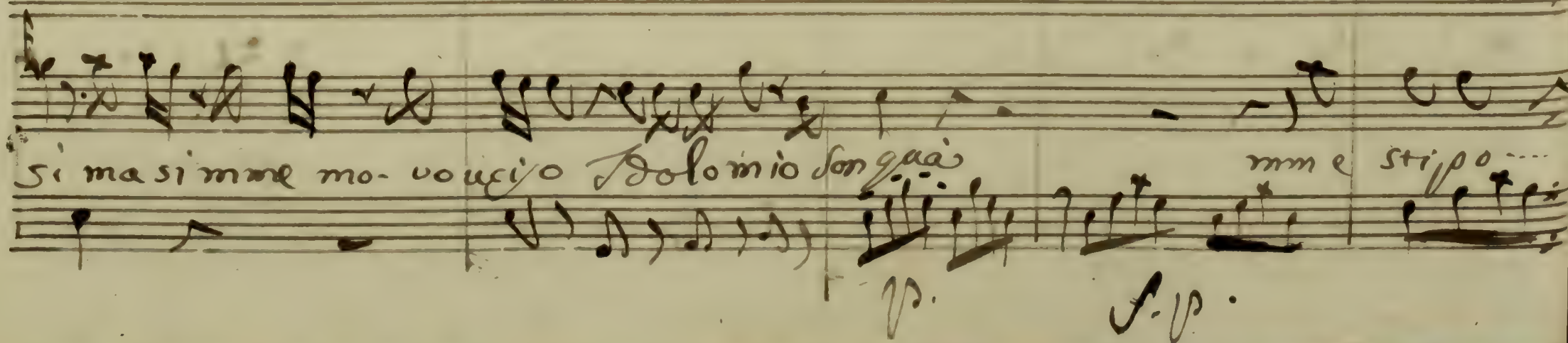
fuoco



gnossi ca l'aggiointiso masi mē mo voacriso dolo mio longui gnossi gnossi gnos



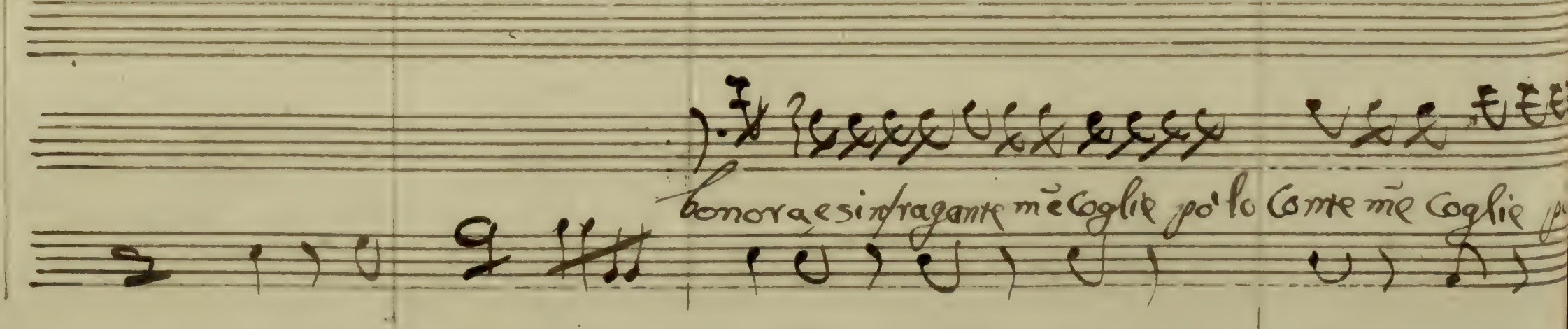
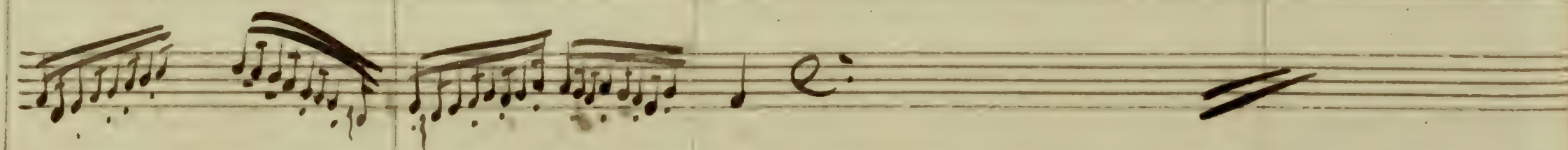
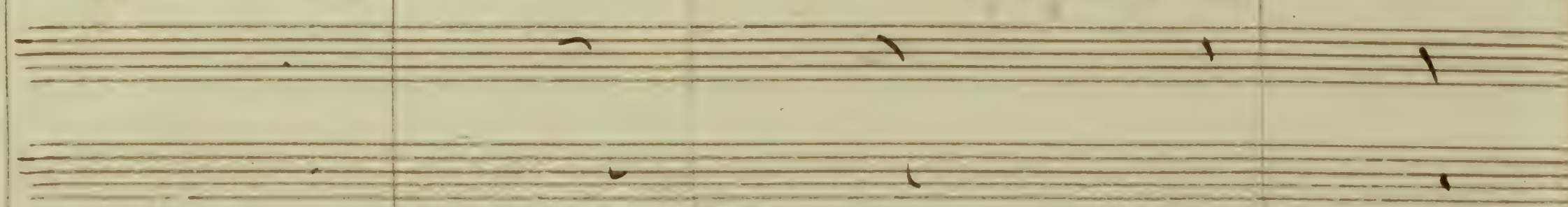
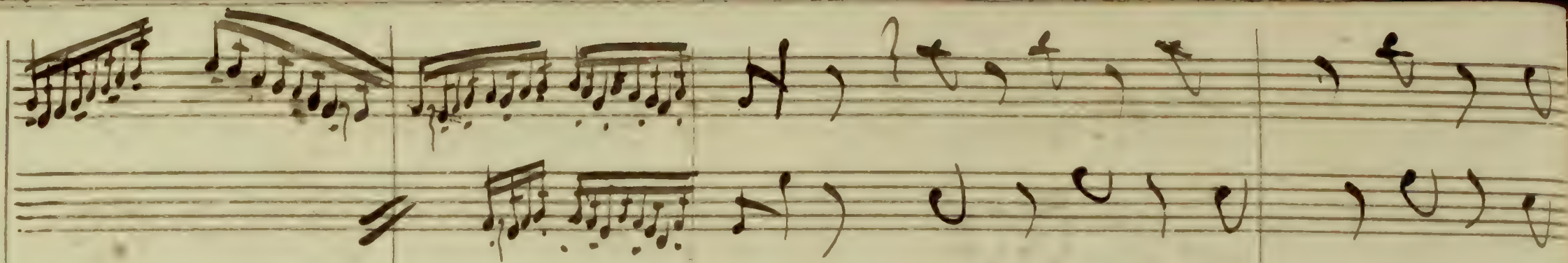
Ahi
rito ri



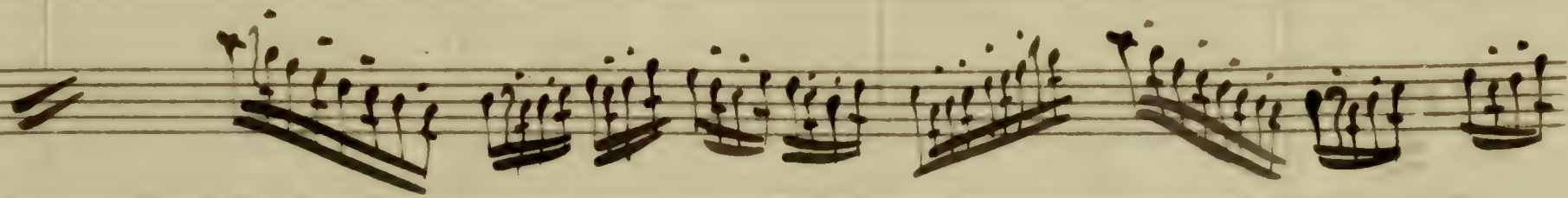
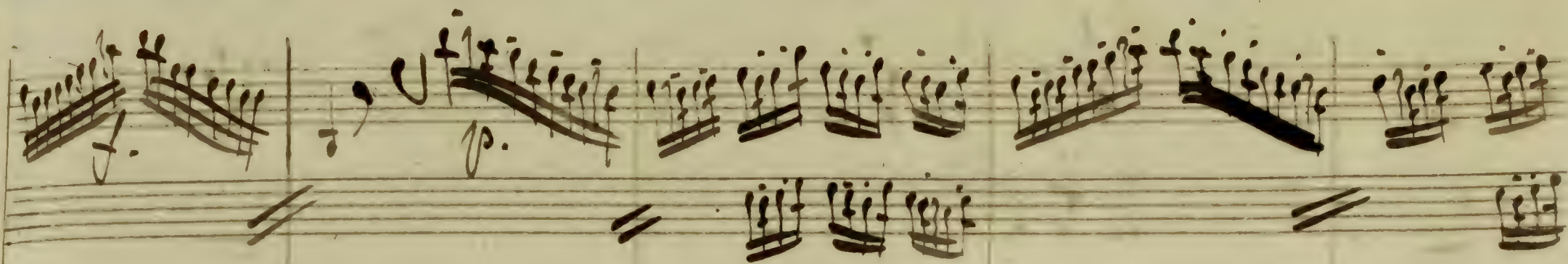


fermate e fatte mante di cati llaje laruata caje p'essa arreescata le vita, e quanto

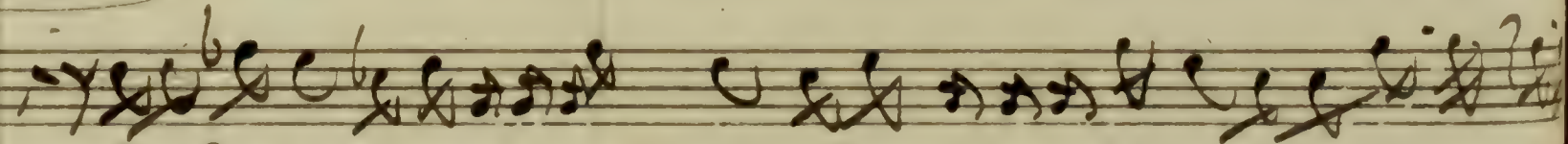
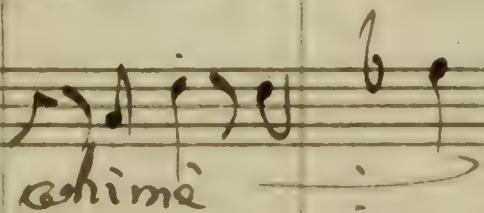
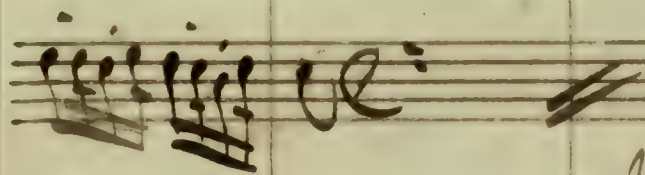
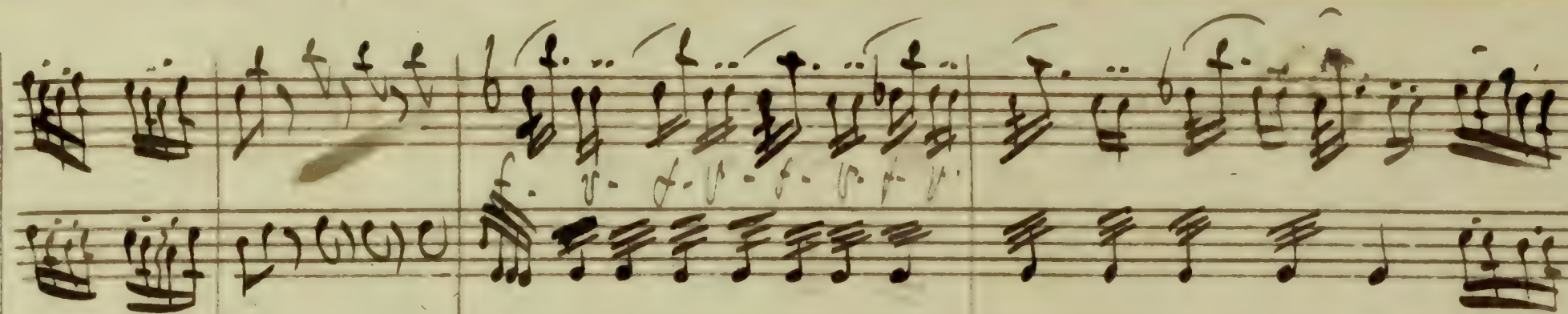




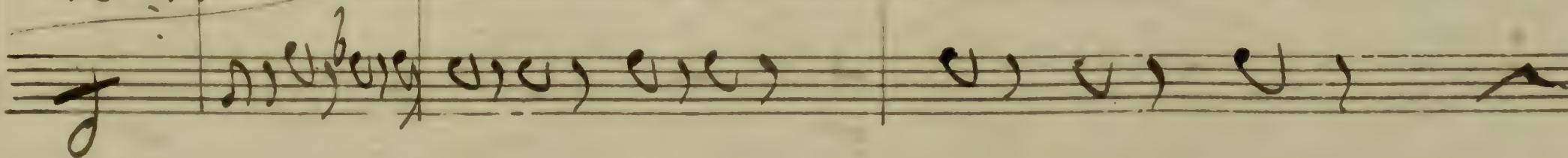
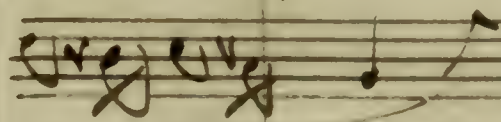
honora e si fragante mē coglie po' lo come mē coglie

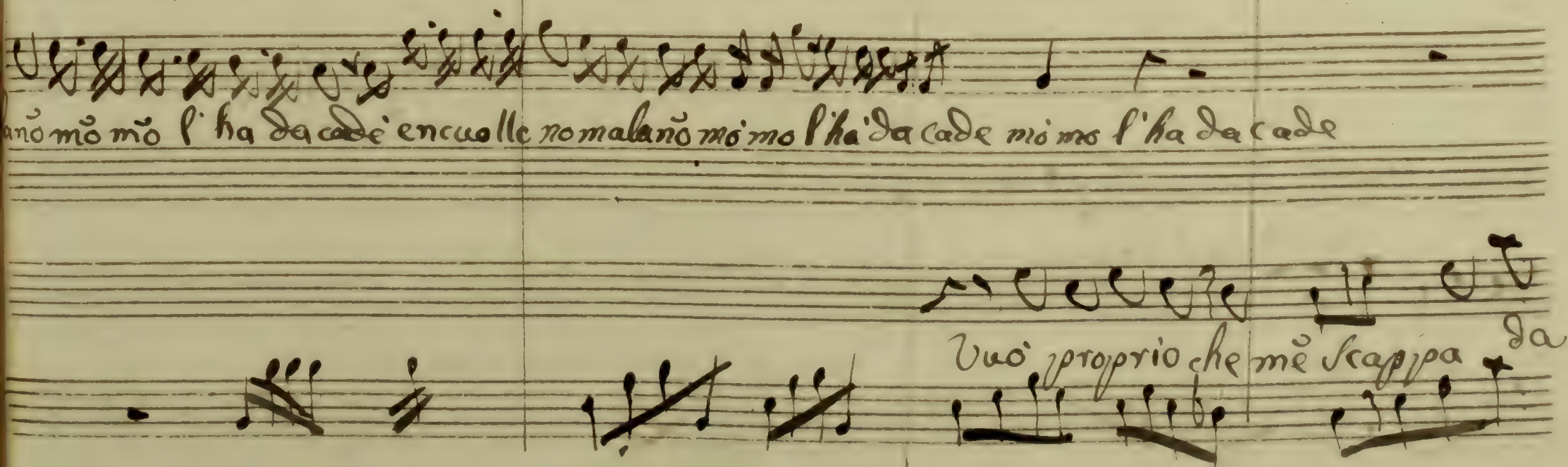


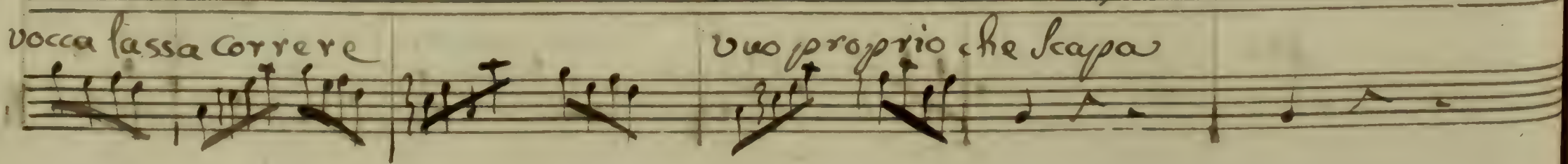
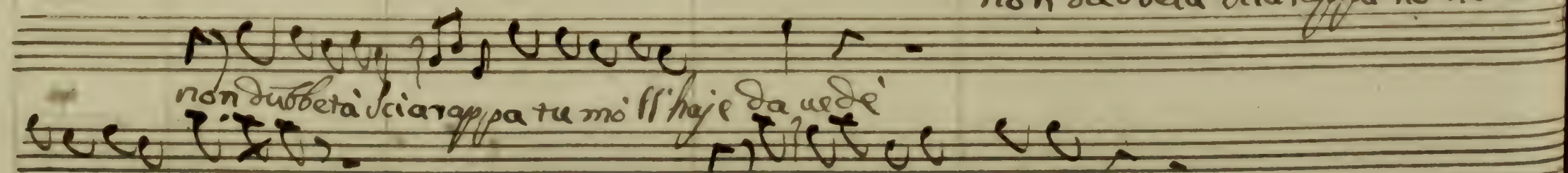
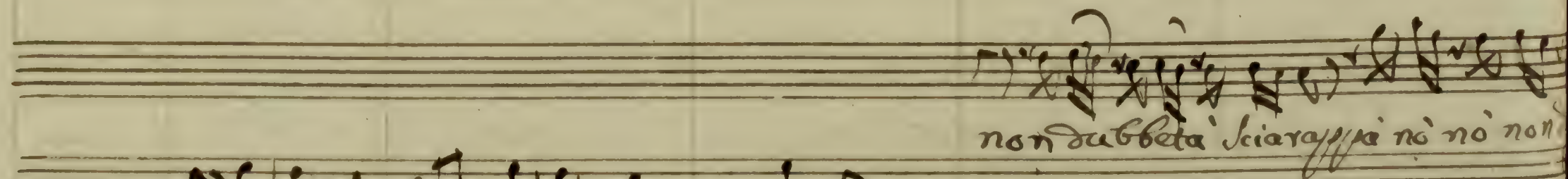
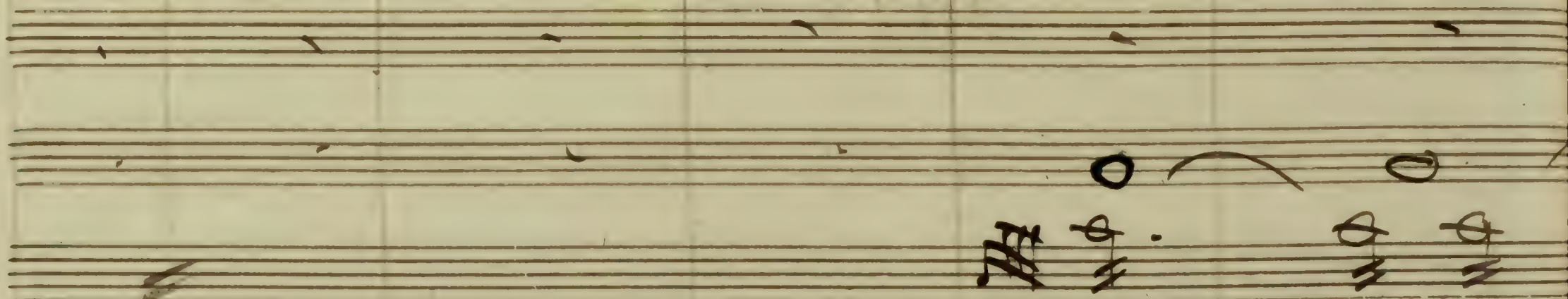
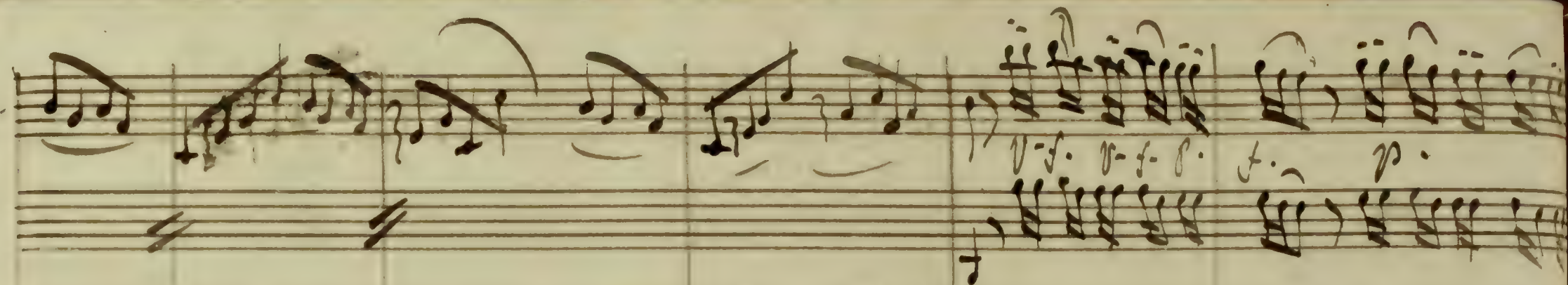
Conte .
na scopertaata n fronte te piglieta pome

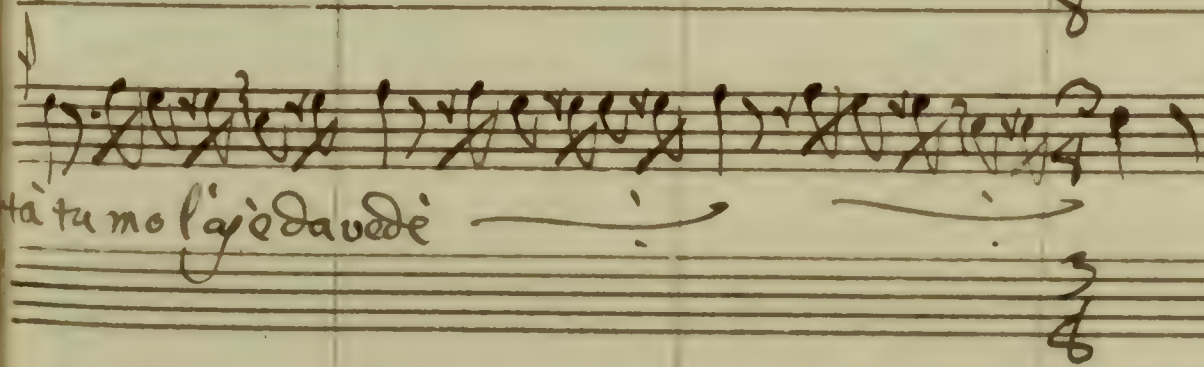
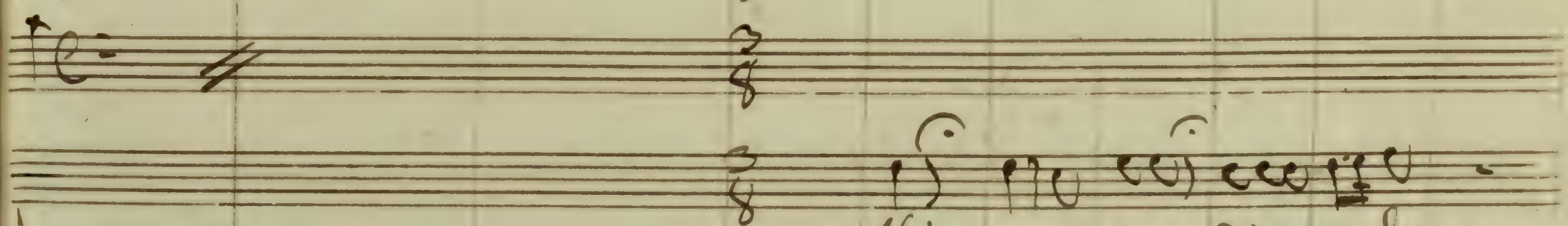
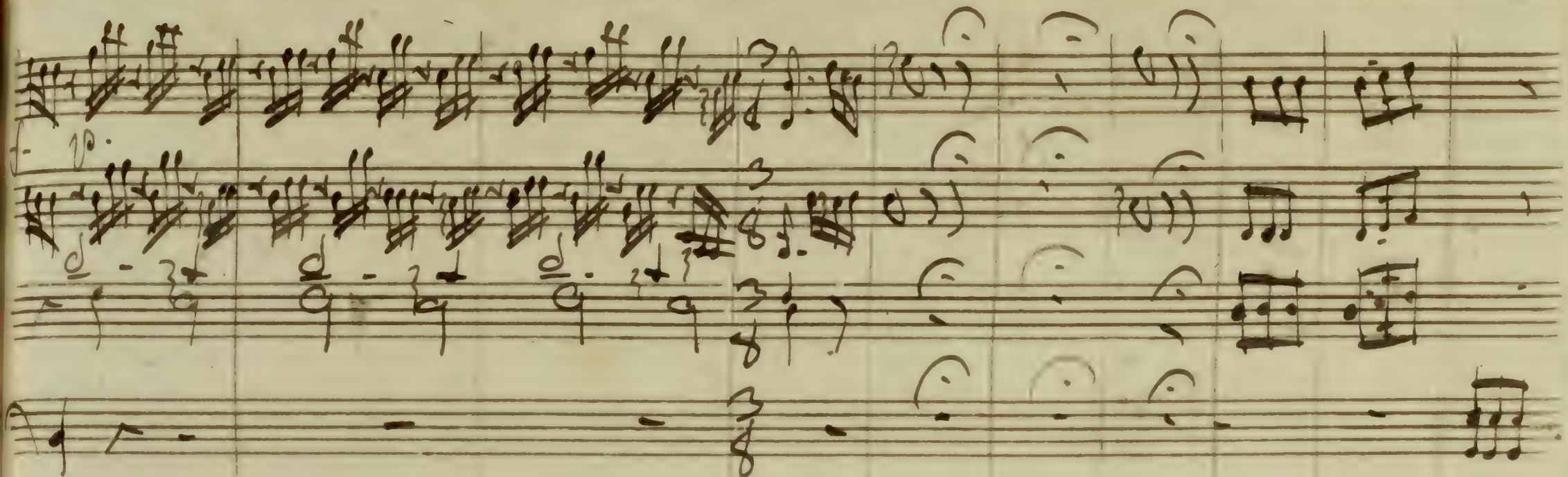


non dubitare pe me' gia' n' atavota peno' m' pastore ll'ano e' in cuollo no m'



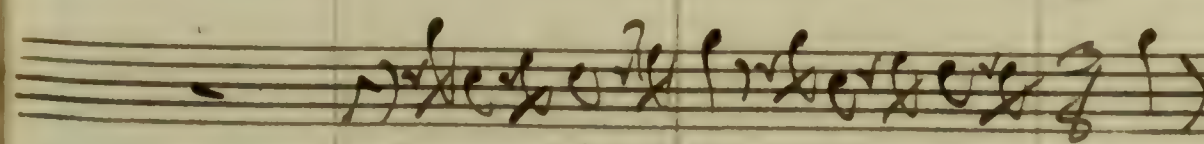




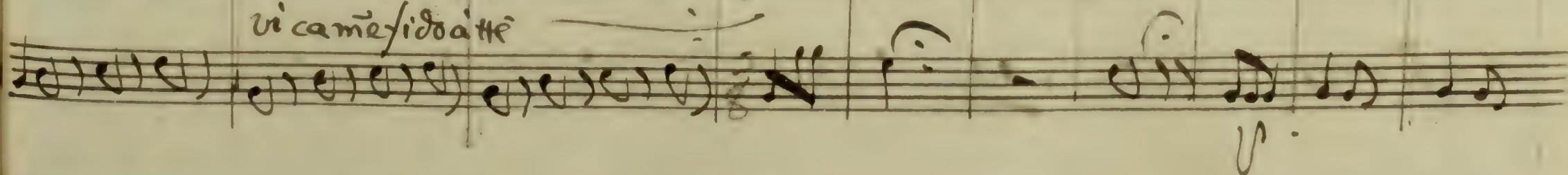


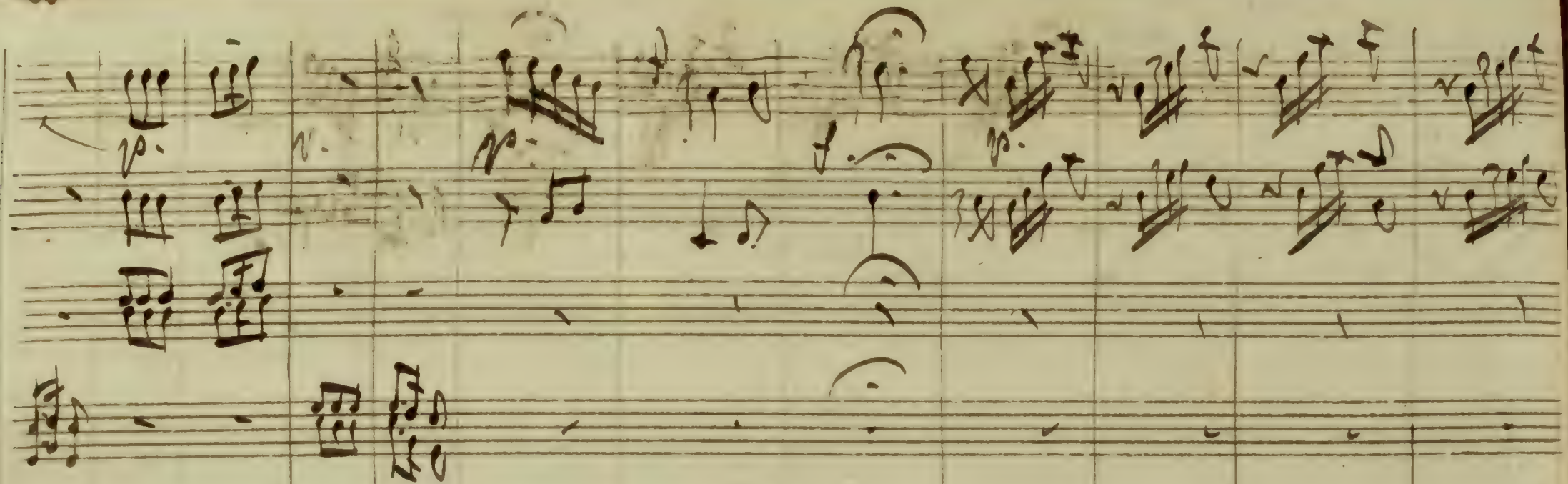
ta tu mo l'è da vedè

Ahi... par vez piro ditemi almeno

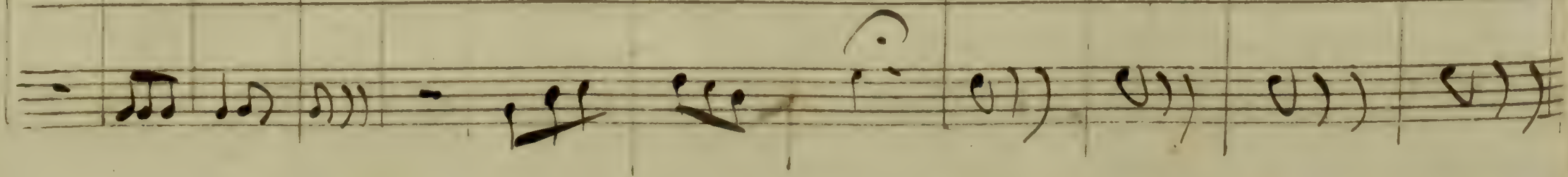


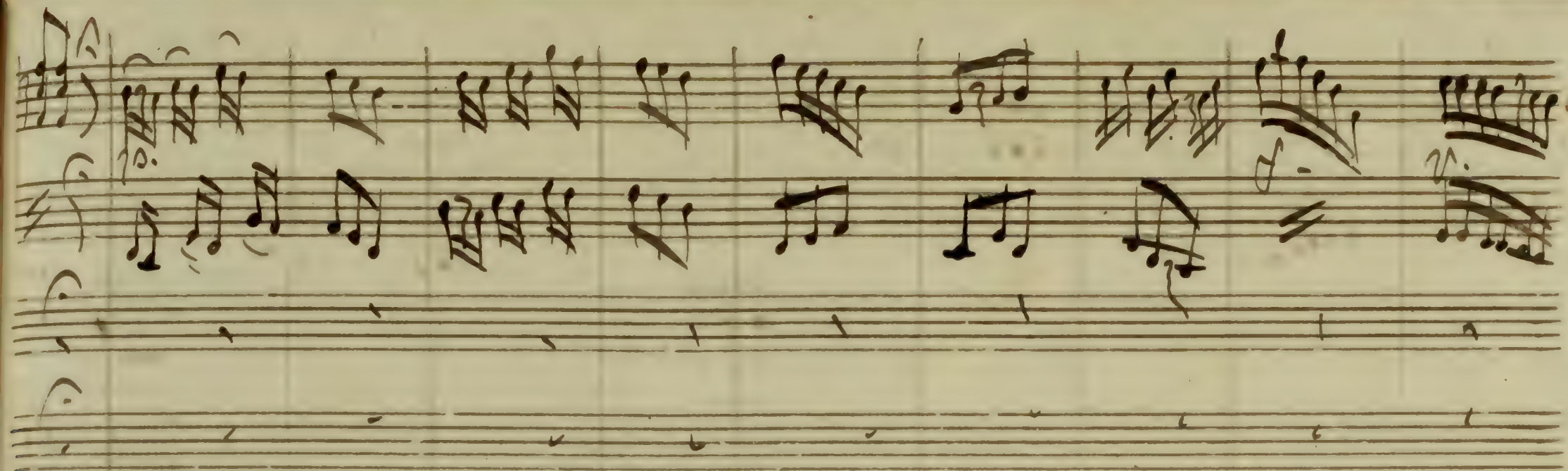
vi cam'è fido a tte



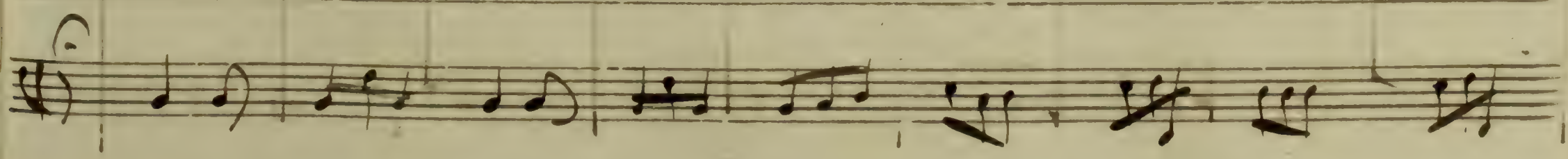


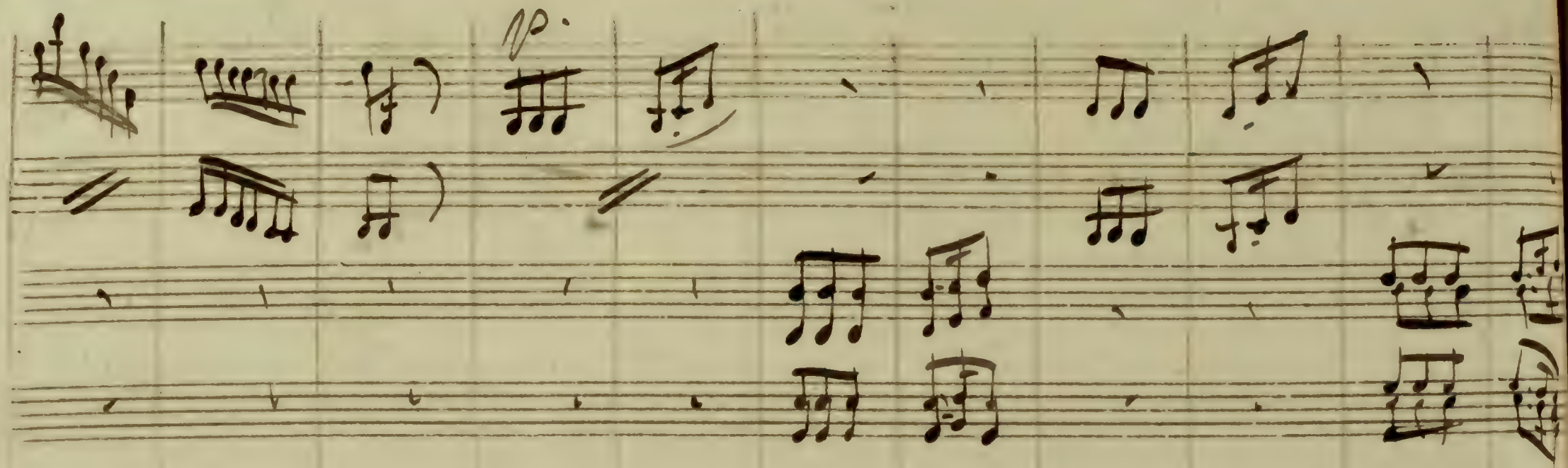
Due i mi sia *Dov'io mi si a deh per pietà. Seli Ditemi Ditemi a*



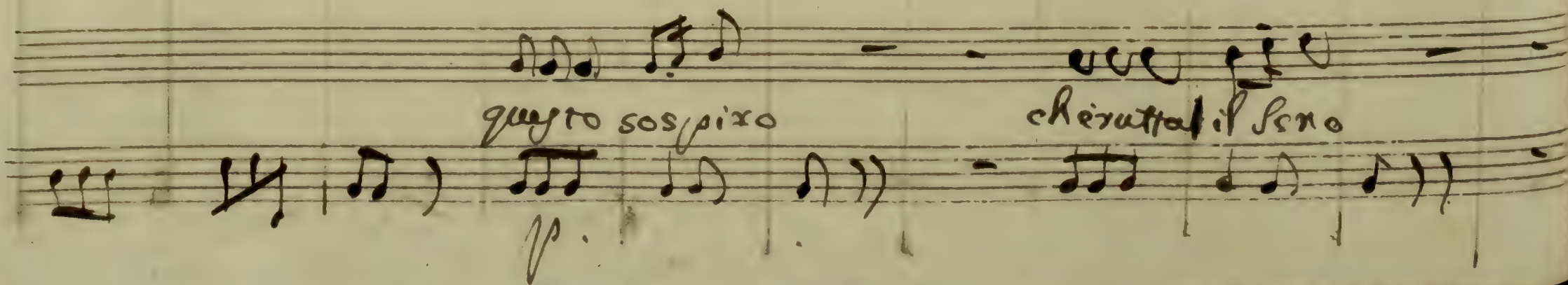


meno ditemi almeno dou'io mi sia dou'io mi sia deh per pietà deh per pi



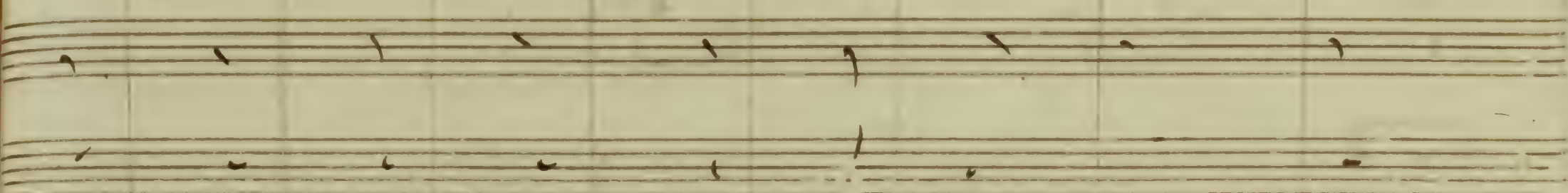


ta) *Dei per pietà*)

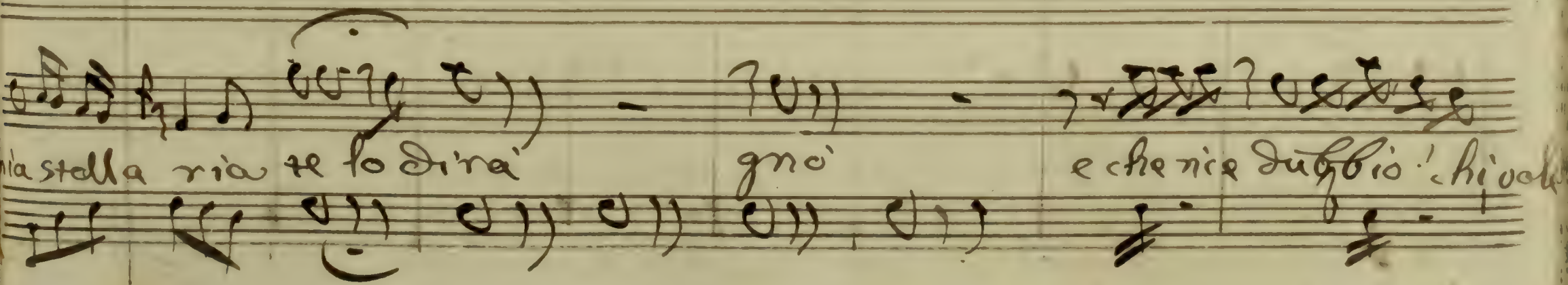


questo sospiro

cherattalileno

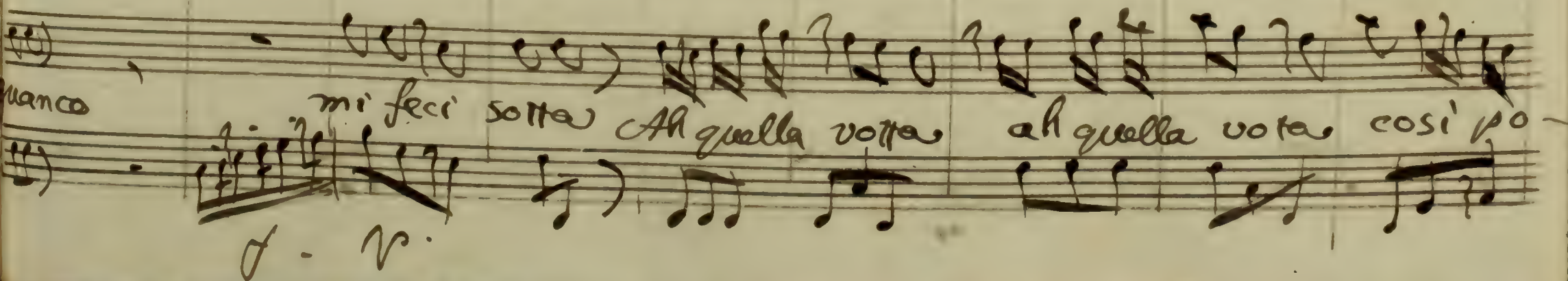



000 - ~~00000~~ 000
Conte! Come tu mi salugati

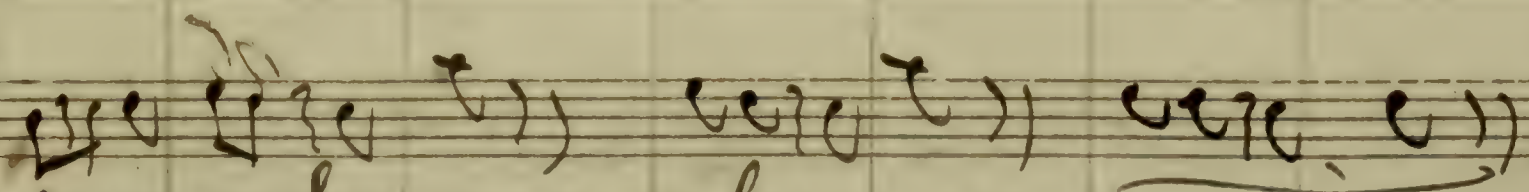


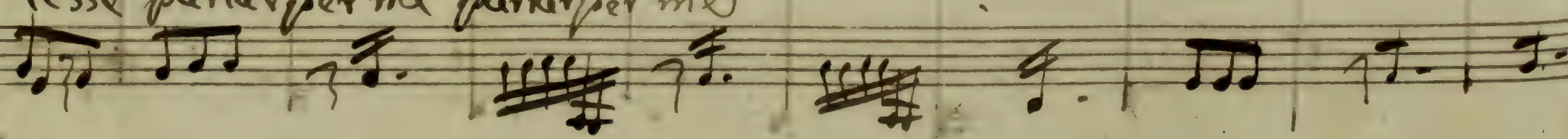


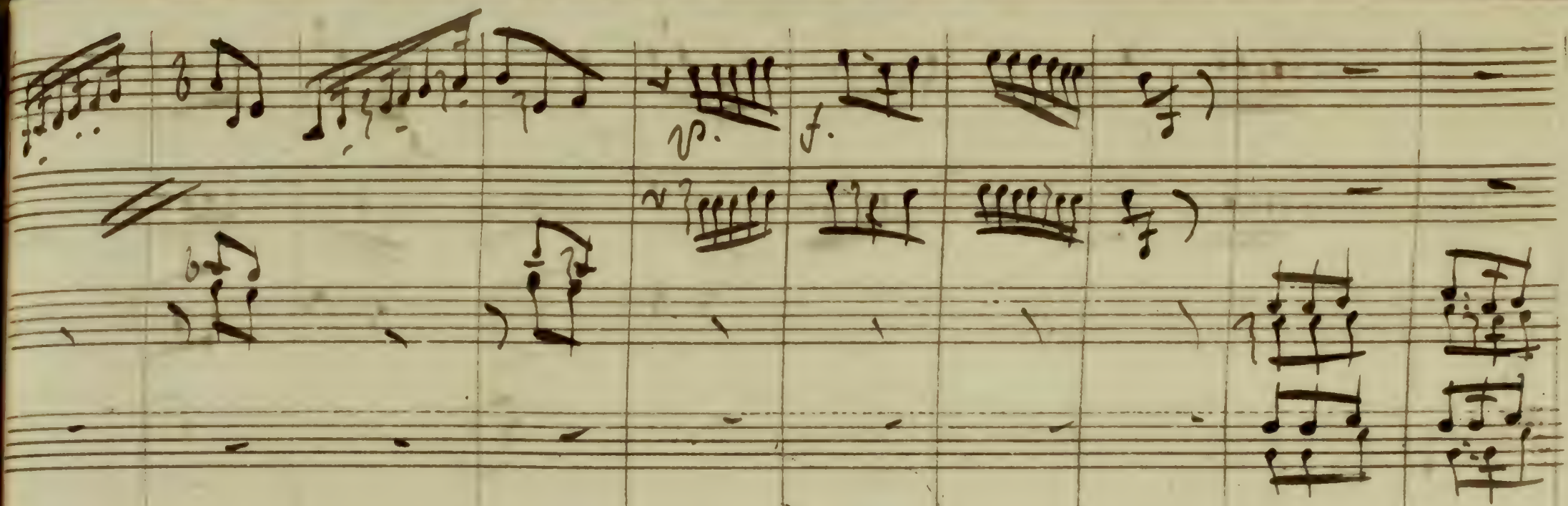
vee vee
e tra le frange



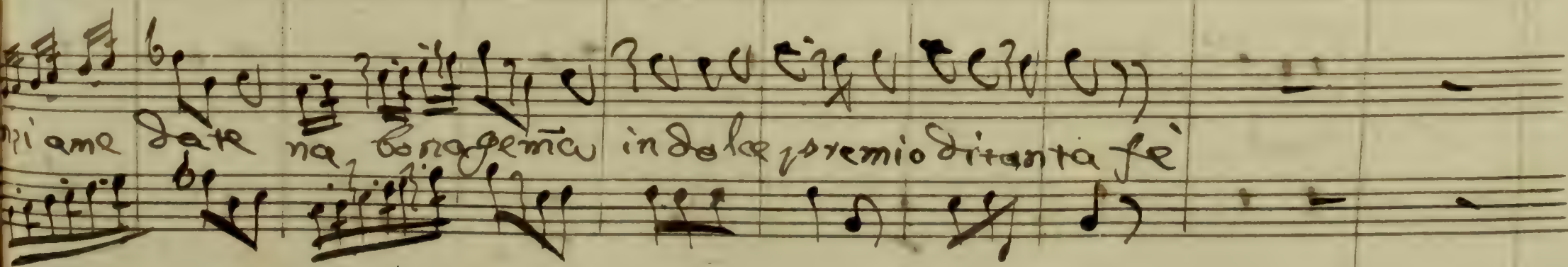

 voi dei servate Ni bella fiam

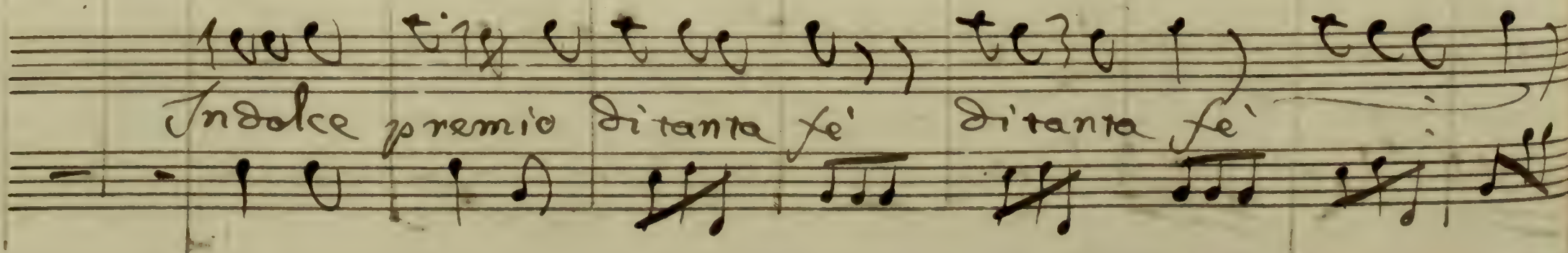
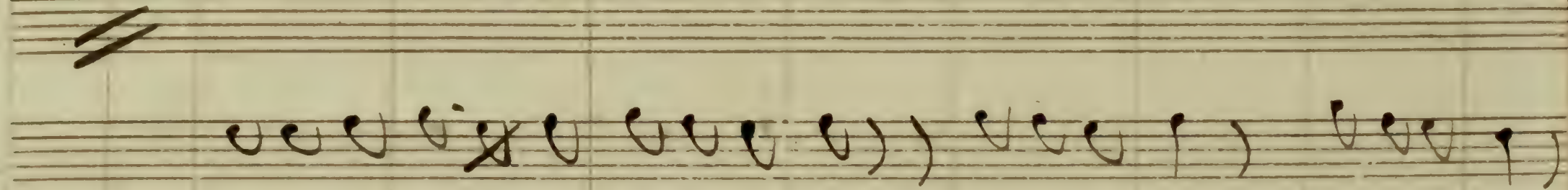
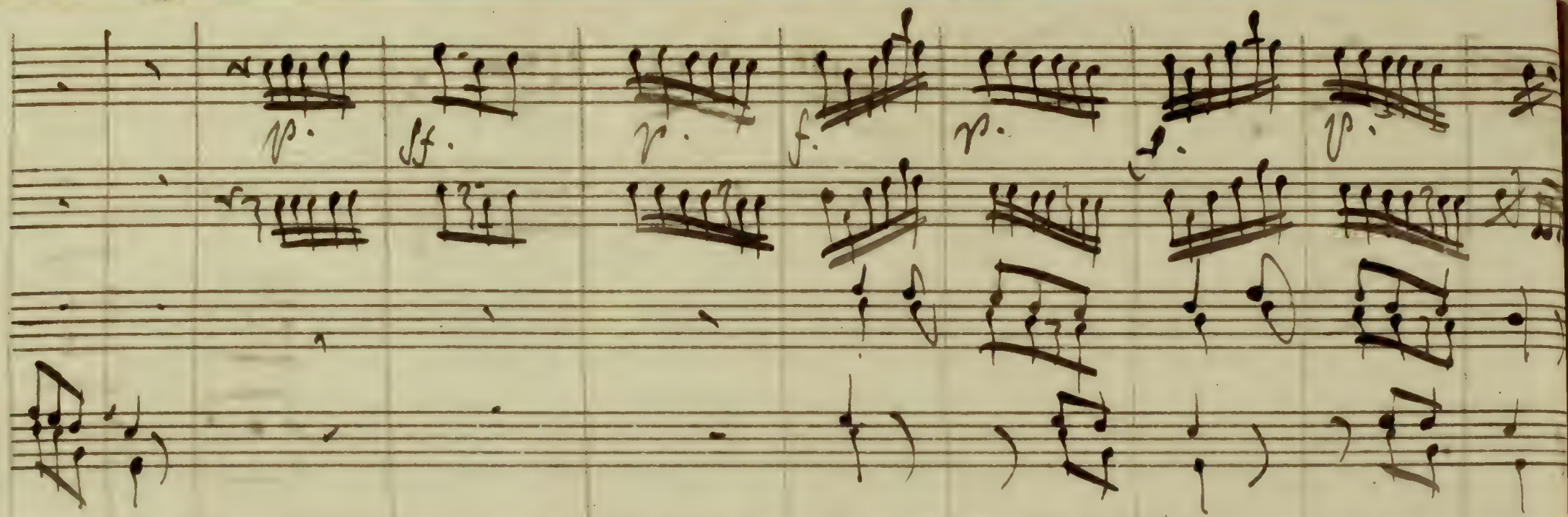

 tesse parlar per me parlar per me

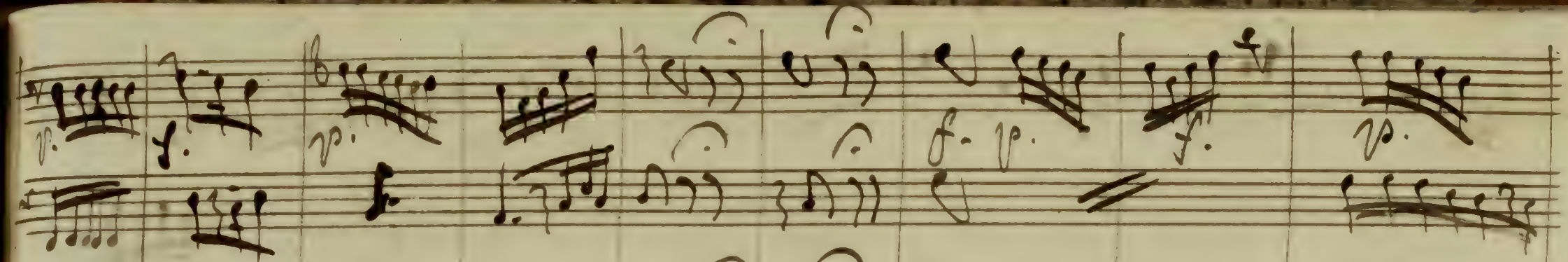




uuu uuu uuu uu
in dolce premio di tanta fe'

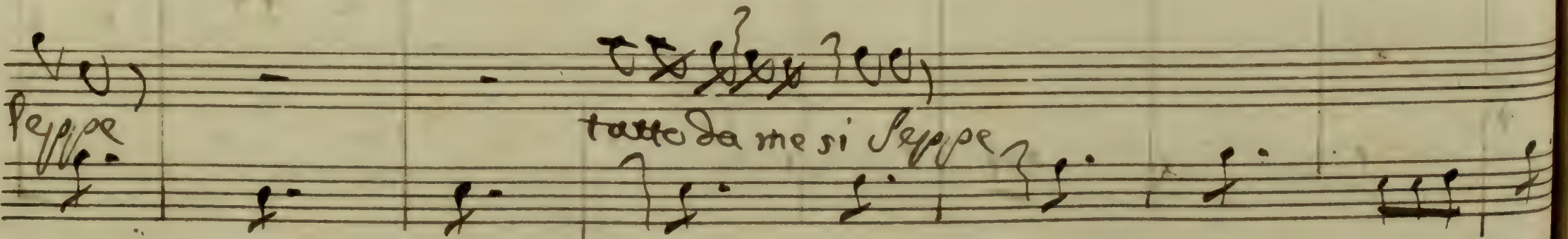
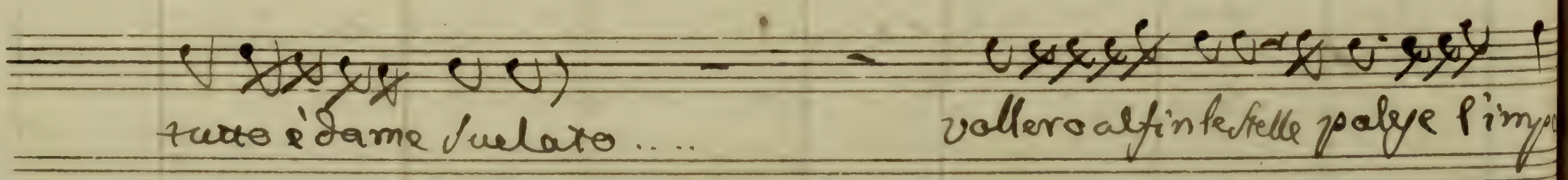
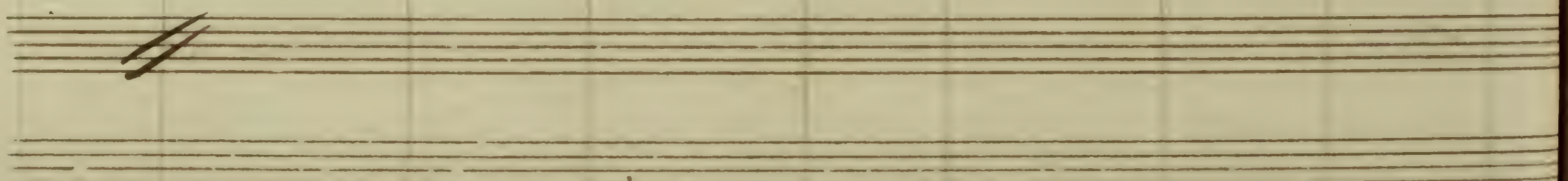
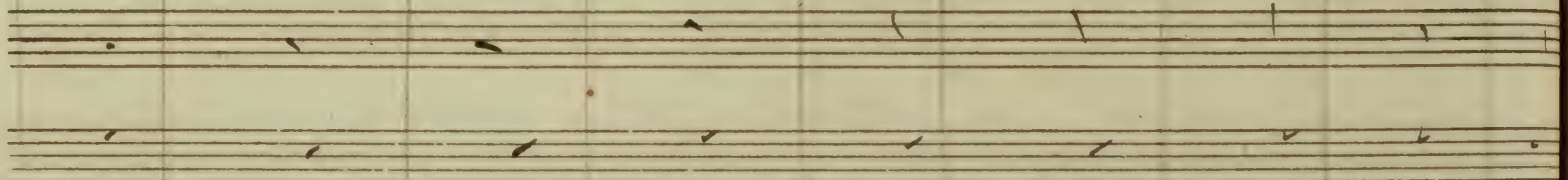
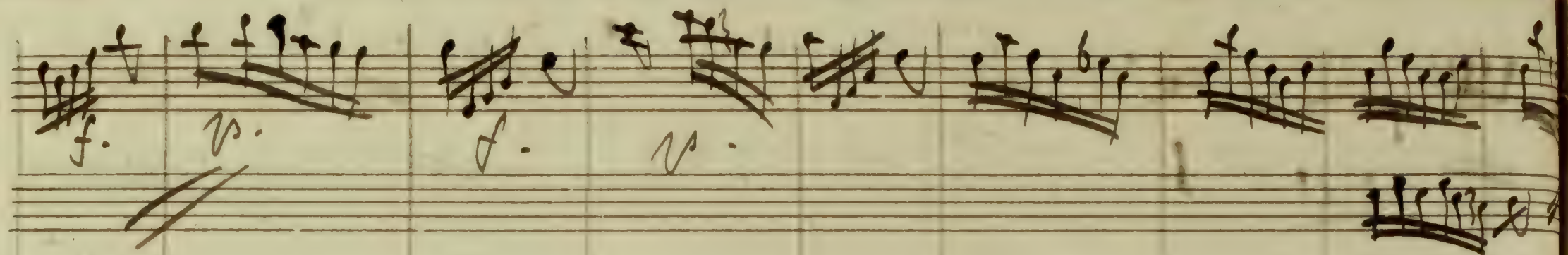


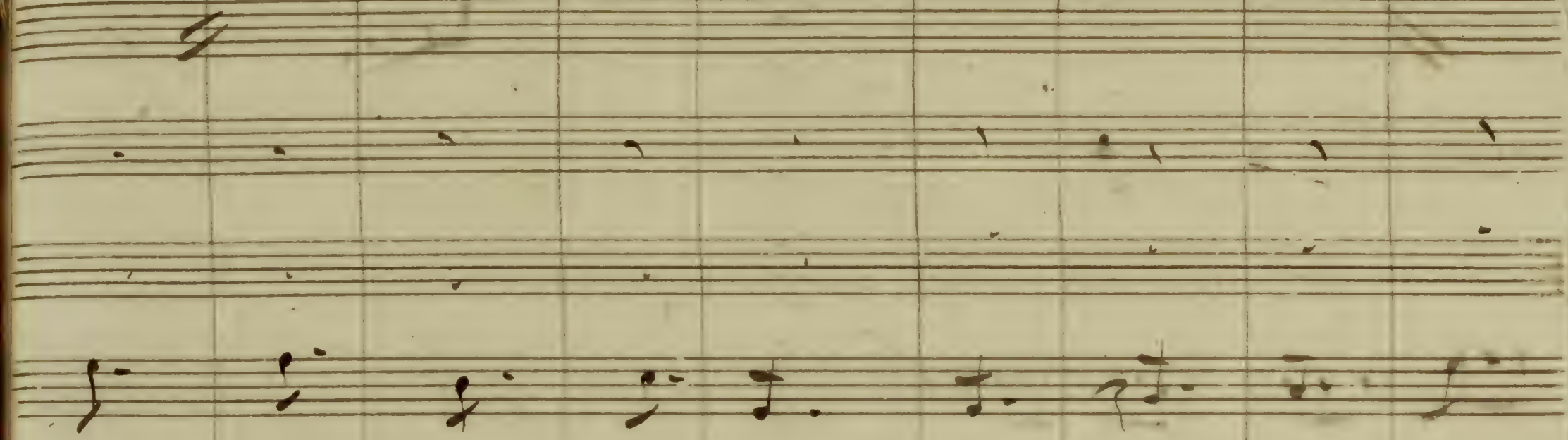




Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. Below the staff, the lyrics are written in Italian: "oschiu' tenera sepe uede' sepe uede'". Above the staff, the word "Cam:" is written. To the right of the staff, the text "Caro fratello amato" is written.

Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff. Above the staff, the tempo marking "Allegro" is written. To the right of the staff, the text "Vipote di gian" is written. The notation includes various note values and rests.



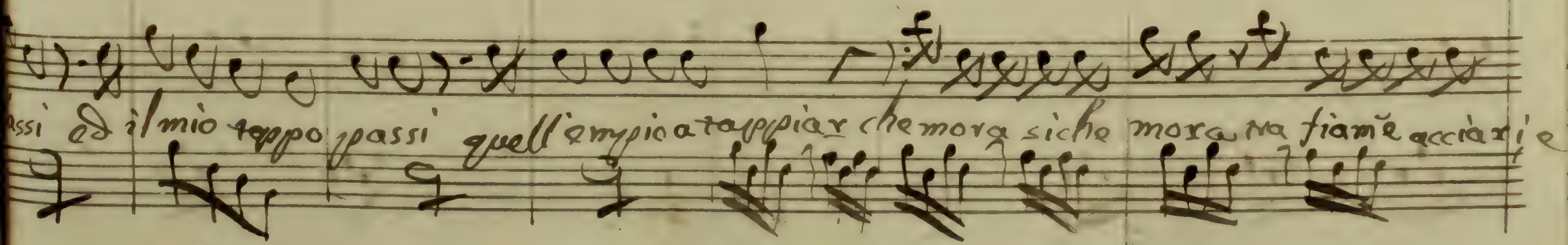
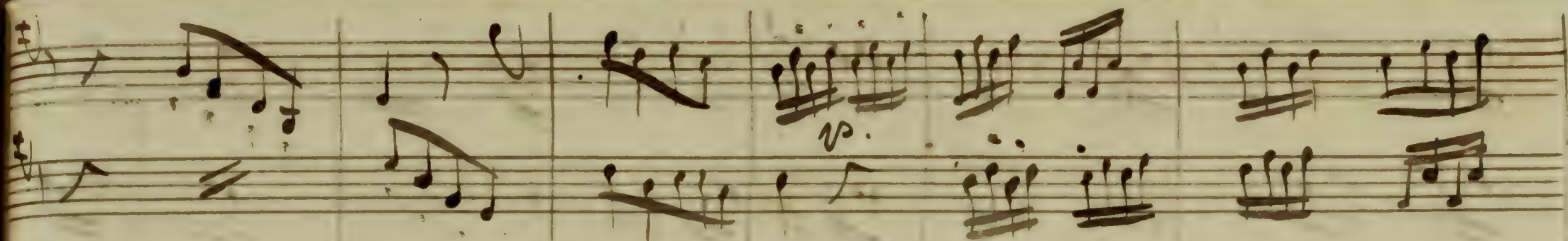


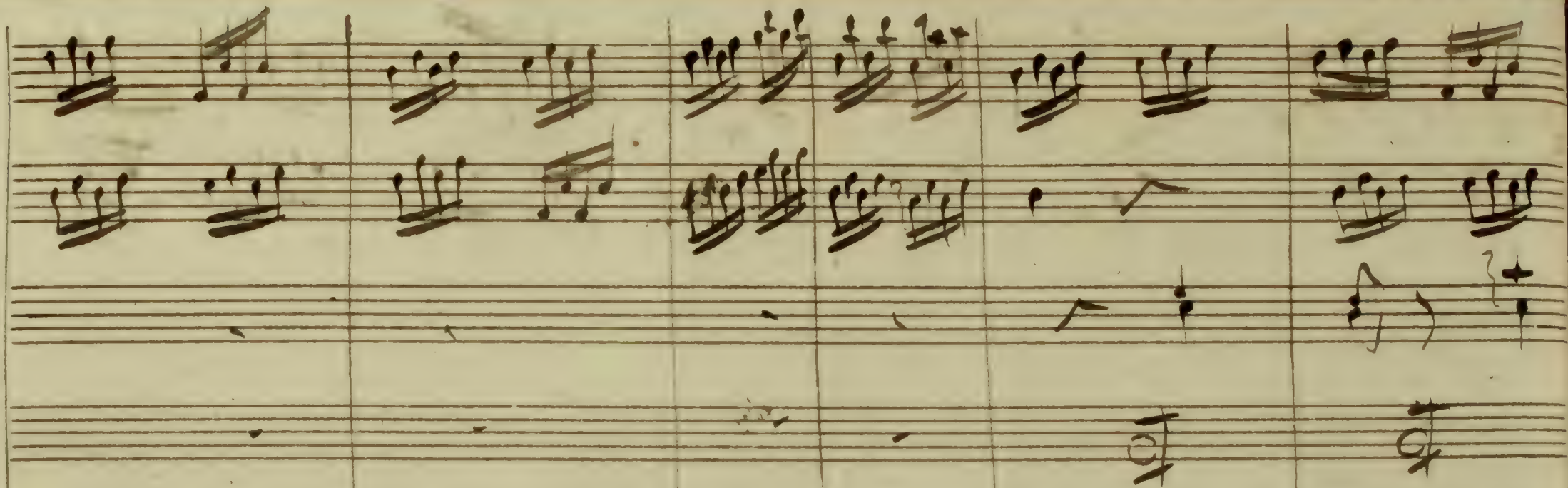
collera al fin la stelle pale e l'impostor

Il re di
colle Corviale tal vedrai or or e con feror

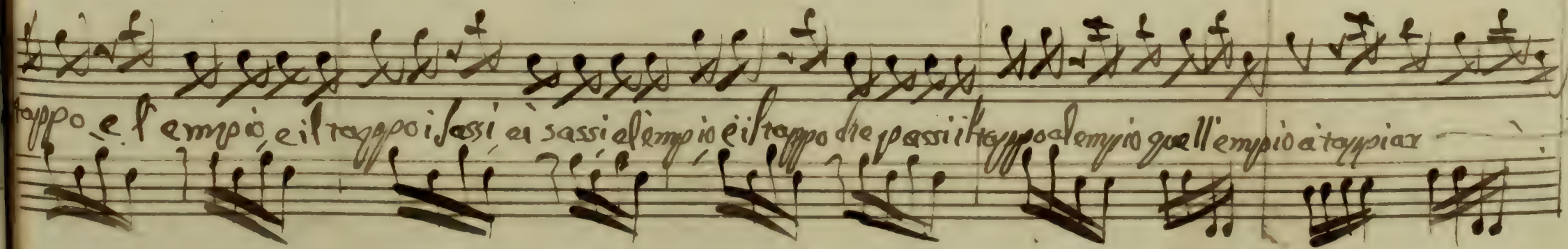
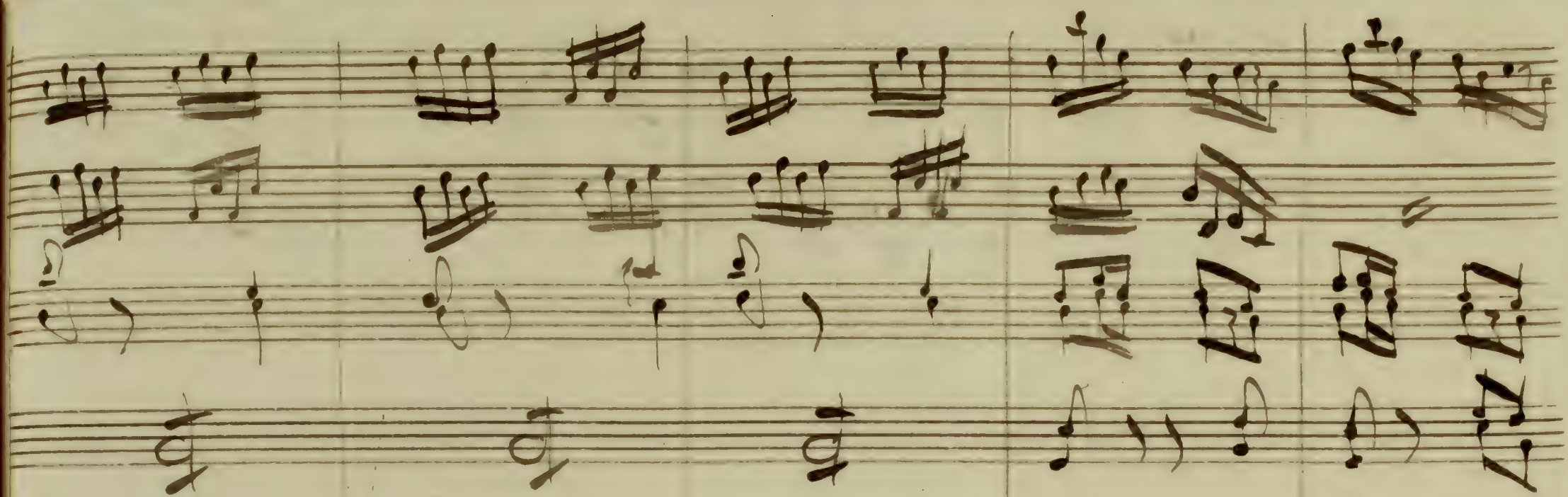


Jai:
jelles tu lo vedrai or or che mora si che mora tra fiamò accari, &
Ande

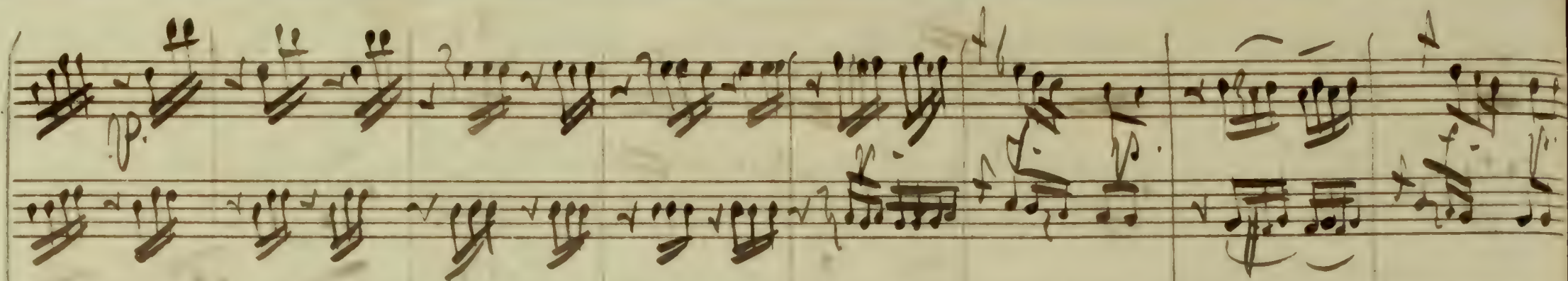




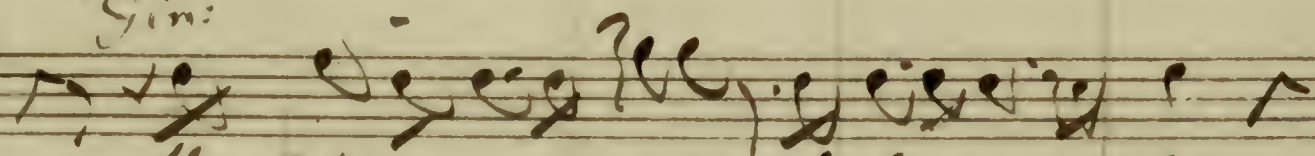
sassi ed il mio tappo passi quello empio a rappia : se il tappo passi a l'empio e l'empio



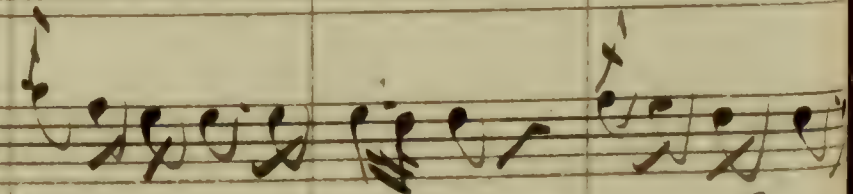
toppo e l'empio e il raggio i sassi ai sassi l'empio e il raggio die passi il raggio l'empio quell'empio a toppiar



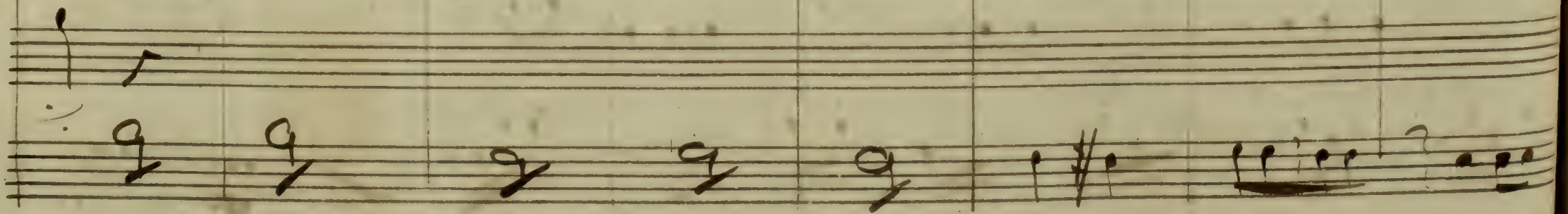
Gini



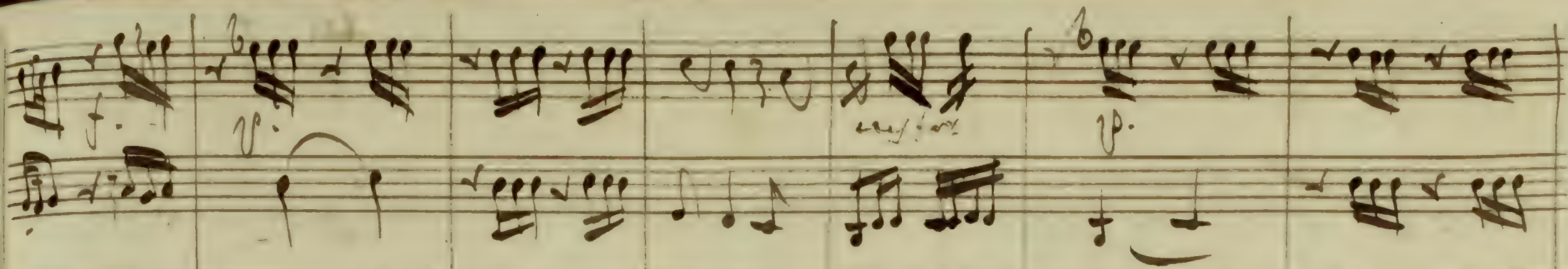
Ma del german odio chi l'odio placherà



Cara l'impegno mio tutto sarà



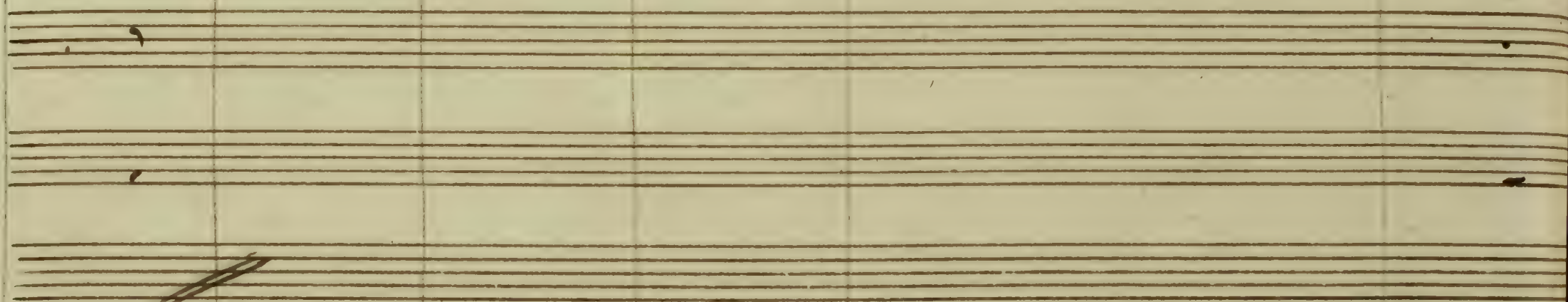
f.



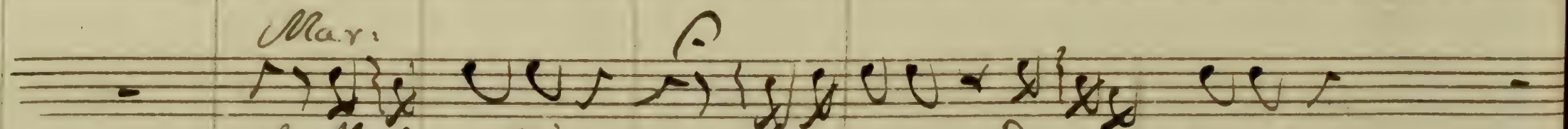
Handwritten musical notation on a five-line staff, with lyrics written below the notes.

nesso eccovi in questo ampleso la vostra licenza eccovi in questo ampleso la

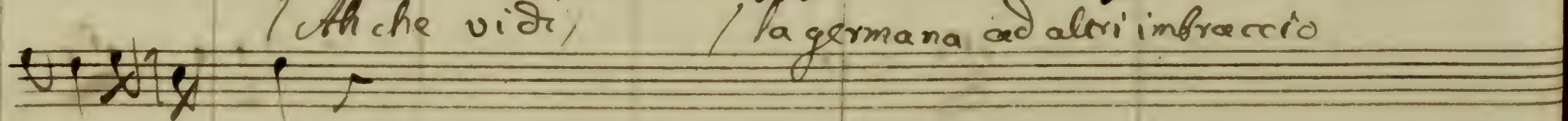




Mar:




Al che vidi, / la germana ad altri imbraccio

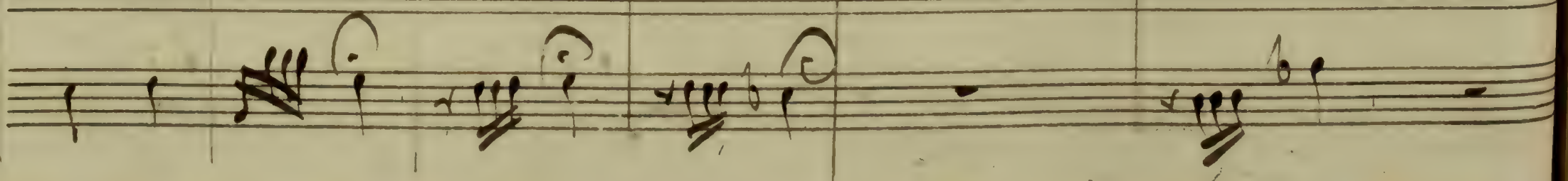
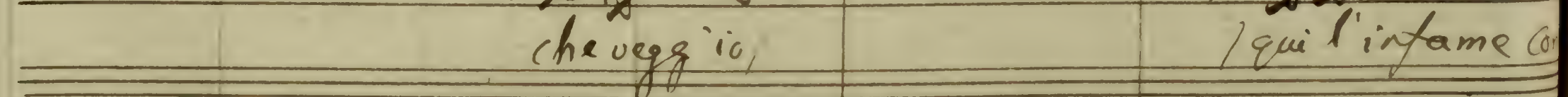


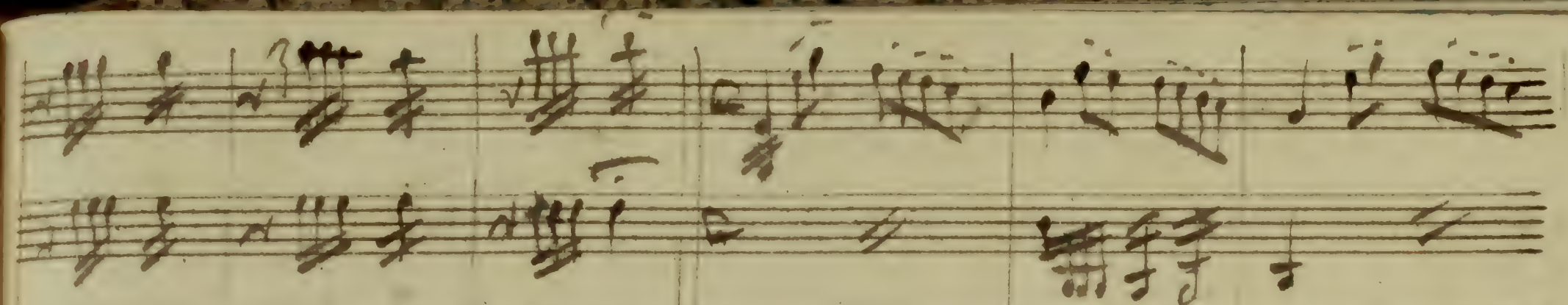
vostre sicurtà

con:



che vegg'io, / qui l'infame cor





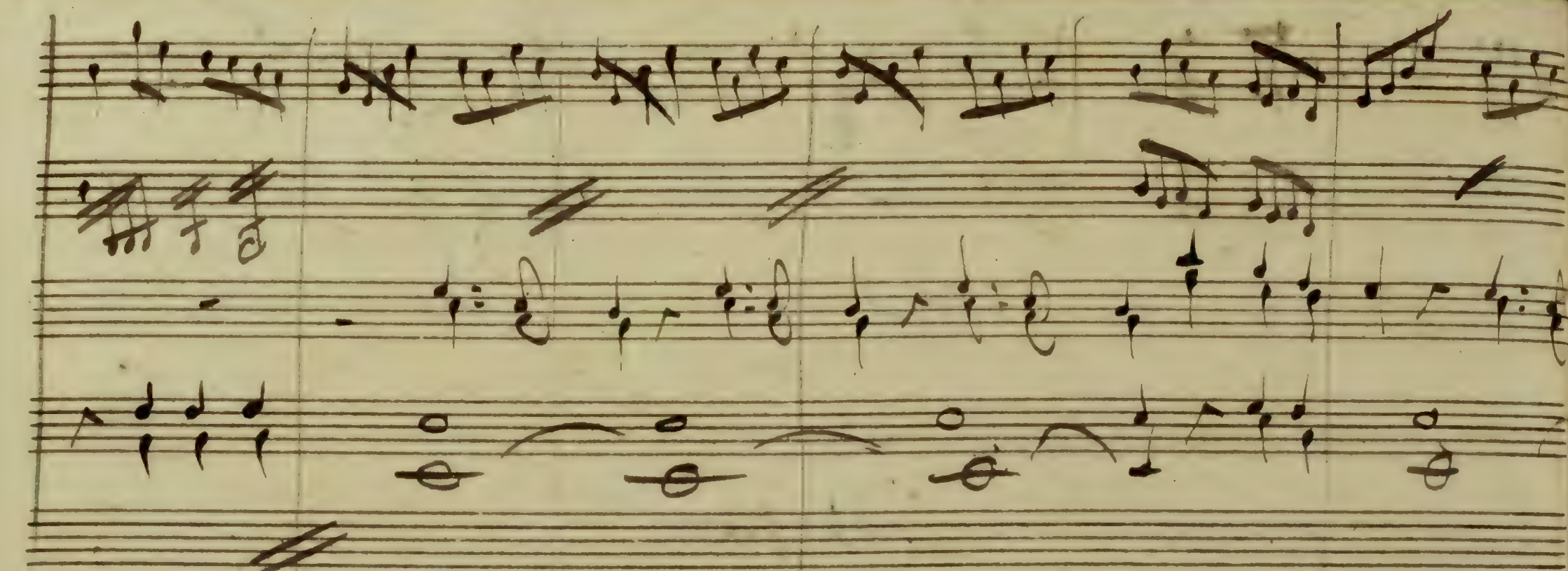
Corni in E-flat
Ed Pyso

che farò :)

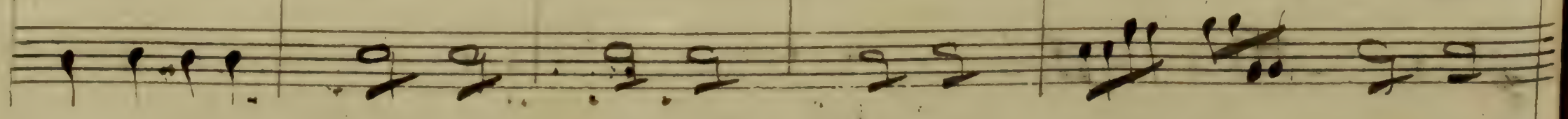
Al si uada un'empia morte per l'indegna a prepa

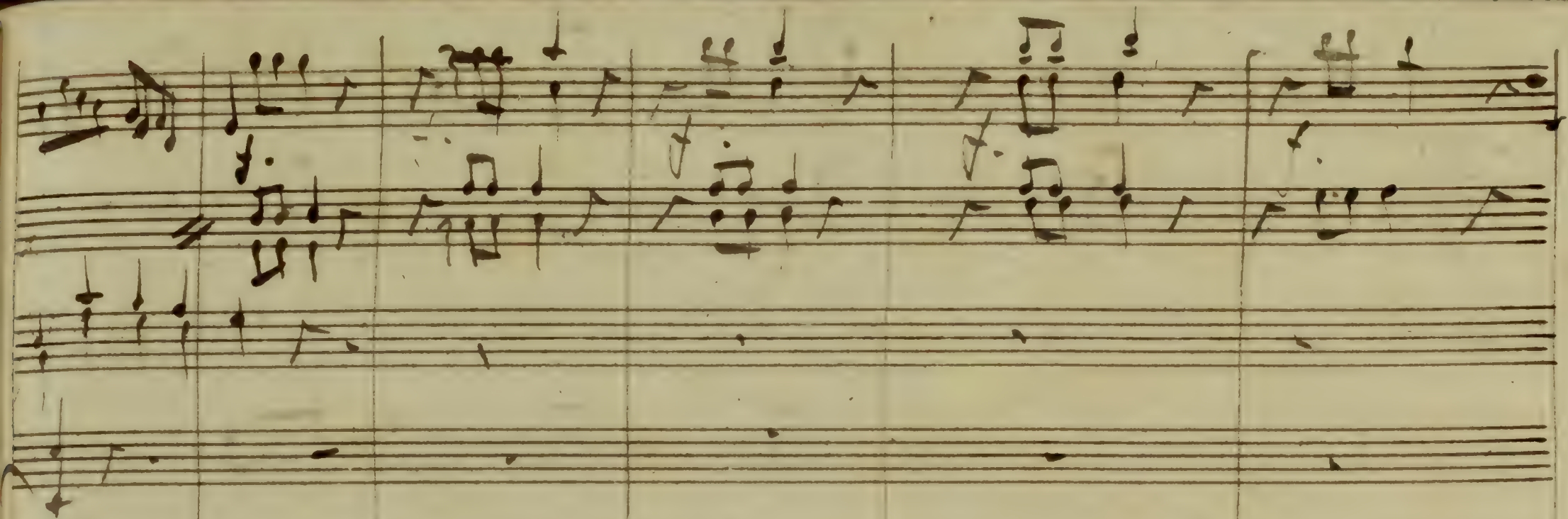
che deggio far

all'no prego



rar
ah si vada unempia morte per l' indegna a preparar per l'





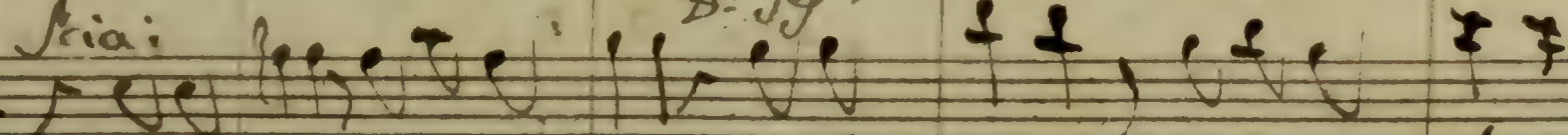
Segna e prepara r

Can:

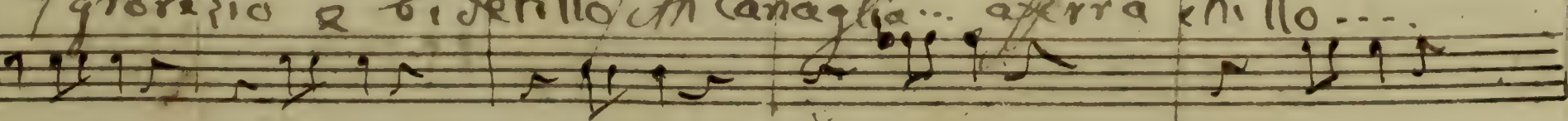


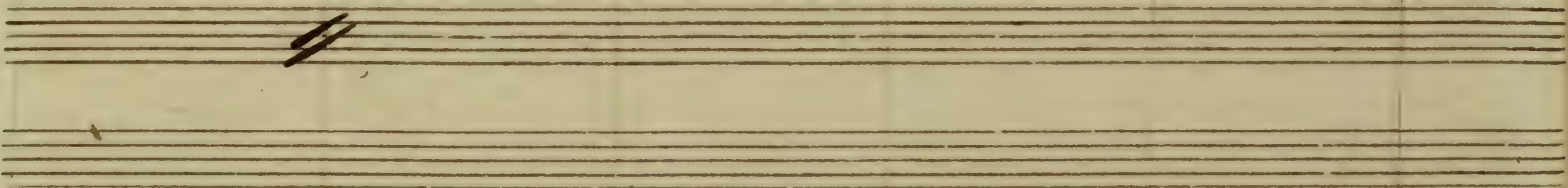
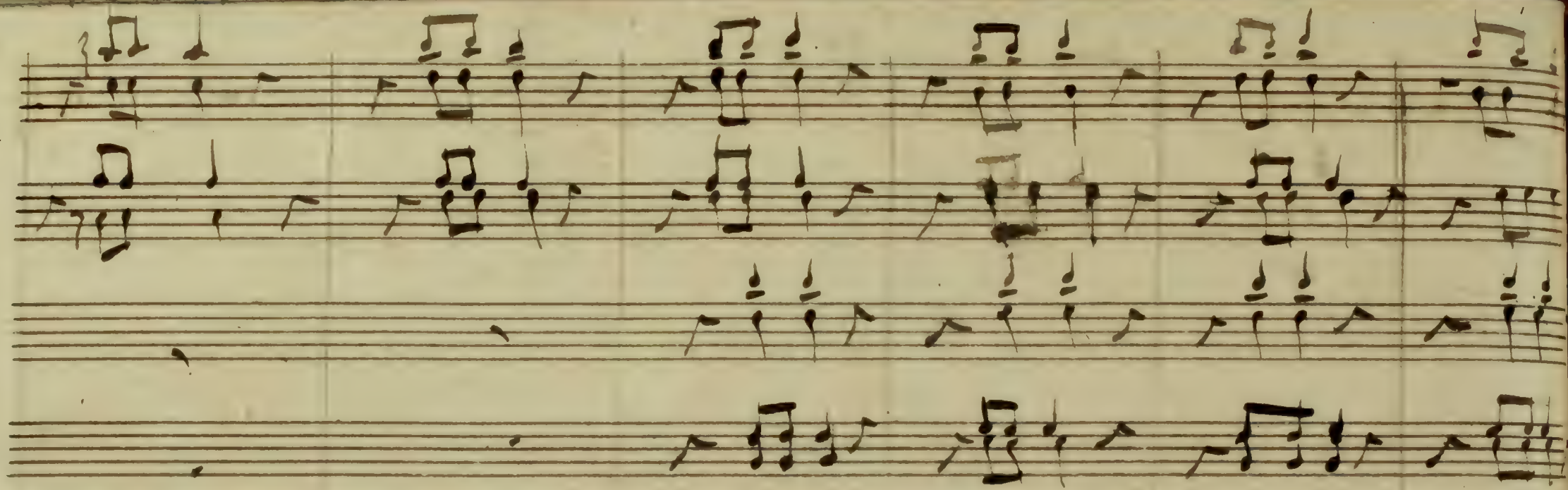
Carre af

Mia: D: Jy:



/grozzio e biderillo Ah canaglia... afferra chillo...





stigne all'aria, forte

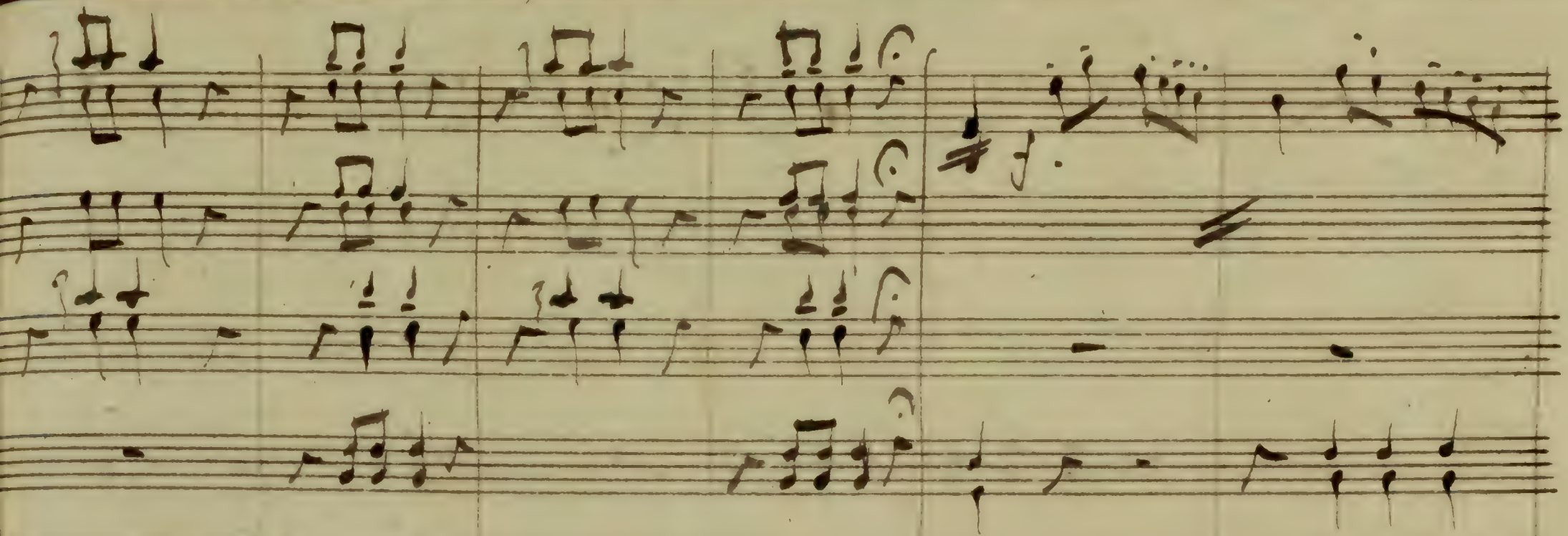
a me questo e tu furbo

ah truffa uolo

ola mariuolo

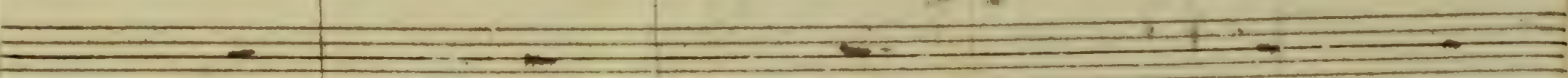
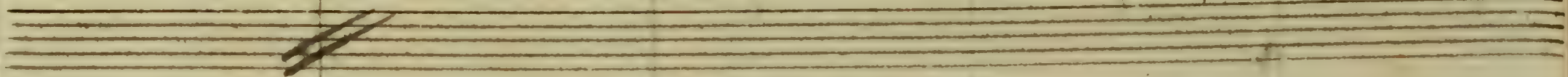
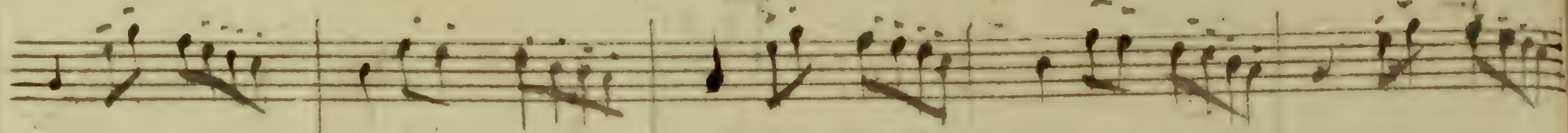
Donna

Handwritten musical notation on three staves. The first staff has a few notes and the lyric "stigne all'aria, forte". The second staff has more notes and the lyrics "a me questo e tu furbo". The third staff has notes and the lyrics "ah truffa uolo" and "ola mariuolo". The word "Donna" is written at the end of the second staff.

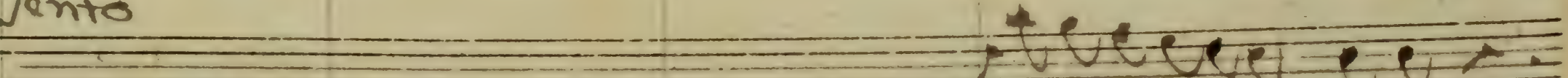


Gin:
e parli ancora can: parti indegno nonti
eiam malora
grata di tu almeno Ah quel fiero tradimento

A single staff of music at the bottom of the page, containing several measures of music with beamed notes and rests. It appears to be a continuation of the piece or a separate part.



sento

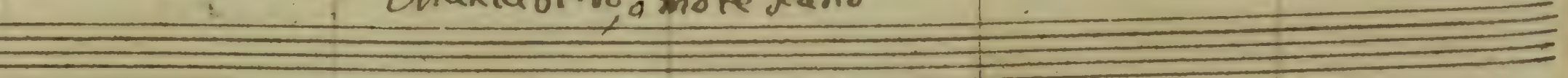


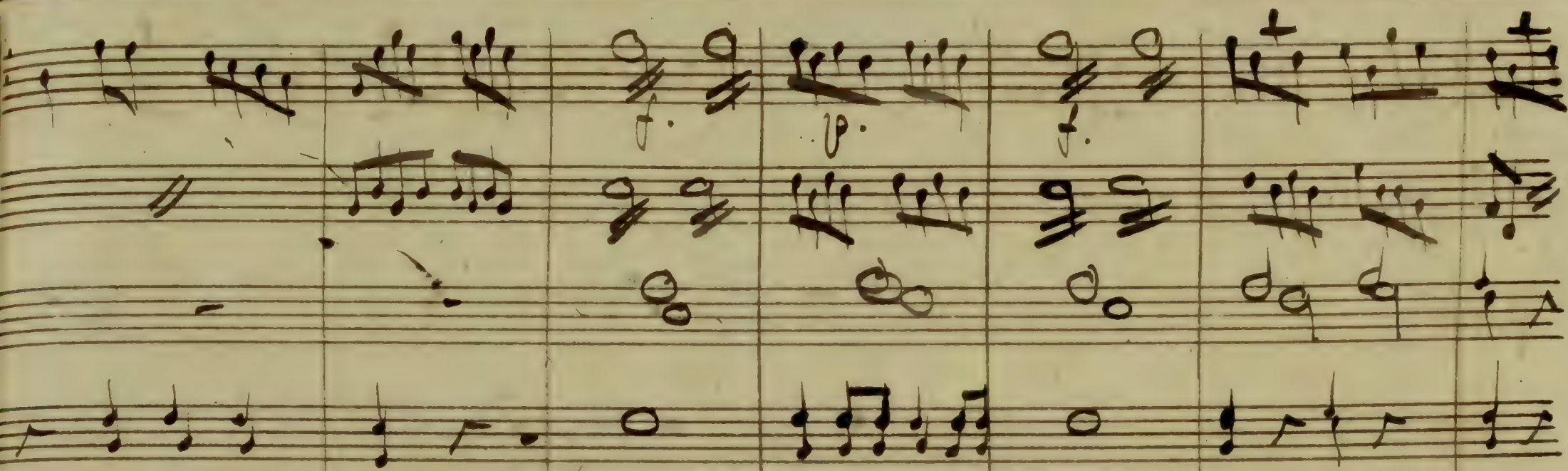
qual ingiurie qual affanò

ma se vinco il mio destino

ma se il ciel

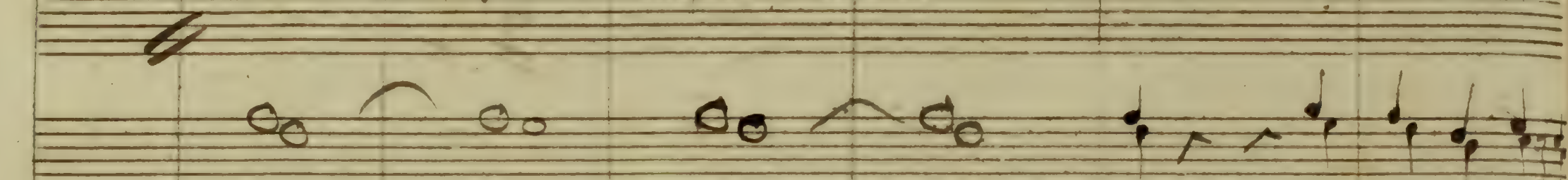
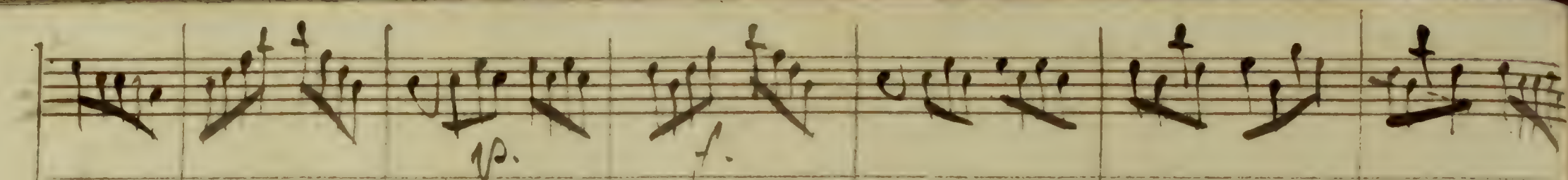
D: Fy. Marcia binto, more sano



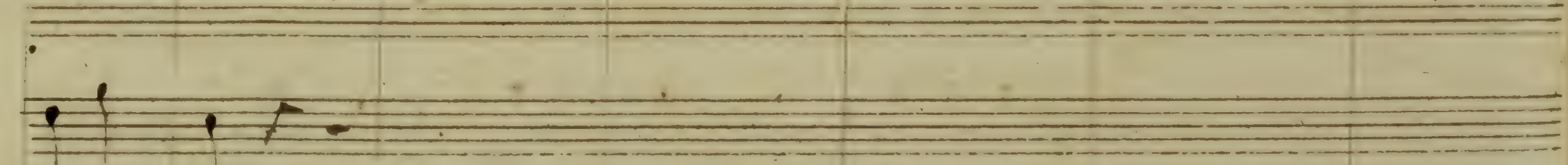


toso *quel' eccidio, quel' rovina questa man di voi farai questa man di*

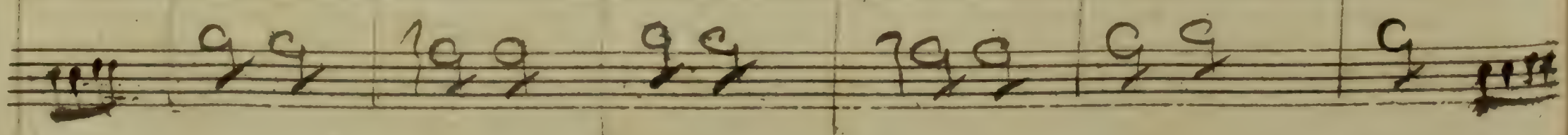
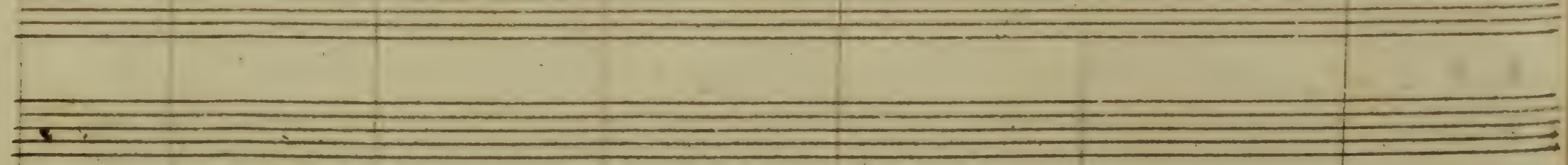
vai a la forca pidocchio *lo lo lo lo lo lo*

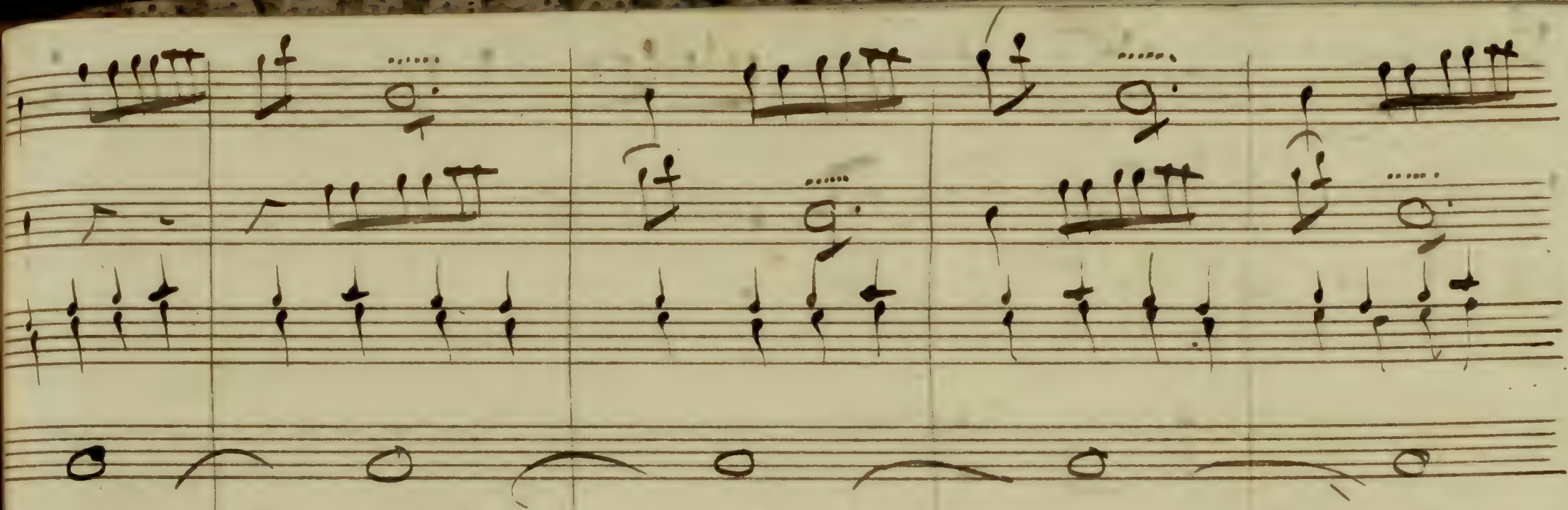


ma fra tanto te vicina più che a noi la morte sta più che a noi la morte



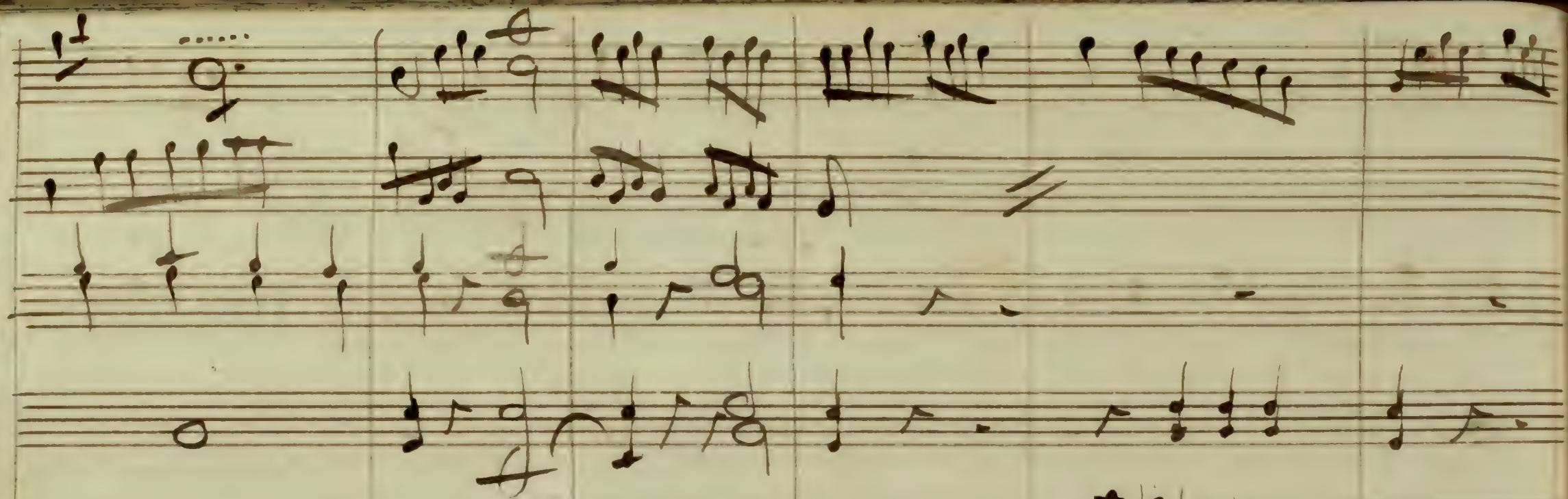
voi farai





sta
ma pe mōi Com'a gallina scaratea cā cā cā cā scaratea scaratea cā cā cā cā scaratea scaratea ca ca

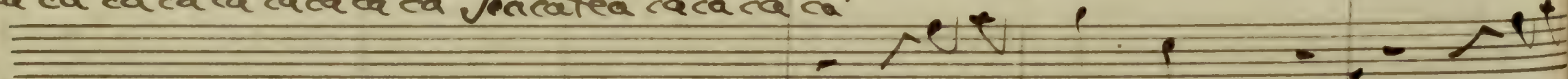
scia:
ma pe mōi Com'a gallina scaratea cā cā cā cā scaratea scaratea cā cā cā cā scaratea ca ca
ma pe mōi Com'a gallina scaratea cā cā cā cā scaratea scaratea cā cā cā cā scaratea



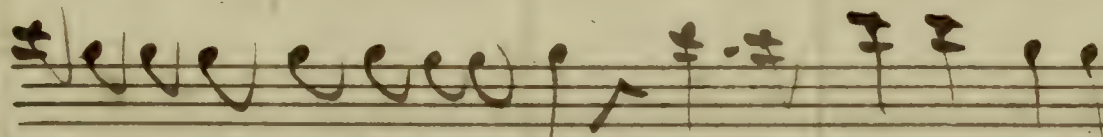
Parti indegno non ti sento



cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà Scacatea cà cà cà cà



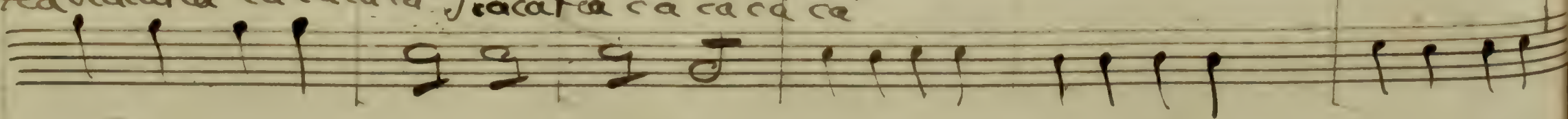
Donna ingrata



ca cà cà cà cà cà cà cà Scacatea cà cà cà cà



rea Scacatea cà cà cà cà Scacatea cà cà cà cà

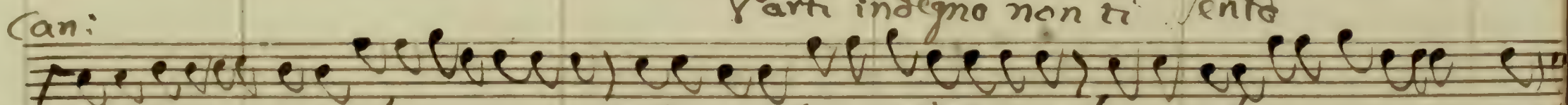
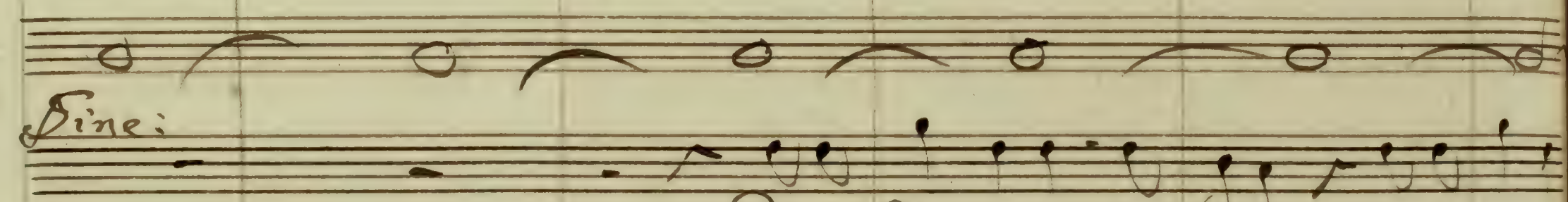




Handwritten musical notation with lyrics in Italian:

...to
di tu almeno
e tu furbo
di tu al -
marcia bibo, o mo te scano
vì ala forza pidochiyo





ma pe mō Com' a gallina scacatea cā cā cā scacatea scacatea cā cā cā scacatea scacatea cā cā cā cā

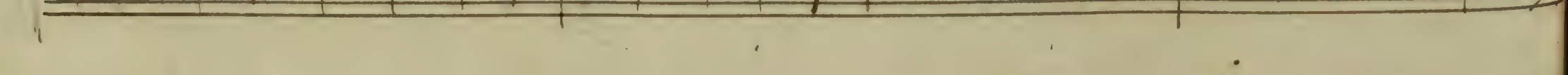
meno Ah qual fiero tradimento qual' ingiurie qual' affanno

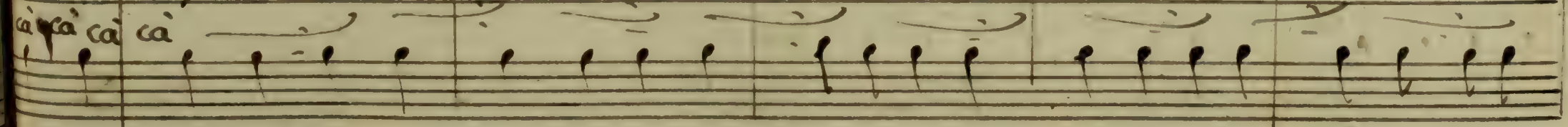
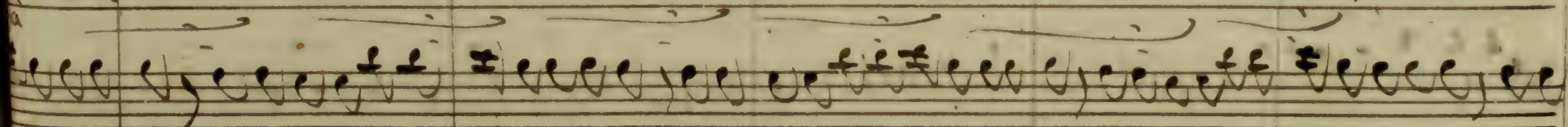
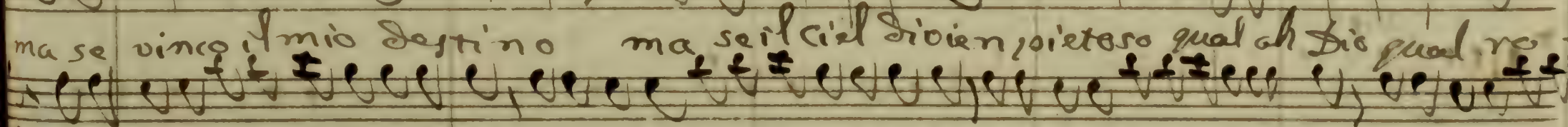
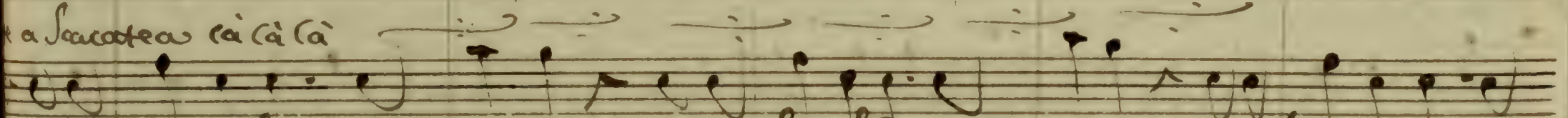
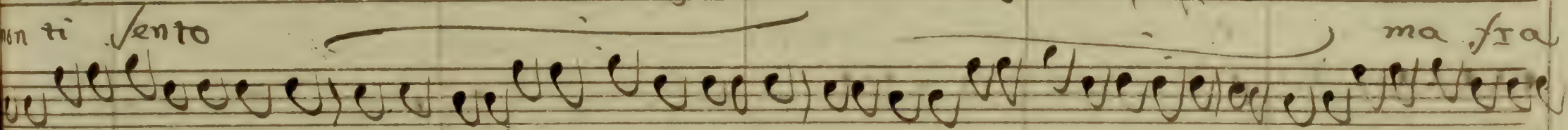
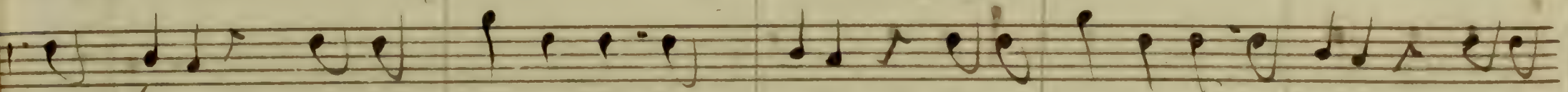
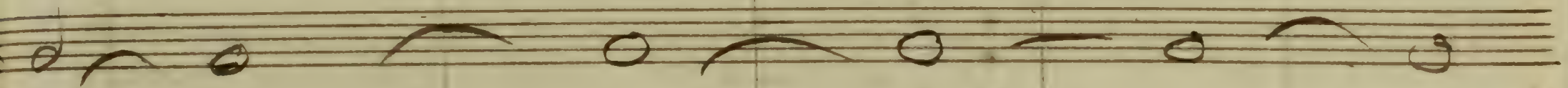
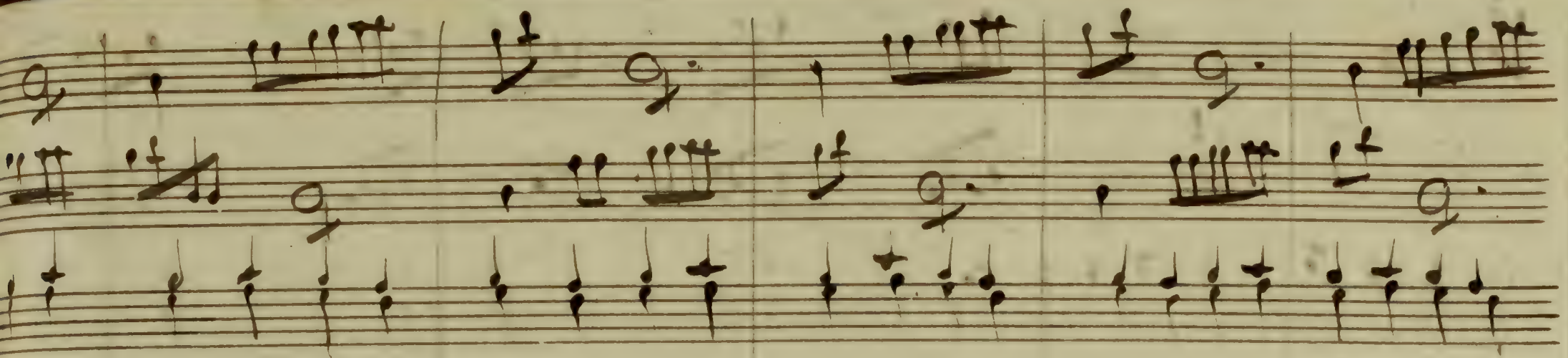


ma pe mō Com' a gallina scacatea cā cā cā scacatea scacatea cā cā cā scacatea scacatea cā cā cā cā

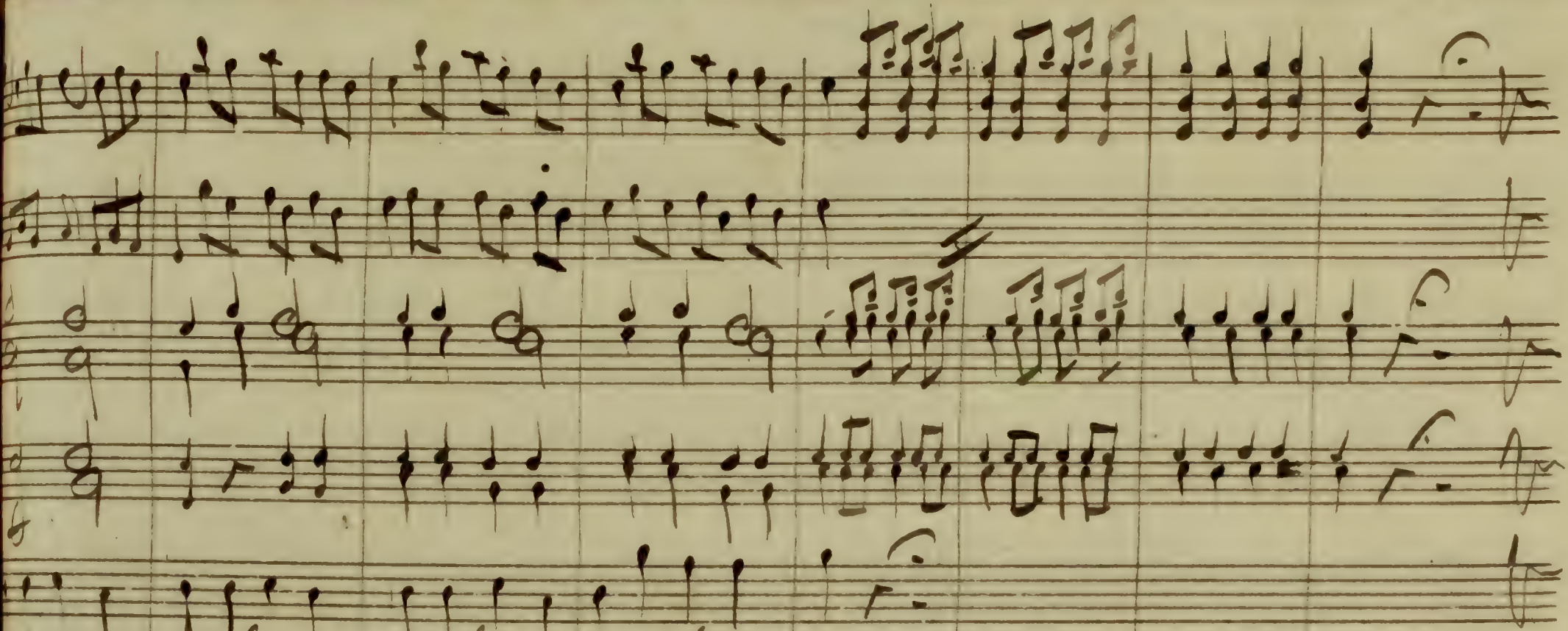


ma pe mō Com' a gallina scacatea cā cā cā scacatea scacatea cā cā cā scacatea





[illegible]



la morte stà la morte stà la morte stà la morte stà

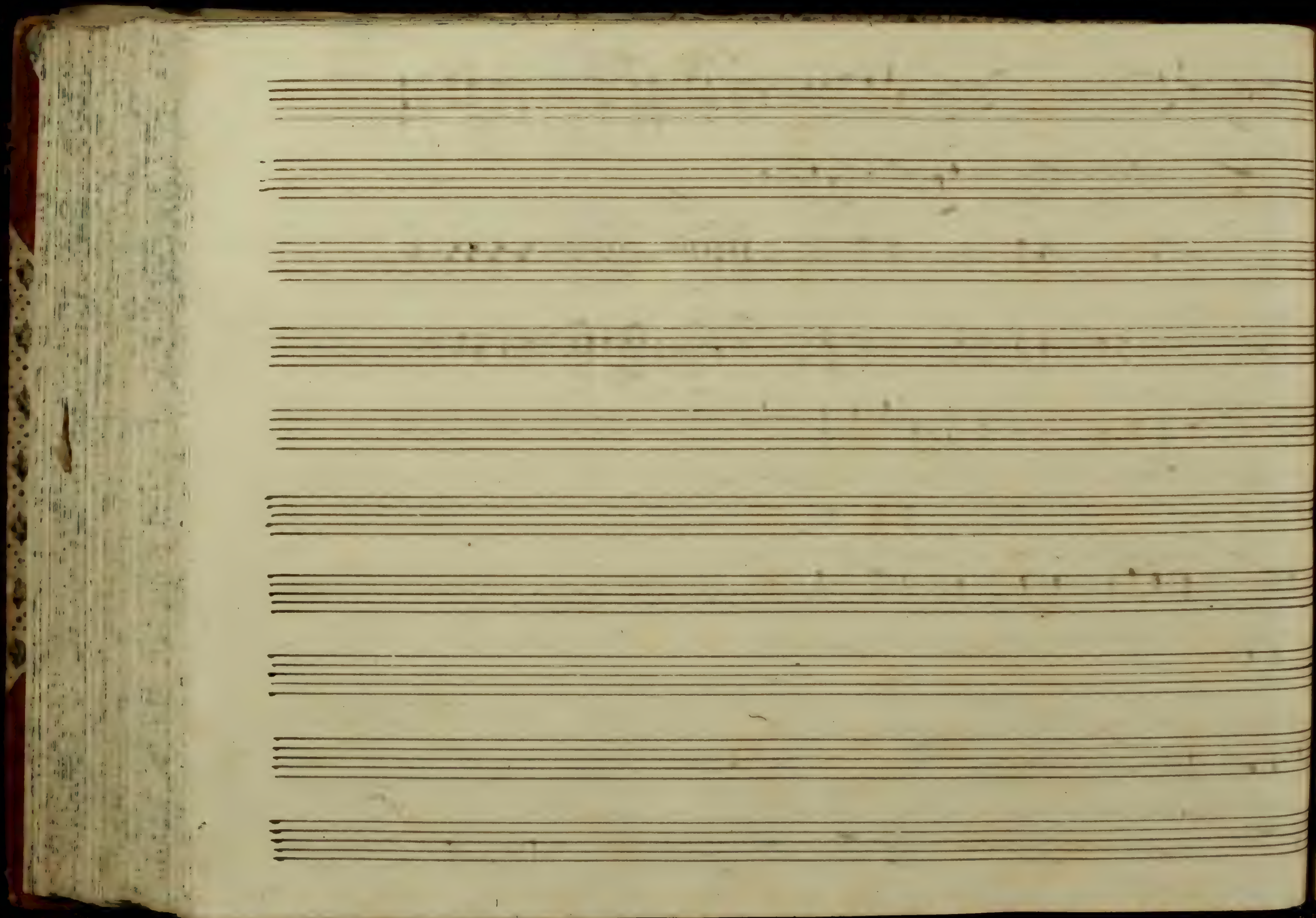
cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà

di voi fara' di voi fara' di voi fara' di voi fara' di voi fara'

cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà

cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà cà





Anno Terzo

kenw 1.

Mar:

Marchese e Canetela

Bayta non più vi ascolto voci del sangue,

ma maluaggia donna che di un novello amante, non ricusa gli am-

plexi e oblia l'onesto mia sorella non è l'odio detesto

Can:

mar:

Can:

mora la scellerata o candida attempo a me bolite ascolta

mo' ca s'arrefreda sta' p'petela C'aggio da portare a la sorella

vosta casta proprio battuta la maresca) *Mar:* In poco sappi

chi io con lei sdegnato fui troppo e'uer ma pure mi vinse la pietate *Can:*

si c'auite ca n'ha netate n'urzo me parite *Mar:* basta a' de

more e' poiche assai nel periglio del fuoco Gineura si smarri vogl' in que

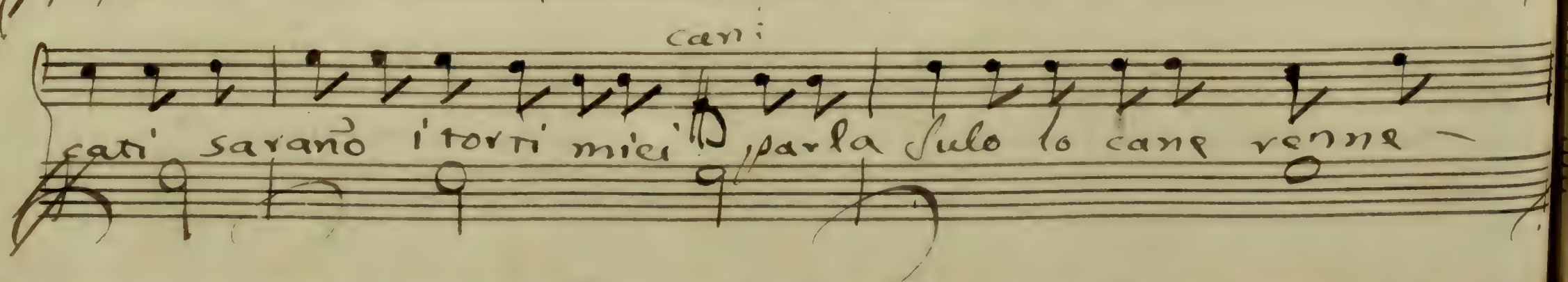
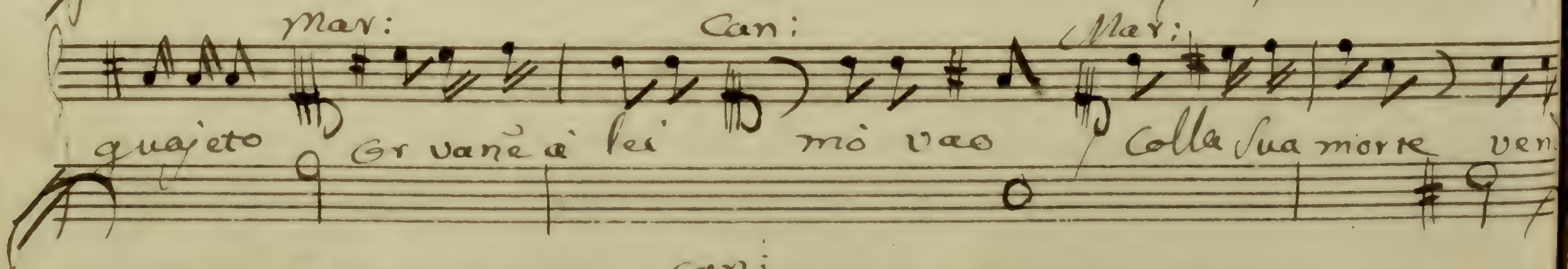
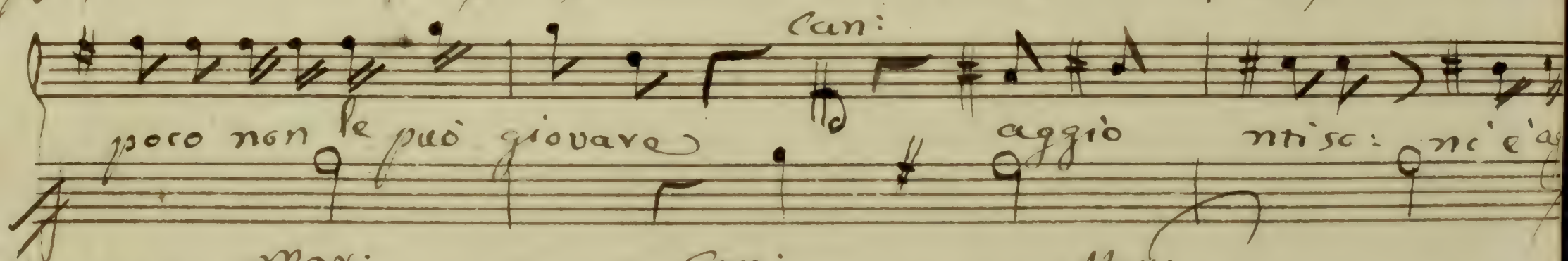
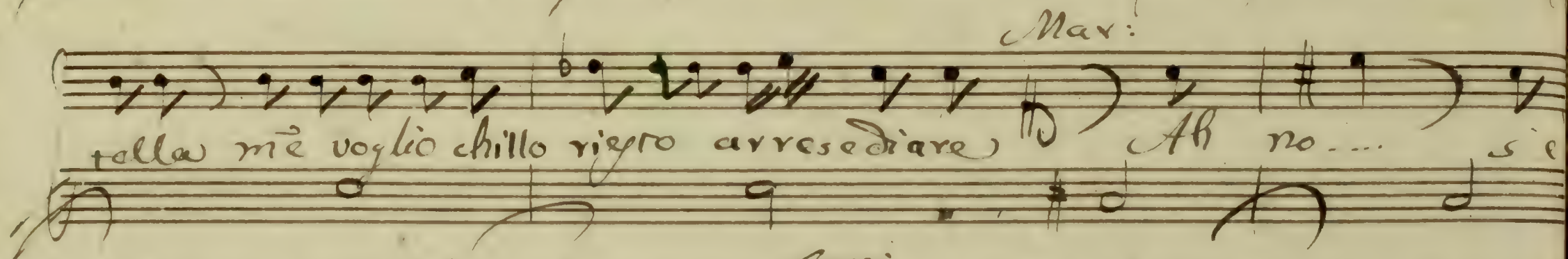
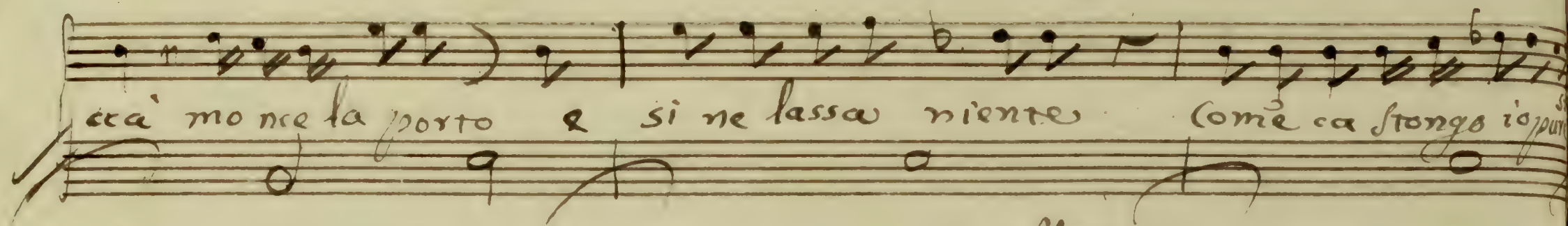
cito darli un antifebrile che la progerui tu gliel reche

rai ma dei tacer quanto a suo bene oprai e pe.

Mar:
he non bolite che lo faccia perche non e del mio de-

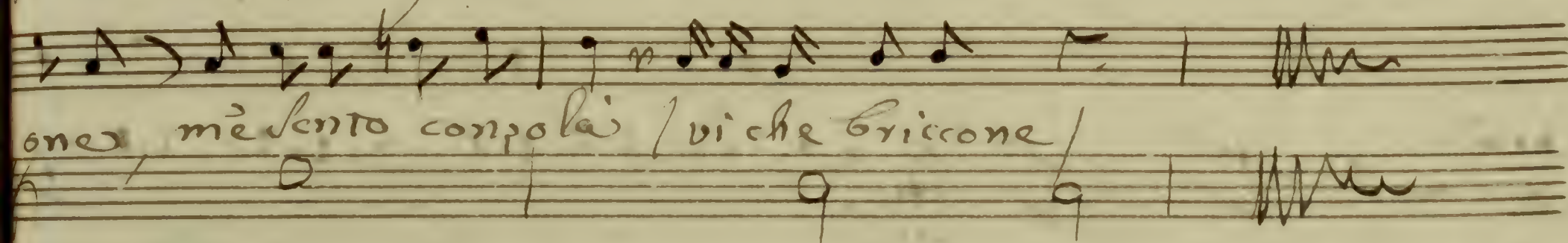
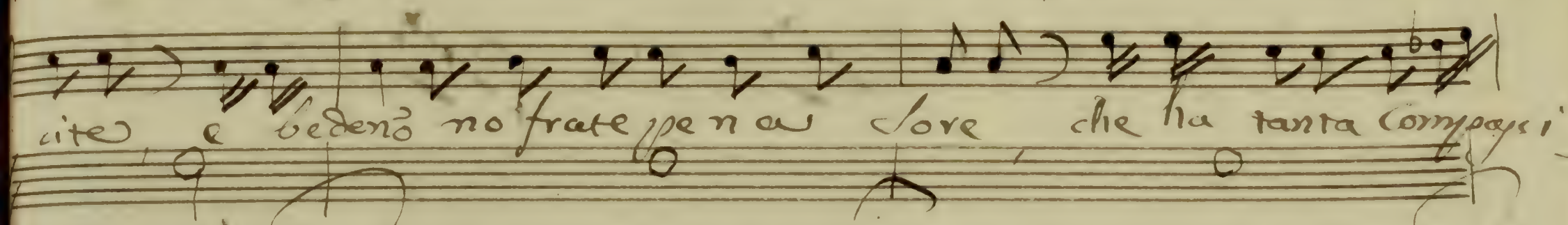
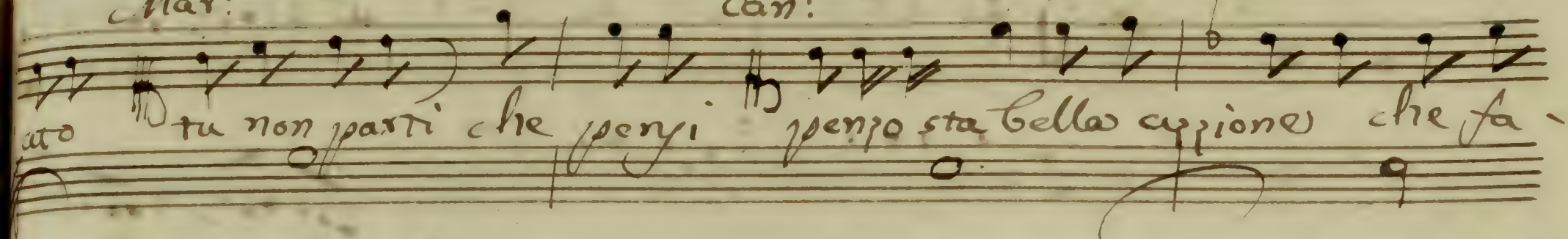
Can:
oro farle ueder si presto l'ira mia placata me pare ca n'e

metta sta colata ma soprimo paeze / signo' mettite



Mar:

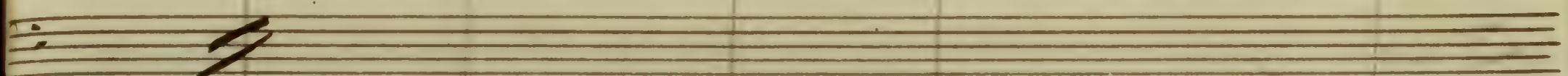
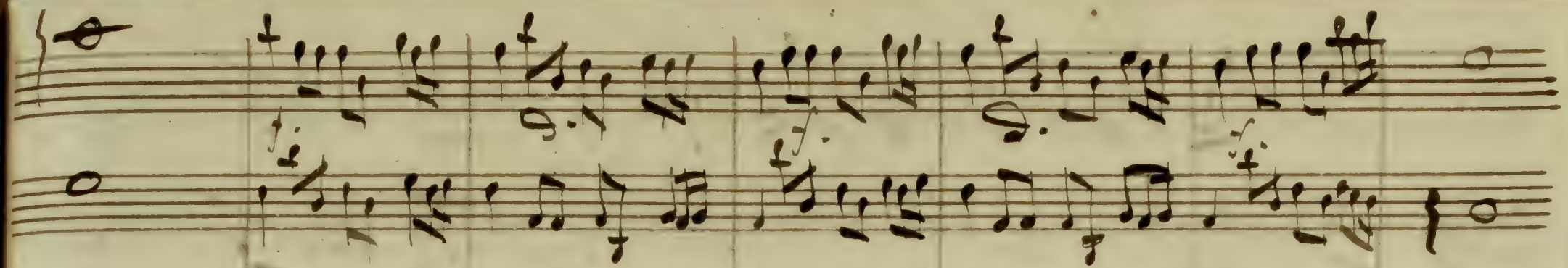
Can:



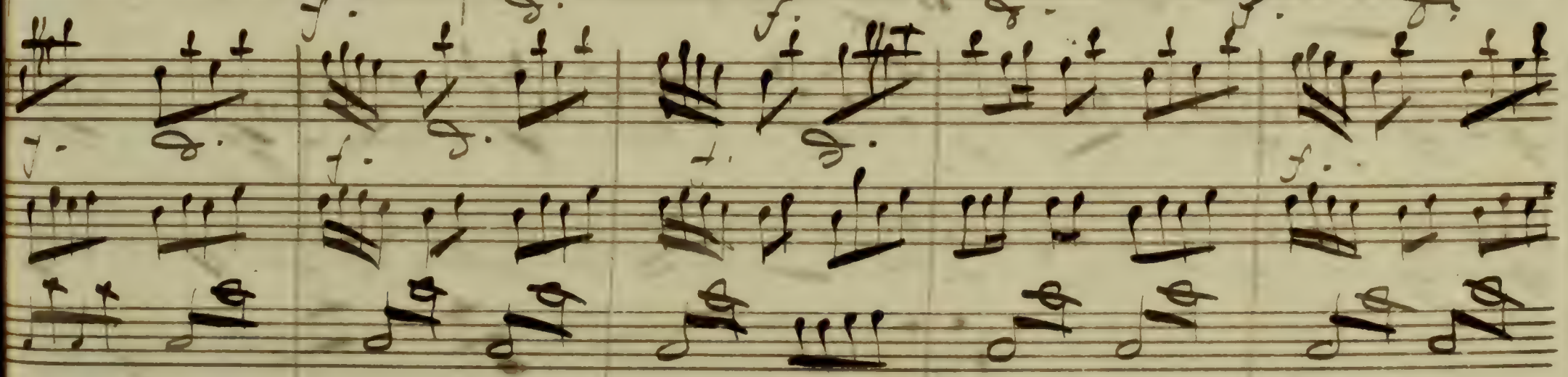
Cannetel

All: aysai

No farate chiu' piaturo chiu' affabbele e amoro a'

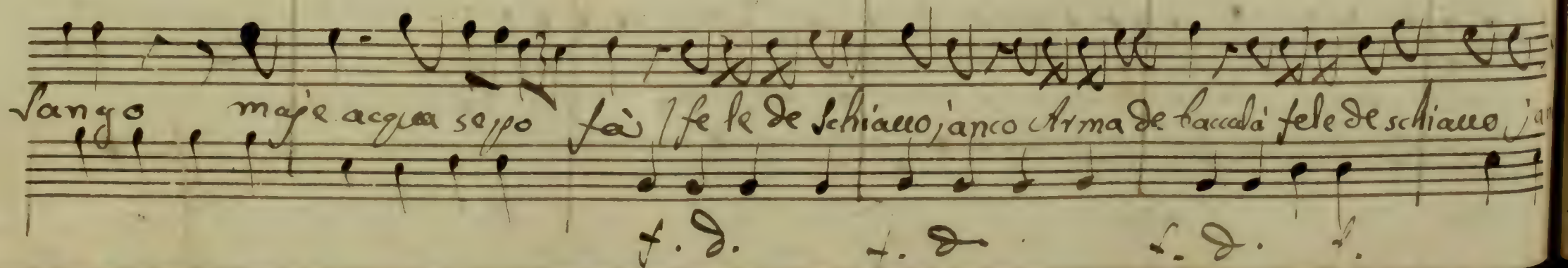
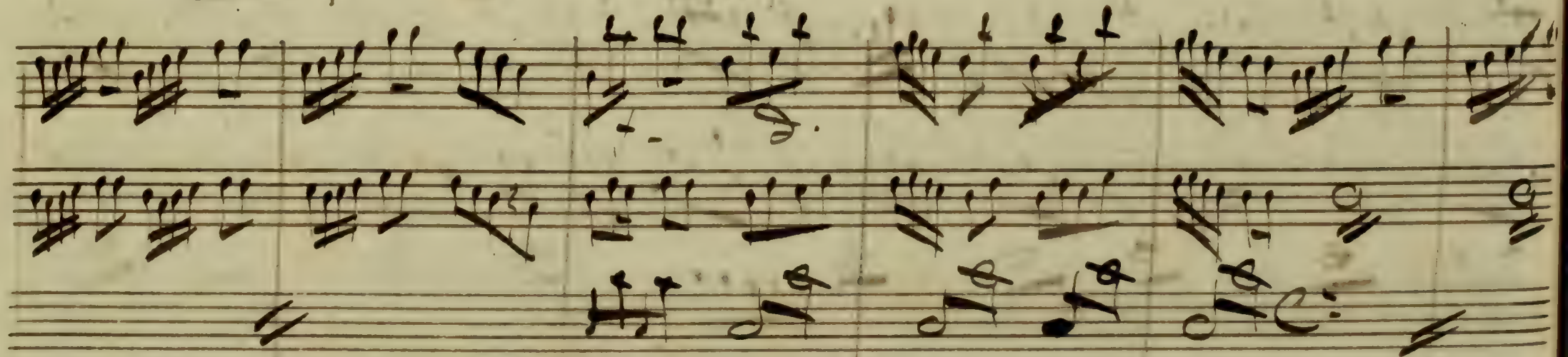
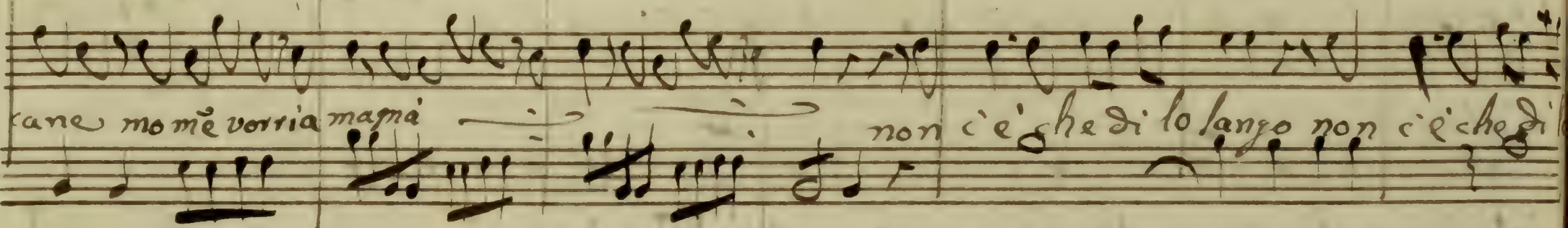
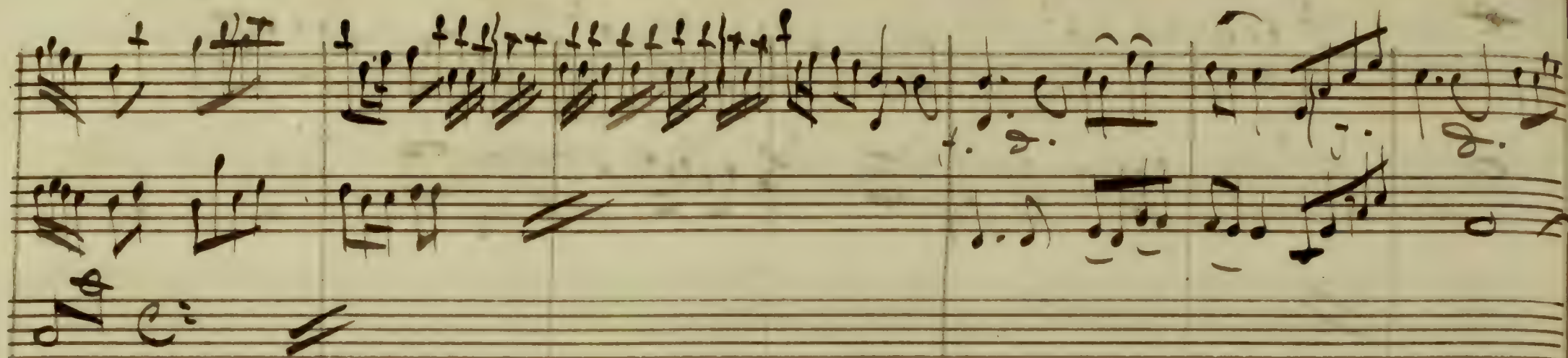


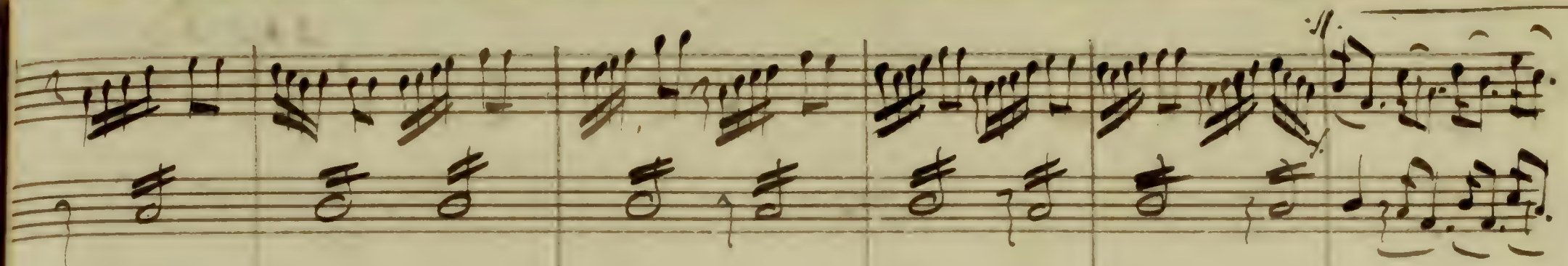
no se pò nova no frate chiu piatyo chiu cabbale e amoryo addo se pò no



a' core de ppece cane chill' uocche senza pane mome voi u magna chill' uocche senza pane core de ppece



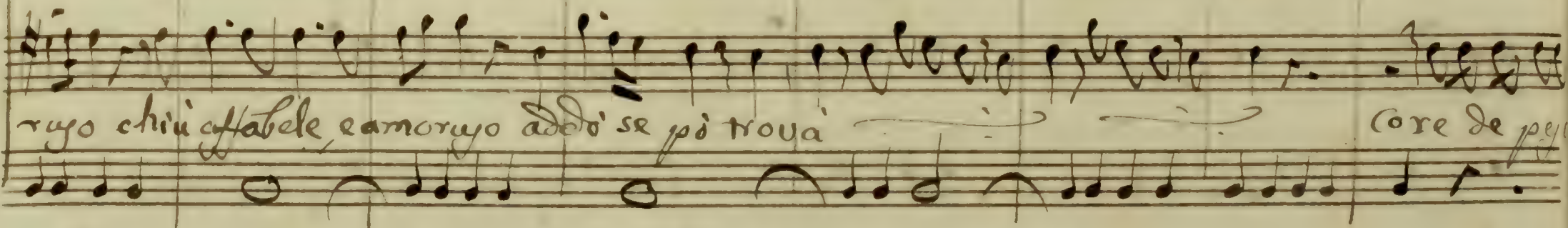
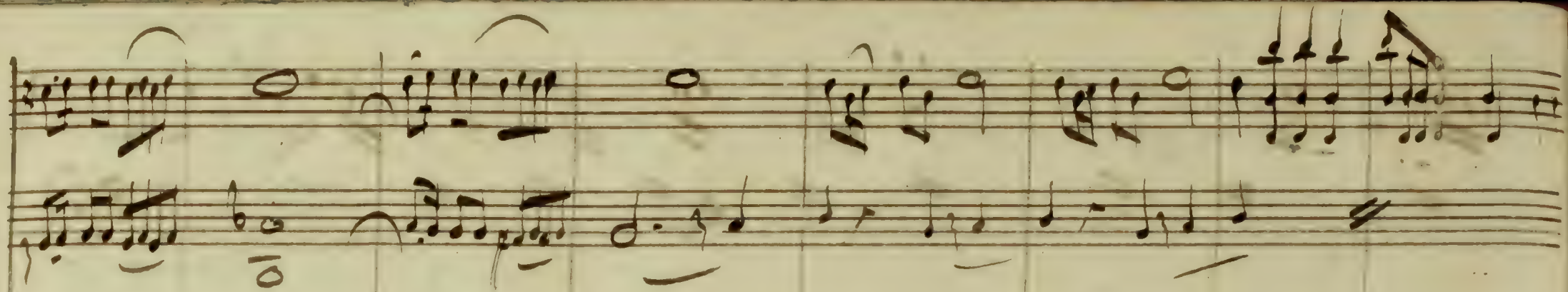




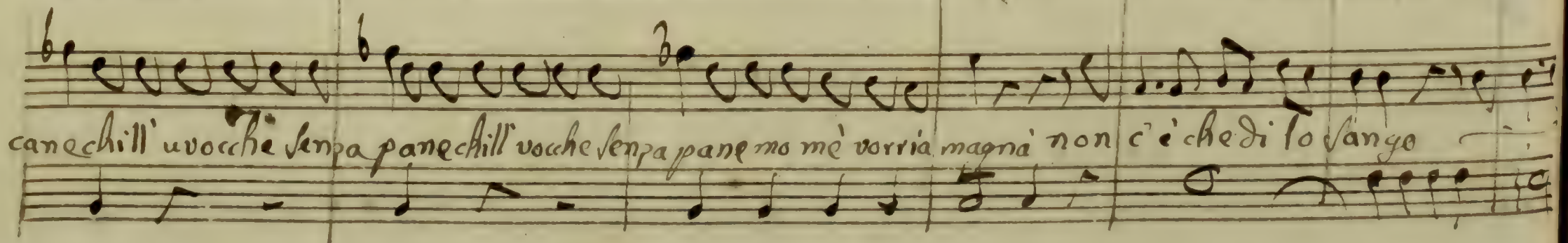
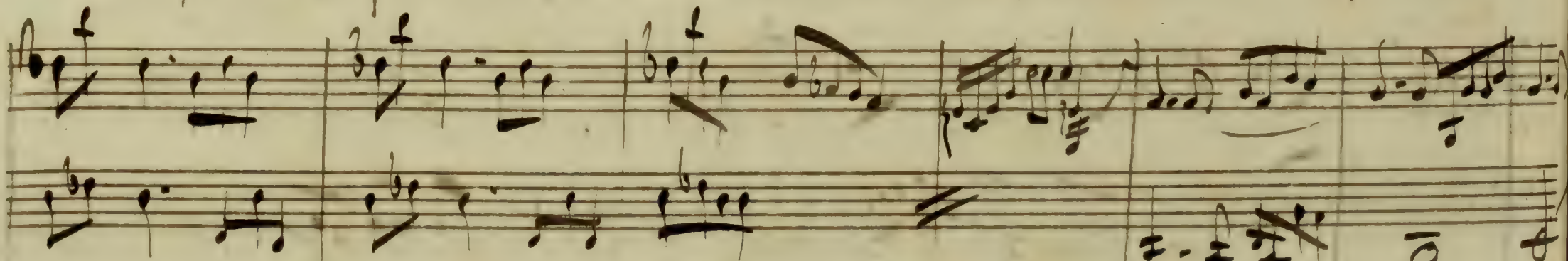
Arma de baccala fele de schiauo janco Arma de baccala

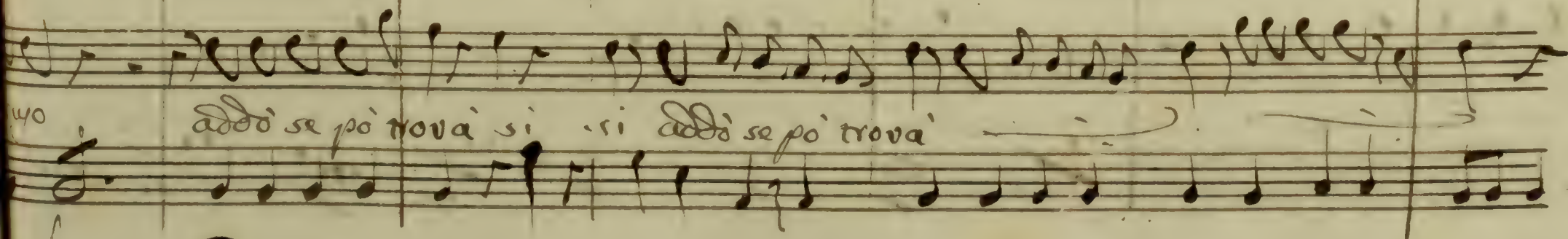
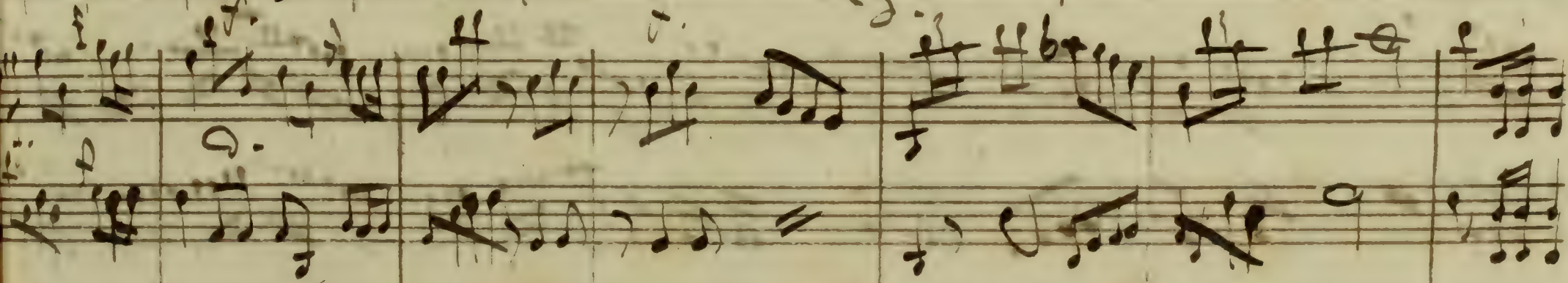
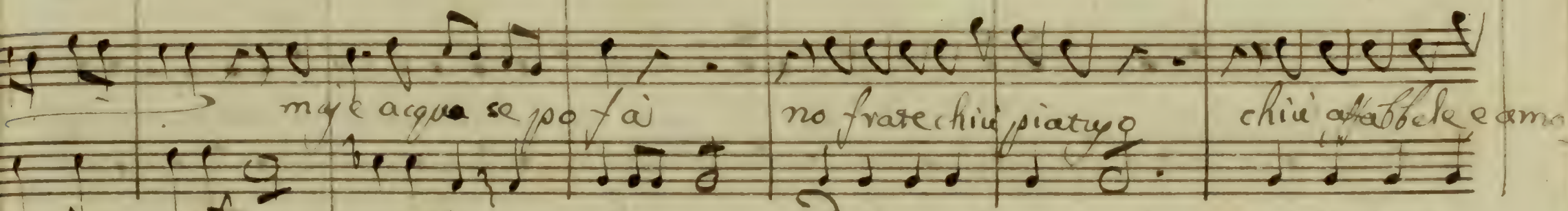
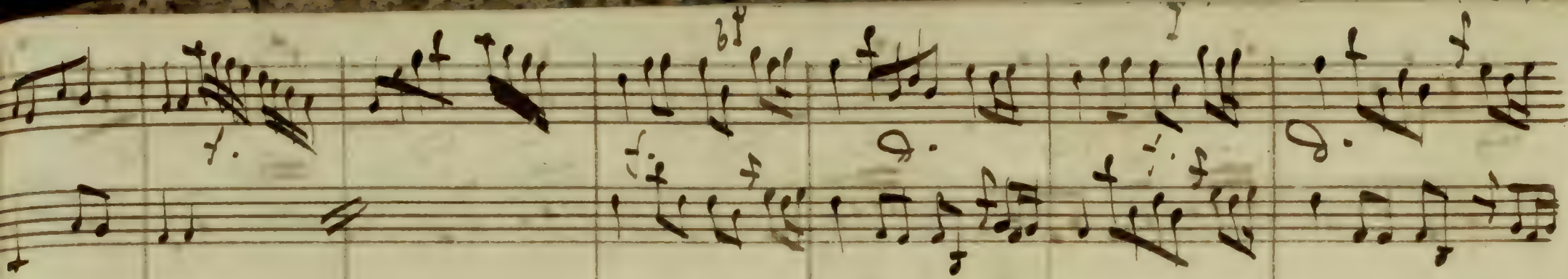
No fratechia piatuyo chiù affabile e amo

// -

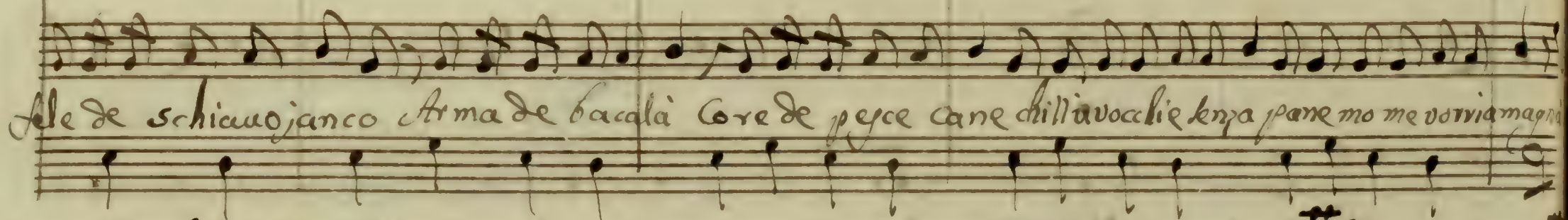
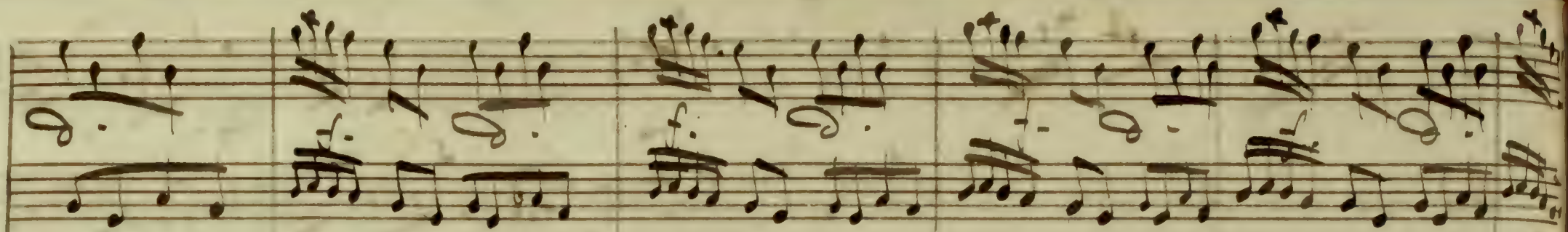


Core de pey

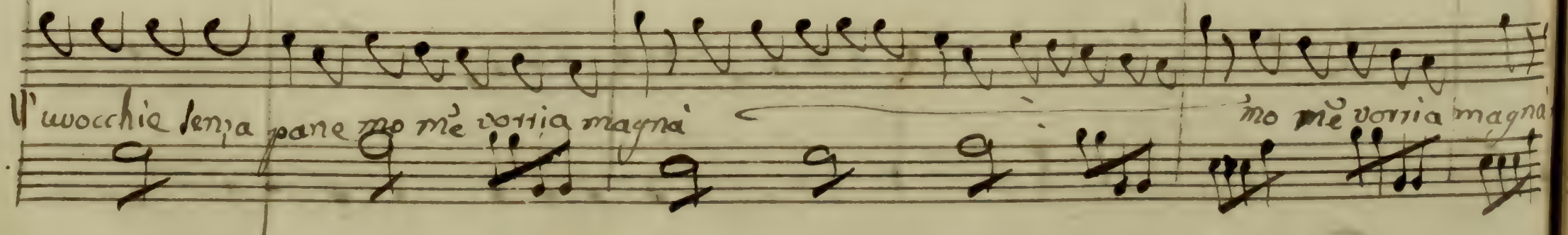
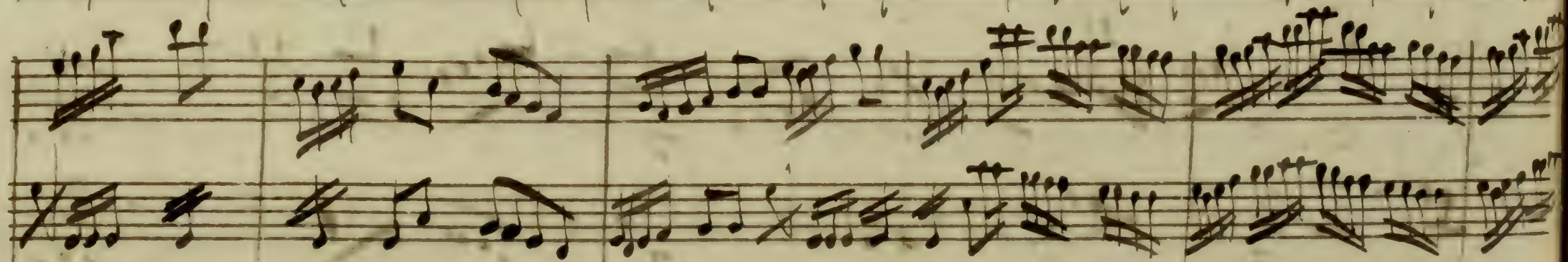




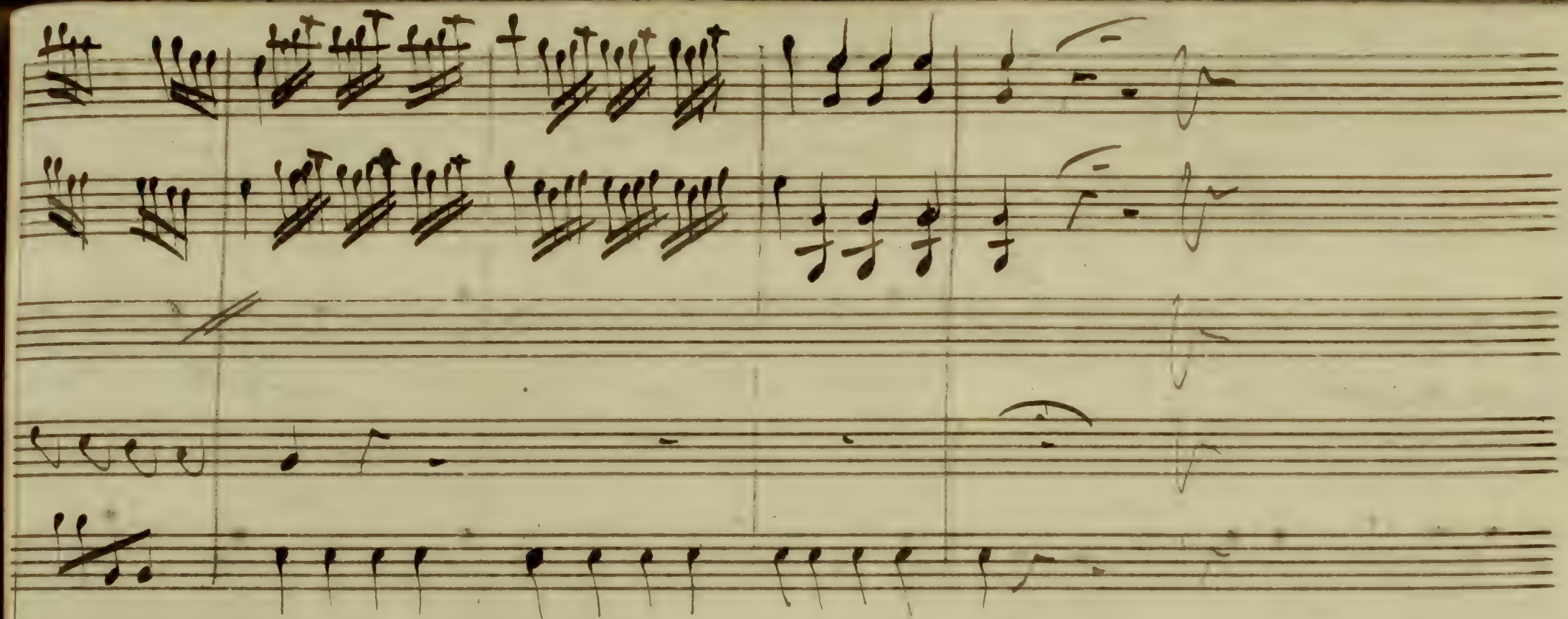
f.



Ale de schiau janco Arma de bacala Core de pece cane dill' uocchie lenja pane mo me vorria magna



U' uocchie lenja pane mo me vorria magna mo me vorria magna



Scena II:

Mar:

Marchese *Di Tortonello*
Sciarappo

Si: muoja di valeno degna non e' ch.

Scia:
le trafigga il seno eccolo a' noi va parlali ma

Scia:
parlali amaturu amaturu e po' nfraceto amma

Scia:
turo goe' pa parla elegante e ghiamo npieme e ghiamo via ch

Mar:
de' ma come il conte soffi ch'ella abbracciase un nuovo amante

Scia: D: Jey: Scia: D: Jey:

ne gnovezi e ha ditto intepi appieno e che non si che

Scia:

dica ma l'intepi parlare a te fatt'armo mio Vignor don Mar-

Mar: Scia:

che no che il conte non è ou peche fuy e e u-

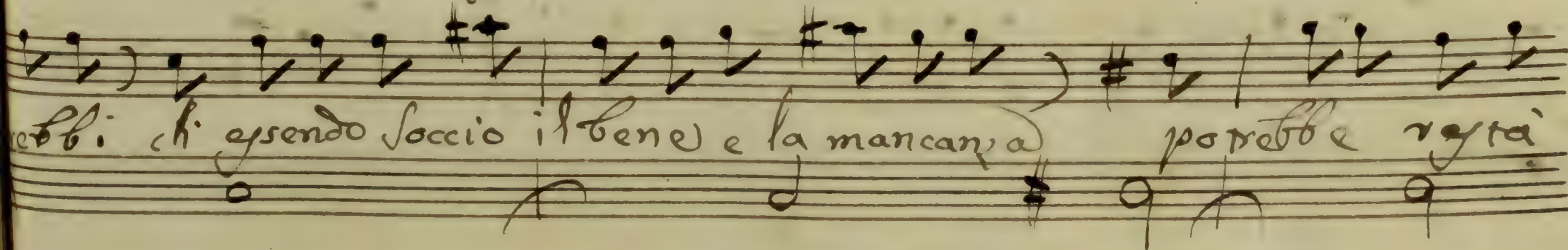
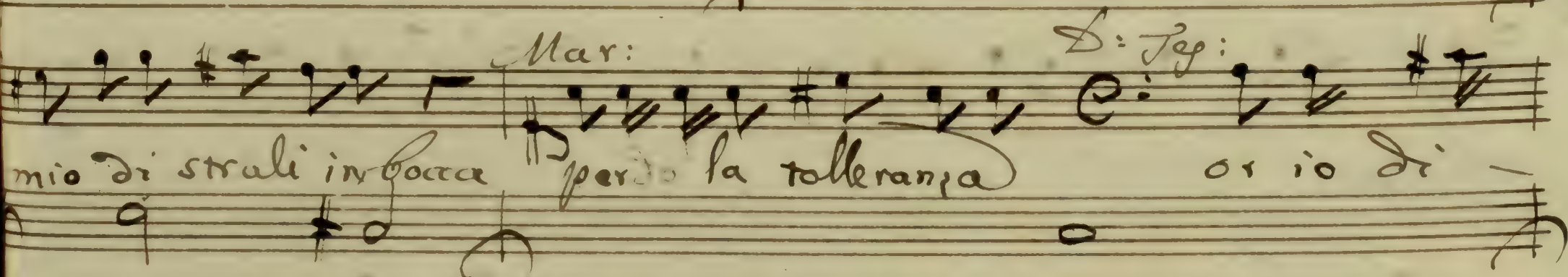
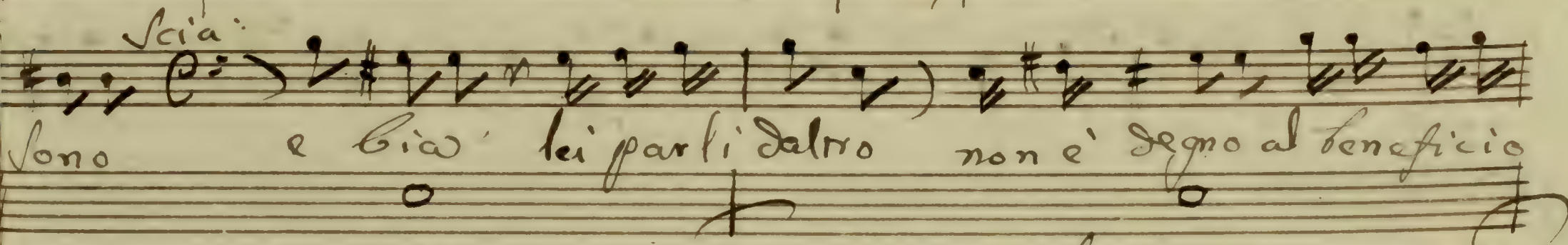
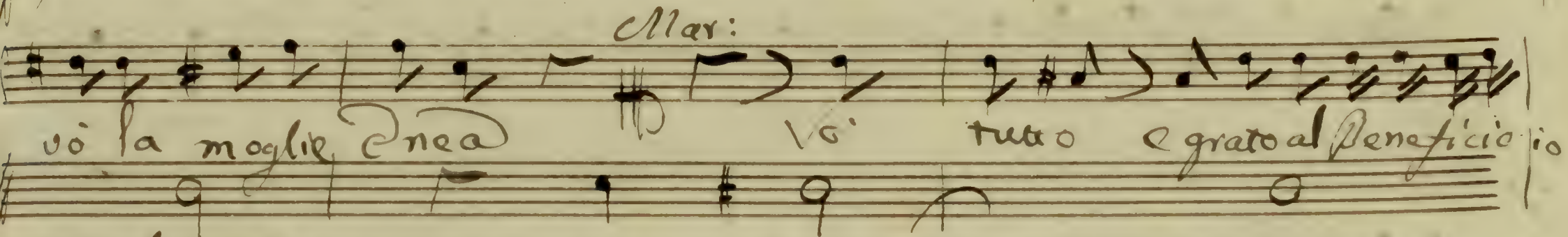
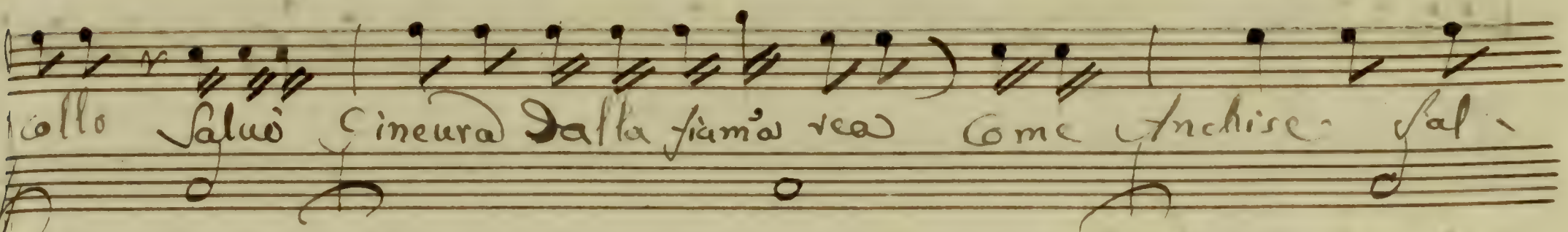
Scia:

ia peche è scappato io te volea fremar via fatte nante mio si-

Mar: Scia:

nor che bramate io nulla e npiemo fuyse acciso e non

S. J. J.:
 parlo a lei m'ingrino... *Mar.:* *S. J. J.:*
 Preto ho finito e il mio
Vcia: *Mar.:* *S. J. J.:*
 pote affatto e gnore pio ch pene che li
Vcia:
 rege qua dolo retto Olà leggja al marchese si asseggi il mio
Mar.: *S. J. J.:*
 gnò... legge Ora lei già sa che il mio nipote si but
Mar.: *S. J. J.:*
 Come un poice in mezzo al foco lo so' sapra' che sul calloro



Mar: *♩ = 120*
mpierno la volanza) cioè che non si parli più de

fatto salute a signoria) soccesso eccetera) ma colle

Mar:
noie a me quel foglio viene) si legga che sarà) oide lo d

uolo si pozzo gci da lettere) ne fosse quacch'auto cysisa) Inore

♩ = 120 *Mar:*
zi che dice me la vorria fumà) cionca a stò pizzo) che

Scia:
larsi brutta cera ch'aggio ditto: non mancarò quaci auto frate ac-

Scia:
cise pe nnaferme) e comme stò si vada dal creduto impo-

store lo sos pettai mi fù pregato il core)

Scia:
lione e Gnorezi che facimmo iò già mi
riarappa

Scia:
macino che pò essere mai e bati parlanò quella

Scia:
lettera certo ne l'ha manata qualche duno oh cappa e

D: Seg: b
dice lui l'ha letta e dinto va' trova chenc'è scritto e si e' tur

Scia:
bato tant'è Nipote mio ne so' arrivato oh

Enore pio mio tiene sta bella capo e no la vinne pe

D: Seg: Scia:
capo de perucca ola' rispetto che rispetto me cante a Com

St. Jy:
stongo me magnaria a muorje na capo de jellajo ma ch'e

Scia:
stato ch'è stato e stato tanto ch'io mò me cagnar

St. Jy:
ria pe na sciosciella e via dov'è cotella eroica tua pa

Scia:
olav lassò correre Nante me m'è senza volta che dirla

St. Jy: *Scia:*
hiu ma nfin e poi na lettera ca iuto cole lettere io

Scia: Scia: Scia: Scia:

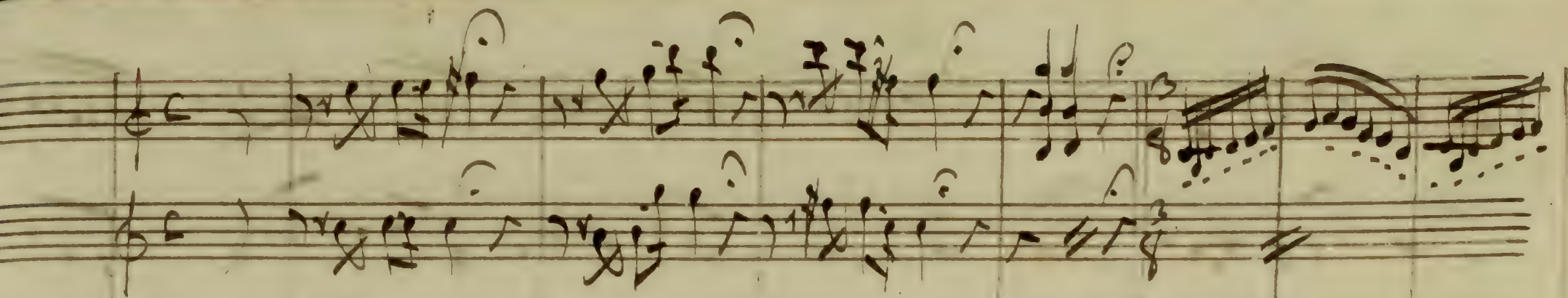
niaggio avuto sempre antipatia Dici mal Dico buono e che

Scia: Scia:

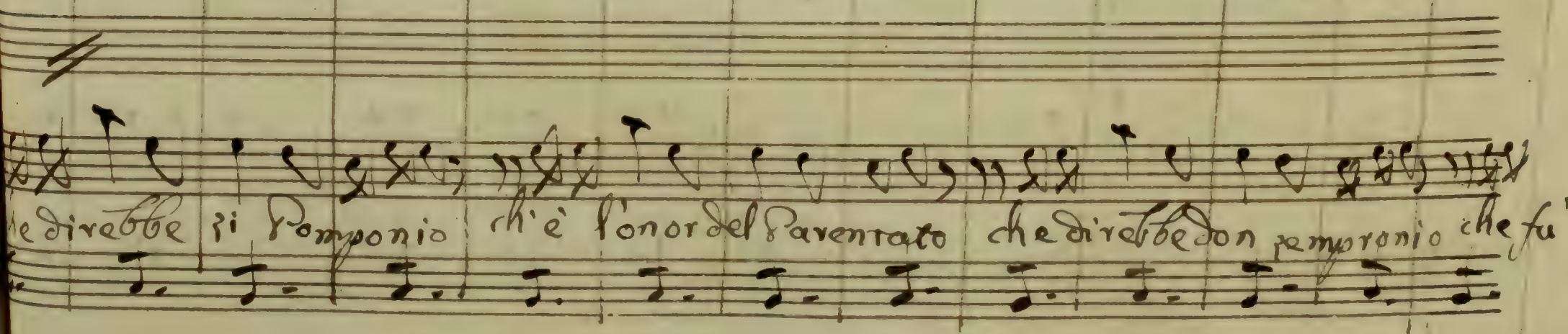
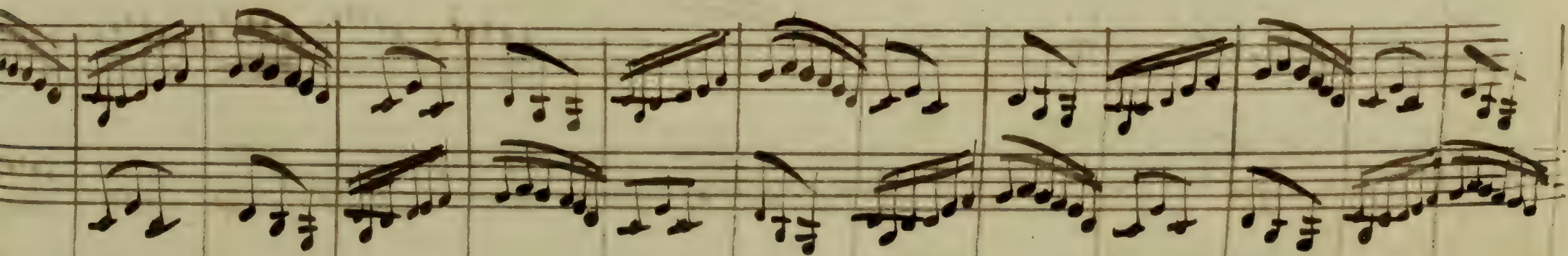
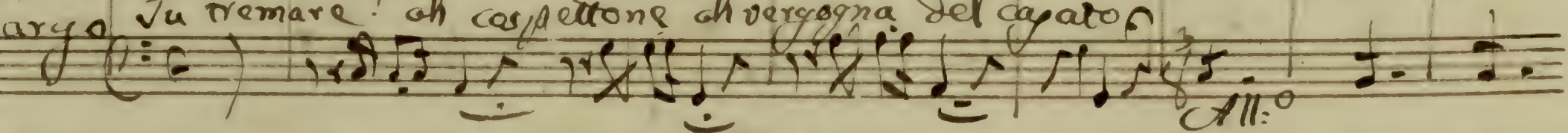
essera che faccio Sei un agino: na lettera che male re

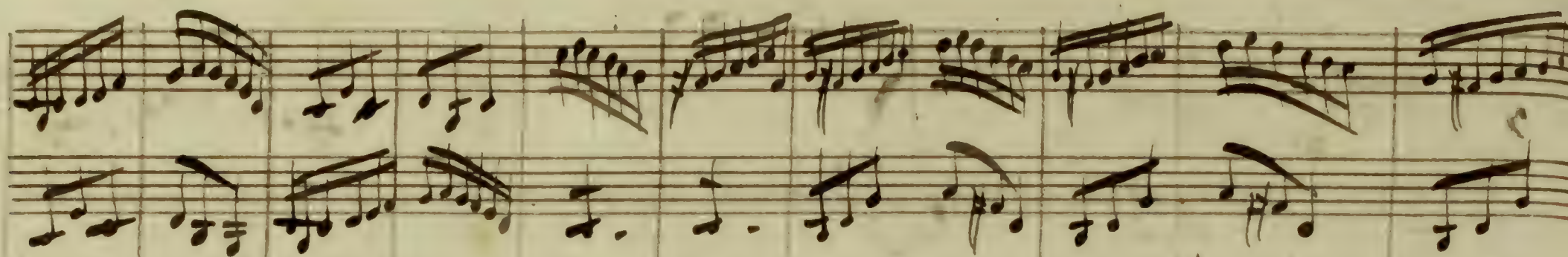
Scia:

fare non esser, machi st' ha' mē fa' tremmare

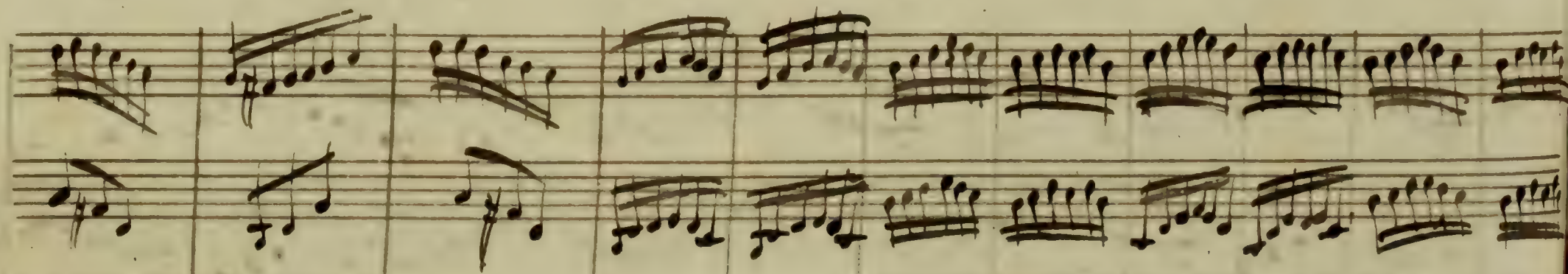


arg. Tu tremare! oh cospettone oh vergogna del capato

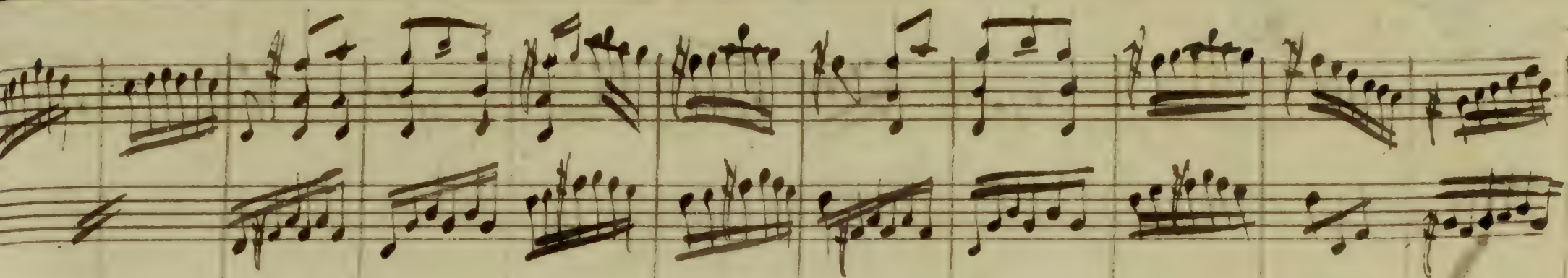




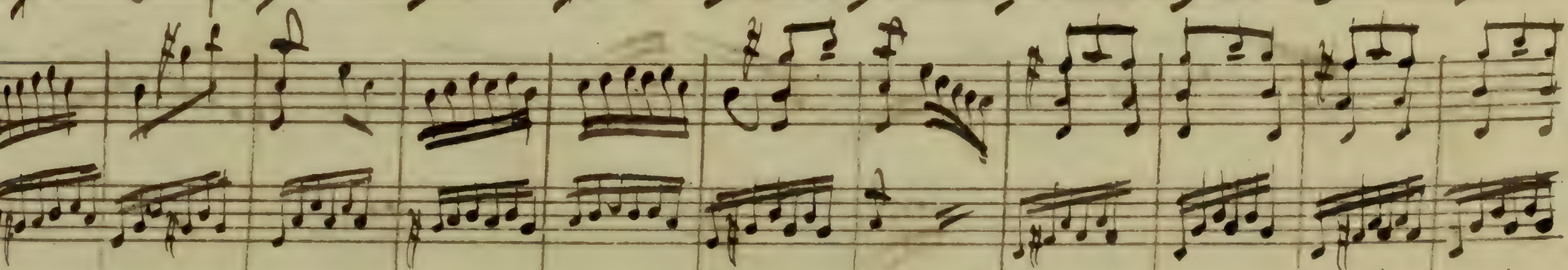
fuor del nostri auolo vulgo dicto lo grande auolo che la gente a le battaglie com



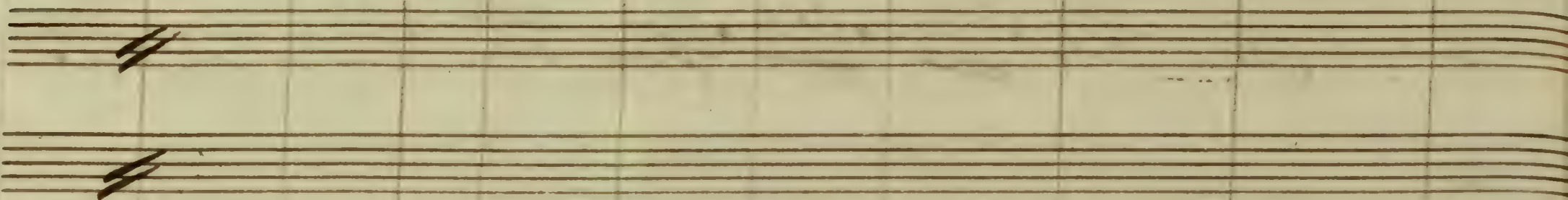
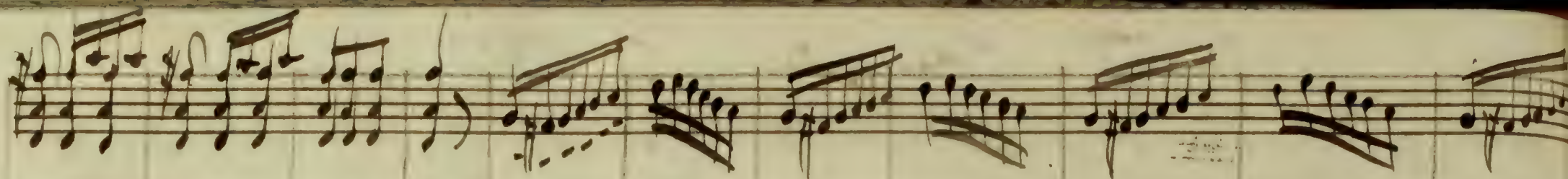
fritto de fragaglie dieci a morpo li' magnò tu tremare oh cospetto ne oh vergogna del



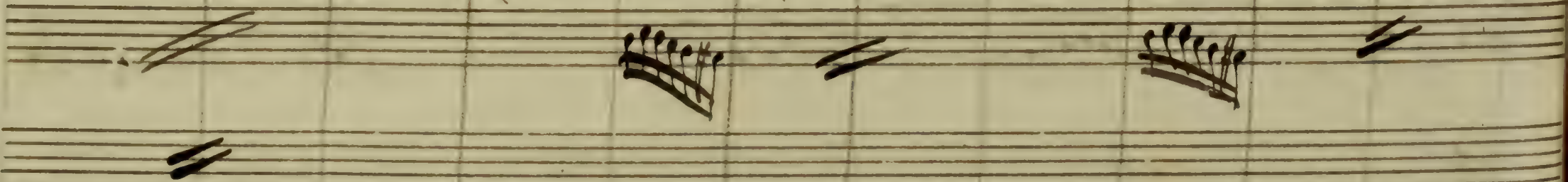
ato che direbbe in symponio ch'è l'onor del Parentato che direbbe



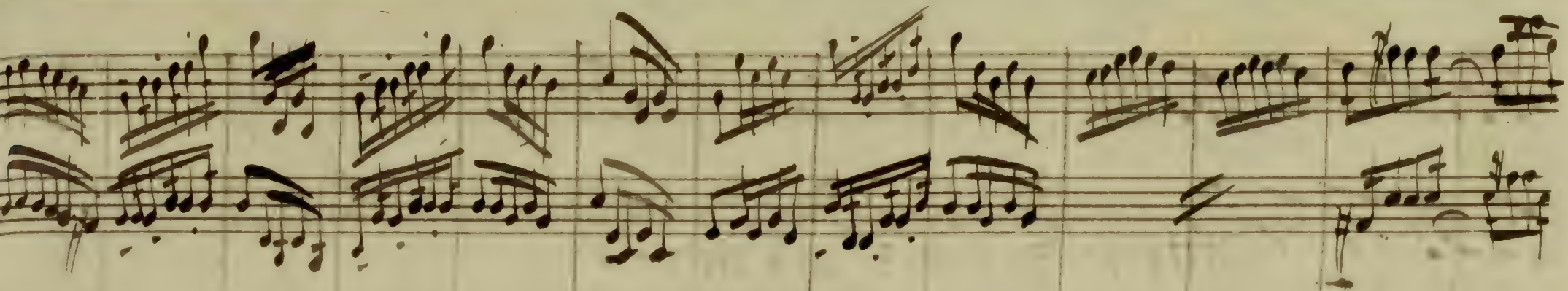
in symponio che fu l'ctus del nostri auolo valgo d'ito lo gran diavolo lo gran



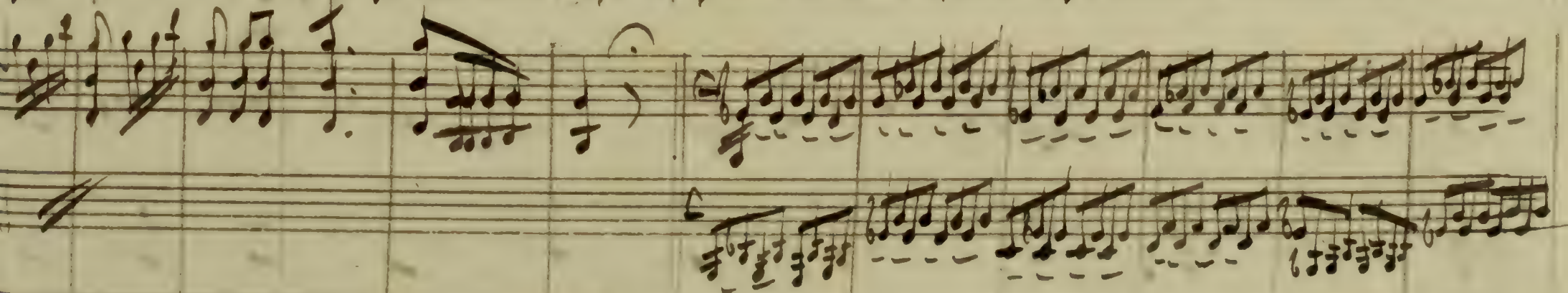
diavolo *che lagente alle battaglie com'a fritto de fraggaglie*



morposi mangio *dieci a morposi mangio* *dieci a mor*

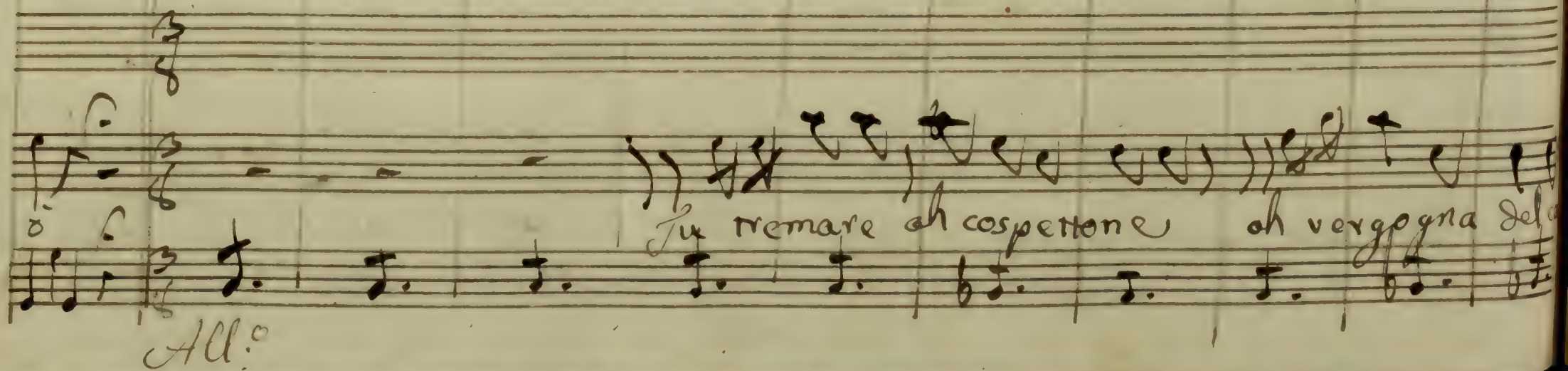
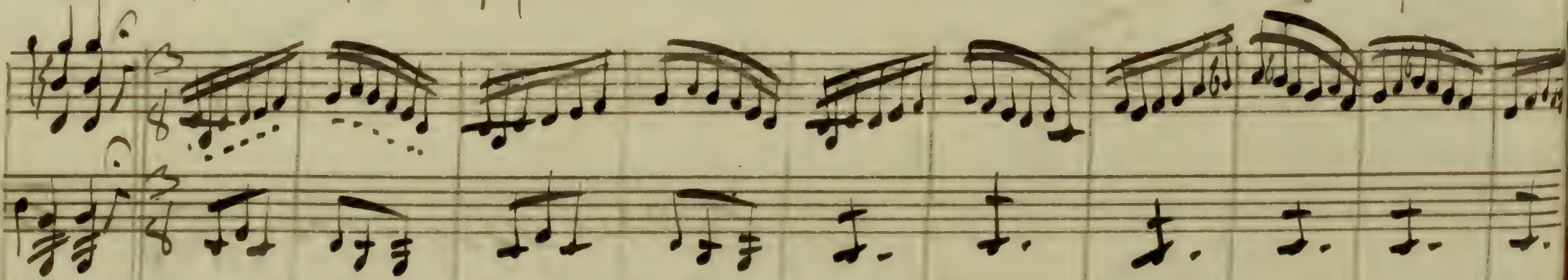
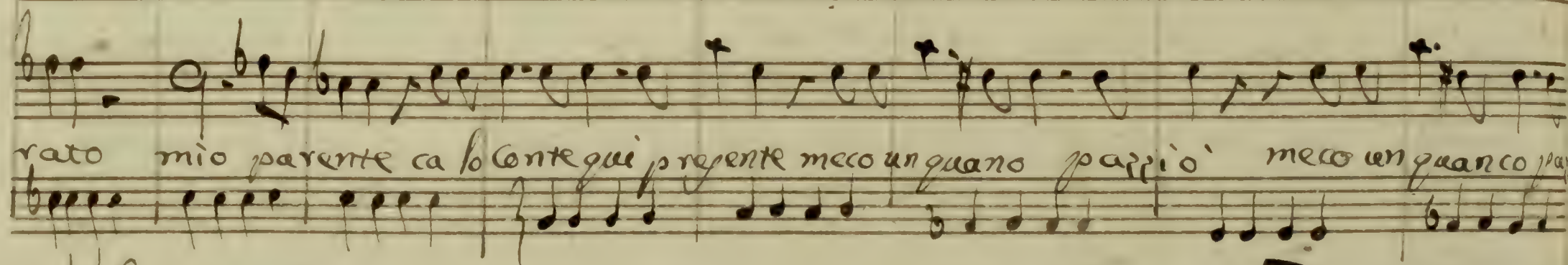
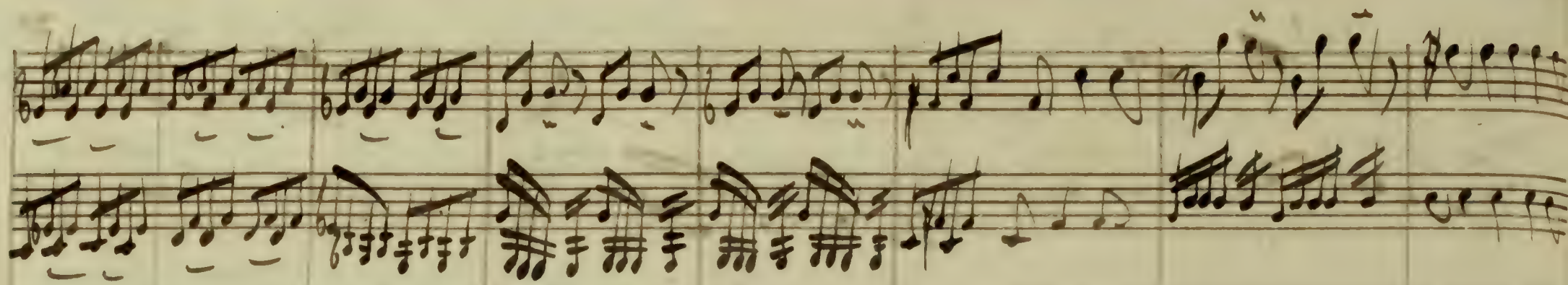


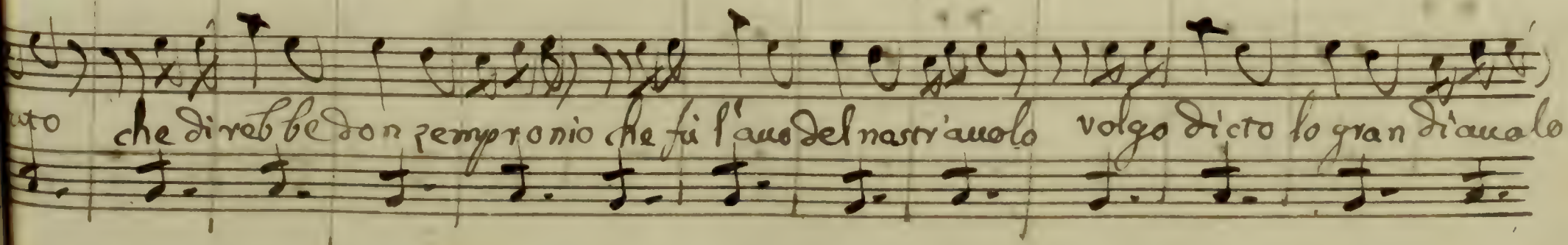
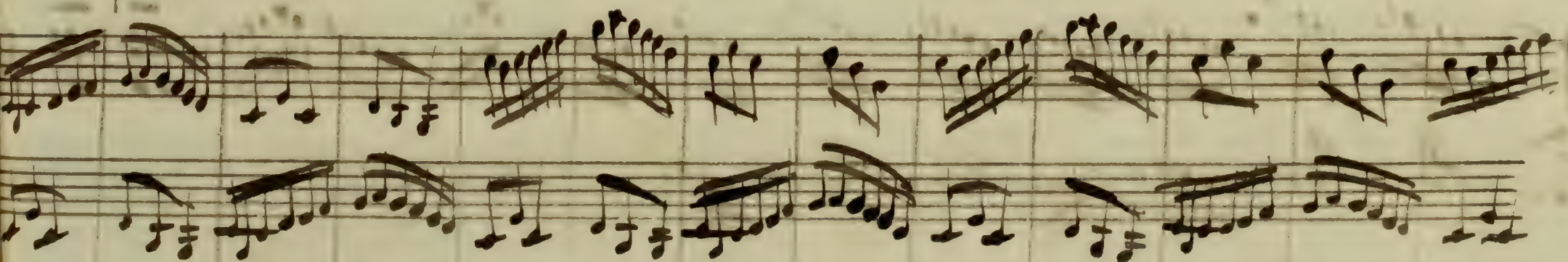
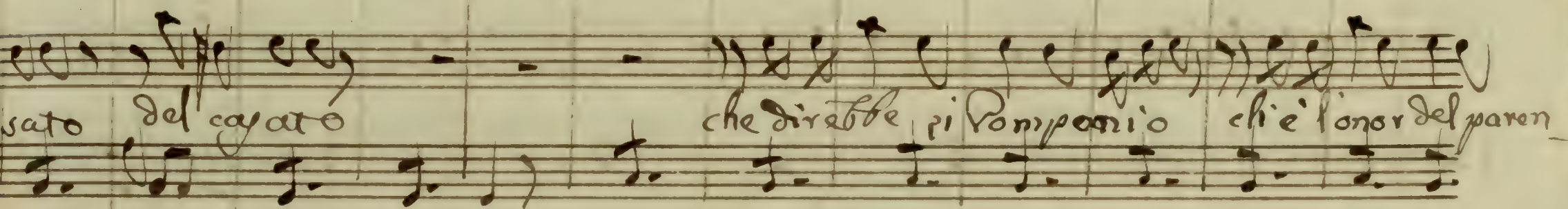
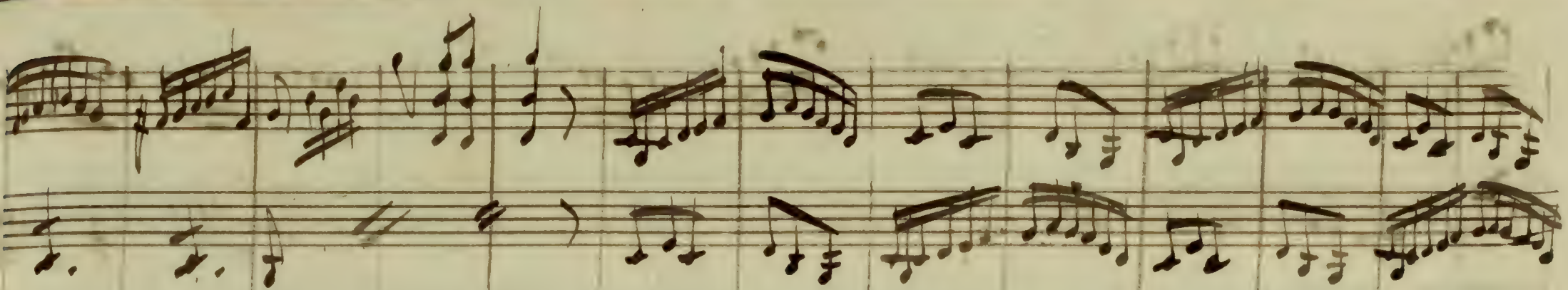
si mangio' tu tremare' ch' cospettone ch' vergogna del cayato ch' vergogna del ca -

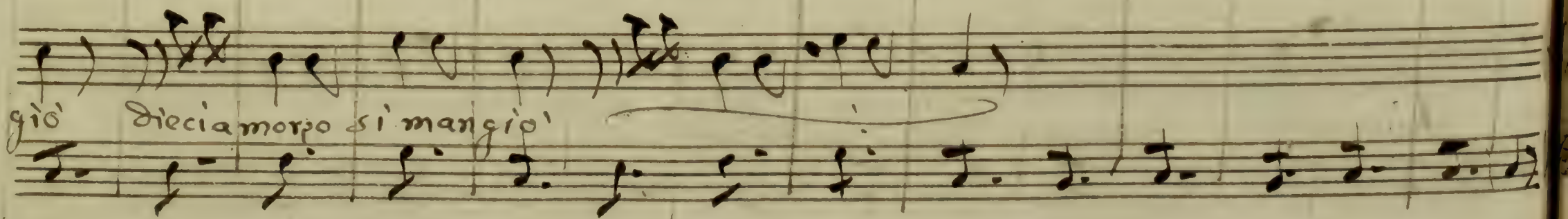
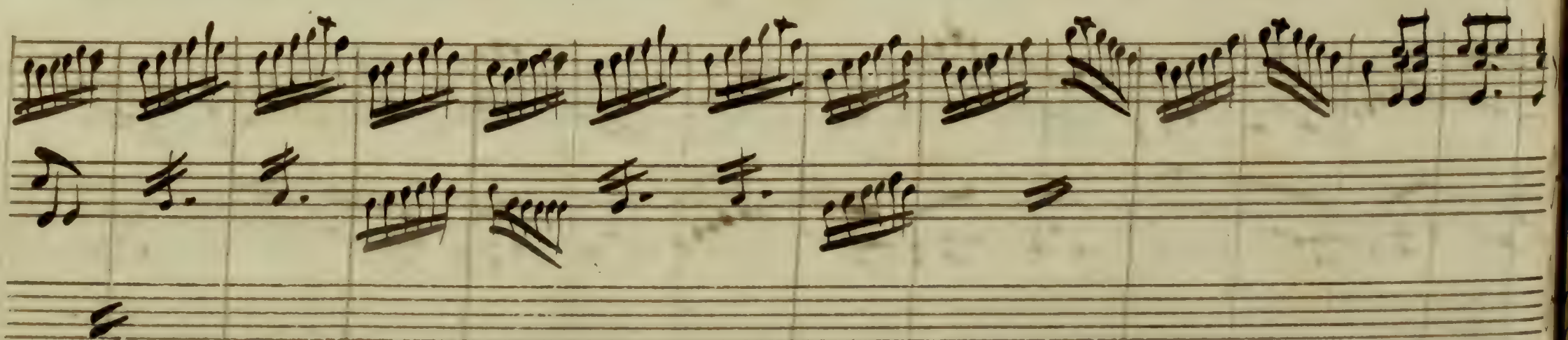
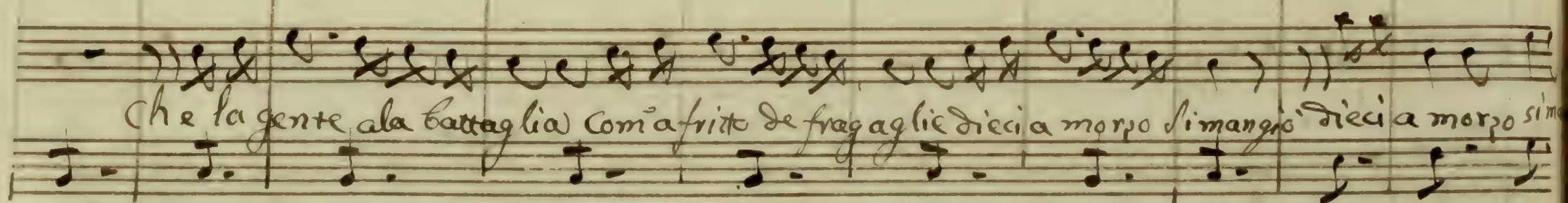
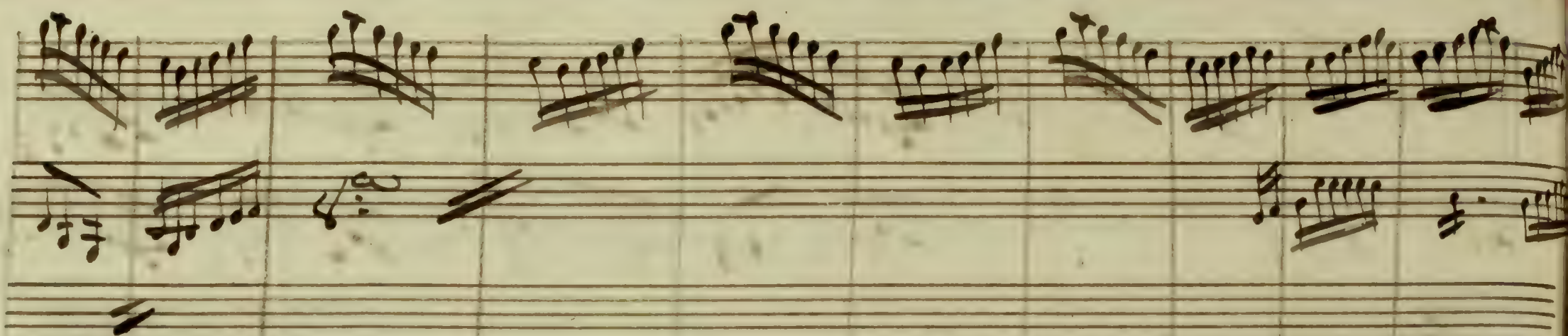


Ah riposa nella tomba o no -

Ande







Scena IV:

mar:

Can:

Marchese e Conte

Confesso il ver

stupisco

io sono il

Conte

il mio biglietto a te pocanzi scritto ne faccia fede questo si con-

onti colle lettere mie

che ebbe Ginevra nel sotteraneo, e si ve-

ai se

uguali i caratteri sono

anzi per meglio verificar quanto asse-

risco

prendi

e si rincontri ancora questa carta che scrisse l'impo-

storic quando per le mie grida s'indusse ad accettar la tua disfi da

Mar: Con:

Ah qual giorno d'inganni è questo mai e dagl'inganni oggi si tolga il

zio

si tolga la gineura e lieto poi senza di fea il

langua tuo vogl'io qui pronto so disfar col langua mio.

Mar:

Conte che tale io già ti credo lascia che io con gineura ma qui viene al

Vena V
Cin: *Come orribil di fece agli ochi miei*
Gineura Sciarappa
Di Tione, e dei

Germano ormai con stanco di palpitare così le brami an-

cora vendicarti del conte un istessa ferita *al fin tolga la*

Scia: *e la mia vita* *chia' ca n'è puro piemo* *is*
S: Tg:

Mar: *sessagginario Gioja mia e vado co l'invalidi* *over*

Gini: *Mar:* *Scia:*
Verbi Gineura le lettere del conte eccole sporgi

Mar: *Gini:*
ni anno da pucà sempre ste lettere e l'istesso Carattere che

Mar: *Scia:* *Mar:*
fia chi vergo questo foglio l'malora la disfida parla e

Scia:
tuo il carattere veda a mē me pare che sia de gnore

Seg:
zio e lo malanno che te torca e stencina e suo e

Con: *And: Leg: Mar:*
Sujò di il vero o qui ti fò l'alma versare olà! Fa-

Scia: *Mar:*
cate e ben grossi e lo mio ma come non è uguale a

Scia:
quello delle lettere, dirò / e chi ha chiù sciato / So quelle

lettere) ... Come ca sò d'amore) ... se screvette co gnosta de la

china) ma il biglietto perche fu di disfida lo vergai ... co a

cito e grattura de tiella e la mano n' affronta più con quella

Mar: Ah birbo mentitor veggas ciccuno l'empia sua frode in queste

Gin: D: Leg: Scia: e prese che veggio oh Sei corpo di farfarello Tallone

Mar: miei ntorchia de coppetello il conte è gueri e fumò noi si-

Gin: novu inganati da un vile ah confusione oh mio ros-

♩ = 1/2
sor Nipote caro... Ah birbo di cancaro co tutte li veggite hā

gia' peggliato vuole guardia guardia afferrate sto marivale

Scena VI: *Gin:*
Ginevra, Marchese Conte non di mi ingrata se finor ti altrag-
e Conte

Con:
giai vissi inganata nò cara della sorte solo deggio la-

Mar:
marmi Amico io scordo ogni piasata offesa e perche troppo

Con: Sin:
Non seguare di onor fuggi ti prego quest'alma rea Come che

sento di Dio. Ah se d'altro delitto che di amar chi cre-

dea il mio liberator rea mi vedessi di me stessa io sarei il

Mar:
nefice mio. Facci il tuo fallo noto farò perche mi seppi

Con:
cora perfida vendicare e vi saranno nuove pene per

Mari:
me dopo l'incendio io stessa indegna all'impostorin-

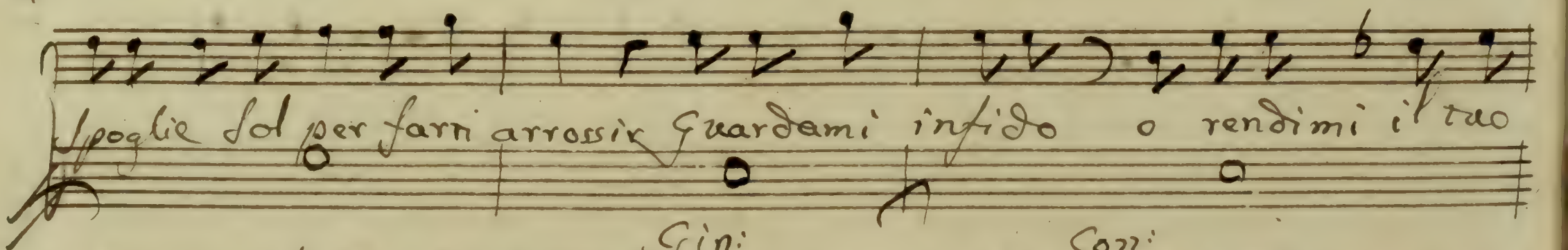
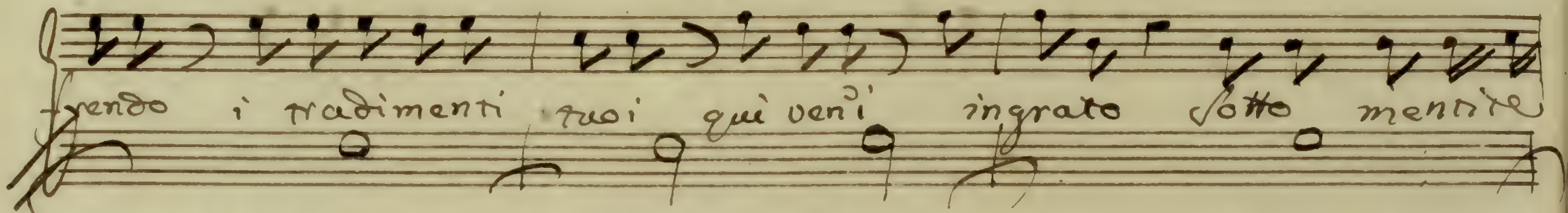
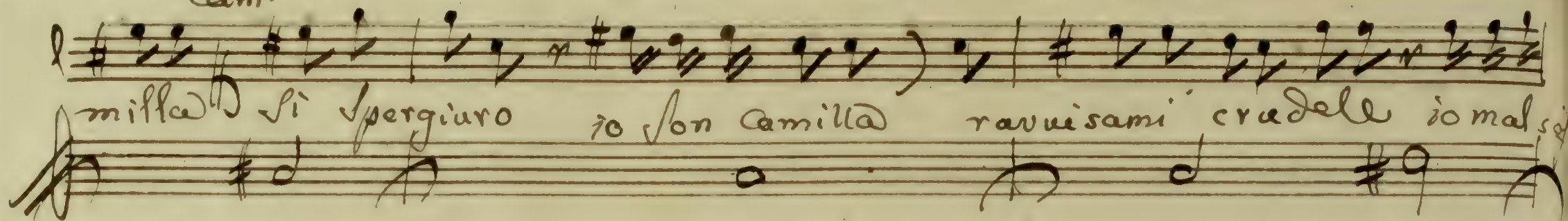
Gini:
nante vidi gli amplessi del tuo nuovo amante Santa Onesta

gravi ti rendo all'fine il trionfo volerti dell'innocenza

mia... ora vedrai se delle accuse tue rossore avrai a-

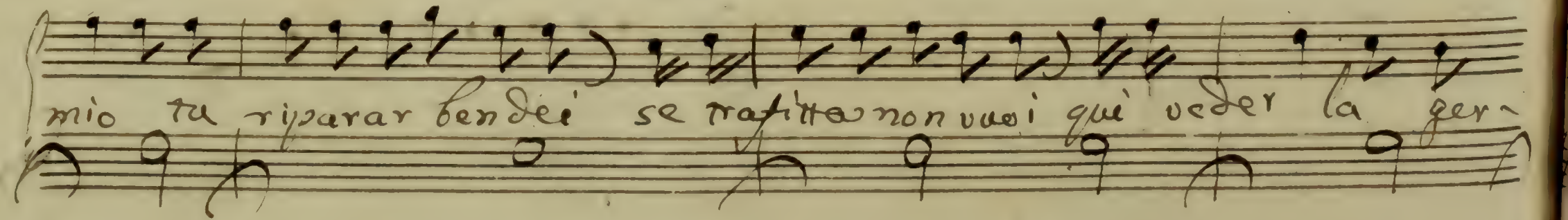
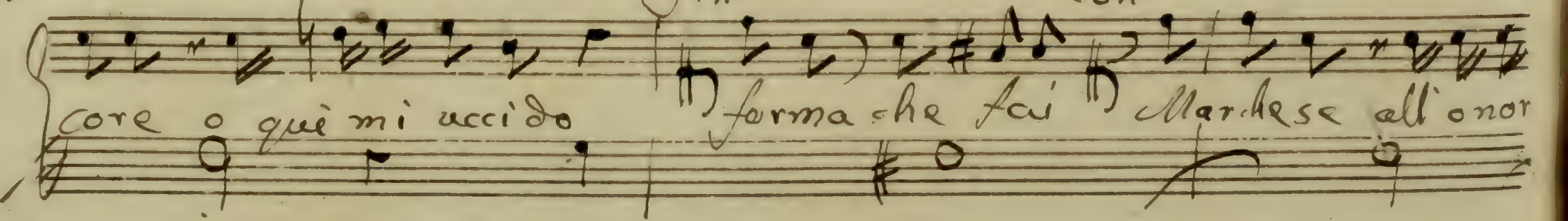
Scena VII: Gini: Mari:
mica ah vieni Camilla e detti ecco chi s'inse al seno Ca-

Cam:

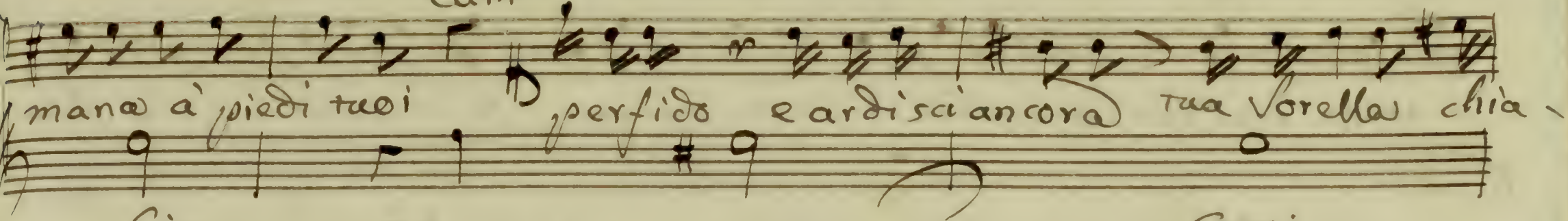


Gini:

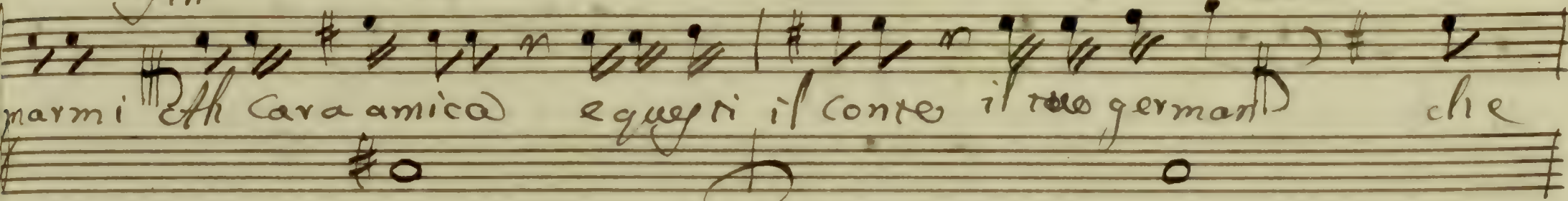
Con:



Cam:

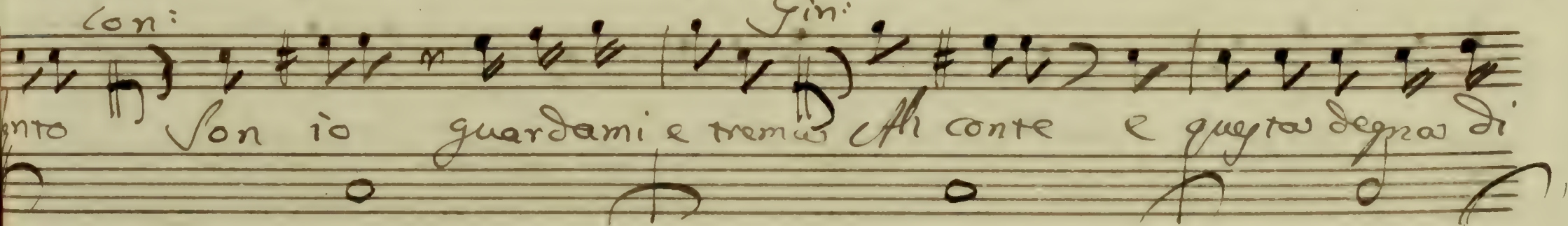


Gin:

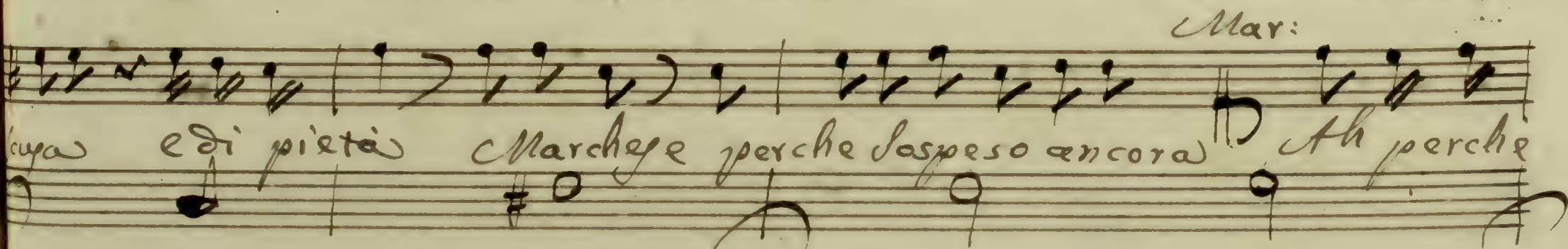


Cam:

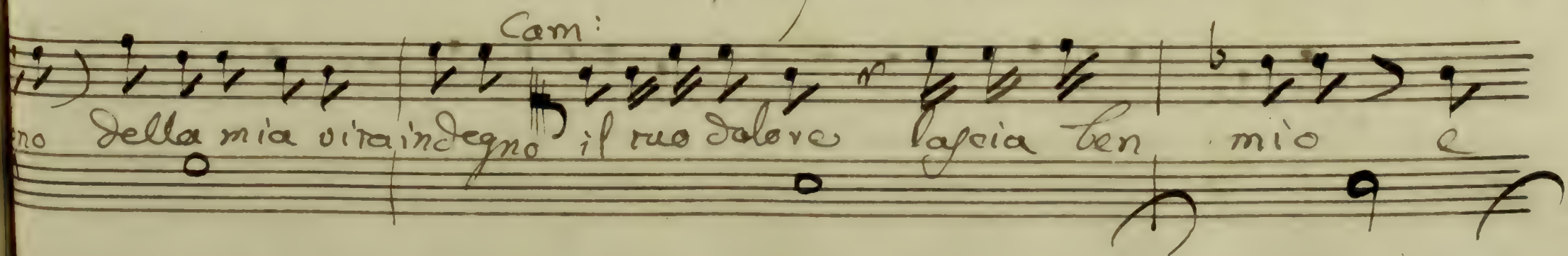
Con:



Gin:



Mar:



Cam:

torna à mè fedele abbia il Conte Gineura e in questo giorno solo

Mar: pace ed amor risuoni intorno che pace! ah Imanie in

questo petto io serro mille furie d'Abisso ... ah penar ... io

Gin: Mar: sono del più atroce delitto il più perfido autor Come ah Gi

Gin: neura dimmi per man di candida prenderti cibo alcuno lo

Mar
pigi ah Dio! morta tu sei e l'uccisor son' io

Gin: *Con:* *Mar:*
misera me che sento ah di' io ti diedi in quel cibo il ve-

on Rea ti supposi, e ti uccisi innocente al grave eccesso, già

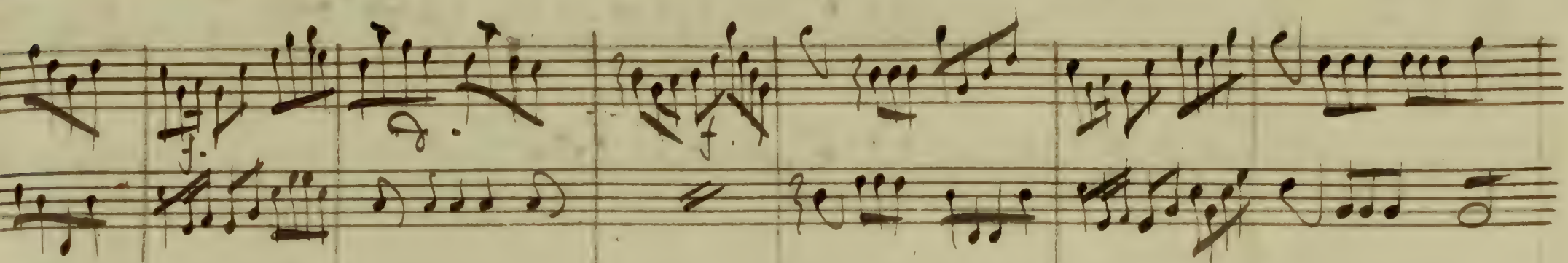
veggo inorridir l'inferno istesso

Marche

Del mio delitto in sen o sento l'orribil voce

Dal mio

pp.



moorso atroce sento squarciarmi il cor Ah mi uccidesse almeno il barbaro do -

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff has a melody with various note values and accidentals. The bottom staff has a bass line with mostly quarter and eighth notes, some beamed together.

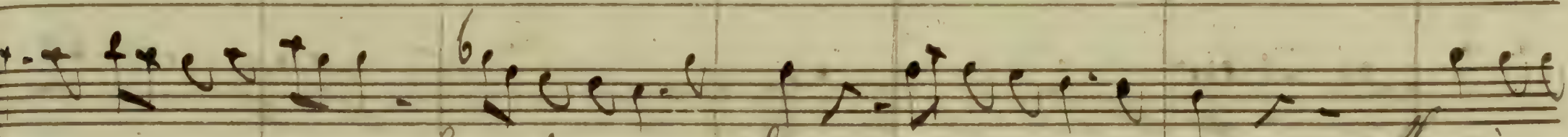
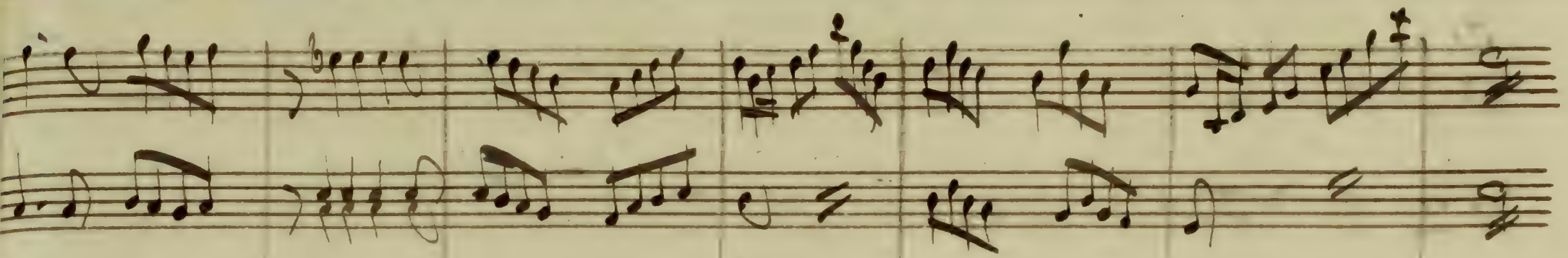
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff continues the melody with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The bottom staff continues the bass line with similar rhythmic patterns.

Ah mi uccidesse almeno il bar - - - - - baro dolor il barba -

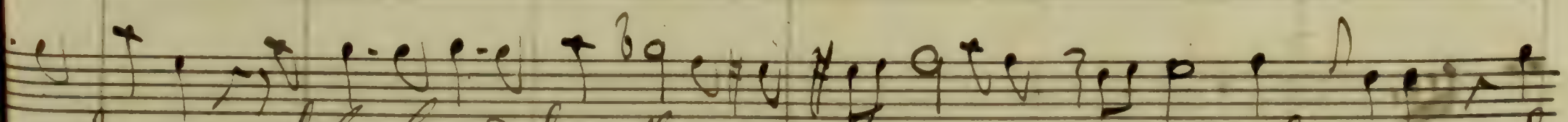
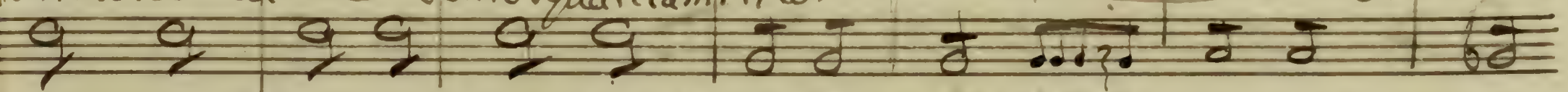
Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff shows the continuation of the melody, ending with a long note. The bottom staff continues the bass line, ending with a final chord.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and bar lines. The paper shows signs of wear, including stains and a small red mark at the top left.

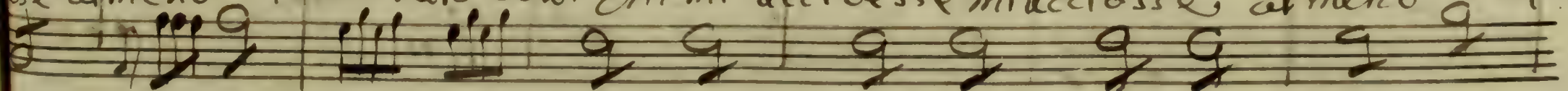
del mio delitto in seno sento l'orribil voce

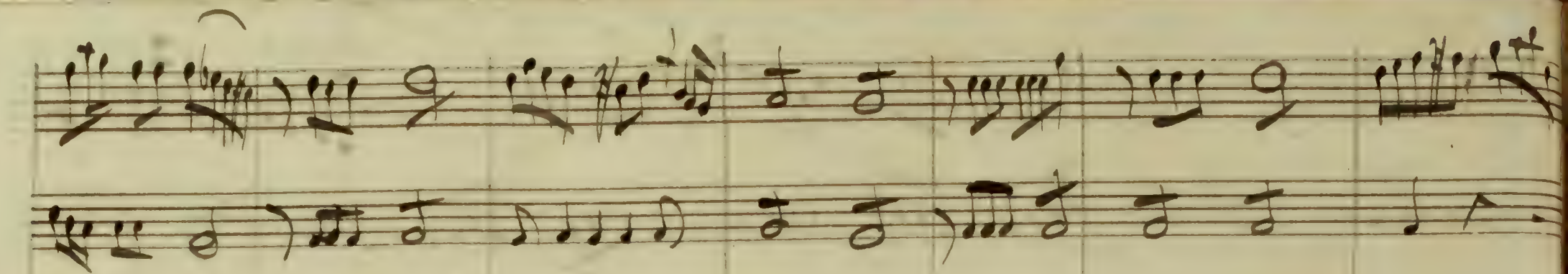


io rimorso atroce sento / guardiammi il cor Ah mi ucci -

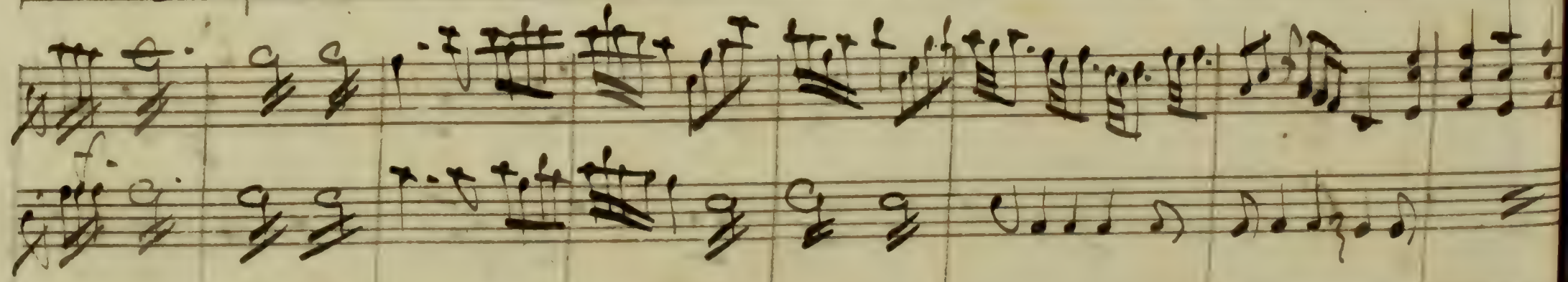


esse almeno il barbaro dolor Ah mi uccidesse mi uccidesse, almeno al-





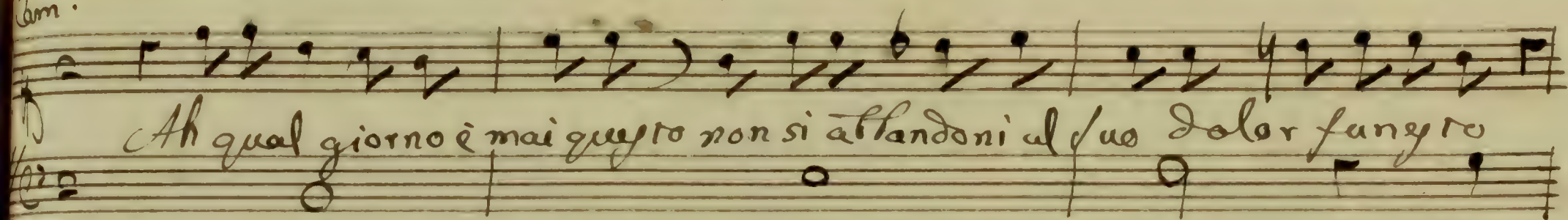
meno il bar *baro dolor il bar*

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff has a melodic line with some slurs and ties. The bottom staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. The lyrics "meno il bar" and "baro dolor il bar" are written between the staves.

ba - ro dolor

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff has a melodic line. The bottom staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. The lyrics "ba - ro dolor" are written between the staves. A "f." (forte) marking is visible at the bottom left.

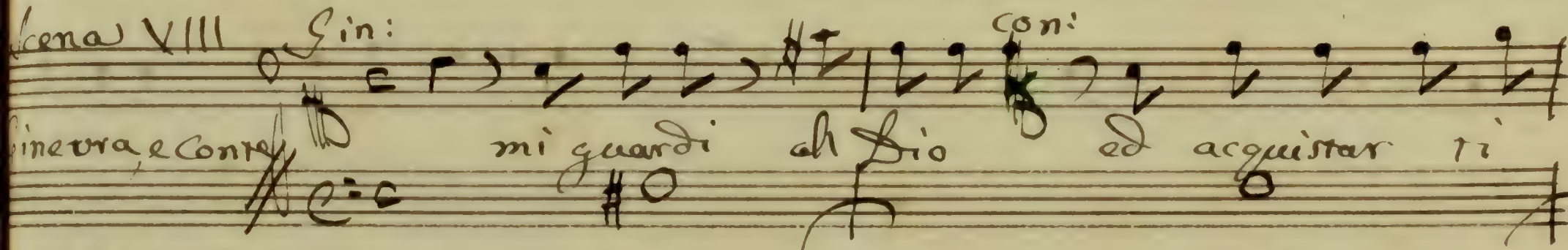
Am:



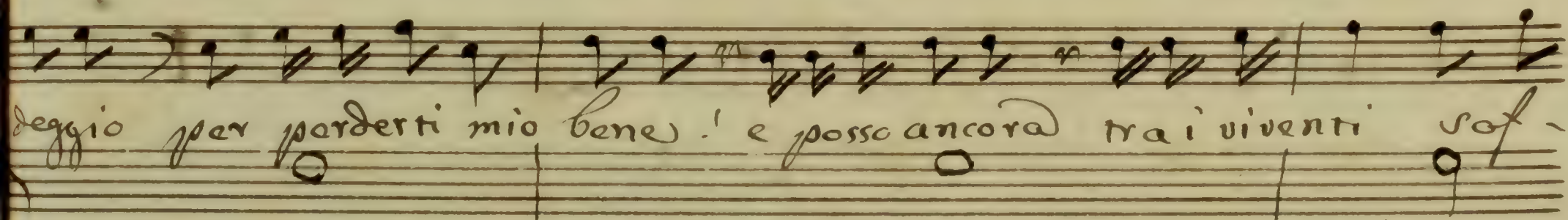
Ah qual giorno è mai questo non si abbandoni al suo dolor funereo

Scena VIII

Fin:

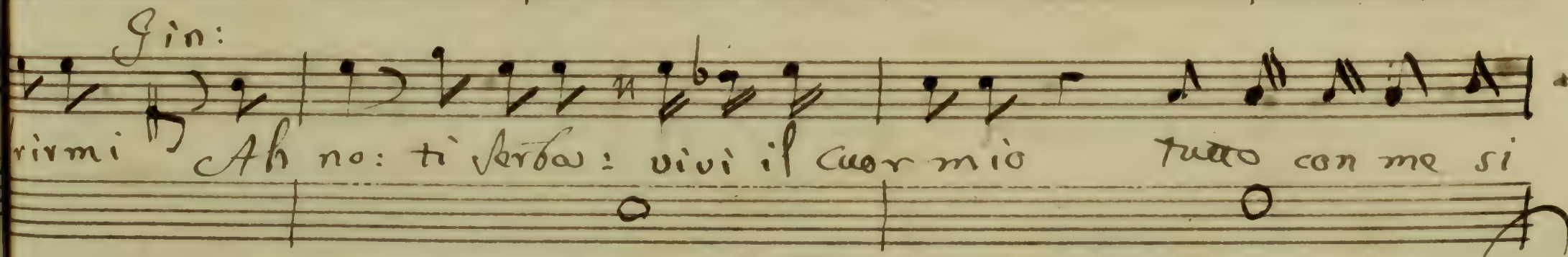


mi guardi ah Dio ed acquistar ti

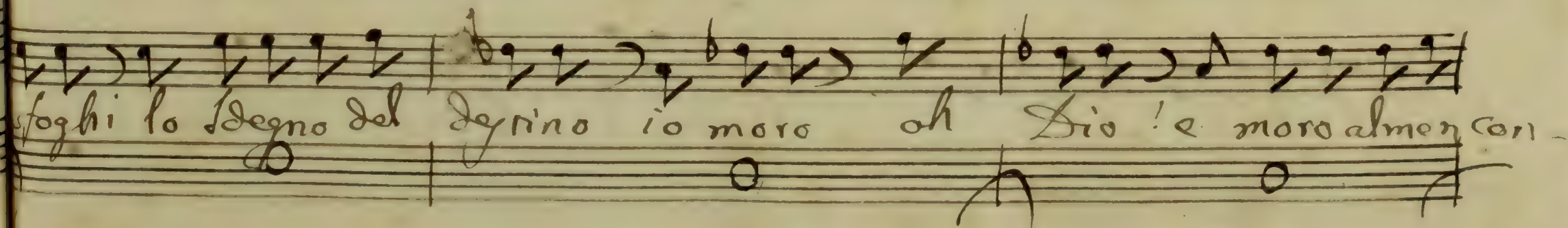


deggio per perderti mio bene! e posso ancora tra i viventi sof-

Fin:



rirmi Ah no: ti serba: vivi il cuor mio tutto con me si



soghi lo degno del destino io more oh Dio! e more almen con-

tenta se nell' Idea del mio benefattore un ingrato non veggo se nell'

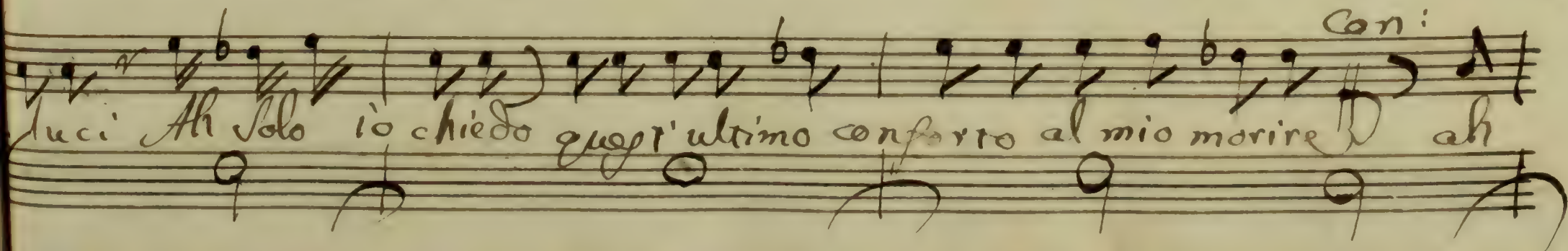
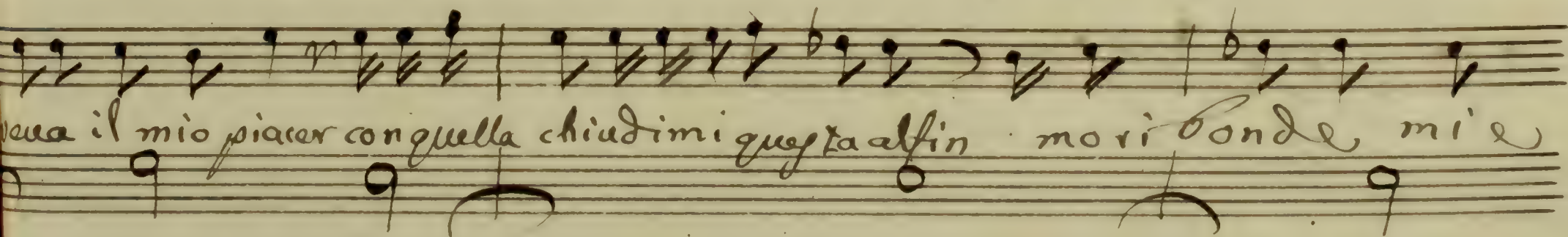
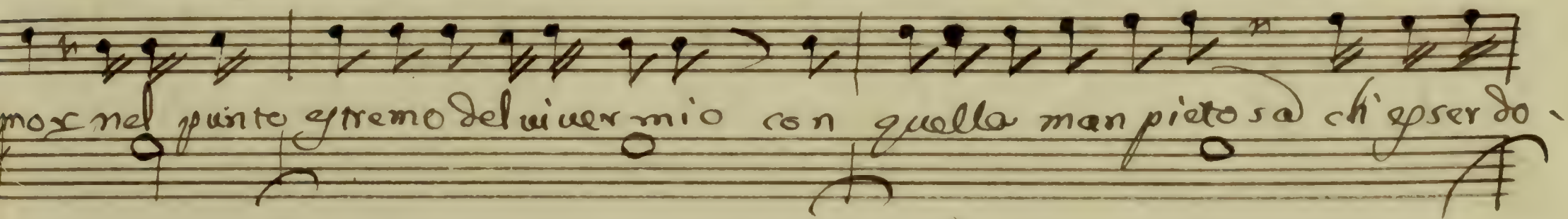
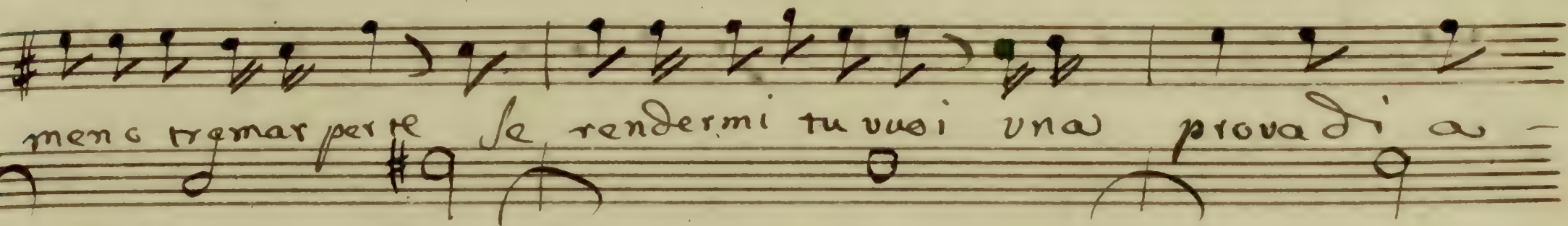
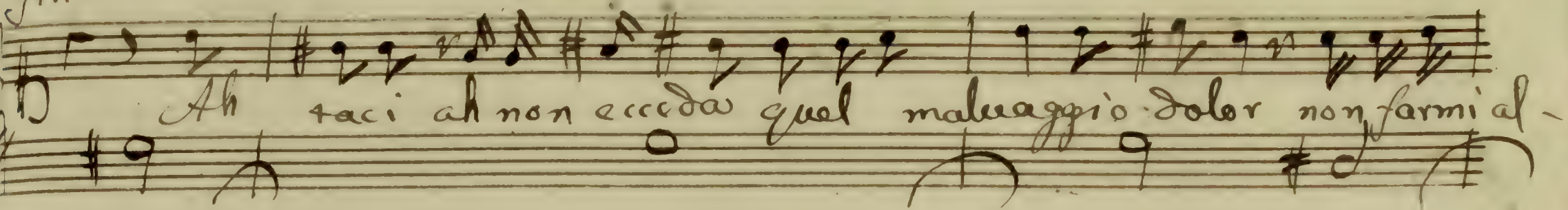
Idea del caro mio germano onorata io tornai b. purchè

Con: mora innocente io vissi assai b. Crudellissime

stelle e tanto in cielo e ingodo la virtù se oppressa regna l'in

conza a tal segno o tutto è colpa o il ciel di tempi è indegno.

Fin:

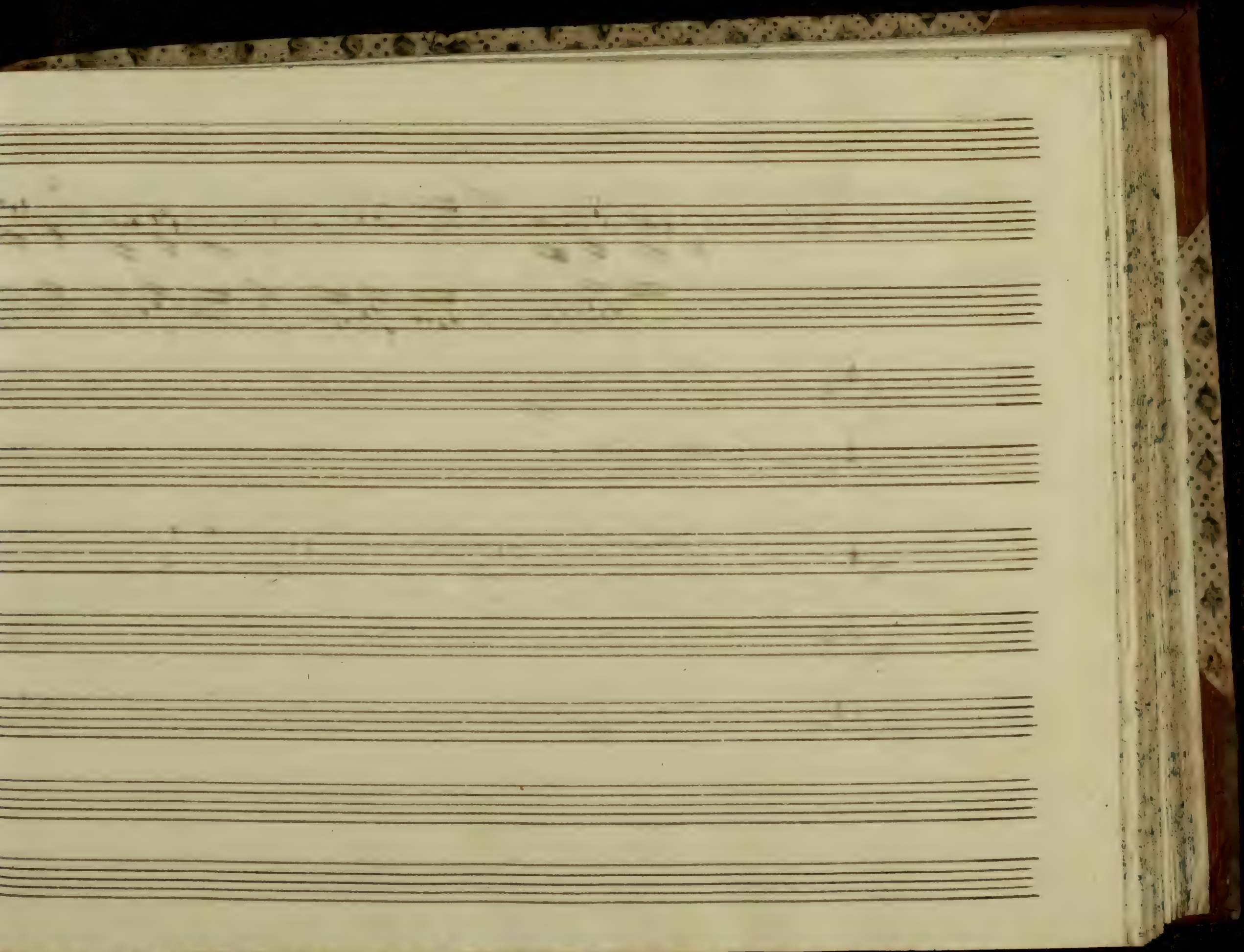


Imanie ! ah pene ! o mio crudel martire no' perdonami o Cara ub

Di non ti posso, io la tua morte precorrer voglio ! e pria di te que

alma calerà di Acheronte sulla sponda funerea già vi è bro

Fini:
Colpo Ah non ferir : ti arresterà



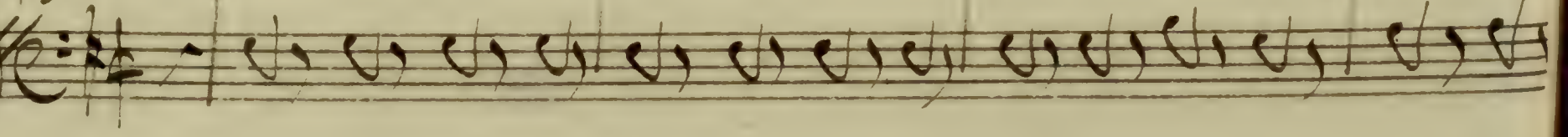
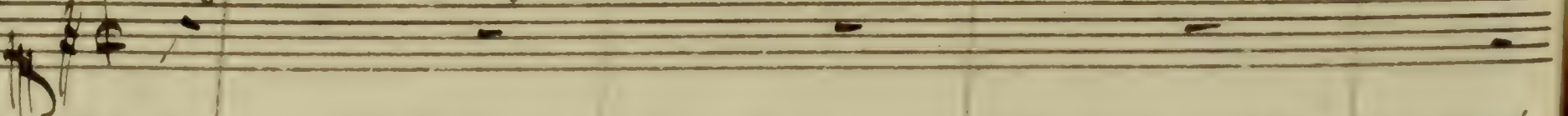
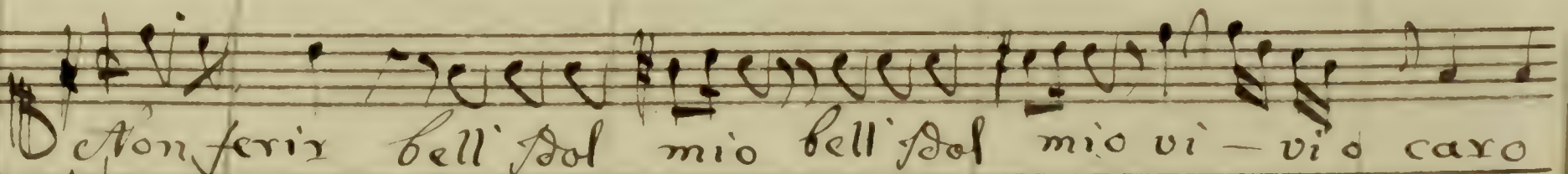
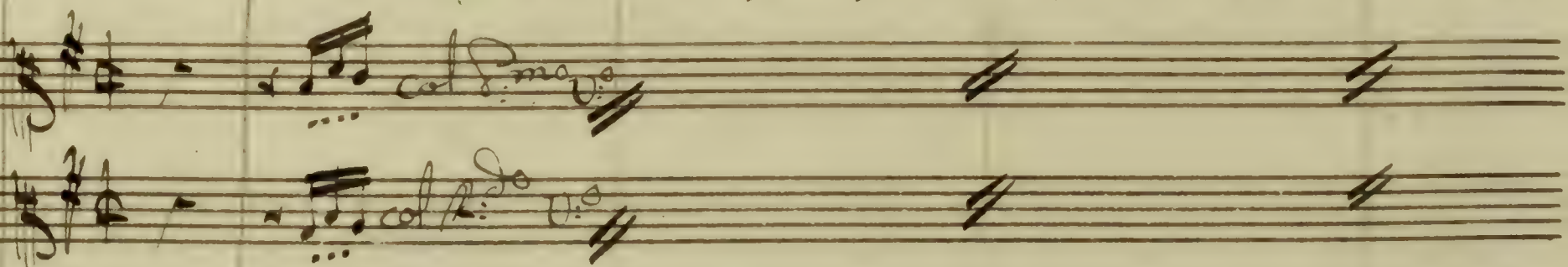
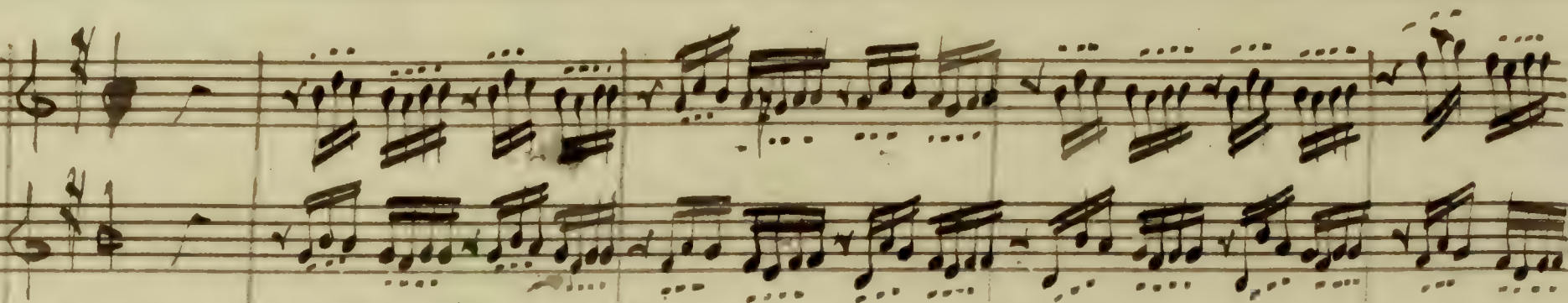
Violini

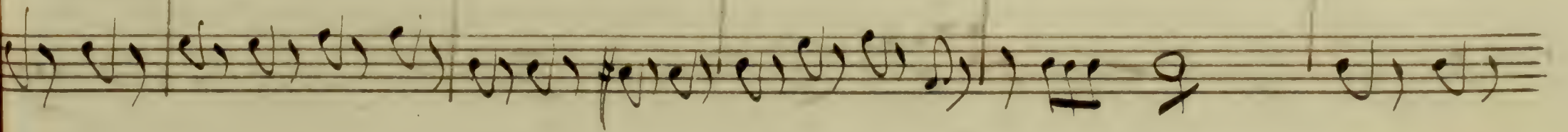
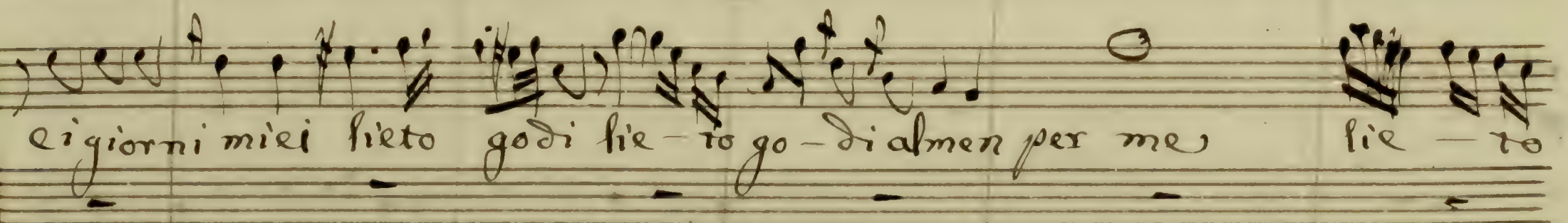
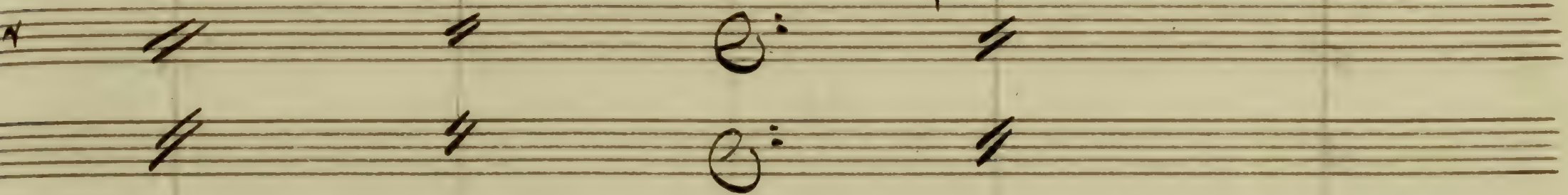
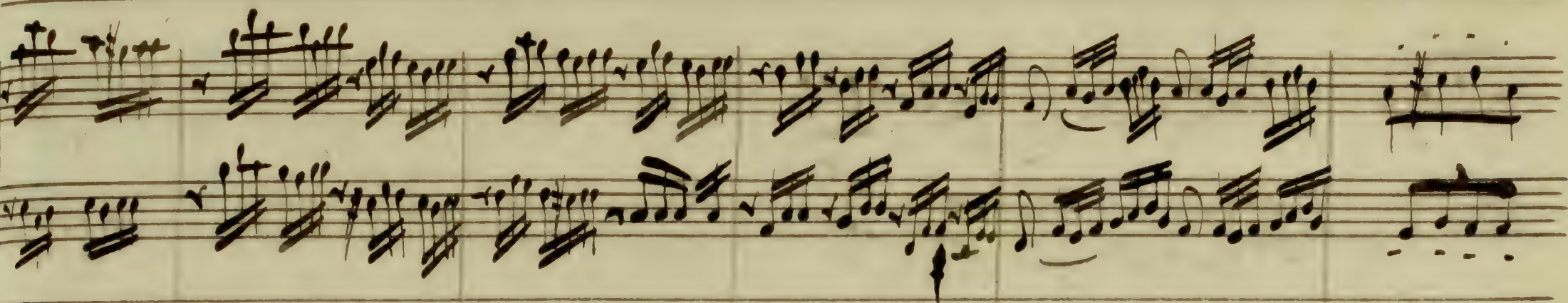
Viola

Ginevra

Conte

Largo

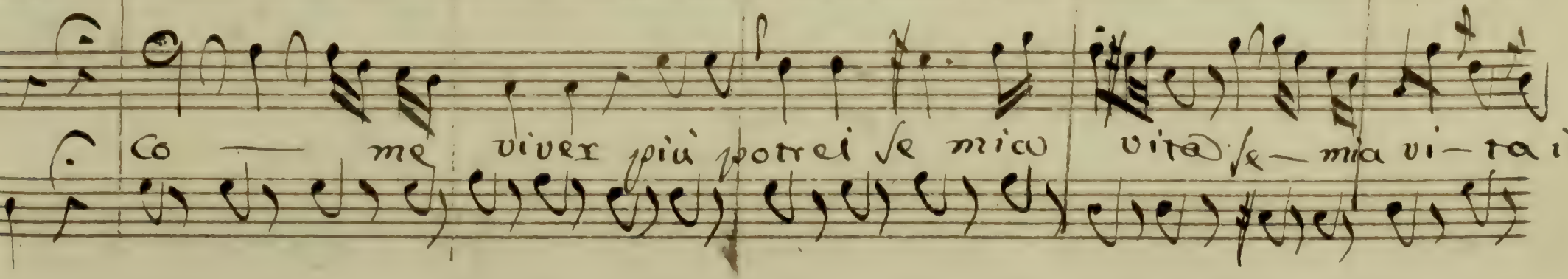
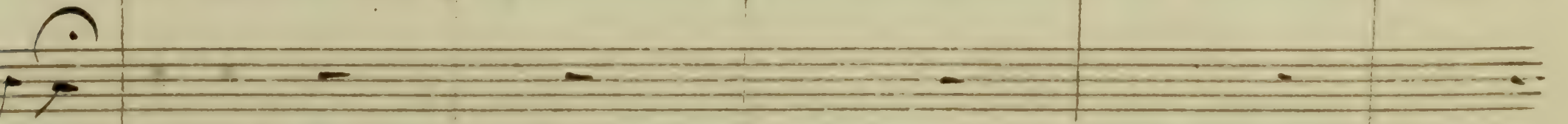
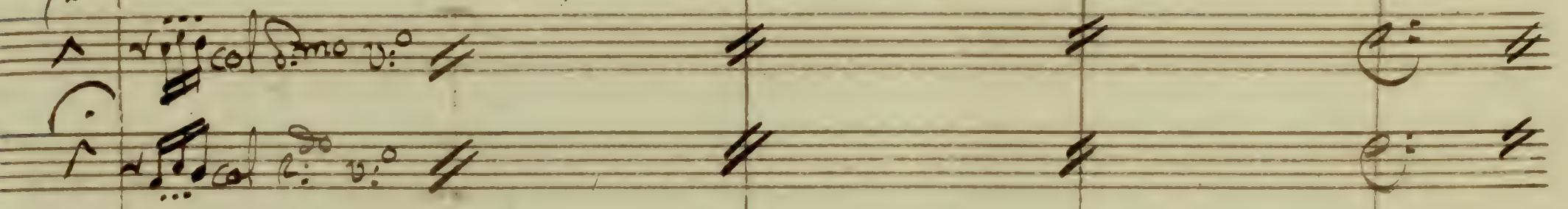
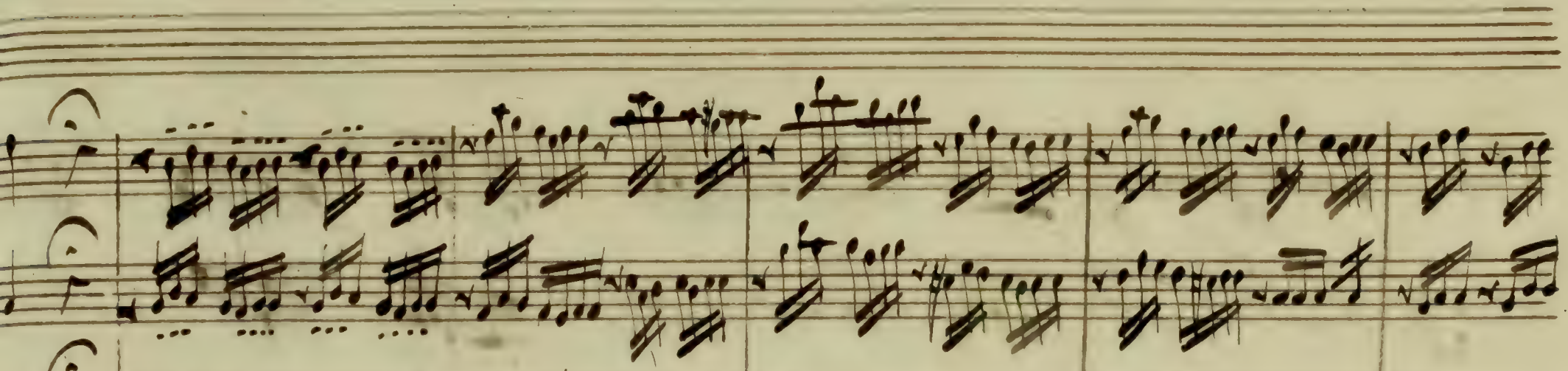




Handwritten musical score on aged paper. The score consists of several staves. The first two staves contain a complex melodic line with many beamed notes. The next two staves are empty, marked with double slashes. The fifth staff begins with a treble clef and contains the lyrics "go - Li almen. per me". The sixth staff continues the melody with the lyrics "chi io non mora! e come! ah Dio". The seventh staff contains further musical notation. The paper is aged and shows some wear along the left edge.

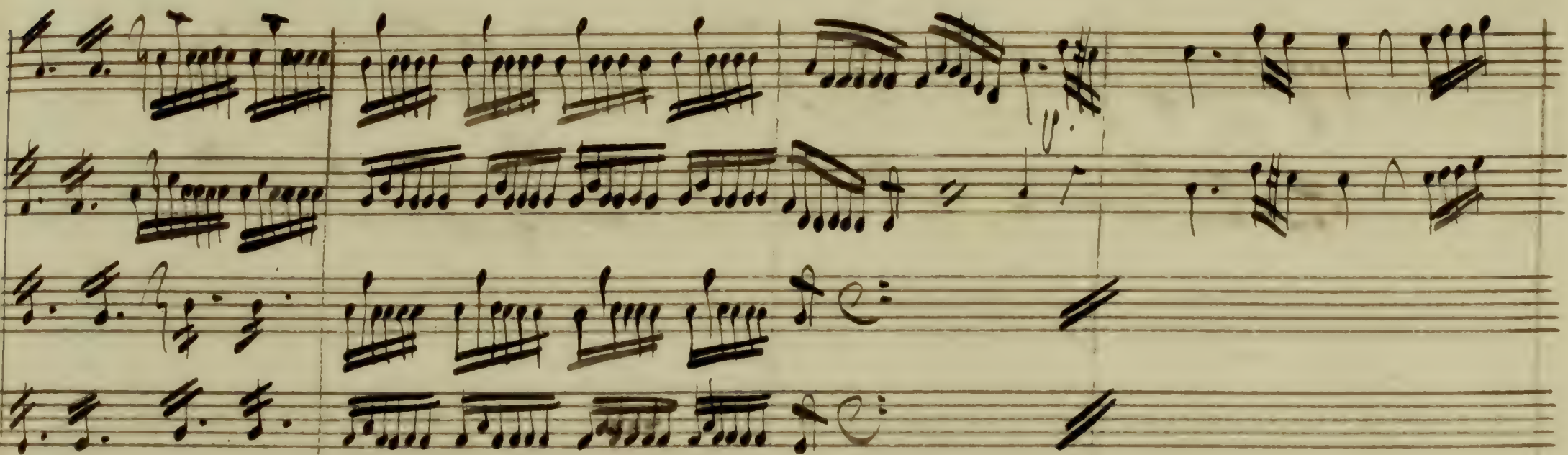
go - Li almen. per me

chi io non mora! e come! ah Dio



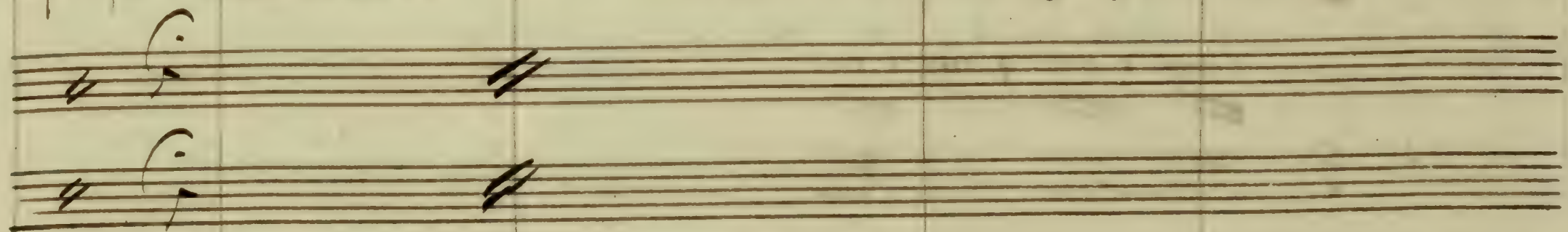
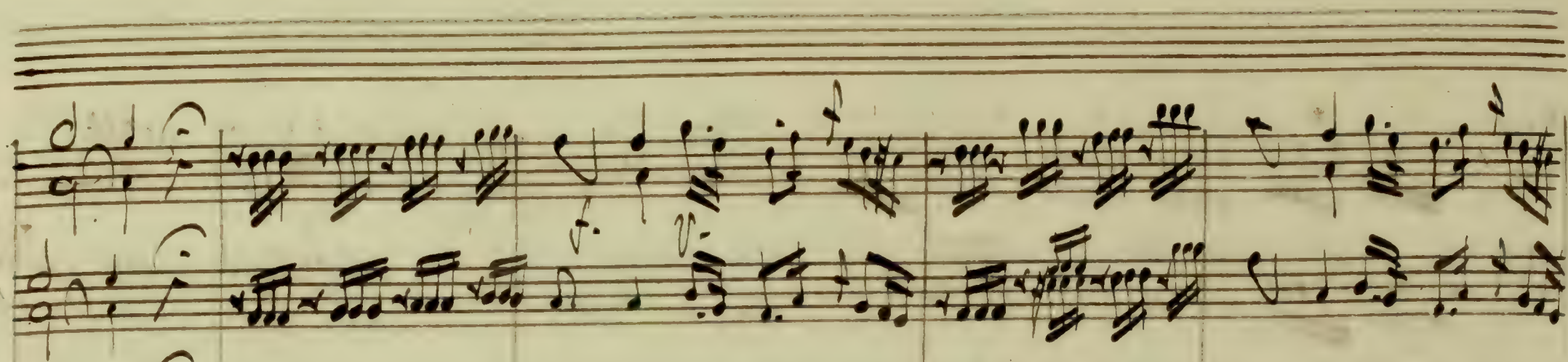
Co — me viver più potrei se mio vita se — mia vi — ta io

Ah dou'e' dou'e' quel cor
vivo in te — se mia vi-ta io vivo in te, *Ah*



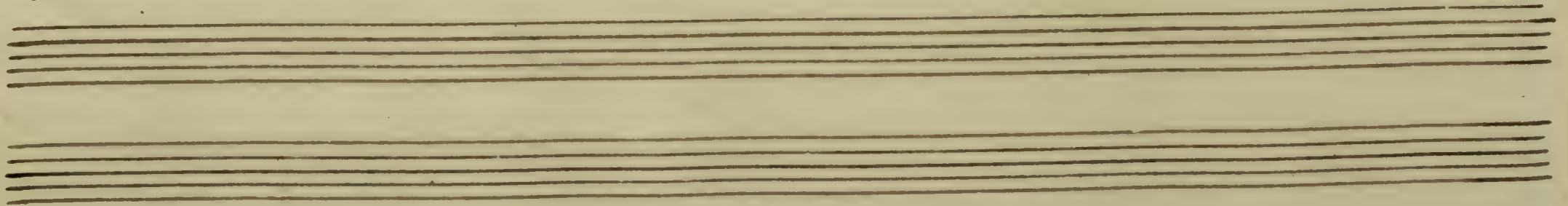
grato ah ah dov'è quel core ingrato che veden-do il nostro
che vedendo il no - stro

A handwritten musical score for a vocal part, featuring two staves. The lyrics are in Italian. The notation includes various note values and rests, with some notes marked with 'X' or 'Z' symbols. The paper is aged and shows some staining.



sta - to non sospiri non sospiri in questo di non sospiri in questo di

sta - to non sospiri non sospiri in questo di non sospiri in questo di



Canetella

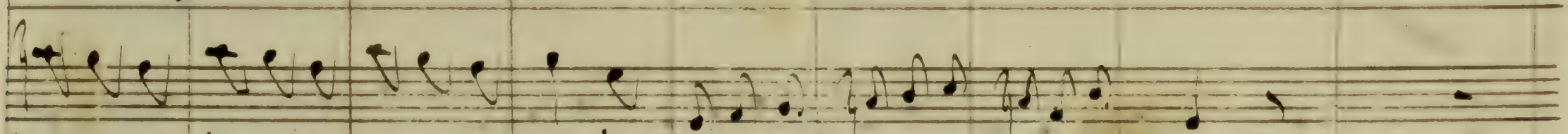
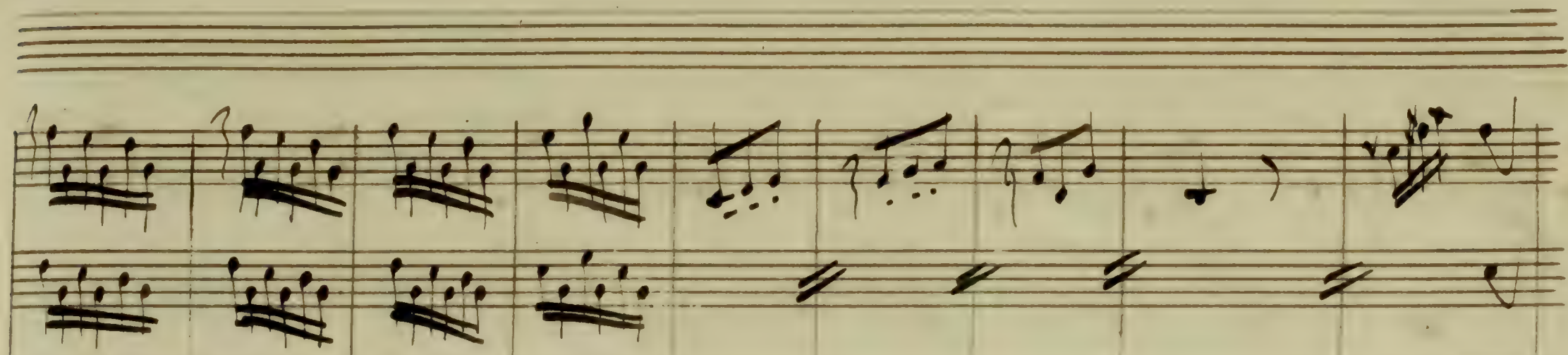
di non sospiri in questo di

di non sospiri in questo di

Allegretto

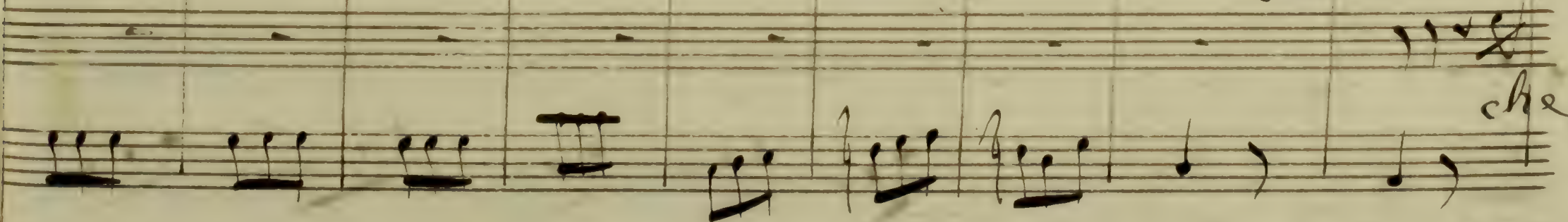
Handwritten musical score on aged paper. The score consists of several staves. The first staff contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The second staff contains a bass line with some notes and rests. The third staff contains a vocal line with lyrics. The fourth staff contains a bass line with notes and rests. The fifth staff contains a melodic line with notes and rests. The sixth staff contains a bass line with notes and rests. The seventh staff contains a melodic line with notes and rests. The eighth staff contains a bass line with notes and rests. The lyrics are written in a cursive hand and are as follows:

ch' auite | gner nò non morite la puppa mbrogliata la tengo stipata

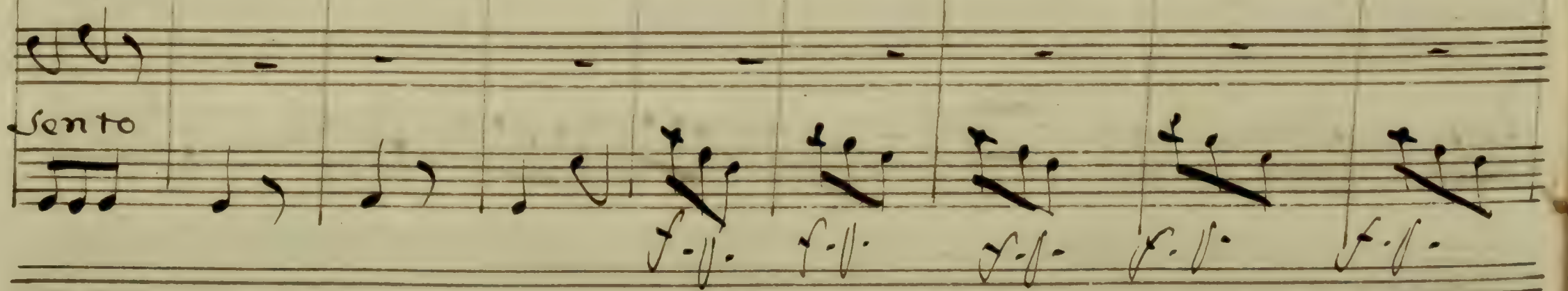
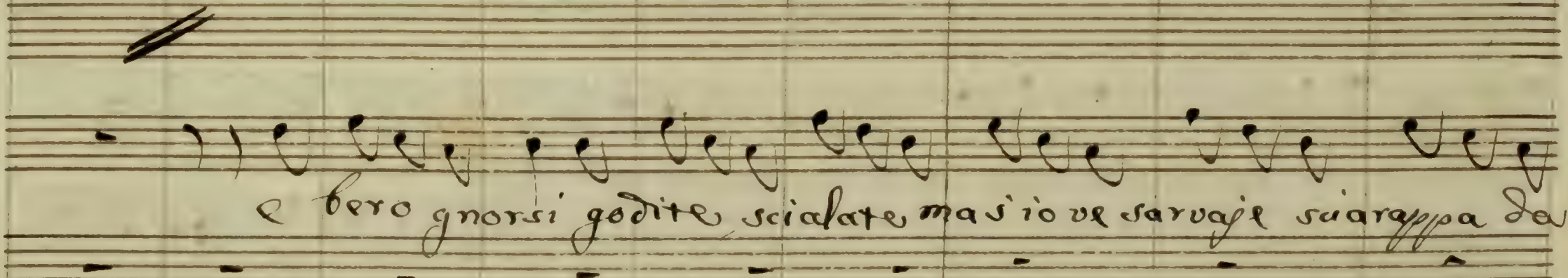
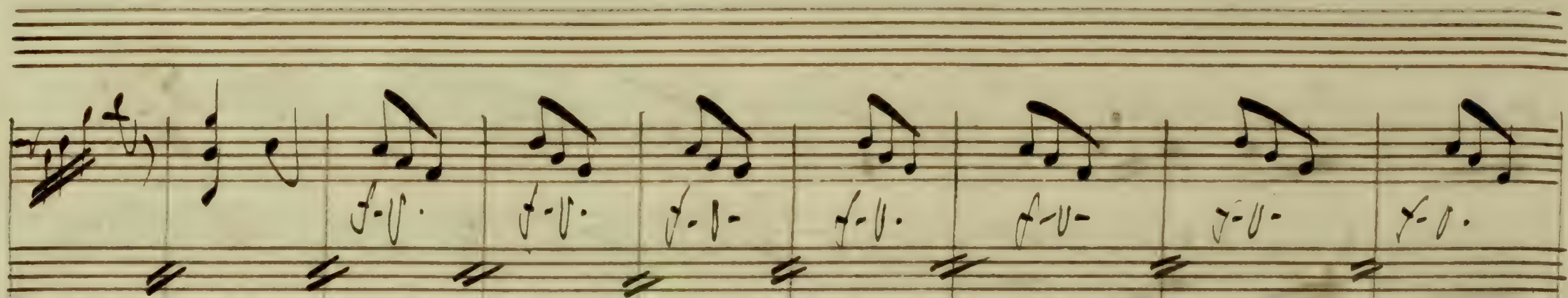


tanto quasciana sta mpya non e' Ca tanto quasciana sta mpya non e'

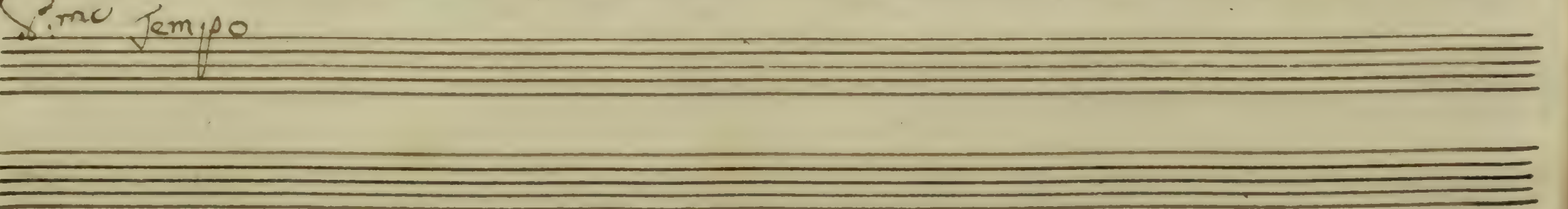
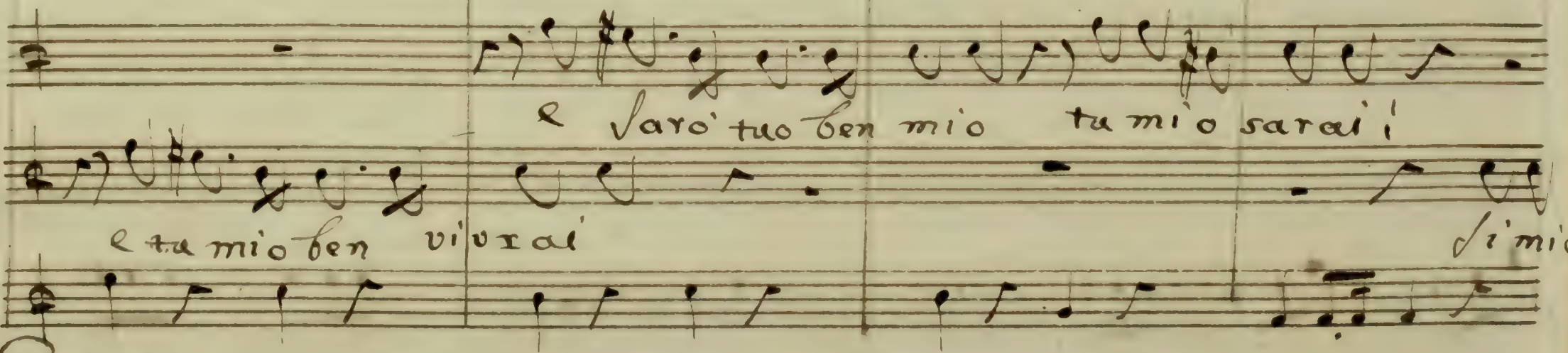
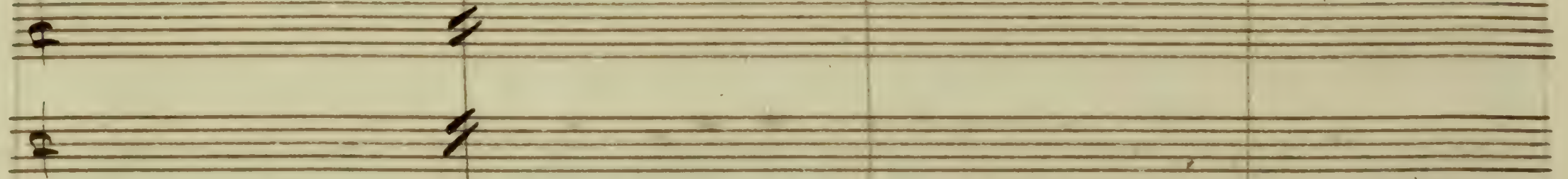
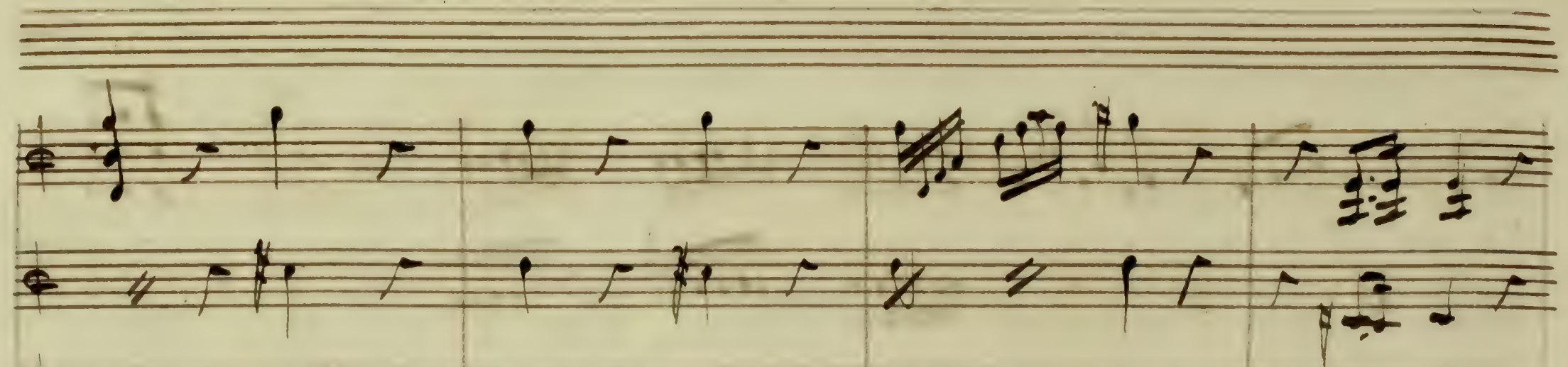
che dici!

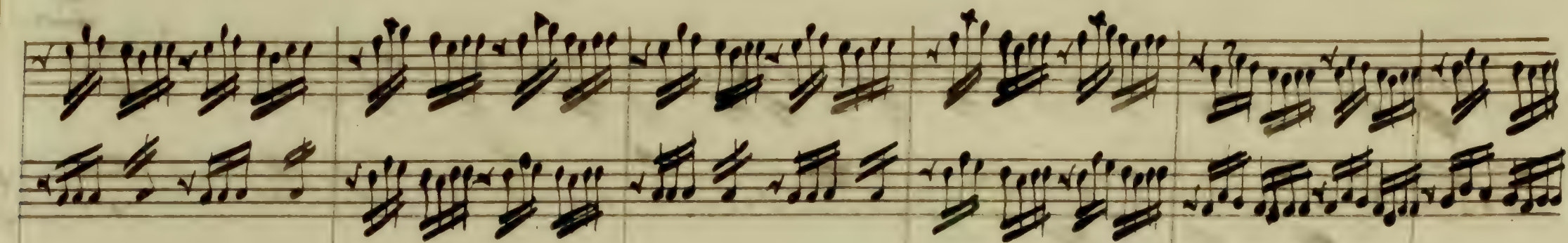


che



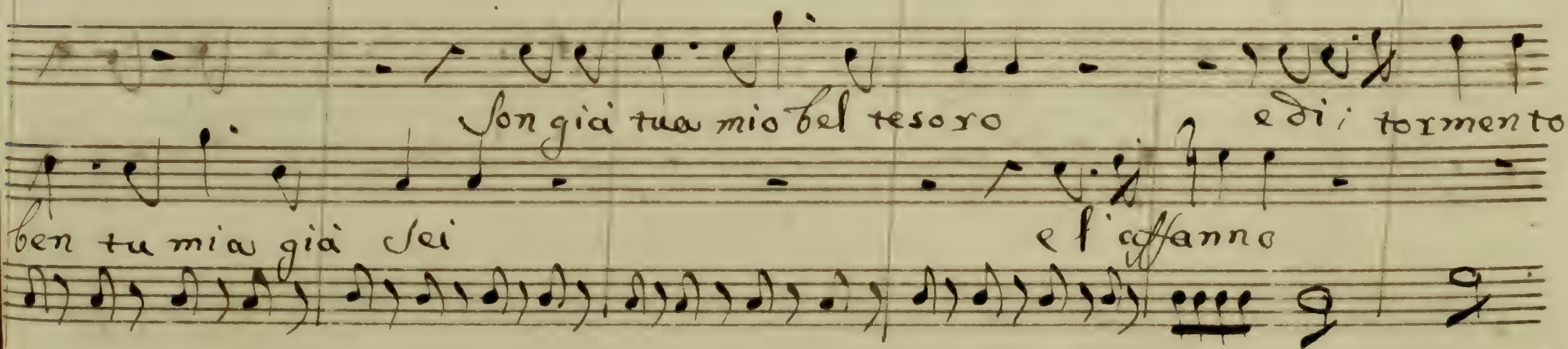
guaje saruate parzi sciarappa de guaje saruate parzi

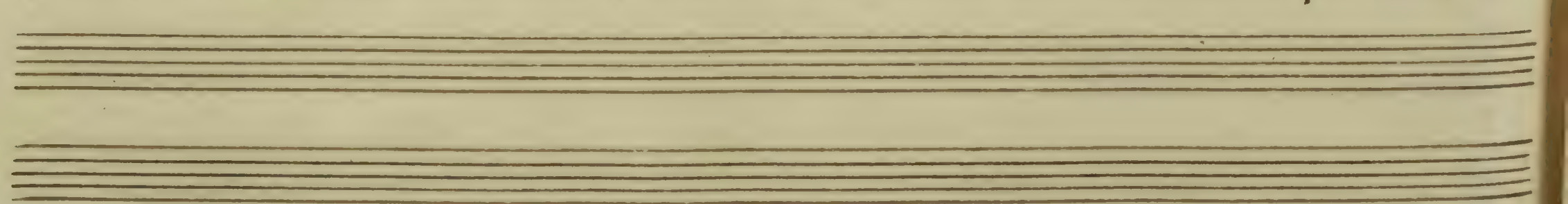
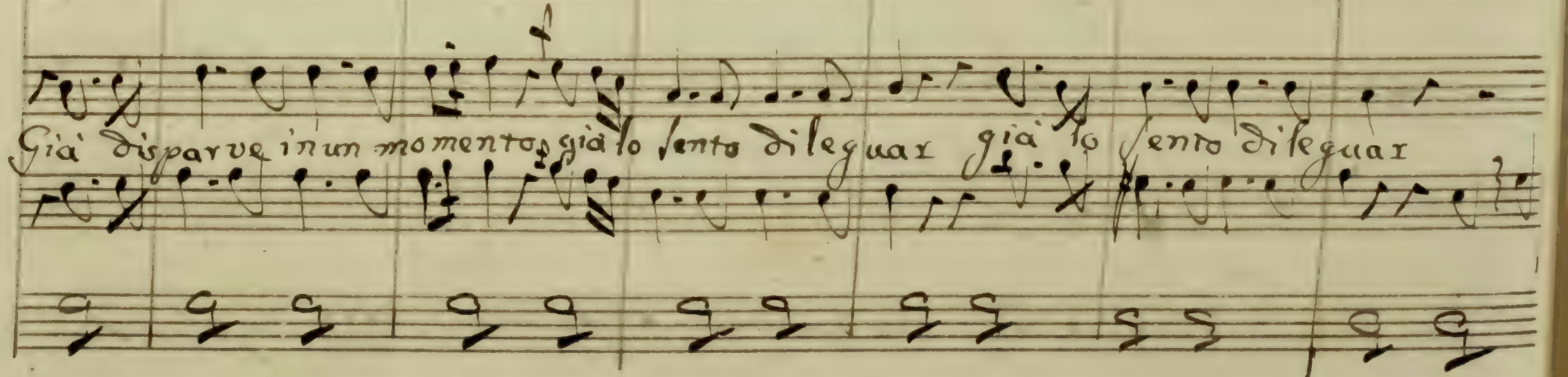
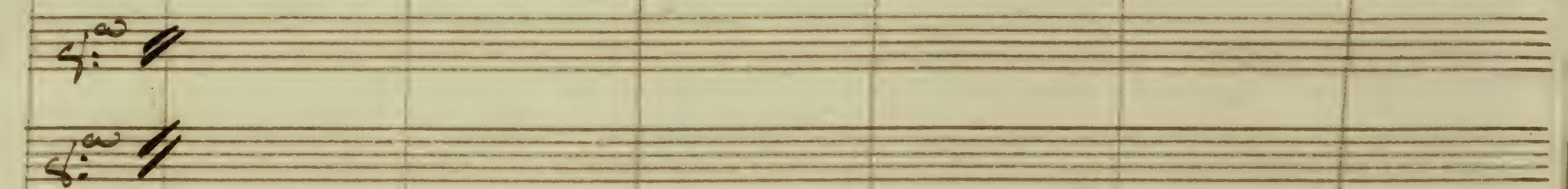
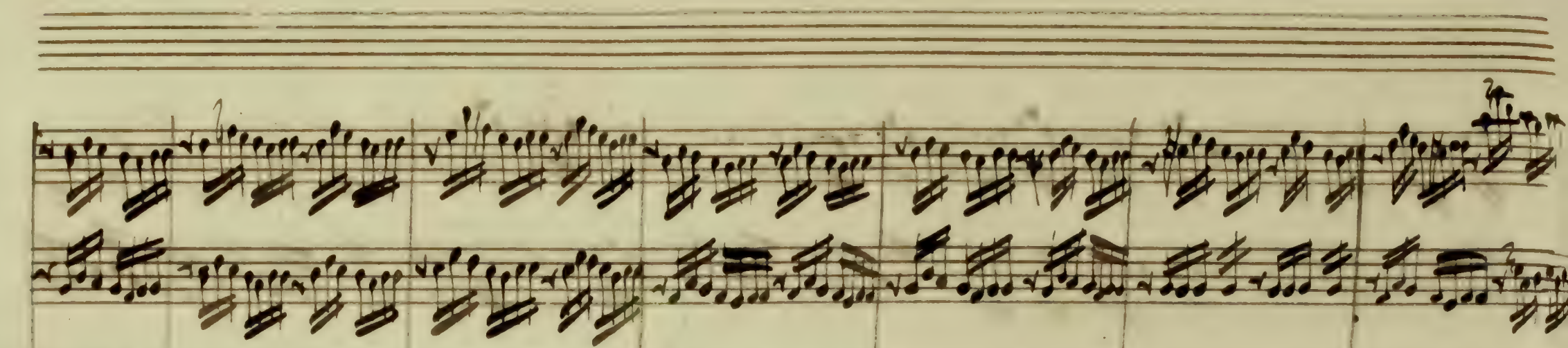


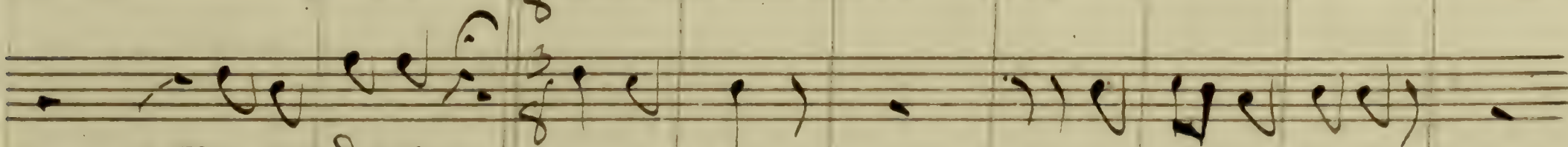
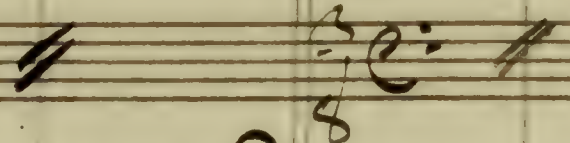
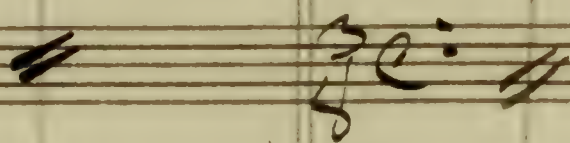
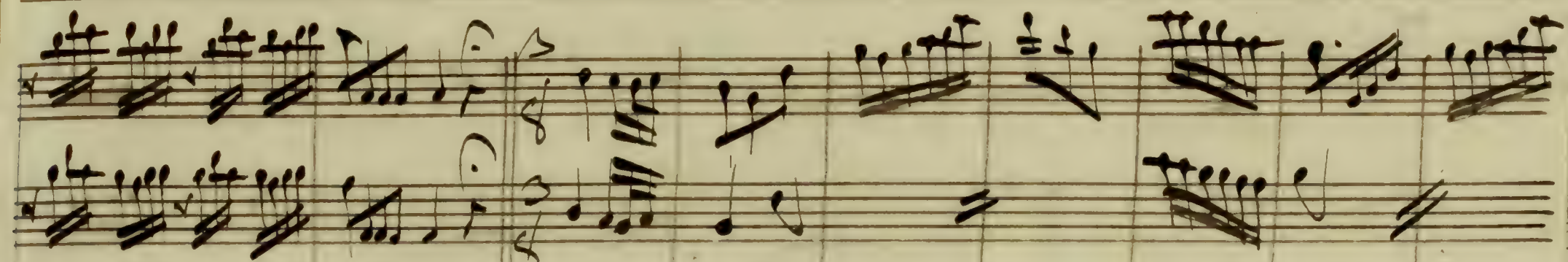


col 1^{mo} v. 1^o f. 1^o sotto //

col 2^{do} v. 1^o f. 1^o sotto //







ma son de y te



sogno

Qual piacer

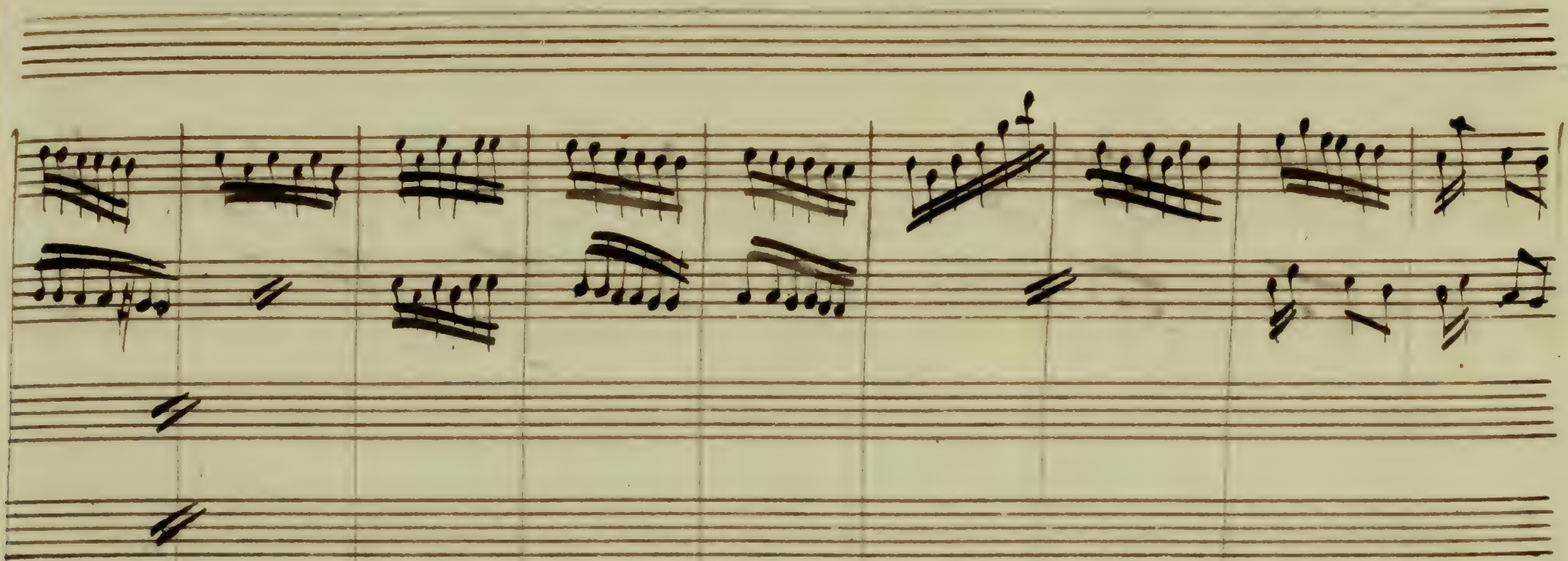
qual gioja e que ra



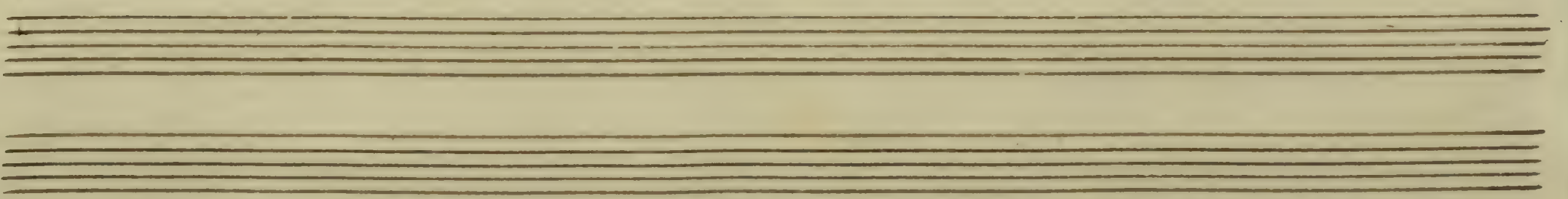
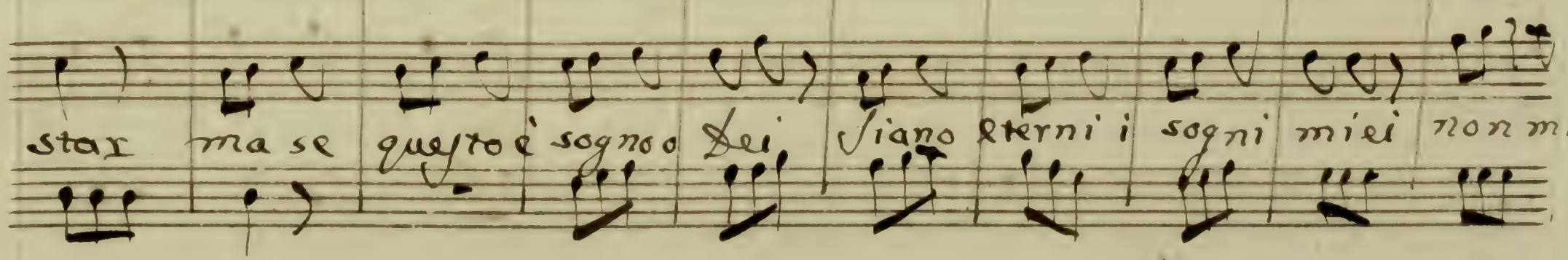
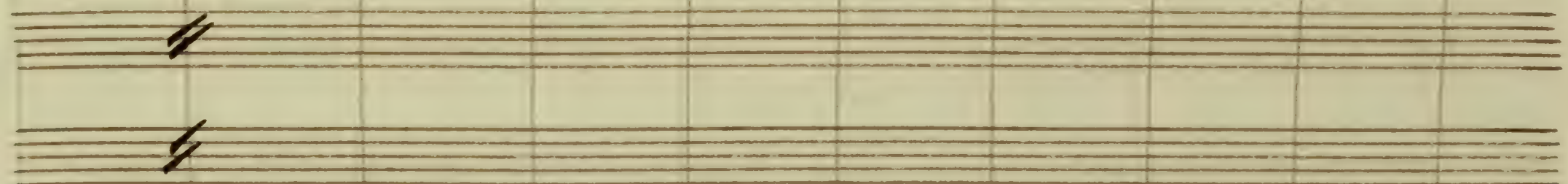
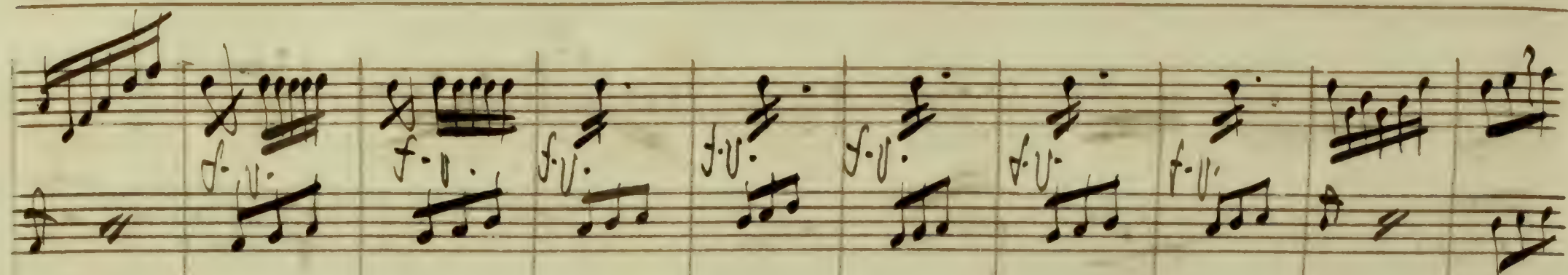
All:° presto

qual gioia è questa, ma se questo è sogno o Dei, piano eterni i

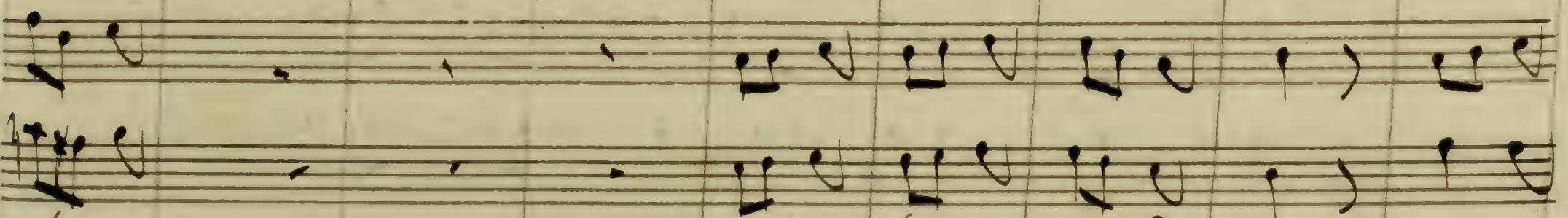
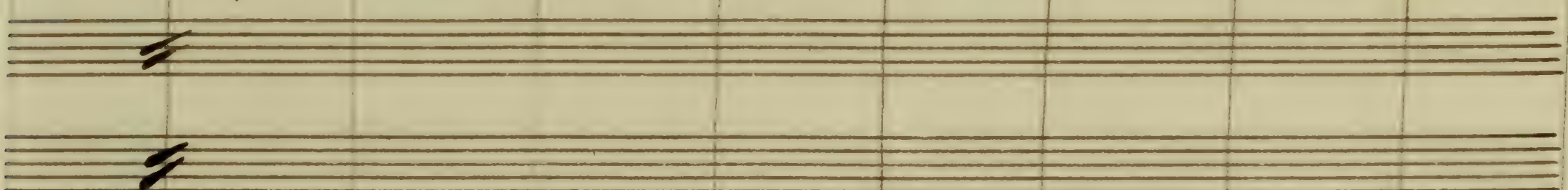
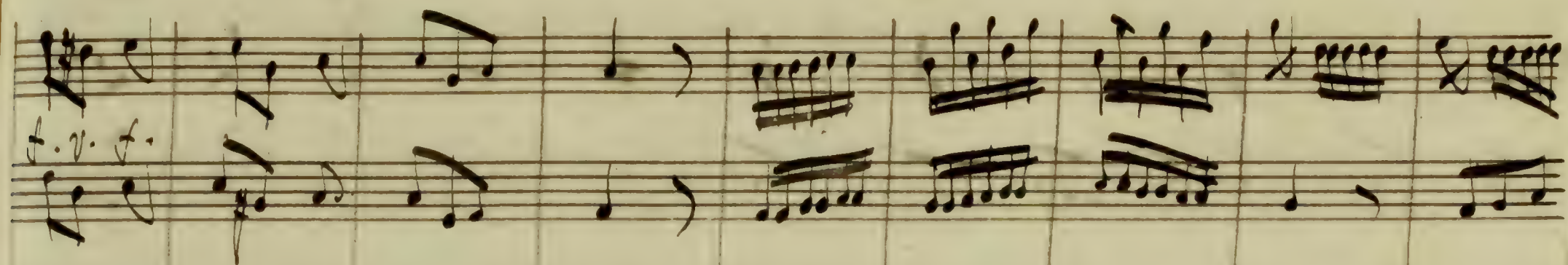
f-v. f-v.



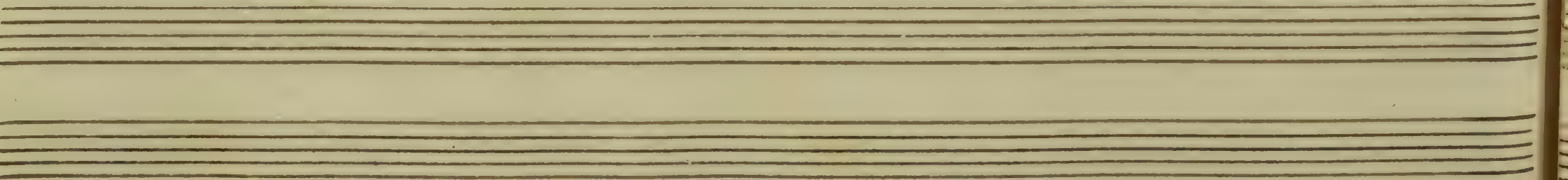
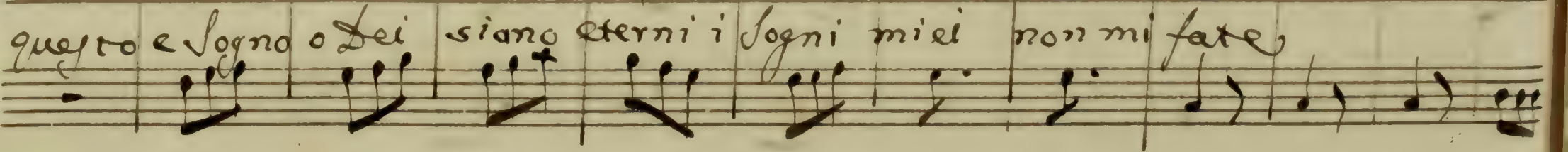
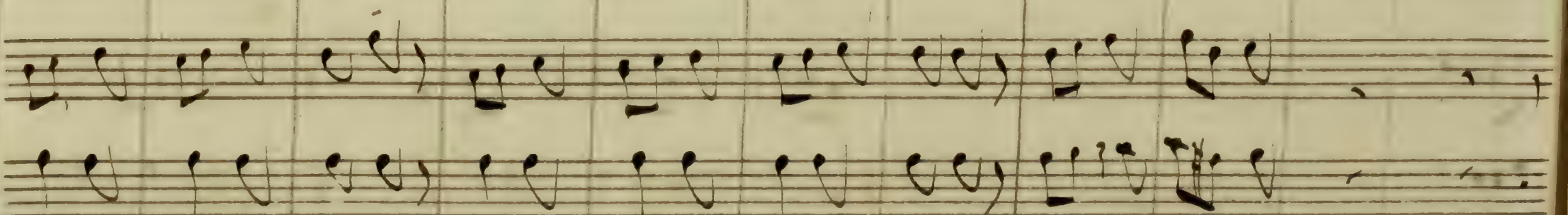
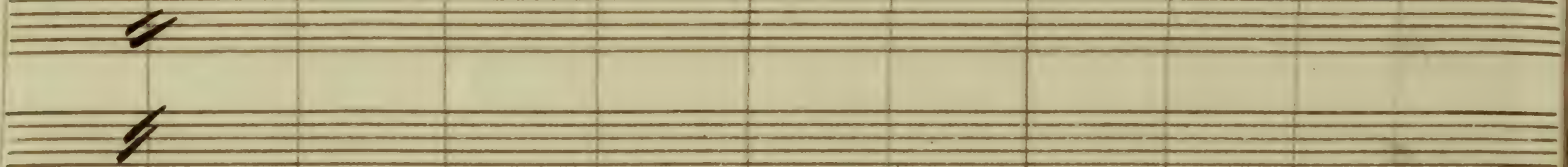
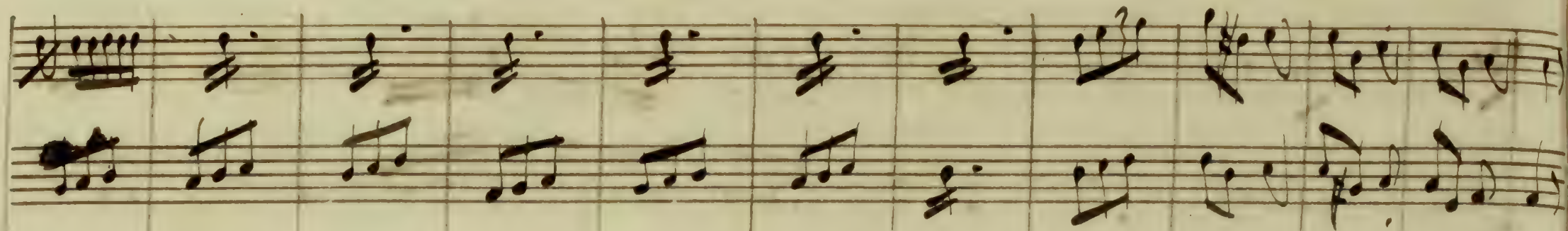
sogni miei non mi fate più d'atar non mi fate più de -

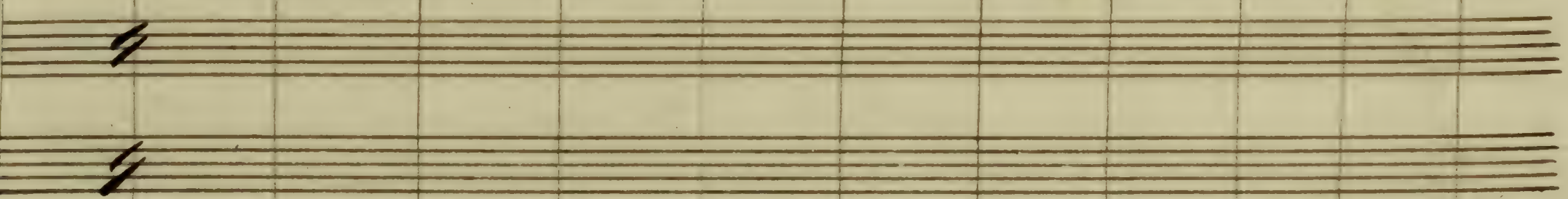
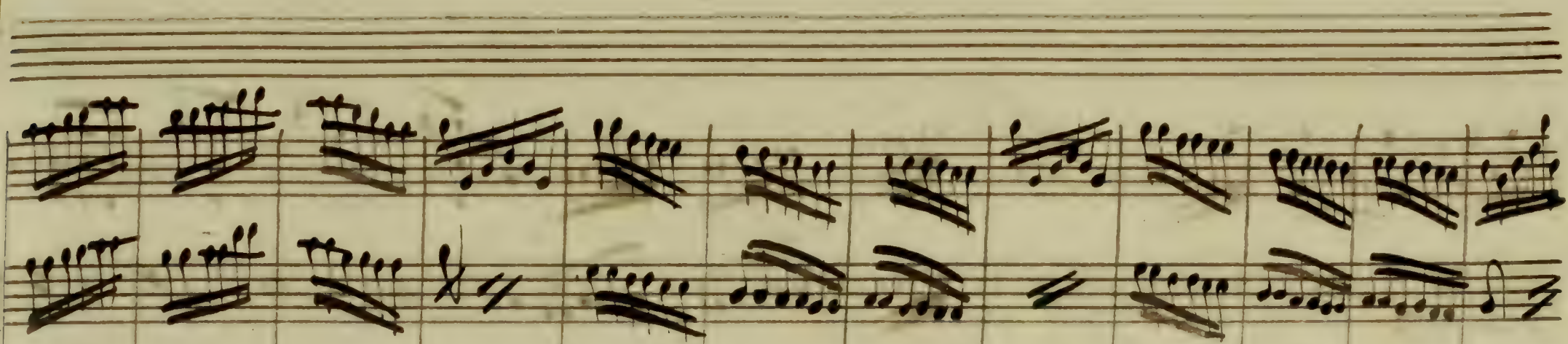


star ma se questo è sogno Dei siano eterni i sogni miei non mi



fate Non mi fate più destar ma se





Non mi fate più d'orar no' non mi fate più d'orar no' non mi fate più d'orar

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The notes are primarily eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests. Below the notes, the lyrics are written in a cursive hand: "Non mi fate più d'orar no' non mi fate più d'orar no' non mi fate più d'orar". The lyrics are repeated three times across the two staves.

più de tar più de tar nò non mi fate più de tar

Scena X *♩: 7/8*
♩: 7/8 e
Cammina malandrino nta pecone, conte brio brie

♩: 7/8 Scia:
cone què: che nò ve partisseuo Signo' pe careta d'ame la

♩: 7/8
vita la vita! mariolone quanto può fa e i agghiupe o

♩: 7/8 Scia:
Cono repuggete o a na forza vita durante o nigro me dea.

♩: 7/8
sato va ja m'oce spogliano' capo appriuso se faranno li

Scia:

cuntri) Ah bene mio re muove o mote faccio passà pe le ba

Scia:

chette e mo ca sponto chi mē l'augere ditto ecco

Scia: *D: Feg:* *Scia:* *D: Feg:*

eca la sciammeria e il sciammerino sta loco Ah

Scia: *D: Feg:*

li ve prego de farne dà lagiatto mia ne -

meno te la meriteressi ma te la faccio dare pe stemmosina

Scia: *Comme volite e bengav Addo si piglia il giabbo prego*

Scia: *Dammi il capello e la perucca Dateme chella zoppola de*

rise la spata e il battifianco la viola via

fora la cauzone signò prieto signò senza cau-

zune faccio na brutta vista e non si mpiso t'g'e da lecci por

Scia:

zine la Cammisa le scarpe e le caupette, uh malora a lo

manco fassatemej dinto ca m'è spoglio dinto: ca ll'ajeda

Scia: D: 2^a 2^a

fa macca' e bregogna non c'è bregogna pao rco bregognato

Scena XI

Can:

Gineura, Conte Marchese, Sciarappamio si stato perdo-

Camilla Canettela, e detti

D: 2^a 2^a

nato rengrapia sti signare, che perduono io ne uoglio fa

Can: 4/4
Saurà Ah signor zio se la Sineura è in vita sol per candida e

giusto che per questa si perdoni sciarappa a chi me paga le

Scia:
tante cacasse che mi ho praga per lui gnorsi ca

Gin:
io aggio magnato co lo saruietto via non più se gli rendo la libe-

Can: Scia:
ta' viene marito miò vieni mia sarua guardia che ra

Can:
è prezza n'auono or già che i tuo sciarappa non tenerci

Mar:
candida più sospesi Dal fin ci narra Come a Gineura il

Can:
mio venen non dasti Mo vedico io ma lauda già cano.

sanno ale parole fente ca uolueuo fa lo fatto feso la

zuppa col o tuo secco stipaje e n'aura a la signora ne porraje

Gin: Scia:
quanto ti deuo chia parolamente appurammi sta

cosa e addo mettiste la zuppa ntuossecata Daddove tengo li

Scia: Can:
Canneliere d'oglio Ah cana perra m'aje acciso che fu

Gin: Can: Scia:
parla ch'è stato io so' trayuto dinto a la cucina pe m'anno

Scia:
scone e noppa a la sanpiu nc'aggiuntiso no sciauro ah cannone

Can: Scia:
fraceto di appriesso aggio vista la puppa e m'è l'aggio ma

Can: Can:
gnata Ah fortunata me So' deperata ah

Gin: Mar:
cayo Si potesse almen darli riparo il tutto è vano e'

Scia: Can:
quello an potentissimo veleno Ah cana porca Uh uh chi m'm'ha c'

S: Sep:
cata e ca tu mo i affliggi che me faje Salute a usigno-

Scia:
ria) ne vuo' pigliare qualche malatia si Compatite a)

essa) e non penzate manco a' farne lo tappocchime' lo nayo s'e'

fatto Comi' a' meue ah ca sonocchio so' ghiuto ... gia' ntar

taglio cth lo core ah lo ventre ahime' confuorte, chiam-

mate me da tano ca so' muorto

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with musical notation and lyrics in Italian. The score includes a vocal line and a basso continuo line.

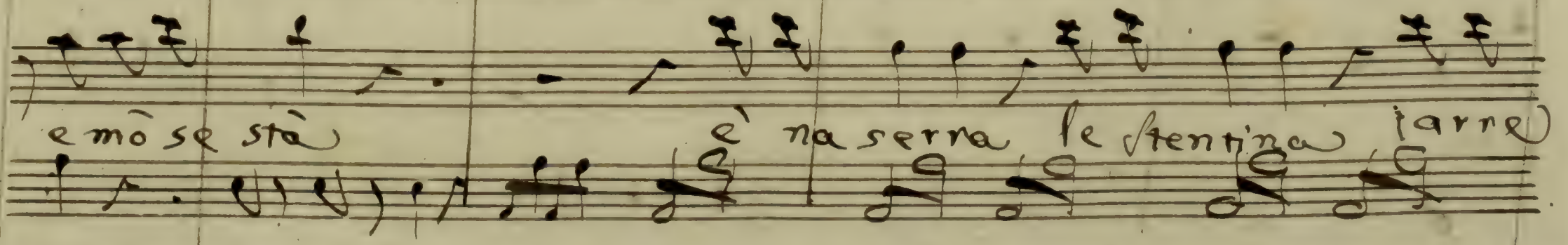
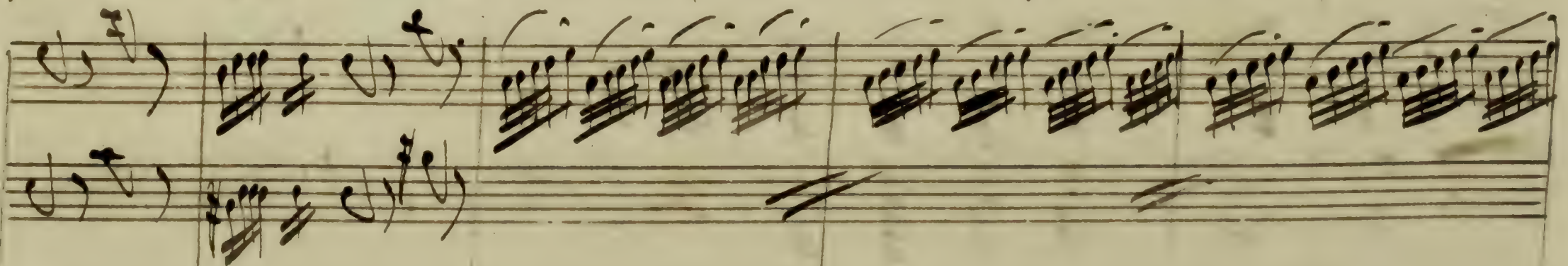
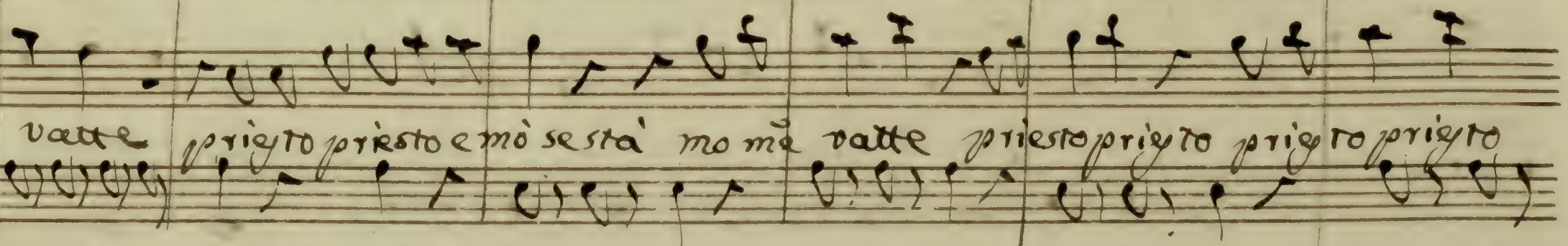
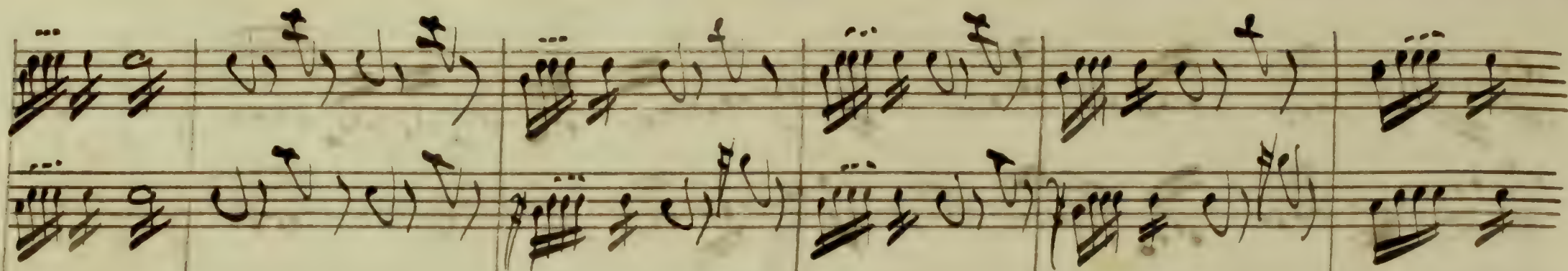
The lyrics are:

Già la capo rociotea, già la
capo rociotea
rociotea, Comma

The musical notation includes various notes, rests, and bar lines, indicating a complex rhythmic structure. The paper shows signs of age, including staining and wear along the edges.

passa ca' e' lla... Com'm'a passa ca' e' lla... ah.. la panna e' che tro -

pea de dolore n'panetai uh: lo puzo mo mme



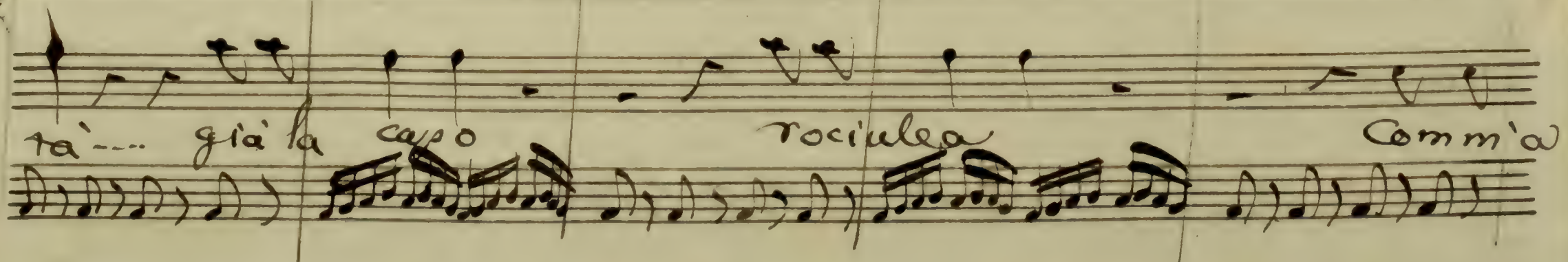
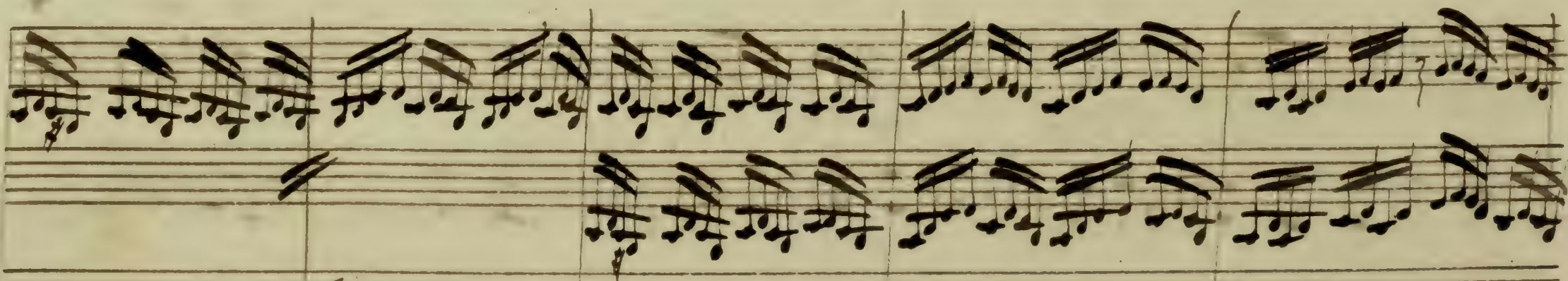
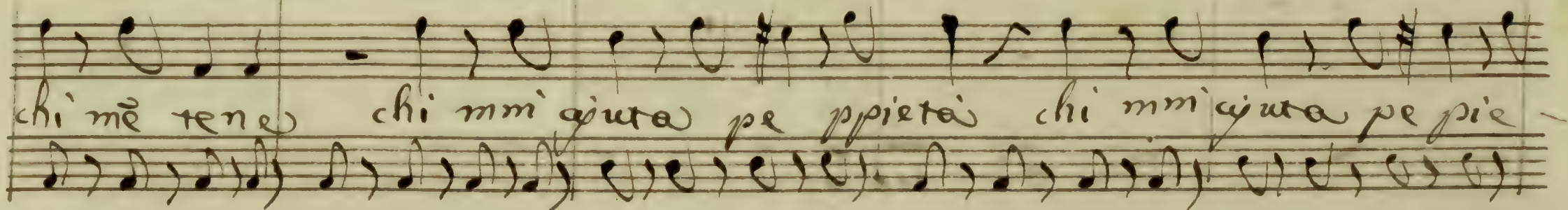
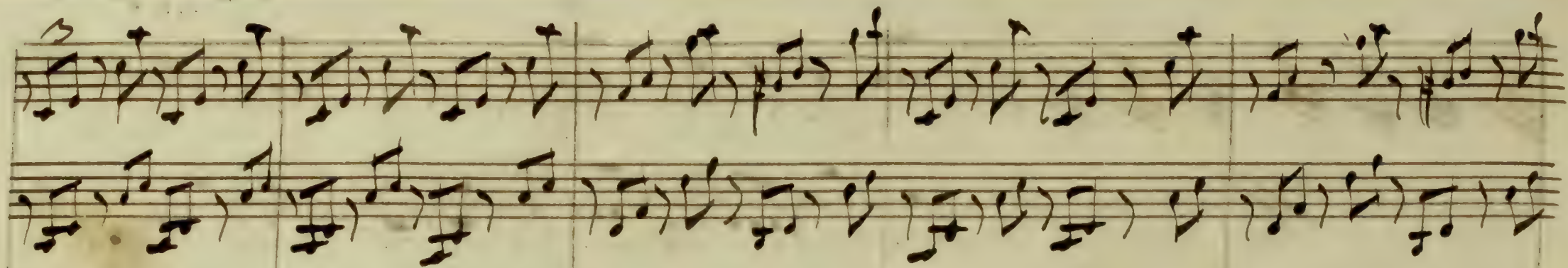
simil

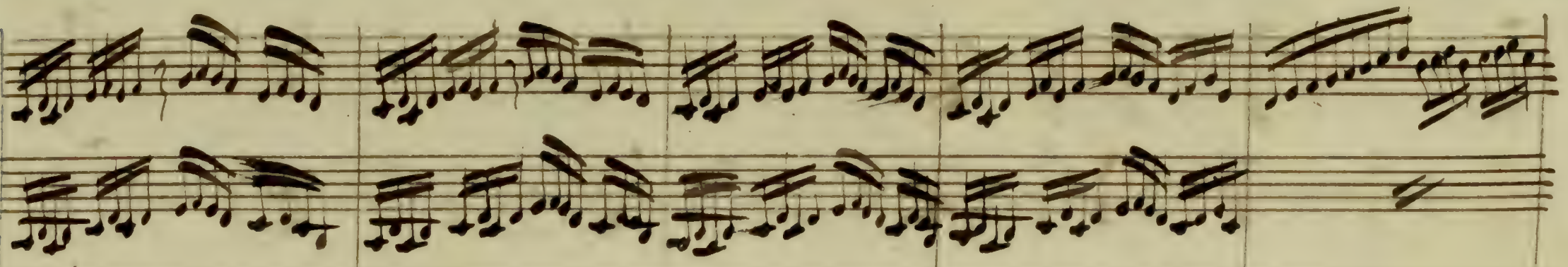
zarre stai a seccà

uh! ch triemmo - to mē

ven e

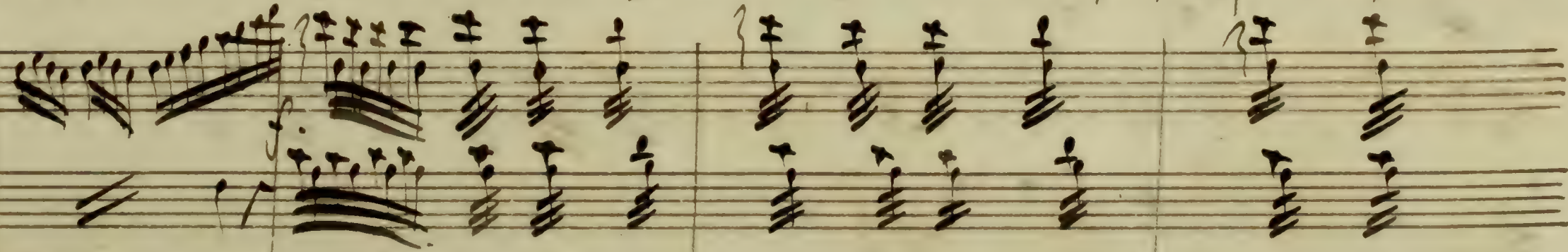
uh! che triemolo io mo cado





Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The lyrics are written below the notes.

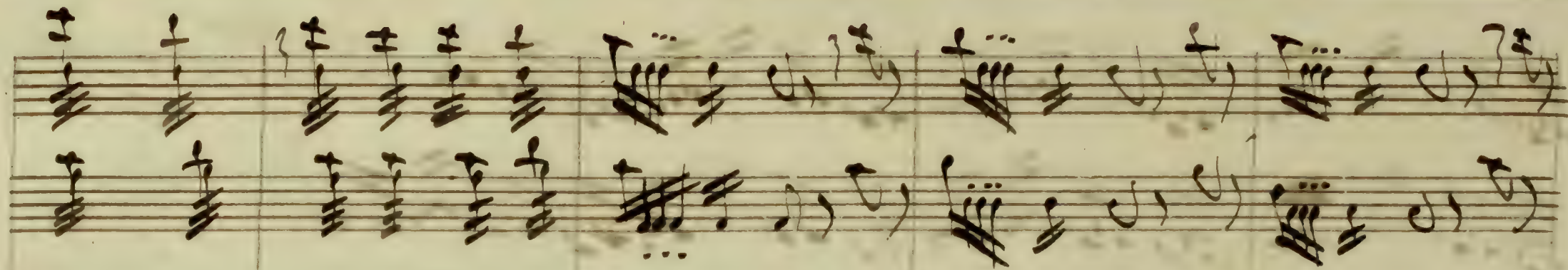
palla *ca' e lla* *Comm'a palla ca' e*



Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The lyrics are written below the notes.

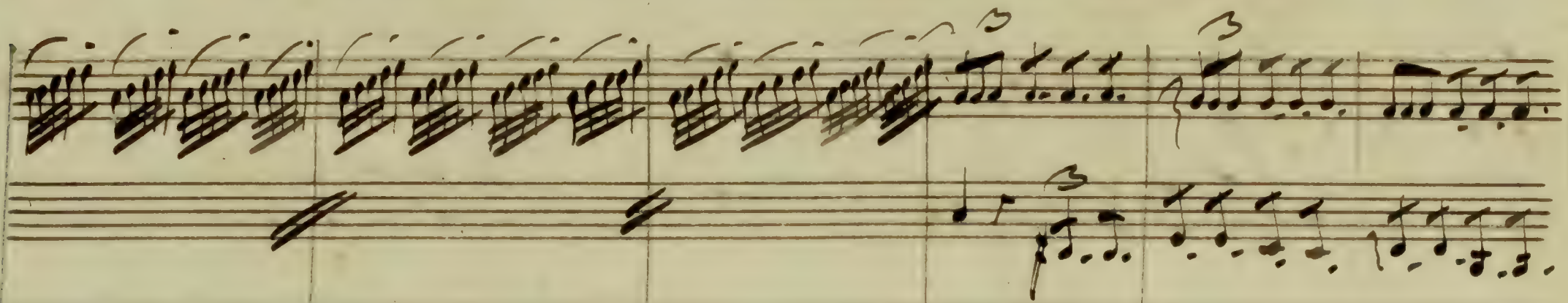
lla *ah* *che tropea* *de do* *lare*

f.

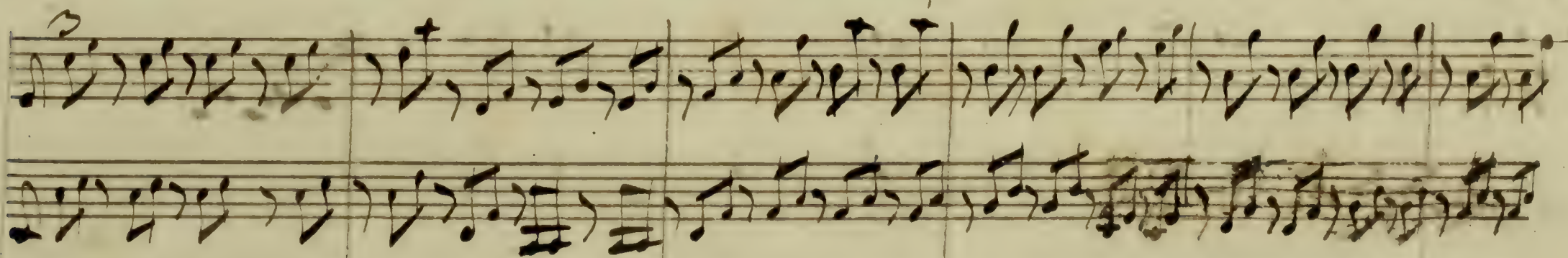


è la panza npanetà... uh! la panza mo me vatte prieto

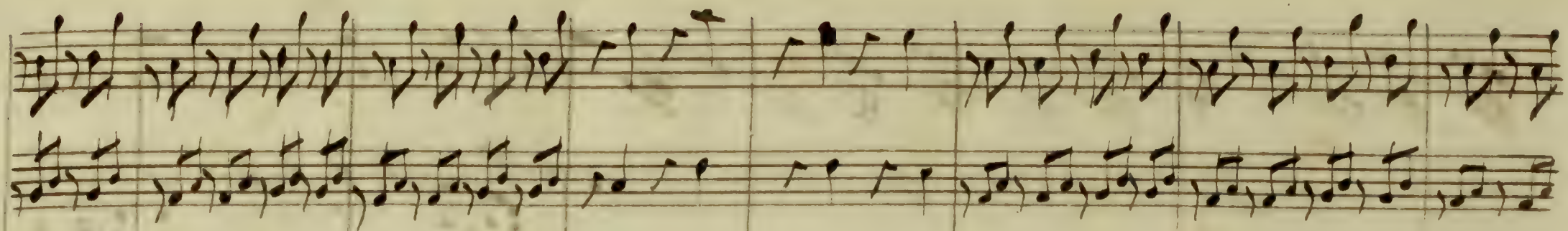
prieto e pò se sta e na serra li sten-



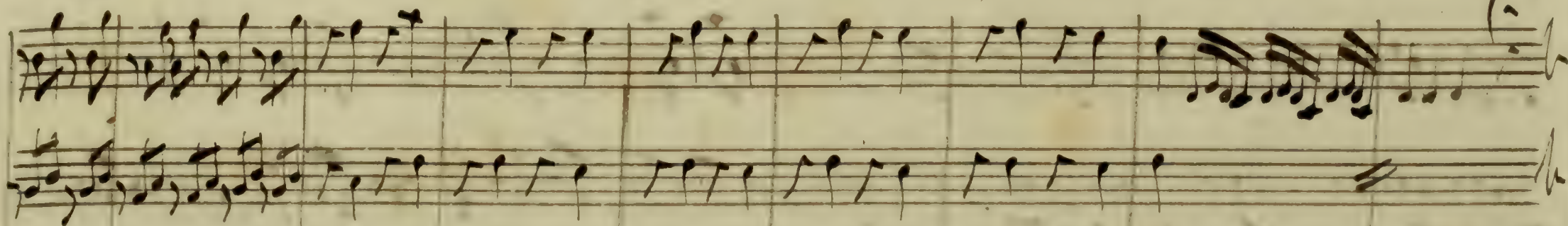
tinai parre parre parre parre stia fa parre parre parre uh! che triem male mme



vene io mo' ca...do chi mē tene chi m'ajuta per pietà io mo' ca do



chi mē tene chi m'ajuta pe pietà chi m'ajuta pe pietà iò mo cado chi mē re--ne

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff has a series of eighth notes, and the bottom staff has a series of eighth notes. The lyrics are written between the staves.

chi mē ajuta pe pietà chi mē ajuta pe pietà pe pietà pe pietà pe pietà

Handwritten musical notation on two staves. The top staff has a series of eighth notes, and the bottom staff has a series of eighth notes. The lyrics are written between the staves.

Scena ultima can:

chia:

chiarella e dotti

no mē tenite

Ca mē voglio accidere

chi'è

Seg:

state

e che bo essere

sto

muorto

ch'è

chiù vivo

s'ha

schiaffatari

cuorpo na zuppa n'ossicata

che stea

stipata

ncoppa a na

scan-

chia:

zia

chiano,

ca si è pe

chella

issono

pò morire

Scia:

chia:

Come

io l'aggio

fatto

cadere

non bo lenno

n'terra

e co la

Scopa sott' a la moneria l'aggio vottata e po pe la paura de

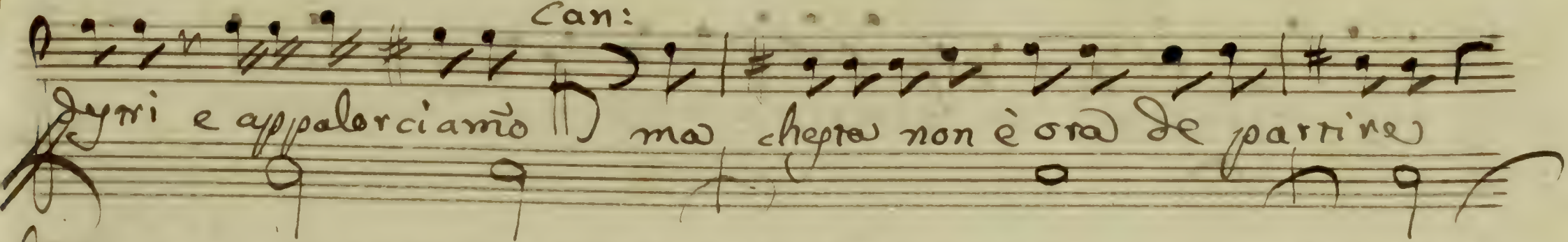
n'essere strellata prieto prieto n'aggio fatta fa n'auto da lo

Cuoco e l'aggio posta a chillo stisso luoco *Scia:* ad

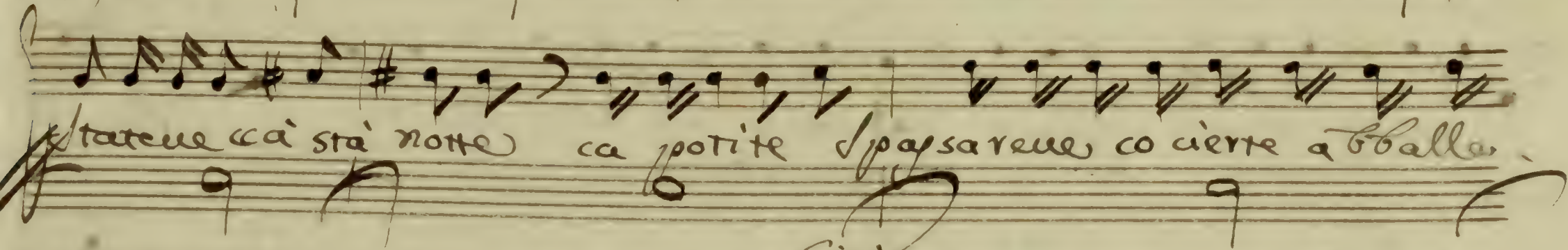
Can: *Scia:* donca non lo muorto uh che prieta e bienetenne a

Ref: Jata vi quanta smeta morfia sta jornata orzu datemi j

Can:

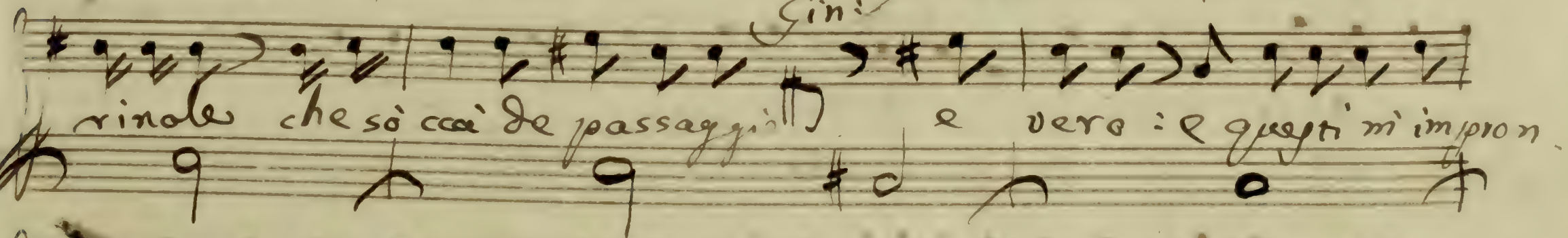


dyri e appalorciamo ma chepo non è ora de partire

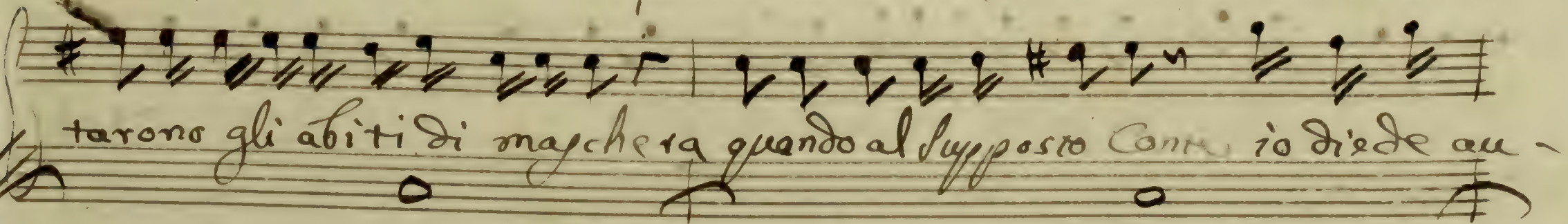


starene ca stà notte ca potete sparsarene co uerte a balla.

Gin:

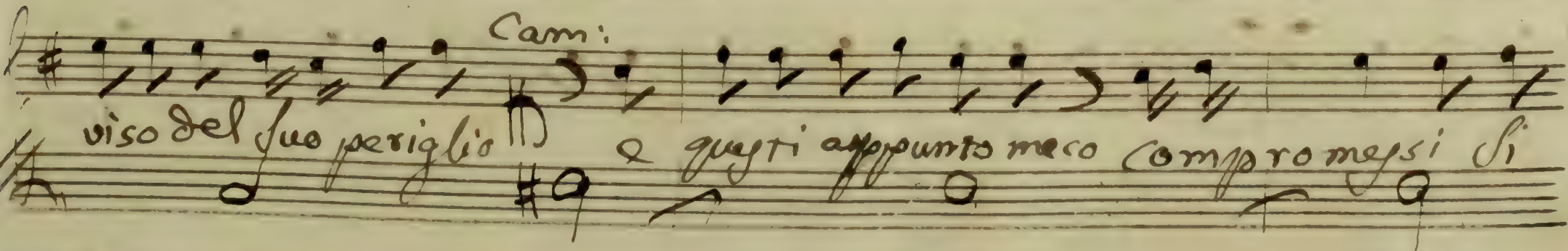


rinole che sò ca de passaggi. e vero: e questi m' impron.

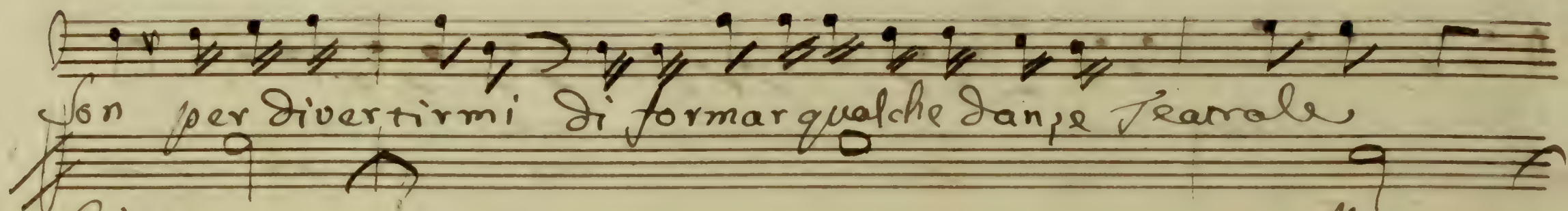


tarono gli abiti di maschera quando al supposto Conte io diè de au-

Cam:



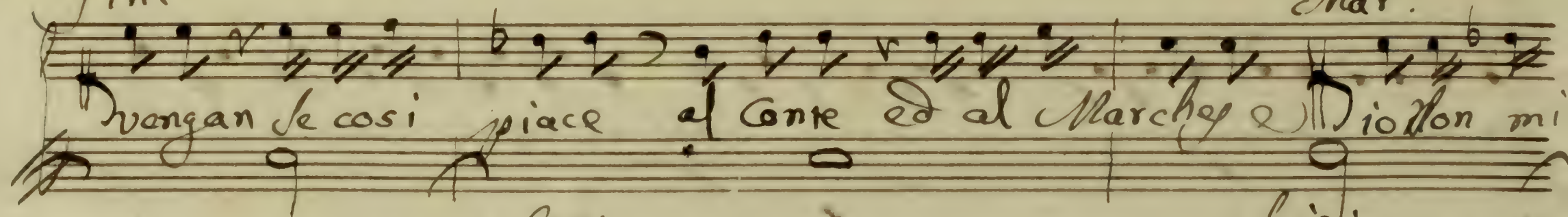
viso del suo periglio e questi appunto meco compromessi si



Son per divertirmi di formar qualche danza Teatrale

Fin:

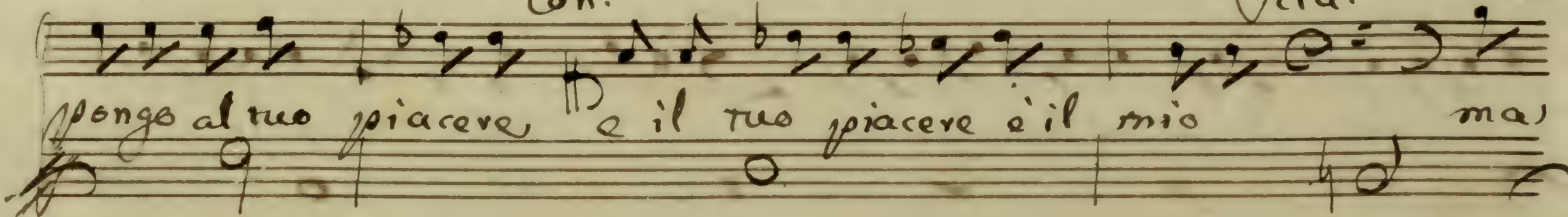
Mar:



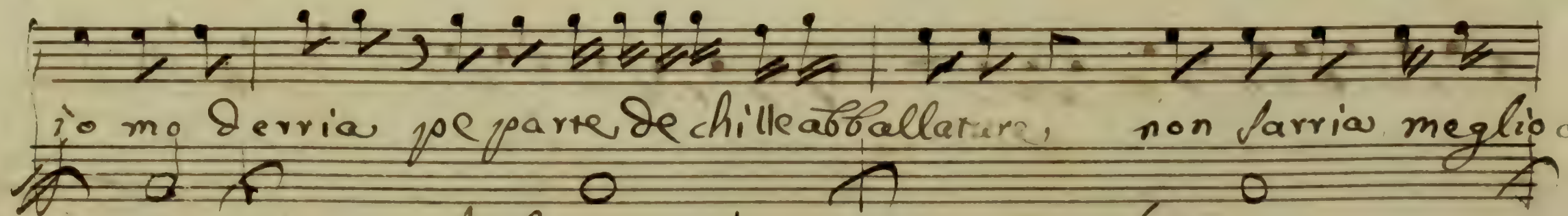
vengan se così piace al Conte ed al Marchese e Dio non mi

Con:

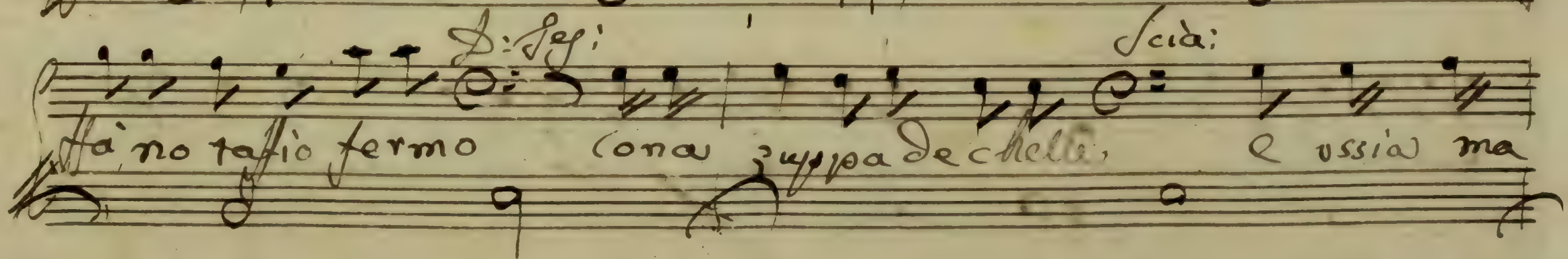
Scia:



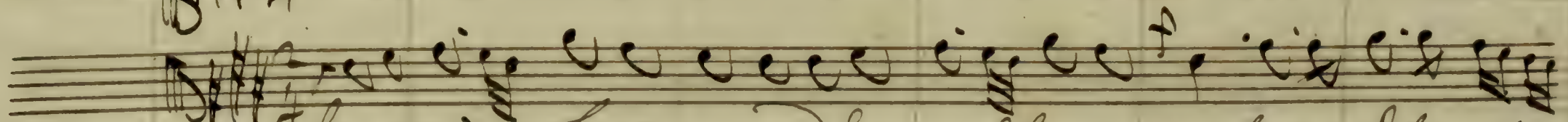
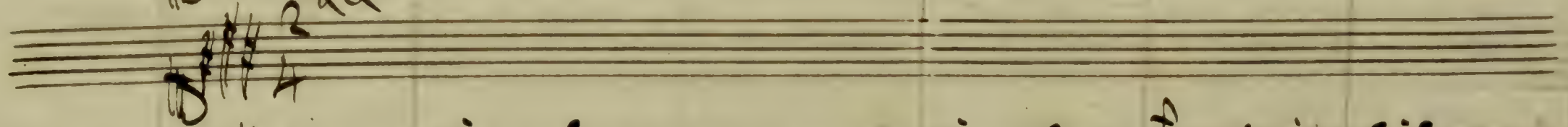
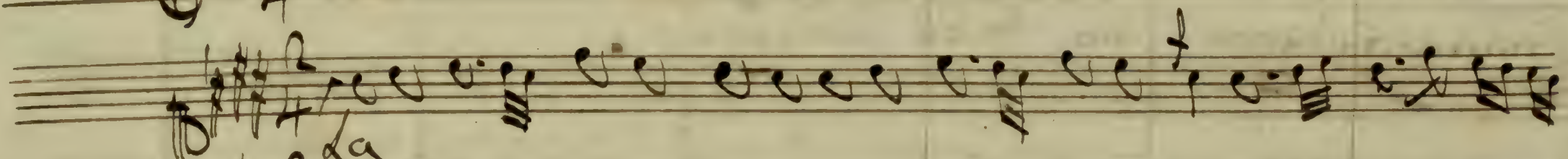
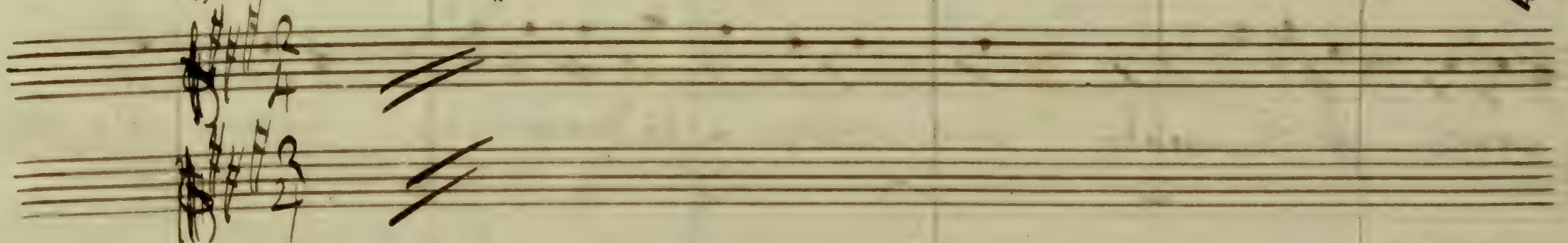
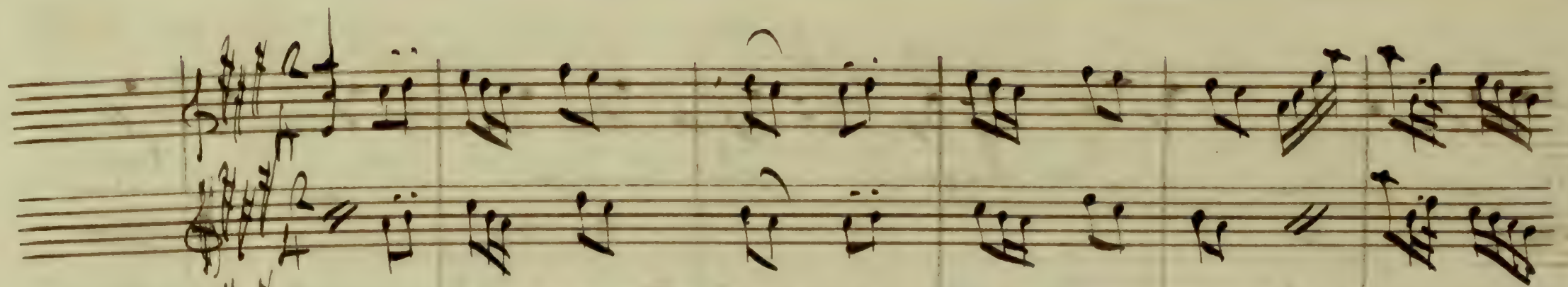
pongo al tuo piacere e il tuo piacere è il mio ma



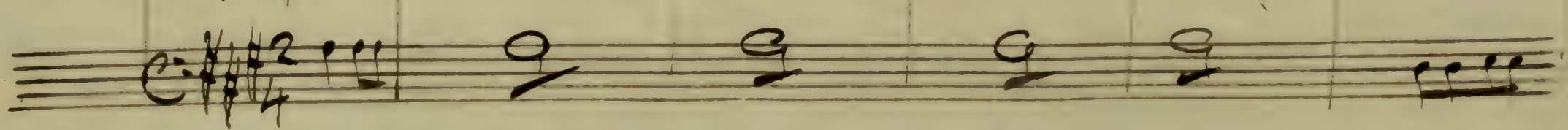
io mo derria pe parte de chille abbalture, non farria meglio



ha no taffio fermo cona zuppa de chella, e vssia ma

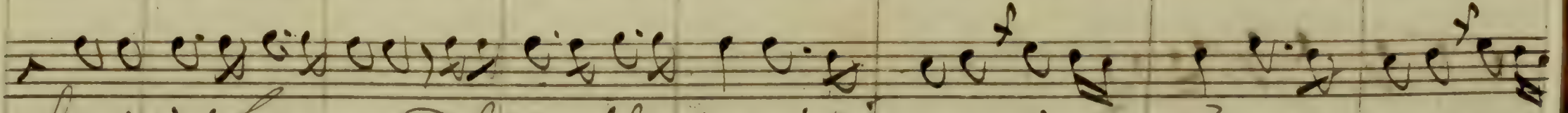
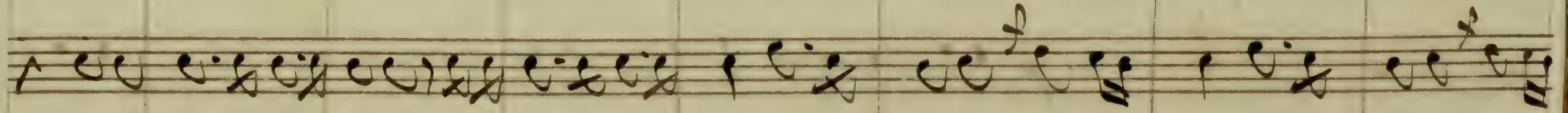
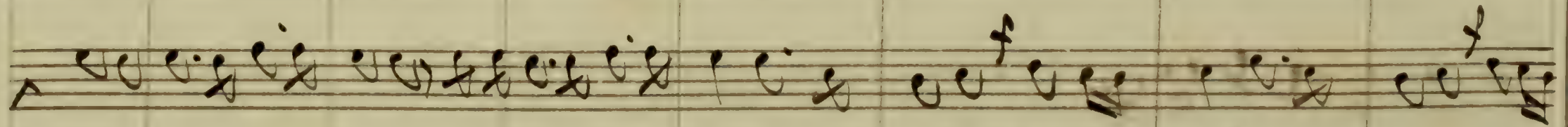
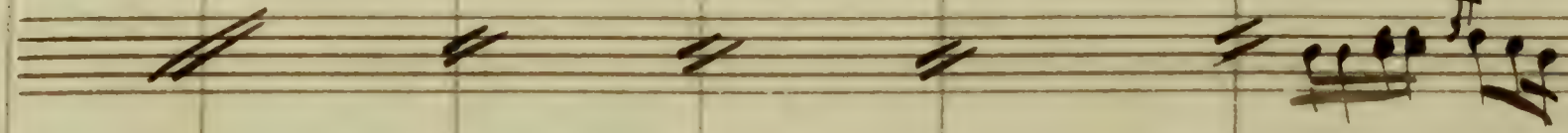
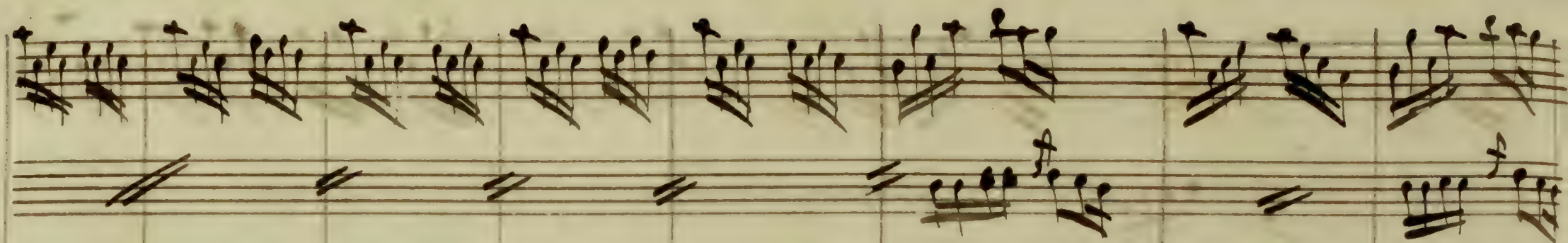


la virtù se bene oppressa sempre al fin trionferà sempre al fin trionfe

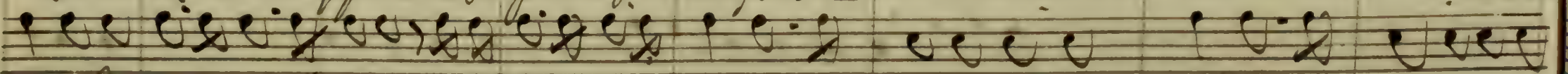


ra

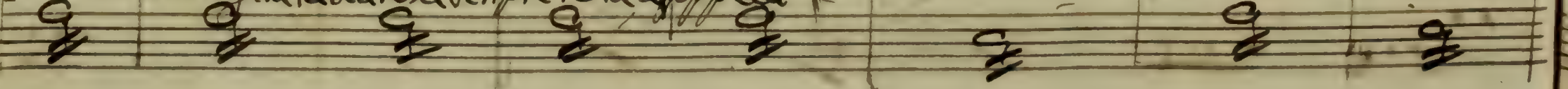
e la mbroglià la scuressa sempe reptava, po' peccai'



la virtù se ben oppressa sempre al fin trionferà



e la frologia la scurezza sempre resta appoggiata



Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring ten staves. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

The top two staves contain complex notation, including many beamed notes and rests, suggesting a fast or intricate melody.

The middle four staves feature a series of repeated eighth notes, indicating a rhythmic pattern or a simple harmonic exercise.

The bottom two staves include lyrics in Italian, written in a cursive hand:

- trionfèra
- a ruppe cà

The paper shows signs of age, including discoloration and wear along the edges.

